HEIR APPARENT A WAITER

Strange Vicissitudes in America of Prince William of Saxe-Weimar.

America occasionally entertains princes, like engels, unawares, and should the young Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar, who has just lost his wife, happen to die without male issue, his cousin Prince William, who spent a number of years in the United States under an assumed name, earning his living by means of callings quite the reverse of royal, will succeed to the throne of Saxe-Weimar and to the enjoyment of one of the largest private fortunes of the reigning houses of Europe. Prince William, who is now a man of about fifty-three, was exceedingly wild in his younger days, and became involved in so many unpleasant scrapes that he was sent off to this country with a small allowance. Like most "remittance men" he always managed to spend his allowance long before it came to hand, was often in the most desperate straits, knew by frequent experience what it was to go hungry, and picked up a living as riding master, as store clerk, as salesman, and even as waiter. In fact, he went through experiences which, should he succeed to his cousin's throne, have fallen to the share of no other reigning sovereign now living.

Overtaken by illness, his relatives took comassion upon him, brought him home and nursed him back to health. He thereupon came to the conclusion that he had eaten enough of the "yache enragée" ("crazy cow"), which is the nch equivalent for the expression of "sowing wild oats," determined to turn over a new leaf, and was fortunate enough to find a singularly charming wife in Princess Gerta Ysemburg, sister of that Princess Alexandra of the same name who, after being divorced by a princely husband and a morganatic spouse in succession, has just been arrested at Frankfort on charges of fraud of the most colossal and Chadwickian description.

On the whole, Prince William's marriage has turned out fairly well. He has occasionally, it is true, been guilty of brief lapses, and consequently the late Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar and his cessor, the present ruler of the grand duchy, both extraordinarily keen on the subject of conventional propriety and the obligations of etiquette and of rank, have insisted that he should live without rather than within their dominions, owing to which he makes his home at Heldelberg, where he is not above recalling old times in the United States with American students at the university there, over a friendly mug of beer or glass of wine. But his wife has shown herself of a very sensible, patient and forgiving disposition, and the couple have two nice boys, both about nineteen years of age, and a pretty girl, who is a year or two younger.

SACRIFICED HIS RIGHTS.

The younger brother of Prince William, ex-Prince Pernard, is likewise compelled to make his home beyond the borders of the grand duchy of Saxe Weimar. It may be remembered that some four years ago he renounced his princely title, his prerogatives as member of a reigning family and his rights of succession to the grand ducal throne, in order to marry the daughter of a Hamburg tavern keeper, a very beautiful woman, whose first hus-band had been an Italian nobleman. He received in lieu of the dignities which he had renounced the nobiliary title and rank of a Count von Crayenberg. on, though happy, was of brief duration The countess died very suddenly about eighteen months ago, and the count, heartbroken, sought change of scene by a trip around the world, spending a considerable portion of last year in this coun-

PERSUADED BY THE KAISER,

I have mentioned on more than one occasion in these letters the fact that the late Grand Duchess of Saxe-Weimar was not happy in her married life. True, her husband had been deeply in love with her, and had married her against the wishes of his relatives, who feared the strain of insanity in her family. But she was never in love with him, and was persuaded into giving him her hand on the ground that he was at the time the most brilliant matrimonial "parti" in Europe. But it seems that on the very evening before the wedding day, when all the royal and imperial guests, including the German Emperor and Empress and the Queens of Hol-land, Wurtemburg and Saxony, were assembled for the ceremony in such numbers that the entire chapel was filled with princes and princesses of the od, with not a vestige of room for mere Ministers of State and great dignitaries, the bride suddenly announced that it was impossible for her to become the wife of a man that she did not love. Consternation reigned, and it was not until the Kaiser had reasoned in the most kind and fatherly manner for two full hours with the young girl that she at length vielded

Small wonder that the grand duke looked terribly downcast and unhappy on his wedding day, while at the ceremony itself there was a deathlike silence at the moment when the officiating minister asked the bride whether she was willing to take the grand duke for her husband, and she refrained from answering for a full minute, which seemed like ten, until she finally uttered a hesitating, trembling "ja." There were few present at that wedding who did not go away with the impression that the union was doomed to unhappiness, and to this day all those who knew the young grand duchess, are convinced that if she had no en weary of existence, and if she had really been anxious to live, she would have recovered from the illness to which she succumbed.

"FULL OF BLASTED HOPES."

The Marquis of Linlithgow, who has just been appointed Secretary for Scotland, with a seat in the Cabinet, in succession to Andrew Graham Murray, now created Lord Lyndenoch, is the head of the great Scotch house of Hope, and until his ele vation to the Marquisate of Linlithgow, as a reward for his services as the first Governor eral of Australia, was known as the Earl of Hopetoun. Although still relatively a young man-he is not yet forty-five-he has held many offices besides that of Governor General of Australia, having been in turn Lord Chamberlain, High Commissioner of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, General of the Royal Company of Archers, which is the King's bodyguard in Scotland, and heaven knows what else besides. He is not tall, but is free from the pompousness that so often characterizes men of small stature, and besides being a thorough sportsman, is distin-

guished by a keen sense of humor and of wit.

One of the best stories which he tells is in connection with the festivities at Hopetoun House, on the occasion of his coming of age. There was, of course, a great gathering of the Hope family, which is an immense one in point of numbers, and which has always been famed for monopolizing a very large share of the official loaves and fishes. On the Sunday following the entire party went in a body to church to attend divine service and to hear a sermon especially appropriate to the oc-casion. Their feelings can better be understood than described when a maladroit Presbyterian mincommenced his discourse with the words, 'My brethren, the world is full of blasted hopes."

NEW CABINET MINISTER.

The marquis is a wonderfuly clever amateur actor, excels in comic songs, and can dance as merry a "pas seul" as George Grossmith. The latter, in his volume of reminiscences, relates how Edward, then Prince of Wales, asked him (Grossmith) to sing the Lord Chancellor's song in planthe." "I could .not remember it," adds ossmith, "so Lord Hopetoun, himself a most excellent humorous singer, volunteered to prompt me. effect was most judicrous, for Lord Hopetoun had to sing the whole song about one bar ahead of me. After this Sir Arthur sat at the piano, and Lord Hopetoun and myself arrayed ourselves in a few antimacassars and performed as graceful a ballet as the circumstances would permit."

