NO CLASH BETWEEN THE POLICE AND M'CULLAGH'S MEN-DEAR, GOOD MR. CROKER WOULD RATHER LOSE THAN WIN BY AN IL-

LEGAL VOTE. The complete and pitiable collapse of the Tammany attempt to array the police against John McCullagh and his deputies at the polls was talked about and laughed over from one end of the city to the other yesterday. In every election district where the voters gathered to cast their ballots there was discussion of the order issued to the police on Sunday by Chief Devery and the action of Governor Roosevelt in causing its recall. There was a great deal of praise for the Governor and a great deal of ridicule for Richard Croker, Mayor Van Wyck and Chief Devery. It was declared generally that the prompt and emphatic action of the Governor was as creditable to him as the foolish plan to cause disorder in the election was dis-

graceful in the Tammany officials. There was quiet at the polls throughout the city yesterday. Many arrests were made in some of the districts where there was reason to suspect illegal registration, but the police aided McCullagh's men in making the arrests, and there was no reason for disturbance. The brightness of the day and the good order prevailing everywhere seemed to make all the more ridiculous in the minds of many the blundering order of Devery and its humiliating recall. In all the history of the Police Department, it was said, there never had been such a case of the head of the Department eating his own words. Here was the case of a Chief of Police who sent out an order on Sunday saying that "tactics and methods of intimidation perpetrated upon respectable citizens . . . by John

McCullagh, Superintendent of Elections," must not be "tolerated or permitted by the Police Department," and who on the following evening sends out a second order saying that the first order "is revoked" and that the police must render to Mr. McCullagh and his men the aid required by law because the Mayor has ordered it.

Mayor Van Wyck had rushed to Police Headquarters from the Democratic Club, after a hasty consultation with Mr. Croker and John F. Carroll, and had ordered Chief Devery to recall the offensive order. His haste and perturbation had been caused by the letter of the Governor telling him that he would be held responsible as the head of the city government for any breach of the peace growing out of Devery's order. There was present at Police Headquarters, too, Sheriff Grell, who had received a similar letter from the Governor. There might have been heard over the telephone a plaintive squeak from the District Attorney, who had received another warning. Nobody in the Tammany crowd, from Croker down, seemed to doubt that some official heads would fall if Devery's order TAMMANY OFFICIALS NOT INCLINED TO

TALK

The Tammany officials who were concerned in the recall of the order on Monday night were not inclined to say much on the subject yesterday. The Mayor would say nothing about it. Chief Devery said he didn't care to talk about "There will be no trouble anywhere," he said. The Chief was at Police Headquarters early and remained there most of the day, but he went uptown to vote in the forenoon, and he kept his carriage in Mulberry-st. all the afternoon, waiting to take him to any point where any trouble might occur.

Richard Croker said he had nothing whatever to do with the order issued by Chief Devery regarding McCullagh and his men, and that he had no part in it at all. He said he had not seen Devery for three weeks.

"That McCullagh thing," said Mr. Croker. 'has proved a boomerang. I hear fully ten lost. I have told our watchers at the polls, the lawyers that Tammany has retained, to look after the interests of voters and our people generally, that I would rather we lost the election than win it with a single vote illegally cast. I have received cheering messages from all over the State and Bryan is running strong. I think that 97 per cent of the registered voters will vote, and this means a Democratic victory."

Sheriff Grell spent nearly the whole of Monday night hunting for Superintendent McCullagh. Mr. Grell was a worried man. He was afraid that he would be removed from office by the Governor, and he wanted to place his entire office at the disposal of Mr. McCullagh before any trouble occurred. Early yesterday morning he succeeded in getting a talk with Mr. McCullagh over the telephone, and told him n trembling tones that the entire force of the Sheriff's Office was at the disposal of the Superintendent of Elections.

Sheriff Grell, with Under Sheriff Mulvaney, was at the Sheriff's Office at an early hour yesterday. The Sheriff said later:

"I got the State Superintendent of Elections this morning by telephone, and he called here and we had an interview of a most satisfactory nature. I told him that I would, if necessary, give him any assistance in my power and see that the law was complied with. I at the same time told him I did not expect there would be anything to call for interference on my part." COMPLAINS OF INTERFERENCE.

