CAME OUT.

THE PROMOTER'S DEMAND OF PRESIDENT WILL. IAMS FOR MONEY LED TO THE DISCOVERY

THE LATTER'S INVESTMENT IN AN OMAHA COMPANY.

The affairs of the Chemical National Bank and loans made by the former cashler of this institution, William J. Quinlan, jr., to Francis C Grable and John S. Silver were still much talked about yesterday. The developments of yesterday show that the turn in the affairs of the bank that caused the resignation of Quinlan was forced by Mr. Grable himself. A week ago last Thursday Mr. Grable made a flying visit to this city from St. Louis and visited the Chemical Bank, and at that time made a request for an additional loan of \$40,000 or \$6,000. He had already secured \$501,500. Grable first saw Cashler Quinlan, and urged him to advance the money. Mr. Quinlan refused, and said that the limit had been reached. Mr. Grable then saw President George G. Williams, and pressed him for this money. Mr. Williams refused the loan, and then Mr. Grable insisted upon the matter being brought to the attention of the Board of Directors. He said that the money already adversed to the said that the said tha vanced would be a total loss unless he could have the additional funds, and that he thought the directors would see it in this light and give him the money. It was at this further hearing that the trouble came out.

A long conference was held with Grable in the private office of Mr. Williams. Those present besides Mr. Grable were President Williams, Cashier Quinlan, Frederic W. Stevens and James A. Roosevelt, directors. The result of the conference was that the bank absolutely refused to advance any more money. Grable, discomfited, left the city at once and returned to St. Louis. At the time of this con-ference with Grable the fact about the loan to John S. Silver was not known to any of the bank officials except Mr. Quinlan. He became alarmed at the way things were going, and on Sunday paid a visit to President Williams and told him in full of this loan. It was then that a meeting of the bank officials was called for Monday and Quinlan's resignation asked for.

It was also learned that in the course of the conference with Mr. Grable at the bank the bank officials demanded that the promoter change the nature of the collateral that he had on depor Grable had deposited notes for varying sums with the securities attached. The Chemical's directors demanded that he deposit a note for a lump sum of 201,500 payable on demand. Grable said he would consider the proposition, and went away. Later he took a train for St. Louis, and has not since communicated with the bank, so the directors

Quinlan's salary was \$19,000. This is an unusually large salary for the position, and there was inmade if he might not have saved enough to make good some of the loss. James A. Roosevelt make good some of the loss. James said in response to this inquiry: "Well, you see, Quinlan gave away a great deal to the church to which he belonged and to charity. I do not believe that he has any money left. Possibly Quinlan's mind was worn out by hard labor, but it is cer-tainly a most remarkable case." Mr. Rooseveit said that he did not think any importance should be strached to the fact that Cashier Quinlan and President Williams had owned stock in one of Mr. Grable's enterprises. When President Williams was asked about the matter he said:

"There is nothing whatever to concess about the matter. Some three or four years ago I invested 3,000 in one of Grable's companies, the Omaha Interstate Town Site Company, and up to the Interstate Town Site Company, and up to the present time I have received altogether \$2,700 in dividends, and there is, I believe, more to come. It was a small investment, the money I paid for it was my own and entirely foreign from the bank; the public has really nothing whatever to do with it, and too much has been made of a matter so

"Did you regard the dividends upon your investment as extraordinary" Mr. Williams asked.
"Well," he replied, "the enterprise, I believe, was

and turned out exceptionally well." "Do you know whether the large dividends you

thing as personal labourty. Yet had been here so served us without security. He had been here so long that we did not think such a thing necessary. Silver could not be found at his office, No. 39 Cortiandi-sit, yesterday. The clerks in the office said they did not expect him to be back for several days. Silver told friends that he was busy trying to protect himself against the pressure of creditors.

GRABLE'S ENTERPRISE IN GLOOM HOW HIS OPERATIONS WERE CARRIED ON IN CHI-

as ever worked to enlist capital in a mining venture than the one which Francis C. Grable has been engineering at the Great Northern Hotel for the last six weeks. The revelation of his transactions with the Chemical National Bank of New-York puts a sudden stop to the crusade which had been so vigorously waged to enlist Chicago people in his latest enterprise. "the Consolidated Gold Fields of the Black Hills." The forced resignation of Cash-Quinlan and the strong words which President Williams used in speaking of Grable and his projects brought a deep gloom upon the luxurious headquarters of the Grable company.

There is a similarity in the operations of the company and the original Union Hill company.

On that day he went to St. Louis, and from there which was floated in Philadelphia and the East, has since returned to Brooklyn without being ex-Governor Pattison of Pennsylvania and General B. F. Tracy, of New-York, having large interests. The issue of stock was the same, the amount kept in the treasury was the same, and the money to be used in the development of the property was to be raised in the same way.

A corner suite of rooms was secured at the Great

to be used in the development of the property was to be raised in the same way.

A corner suite of rooms was secured at the Great Northern, and a force of eight men was quartered at the hotel to boom the new enterprise. Grable's expenses ran over \$560 a week for board alone. The additional expenses in entertaining prospective investors ran to a still higher figure. The names of several Chicago people were given as having subscribed to the stock but they denied the statement when saked in regard to it.

Mayor Harrison is the only man around the City Hall who will confess to having invested in Grable's scheme. But if Grable did not find other customers in the building it was not for want of trying. For weeks every head of department has been flooded with prospectuses and advertisements telling how easily money was to be made through the Grable investment.

ANOTHER OF MR. QUINLAN'S LOANS. THE FAILED FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ASHE-VILLE SAID TO HAVE ORTAINED

\$60,000 FROM HIM. teheville, N. C., Feb. 4.-W. J. Quinlan, jr., the Chemical National Bank cashier, loaned the First National Bank of this city, which failed some months ago, \$60,000.