The marquis is very fond of Ireland, and in particular entertains a great admiration for Irish women. At a speech delivered on one occasion he related that when a young man he had set out on & tour of Ireland. At the start he was told by a horsedealer at Dublin named Murphy that his eye might alight on some daughter of Erin who would make him happy for life. "It did," added Lord Hopetoun, pointing to his wife, who is the daughter of an Irish peer, Lord Ventry. Lord Linlithgow wound up by recommending all unmarried men Bresent to follow his excellent example.

Hopetoun House, his place in Scotland, has a win-dow for every day in the year. It is a little more than two hundred years old, and stands on a magnificent terrace, overlooking the estuary of the Forth, and is full of magnificent old masterpieces by Vandyke, Subens and Titian. His stables are famous throughout the kingdom, and he is celebrated as a breeder of Shetland ponies. He distinguished himself while in Australia by a long distance ride across the enbreadth of the Australian continent, most of the

distance being performed in shirtsleeves; the never touched a card since he came of age, and has frequently visited the United States, having done a considerable amount of shooting in the Rockies.

INSURING RULERS' LIVES. Lloyd's, the world famed institution of underwriters in London, is the authority for the asser-tion that the life of Emperor Nicholas was insured not long ago for a period of twelve months, at ten times the usual rate. This was some weeks after the appointment of Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky to the post of Minister of the Interior, and when a widespread impression prevailed in Russia and abroad that the inauguration of liberal reforms and of a more popular form of government was at hand. Lloyd's is likewise the authority for the statement that a large number of underwritersindeed, the majority of them-declined to insure the Czar's life, and in their remarks about the matter conveyed the impression that the recent at-tempt upon the Czar's life on the occasion of the blessing of the waters of the Neva and the disturbances at St. Petersburg and throughout the empire render any further insurance of Nicholas

out of the question.

The Russian Emperor is not the only person who insures his life. Risks are likewise taken out as a matter of speculation by people who have never set eyes on him, and who have no connection

MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

STILL TO OPEN SUNDAYS.

The New Director of Museum of Art Favors It.

Doubts as to whether under the new regime the Metropolitan Museum of Art would remain open on Sundays were set at rest yesterday when a Tribune reporter learned that, after a visit to the museum, Sir Casper Purdon Clarke, the director-elect, expressed himself as in favor of Sunday opening. "I went to the museum," said Sir Purdon on his return, "and was favorably impressed with the pictures and with the museum's visitors. I am in favor of a Sunday opening."

It will be recalled that William Cowper Prime, who died last Monday, and who had been a vice-

president and a trustee of the Museum for many years, resigned on account of the decision of the museum authorities to open the museum on the Sabbath. Reports to the contrary notwithstanding, it is declared that there will be, for the present at least, no radical changes in the museum.

Accompanied by Robert W. De Forest, his host, Sir Purdon went to the Museum in the afternoon. He did not inspect it. His object was largely to He did not inspect it. His object was largely to pay his respects to George H. Story, the acting director, and talk over museum plans.

William M. Laffan was paying a visit to Mr. Story when Sir Purdon dropped in at the director's office with his host. The new director's visit lasted for about an hour and a half. He will go again to-day, and throughout the week will pass much of his ime in the museum, taking the measure of things generally.

To-night J. Pierpont Morgan, at his home, will give a dinner for Sir Purdon and to-morrow Mr. De Forest will give a reception at his home, No. 7 Washington Square North, for him.

YALE GLEE AND BANJO CONCERT.

The concert of the Yale Glee, Banjo and Mandolin clubs, given for the benefit of the Yale University crew, will be held on Friday evening, March 3, at 8:15 p. m., in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria. After the concert an informal dance will be given in the Astor Gallery. Among the patron-esses are Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mrs. W. D. Sloane, Mrs. Archibald Rogers and Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge. Tickets are obtainable at any of Tyson's offices or from the committee of the Yale alumni, of which Joseph B. Thomas, jr., at No. 1 Madison-ave., is the secretary.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS HOFFMAN—A. B. Andrews, North Carolina, HOLLAND—Price Lane, St. Louis. HOTEL ASTOR—W. R. Clark, Milwaukee. IMPERIAL—F. G. Darte. Wilkesbarre. MAPENTIC—John E. Thompson, Detroit: MANHATTAN—C. A. Ellis, Boston, MURRAY HILL—Professor H. F. Andrews, Yale University, New-Haven.

WHAT IS GOING ON TO-DAY.

Meeting of New-York Indian Association, chapel of the Collegiate Church, 5th-ave. and 48th-st., 10:30 a.m. bration of the hundredth anniversary of the beginning of free education in this city in all the public schools, morning; exercises. Carnegle Hall, evening.

Benefit performance for the Anne Brown Alumnæ Free Kindergarten. Manhattan Theatre, 3 p. m. Amateur minstrel show, Ebling's Casino, 156th-st, and St. Ann's-ave, The Bronx, evening. Meeting New-York Sunday School Association, Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church, evening. Meeting New-York State Medical Association, No. 17 West 43d-st., evening.

Meeting Society of Medical Jurisprudence, No. 17 West 43d-st., 8 p. m.

League for Political Education, No. 28 West 44th-st., S.30 p. m.: Public School No. 14, No. 225 East 27th-st., Mrs. Alice D. Le Plongeon, "Peru" (filustrated): Public School No. 14, No. 225 East 27th-st., Mrs. Alice D. Le Plongeon, "Peru" (filustrated): Public School No. 46, 156th-st. and St. Nicholas-ave., Dr. William Robert Shepherd, "Revolution and Independence"; Public School No. 82, 76th-st. and 1st-ave., W. Hinton White, "Picturesque New-Zealand" (filustrated): Public School No. 88, 96th-st. and Lexington-ave., Dr. Charles McDowell, "What Vaccination Has Done for the World"; Public School No. 185, 1st-ave. and 1st-st., Hayne Davis, "Evolution of Government"; Public School No. 158, Avenue A, between 77th and 78th sts., Dr. Ciarence H. Young, "Traveis in Greece" (filustrated); Public School No. 188, Lewis and East Houston sts. John P. Clum, "Alaska" (filustrated); St. Peter's Hall. 20th-st., between 8th and 9th aves., E. Clowes Chorley, "A Tramp Through Switzerland" (fillustrated); Morris High School, 166th-st. and Boston Road, Ernest R. Holmes, "The Meaning and Magnitude of the Louislana Purchase Exposition" (fillustrated): Public School No. 5, No. 2, 486 Webster-ave, Lewis Gaston Leary, "Syria and Palestine" (fillustrated): Public School No. 27, St. Ann's-ave, and 147th-st., Henry G. Hawn, "How to Read English"; Lufayette Hell, Alexander-ave, and 187th-st., W. Wallace Ker, "Electroplating and Electrotyping."