Charles Hilton, of No. 198 Metropolitan-ave., Brooklyn, reported to Superintendent McCullagh that he had been interfered with when he went to vote at Bedford-ave, and Grand-st., Frooklyn. He said a man who he at first thought was an election officer followed him right into the booth, and looking over his

right into the booth, and looking over his shoulder demanded that he cast a straight vote and put his mark under the "star." He said he had resented the intrusion. The proceeding, he said, had been witnessed by the four election inspectors and a policeman, who took no action. He was advised to apply for a warrant for the arrest of the man.

Mr. McCullagh did not remain in his office, at No. 585 Broadway, all day. He went uptown to vote in the afternoon, and did not return until after the polis closed. Several of his deputies were at the office in the afternoon to make reports of arrests. They said that all the cases had been disposed of in the courts, and that most of the prisoners had been discharged. No prisoners were taken to Mr. McCullagh's office. The deputies said that the police aided them whenever called upon, and there was no trouble anywhere with the police.

BALLOTS MIXED AT CONEY ISLAND.

BALLOTS MIXED AT CONEY ISLAND. Deputy Williamson called up from Coney Island and reported a serious mixing of official ballots down there. He said the ballots for the First Election District of the Thirty-first Ward,

> Telephones in Manhattan and the Bronx.

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Brooklyn, had been sent to the Second Election District, and those for the Second sent to the First. He said 200 votes had been east in each district up to the time of his report, and men were still voting heavily on the mixed ballots. Deputy Attorney-General Hedges said the mistake appeared to be critical, as he believed the two election districts are in separate Congress

districts. It seemed to him as if the only wa; would be to throw out the two districts altogether. The mistake was made by the policemen who delivered the ballots. TEN TRIBUNE KITES SENT UP.

EACH ONE BEARS A LETTER, AND CROWDS SPELL OUT THE WORDS.

The Tribune sent up ten kites yesterday. The three largest, one red, one white and one blue, reached an elevation of 3,500 feet. The seven smaller ones floated just 1,000 feet below. On each smaller ones floated just 1,000 feet below. On each of these seven smaller ones was a letter, and together they spelled out the word, T-R-I-B-U-N-E. The kites attracted much attention from the crowds in Park Row, who watched them bobbing and twisting in the currents of air. Flying from the kite lines were an American flag and two McKinley and Roosevelt banners. The whole outfit-flag, banners and kites-was fastened to the top of the Postal Telegraph Building.

The kites were so well balanced, and the flag and banners stretched out so broadly in the breeze, that the feat of flying them seemed easy enough. As a matter of fact, however, it is one of the most difficult things in all kite flying to get so many of the huge things in the air around the tall buildings which are close to Park Row. These buildings shut off the gusts of wind upon which kites depend. To make matters worse, the sudden opening of City Hall Park causes a depression of air currents. The kite flyers yesterday had all this to contend with; but, fortunately, kites fly against the wind, so that when E. I. Horsman, one of the most expert kite flyers in the country, who had charge of The Tribune's kites yesterday, got ready, he sent his kites into the air at a rate that would have made Jack's beanstalk dizzy. Taken

all in all, it was a remarkable performance.

The kite which carried the letter "n" kept the spectators in the street on tiptoe. It had a way of flopping about, and at several times seemed to have become loosened. It tugged and strained and darted out and leaped back, but it could not get away for all that.

It is only lately that kite flying in this country has been brought to a high state of perfection.

Mr. Horsman has given much of his time to the Mr. Horsman has given much of his time to the study of what has come to be a science. His tailless kites, which are a result of this study, are of two kinds, namely, the cellular, or, as it is called, the Blue Hill box kite, and the Malay type, or Eddy kite. The red, white and blue kites in The Tribune's string yesterday were Eddy kites. Both the Blue Hill box kite and the Eddy kite are easily carried, as they are constructed on a collapsible plan.

the Blue Hill box kite and the Eddy kite are easily carried, as they are constructed on a collapsible plan.

Mr. Horsman found it expedient in attaining great altitudes or in raising flags or banners to fly kites in tandems of four, six or more. In fact, as many as twelve large kites have been flown upon one main line. This is accomplished by flying each kite on a separate line of about five hundred feet in length and attaching it strongly to the main line.

Scientific kite flying is not only an effective means of advertising, but it is also a source of much amusement and sport.

At about 10:30 a. m. yesterday a Brooklyn man, walking across the Bridge, was studying the wording and letters on The Tribune kites. When near the Manhattan end a young eagle salled along overhead, coming in the same direction. Its course was just above the banner containing the names of McKinley and Roosevelt and below the "t," the first letter in the word "Tribune." He saw the brilliant sunrise in the morning, and the appearance of the eagle simply added enthusiasm to a mind which had not entertained a doubt as to the final result.

