NEWS OF BROOKLYN.

FINANCIAL PROBLEM NOW.

BRIDGE TRUSTEES TO ARRANGE WHAT SURFACE AND ELEVATED LINES SHALL PAY.

A PROPER FIGURE TO BE SETTLED UPON FOR THE USE OF THE BRIDGE TO COMPENSATE THE MANAGEMENT.

Messrs. Wurster, Palmer and Henriques, the special committee of the Bridge trustees appointed to consider the proposition to grant to the elevated and surface railroads of Brooklyn permission to cross the Bridge, will meet to-day. Now that the experts have reported that the Bridge can stand the strain of the additional traffic, one of the most important questions which this committee has to consider is the amount of money the railroad companies should pay for so valuable a privilege.

The Bridge trustees received last year from railroad fares $1,112,957 27. Half of this money, Superintendent Martin estimates, was paid by passengers discharged from elevated trains, so that fully half the receipts from this source will be cut off if the elevated roads carry their passengers directly across the Bridge. Nearly all of the other half of the passengers now carried by the Bridge trains are brought to the structure by the trolley roads. The trustees are therefore going to lose nearly all their income from railroad traffic by the proposed grants to railroad companies.

Most of the trustees are disposed to insist, it is understood, that the roads pay enough for the important privileges for which they are asking to compensate for the loss from Bridge car traffic. This the companies can well afford to do, as one fare from New-York to any part of Brooklyn will increase the traffic greatly.

The expenditures of the trustees last year were not far from $2,000,000. In the years of Democratic misrule enormous debts were rolled up in the name of the Bridge, and for many years to come the people of the two cities must expend large amounts annually to meet principal and interest payments.

One benefit it was thought the people might get from the adoption of the plan of the board of experts was the removal of the elevated structures from Adams-st. and the Plaza. This will not be done without a fight, however, as an officer of the Brooklyn elevated road said yesterday that these structures would be retained to use in time of emergency. The plan of the experts contemplates extending the Myrtle-ave. structure to a connection with the Fulton-st. structure, and the connection of the Fulton-st. elevated tracks with the Bridge tracks at the south end of the Bridge-st. structure at Tillary-st.

President Uhlmann, in reply to Engineer Roebling, said yesterday that the five-car trains of the elevated systems weigh only sixty tons, while a four-car Bridge train weighs ninety tons.

The Bridge Trustees are desirous of correcting the false impression which prevails to some extent that the running of elevated and surface trains across the Bridge means a single fare of five cents. It does not, by any means. The railroads will be required to hand over to the Trustees the same fares as are now exacted. Just what the method of collecting fares will be has not yet been explained. But the Bridge fares will be collected in some manner.

Mr. Berri says that it will be some time yet before the proposition can be entertained of abolishing the fare across the Bridge and making it a free highway. It has to be policed and maintained. There are hundreds of employes to be paid month by month, and interest on a large bonded indebtedness besides. No doubt, if the elevated and surface roads will pay for the passengers they will carry out of a five-cent fare the Bridge Trustees would be glad to have them do it.

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THE EFFECT OF THE CHANGE.

MR. WURSTER SPEAKS OF WHAT THROUGH BRIDGE TRAINS WILL DO.

A 25 PER CENT INCREASE IN PROPERTY IN THE WESTERN DISTRICT IN FIVE YEARS, HE SAYS.

"Within five years' time," said Mayor Wurster to a Tribune reporter yesterday, in speaking of the project to run surface cars and elevated cars across the Bridge, "property in the western district of the city will have been enhanced 25 per cent and the streets will be almost solidly populated. I regard the scheme as the most important thing, from a transportation point of view, that has taken place since I have had the honor of being Mayor.

"The 'rush hour' on the Bridge is a truly terrible thing to experience, and the present state of affairs could never have been tolerated had it come all at once. It has grown gradually, and the people have stood it because its gradualness has been a sort of course in physical culture for them. Had there been a sudden transition from fifteen years ago to the present time, mobs of angry citizens would have made it unpleasant for the administration which permitted a 'rush hour.'

"I recall the visit of a New-York man and his wife to Brooklyn a few months ago. They spent the evening with a Brooklyn family and the man expected that on the following day he and his wife would select a dwelling, so that they might move from New-York. They crossed the Bridge in the rush hour, and when later in the evening the husband suggested house-hunting, his wife told him she would never consent to live in Brooklyn, because he would be subjected to such abuse night and morning on the Bridge.

"The surface people say that four months from the day they are allowed to begin their work they will have electric cars running across the Bridge.