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Official Record and Forecast,-Washington, Feb. 18 .-The area of high pressure central Saturday night in the Ohio Valey is moving off to sea over the Middle Atlantic Coast. A disturbance of slight energy is central south of the Luisiana oast, and pressure is low along northern boun To from the Dakotas to the North Pacific

Gulf States 3 1 lower Mississippi Valley, with snow in the mountain fistricts of Southeastern Virginia, Western North Carolina and the lower Ohio Valley. There has also been rain on the Pacific Coast and over the northern lateau. Temperature has risen in the Ohio Valley, the late region, upper mississippi Valley and thence westwrd to th Pacine Coast. For the first time in the current 10..th temperatures are decidedly above the seasonal average in Northern and Western districts, but seasonal avera, e in Northern and Western districts, but uneasonably cold weather still prevails in Southern districts east of the 100th meridian.

There will a rain Monday in the South Atlantic and East Gulf Stab. and rain or snow in the Middle Atlantic, the Usk Valley, Tennessee and the lake region. Rain is indicated for Tuesday in the South and Middle Atlantic States, and snow or rain in New-England and the lake region. It will be warmer in the Middle Atlantic States, New-England and the lower lake region, and temperatures will rise slowly in the South. A period of moderate temperature is indicated for the next few days.

Forecast for Special Localities .- For Eastern New York, partly cloudy to-day, followed by rain to-night, warmer in the interior; Tuesday rain; fresh southeast to

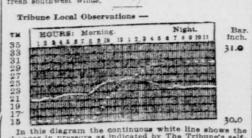
For New-Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania, Delaware Maryland and the District of Columbia, rain to-day and Maryland and the District or Columbia, rain to-day and probably Tuesday; moderate temperatures; increasing south winds.

For Western Pennsylvania, rain to-day, slowly rising temperature: Tuesday fair, moderate temperatures; fresh south, shifting to southwest, winds.

For New-England, fair and warmer to-day; Tuesday rain in south, snow in north portion; fresh southwest winds.

winds.

For Western New-York, snow or rain and warmer to-day; Tuesday fair, except rain or snow along the lakes; fresh southwest winds.



In this diagram the continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted line shows the temperature as recorded by the local Weather Bureau. Local Official Record.—The following official reco

from the Weather Bureau shows the changes in the temperature for the last twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding date last year:



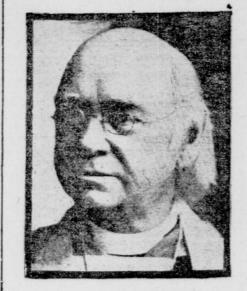
Highest temperature yesterday, 30 degrees; lowest, 15 degrees; average. 22 degrees; average for corresponding date last year. 23 degrees; average for corresponding date last twenty-five years, 33 degrees.

Local Forecast.—Partly cloudy to-day, followed by rain to-night; Tuesday rain; fresh southeast to south winds, increasing.

Bishop Worthington of Nebraska Offers Prayer at Death Bed.

The Right Rev. Dr. William E. McLaren, Episopal Bishop of Chicago, died at 7:15 o'clock last night, at the Elbana apartments, No. 93 Madisonave. Death was due to heart disease. The Bishop

had been ill for more than a month, for the greater part of the time being confined to his bed. Throughout his illness Bishop McLaren was at-tended by Dr. W. H. Katzenbach, of No. 17 West



BISHOP W. E. M'LAREN, Of Chicago, who died yesterday.

5th-st. The physician, Bishop Worthington, of Nebraska, and the members of Bishop McLaren's family, with a few friends, were at the bedside when the end, which was peaceful, came. Bishop Worthington offered the commendatory prayer. Besides a widow, Bishop McLaren leaves and two daughters. Arrangements for the funeral have not been completed. The body will be taken to Chicago for burial.

The Right Rev. Dr. William Edward McLaren, Bishop of Chicago, was born in Geneva, N. Y., on December 13, 1831. He came of Presbyterian stock, his father, two uncles and three cousins having been prominent as Presbyterian ministers, and for twelve years was himself identified with the Presbyterian clergy. He was graduated at Jefferson College, Cannonsburg, Penn., in 1851. The next year he joined the staff of "The Cleveland Plain Dealer," being a colleague of Artemus Ward. In 1855 he went to Pittsburg, and for two years was connected with "The Gazette" and "The Chronicle," of that

with "The Gazette" and "The Chronicle," of that city.

In 1857 he entered the Allegheny Theological Seminary at Pittsburg, and on graduation three years later was ordained a minister of the United Prespoterian Church and sent as a missionary to Bogota. After three years of work in South America Mr. McLaren became pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church of Peoria, Ill., where he remained until 1867, when he was called to the Westminster Presbyterian Church at Detroit. For a number of years his studies had been largely in the direction of the sacramental theology of the Oxford Movement. This was shown even when he was pastor at Peoria, where he urged the adoption of a liturey. He came to accept the teachings of the High Church school of the Episcopal Church, and in 1872 he received episcopal orders from Bishop McCoskery, of Michigan, and accepted a call to Trinity Church. Cleveland.

On September 15, 1875, he was elected third Bishop of Illinois, succeeding Bishop Henry John Whitehouse, and was consecrated on December 8, 1875, in the Cathedral of Six. Peter and Faul, Chicago. At the General Convention of 1877 the erection of two new diocesses within his jurisdiction was authorized. These have become the diocesses of Quincy and Springfield, and Bishop McLaren became Bishop of Chicago. At his death he had eighty-five churches and missions, with more than nineteen thousand communicants in his diocess. He founded the Western Theological Seminary and Waterman Hall, a diocessa school for girls. He was dean of the Western Theological Seminary from its foundation, in 1854, until 1888.

The last General Convention appointed Bishop McLaren a special delegate to Porto Rico to in-

ern Theological Seminary from its foundation, in 1854, until 1888.