NEARLY 5,000 IN WESTCHESTER.

CLEAN SWEEP FOR REPUBLICANS-OTIS ELECTED CONGRESSMAN IN THE

XVITH DISTRICT. At a late hour last night William L. Ward, chairman of the Republican Campaign Committee Westchester County, estimated that McKinley had received a plurality in the county of 4,800 and that Odell's plurality over Stanchfield for Governor

Norton P. Otis, it was estimated, had been elected to Congress in the XVIth District by a plurality He is a Republican and will succeed Democrat. Isaac N. Mills, Republican, has been elected Sen-

ator from the XXIId District by an estimated plurality of 4,000. Republican Assemblymen were elected by about the following pluralities: Ist, W. C. Mains, 800; 11d, Alfred W. Cooley, 800; 11Id, James K. Apgar, 600.

the polls, but not a single Democratic vote was lost. I have told our wetcher of the pure little of from 3,600 to 4,600.

The vo	te by	towns	in	Westche	ester County	is as
follows:						
Town.					McKinley.	Bryan.
Bedford					583	305
Cortlandt					2,100	1,941
						190
						723
						193
						1,168
						327
						1,239
						872
						193
						250
						55
						55
						48
						77
						321
						1.556
*Yonkers					. 000	3,255

Totals 16,666 12,768 *Two districts missing. I The towns of Greenburg, North Castle and Os-ining are missing.

PENNSYLVANIA BY OVER 200,000.

KEYSTONE STATE AGAIN HEADS THE RE-

PUBLICAN COLUMN.

Philadelphia, Nov. 6.-Estimates from one-half of the counties in Pennsylvania indicate a plurality for McKinley of over 200,000. In this city the fusion of the Democrats with the Municipal League cut down the Republican county ticket, but J. Hampton Moore, for City Treasurer, and Jacob Singer, for Register of Wills, are elected by more than 50,000 plurality. In Montgomery and Chester countles, where the Fusionists made a strong fight to elect nine anti-Quay members of the Legislature, they suffered a severe setback, the regular Republicans

winning by large majorities. Pennsylvania's delegation in the next Congress will be not less than twenty-four Republicans to six Democrats, as against twenty Republicans and ten Democrats, in the present Con-

THE WEATHER REPORT.

YESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO-DAY'S FORECAST. Washington, Nov. 6, 8 p. m .- A moderate storm developed Wednesday night over the lower Missouri Valley, and it is central over interior Illinois. It has, however, caused but little precipitation, that which fell having been confined to a narrow district extending from Northern Illinois ern New-York. No other precipitation was reported except a little rain and snow over the eastern portion of the Michigan peninsula. Temperature changes were not decided, although it is generally somewhat cooler, except in the Ohio Valley, the Southwest and extreme West. Cloudy weather with rain is indicated for Wednesday in Cloudy weather with rain is indicated for Wednesday in the Othio Yalley, the upper lake and the southern and eastern portions of the lower lake region, followed by fair weather Thursday. Showers are also probable on Wednesday in the South Atlantic States, continuing Thursday in Eastern Florida. In New-England and the Middle Atlantic States fair weather Wednesday will probably be followed by rain at night or Thursday; elsewhere the weather will be generally fair Wednesday and Thursday. Temperature changes will be unimportant. On the New-England and Middle Atlantic coasts the winds will be variable, becoming fresh east to south. On the South Atlantic Coast they will be light to fresh northeasterly. Over the lower lakes they will become variable, though mostly fresh southeasterly, and over the upper lakes variable, becoming fresh northwesterly.

For New-England, fair to-day; Thursday rain; variable

For Eastern New-York, partly cloudy to-day, with rain in western portion; Thursday rain; winds becoming fresh southerly. For District of Columbia, Eastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, partly cloudy to-day, probably followed by rain at night or Thursday; warlable winds, becoming fresh southerly.

For Western New-Tork, rain to-day; warmer in western portion Thursday; fair in western, rain in eastern portion.

Tribune Office, Nov. 7, 1 a. m .- The weather yesterday was fair. The temperature ranged between 45 and 58 degrees, the average (50%) being 3% lower than that of Monday and 6% higher than that of the corresponding date last year.

The weather to-day will be fair.

BRAVO! EXCLAIMS DEVERY.

CHIEF OF POLICE COMMENDS HIS MEN FOR THEIR WORK AT THE POLLS-RETURNS AT HEADQUARTERS.

