

MOBS ORDERED TO DISPERSE

Continued from Second Page.

submit the grievance existing between him and the company to arbitration. Resolutions adopted requesting the strikers to return to work and business pursuits to demand of the president of the Pullman company that he submit the pending difficulty to arbitration.

BUFFALO STRIKE ORDERED.

DEBS CALLS ON THE UNION MEN TO GO OUT TO-NIGHT.

HIS POWER THERE IS BY NO MEANS ASSURED.

HOWEVER—ALL WILL DEPEND ON THE ATTITUDE OF THE OTHER RAILROAD ORGANIZATIONS.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.)

Buffalo, July 8.—The report is well authenticated that Eugene Debs, president of the A. R. U., is in Buffalo to strike to-morrow night. He expects in this way to start a general strike here. His negotiations looking to a concerted strike of all the railroad employees here were not as successful as he had expected, so he telegraphed to-night to James McLean, president of the local branches of the order, to "withdraw his men at once from the service."

Mr. Debs, after a conference with Stuart Reid, president of the Central Labor Union, and others, has determined to order the strike to-morrow night. All he would say for publication was that if any point was to be gained for the A. R. U. by doing so it probably would be done at that time. No strike would be ordered before to-morrow night.

The A. R. U. can call out 500 men at the most. Debs is said to have the promise of the freemen of the city. He has a large following in Buffalo and believes that others will join at once.

The meeting of the Buffalo Central Labor Union, to which great importance was attached on account of the report that the trades unions were likely to join in the strike, was held this afternoon. All the labor unions, except some of the railroad organizations, were represented. Resolutions were adopted as follows: That the strike be ordered to-morrow night.

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TOLEDO TO BE TIED UP TO-MORROW.

PREPARATIONS FOR CALLING OUT ALL THE RAILROAD MEN AT THAT POINT.

Head, July 8.—At midnight J. L. Deane, the head of the American Railway Union forces in Toledo, Ohio, ordered by President Debs to call out the men at that point.

THE CRISIS AT CHICAGO.

SWEEP RIOT FROM THE FIELD.

From The New York Sun.

These scoundrels defy the police, defy the courts, defy the marshals, defy the United States. If it were not for the fact that they are in the city of Chicago and the State of Illinois, they would be swept from the face of the earth.

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NO CONFERENCE WAS HELD.

VICE-PRESIDENT WICKES, OF THE PULLMAN COMPANY, WAITED AT HIS OFFICE.

HE WAS WILLING TO TALK WITH A COMMITTEE OF EMPLOYEES, BUT NONE APPEARED—HE RAYS THE COMPANY'S ATTITUDE HAS NOT CHANGED—DEBS'S TELEGRAM.

Chicago, July 8.—Vice-President Wickes, in accordance with his promise to Vice-President Lawrence of the Pullman Company, appeared at his office in the Pullman Building at noon today, ready to talk over the situation with a committee of former Pullman employees. No committee called on him, however, and after waiting an hour and a half he closed his office and went home.

When Mr. Wickes, at 1:30 o'clock, had given up any thought of the conference, he said: "I have been waiting, as you see, for several hours for a committee of the strikers to put in an appearance. It looks now as if they did not intend to come. I was willing to see the men, but I had declined to see representatives of the A. R. U. or any other organization. As to what might result from a conference I cannot say. We are willing to hear what the men have to say, but the company has not come to any change of attitude as to the strike."

It had been reported that President Debs, of the American Railway Union, might be at the conference, but the impression around Uihlen's Hall this morning was that he was not. It was said that he had been asked to go, but that he had declined to do so. It was also said that he had been asked to go, but that he had declined to do so.

Wickes, in an interview in the morning paper, stated that he was willing to see a committee of the strikers at any time. He said that he was willing to see a committee of the strikers at any time. He said that he was willing to see a committee of the strikers at any time.

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M'CONNELL ASKS FOR TROOPS

THE COEUR D'ALENE REGION.

OTTAWA (ILL.) CITIZENS ORGANIZE TO PROTECT THEIR HOMES FROM INVASION—A PERIOD OF QUIET AMONG THE MICHIGAN STRIKERS.

Spokane, Wash., July 8.—All the pent-up fury of the Idaho strike has broken forth again. Last night the town was in a state of terror and helplessness, and the hills surrounding the town were filled with armed robbers.

At 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning, with a tremendous roar, the power-house of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan Mines was blown into the air by a heavy charge of dynamite. The roar was answered by a chorus of wild yells and pistol shots from the mountainside. The village people were heavily armed and waiting for an attack, but it did not come.

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SCATTERED BY BULLETS AND BAYONETS.

ONE MEMBER OF A MOB WHICH HAD ATTACKED A WRECKING CREW SHOT DEAD—A WRECKING CREW SHOT DEAD—A WRECKING CREW SHOT DEAD.

CHICAGO, JULY 8.—Joseph Warkowski, of No. 961 Nineteenth-st., a Polish laborer, was shot and killed in the Pan-Handle yards in a riot at Twenty-second-st. about midnight. Company D, 15th Infantry, had been sent out on the Pan-Handle to bring in a mail train. When the train reached Twenty-second-st., on its trip downtown some burning cars blocked its way. A large mob had gathered about the fire, and when the train came to a standstill the rioters began to throw stones at both the soldiers and the wrecking crew. Then some one in the mob brought a lot of oil-cans and attempted in the excitement to fire the wrecking train. By this time the stones were flying thick and fast, and several of the men had received painful bruises.

When the attempt was made to burn the train the marshals opened fire. The majority of the rioters fell back in confusion, but a large number of the more desperate attempted to board the train. At this the soldiers brought their bayonets to bear, and every man who came near enough received a thrust. Captain Chapin then ordered his men to dismount from the train and charge on the mob, which fled. The soldiers then returned to the train and came on into the Union depot. After the train had gone the police found a large crowd lying on the ground several feet from the depot. One of the rioters was shot dead. He was removed to the City Hospital, where he died.

Everything was quiet today in and about the Pullman yards. The rioters had been scattered by the police, and the train had been brought to a standstill. The rioters had been scattered by the police, and the train had been brought to a standstill.

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MR. PULLMAN WILL NOT TALK.

Alexandria Bay, July 8.—George M. Pullman passed Sunday at his summer home near Alexandria Bay. He was rowed to the bay this evening, and talked with his manager at Chicago over the long-distance telephone. He was told that "all was quiet."

Clayton N. Y., July 8.—George M. Pullman was visited at his cottage, "Castle Rock," on the St. Lawrence River by a strike of the National and States forces, to restore both passenger and freight traffic, and thus break the blockade. The general impression is that he is taking for granted that this direction will be taken until after the assembly of the special Federal Grand Jury on Tuesday morning. His belief is that he is taking for granted that this direction will be taken until after the assembly of the special Federal Grand Jury on Tuesday morning.

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