LIBRARY WORK STOPS.

Many Employers Accept Invitation

to Mass Meeting.

Leaders in the Building Trades' Association spent nearly the entire day yesterday in the rooms at No. 1,123 Broadway perfecting arrangements for the big meeting of employers which is to be held there to-morrow evening. They said they had received many favorable replies to the call for the meeting, and they were sorry they had not appointed the meeting for a large hall, as it was evident that the association rooms would not hold all the employers interested in the movement to form a compact organ-

Building operations were at a standstill in the city yesterday, in consequence of the strike of teamsters, the lockout of the building materials men and the strike of ironworkers in shops. It was said at the rooms of the Building Trades' Association that the masons, carpenters, painters, electrical workers and men employed in other building trades might as well go on strike, too, as there was nothing for them to do and no prospect of any work for the present.

At a meeting of the Public Library trustees yesterday the building committee reported that owing to the truckmen's strike, all work had been stopped on the central building, in Bryant Square, and also on the four Carnegie libraries

which had been begun Members of the Building Trades' Association seemed to take little interest yesterday in the organization of an insurance company in Connecticut to insure manufacturers against loss by They said it would be ruinous for any to insure against losses by strikes in

EXPECT TROUBLE TO END.

Italian Laborers in Brooklyn to Go Back on Almost Any Terms.

It is believed that all trouble with the striking Italian laborers in Brooklyn is over, and that most of them will go back to work to-day. Edson Lawrence, president and organizer of the Excavators' and Cellar Diggers' Union, had a talk with Borough President Swanstrom yesterday and told him that the members of the organization would be willing to return to work on almost any terms. They would like to have their employers recognize the union, but are willing to waive any question of an increase in wages. After the conference President Swanstrom announced that, under the circumstances, there seemed to be no need of arbitration on his part. He declared that a delegation of the Italians called on him and said they were anxious to go back to work, but that some one "higher up" had intimidated them so that they were afraid to go back without his consent. Who the man "higher up" is Mr. Swanstrom was unable to learn.

One of the rules that will be insisted on by the new Brooklyn Builders' Protective Association is that walking delegates who visit men at work will be treated as interlopers and made to move on. The employers declare that they are tired of having their work delayed by "confabs" between the men and walking delegates in working hours.

Two walking delegates of the Italian union were arraigned in the Gates-ave, court yesterday charged with attempting to coerce and intimidate men at work on several jobs in East New-York. They were paroled for examina-tion on May 19.

charles J. McGinnis, secretary of the Master Horseshoers' National Protective Association, who has a shop at No. 31 Johnson-ave., declares that the striking horseshoers have succeeded in intimidating his non-union workmen to such an extent that they have to leave their homes by climbing over the back fences. There have been several cases of kidnapping, he declares.

The brick and lumber yards in Brooklyn are still open, and there seems to be no prospect of a lockout before next week, if at all.

BILL TO END MELBOURNE STRIKE.

Strong Measure Introduced at Opening of Victorian Parliament.

Melbourne, Victoria, May 13 .- Parliament met this afternoon. The Governor's speech was the short-est on record. He merely amounced that Parliament had been summoned to pass a measure dealing with the railroad strike.

In the Legislative Assembly Mr. Irvine, the Premier, made a speech on the subject of the strike. He said the country faced a long meditated revolt against established authority. The issue concerned every country. The strike had thrown the State into confusion, and it would be a fight to a

The Premier then moved the second reading of a bill providing for the suppression of the strike. The measure is not retroactive, and will not remain in force after the termination of the strike. It provides that an employe leaving his work without giving four nights' notice is to be assumed to have joined the strike, and may incur the penalty of \$500 fine or a year's imprisonment, with loss of pension, and be ineligible in the future for government employ.

The bill also forbids interference with employes, the collection of strike funds or encouraging the strike in any manner. It further empowers the police to destroy documents encouraging the strike, makes printers thereof offenders against the law and declares meetings to be unlawful if four strikers are present. All persons refusing to disperse are liable to arrest without warrants, and the police are empowered forcibly to enter meet-

ings.

An amendment expressing regret at the strike and promising that Parliament would consider the grievances of the railroad men if they return to work was defeated by 58 to 20 votes.

EMPLOYERS FORM A UNION.

Those in Kansas City Will Boycott Places Discriminating Against Non-Union Men.

Kansas City, May 13 .- The six thousand employers of labor in this city have banded together to fight labor unions which use the boycott, and have organized the Employers' Association. The association to-day decided to refuse to deliver goods to those places where nonunion men or non-union made goods are discriminated against. This action has resulted from a brewing company, employing union men, refusing to deliver beer to a hotel bar until the union was recognized. A member of the assoclation retailated by refusing to deliver ice to the saloons handling this particular brewing company's beer, with the result that the delivery of beer to the offending hotel was immediately

Several persistent boycotts have been laid against restaurants and various branches of trade in this city within the last year, because of the refusal of employers to recognize unions.

ITALIANS REJECT COMPROMISE.