One of the busiest places in this city after the polls closed was Police Headquarters. Promptly at 5 o'clock the extra force of telephone clerks and the big force of accountants engaged to figure up the returns were on hand, waiting for the figures to come in. Forty extra telephones were installed in the Telegraph Bureau, in the basement of the big building, and each was manned by an alert young policeman. As fast as figures came over the wires from the various stations, they were jotted on slips of paper and passed along a chain of bluecoats to the elevator, on which they were taken to the chief clerk's office, on the second floor. Here they went into the hands of the accountants, and results were announced as soon as possible.

Upstairs, in the courtroom, one hundred policemen were in reserve, under command of Sergeant Tappan. Here First Deputy Clerk William Delamater read the returns by completed Assembly districts. The courtroom was open to the public, but no civilians availed themselves of the opportunity to learn the result from this source.

About 6 o'clock Chief Devery issued the following communication to all of the police captains in New-York City:

tains in New-York City:

Police Department of the City of New-York.
No. 300 Mulberry-st., November 6, 1900.

Sir: It becomes my pleasant duty, at the close of one of the most important and earnestly contested elections in the history of our country, to communicate to you and the members of your communicate to you and the members of your communicate to you and the members of your communicate to first of the police force in the performance of their duty of maintaining perfect order and thoroughly enforcing the law.

Notwithstanding apprehension, excited by groundless predictions, of disturbance and violation of law, in no election of such great importance as the present in Nation and State has better order been preserved and less violation of the law been committed, either pertaining to the conduct of the election or the public peace throughout the city. The manner in which you have performed your duty fully sustains the confidence reposed in you—a duty which there was every assurance you would perform under any and all circumstances, At no time had any doubt been entertained of your ability and purpose to discharge every obligation imposed upon you. The records of the day likewise demonstrate that the people of this great city have every regard and respect for authority and good order; and the manner in which the day has been observed by our citizens is timely proof of order and sobriety under the pressure and tension of great public agitation, which fact has contributed no little part in making your duties less difficult and arduous.

Read this to the members of your command at three successive platoon rollcalls immediately following its receipt.

WILLIAM S DEVERY.

Chief of Police.

The Chief said to reporters, later, that he was well pleased with the orderly manner in which the election had been conducted in the city, and that it was just as he expected it would be, and as he had predicted, in spite of a disposition, manifested in certain quarters, to create an impression that disorder would rule at the polls.

All of the four Commissioners were present, in their offices, during the evening. Each declared that he did not expect any one of political consequence to visit Headquarters to receive the returns. The Commissioners received the figures, as they came in, over special telephones in their respective offices. Chief Devery also had his private wire. He spent more than an hour in his office, in consultation with Commissioners Sexton and Abell.

A Brooklyn politician, who was at headquarters, said he was sure Kings County would give McKinley 10,000 majority, and that in the rest of Greater New-York Bryan would have a majority of 25,000—giving him 15,000 majority in the entire city. the election had been conducted in the city, and

of Greater New-York Bryan would have a majority of 25,000 giving him 15,000 majority in the entire city.

The first of the returns reached Headquarters from the Twenty-third Election District of the XXIst Assembly District, in Central Park. There are only five voters in this district. One of them apparently did not vote for President or Vice-President, as only four votes for electors were received—all for Bryan. They were received at exactly 5:52 p. m. After that the figures came in steadily, and the clerks were kept busy making their taily.

The scenes of former years at Headquarters were lacking. Before the days of the big political clubs, the Police Department building was a centre of interest for most of the big and little politicians on election night. Here they all gathered, to receive the returns, and when the result was announced there was an exchange of congratulations and cendolences.

Assistant District Attorney Daniel O'Reilly called on Chief Devery about 9 o'clock, and had a short conference with him. He then visited some of the Commissioners. To a reporter he said:

"The Democrats have carried greater New-

York. Evidences of fraud have already been discovered, and the District Attorney's office will take cognizance of the matter at once. The Democratic figures are much larger than it was expected they would be. In 1896 we lost New-York County by 20,000; this year we have carried it by 30,000."

Mr. O'Reilly declined to give particulars about the frauds he referred to, or to say in what dis-

tricts they had occurred.

Senator Timothy D. Sullivan also called at Headquarters, and saw the Chief and the Commissioners. He announced that he had carried every election district in his Assembly district—the VIth.

WISCONSIN EQUALS RECORD.