"The trustees will meet to-morrow to make themselves familiar with the engineers' plans, and hereafter will meet once a week and hasten the work as fast as safety and reason will warrant."

President Berri, Seth L. Keeney, one of the trustees, and Chief Engineer C. C. Martin made an inspection of the Bridge yesterday morning in order to get a more practical idea of what the proposed plans of the engineers involve. At the New-York terminal Mr. Berri expressed dissatisfaction over the scheme to run some of the loaded cars bound from Brooklyn to New-York around the loop, landing them on the outgoing platform. Mr. Breckinridge, chief engineer of the Brooklyn Heights road, who joined the party later, explained that in order to make the running time and to leave one car standing two minutes for passengers on the sidings it was necessary to unload some of the passengers on the south side. The explanation did not seem to convince Mr. Berri or Mr. Martin.

There is little doubt now that the Liberty-st. plaza will be appropriated for the use of the surface cars of the Brooklyn Heights lines. There seems to be no other way of getting to the roadways than by traversing a portion of the plaza.

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HIS DAUGHTER NOW BY LAW.

GEORGE H. ENGEMAN'S NIECE, WHO HAS ALWAYS BORNE THAT TITLE, LEGALLY ADOPTED.

The friends of George H. Engeman, the president of the Brighton Beach Racing Association, will be surprised to learn that the beautiful girl who has been known as his daughter never had a right to that title until yesterday. The fact came out through Mr. Engeman's application for permission to adopt her. The girl is his niece. The application was made to Judge Hurd, of the County Court, through Isaac Lublin as attorney, and both Mr. Engeman and the young woman were in court yesterday. After asking a few formal questions the Judge granted the application.

The young lady, who has been known as Miss Engeman, and who is now legally entitled to the name, is Elizabeth Georgina Cusick. Her mother was Mr. Engeman's sister. Mr. Cusick, the girl's father, died when she was a baby, and at the age of eight years she lost her mother. Then her uncle, Mr. Engeman, adopted her. That was twelve years ago, and she is now twenty years old. She has always been known as Mr. Engeman's daughter, and the only persons who knew that she was not were those of his friends who knew him twelve years ago. She is now a beautiful girl, accomplished and popular.

A few months ago Mr. Engeman passed through a serious illness, and at one time was not expected to live. His adopted daughter attended him and nursed him throughout his illness. When he recovered, he was alarmed at the thought that if he had died the rights of the young woman would have been prejudiced by his failure to take any legal steps for her adoption. He determined that that danger should be removed, and hence the proceedings which yesterday resulted in Miss Cusick's becoming Miss Engeman.

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THE TEXAS AND MASSACHUSETTS SAIL.

The battle-ship Texas left the Navy Yard yesterday for Galveston, where, it is expected, she will receive the beautiful silver service presented by the State. Wind and weather permitting, her officers expect to make the trip in five days.

The monitor Puritan, it is expected, will leave to-day for Charleston, to take part in the manoeuvres there. The Katahdin will follow some day this week.

The battle-ship Massachusetts, bound for Charleston, to join the fleet of the North Atlantic Squadron now at anchor off that harbor, passed out at Quarantine yesterday morning.

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THE SECOND SIGNAL CORPS' REVIEW.

A review by Brigadier-General McLeer will be held at the armory of the Second Signal Corps, No. 801 Dean-st., this evening. Dancing will follow the review, for which twenty pieces of music have been engaged. The committee in charge is as follows: Assistant Surgeon-Lieutenant Campbell, chairman; Corporal Sage, Corporal Brock, Private Atwater and Private Malcolm.

Anæmia means "want of blood," a deficiency in the red corpuscles of the blood. Its cause is found in want of sufficient food, dyspepsia, lack of exercise or breathing impure air. With it is a natural repugnance to all fat foods. Scott's Emulsion is an easy food to get fat from and the easiest way of taking fat. It makes the blood rich in just those elements necessary to robust health, by supplying it with red corpuscles.

For sale at 50 cents and $1.00 by all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

NEW-JERSEY NEWS.

TROUBLE AT PHOENIX MILL.

STRIKERS JEER THOSE WHO RETURN TO THE LOOMS AND FOLLOW THEM WITH TAUNTS.