The last General Convention appointed Bishop McLaren a special delegate to Porto Rico to investigate the field there for the promotion of Episcopal Church interests, but in January he sanounced his inadility to accept the mission. The twenty-fifth anniversary of his consecration was celebrated in Chicago on December 8, 1899, with appropriate ceremonies, in the Cathedral of Sts. Peter and Paul.

Congressman Norton P. Otis, of Yonkers, died at 12:45 o'clock this morning at his home, in Hudson Terrace, Yonkers.

Mr. Otis had been ill for several months, and had been confined to his house for a month. He was attended by Dr. W. H. Sherman, of Yonkers, and Dr. L. A. Stimson, of this city, and Dr. H. A. Kelly, of Baltimore.

He had been active in the Republican politics of Westchester County for many years and was just finishing a term as Representative from the 19th Congress District. He was chairman of the board of directors of the Otis Elevator Company, which is known as the Elevator Trust. Mr. Otis was born sixty-five years ago in

Mr. Otis was born sixty-five years ago in Halifax, Vt. His father, Elisha G. Otis, was the inventor of the Otis elevator.

Elisha G. Otis, Mr. Otis's father, was a descendant of John Otis, who came from Hingham. England, to Massachusetts, in 1635. Owing to various removals of the family, the son's education was gained in the schools of his native town, and in Albany, N. Y., Hudson City, N. J., and Yonkers, N. Y. Then, a youth of eighteen, he learned his trade in an elevator factory established by his father, and, with his brother Charles, assumed the responsibility of management after his father's death in 1861. Their capital was small, not exceeding \$2,000, which ment after his father's death in 1861. Their capital was small, not exceeding \$2,000, which they had saved by hard labor. The Civil War discouraged them at first, but they had conceived the principle of applying to passenger elevators certain devices for assuring safety, and with the aid of various patents, which they were able to secure, they finally began to make progress. In 1862 they transacted a business of \$15,000, but thereafter they made rapid progress.

For ten years Mr. Otis spent his time mainly For ten years Mr. Otts spent his time mainly in visiting the large cities of the country, introducing his safety elevators to the notice of proprietors of large buildings. In 1864 Otts Bros, & Co. incorporated their business, with a capital of \$225,000, Mr. Otts becoming treasurer of the concern. In 1882 the capital was increased to \$500,000. In 1890 he became president of the company.

dent of the company.

Mr. Otis was elected Mayor of Yonkers in 1880, and State Assemblyman in 1883. He was president of the New-York Commission to the Paris Exposition. He was a Republican candidate for Congress in 1900 and a member of Congress from the 19th New-York District since 1903.

A widow and eight children survive him. He was a member of the Merchants' Central Club, Fulton Club, Engineers' Club and Metropolitan Museum of Art, of this city, and the Westches-ter Historical Society.

"AL" LA RUE.

"Al" La Rue, well known among musicians and musical publishers as an arranger and composer. American horses have been derived from at least died yesterday afternoon at his home, No. 141 West two, and probably three, distinct stocks, of which ldist-st., of pneumonia. He had been sick about eleven days. He arranged many comic opera successes, among which were "The Runaways" "The Mocking Bird" and "Sergeant Kitty." Funeral services will be held at the house next Wednesday, and the burial will take place at Morristown, N. J.

member of the classification committee, died at hi me in East Orange on Saturday evening. He home in East Orange on Saturday evening. He was in his seventy-fourth year. He leaves a widow and two daughters, Mrs. Henry S. Morgan and Miss Carrie Louise Boylan. Mr. Boylan was born in Newark in 1821. A few years later his parents moved to Ohio. He engaged in the wholesale drygoods business with his brothers, under the firm name of Boylan & Co., in Cincinnati. After the close of the Civil War Mr. Boylan came East, and had lived in East Orange for thirty-three years. He had been associated with Grace Church, Orange, as vestryman for more than twenty years. Mr. Boylan was formerly a member of Prince of Orange Lodge, New-York City, and at the time of his death was a member of Hope Lodge, East Orange.

HOUSE HONORS QUAY.

Seven Members Speak at Special Memorial Services.

Washington, Feb. 19.-Sitting in special session, the House of Representatives to-day conducted memorial services in tribute to the memory of Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania. Mr. Dalzell presided. Seven members eulogized Mr. Quay's life

After the adoption of appropriate resolutions, the

SENATOR FAIRBANKS'S TRIBUTE. Senator Fairbanks's eulogy of Senator Quay, delivered Saturday, in the United States Senate, is as follows:

Mr. President: We again pause to pay our tribute to the memory of a friend and coworker in the public service. As the years pass we are forcibly reminded of the frequency of this sad and loving office. If the roll of those who have laid down their earthly responsibilities during the comparatively few years of my presence in this exaited chamber were to be cailed, it would be a long and notable one. Another name has been added to that distinguished list, and we are met to do it honor. Upon the morrow we shall meet to record the passing of some other coadjutor, but who it will be is known only to the Ali-wise. We know only this, and that is that the harvest of death is unending.

will be is known only to the Ali-wise. We know only this, and that is that the harvest of death is unending.

Senator Matthew Stanley Quay was essentially self-made, as are those who most impress themselves upon their times. He was born to neither wealth nor station. He came from the modest home of a Prespyterian minister, a nome pervaded by a generous, wholesome, rengious and patriotic spirit; a trugal home, where love of God, love of neignbor and love of country was incuicated, where self-reliance was taught.

Senator Quay was a pointical general of extraordinary capacity. He was one of the most masterful political leaders of his day. He was the undisputed leader of his party in the great State of Pennsylvania for more than a quarter of a century. He also heid a place of commanding influence in the national councils of his party. He was once intrusted with the leadersnip of a national campaign. The result was success, due in large measure to his superb generatship. He was adroit in mapping out and executing his political campaigns. He drew about him men in whose loyal purpose he had fath and in whose capacity to execute his plans he had the utmost confidence. He exacted the most loyal alegnance and repaid devotion with his own fidelity. He was a man who had in full degree the faculty of making and hoiding friends. They stood by him under all conditions, in sunshine and in shadow. He verily bound them to him as with hoops of steel.

He was a man of rare self-control. Amid the storm he was serene, moving with almost resistless power to the accomplishment of his purpose. He fought many sharply contested political battles. He received and gave many hard blows, and to some he seemed to ifferent to criticism but there

storm he was serene, moving with almost resistless power to the accomplishment of his purpose. He fought many sharply contested political battles. He received and gave many hard blows, and to some he seemed indifferent to criticism, but there were few men with more deeply sensitive natures than his. He had a heart which was easily touched. He cherished in ruil measure the good opinion of his fellows and was deeply grieved when he lost the approval of a friend.