The striking Italian laborers at Mt. Vernon are still holding out for an eight hour day. The Rockmen and Excavators' Union, yesterday rejected the proposition of T. E. & T. Crimmins, the contractors in charge of construction work on the Union Railway, who offered to compromise on a mine hour day at the wages the men had been receiving for ten hours' work.

Important Sale of Pictures. THE VAILE COLLECTION.

Messrs. Christie, Manson & Woods respectfully give notice that they will sell by suction at their Great rooms, King Street, St. James's Square, London, England, on Saturday, May 23rd, at one o'clock precisely.

The highly important Collection of French Pictures of the 18th Century, and Pictures and Drawings of the Englich school of Reginald Valle. Esq., who has given up his London residence, "The Priory," Drayton Gardens. The Collection includes fine works by F. Boucher, J. M. Nat-Consection includes the works by F. Boucher, J. M. Nat-tier, N. Landret, J. B. Greuze, J. H. Fragenard, N. De Largilliere, J. B. Pater, F. H. Drouals and D. G. Ros-settl. Catalogues with Twenty illustrations, price five

READY TO CONCILIATE.

DAY FOR N. C. F. AT FAIR.

Organization Has Three Local Branches-Six More Forming.

Members of the Arbitration Committee of the National Civic Federation met yesterday in the rooms of the federation, at No. 281 Fourth-ave., for a semi-annual conference. Senator Hanna presided at the meeting in executive session, and others present were Archbishop Ireland, Oscar S. Straus, President Eliot of Harvard University, Lewis Nixon, Herbert H. Vreeland, John Mitchell, F. D. Inderwood, Spencer Trask, Colonel John J. Mc-Cook, W. D. Mahon, James Duncan, Cornelius N. Bliss, D. J. Keefe, Charles H. Taylor and Ralph M. Easly, the secretary of the national organization.

An invitation to hold the 1994 meeting of the federation in St. Louis was accepted, and the day of the meeting is to be called National Civic Federation Day at the exposition. The committee suggested two or three amendments to the bylaws. Senator Hanna said, after the conference

All the reports of the work done since the last meeting in September are most favorable. We now have local branches in New-York, Chicago and St. Louis. We are establishing branches in Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Detroit, Buffalo, Boston and Cleveland. There was no discussion of local strikes at the meeting to-day, and we did more congratulating each other on the success of the work done.

Senator Hanna was asked if there did not seem to be an epidemic of strikes just now. He re-

plied: They are not serious, but simply local matters, and are settled as fast as they come up. The influence of this organization is potent wherever its object is understood, and is growing greater and greater. We feel much encouraged. The spirit greater. We feel much encouraged. The spirit of all our efforts has been met perfectly every-

executive committee of the local federation

where.

The executive committee of the local federation entertained the visiting committee at dinner last night at the Ashland House. Lewis Nixon, chairman of the executive committee, presided. Senator Hanna, Archbishop Ireland, Emerson McMillin, John Mitchell, W. H. Farley, Spencer Trask, F. D. Underwood and Otto M. Eidlitz talked about the work of the federation.

Senator Hanna said labor troubles were to be deplored because they threatened the commercial supremacy of the country.

"In New-York," Senator Hanna continued, "the situation is far from hopeless, and I simply wish to make an appeal to you gentlemen who have charge of the local federation to stand on the principles just put forth by the National Federation, a recognition of the rights of both classes. If employer and employe are honest with each other the difficulties will soon be ended."

Archbishop Ireland, President Underwood of the Erie and John Mitchell urged the conciliation committee of the local body to endeavor to bring about a settlement of the difficulties in the building trades.

W. H. Farley, secretary of the United Board of

trades.

W. H. Farley, secretary of the United Board of Building Trades, said that there was no trouble in the building trades that would not be settled in a few days. few days.

Mr. McMillin, chairman of the conciliation committee, announced that he had called a meeting of the committee for to-day. He explained, however, that the committee has no power to do anything unless called upon by one or both of the parties to

HACK DRIVERS STRIKE AT FUNERAL. Toledo, May 13.-At the funeral of Mrs. Mary Kamm here, the drivers of the hacks struck because the hearse was driven by a non-union man. The undertakers filled the strikers' places barely in time to prevent a scene, as the coffin was being taken to the hearse just as the affair was straightened.

STRIKE ON THE ROCK ISLAND.

Chicago, May 13 .- Four hundred blacksmiths and their helpers employed in the shops of the Chicago, their neipers employed in the shops of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad, and about the same number in the shops of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, struck to-day after being refused an advance in wages.

TO CONFER WITH HARRIMAN ON TRAIN.

San Francisco, May 13 .- E. H. Harriman, president of the Southern Pacific, left here for the East last night. He was accompanied by General Manager Kruttschnitt, who will travel with him part of the way. It was said that Mr. Harriman will personally take a hand in the settlement of the boilermakers' strike on the Union Pacific and that a conference has been arranged between Mr. Har-riman and National President McNeil of the Boilermakers' Union, to be held on Mr. Harriman's train while he is proceeding east over the Union Pacific. It is believed in railroad circles that Mr. Harriman and McNeil will arrive at a solution of the trouble on the Union Pacific, and thus prevent the threatened sympathetic strike of boilermakers on the Southern Pacific west of Ogden and El Paso.