George G. Williams, president of the Chemical National Bank, when seen at his home, No. 34 West Fifty-eighth-st., isst night about the dispatch from Achville, said: "I have nothing further to say to reporters."
Mr. Quinian was easi to be too ill to see news-paper men.

St. Louis, Feb. 4.- Francis C. Grable, the promoter and financier, is still in St. Louis. He stays in his room at the Planters' Hotel, where his meals few personal friends and an attorney with whom he has held several consultations. Last night ludge Chester H. Krum, a prominent lawyer, was with him for several hours. Wade Chance, Grable's rivate secretary, left the city to-day for Omaha.

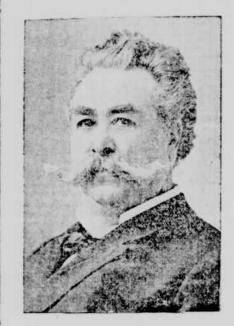
GRABLE WAS TOO GRASPING.

stranded at present, and has not been able to meet certain obligations. This has been reported about and presumably marred his credit. Mr. Grable has not been able to meet certain obligations. This has been reported about and presumably marred his credit. Mr. Grable has considerable money tied up, but these investments are yielding slowly. Others should wait, as he must do."

EMIL FISCHER'S TESTIMONIAL.

TO CELEBRATE HIS FORTIETH ANNIVER-SARY ON THE OPERATIC STAGE.

Notice has already been given of the performance of "Die Meistersinger" to be given at the Metro-solitan Opera House on Tuesday evening in henor of Emil Fischer. It will mark the fortleth anniversary of Herr Pischer's appearance on the operatic stage, which was made at Garz, in the part of Johnan von Paris, in "Der Se eschall," He was then seventeen years old. He soon rese to prominence as a singer, and had many engagements in Berlin, Dreiden, Hamburg, Vienna and other Continental cities. He came to this country in 1885, and since that time has been a favorite in this city



Who Celebrates His Fortleth Anniversary as an Opera Singer Next Tuesday

in the country. In fact, the popular ideals of several of the Wagnerian characters as they exist here to-day are nothing more or less than Herr Fischer's This is especially true of impersonations of them.

Herr Fischer has a most interesting book in which he records every appearance that he makes in opera. A line is given to each appearance, and it sets forth the date, the city, the name of the character, the name of the opera and the name of the director. This book shows that Herr Fischer has sung in opera, up to and includi: ; the performance of "Die Walkire" at the Metropolitan last night, 3.458 times. He has sung 160 parts in 169 different operas. Since he came to this country he has sung in \$40 performances of opera, 452 of them having been Wagnerian. At his own testimonial perform-ance on Tuesday night he will sing the part of Hans Sachs for the ninety-fifth time. The book is about half full.

ans Sachs for the nihety-nith time.

out half full.

"Die Meistersinger" was the inevitable choice for
the an occasion as a testimonial to Herr Fischer,
is the most joyous of operas, and Hans Sachs is
e most genile and kindly and delightful of operatic
cures. It is the part, too, which more than any
her belongs to Herr Fischer. For, although the
erformances of it in recent seasons by Edouard
a Reszke have received just admiration, it is Herr
ischer who, all through these many years, has
tught the opera-goers of New-York to feel that
sey know and love the clever and simple old shoealong page.

ey know an over a sker poet.

Since he came to America Herr Fischer has sung eventy-three times in other people's benefits, without pay. Counting the value of these performances the rates which he would have demanded for hem if he had received pay he reckons that he had says Herr Fischer, "I am going to see whether I have any friends in New-York." If he should find that he had not it would be a strong evidence of the ignorance of the music-lovers of the city as to who are their own friends.

membership of the League, for the reason that the publication would subject the members to persecution Mr. Baker's questions related largely to the management of the business of the Commission, and its reasons for its various rules of conduct.

Mr. Procter said the Commission's examinations were open to all the world, and that officeholders under the classified service were much more theroughly protected in their rights than before the prezent law went into effect.

A delegation of half a dozen men representing the Grand Army posts of Brooklyp was heard in the interest of the veterans of the Civil War in case of new legislation.

SUIT AGAINST JOHN H. HANAN.

THE PLAINTIPF & CHICAGO WOMAN, AND SHE

WANTS \$150,000.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—A suit for \$150,000 against John H. Hanan, the millionaire shoe manufacturer of Brooklyn, in which the plaintiff is a woman, has been begun in the Superior Court in this city. The suit was begun on Wednesday, but was sup pressed in order that service might be had on the defendant, who lives in Brooklyn, but who has tiff to Mrs. B. M. Dutton, who at present lives in Chicago. Formerly she was a resident of Brook lyn, where she knew the shee manufactures Hanan was 'n Chicago on Monday. register, and, although the hotel was besieged by men who were sent to watch his movements, h served by a summons in Mrs. Dutton's suit

The attorney for the plaintiff has given up hope of securing service, as he says he has information that Mr. Hanan will sail from New-York to Eu rope on a business trip in a few days. The attorney said to-day that the suit of his client grows out of affairs which occurred previous to Mr. Hanan's meeting with Mrs. Smith, now Mrs. Thompson, against whom the shoe manufacturer began a suit about twe weeks ago at Newport, R. I, for the recovery of about \$150,000 worth of real estate and jeweiry which he had given her. The suit was compromised just before Mr. Hanan's visit to Chicago. Mrs. Dutton's attorney refused to say what the relations were between his olient and the defendant. to say what the reand the defendant.

at Soventh-ave, and President-at., Brooklyn. He was not at home last night when a reporter called. His son refused to say anything about his father. John H. Hanan is married, and it was only a short time ago that rumors were thick that Mrs. Hanan ago that means were fined that Mrs. Hanan would institute divorce proceedings. The only thing learned about the plaintiff in the Chicago suit is that a Mrs. Dutton lived in St. Mark's-ave, near Fifth-ave, in 1814 and 1826, and that one of her acquaintances was Mr. Hanan, Mrs. Dutton was at that time a fashionable dressmaker, and seemed to have abundant means.