Paterson, Feb. 9 (Special).—Excitement, akin to that which prevailed in Paterson during the "big strike," was seen in the vicinity of the Phoenix Mill to-day. At 7 o'clock this morning the doors of the Phoenix Mill were thrown open to those of the strikers who wished to return. There were probably twenty or twenty-five of the weavers who went back to the looms. The workers who returned were unmolested, and as the firm did not believe there would be any trouble, no police protection was asked for. A number of strikers were doing patrol duty when the weavers went in this morning, but they made no move to molest any one. It was evident, however, that they were there for a purpose, for when the mill let out at noon the body of strikers came out of their meeting-place, at Feist's Hall, and took up a position in front of the mill to give a reception to those who had returned to the looms.

The first worker who went out was a young man named Walter Fairclough. He was greeted with yells of disapproval and tin-horn salutes. He paid no attention to these indignities, but, keeping to the sidewalk, turned up Cross-st. and proceeded to his home. The young man's peaceful reception of the jeers did not incline the strikers to desist, but a detachment of them followed him all the way to his home. Sergeant Kepler accompanied him, and when one of the strikers, Harvey Jackson, became too turbulent, he was arrested and sent to the police station. The strikers hung about Fairclough's home and escorted him back to work, but no violence was attempted.

The other weavers who returned to work were also greeted with the weavers' serenade. Mr. and Mrs. Horton, a couple well on in years, who live in the vicinity of the mill, fled to their home to escape the mob. The young women who returned to work were greeted by their own sex among those who held out, in an uproarious manner. One young woman was kicked by one of the woman strikers.

Jackson, the young man who was arrested for following Fairclough, was arraigned before Recorder Senior on a charge of disorderly conduct this afternoon. There was a large crowd of strikers present at the hearing. Fairclough did not try to make out a case against Jackson, but the Recorder was not willing to let the man off, as he considered him guilty of a misdemeanor. Therefore the Recorder imposed a fine of $10, and, in passing sentence, said: "It is such occurrences as this that lead to riot and bloodshed. A man has a right to work where he likes and for the wages he likes. I am very sorry to be brought into this affair. But now to you strikers I will say this: This thing must stop. I will have to administer the law, and I will inflict heavy penalties on all who come before me in this connection." Jackson's fine was paid by a friend.

There were about twenty-five complaints in all, lodged against the strikers before the Recorder later in the afternoon. The strikers declare that the test this morning was virtually a victory for them. They allege that only ten returned to work, while the firm say about twenty-five were at the looms.

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THEY AVENGED THE INSULT.

A TRAVELLING STEREOPTICON ARTIST ROUGHLY HANDLED BY THE INDIGNANT YOUNG MEN OF NORTH LONG BRANCH.

North Long Branch, Feb. 9 (Special).—"A Tour Around the World" was the name of a stereopticon show given at the hall in this place last night. The manager of the show refused to appoint a local man to collect the tickets. He also passed some disparaging remarks about the town and its people which angered the young men present, who resolved to get "square" with the stranger before the show was over.

It was 8:30 o'clock before the stereopticon man left the front door. The show was nearly over when a number of the young men decided that it was time to get revenge. After jeering him they threw potatoes and shot at the stranger, who, fearing that his life was in danger, called for Special Officer R. A. Luther. When the latter arrived the boys had fled. The stereopticon man, however, wasn't satisfied, and he asked for police protection to get out of town in safety.

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NEWARK WANTS TO EXPAND.

THE GENERAL COMMITTEE OF THE CITY GOVERNMENT DECIDES TO ANNEX CLINTON HILL.

Newark took the first definite steps last night for the annexation of the adjoining townships. Some time ago a committee, consisting of the Mayor and the members of the Common Council and Board of Works, was appointed to consider an application for annexation by residents of Clinton Hill, an adjoining section of Clinton Township, containing about 360 acres and 1,300 population. There was, at first, discord in the committee, but finally partisan differences were adjusted and at a recent meeting of the Committee a report was agreed on, with a referendum clause for annexation.

A general meeting was held in the Council Chamber last night to take final action, which was harmonious. The referendum idea was abandoned, and the legislative committee of the Council was requested by resolution to draw up and introduce a bill for annexation at this session of the Legislature. It was also decided that a committee of nine, consisting of the Mayor, five Aldermen, and the three Board of Works Commissioners, should be constituted to receive and report upon all propositions by other localities for annexation to Newark.

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A YOUNG WOMAN PLIES A WHIP.

SHE LASHES TWO MEN FOR PERSISTENTLY ANNOYING HER.

Paterson, Feb. 9 (Special).—Miss Mary Hall, a young woman, of No. 12 Peach-st., took justice into her hands yesterday afternoon and administered a horsewhipping to James Sisco and George Beatty, who insulted her while she was passing them in the street. There is a gang of young men who hang about Peach-st., and for some time past they have unduly annoyed Miss Hall whenever she happened to pass them. Although they did not offer to molest her, the vulgar remarks they addressed to her were probably more harmful than blows to a young woman of a sensitive disposition.