SAYS VOTER CONTROLS.

Dady Declares Boss Can No Longer

Manage Caucuses—Praises Low.

Michael J. Dady, who within a day or two has been accused of being out openly for Mayor Low's renomination and at the same time being secretly opposed to him, took occasion last night at the IIId Assembly District Republican Clu, No. 40 Tompkins-ave., Brooklyn, to praise Mayor Low and the fusion administration. He said, in part:

"The day when the political boss can control caucuses has passed. The enrolled voter now controls the caucus and the boss. We elected the entire an energetic official having been sent from Republican viewpoint, politicians would have no influence with the administration, and our expectations were realized. The members of the administration have been men of high standing and ability and believed in administering the offices themselves

and not giving the politicians any say."

Mr. Dady voiced his sentiments in favor of a loosening up on the Civil Service regulations, and said that next fall an Assemblyman would be elected from his district who would present a bill modifying the present Civil Service law and clearing up the confused situation.

REBELS AT TETUAN REPULSED.

Losses on Both Sides Heavy-A Truce to Bury Dead.

Madrid, May 13 .- A dispatch from Ceuta, Morocco, announces that the tribesmen who attacked Tetuan on Monday were repulsed. They stubbornly fought their way through the suburbs to the foot of the walls, but the imperial troops eventually regained their lost positions and drove off the rebels, with heavy losses on both sides.

A courier states that the battle was suspended in order to allow the opposing forces to bury their dead, numbering three hundred. Many heads are displayed on the walls of Tetuan, which still has three days' supply of

ammunition.

Advices from Tangier announce that the imperial forces have routed the rebel mountainnear Fez, inflicting great losses on the

NO AUDIENCE FOR FERDINAND.

Bulgarian Prince Leaves Austria Without Seeing Emperor.

Vienna, May 13.—The request of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria for an audience with Emperor Francis Joseph has apparently been refused. Prince Ferdinand has passed through Vianna and Budapest, returning to Sofia, where he arrived to-day. While here he had no com-

munication with the Austrian Foreign Office. Recent happenings in Macedonia have by no means strengthened the prince's position, and it is a question in official circles here whether the real authority at Sofia is not now lodged in the Macedonian committees.

The chief danger in the Balkans is now thought to lie in the turbulence of the Turkish population, whose fury against the Christians threatens to start serious trouble. The attitude of the Turkish Government is viewed with much distrust by diplomats here. It is feared that Turkey will permit the massacre of Chris-tians, thereby enabling the Moslems to expend their wrath.

CHARGES AGAINST THE PRINCE.

Sofia, May 13 .- An anonymous appeal to Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria is being circulated clangaria to the loss of its autonomy by becoming the tool of the Austro-Russian alliance, and warns him to embrace the national cause and drive the traitors from power before cries against the crown are heard.

MONASTIR MASSACRE.

CAUSE OF THE OUTBREAK

Bashibazouk Attack Suppressed by Turkish Troops.

(Special to The New-York Tribune by French Cable.) yright; 1903; By The Tribune Ass Monastir, Macedonia, via London, May 13. Hearing from secret sources that something of great importance was likely to happen here, I came from Salonica by train. Something did happen, but it was not what had been expected by my informant, and the action came from an unforeseen source. Like the premature reports of the destruction of the Ottoman Bank at Salonica, it had been rumored for a long period that a preconcerted, systematic attempt would be made at Monastir. Many bands were reported to be coming down from the Jumaia district for that purpose, and ordered to concentrate here, avoiding all encounters and keeping close to the mountains until the right moment I did not see how the promised preconcerted action could take place when the Turks were well informed and on the watch. The predicted movement did not occur, but the unexpected happened. A miniature massacre took place, of which exaggerated accounts probably have been telegraphed from the coast.

It was begun entirely by bashibazouks, was carried on by them, and only stopped by Turkish troops under direction of the Governor, Ali Riza Pacha.

There was a quarrel between a Bulgarian and a Turk, and the Bulgarian, much to the astonishment of the Turk, was armed. When several Turks came to the rescue of their comrade the Bulgarian drew a revolver and shot one of them. As the news spread a crowd collected and the bashibazouks, when the outcry "Kill!" was raised, swarmed into the Bulgarian quarter, shooting right and left, and beating the unfortunate victims whom they overhauled. Thirty victims were reported killed, and several hundreds beaten unmercifully, knocked senseless and their bones broken before the troops could arrive in sufficient strength to drive off the Mussulman population.

The troops were careful neither to kill nor to hurt the Moslems, but drove into their homes all the Bulgarians found on the streets. They did not allow Turkish civilians to enter the houses of Bulgarians, nor did they go themselves.