INDIANS EAGER TO SIGN THE TREATY. Pocatello, Ilaho, Feb. 4.-United States Indian commissioner Hoyt has returned from a trip in the country, bringing with him ten signatures over a majority to the treaty. Many more of the Indians are anxious to sign, and will do so between now and Sunday. This will make a strong showing, and it is believed that Congress will act immedi-ately.

THE GOFF-GARLINER WAR.

THEY QUARREL OPENLY AS TO THE GRAND JURY'S RIGHTS.

THE RECORDER SUMMONS THE JURYMEN BEFORE HIM AND DIRECTS THEM TO INVESTIGATE, WHETEER THE DISTRICT-ATTORNEY LIKES IT OR NOT-AN ASSISTANT

> WHO INTERRUPTS IS WARNED TO KEEP QUIET.

Open war broke our yesterday between District-Attorney Gardiner and his staff and Recorder Goff in the Court of General Sessions. The question ap parently in dispute is the rights of the Grand Jury to investigate certain cases and find indictments, I desires, in spite of the objections of the District Attorney, but the real source of the trouble is a series of incidents which have caused bad feeling between the Recorder and Tammany's District-At-The most recent trouble is in regard to e filing of an indictment for arson against David Goldstein, who was arrested yesterday for arson On one side it is asserted that there is a gang of ten men in an arson plot in this city, and that the indictment of only one of these is a serious mis-take, and tends to defeat the ends of justice.

The Grand Jury was called into court at an unusually early hour yesterday. After a brief con-ference between the foreman, Robert Maynicke, and the Recorder, the latter arose and, addressing the Grand Jury, said: "Your foreman has asked me to instruct you relative to the duties and powers which you have in certain cases. I say to you that the Grand Jury has the power and it is their duty to investigate all crimes, whether the District-Attorney desires it or not, and he must furnish you with all public records, whether they are in his possession or not. The Grand Jury is the power and the majesty of the law."

Assistant District-Attorney Unger, who was seated within a few feet of the Recorder, immediately arose and said: "On behalf of the District-Attorney I request that you charge that it is not the duty of the Grand Jury to inquire into certain cases."

The Recorder abruptly ordered Mr. Unger to ease talking. The latter had the statutes in his hand, and he began to read the law governing the Grand Jury, and declined to desist. In a moment the courtroom was in an uproar. The Recorder ordered the Grand Jury to retire to their room, and as they filed out turned to Mr. Unger and said: "I -Ill always instruct the Grand Jury to follow

the letter of the law. Their action must not defeat the ends of justice. Mr. Unger began to defend his position, but the

Recorder interrupted him. Your high sense of duty in your profession should keep you from interfering with matters of this kind," he said.

"I was going to issue an order concerning you," remarked the Recorder, after a minute's hesitation, but owing to your personalty I will refrain." While this was going on news had spread throughout the entire Criminal Court Building that there was a dispute between the Recorder and an

there was a dispute between the Recorder and an Assistant District-Attorney, and within two minutes the courtroom had filled up with persons about the building. District-Attorney Gurdiner and nearly every member of his staff filed into the courtroom, but when the District-Attorney reached there the excitement was over.

After the Grand Jury had retired it was said that the Recorder's grievance against the District-Attorney was not alone on account of the firebung cases. It is known that the District-Attorney has not presented complaints in some cases where the Recorder desires indictments. There have been two or three cases in which the Recorder has become personally interested, among others being the Italian murder case in which Gluseppi Carbone, convicted of murder, is supposed to be innocent. District-Attorney Gardiner, when seen in his office, said.

convicted of murder, is supposed to be innocent. District-Attorney Gardiner, when seen in his office, maid

y "I much regret that there is any difference of opinion between my office and the Recorder. The present Grand Jury has been noted for its faithful and industrious work. I have no personal acquaintance with any member of the Grand Jury, to but I must admire their business methods. I have never been before them personally, nor have I sent any assistant before them for the purpose of securing or stopping any indictment. I am very much amazed, therefore, to find that the Recorder, upon the eve of the impanelling of another Grand Jury has sent for the papers from the Committing Magistrates in the case of the Charmello murder case, and then directed the Grand Jury to proceed at once and subpeans witnesses for the purpose of securing an indictment. Carbone was tried, convicted and sentenced before Justice Smyth in the Supreme Court, and is now under sentence of death. I cannot conceive what interest the Recorder had in this case, or what could have induced him to send for the papers in the case. I acted in this case under instructions from the Italian Amhassador, who requested that I investigate the case, as he was positive that Charmello had killed Brogno, for whose murder Carbone is now awaiting sentence."

The Recorder, when asked for a statement, replied sharply: "I have nothing at all to say.

The Grand Jury reterned to the courtroom yesterday afternoon and made their final report. They had returned 27 indictments and refused indictments in 258 cases. Out of the 90 persons in jail, the Grand Jury have investigated and passed on 59 of the cases. Recorder Goff thanked the Grand Jury for their industry and dismissed them.

Recorder Goff late yesterday had a conference with Assistant District-Attorney Olocit's chief arsistant.

for their industry.