Yesterday Miss Hall determined to end this persecution, and to that end purchased a short rawhide whip. Toward the close of the afternoon, with the whip partially concealed, she went up Peach-st. Beatty and Sisco were on the corner, and Miss Hall's arrival was a signal for them to begin a tirade against the young girl. When she came opposite to them she pulled the whip from concealment and plied the lash mercilessly until the two young men took to their heels. She then returned home and later went to the police station, where she preferred a charge of disorderly conduct against Sisco and Beatty.

When the twain were arraigned this morning Judge Senior lectured them severely, and, in view of the fact that Miss Hall had inflicted summary punishment on them, let them off with a warning.

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JUDGMENT AGAINST A DEFAULTER.

Camden, Feb. 9 (Special).—In the Supreme Court this morning, before Judge Garrison and a jury, the case of the Mayor and City Council of Gloucester City against George E. King, the defaulting ex-treasurer of that city, and his bondsmen—George Husted, George Belz, Harry Farley, Martin Coyle and ex-Mayor John B. Jackson—to recover $4,078 84, the alleged deficiency in King's accounts, was tried, and a verdict rendered in favor of the plaintiffs for $4,419 91, including interest.

City Clerk Daniel F. Lane testified that King had been treasurer from May 3, 1894, to March 7, 1896, and that since that time King had failed to turn over any money to the city, and had fled to parts unknown. He brought the matter to the attention of the City Council, which, by a resolution, ordered the place declared vacant. The expert accountant's report was accepted as evidence and the case for the prosecution closed. There was no defence, and after counsel on both sides had held a consultation with the Court, the jury was instructed to render the above verdict.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

ARTHUR MAYHEW MUST DIE.

HIS CASE FINALLY DECIDED BY THE COURT OF APPEALS—OTHER DECISIONS.

Albany, Feb. 9.—The final decision of the Court of Appeals to-day determines that Arthur Mayhew, who was convicted of murder in the first degree, must die. Several weeks ago the Court of Appeals confirmed the lower court's conviction of Mayhew for robbing and murdering a storekeeper in Hempstead, Long Island. Mayhew's counsel applied to the lower court for a new trial on the ground of newly discovered evidence. The lower court denied the application, and the Court of Appeals to-day affirmed the denial.

The following decisions were also handed down: Rosa Herzog, appellant, agt. New-York Elevated Railroad Company and another; the Mohawk National Bank, of Schenectady, appellant, agt. the Schenectady Bank; Holland Trust Company agt. James A. Waddell, appellant; La Société Anonyme de l'Union des Papeteries agt. Samuel M. Marks and another, appellants; Delos McCurdy and another, executors, etc., appellants, agt. New-York Life Insurance and Trust Company and another, executors, etc.—Judgments affirmed, with costs.

The Court of Appeals calendar for to-morrow is Nos. 814, 818, 825, 828, 829, 830, 831 and 832.

DAMAGES ASKED FOR DRUG CLERK'S ERROR.

The trial of a suit brought by Sigmund M. Mundt, as administrator of the estate of Martin Mundt, against Mrs. Gertrude Glokner to recover $5,000 for causing the death of Martin Mundt was begun yesterday before Justice McAdam and a jury in the Supreme Court.

Martin Mundt was killed in June, 1892, by an overdose of morphine supplied to him by Thomas C. Nichols, the clerk in a drugstore at No. 2,205 Eighth-ave. Nichols was found guilty of manslaughter and sent to Elmira Reformatory. Sigmund Mundt asserts that Mrs. Glokner, as executor of the estate of her husband, managed the drug store and is responsible for the mistake of her clerk. She denies liability.

Justice McAdam took the papers and reserved decision.

REAR TENEMENTS' DOOM AUTHORIZED.

Justice Lawrence has handed down a judgment in favor of the Board of Health, authorizing them on the payment of compensation to destroy the rear tenements from No. 308 to 316 Mott-st., which were condemned as prejudicial to the public health some time ago, and has appointed Edward H. Schell, Charles W. Gould and J. Searle Barclay to appraise the value of the properties in condemnation proceedings.

EXHIBITED HER FACE AT A SALARY.