The rlot began at 12:30, and was quelled by 3 o'clock. The bodies were taken off in carts, as was done at Saloncia. Even the consuls were stopped by the soldiers from going to the scene of the disturbance to make investigations. I was present at the outbreak with another correspondent, and was treated with great discourtesy by the authorities bent upon concealing the truth, hardly being allowed to move or to ask questions.

The town fell into a panic. Shops shut up and the new branch of the Ottoman Bank was closed and strongly guarded. The next day the panic prevailed anew. Small outbreaks of Turkish bashibazouks occurred in other portions of the town, and a few more Bulgarians were killed. Greek villagers living in the Bulgarian quarter have been warned by their Turkish friends to leave the town.

A general massacre would undoubtedly be brought on if the committees should begin throwing bombs. There are cavalry patrols going about the streets to-day, and four thousand troops are massed in the town. As I made the rounds under escort not a face could be seen for block after block in the almost deserted

MASSACRE AT TIROSPOL DENIED.

Report Discredited at Russian Capital-Horrors at Kisheneff.

St. Petersburg, May 13 .- The report published in the United States that a massacre of Jews, similar to the one which took place recently at Kisheneff, capital of Bessarabia, had occurred at Tirospol, seven miles from Kisheneff, is officially denied and is generally discredited.

Additional details of the Kisheneff massacre Jews are printed here daily. spondents give the number of victims thus far buried in the Jewith cemetery at forty-four, and say that eighty-four persons seriously wounded

are still in the Jewish hospital. The horrors reported scarcely bear repetition. In one instance spikes were driven through a woman's head into the floor, and cases of mutilation have been authenticated. About eight fusion ticket with the understanding that, from a Odessa to deal with the situation. The apathy of the local authorities during the two days of rapine and murder appears to have been fully established.

LARGEST BATTLESHIP AFLOAT.

The Commonwealth Launched on the Clyde -Her Armamert.

London, May 13 .- The Commonwealth, the largest battleship afloat, was launched at Govan, on the Clyde, this afternoon. She is the first vessel of the British Navy to have her ten 6-inch guns protected by an extended barbette, instead of by casemates. Her other armament consists of four 12-inch guns, four 9.2-inch guns and twenty-four small guns. The new hattleshin's speed is to be 18.5 knots an hour, and she will carry a crew of 755 men.

The Commonwealth is of 16,350 tons displacement and her engines are to be of 18,000 horsepower.

LONDON DOCK BILL ADVANCED. London, May 13.-The House of Commons to-day passed the second reading of the London Dock bill, which was referred to a joint committee of the Lords and Commons.

The Dock bill, which was introduced in the House of Commons on April 6, is to establish port and dock authority for London. It follows the mendations of the Royal Commission in regard to the acquisition of docks and proposes the expenditure of \$12,500,000 for deepening the Thames and the establishment of a board of control, consisting of twenty-six elected and fourteen nomi-nated members. The board is empowered to pur-chase docks and warehouses, and the London County Council is to guarantee the interest on the money borrowed for this purpose.

DECISION AGAINST THE STRUTTS.

London, May 13 .- The Chancery Court to-day rdered the cancellation of the deed by which H. S. H. Cavendish, the explorer, provided that his property should go to Mrs. Strutt, wife of Major C. H. Strutt, and her children, to the exclusion of the plaintiff's own wife, who was Isabel Jay, for-merly leading lady of the Savoy Theatre.

Mr. Cavendish, in his appeal to the Chancery Court, charged Major Strutt and Mrs. Strutt with influencing him through table-turning, and alleged that Mrs. Strutt obtained the deed by pretending to be the ghost of his (the plaintiff's) mother, and by representing the latter as speaking from Heaven and advising him so to dispose of his property.

COST OF THE GERMAN BLOCKADE. Berlin, May 13 .- The "Neueste Nachrichten" says that Germany's member of the Venezuelan Arbi-

tration Commission will be Herr Götsch, now attached to the German Legation at Caracas.

The cost to Germany of the blockade of the Venezuelan coast has reached almost half the first line of the claims—about \$340,000.

BRITISH STEAMER ASHORE.

Shanghai, May 13.-The British steamer Pembrokeshire, Captain Dwyer, which sailed from here yesterday for New-York, is ashore on the North Saddle Rocks. Lighters and tugs have been sent

NEW PLAN FOR BAGDAD ROAD.

Proposal That Control Shall Alternate Among the Powers Interested.

Paris, May 13.—The Bagdad railroad project, which was recently agitated by the powers, is likely to be revived in a new form, internationalizing a new route to India on a basis somewhat similar to that of the Suez Canal. It is learned that the recent negotiations on the subject were stopped because of the objections of France and Great Britain to accede to Germany's wish to have preponderating control over the route, and also because Russia intimated her unwillingness to have her French ally co-operate in such a project. Overtures are now being made to remove this objectionable feature by making the route international, each of the Powers interested alternating in the presidency and preponderance in the direc-torate. There is reason to believe that French and Russian official and financial interests approve of the plan, which, if acceptable to Germany, will be the basis for an agreement between the powers.