Recorder Goff late yesterday had a conference with Assistant District-Attorney David Mitches, who was District-Attorney Oloott's chief arsistant. It was rumored that Mr. Mitchell would be designated by the Recorder to represent him as adviser to the Grand Jury, but the rumor could not

THE BOLDINI PICTURE SEIZURE.

ANNOUNCEMENT THAT CHARGES WILL BE PRESSEED.

It was announced late yesterday afternoon at the dzure of the paintings of the artist G. Boldini would be pressed with vigor.

There was another conference at the Custom House in the afternoon between Colonel Phelps, ad of the law division; Inspector Traitteur and E. W. Glaenzer, representing the firm of Boussod, Valadon & Co., with whom the seized plotures now and a c. The result of the conference was not made blic. Pending further investigation, the pictures il remain with the art firm, their lawyers, esses. Alexander & Green, having agreed to be sponsible for their safekeeping.

SHIPPING LOCOMOTIVES ABROAD.

THE BALDWIN WORKS ABOUT TO SEND TWENTY-

TWO TO FINLAND. Philadelphia, Feb. 4.—The British steamer Majesde has been chartered to carry twenty-two loco-

notives and a general cargo from this port to the motives and a general cargo from this port to the Finland Government. The locomotives are being shipped by the Baidwin works. The consignment consists of ten passenger and twelve freight engines. At the Baidwin works locomotives are beings built for Norway, Japan, Africa and other countries which formerly got them from other places. The locomotives being shipped to Finland will be the first that have been sent from these works to that country in twenty-five years.

SAVINGS BANK TAX DECISION.

DUSTICE HIRSCHBERG SAYS A BANK'S SURPLUS

Newburg, N. Y., Feb. 4.-Justice M. H. Hirsch berg, of the Supreme Court, has just handed down his opinion in the case of the Newburg Savings Bank against the assessor and others of the city of Newburg. The city undertook to tax the sur-Hirschberg's finding is that "the assessment should be varaged and set aside as illegal and unauthor-ized." The Corporation Counsel says that the city will carry the case to the Court of Appeals.

. LOSSES BY PIRE.

Wayne, W. Va., Feb. 4.-Fire last night destroyed Walker's drygoods store. Dean's grocery-house, Burgess's millinery store, Walker's Hotel, Prichard's Inn, Smith's Hotel and several smaller build-ings. The loss is estimated at \$60,000, with but little insurance.

by the Bridgewater Box Company and occupted by McElwain & Co., shoe manufacturers, was de-stroyed by fire this morning. It is estimated that the loss will be at least \$50,000. It is partly covered by insurance. The loss is a bad one, as Mc-Elwain & Co. were doing a rushing business, and the factory was filled with goods in all stages of preparation for shipment. The cause of the fire is

destroyed the Young Men's Christian Association building and other structures, is estimated to have the country, bringing with him ten signatures over a majority to the treaty. Many more of the Indians are anxious to sign, and will do so between now and Sunday. This will make a strong showing, and it is believed that Congress will act immediately.

\*\*CAPITOL COMMISSION RESTRAINED.\*\*

Harrisburg, Penn., Feb. 4.—Attorney-General McCormick made application to the Dauphin County Court this afternoon for a temporary injunction to restrain the Capitol Commission from awarding the contract for the proposed State House next Monday, as intended by its public advertisement. The Court ordered the Commission not to award the contract until after the hearing, which has been set for Wednesday marning as in glocols. caused \$160,000 damage, against which there was

Estey & Saxe

respectfully announce the removal of the warerooms Organ to the new

> Estey Building Corner 5th Av. and 17th St., New York

## RAILROAD INTERESTS.

CUTTING RATES IN THE WEST.

Chicago, Feb. 4.-The conference held to-day between representatives of the Atchison, Burlington Northwestern and Rock Island roads over the rate situation between Chicago and Denver resulted in nothing, and the rate of \$2450 between Chicago and Deaver, announced by the Atchison and the and Deaver, announced by the Atchison and the Ro & Island, will go into effect on Sunday, as an nounced. Chairman Caldwell made every effort to induce the four lines to come to some agreement, but he could do practically nothing. Immediately after the meeting the announcement was made by a placard in the windows of the Atchison ticket office that tickets to Denver could be purchased for \$24.50. The Rock Island took similar action, and in a few minutes both the Northwestern and the Burlington had met the rate and the fight.

Mr. Wheeler was born in Warwick, Orange Continue, No. Y., and came to this city when seventeen ty. N. Y., and came to this c after the meeting the announcement was made by a placard in the windows of the Atchison ticket office that tickets to Denver could be purchased for \$24.50. The Rock Island took similar action, and in a few minutes both the Northwestern and the Burlington had met the rate, and the fight was on in earnest. This cut is certain to pull down the rate between Chicago and Omaha by \$2, and between Omaha and Denver by \$3. The Burlington and Union Pacific announced that they would make these reductions at the time they made the cut in the rate between Chicago and Denver.

The Burlington has announced a rate of \$45 first class and \$35 second class from Omaha to Spokane, a cut of \$5. This is to meet the cut from St. Faul and Minneapolis.

THE JOHNS HOPKINS SUIT ARGUED. Richmond, Va., Feb. 4.-The case of the Johns University, appellant, against the receivers of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company and the trustees under mortgages made by the railroad company was further argued in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals to-day. The petitioner holds \$981,115 of the company's stock, having acquired it for full value by direct assignment from the State of Maryland.

The petition avers that the holders of the stock by virtue of the charge or lien that they have on the gross profits have a first charge or lien on all property, real and personal, and franchises of the said company. The case came up on the refusal of the receivers to pay dividends on the stock. This, it is alleged, is a disregard of the priority to which the stock is entitled.