M'KINLEY CARRIES THAT STATE BY OVER 100,000 PLURALITY-REPUBLICAN GOV-ERNOR ELECTED

Milwaukee, Nov. 6 .- Returns from Wisconsin up to 10 o'clock, though comparatively few, show, when compared with the vote of four years ago, that McKinley has carried the State by a large plurality, equal to, if not exceeding the figures of 1896, which were 102,612. Robert M. LaFollette, the Republican candidate for Governor, is running about equal with the Presidential candidate, and is likewise sure of carrying the State.

SAID TO FAVOR LOW FOR MAYOR. It was reported about town yesterday that the Republican organization leaders are in favor of nominating Seth Low for Mayor next fall.

FLUSHING WOMAN TAKES HER LIFE. Mrs. Elizabeth Mitchell, wife of Frederick Mitchell, of No. 19 North Parsons-ave., Flushing, committed suicide yesterday morning by taking carbolic acid. Mrs. Mitchell was forty-one years old. She had had family and financial troubles, and it is said her home was to have been sold at auction to-day. The whereabouts of the husband is not known. HOME NEWS.

NEW-YORK CITY.

John Crosby Brown, of No. 59 Wall-st., treasurer of the Committee of One Hundred on India Famine Relief, reports the receipt of Additional contribuunting to \$1,064 37, making a total to date of \$249,211 81.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS. ALBEMARLE—Prince and Princess Branaccio, of Rome, Italy. ASTOR—Dr. R. H. Ford, of Washington. BROADWAY CENTRAL—A. C. Bent, of Boston; George P. Harrison, of Richmond, Va., and W. R. Young, of Saco, Me. EVERETT—Major J. B. Burbank, U. S. A. GILSEY—George N. Thacher, of Albany. GRAND—Lieutenant E. M. Leary, 2d Cavalry, U. S. A. GRAND UNION—F. H. Goddard, of Worcester. HOFFMAN—Ex-Mayor W. B. Kirk of Syracuse, Major W. G. Ball, U. S. A., and J. B. Lyon, of Albany. HOLLAND—George A. W. B. Kirk of Syracuse, Major W. G. Ball, U. S. A., and J. B. Lyon, of Albany. HOLLAND—George A. Driggs, of Waterbury, Conn.; Otis Booth Clark, of Denver, and Brigadier-General Thomas M. Anderson, U. S. A. IMPERIAL—Colonel John R. Glillat, of Pomfret, Conn., and Colonel A. M. Fuller, U. S. A. MARLBOROUGH—Dr. C. J. McCormick, of Boston MANHATTAN—Lyman B. Goff, of Pawtucket. UNION SQUARE—Louis Aldrich, of Boston WALDORF—Franklin Farrel, of Ansonia; WALDORF-Franklin Farrel, of Ansonia; Ira T. Peregrine, of Pittsburg; Benjamin Chew, of Philadelphia; Henry Ferixiera de Mattos, of Amsterdam, Holland, and Richard Chapman, of South Bethlehem, Penn.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC. Sunrise 6:38 Sunset 4:50 Moon rises p m -- Moon's age 14 HIGH WATER.

A.M.—Sandy Hook 7:26 Gov. Island 7:58 Hell Gate 9:47 P.M.—Sandy Hook 7:49 Gov. Island 8:21 Hell Gate 10:10

INCOMING STEAMERS.

And the second	TO-DAY.		
	"Jacksonville, St. Lucia, Oc. Curacao, Oct. Galveston, O. Antwerp, Oc. Bremen, Octob Havana, Nov. Gibraltar, Oc. New-Orleans, New-Orleans, New-Orleans, New-Orleans,	October 22 tober 29 other 29 other 27 ber 30 er 27 er 27 November 8 November November November November EMBDR 8.	Red 'D' Mallory Red Star N G Lloyd N G Lloyd N Y & Cuba Anchor Morgan Morgan Clyde Clyde
Germanic			
FR	DAY. NOVE	MRER 9.	