DYING FROM FAMINE IN CHINA.

Great Suffering in Kwang-Su Province-Rebel Rise Detected.

Victoria, B. C., May 13 .- According to mail advices received from South China, hundreds are dying in Kwang-Su Province from famine. Correspondents from several sections say the destitution and suffering are appalling. Whole families are subsisting on a few ounces of rice a day, or on roots and leaves. Missionaries are feeding thousands daily. The famine is causing the rebellion to spread, as the poor are being driven to violence to obtain food. Women and children are being sold by the people.

The Woo-Chow correspondent gives details of the capture of one of the rebel leaders who went to Canton to buy arms and ammunition for the rebels. He dressed as a small military official, and in Canton gave out that he was sent by the Chinese General Yu Chan. He hired a sternwheel boat to take his arms and ammunition to wheel boat to take his arms and ammunication Nan-Ning, and had the Chinese flag flying on it. He got safely up to Woo-Chow, where suspicion was aroused, and a telegram was sent to General Chan. The fraud was thus detected. The rebel and his boat were seized, and he and his assistants were tortured and beheaded.

YARMOUTH AT RIGBY HALL

Earl and Countess Welcomed by Their Tenants in England.

London, May 13 .- The Earl and Countess of Yarmouth were welcomed this afternoon at Rigby Hall, Alcester, Warwick, by the tenants of the Hertford estates, who presented them with a number of wedding gifts, including handsome silver bowls, salvers and lamps. The earl addressed the tenants, expressing the appreciation of himself and his wife, and their thanks for the hearty welcome accorded to them.

MISSIONARIES LEAVE MEQUINEZ.

London, May 13 .- Advices from Morocco say the American missionaries have practically abandoned Mequinez, owing to the critical situation, but there is no anxiety regarding the missionaries eisewhere.

Letters received here from Fez this week state that the surrounding country is quiet, and that the outlook is more hopeful, in consequence of the rains having improved the agricultural pros-

MANY EMIGRANTS FROM EUROPE. Berlin, May 13 .- About nine thousand emigrants arrived at Hamburg this week for transportation to the United States. Owing to the phenomenal number extra steamers have been provided.

NEW PRESIDENT OF BOARD OF TRADE. London, May 13 .- Lord Onslow, Colonial Under Secretary, will succeed Robert William Hanbury. who died April 28, as president of the Board of NOT BUBONIC PLAGUE IN PERU.

received here from Lima and Pisco, Peru, confirm the reports that the disease which broke out re-cently at Pisco was not bubonic plague.

Guayquil, Ecuador, May 13.-Private dispatches

INCREASE IN FRENCH IMPORTS. Paris, May 13 .- French imports for the last four

months increased \$11,645,000, and the exports in-reased \$2,059,600. CLAIMS INTEREST IN DUKE'S ESTATE.

Miss Clara Coleman Says She Is a Descendant of the Sutherlands.

Miss Clara Coleman, who is supporting Cecil Spooner in "My Lady Peggy Goes to Town," now running at Daly's, according to a story which she gave out yesterday, lays claim to a share in the estates of the present Duke of Sutherland, and has

lawyers making an investigation.

The story told resembles in a way the plot of "Little Lord Fauntleroy." It tells of the displeasure of a former Earl of Sutherland (the earlier title of the ducal family) at his sister's marriage; her flight to America a hundred-odd years ago, and of the death of the earl without direct heirs, after an offer on his part to adopt his sister's son, and her refusal. Then there were efforts on the part of the sister's oldest daughter's descendants to establish their claim at the expense of the descendants of the second daughter, including Miss Coleman's mother.
A shipwreck interfered with the plans of one of
the rivals, her husband now resting at the bottom
of the sea. A shipwreck interior the rivals, her husband now resume the rivals, her husband now resume to fit he sea.

The Duke of Sutherland's side of the story is yet heard.

MEYER OUT OF BUILDING COMMITTEE.

Senator Plunkitt Controls Wigwam for Murphy.

Peter F. Meyer, until May 1 of this year Richard Croker's business partner, has been dropped from the building committee of the Tammany Society, and Senator George W. Plunkitt has been appointed chairman of the committee, with power to choose his associates. He has selected Patrick Keenan, John F. Ahearn, Daniel F. McMahon and Randolph Guggenheimer. Peter F. Meyer had for several years been chairman of the building committee, and as such gave Croker control of the wigwam. Plunkitt is regarded as more distinctively a Murphy man. He was the recipient of fat con-tracts from the old Dock Board.

C. J. FISK NOT DEAD; GETTING BETTER. At the office of Harvey Fisk & Sons, bankers, it was said yesterday that the report published that Charles Joel Fisk, one of the members of the firm, had died from heart disease at his home in Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, was not true, and that, as a matter of fact, Mr. Fisk's condition was very

much improved.

Charles J. Fisk has suffered from heart disease

for several years, and a few years ago his brothers prevailed upon him to retire from active business, though retaining full membership in the firm, Since then he has been living quietly at his Plainfield home.