RUSSELL SAGE SAYS IT IS FALSE.

Russell Sage said yesterday of a report that the Missouri Pacific Railway had failed to pay certain coupons held by him and the Equitable Life Assurance Society and that a receiver for the road was about to be applied for: "The whole story is absoabout to be applied for: The whole story is absolutely untrue. It is not only absolutely false, but there is not a shadow of foundation for it. I hold no unpuld coupons of the Missouri Pacific, neither does the Equitable Life, for the reason that none are outstanding. The story was simply started by some one for stock-jobbing purposes, and is a revival of the false report started some months ago of the same general purport. It is astonishing how such reports gain currency, and still more astonishing that people should credit them when the real truth can be so readily ascertained."

ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES REPRESENTED. The Reorganization Committee of the Wheeling for the purpose of having a representative of each class of securities upon the committee. It is now composed of General Louis Fitzgerald, representing the Wheeling division first mortgage bonds; George Coppell, of Maitland, Coppell & Co., representing coppeil, of Malhand, Coppeil & Co., representing the Lake Eric first mortgage bonds; J. Kennedy Tod, of J. Kennedy Tod & Co., representing the consols 4s; Eugene Delano, of Brown Brothers & Co., representing the first extension bonds, and William A. Dick, of Dick Brothers & Co., representing the stockholders. This change is taken to indicate that all interests are now working in harmony, and they are expected to present a plan to the security-holders at an early date.

RADICAL CHANGES IN THE MANAGEMENT-NET EARNINGS FOR 1897, \$89,000

Chicago, Feb. 4.-Radical changes were made in the management of the American Strawboard Company yesterday, in the election of the following officers and directors: President, R. F. Newcomb; vice-president, M. R. Williams; secretary and treasurer, E. M. Watkins; Executive Committee, R. F. Newcomb, chairman; Crawford Fairbanks and L. A. Wiley; directors, R. F. Newcomb, Custom House that charges in connection with the W. P. Orr, Crawford Fairbanks, George L. Webb,

Williams. ceeds Crawford Fairbanks as president, and with the retirement of J. H. Swinarton, the office of second vice-president is abolished. Mr. Williams, who was elected vice-president, has been manager who was elected vice-president, has been manager of the manufacturing department of the company for many years. Mr. Watkins now fills the combined offices of secretary and treasurer, Mr. Ornhaving relinquished the treasurership. General Samuel Thomas, T. H. Conderman and E. A. Biodgett retired from the directory, being succeeded by Messrs. Williams, Spoor and Wiley. The net earnings of the company for 1897 were \$89,000.

A LOSS TO THE CITY ALLEGED.

THE DOCK BOARD TO INVESTIGATE A TRANSFER OF PROPERTY IN THE LAST

The Dock Board, through Secretary Terry,

ciared yesterday that the city had lost \$150,000 through a transfer of dock property made a short time before the new administration took charge. The facts as given out by the Commissioners are that on December 30, 1897, the Board of Estimate and Apportionment transferred to Meyer E. Bernheim and Charles A. Bernheim, as executors of the estate of Charles A. Bernheim, the block between One-hundred-and-thirty-eighth and One-hundredand-thirty-ninth sts. and extending from Fifth-ave. to the East River, and also the half-block between One-hundred-and-thirty-ninth and One-hundredand fortleth sts. In exchange for the block between One-hundred-and-fortleth and One-hundred-and-forty-first sts. These facts were discovered at the meeting of the Dock Board last week, it was said, when the Consolidated Ice Company asked permis-sion to build an ice bridge at One-hundred-and-thirty-eighth-st, and the river. thirty-eighth-st and the river.

Commissioner Cram is reported to have then said that this was a loss to the city of \$150.00, as that sum had been expended in improving the property transferred, while that received in exchange was practically unimproved property. He also declared that the transaction had been arranged and the papers signed by ex-Controller Fitch, who was then in office.

TROY POLYTECHNIC GRADUATES DINE. The graduates of the Rensselaer Polytechnic

Institute, known familiarly as the Troy nic, held their midwinter dinner at Delmonico's last night. Covers were laid for 125 guests. The toastmaster was Major Joseph M. Knap, of the class of '58. The guests included Lewis Nixon, class of '35 The guests included Lewis Nixon, president of the East River Bridge Commission; Russell Bage, who is a member of the Board of Trustees; F. C. Prindle. United States Navy; Prefersor W. H. Burr, of Columbia College, Henry G. Morse, president of the Harlan & Hollingsworth Company, Wilmington Del; Henry D. Parsons, R. P. Rothwell, Charles Booysmith and Henry Meyer. H. R. Henry, of Detroit, Mich., who is ninety-one years old, and is a graduate of the class of 128 and the oldest living member, sent a letter of congratulation to the other members. The letter was received with great applause.

The teasts included "The Institute," responded to by Dr. J. H. Feck, precident of the institute; "Tho Faculty," B. H. Ricketts, "The American Society of Civil Engineers," President Alphorase Pteley, "Why an Engineer Has Hair on The Top of His Head," Colonel H. C. Frout, Editor of "The Rallroad Gazette", "The Engineer at Large," O. F. Nichols, "The Local Alumni Association," M. P. Lewis, president, "The Alumni," Dr. W. P. Mason, and "Home, Sweet Home," G. A. Just.

FUNERAL OF JOSEPH LENNON.

The funeral of Joseph Lennon, the veteran hotel reporter, took place yesterday afternoon at the home of Miss Lennon, No. 222 East One-hundredand-nineteenth-st. The house was literally filled with flowers from his friends and from hotel men of the city, a large number of whom were present. The burial was in Calvary Genetary. OBITUARY.