Senator Quay tectified his loyalty to his country in that hour which put loyalty to the highest test. He was a believer in the virtue of our institutions, and when the National Union was in peril he promptly entered the military service of the government. He met all the arduous demands made upon him with intelligent and firm resolution. He demonstrated at all times his ability as an organizer. By gallantry displayed on the field of battle, he won and received from the Congress of the United States a medal of honor. There was no service which he was not ready to render in behalf of his country and countrymen. Wherever duty called he was ready to go.

I had but little personal acquaintance with Senator Quay prior to my entrance to the Senater. I can never forget the kindly and helpful personal interest he manifested when I came here, unfamiliar with the important duties and the great responsibilities which rest upon a Senator. For years we were associated upon one of the most important committees of this Chamber, and in the consideration of the questions which came before it he was actuated by but one motive, and that was to promote in the fullest possible degree the public interest. He was inspired by no no other thought than the advancement of the welfare of his countrymen in the discharge of his duties.

Senator Quay rarely engaged in debate, but when he snote he snote he snote the store of the control of the personal clearly. He had

duties.

Senator Quay rarely engaged in debate, but when he spoke he spoke pointedly and clearly. He had the power of luminous and compact statement. His utterances were not embellished with those graces which the skilled orator employs to fascinate and fix the attention of his auditors. As a rule, he spoke only when necessity required and in the discharge of some duty especially imposed upon him by his committee assignments.

twenty-fifth anniversary of his consecration the twenty-fifth anniversary of his collection and proportiate ceremonies, in the Cathedral of Sts. Peter and Paul.

Bishop McLaren published the following works:

"The Inner Proofs of God" (1883): "Catholic Dogma the Antidote for Doubt" (1884): "A Development of the Vincentian Canon": "The Fractice Statement Canon": "The Fractice Statement of the Vincentian Canon": "The Fractice Statement Canonic Sta

FALLS FROM BEDROOM TO DEATH.

Wife of Tobacco Merchant Drops from Third Story and Fractures Skull.

Mrs. Anna Hirsch, of No. 140 West 118th-st., wife of Joseph Hirsch, of the tobacco firm of Joseph Hirsch & Son, No. 183 Water-st., died in her home yesterday morning half an hour after she had either fallen or jumped from the window of her bedroom on the third floor of the house to the yard and broken her skull. The case was reported to the coroners' office as a suicide. She was alone in her room at the time, and no one saw her jump. The only basis for the suicide theory is that she had been melancholy for some time because of ill health. It is thought that she may have opened the window for air, and then been seized with an attack of vertigo, to which she was subject, and thus have fallen out.

YOUNG GRISCOM MAY BE IN EUROPE. No news was received at Police Headquarters yesterday of young Andrew Griscom, of Philadel-

phia, for whom a general alarm was sent out on Saturday. Clement A. Griscom, jr., whose father is a cousin of Andrew's father, William M. Griscom, said yesterday that he knew nothing of the young man's whereabouts, and had heard nothing except what had appeared in the newspapers. The young man's father thinks it probable that his son may have sailed on February 11 for Berlin, where he studied when a boy.

Philadelphia, Feb. 19.-Mrs. William M. Griscom is ill as the result of worrying over the disappearance of her son. The family came here about a year ago, and Mr. Griscom purchased the Edward Lycett house, in Montgomery-ave., near Penn-st., between Haverford and Bryn Mawr, for a price said to be \$50,000.

NASSAU COUNTY'S DELEGATION.

Three hundred of the yeomanry of Nassau County ntend to visit the inaugural ceremonies as the friends and neighbors of President Roosevelt. The special train will leave Jersey City on Friday, March 8, at 11:14 a. m., and returning will leave Washington on March 5 at 12:01. Each delegate will have an outfit, consisting of top hat, cravenette coat, kid gloves, overgaiters and an especially made umbrella. The delegation will have a banner, bearing the arms of Nassau County in orange and black, and will be escorted by a band.

TO STUDY PRIMITIVE HORSES IN MEXICO Professor Osborn this evening gives the last of the Columbia University Jesup lectures on the evo lution of the horse. He will discuss the multiple origin of the domesticated breeds, showing that

the cart borse represents one extreme, from the eleven days. He arranged many comic opera successes, among which were "The Runaways," "The Mocking Bird" and "Sergeant Kitty." Funeral services will be held at the house next Wednesday, and the burial will take place at Morristown, N. J.

JULIUS A. BOYLAN.

Julius A. Boylan, a member of the New-York Cotton Exchange for thirty-five years, and also a

TELLS POISON STORY.

Mrs. Stanford's Maid Describes Her Mistress's Danger.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

San Francisco, Feb. 19 .- Miss Elizabeth Richmond. Mrs. Stanford's maid for over a year, who recently quit her service, tells the details of the recent alleged poisoning of her mistress, who was not supposed to have an enemy in the world. Miss Richmond is an English woman who accompanied Mrs. Stanford on her trip around the world. She says that on January 14, at 9 o'clock in the

evening, she was called to Mrs. Stanford's room. There Mrs. Stanford said: "Richmond, there seems to be something wrong with this water. Will you taste it?" The maid tasted the water, and found it very bitter. Mrs. Stanford had already vomited what she had

drunk. She seemed greatly agitated, and the maid suggested that she drink some warm salt water, and thus clear her stomach, which she did. the maid took the remainder of the bottle of mineral water to a druggist, and left it to be analyzed. A week later a report was received from the chemist, who said the water was heavily charged with strychnine. When this report was read to Mrs. Stanford, she threw up her hands and said:
"Oh, God, I did not think any one wished to hurt

me. What would it benefit any one?" She was greatly troubled, and declared she would put the whole affair in the hands of detectives. Mrs. Stanford was so shaken over her discovery of the attempt to kill her that she refused to stay in

DENY STORY OF POISONING.

San Francisco, Feb. 19 .- The story in circulation to the effect that an attempt was recently made to poison Mrs. Jane L. Stanford at her home in this city is characterized by Mrs. Stanford's friends as sensational and without foun-

FIGHTING PITTSBURG CONGESTION.