OUTGOING STEAMERS.

	mo DAY		
	TO-DAY.		
Vessel. For. Allianca, Colon, Pana Columbia, Naples, Ha	mb-Am	9:30 a m	1:00 p m
Friesland, Antwerp, I Ravensdale, Yucatan, Sabine, Galveston, M	N Y & Cub	a 1:00 p m	3:00 p m 3:00 p m
Seguranca, Havana, Teutonic, Liverpool, Vincenzio Florio, Nap	White Star	9:00 a m	12:00 m
THURS	DAY, NOV	EMBER 8.	
La Toursine, Havre, Deutschland, Hambu Fr der Grosse, Breme	rg. Hamb-A	m12:80 p m	3:80 p m

Saratoga, Nassau, N Y & Cuba.... 1:00 pm 3:00 pm Antilla Nassau. Bahama....... 1:00 pm 3:00 pm FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9.
 Comanche, Charleston, Clyde
 3:00 p m

 Matanzas, Tampico, N Y & Cuba
 1:00 p m
 3:00 p m

 Peninsular, Azores, Insular
 7:00 a m
 10:00 a m

 Rio Grande, Brunswick, Mallory
 3:00 p m
 3:00 p m

 Excelsior, New-Orleans, Morgan
 3:00 p m

SHIPPING NEWS.

PORT OF NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, NOV. 6, 1900. ARRIVED.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Georgic (Br.) Thompson, Liverpool, October 26, with mase and one cabin passenger to the White Star Line. Arrived at the Bar at 12:27 p m. Steamer Ethiopia (Br.) McKenzle, Glasgow October 25 and Moville 28, with mase, 93 cabin and 73 steerage passengers to Henderson Bros. Arrived at the Bar at 4:20 a m. Steamer Baron Innefdale (Br.) Bridger, Probolingo August 18, Cherlbon 23, Panarockan 27, Pasarocan 31, Colombo September 16, Port Said October 7, Gibraltar 17 and Delaware Breakwater November 5, with sugar to the American Sugar Refining Company. Vessel to Peter Wright & Sons. Arrived at the Bar at 6:30 a m. Steamer Dunstan (Br.) Dean, Manaos October 20 and Para 25, with mase to Booth & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 1:30 a m. Steamer Finance, Sukeforth, Colon, October 30, with mase and 21 cabin passengers to the Panama Railroad and Steamship Line. Arrived at the Bar at 10:40 a m. Steamer El Dorado, Baker, New-Orleans October 31, with mase to J T Van Sickle.

Steamer Tallahassee, Askins, Savannah November 3, with mase and passengers to the Ocean Steamship Company.

Steamer Havana, Robertson, Havana November 3, Steamer Havana, Robertson, Havana November 3, Steamer Havana, Robertson, Havana November 3, with mode and passengers to the Ocean Steamship Company,
Steamer Havana, Robertson, Havana November 3,
with modes and 50 cabin passengers to James E. Ward
& Co. Arrived at the Bar at 5:00 p m.
Steamer Oneida, Staples, Georgetown, S. C. November
1 and William P. Clyde & Co.
Steamer Jamestown, Tapley, Newport News and Norfolk, with mode and passengers to the Old Dominion
Steamship Company,
Steamer Mannahata, Charles, Baltimore, with mode
to H. C. Foster. Steamship Company.
Steamer Mannihata, Charles, Baltimore, With
to H C Foster.
Steamer Barnstable (Br), Higgins, Baltimore NovemSteamer Barnstable (Br), Higgins, Baltimore NovemSteamer Barnstable (Br), Higgins, Baltimore NovemSt Michaels, Nov 6-Arrived, steamer Trojan Prince
St Michaels, Nov 6-Arrived, steamer Trojan Prince
St Michaels, Nov 6-Arrived, Steamer Kenia (Dan) Copenhagen, Nov 6-Arrived, steamer Xenia (Dan), Thidemann, New-York via Christiania.

Thidemann. New-York via Christiania.

Saffled.

Steamers Princess Anne, for Norfolk and Newport News; Algonquin, Charleston and Jacksonville; Enstern Prince (Br), Santos, etc. El Monte, New-Orleans; Alexandre Bixlo (Pr), Paulilac, etc. Cevic (Br), Liverpool; King Frederick (Br), Baltimore; Frascati (Br), Port King Steries (Br), Norfolk; Lalin (Ger), Fremen via Southampton; Goldsboro, Philadelphia; Kansas City, Savannab.

THE MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS.

POREIGN PORTS.

Liverpool, Nov 6, 10 a m—Sailed, steamer Nomadio (Br), Thomas, New-York.
Shields, Nov 5—Bailed, steamer Aral (Br), Nicholas, New-York.
Leith, Nov 6—Arrived, steamer Manhaset (Br), Jenkins, on Lewis, Nov o Passed, steamer Arransas (Can), m. New York for Christiania, etc.