DANIEL POMEROY. Daniel Pomeroy, head of the Pomeroy Company, dealers in surgical appliances, at Fifteenth-st. and

Union Square, Manhattan, died from heart disease last night, a little after 5 o'clock, while on his way home to Brooklyn. He was about sixty-two years old. Mr. Pomeroy, who lived at Hanson and South Elliott Places, Brooklyn, left his office at 5 o'clock, and at 5 o'clock, and, according to his son, who is associated in business with him, he was in his usual good health and spirits. As he was leaving the Bridge car in Brooklyn, he staggered and fell

to the floor. The Bridge police carried him to a toilet-room on the ground floor and summoned an ambulance from the Brooklya Hospital. Dr. Sanders, the surgeon, reached Mr. Pomeroy a few minutes be-

fore he died. Dr. Raiph Pomeroy, of No. 511 Nostrand-ave. the dead man's oldest son, was immediately sent for. The news prostrated Mrs. Pomeroy, who, with her two daughters, was awaiting the return

of Mr. Pomeroy.

Mr. Pomeroy was one of the prominent members of the Church of the New Jerusalem, at Monroe Place and Clarkst, Brooklyn. He was the son of the Rev. Dr. Chatles Pomeroy, of the Methodist Church. He and his three brothers were graduated from Wesleyan University. Mr. Pomeroy was afterward admitted to the bar. He did not practise much, however. He established a surgical appliance manufactory in the sixties, and had successfully conducted it ever since.

Mr. Pomeroy was a member of the Swendenborgian Publishing Company, in Manhattan, and was one of the organizers of the New Church Library in Brooklyn.

DE WITT CLINTON WHEELER.

De Witt Clinton Wheeler, a former Police Commissioner of this city, died on Thursday night in the home of his son, De Witt Clinton Wheeler, jr., No. 135 West Eighty-fourth-st. He had been ill

Wheeler was born in Warwick, Orange Coun-

STEPHEN WHITMAN.

Announcement was made yesterday on the Produce Exchange, of which he was a member, of the death of Siephen Whitman, of Whitman & Fisher, petroleum and storage inspectors at No. 25 White-nall-st. He died at Port Richmond, Staten Island, on Thursday.

CHARLES F. OFFERMAN.

Charles F. Offerman, who for the last thirty years had been the proprietor of the Philadelphia Hotel, at No. 1 West-st., died at his home on Thursday afternoon after an illness of one week. Mr. Offerman was born in Germany in 1845, and came to the United States when he was a small child. His first business venture was, in partnership with his cousin, the opening of a hotel at Mur ray and Greenwich sts. He later opened the hotel in West-st., where he became well known among the seafaring population of the city. His wife died a year ago. Three children—two daughters and a son—survive him. The funeral will take place in St. John's Lutheran Church, in Christopher-st., to-morrow.

JOHN GAVIGAN.

John Gavigan, a clerk in the Centre Street Police Court, died suddenly yesterday morning from pneu onia, at his home, No. 781 East One-hundred-andthirty-ninth-st. He had been ill for five days, having contracted a cold in the courtroom from a draught, but his death was not expected. He was about forty years old. Gavigan had been a court clerk for sixteen years. He was appointed by the Tammany Hall administration, but was retained when the present City Magistrates came into power, because of his unusual ability. He was reappointed last June for another term of two years. He leaves a widow and five children. The arrangements for the funeral are not yet complete.

ELI MANSFIELD BRUCE.

Philadelphia, Feb. 4.-Eli Mansfield Bruce, of the plane and organ firm of Estey & Bruce, died sud-denly last night at his home in this city, in his eventy-fourth year. Mr. Bruce was born in Wilmington, Vt., and for some years taught school there, and in Ohio and Illinots. In 1857 he united with the late Deacon Estey in the manufacture and sale of the Estey organ, and in the winter of 1855-69 he came to this city and opened a store for the sale of the organs. He was a member of the Merchants' Regiment of emergency mer raised at the time of the invasion of Pennsylvania by Lee. He was prominent in church and charitable work.

FRANK BURKE. Watertown, Mass., Feb. 4.-Frank Burke, section

firector and local forecast official of the Kentucky Section, United States Signal Service, is dead. He had been ill from brain trouble for a short time at the home of his father. W. H. Burke. He was thirtyseven years of age, and had been connected with the Weather Bureau for many years. When a lad Burke obtained an appointment as a cadet, and went to the Military Academy at Fort Myers, Wash., to study for the Signal Service, with a view of joining the Weather Bureau of the Army After two years of academic training he was selected to accompany the Greely expedition, and was sent to Northern Montana to become accustomed to cold weather. When ordered to join the expedition the depth of snow so obstructed travel that he could not reach the party in time. He remained in the Northwest during the prevailing Indian troubles and served in the field throughout the campaign. On his return he was sent to Columbus, Ohlo, and later transferred to Louisville, an important station. He had charge of the Weather Bureau at the World's Fair, and had not been in good health since that time. After two years of academic training he was select

W. W. WHEELER.

Belott, Wis., Fes. 4-W. W. Wheeler, who died here of pneumonia, was one of the most widely known Christian missionaries in the West. He was sixty years of age and had given almost his entire life to missionary work. He was born in Allegany County, N. Y., and came to Michigan when he was a boy. He was a student at Oberlin, Ohio. He served in the war in the 7th Ohio Regiment,

EX-GOVERNOR THOMAS A. OSBORNE.