Over 7,500 Cars Said to Have Been Moved in Fifteen Hours.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Pittsburg, Feb. 19.-This was another Sunday on which the employes of the Pennsylvania road here were unusually busy. The freight congestion received another staggering blow, and it was said to-night at headquarters that 7,500 cars were moved in the day of fifteen hours.

Every one who could work was put into the harness, and at 5 a.m. locomotives which had never before been in Pittsburg were seen at work push-ing and pulling cars about in the Pittsburg yards. Locomotives were brought from as far West as Dennison, Ohio, and Alliance, on the Fort Wayne branch, also from Altoona to the eastward. one more good Sunday's work the Pennsylvania people hope to have broken entirely one of the worst congestions ever known in the freight busi-

Married.

Marriage notices appearing in THE TRIBUNE will be republished in The Tri-Weekly Tribune without extra charge.

FAILE—HENCKEL—On Saturday, February 18, at the home of the bride's mother, by the Rev. William Gros-venor, Marguerite, daughter of Lillie Reynolds and the late Francis Reginald Henckel, to Malcolm Burrell Faile.

Notices of marriages and deaths must be in-dorsed with full name and address.

Death notices appearing in THE TRIBUNE will be republished in The Tri-Weekly Tribune without extra

Boylan, Julius A. Claiworthy, Mary G. Dawes, Aaron. Dennin, Charles. Esterbrook, Octavia D. Hunter. Charles Mcl. Hurlbut, William H.

BOYLAN—Entered into rest, after a lingering illness, at East Orange, N. J., February 18, 1905, Julius A. Boylan, in the 74th year of his age. Funeral service will be held at Grace Church, Orange, on Tuesday, February 23, en arrival of 2:39 p. m. train from New-York via D., L. & W. R. R., at Brick Church station. Cincinnati papers please copy.

CLATWORTHY-On Friday morning. February 17, 1905, at her residence, No. 55 ist-st., Troy, N. Y., Mary G., widow of John Clatworthy. Funeral Monday, February 20, at 2 o'clock, from St. Paul's Church, Troy, N. Y. DAWES—At Hightstown, N. J., February 18, Dr. Aaron Dawes, aged 86. Funcal at home, February 21, 11:30 a. m.

DENNIN—On Sunday, February 19, at his residence, Charles Dennin, in his 64th year. Funeral services Tuesday, 3 p. m., at the South Congregational Church, President and Court sts. Brooklyn.

ESTERBROOK—At Rahway, N. J., February 19, 1903.
Octavia Davy, widow of the late William Penn Esterbrook, in her Söth vear. Funeral services at her late
residence, No. 73 Esterbrook-ave., Rahway, N. J., an
Tuesday, February 21, at 4 p. m. Carriages will meet
train leaving New-York 2:25 p. m. via Pennsylvania

HUNTER—In this city, on Friday, February 17, 1905, Charles McIntosh Hunter, son of Juliana M. W. and the late Charles F. Hunter, in the 48d year of his age. Funeral service at the Central Presbyterian Church, 57th-st., near 7th-ave. on Monday morning, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery. HURLBUT-At St. Augustine, Fla., on Saturday, February 18 of pneumonia. William H. Hurlbut. Funeral private.

KIPLING—Suddenly, at Roselle, N. J., February 18, 1905, Richard Kipling, in the 91st year of his age. Funeral services at St. Luke's Church, Roselle, Tuesday morning, February 21, at 10:15 o'clock. Train leaves Liberty-st. station, New-York, at 9:15. Interment at convenience of family.

LAWRENCE—On Saturday morning, February 18, 1905, at her residence, at Mastic, Long Island, Elizabeth Mauran Lawrence, daughter of the late John S. and Sarah Mauran Lawrence, of New-York. Funeral at Mastic on Monday February 20, at 11 o'clock. Interment at Trinity Cemetery, New-York City. LORD—At Montclair, N. J., on Saturday, February 18, 1906, Mary H., widow of David Porter Lord. Funeral services from St. James Episcopal Church, Upper Montclair, N. J., on Monday, February 20, on arrival of Eric Raliroad train leaving Chambers-st., New-York, 12 o'clock. Carriages in waiting.

MACY-Suddenly, at her residence, No. 707 Park-ave.
Katherine Jean, wife of Nelson Macy and daughter of
Janet and the late John J. Burchell. Relatives and
friends are invited to attend funeral services from her
late residence at 10 a. m. Monday.

MANGOLD—at Lyndhurst, Irvington N. Y., February 18, 1905, after a lingering illness, Ferdinand Mangold, in his 77th year. Funeral service at the Presbyterian Church, Irvington, N. Y., Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, Trains leave Grand Central Station for Irvington 12:30 and 1:10 p. m.

PARSONS—At Paim Beach, Fla., on Friday, February 17, 1995. William H. Parsons. Funeral services will be held from the Presbyterian Church, Rye. N. Y., on Tuesday afternoon, February 21, at 3:30. Train leaves Grand Central Station (New-Haven Railroad), at 2:18, Returning, leaves Rye at 4:41, due in New-Fork at 5:30. SPICER—At his residence, No. 67 1st-st., Troy, N. Y., Friday, February 17, 1906, John D. Spicer, in his 71st year. The funeral services will be held at the residence, Monday, February 20, at 11 a. m. Friends are invited to attend. The interment will be private.

STEENSON—Suddenly, February 18, 1905, Thornbery Steenson, aged 34 years. Funeral services at chapel. 241 West 23d-st. (Frank Campbell, Stephen Merritt Embalming Institute Building), Monday afternoon, at 2

TWITCHELL—At East Orange, N. J., February 18, 1905, Phobe Judd, widow of Dr. Henry Twitchell, of Brooklyn, in the S2d year of her age. Funeral from the residence of her son-in-law, Henry H. Hall, No. 293 Park-ave. East Orange, on the arrival of the 3:30 train from New-York, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Rallroad, Tuesday, February 21, 1905. WALDRON-On February 18, 1905, at No. 116 Lexing-ton-ave. Frank C. Waldron, aged 52 years. Friends may view remains at his late residence Sunday afternoon, 3 to 5 o'clock. Funcral at Cherry Valley, N. Y., Tuesday, February 21, 1905.

UNDERTAKERS. 25d St. Frank E. Campbell-Stephen Metritt. Emb'l'g Inst., 241-3 West 23d St. Tel. 1325 Chelsea.

Special Notices.