Recently he has been troubled with rheumatism, and this brought about a dangerous complication with his heart troubles. He was in a critical condition last week, but the members of the firm have been informed that the rheumatism has almost entirely left him since Sunday.

BANK TO HAVE M'GLORY'S PLACE. The Bank of Discount has leased Nos. 313 and 315

West Fifty-ninth-st., on a plot 45.10x105 feet, which was at one time occupied as a saloon and music hall by "Billy" McGlory. The Paulist Fathers succeeded in having the doors to McGlory's place closed. It has been occupied of late by a negro church. The bank people expect to be able to make the building ready for their purposes without much alteration.

Joseph P. Day was the broker in the transaction. This is the third banking house to which he has leased property near the Grand Circle in the last few days. was at one time occupied as a saloon and music

FATAL ACCIDENT AT BUFFALO FIRE. Buffalo, May 13 .- The Diamond Mills and Store-

house, formerly the Lake Shore transfer house, and an elevator, all owned by Churchill & Co.; twenty freight cars and several small dwelling houses were burned early to-day. Loss, \$200,600, partly covered by insurance.

Lieutenant William Clark, of engine No. 21, was struck on the head by the heavy iron butt of a piece of hose and knocked senseless. His skull was fractured, and he died later at the housests.

MUST CONTROL PACIFIC. DEVERY ON THE WARPATH

Continued from first page.

Palace Hotel, escorted by a squadron of cavalry.

The streets were lined with people, who cheered

Navy, and his staff, came directly behind, mem-

throng manifested great enthusiasm as the

President came in sight. The hall was crowded

with members of the California Society of Pio-

neers, the Native Sons of the Golden West, the

Native Daughters and the Veterans of the Mex-

ican War. Ex-Mayor James D. Phelan deliv-

ered a brief address of welcome and introduced

Henry B. Russ, president of the Society of Cali-

fornia Pioneers, who spoke briefly, as also did

General Stewart, president of the Society of

Veterans of the Mexican War; H. R. McNoble,

president of the Native Sons of the Golden

West, and Miss Eliza R. Keith, in behalf of the

Mr. Phelan then presented to the President a

souvenir of the occasion, the work of a native

sculptor, representing a bear hunt, reproduced

in gold. In accepting the gift, President Roose-

velt responded in a happy manner to all the

addresses of welcome which had been made.

His remarks were punctuated by laughter and

applause, and at the close he was escorted to

his carriage by a joint committee of the as-

sembled orders. The party then proceeded to

Van Ness-ave., where thousands of school chil-

dren had assembled. They carried banners

beautifully worked in silks and other fine fab-

rics. Every child had a flag which was waved

as the President passed. An incident of the

ride was the presentation to the President of a

photograph by a little Chinese girl, who was

After the review of the children the Presi-

dent drove through the Presidio and had a

glance at the buildings, the barracks and the

new fortifications, which stand at the entrance

to the harbor and command the bay. He con-

tinued to drive along the new road and finally

reached the golf links, on which the military

review was held. General MacArthur was in

command. The men marched past with the

tread of veterans-infantry, artillery and cav-

alry. The President complimented General Mac-

Arthur and other officers on the splendid ap-

The President's party was then escorted

through the Golden Gate Park to the Cliff

House, where luncheon was had with members

of the executive committee, Governor Pardee,

Admiral Bickford and other invited guests. The

return was through the park. The party halted

at the Baker-st. entrance, where a large crowd

was waiting to watch the President break

to be erected by the citizens of San Francisco.

War veterans, the Grand Army and the Pioneers

eulogistic terms by the President in his re-

The ceremonies were opened by Chairman A.

A. Watkins, who presented to Mr. Roosevelt a

rades of President McKinley in the time of

rhomas of Sheridan, saved and perpetuated the republic.

When, in 1898, the war which President McKinley in all honesty and with all sincerity sought to avoid became inevitable and was pressed upon him, he met it as he and you had met the crisis of 1861. He did his best to prevent the war coming. Once it became evident it had to come, he did his best to see that it was ended as quickly and as thoroughly as possible.

On behalf of soldiers of the Spanish war, Mr.

King, who was a Rough Rider, presented to the

President a beautiful canteen, and Mr. Roosevelt made a happy response.

From the park the President was taken to the Palace Hotel, where he rested until evening.

TAKEN TO SHOW INCREASE IN CRIME.

Gen. Greene's Report Shows Over 12,000

More Arrests Than in 1901.

Police Commissioner Greene, in the annual re-

port of the Police Department, submitted to the

Mayor and printed yesterday in "The City Record,"

shows that four inspectors, twenty-three captains,

two sergeants and two detectives have been provid-

ed with carriages in ferreting out various violations

arrests. The total amount of stolen property re-covered was worth \$114,538 53. The arrests for gam-

fines imposed on gamblers amounted to \$3,021, and the cash seized in raids to \$6,481 17. The total num-

ber of arrests by the police during the year was 145,936, an increase of 12,187 over the year 1901. The

Tenderloin surpassed all other precincts with a total of 7,404. Thirty-eight thousand eight hundred

and thirty-five were charged with intoxication, while 27.835 people were accused of disorderly conduct, and 9.230 of assault and battery. After calculation and deduction as compared with preceding reports, the report of General Greene is regarded as showing a growing increase in crime in the city.