J. Nov 6—Passed, steamers Ocean (Dutch), Boyw-York for Antwerp; 3:30 p m. Patricia (Ger),
ser, New-York for Hamburg,
stown, Nov. 6, 4:25 p m.—Arrived, steamer
(Br), Cameron, New-York for Liverpool (and eanic (Br), canceron, coceeded). Nov 6—Arrived, steamer Patricla (Ger), lithauser, New-York for Cherbourg and Hamburg (and neceded); salled, steamer Pretoria (Ger), Karlowa (from mburg), New-York. London, Nov 5—Arrived, steamer Jupiter (Br), Bruce,
Santander, Nov 3—Arrived, steamer Jupiter (Br), Bruce,
New-York. sand, Oct 27-Sailed, steamer Island (Dan), Christiansand, Oct 27—Sailed, steamer Mannheim (Ger), Skjodt, New-York.
Rotterdam, Nov 4—Sailed, steamer Bt Fillans (Br), Ockelmann, New-York.
Antwerp, Nov 5—Arrived, steamer Bt Fillans (Br), Owen, New-York.
St. Michaels, Nov 2—Sailed, steamer Neustria (Fr), Sagols (from Marseilles, etc), New-York.
Coronel, Nov 3—Arrived, steamer Glenelg (Br), Hart, Sagols Groin Sastander Steamer Glenelg (Br), Hart, Coronel, Nov 3—Arrived, steamer Manilla (Ital), Gavino, New-York.
Naples, Nov 2—Arrived, steamer Auk (Br), for New-York.
Palermo, Oct 29—Sailed, steamer Auk (Br), for New-York.
Algiers, Oct 30—Sailed, steamers Afridi (Br), Golding from Yokohama, etc). New-York; November 2, Aquileja (Aust, Suttora (from Porto Empedocle), New-York.
Yokohama, Nov 3—Arrived, steamer Claverley (Br), Wigley, New-York via Colombo, etc.

C. C. SHAYNE,

MANUFACTURING FUR MERCHANT.

Alaska Sealskins (London Dressed and Dyed).

JACKETS, newest styles, A1 quality, \$200; AA, \$250; AAA, \$300. Coats, \$50 to \$100 extra. Long Coats according to length. Trimmed Sable, Mink or Chinchilla, prices according to quality.

NOTE.—I could sell Jackets and Coats of China, Japan. Lobos Island and Northwest Coast seal for \$100, \$123 and \$150, the skins of which cost about one-third the price of Alaska seal. When new they look quite as handsome as the genuine Alaska seal; they are dyed in London by the same parties who dye the Alaska seal; but they don't give satisfaction. They went off on the edges, turn red and look shabby after being worn one or two seasons, and for that reason I don't sell them. I handle only the Alaska sealskins, caught on Pribylov Islands, the fur of which is dense, handsome and durable. I am making over to this season's style Coats of Alaska seal which I sold twelve years ago, and they don't require redying. Parties who are advertising Alaska sealskin coats for \$125 and \$150 are misleading the public. Genuine Alaska sealskins cost 190 shillings per skin, on an average, in London. With the duty, freight and other expenses they cost \$60 per skin to land in New York. They are sorted in three grades—\$45 per skin, \$60 and \$75 for the best. It takes three skins to make an average size iscket and four for a coat. The cost of manufacturing and finishing is \$50 average. Ladies can easily figure the cost of a smuine Alaska sealskin coat. How can it be sold for \$125 or \$150? Alaska sealskin coats cannot be sold lower than I quote.

PERSIAN LAMB, MOIRE PERSIAN, BROAD TAIL, BABY LAMB (Leipzig dyed), the handsomest landed this season.

Persian Lamb Jackets, \$125, \$150 and \$175.

Coats, \$150 to \$250. Broad Tail Baby Lamb Jackets, \$250, \$300 and \$350.

Coats, \$300, \$350 and \$450. Automobile Coats, \$750 up.

Trimmed Russian or Hudson Bay Sable, Mink, Chinchilla or Fox, prices according

NOTE.—I could sell American dyed Persian Lamb and Baby Lamb Jackets and Coats from \$50 to \$100 per garment less, but they turn rusty and have a dull appearance after being worn a short time, and for that reason in I do not sell them. When I can recommend them I will give them the 'preference, to encourage American industries, but until I can recommend them with confidence I will not handle them. I handle Leipzig dyad Persian Lamb skins, &c., in large quantities, and have, I verily believe, the largest stock in America, from which parties can select skins for garments to order, and no extra charge. The low prices should be an inducement to personnel.