MEMORIAL WINDOWS Tribune Subscription Rates.

THE TRIBUNE will be sent by mail to any address in this country or abroad, and address changed as often as desired. Subscriptions may be given to your regular dealer before leaving, or if more convenient, hand them in at THE TRIBUNE Office. SINGLE COPIES. SUNDAY. 5 cents WEEKLY REVIEW, 5 cents WEEKLY FARMER, 3 cents WEEKLY. 2 cents

BY EARLY MAIL TRAIN.

or all points in the United States, Canada and Mexico (outside of the boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronz).

Also to Cuba, Perto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines, without extra expense for foreign postage.

Special		Notice
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Mail subscribers in New-York City to the DAILY and TRI-WEEKLY will be charged one cent a copy extra postage in addition to the rates named above. Foreign Rates.

For points in Europe and all countries in the Universal Postal Union THE TRIBUNE will be mailed at the following rates:

DAILY AND SUNDAY:
One Month, \$1 \$2
Two Months, \$3 \$64
Three Months, \$3 \$64
Three Months, \$4 98
SIX Months, \$9 95
SUNDAY ONLY:
SIX Months, \$1 \$2 \$2
Twelve Months, \$1 \$25
Twelve Months, \$2 \$2
Twelve Months, \$3 \$64
DAILY ONLY:
Six Months, \$1 \$25
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Twelve Months, \$2 \$24
Twelve Months, \$2 \$24

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Offices. MAIN OFFICE—No. 154 Nassau-st.
UPTOWN OFFICE—No. 1,364 Broadway, or any American District Telegraph Office.
BRONX BUREAU—No. 496 East 135th-st.
WASHINGTON BUREAU—No. 1,322 F-st.
NEWARK BRANCH OFFICE—Frederick N. Sommer,

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American Express Company, No. 3 Waterloo Place.
Thomas Cook & Son. Tourist Offices, Ludgate Circus.
The Lordon office of THE TriffENE is a convenient place to leave advertisements and subscriptions.
PARIS—John Munce & Co.
John Wanamaker, No. 48 Rue des Rue Series.
Eagle Bureau, No. 53 Rue Cambon.
Morgan, Harjes & Co., No. 31 Boulevard Haussmans.
Crédit Lyonnais Bureau des Etrangers.
Continutal Hotel newsstand.
The Figare Office.

Tornahuoni.

Maquay & Co., Bankers.

HAMBURG—American Express Company No. 3 Ferdinand Strasse. (Should be read DAILY by all interested as changes may occur at any time.)

Foreign mails for the week ending February 25, 1905, will close (PROMPTLY in all cases) at the General Post Office, as follows: REGISTERED AND PARCELS-POST MAILS close one hour earlier than closing time shown below. Parcels-Post mails for Germany close at 5 p. m. February 20, per s. s. Kronprinz Wilhelm; February 22, per a. s. Barbarosa; February 24, per s. s. Graf Waldersee; and February 27, per s. s. Brestau.

Breslau.

Regular and Supplementary mails close at Foreign Station (corner of West and Morton Streets) half hour later than closing time shown below (except that Supplementary Mails for Europe and Central Amrica, via Colon, close one hour later at Foreign Station). TRANSATLANTIC MAILS. TUESDAY (21)—At 4 a. m. for Europe, per a. Kronprinz Wilhelm, via Plymouth, Cherbourg and

THANSATLANTIC MAILS.

TUESDAY (21)—At 4 a m. for Europe, per a k. Kronprinz Wilhelm, via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen.

WEDNESDAY (22)—At 6:30 a m. for Europe, par a s. Majestic, via Queenstown and Liverpool; at 7:30 a m. for Netherlands direct, per s. s. Amsterdam (mail must be directed "per s. s. Amsterdam").

THURSDAY (23)—At 7 a m. for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Esypt, Greece and British India, per s. L. Gassogne, via Havre (mail for Cher parts of Europe must be directed "per s. s. Weimar").

SATURDAY (23)—At 4:30 a. m. for Italy direct, per s. s. Weimar (mail must be directed "per s. s. Weimar"): at 6 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. St. Louis via Plymouth and Cherbourg (mail for Liverpool, Scotland and Ireland must be directed "per s. s. St. Louis"); at 6:30 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. Campania, via Queenstown and Liverpool; et s. 30 a. m. for Beigium Parcels Post Mails, per s. s. Vaderland (regular mail for Beigium must be directed "per s. s. Vaderland"); at 9:30 a. m. for Scotland direct, per s. s. Vanessia (mail must be directed "per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 10 a. m. for Azores Islands, per s. s. Republic mail for Italy must be directed "per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 10 a. m. for directed "per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 11:30 a. m. for Livy direct, per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 11:30 a. m. for directed "per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 11:30 a. m. for directed "per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 10 a. m. for directed "per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 10 a. m. for directed "per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 10 a. m. for directed "per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 10 a. m. for directed "per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 10 a. m. for directed "per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 10 a. m. for directed "per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 10 a. m. for directed "per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 10 a. m. for directed "per s. s. Frinzessia"); at 10 a. m. for directed "per s. s. Frinzessia").

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.
WEST INDIES, ETC.

MONDAY (20)—At 8 a. m. for Bermuda, per 8. a. Trinidad.

TUESDAY (21)—At 9:30 a. m. (supplementary 10:36 a. m.) for Nicaragua (except East Coast), Honduras (except East Coast), Salvador, Panarma, Canal Zone, Cauca Department of Colombia, Bouador, Peru Bolivia and Chili, per a Colombia, Bouador, Peru Bolivia and Chili, per a Colombia, Bouador, Peru Bolivia and Chili, per a Colombia, Bouador, Peru Bolivia and Chili, per solventine, Uruguay and Paraguay, per s. s. Elaine; at 12 m. for Yucatan and Campache, per s. s. Tjomo (mail must be directed "per s. s. Tjomo"); at 12:30 p. m.) for St. Thomas, St. Cro. (supplementary 1:30 p. m.) for St. Thomas, St. Cro. Leeward and Windward Islands and Guiana, per s. Leeward and (mail for Barbados, Grenada and Trinidad must be directed "per s. s. Korona"); at 1 p. m. for gentine, Uruguay and Paraguay, per s. s. Soldier Pricatan and Chamses in Magdalena Department, Colombia, per s. a. Alene; at 12 m. for Cuba, Tucatan and Camper s. Alene; at 12 m. for Cuba, Tucatan and Camper s. s. Alene; at 12 m. for Cuba, Tucatan and Camper s. s. Sanper s. s. Sanpel and Campara s. s. San

s. Santiago"). (24)—At 9:30 a.m. for Newfoundland, per ia; at 12 m. for Guantanamo and Santiago, per enfuegos (mail must be directed "per s. s.