COLLISION AT THIRTY-FOURTH-ST.

Sixth-ave. and Broadway Cars Strike and a

Few Injuries Result.

ave, and Broadway lines last night, at Broadway

and Thirty-fourth-st., caused a few injuries and

delayed traffic for half an hour until the Sixthave. car could be put back on the track. Passengers were piled up judiscriminately and sprinkled with broken glass, but no serious injuries resulted.

LUCE'S PLANS ACCEPTED.

Clarence B. Luce, of No. 242 Fourth-ave., yester-

day was appointed architect for the New-York State Building at the World's Fair, St. Louis, at

the monthly meeting of the New-York State Exposition Commission, at No. 120 Broadway. The Trib-

une announced, exclusively, yesterday that this ap-

The other architects whose plans had also been submitted were George L. Heins, the State Archi-

submitted were deerge L. Heins, the State Archi-tect, and the firm of York & Sawyer. For several months the commission has had the plans submit-ted by architects under consideration. Prior to the commission's visit to St. Louis in connection with the dedication ceremonies it was generally believed that Mr. Heins's were the favored plans.

pointment was to be made.

A collision between surface cars of the Sixth-

bling numbered 3,661, with 976 convictions.

The Detective Bureau during the year, made 4,457

of the law.

pearance of the garrison

1861-'65. He continued:

marks.

lifted up so that he could shake her hands.

Native Daughters.

Practically Announces Himself as Candidate for Mayor.

WILL "TAKE SCALES OFF MURPHY."

as the President's carriage passed on the way to Native Sons' Hall, where a reception in the "Big Bill" Devery is again on the warpath after President's honor was held. Mayor Schmitz the scalp of Charles F. Murphy. It was more than a ghost dance that the chief and his followers held last night at the headquarters of the Devery Assoand Secretary Loeb were seated with the President, and Rear Admiral Bickford, of the British ciation, in Eighth-ave., near Twenty-third-st. In a speech which bristled with invective Devery pracbers of the executive committee following in tically declared himself a candidate for Mayor. carriages. At the Native Sons' building a vast

"Charlie Murphy and his bunch in Tammany Hall are not going to put me to sleep with lullabys," said he. "I'll be the last one to drop this fight, and Murphy'll never put me to sleep. My hands are off the people of this district in their determination to secure their rights. They may fight as they want to and do as they want to. We are open for any kind of a battle, and we won't be the first to quit. If necessary to give the people of this town a nce to vote for a candidate that will make a fight to restore to them their franchises and give them their rights in organization. I'll run for Mayor or turn somersaults from the top of the Flatiron building at Twenty-third-st." And then to the newspaper men he said: "And you gentlemen don't want to hold me too cheap, either."

The Devery men are thoroughly worked up against the high handed methods used by the Murphy men in Tammany Hall in denying them their rights, and they are out to do all the damage they can. They keep on saying that they will make their fight inside the organization, as they have been doing for the last year, but confidentially they admit that they are going to smash Murphy by defeating his candidate for Mayor unless Devery is recognized as the executive member from IXth District.

Devery made a characteristic speech. One minute he was serious in discussing the woes of

leader," said he. "Murphy is pinheaded. made just four successes in his life, and, with all due respect to the trade, it was in four ginmills

'We are tired of seeing the docks given away by "We are tired of seeing the docks given away by Murphy for his own benefit, and we're tired of seeing the franchises given away. It is time to stop it, and I'm with the fifty-seven hundred Democrats of this district in fighting to bring the control of the city back to the common people. I wish to offer a resolution now to have a streamer 109 feet long, with letters a foot high, demanding that there be given back to the people the docks the old Dock Board gave away, and that we call on the Mayor, the Dock Commissioner and the District Attorney to aid us in this matter."

Devery's announcement that if necessary he

Devery's announcement that if necessary he would stand as a candidate for Mayor was received with great enthusiasm.