Meadville, Penn., Feb. 4.-Thomas A. Osborne, exto Brazil, died from hemorrhage of the stomich at the Commercial Hotel here this afternoon, after an illness of fourteen hours. Mr. usual health to visit Mrs. Margaret Richmond, to usual health to visit Mrs. Margaret Richmond, to whom he was betrothed. She was at his bedside when he expired. Mr. Osborne was born in Mead-ville sixty-one years ago. He learned the printing trade here and afterward studied law and went to Knnsas, settling in Topeka, where he married. His wife died several years ago, leaving one son, who is now practising law in Topeka. Mr. Osborne was a director of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway and reported to be rich.

THE REV. WILLIAM N. BRODERICK Boston, Feb. 4.-The Rev. William N. Broderick, onstor of the Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church denomination throughout the country, died at his nome in Charlestown to-day. He was a native of Marietta, Ohio, and was fifty years old. His first regular appointment in the ministry was at Tipperegular appointment in the ministry was at Tippe-canne City, Ohio. He afterward preached at Cin-cinnati, Xenia, Springfield and other places in that State. Later he came to Boston, and a rew years ago he was elected general secretary of the Ep-worth League, but declined to serve. He was president of the New-Eng and Deaconesses' Home-and Training School, and was secretary of the Board of Trustees of Boston University. He icaves a widow and four children. The cause of death was typhoid fever.

DR. DANIEL CAMPBELL.

Brattleboro, Vt., Feb. 4.-Dr. Daniel Campbell, seventy-seven years old, died at Saxton's River He was one of the best-known practitioners in Vermont. He was graduated from the tioners in Vermont. He was graduated from the Vermont Medical Coilege at Woodstock in 1842, and from the Berkshire Medical Coilege, at Pittsfield, Mass. in 1842. He practised in Pittsfield, was in Westminster ten years, and since 1884 and lived in Saxton's River. He was a member of the Legislature in 1844, and was honored with the accommandion for Congress in the Ild District by the Democrats in 1880. He is survived by a widow and six

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 4.-William M. A. Vaushn.

pioneer, is dead at his home here. He was born at Spottsylvania Court House, Va., in 1826, and ame west when seventeen years of age. He traded with the Indians, took an active part in the border Wars and served through the Collected y Under General Price and General Joe Shelby, retiring a captain. He helped organize the Kansas City Board of Trade, helped build the city's first grain elevator and was prominent in the early history of the city. Tahlequah, Ind. T., Feb. 4-D. W. Bushyhead, one

CHEAP LIGHT AND POWER.

Under this title a long letter appears in the Paris "Figaro" urging the use of municipal gas for running dynamos to furnish electric lighting, and also for supplying consumers with power and heat. The writer shows how the power and heat. The writer shows how the existing system could be very speedily and profitably changed in such a way that, in two years' time, the municipal gas plant could give the consumer gas light or electric light, power or heat, as he might choose. We, in this country, do not have to ask this of the public authorities. The gas companies have themselves taken the initiative, and are already prepared to give their customers just what this French engineer asks for. It will sound strange to some, but it is true, that from the single gas pipe entering your house you can draw both light and hear your house you can draw both light and heat, the best fuel with which to cook and the cheap-est power for dynamo or workshop.

Bright's disease. He was seventy-five years old and had in turn filled every office in the nation. He was a member of the recent Dawes Commission on the part of the Cherokee Nation.

Chicago, Feb. 4.-Louis Wampold, a well-known wholesale clothler and one of the wealthlest men in the city, has died from preumonia. He had been ill several months. Mr. Wampold was noted as a giver to charity and had been interested in the founding of many charitable organizations. When the founding of Altenheim, the German Old Folks' Home, was spoken of, he took an interest in the project and was one of the most a tive of the workers in the enterprise. Mr Wampool was also a prime mover in the organization of the Deutschs Gesellschaft, a German musical society.

Topeko, Kan., Feb. 4.-A. P. Wilder, a prominent railroad man and suverintendent of the Missouri and Kansas Car Association, is dead in this diy from Bright's disease, aged sixty-six years. He was for many years car accountant of the Santa Fe Railroad.

IN MEMORY OF MRS. JULIA BEDELL

IMPRESSIVE SERVICES HELD AT GAMBIER, OHIO -MRS. BEDELLYS REQUEST.

Cambler, Ohlo, Feb. 4 (Special).-A beautiful and impressive memorial service for the late Julia Be-dell, widow of the third bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of Ohio, was held at the Church of the Holy Spirit this afternoon. The large nudlence was composed of the students and members of the faculties of all the institutions and many Gambler friends. Addresses were made by the Rev. William F. Fierce, president of Ken-yon College, Dr. Theodore Sterling, of the college faculty, and the Rev. H. W. Jones, D. D., dean of Bexley Hall. An article prepared by Miss Emma Chase concerning Bedell Chapel was read. Mrs. Bedell was a saintly, noble woman and a faithful steward of large wealth. Besides innum-erable benefactions in the past, she left by will to Kenyon College and other institutions of the Church in Ohio upward of \$70,000.

MONEY FOR THE NEW-BEDFORD STRIKERS. Lowell, Mass., Feb. 4.-Michael Duggan, president of the National Organization of Spinners, has re-ceived the following letter from Secretary Ross, of

New-Bedford:

We have now about 420 men out, with 170 at work.

Of the latter about 190 are spinners. They are assessed about \$2.50 a week. The levy will give us about \$5.50 per week and the appropriation from the National Union 5500 a week, so that the total income will be \$1.000 a week, so that the total income will be \$1.000 a week, to that the total \$1.000 to \$1.500 to pay our men—much less, you see, than our income. It is much greater, however, than we expected, and if the present support is continued we shall without doubt win this fight. We have received some money collected from back. continued we shall without doubt win this light. We have received some money collected from back hoys. On this we wish to say that these boys are not included in the above figures, and they are not members of our union, but if you can collect any money from your boys we wish you would, and we will distribute the same among our boys. There is no change in the situation here. All is quiet, with no attempt to run the mills. Thanking you sincerely, I am, yours truly. SAMUEL ROSS. Secretary. The Lowell weavers have decided to arrange a ball in aid of the New-Bedford strikers.