s. s. Maracabo"); at 5:30 a. m. (supplementary 9:30 a. m.) for Porto Rico, St. Thomas, Leeward and Windward Islands, per s. s. Ponce, via San Juan (mail for Barbados, Grenada and Trinidad must be directed "per s. s. Ponce"); at 1:30 a. m. (supplementary 10:30 a. m.) for Fortunital and Jamaica and Colombia, except Cauca and Magdalean Departments, per s. a. Alleghany (mail for Alleghanica, via Limon, must be directed "per s. a. Alleghanica, via Limon, must be directed "per s. a. Alleghanica, via Limon, must be directed "per s. a. Alleghanica, via Limon, must be directed "per s. a. Alleghanica, at 10 a. m. for Grenada, Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar and Guiana, per s. s. Maraval; at 12 m. for Barbados and Northern Brazil, per s. s. Maranhense, via Barbados. Para and Manacs.

NOTICE.—Five cents per half cunce in addition to the regular postage, must be prepaid on all letters forwarded by the Supplementary Malls, and letters deposited in the drops marked "Letters for Foreign Countries," after the Closing of the Regular Mall, for dispatch by a particular vessel, will not be so forwarded unless such additional postage is fully prepaid thereon by stamps. Supplementary Transatlantic Mails are also opened on the plers of the American, English and French steamers, whenever the sailings occur at 2:00 a. m. or later; and latermall may be deposited in the mail boxes on the plers of the German Lines sailing from Hoboken. The mails on the piers open one hour and a half before sailing time, and close ten minutes before sailing time, only regular postage (letters 10 cents a half ounce) is required on articles mailed on the piers of the American, White Star and German (Sea Post) steamers; double postage (letters 10 cents a half ounce) on other lines.

MAILS FORWARDED OVERLAND, ETC., EXCEPT MAILS FORWARDED OVERLAND, BTC. EXCEPT

TRANSPACIFIC.

CUBA—Via Port Tampa, Fia., closes at this office daily, except Thursday, at 14:30 a. m. (the connecting mails close here on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays).

MEXICO CITY—Overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, closes at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 p. m. and 10:30 p. m. Sunday at 1 p. m. and 10:30 p. m. Sunday at 1 to North Sydney, and thence by steamer, closes at this office daily, except Sunday, at 7 p. m.; Sunday at 6:30 p. m. (connecting mails close here every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday).

JAMAICA—By rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, closes at this office at 7 p. m. Tuesday. By rail to Philadelphia, and thence by steamer, closes at this office daily, except Sunday, at 7 p. m.; Sunday at 6:30 p. m. Wednesday.

MIQUELION—By rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, closes at this office daily, except Sunday, at 7 p. m.; Sunday at 6:30 p. m.

BAHAMAS (except Parcols-Fost Mails)—By rail to Mami, Fia., and theace by steamer, closes at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 a. m. Monday. Wednesday and Saturday.

BRITISH HONDURAS, HONDURAS (East Coast) and GUATEMALA—By rail to New-Orleans, and thence by steamer, closes at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 p. m., and 110:30 p. m.; Sundays at 11 p. m. and 110:30 p. m. (connecting mail closes here Mondays at 11:30 p. m. and 110:30 p. m.; connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 p. m. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 p. m. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 p. m. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 p. m. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 p. m. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 p. m. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 p. m. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 p. m. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 p. m. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 p. m. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 p. m. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 p. m.

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NICARAGUA (East Coast)—By rail to New-Orleans, and thence by steamer, closes at this office daily, except Sunday, at #1:30 p. m. and #10:30 p. m.; Sundays at #1 p. m. and #10:30 p. m. is undays at #1 p. m. and #10:30 p. m.).

PANAMA and CANAL ZONE—By rail to New-Orleans, La., and thence by steamer, closes at this office daily, except Sundays and Mondays, at #1:30 p. m. and #10:30 p. m.; Sundays at #1 p. m. and #10:30 p. m. (connecting mail closes here every Sunday at #10:30 p. m. fregistered Mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS (FORWARDED OVERLAND

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS (FORWARDED OVERLAND DAILY).

The schedule of closing of Transpacific Mails is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit to port of sailing. The final connecting mails (except Registered Transpacific Mails dispatched via Vancouver, Victoria, Tacoma or Seattle, which close 6 p. m. previous day) close at the General Post Office, New York, as follows:

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China and specially addressed mail for Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close at 6 p. m. February 26 for dispatch per s. a Coptie, Philippine Islands and Guam, via San Francisco, close at 6 p. m. February 24 for dispatch per U. S. Transport.

Philippine Islands and Guam, via San Francisco, close at 8 p. m. February 24 for dispatch per U. S. Transport.

Fit Islands, Australia (except West) and New Caledonia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close at 8 p. m. February 25 for dispatch per a. s. Moana.

Hawaii, via San Francisco, close at 8 p. m. February 27 for dispatch per a. s. Alameda.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close at 8 p. m. March 3 for dispatch per s. s. Siberia.

Tahiti and Marqueasa Islands, via San Francisco, close at 8 p. m. March 10 for dispatch per a. a. Mariposa.

New-Zealand, Australia (except West), New-Caledonia, Samoa, Hawaii and Fiti Islands, via San Francisco, close at 6 p. m. March 11 for dispatch per a. s. Sisra(If the Cunard steamer carrying the British mail for New-Zealand does not arrying the British mail for March 14 for dispatch per s. s. Empress of India.

Manchuria (except New-Chwang and Pert Arthur) and Eastern Siberia is at present forwarded via Russia.

NOTE—Unlers otherwise addressed. West Australia is forwarded via Europe. New-Zealand via San Francisco and certain places in the Chinese Frovince of Yunnan, via British India the Quickes Fouries of Yunnan, via British India the Quickes Fouries. Philippines appecially addresses "Will-LIAM R. WILL-LON, Postmaster, Postofice, New-York, N. F., February IT, 1906.

MONDAY (20)-At 8 a. m. for Bermuda, per s. s.