ERMINE AND CHINCHILLA, newest styles, for opera, carriage or street.
SILVER FOX, BLUE FOX, BLACK FOX, SABLE DYED FOX, all kinds of FOX

NOTE.—I don't recommend foxes of any kind for service, but they are fashionable, ladies want them and I sell them; and I don't intend to have a fox skin in my house after January 1st.

IMPERIAL RUSSIAN SABLES (handsomest collection in the world). NOTE.—From Aleck Wilderness, on Lena River, between the Arctic Circle and Arctic Sea, and other districts of Russia and Siberia, where these animals (which are becoming scarce) are found.

RUSSIAN SABLE SKINS, matched in pairs: \$60, \$80, \$100, \$125, \$200, \$250, \$300 to \$700. HUDSON BAY SABLE SKINS, matched in pairs:

\$15, \$20, \$28, \$36, \$40, \$50 to \$100. It requires three skins to make an average size Muff, and two for a fashionable

Boas (from one to four yards long), Capes and Mantles in proportion. Mink will be fashionable; it is a serviceable and beautiful fur.

Mink Collarettes from \$75 to \$150; Muffs from \$20 to \$65.

Also Alaska Sable, Beaver and Otter are all natural. Have a large assortment of these desirable and not very expensive furs, in the leading fashionable styles, at lowest prices for reliable goods.

NOTE.—All natural furs sold by me are thoroughly decorated, properly cured and dressed. They wear longer and are less liable to be eaten by moths than improperly dressed skins.

Alaska Sable Capes, 15 to 36 inches long, \$50 to \$175.

Muffs, \$10, \$12 and \$15; thoroughly reliable goods.

MEN'S FUR-LINED OVERCOATS, \$75 to \$1,000, trimmed with fashionable genuine furs. The best \$250 fur-lined Overcoat in the world.

The weather prophets predict that the coming winter will be severe. It is late coming, and I don't want to take chances. No better time to buy furs than now. I have an enormous stock and will sell at such low prices that it will be an inducement to

C. C. SHAYNE,

MANUFACTURING FUR MERCHANT.

42d St., between Broadway and 6th Av.

B. Altman & Co.

ARE SHOWING THE LATEST APPROVED STYLES OF THE FASSO CORSET, ALSO "THE REJANE" RIBBON CORSET AND MANY NOVELTIES, INCLUD-ING "THE NEGLIGÉE."

THE MARVEX GLOVE.

FINEST QUALITY OF FRENCH KID GLOVES, SHOWN IN THE SEASON'S NEWEST COLORINGS AND IN VARIOUS STYLES FOR WOMEN, MISSES, MEN AND BOYS.

John Daniell Sons & Sons

GLOVE BARGAINS

1,000 pairs of Ladies' 2-Clasp P. K. Seam Dogskin Gloves, in Tan, Red, and Brown, will be sold at \$1.25 quality.

500 pairs of Ladies' 3-Clasp Real Kid Gloves, in Tan, Red, Brown, Gray and Green. Will sell at 95c. pair Our \$1.75 line. 500 pairs Men's 1-Clasp P. K. Outseam, Heavy and Light Weight Dogskin Gloves, best colors, at

\$1.00 pair Regular \$1.25 quality. Broadway 8 and 9 Sts.

CERVANTES

in Don Quixote says, "It is best not to stir the rice, though it stick to the pot." It is a parable, of course, but gains its point from the tendency of rice to stick and burn in cooking.



Cook's Flaked Rice

never does either, because it is not cooked. Put the dry flakes in a colander, pour salted boiling water over them, shake slightly, drain, and turn out on a hot dish.

ALL DEALERS. Large Package, 15 cts.

Full directions and book of tested receipts in every package.

STERN BROTHERS Direct attention to

Several New Models of their Celebrated Classique Corsets

worthy of critical examination by ladies desiring a corset excelling all others in grace, fit and workmanship. To be had in silk, broche batiste, linen, coutil and wool.

West Twenty-third Street

Automobiles. Columbia

Eighteen standard styles of our electric and gasolene vehicles are now on exhibition at the Automobile Show, Madison Square Garden. Open until Nov. Over 1,000 Columbia

Automobiles are in constant and satisfactory use. Hartford, Conn. ELECTRIC VEHICLE CO.,

mobile plant in the world, and we have sold more electric vehicles than have been produced by all other firms in the country. Catalogue sent on re-

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