BIG ENTERPRISE IN HUDSON. Hudson, N. Y., Feb. 4.-The largest real-estate

deal ever begun in this city was made to-day when A. L. Gilbert, of New-York, representing a syndicate of New-York City and Western capitalists secured options for the purchase of all the land of secured options for the purchase of all the land of
the Hudson Iron Company, the extensive coralshell marble quarries of Frederick W. Jones, the
Jones Railrond and the entire South Ray, covering one hundred and fifty acres of valuable river
frontage, including docks over two thousand feet
long. The company will manufacture high-class
front and ornamental brick and vitrified pasing
brick. All kinds of clay, including the rare white
and many species of shale, abounds within one and
one-half miles of the water-front. Shale will be
loaded by steam shovels to the cars to be run into
the mines, and for the first year operations will
continue day and night, in order to supply two
great batteries of pulverizers. The plant will run
in connection with a similar one to be erected on
the Harlem River to use the product of the Hudson mines.

NO MEAT SERVED TO THE POOR THERE.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 4.-An experimental misdirection of the Seventh Day Adventists. One hundred and fifty cots have been placed in a large room in a building on the second floor. In the basement, bathiubs and showers have been provided, together with a room for fumigating clothing, and a laundry in which a man may wash his own clothes. The meals consist entirely of vegetables, meat being barred because of its expense and the trouble of cooking it, as well as because the management believes in vegetarianism. direction of the Seventh Day Adventists. One hus-

A BABY THROWN OUT TO DIE.

A newly born female baby was found last night in a vault in the rear of No. 404 First-ave. The child was alive. An unknown woman, presumably the mother, was seen lottering in the hallway adthe mother, was seen lollering in the hallway as found, and it is believed that she throw the child there to die. One of the tenants of the house, who went into the yard to get some coal, found the little one, and gave her to a pollerman, who wrapped the infant in blankets and started for Hellerine. Half way there he was met by Dr. Stevens and an ambulance. The child, however, livel only twenty minutes after her arrival in the hospital. Death was due to exposure.

MAINE HOTEL PROPRIETORS.

Waterville, Me., Feb. 4.—The Maine Hotel Pro-prietors' Association held its fifteenth annual meeting at the Elimwood Hotel, in this city, to-day. The following officers were elected: H. E. Judkins, of Sawyer, of the Lake House, Greenville, vice-predicts; E. M. Blanding of Bangor, secretary and treasurer. Directors—The president, ex-officia at chairman, H. E. Capen, Camden, J. J. Cooler, Sherwood House, Portland; C. J. W. Merrifield, House, Houlton. the Elmwood Hotel, Waterville, president; C. H.

THREE PERSONS DROWNED.

Burlington, N. J., Feb. 4.-Neille Fields, Richard Severns and Mark Laumaster were drowned to night in the Delaware River. The young men were pulling a sled over the ice. On the sled were Nellie and Bertha Fields. As the young men speeded and perind riches and the four persons and sled sank out of sight. Theodors Anderson rescued Hertha Fields, who came up in the open space caused by the ice giving way. The others probably came up under the ice, as they were not seen after they went down. A search for the bodies is being made.

SIT PEET OF SNOW IN THE ADIRONDACES. Saratoga, N. Y., Feb. 4.—The blizzard has increased the average depth of snow in the Adirondacks to over six feet, and lumbermen will be unable to make much progress with their work until they have cleared the roads.

INCORPORATED IN NEW-JERSEY.

Trenton, Feb. 4 (Special) .- Articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the Secretary of State to-day, for the formation of the following

The J. R. Vanderbeck Company with a capital stock of \$50,000. The object of the company is to construct buildings of all kinds. The incorpor-ators are Jeremiah R. Vanderbeck Charles B. Vanderbeck and John T. Blauvelt, of Paterson.

The Field Club Company, of South Orange, with a capital stock of \$25,000. The incorporators are Henry W. Freeman, Edwin S. Allen, Allerton R. Hatch and J. Charles O'Brien, of South Orange.

Hister and J. Charles O'Brien, of South Oranse.

The Kolafra Company, with a capital stock of \$10,000. The company is to deal in chemicals and drugs. The incorporators are Edward M. Johnson, of Netherwood, Walter H. Jewell, of Ridgewood, and Charles R. Pasmele, of New-York.

The Jackson Milling Company, of Trenton, with a capital stock of \$10,000. The company will mine lead, sinc, copper and other minerals. Charles J. J. Carter, of Peullyn, Penn.; Richard C. Carter and Louis A. Dubring, of Philadelphia, George A. and Alfred E. Elliott, of Wilmington, Del.; H. C. Pearson, of Boston, Mass. and R. M. Philips, William A. Holcombe, Barker Gummere, fr. thugh H. Hamill and Thomas H. MacKenzie, of Trenton, are the corporators.

The Boetiger Piece Dye Works, of Lodi, Bertander, Present Company, 110,000.

The Boetiger Piece Dye Works, of Lodi, Bergen County, N. J., with a capital stock of \$100,000. The object of the company is the manufacturing, dyeing and finishing of silk and cotton goods. The incorporators are Henry W. Boetiger, Theodore Boetiger and Robert Boetiger, all of Bergen

The National Biscuit Company of Jersey Cowith a capital stock of \$5,000,000, filed articles incorporation to-day.