Sarah F. Hancox has brought a suit against Mme. Julia Mays in the Supreme Court, to recover $301 25 for exhibiting her face at No. 251 Fifth-ave. at the rate of $1 an exhibition. Mme. Mays has a system for improving the complexions of women, and, it is alleged, employed Miss Hancox as a model and living exhibit "after treatment." The defendant says that all the money she promised to pay the plaintiff has already been paid in full, and makes a counter-claim against the Hancox woman for meals and board. The case is expected to come up to-day.

TESTIFIED AGAINST THEIR MOTHER.

The trial of a suit brought by Theodore Human, a violinist employed at the Metropolitan Opera House, against his wife, Harriet, for an absolute divorce was begun yesterday in the Supreme Court before Justice Freedman and a jury. Human names several corespondents and the principal witnesses in support of his charges against his wife are their two daughters and two sons. Florence Human, sixteen years old, testified against her mother yesterday. When the hearing went over until to-day the girl was still on the stand.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

Appellate Division—Supreme Court—Before Van Brunt, P. J. Williams, Patterson, O'Brien and Ingraham, JJ.—Court opens at 1 p. m. Nos. 39, 42, 20, 46, 57, 5, 33, 51, 52.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part I—Before Truax J.—Motion calendar called at 10:30 a. m.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part II—Before Pryor, J.—Court opens at 10:30 a. m. Ex-parte matters.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part III—Before Lawrence, J.—Divorces: Nos. 3674, 4013, 3574, 4163, 4342, 4014, 3864, 4156, 3789, 4153, 4159, 4347, 3944, 4338, 4349. Clear.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part IV—Before Beach, J.—Law and fact: Nos. 4329, 3194, 3781, 3684, 3898, 3920, 3944, 3480, 2715, 4034, 1340, 3875, 1616, 1254, 3982, 4113, 4131, 4132, 4027. Clear.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part V—Before Andrews, J.—Causes to be sent from Part IV for trial. Cases unfinished.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part VI—Before Smyth, J.—Causes to be sent from Part IV for trial. Clear.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part VII—Before Beekman, J.—Elevated Railroad cases. Case unfinished.

Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part II—Before Freedman, J.—Preferred causes: Nos. 10628, 10574, 10353, 10418, 10665, 9598, 9948, 7946, 6312, 10691, 10748, 10802, 11238, 9702, 10663, 10706, 10669, 7040, 9451, 10434, 8787, 10419, 10627, 10656, 11007. Case unfinished.

Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part III—Before Gildersleeve, J.—Nos. 6245, 2864, 3439, 5652, 1764, 4680, 2392, 6187, 6967, 6321, 6856, 6880, 3879, 3686, 3519, 2475, 2855, 5518, 5515, 2526, 2395, 5192. Case unfinished.

Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part IV—Before Sedgwick, J.—Causes to be sent from Part III for trial. Case unfinished.

Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part V—Before Daly, J.—Causes to be sent from Part III for trial. Case unfinished.

Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part VI—Before Bookstaver, J.—Causes to be sent from Part III for trial. Clear.

Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part VII—Before Giegerich, J.—Nos. 1540, 4501, 4455, 5654, 1892, 6797, 6898, 4443, 5429, 5696, 5624, 4214, 4949, 2869, 2381, 3492½, 5461, 4772, 10719, 5686. Inquest, No. 6774. Case unfinished.

Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part VIII—Before Dugro, J.—Causes to be sent from Part VII for trial. Case unfinished.

Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part IX—Before Bischoff, Jr., J.—Causes to be sent from Part VII for trial. Clear.

Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part X—Before McAdam, J.—Causes to be sent from Part VII for trial. Clear.

Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part XI—Before MacLean, J.—Causes to be sent from preferred calendar for trial. Case unfinished.

Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part XII—Before Barnard, J.—Causes to be sent from preferred calendar for trial. Case unfinished.

Surrogate's Court—Chambers—Before Fitzgerald, S.—Estate of Henrietta McGovern, at 11 a. m.; estate of Michael Keefe, at 11 a. m. Wills for probate: Joseph H. Snyder, Emeline Dore, Don L. Boide, Anna A. Rogers, at 10:30 a. m.; James Simonson, at 2 p. m.

Surrogate's Court—Trial Term—Before Arnold, S.—No. 1110, will of John B. Haskin, at 10:30 a. m.

City Court—Special Term—Before Conlan, J.—Court opens at 10 a. m. Motions at 10:30 a. m.