John Walsh, George W. Gibbons, Marks Newman, George Dobbin and Emanuel I. S. Hart were appointed a committee to arrange for an indignation meeting to be held at the "Farm," at Twenty-eighth-st. and North River, at an early day. Chairman W. J. Steward of the general committee presided. John Walsh offered a resolution denouncing Charles F. Murphy while a member of the Dock Board, for depriving the people of the IXth District of a pier in order to benefit himself. George W. Gibbons said that Tammany Hall under Murphy was worse than the Republican party. Wallace B. Hunter said that the younger Democrats all over the city were aroused. Marks Newman said the business men of the district had arranged for a mass meeting, but that they would give way to the general committee's action. Lawrence Phillips said that the election of Jones in Toledo, Johnson in Cleveland and Harrison in Chicago showed what the people could do. "And in New-York it will be a gentleman named 'Bill' Devery," said he. John B. McGoldrick and Frank Ferrall, the colored orator, also spoke. Part of the time "Pump," the black dog mascot, sat on the speaker's table and Joyfully wagged his tail. ground for the McKinley monument which is Many representatives of the Spanish-American were present, and they were referred to in souvenir shovel, made from the material of which the monument will be bulit. President Roosevelt said it was appropriate that the first sod should be turned in the presence of the old

CONTRACT FOR GALVESTON REVOKED. Washington, May 13 .- Acting Secretary Darling to-day ordered that the contract with the Trigg Shipbuilding Company, of Richmond, Va., for the

BILLOFFARE

at one and the same time on a

It is not only the best way, but the

406, 8, 10, 12 BROOME ST., Eim to Marton St. Broadway cars two blocks west; 4th Ave. cars pass our corner; all "L's" to Grand St.; dozen blocks from Bridge.

TOWN CARRIAGES.

telephone 544 madison or 2500 franklin.

Flint's Fine Furniture

45 West 23d Street

the poor, and again he "jollied" his district cap-tains with raillery and epigrams. "We want a man of the common people

that he done it. The gentlemen close to Murphy are too hungry to be wicked. They are all the while running off to Atlantic City, Hot Springs and Mount Clemens. (These are the favorite resorts of Murphy, McMahon and "Tim" Sullivan.) Atlantic City, Hot Springs and Mount Clemens are the places for leopards," continued Devery. "We'll take the scales off Mr. Murphy next fall. This is the young men's fight, to do away with old fogyism and old fossilism. Although we will fight within our organization, we invite the young men of the city to frame up their organizations and get ready to lick those people at the proper time

Devery's announcement that if necessary he would stand as a candidate for Mayor was received

It is not too much to say that no man since Lincoln was as widely, universally loved in this country as was President McKinley, for it was given to him not only to rise to the most exaited station, but to typify in his character and conduct those virtues which every American citizen worthy of the name likes to regard as typically American; to typify the virtues of clean and upright living in all relations, private and public, as in the most intimate family relations, in the relations of business, in his relations with his neighbors, and, finally, in his conduct of the great affairs of state. And exactly as it was given to him to do his part in settling aright the greatest problem which it has ever befallen this nation to settle since it became a nation—the problem of the preservation of the Union and the abolition of slavery—exactly as it was his good fortune to do his part, as a man should in his youth, in settling that great problem, so it was his good fortune, when he became, in fact and in name, the nation's chief, to settle the problems springing out of the Spanish war—problems less important only than those which were dealt with by the men who, under the lead of Washington, founded our government, and the men who, upholding the statesmanship of Lincoln and following the sword of Grant or Sherman or Thomas or Sheridan, saved and perpetuated the building of the cruiser Galveston be revoked. The Galveston will be towed to the Norfolk navy yard for completion.

THE ENTIRE

can all be cooked

see that it was ended as quickly and as thoroughly as possible. It is a good lesson for nations and individuals to learn never to hit if it can be helped, but never to hit soft, and I think that it is getting to be fairly well understood that that is our foreign policy. We do not want to threaten: certainly we do not desire to wrong any man. We are going to keep out of trouble if we possibly can, but if it becomes necessary for our honor and our interest to assert a given position; we shall assert it with every intention of making the assertion good. In our country there is not any soldier that is not a volunteer soldier. Every officer, every enlisted man in the navy or the army is there because he has volunteered to go in, and as I looked at the faces of the officers and the men under General MacArthur and Admiral Glass, I felt proud, as commander in chief, that they formed our navy and army, and prouder, as an American citizen, to see such American citizens wearing the uniform of Uncle Sam. **GASSTOVE**

cheapest.

Flandrau & Co.,

Carriage Builders.

Victorias, Cabriolets, Vis-a-Vis, groughams, Demis-Coaches, Landaus, anhope Phaetons, Dos-a-Dos, Spiders Omnibuses, Wagonettes, Rockaways, bouts, four passenger Phaetons, Cow Breaks, Traps, Two Wheelers, Basket Vehicles, Pony Wagons, SUBURBAN CARRIAGES.

Victorias, Cabriolets, Vis-a-Vis,
Rockaways, Wagonettes, Station Wagons,
Spiders, Game Wagons, Runabouts,
Buckboards, four passenger Phaetons, Traps,
Surreys, Dos-a-Dos, Coverts,
Light Broughams, Country Club Wagons,
Spider Wagons, Basket Vehicles,
Miniature Vehicles, Two Wheelers,
WE SHOW THIS SPRING
THE LARGEST AND FINEST
STOCK EVER PRODUCED.

the buffalo train of the lehigh valley leaves at eight p. m. and reaches buffalo before 8 a. m. makes direct connection for niagara falls or principal points in ontario. fare \$8.00 falls elivered and baggage checked from hotels or

Special Reductions in Bird's-eye Maple