City Court—Trial Term—Part I—Before McCarthy, J.—Nos. 1474, 553, 1184, 4269, 1445, 4019, 1478, 4352½, 2545, 1444, 1516, 4268½, 1497, 418, 1455, 2940½, 66, 1489, 1527, 4144, 1649, 1661, 1664, 1672, 1675, 1681, 1506, 3261, 1751, 1464, 1543, 4174½, 1381, 1485, 1595, 1658, 4265, 1448, 1567, 1582, 1588, 1590, 1677, 1599, 1601, 1603, 1607, 1621, 1623, 480, 1684 to 1736 inclusive. Case unfinished.

City Court—Trial Term—Part II—Before Schuchman, J.—Nos. 1304, 900, 1370, 1285, 564, 286, 1142, 1348, 931, 342, 913, 1087, 1318, 1431, 922, 1371, 2477, 2950, 4291½, 1272, 576, 573, 332, 875, 1100, 1303, 1092, 1134, 863. Case unfinished.

City Court—Trial Term—Part III—Before O'Dwyer, J.—Nos. 1152, 162, 1208, 1174, 1025, 997, 807, 678, 1214, 801, 667, 998, 966, 619, 166, 671, 412, 751, 350, 1158, 1737, 1738, 1739, 1740, 1741, 1742, 1743, 1744, 1745, 1746. Clear.

City Court—Trial Term—Part IV—Before Fitzsimons, J.—Short causes: Nos. 4305, 4374, 4377, 4398, 3696, 4155, 4292, 4276, 3860, 3122, 4427, 4093, 4286, 4254, 4284, 4137. Clear.

REFEREES APPOINTED.

Supreme Court.

By Truax, J.

Stevenson vs. Hillman—Clifford W. Hartridge.
Brooks vs. Musgrave—David Thomson.
Hoyt vs. Kohly—Albert I. Sire.
Matter of Levett, Hilton Co.—John Hone, jr.

By Pryor, J.

Tremere vs. Horner—William G. Davies.

By Smyth, J.

Merritt vs. Merritt—John H. Rogan.

By Andrews, J.

Taylor vs. Taylor—Edward Jacobs.

RECEIVERS APPOINTED.

Supreme Court.

By Pryor, J.

Charles G. Spencer vs. Clara F. Nye—William M. Lawrence.

By Truax, J.

Matter of Levett, Hilton & Co.—Alexander Levett.

HYMN LIST TAKEN FOR A POLICY SLIP.

Acting Inspector Thompson has preferred charges against Detective James F. Hannon, one of the wardmen recently transferred to the East One-hundred-and-fourth-st. station at Captain Moynihan's request. He recently arrested James McKay, a singer in the choir of the Congregational Church, at Willis-ave. and One-hundred-and-forty-third-st., whom he charged with having policy slips in his possession. The policy slips proved to be a list of numbers of hymns which were to be sung by Mr. McKay's choir. He was discharged in a police court, and Captain Thompson declares that his arrest was an outrage.

PLEADED GUILTY TO ROBBING EMPLOYER.

Henry Rose, Frederick Brondiset and Isaac Converse, three truck drivers, living in Brooklyn, pleaded guilty in Jefferson Market Court yesterday to robbing their employer, Nathaniel L. Jerrel, a boss truckman, with a bonded storehouse at No. 41 Water-st., and waived examination. All three were held in $1,000 bond for trial. They had stolen several thousand dollars' worth of coffee in small lots and sold it to a Water-st. junkman.

A SUMMONS FOR ALDERMAN GOETZ.

Alderman Christian Goetz, who was accused by Moses Morris of striking him on the head with a club at the Lincoln Republican Club of the VIIIth Assembly District on Monday evening, was at the City Hall yesterday and denied that Morris's story was true. Several months ago, the Alderman said, Morris was expelled for nonpayment of dues, but continued to frequent the club. "I saw him there last night," Alderman Goetz continued, "and told him to get out, but I did not strike him. He answered me with insulting language, and two or three members jumped up and rushed him out of the room. If he has a scalp wound, as has been reported, he got it through no act of mine." Morris yesterday secured from Magistrate Flammer a summons for Alderman Goetz, returnable to-day.

THE NEW WAVE.

PHYSICAL CULTURE, PURE FOOD AND DRINK MARKS A NEW ERA.

A great popular pure drink and pure food wave is just now passing over the country, and it seems to have come to stay.

More attention is being given to articles of food and drink than heretofore, and people are slowly learning that good health cannot be preserved under the present civilization unless the habits are of a more natural character. The apparently harmless coffee habit now numbers its victims by the thousands, producing obstinate stomach and bowel troubles that will not abate except by leaving off the habit.

It is not always an easy task to drop a lifetime habit.

One of the late discoveries is a pure food coffee, made entirely of grains and possessing great fattening and nourishing properties, while it brews the exact deep seal brown color of Mocha and when cream is added it takes the rich golden brown of old Java. The taste is pungent and piquant, quite similar to coffee; in fact, so close to it in aroma and flavor that the coffee drinker, who has had trouble with coffee, will freely take on the new grain drink when he discovers that it agrees with him perfectly, and its healthful properties quickly dismiss his former ails.

The great feature of this new and rational method of dismissing sickness, is to avoid drugging oneself and quit hurtful habits, taking in only what is known to be pure natural food such as the Creator intended for man's subsistence.

Dr. Wesley A. Dunn, Editor of "Medical Current," Marshall Field Bldg., Chicago, says: "I am highly pleased with it."

Nothing is more to the point than this new food-drink made from grains. It bears the name of "Postum Cereal," and is made by the Postum Cereal Co., lim., Battle Creek, Mich.

It claims to be a direct and quick producer of new blood corpuscles by the natural method of good nourishing food taken in a liquid form. It is quite a bit less expensive than coffee and altogether its use appeals to one's commonsense.

Beware of the fraudulent imitations of the original Postum Cereal Grain coffee. Insist on Postum.

OLCOTT AND THE CIVIL SERVICE.

HE THINKS HE CAN MAKE MINOR APPOINTMENTS WITHOUT EXAMINATIONS.

District-Attorney Olcott said yesterday that he had reached no decision in regard to making appointments of subordinates in his office, such as subpoena-servers, messengers and clerks. He said he had had talks with several Republican leaders about the matter, but no decision had been reached. Mr. Olcott said he thought he would be justified in making the appointments without a Civil Service examination, as the places were really of a confidential nature, and that he would determine his course in a few days.

Mr. Olcott said he thought he should run the District-Attorney's office with the same care that he ran his private law office, and that he should not be hampered by Civil Service examinations. He has appointed some private secretaries and stenographers without such examinations, and he does not expect any trouble from the courts.

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BUTTER MERCHANT A BAD LOSER.

HE SUES TO RECOVER THE MONEY HE LOST AT POKER IN THE HAM GUARDS CLUB.

Questions of "bobtail flushes," "straights," "trips," "full houses" and kindred details bothered Justice Daly and a jury in the Supreme Court yesterday, and it all came about from the fact that Thomas P. Foley is a bad loser. When Mr. Foley is attending to his legitimate business he is selling butter and eggs at No. 124 Avenue C. But butter and eggs did not seem to him to be the royal road to fortune, so he joined the Ham Guards Club, over which Philip Reilly, a saloonkeeper at Ninth-st. and Avenue C, presides, and started to woo the fickle goddess of fortune through the medium of the seductive game of poker. The goddess was cold to Foley, however, and he says that in April, May and June, 1895, he lost to Reilly $1,012. He now brings against Reilly a suit to get his money back, which came to trial yesterday.

Some difficulty was experienced in getting a jury, as the lawyers wanted to test the qualifications of the talesmen to pass upon poker questions. When this was settled Mr. Foley took the stand. He was sure that he lost in the games, but was not sure that Reilly won except from the fact that he usually sat down to the table with nothing, and got up with about enough chips in front of him to make up the difference of witness's losses. He admitted under cross-examination that he stopped payment on a check he had given to pay his last losses, and said he did so because he thought the game was crooked. He also admitted having been convicted of selling oleomargarine.

For Reilly it was contended that Foley was a cheat; that instead of losing he had won, and that it was on account of objections made to his playing in the game that the suit was brought.

The defendant was still on the stand when the case went over until to-day.

◆

POISONED BY CHLORAL.

Robert S. Smith, forty years old, employed as a way-bill clerk by the Erie Transportation Company, was removed to the New-York Hospital yesterday from No. 261 West Twenty-first-st., where he lived with the family of Harry T. Waller, who is a broker at No. 60 Broadway. He was suffering from chloral poisoning, and the police reported the case as one of attempted suicide. It is not believed, however, that the man sought to kill himself. He had been ill for some days, and it is thought that he took the chloral to relieve insomnia.

◆

A BAD LITTLE GIRL.

William Strichternacht, a tailor, living at No. 401 East Fifteenth-st., told Magistrate Deuel, in Jefferson Market Court, yesterday that his fourteen-year-old daughter had put paris green in his coffee several days ago, with the intention of poisoning him. The child was arraigned before the Magistrate. Her father said she had stolen money from him, and had been utterly incorrigible in other ways for a long time. On the day after she put the poison in her father's coffee she disappeared, and was found on Monday wandering about a Sixth-ave. drygoods store and taken into custody by a Gerry society agent. She was cared for at the society's rooms, where she told a remarkable lot of conflicting stories. Magistrate Deuel will probably commit the child to some institution today.

◆

GAINS SHOWN ALL AROUND.

The annual statement issued by the Manhattan Life Insurance Company of New-York for the year just ended shows a gain in business, a gain in assets and a gain in surplus. A comparison between the results of 1896 and those contained in the previous statement for 1895 reveals the fact that the company's assets have increased from $14,485,441 32 to $14,621,522 70, and its surplus from $1,062,746 39 to $1,180,582 19. Computing liabilities by the old New-York standard of 4½ per cent, required to reinsure outstanding policies, the surplus would be within a few thousand dollars of $2,000,000. The total liabilities, as summed up in the present statement, are $13,440,940 51. The table of assets embraces only what financiers call "gilt-edge" securities.

◆

DR. MEYER AT CARNEGIE HALL.

Carnegie Hall was again crowded yesterday morning with people desirous of hearing the Rev. Dr. F. B. Meyer, of London. Dr. A. C. Dixon presided, and Professor J. H. Burke led the large chorus. A large number of ministers of different denominations were conspicuous in the great audience. Dr. Meyer spoke from I Corinthians, ii, 14, "The Natural Man," his theme being "Selfishness: Its Cause, Curse and Cure." At the afternoon meeting there was a still larger attendance, and the boxes held many well-known women. Dr. Meyer's theme was "The Substitution of the Christ Life for the Self-Life," in the elucidation of which he made constant use of the Epistle to the Galatians.

At the close of his address, which claimed the closest attention of the audience, a large number having to stand, Dr. Meyer, speaking directly to the ministers, said: "Let me entreat you to give the go-by to a great deal of the political life, and, though it is not wrong, the social life around you; and I charge you to live to preach the deep philosophy of the indwelling Christ, and let men know what Jesus meant when He said: 'In that day ye shall know that I am in the Father, and ye in Me, and I in you.'"

◆

DR. PARKHURST, PAYN AND OTHERS.

In a lecture on "Practical Religion," delivered at the Union Theological Seminary on Monday evening, the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst referred to a letter which had been written by the Rev. Dr. Theodore L. Cuyler to Governor Black, protesting against the appointment of Louis F. Payn. By way of comment on the letter Dr. Parkhurst said:

The old doctor's letter to Governor Black has in it the ring of a veritable Elijah. I could not have written so grand a letter myself, but I am going to say this in behalf of myself, that I am proud of one thing that I have done, and that is that I preached down on the Square a righteousness so uncompromising as to drive out of my church the man that is responsible for Black, Payn et id omne genus. Not that I want to lose any of my parishioners, but it is comforting to think that righteousness has lost none of the potency that it had when Nathan pricked the conscience of David.

◆

HOLLENDER'S MANAGER HELD.

The case of George Weiss, manager of Hollender's café and restaurant, No. 149 West One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st., who is charged with violation of the liquor tax law in not having the bar properly separated from the restaurant on Sunday last, was called for examination before Magistrate Mott at the Harlem Police Court yesterday morning. John E. Brodsky, counsel for Weiss, asked the Magistrate if he had made an examination of Hollender's place on Monday morning.

The Magistrate replied: "Yes I did, and I found a direct violation of the law in that there was no door between the bar and the restaurant."

"Then," said Mr. Brodsky, "you have decided that the law has been violated and you propose to hold the defendant."

"I do, most decidedly," said the Magistrate.

"In that case," said Mr. Brodsky, "we waive further examination."

The accused was then held in $1,000 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury. Bail was furnished.

◆

FOR ALLEGED COLONIZATION.

Lester Bennett, a former Tammany Hall leader in the Eighteenth Election District of the VIIIth Assembly District, was arrested yesterday afternoon as he was leaving the Centre Street Police Court, and was taken to Part I, General Sessions, where Judge Cowing committed him to the Tombs to await trial. Bennett was indicted for aiding an alleged colonization scheme in his district last October.

◆

DAISY HAMPTON DISCHARGED.

District-Attorney Olcott said yesterday that he had received from Daisy Hampton, the young woman who was arrested with Charles R. McLaughlin, the alleged swindler, a statement which could be used as evidence against McLaughlin. It was said that the girl was ill, and might die if kept in the Tombs much longer. Recorder Goff yesterday discharged her on her own recognizance.

European Advertisements.

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