All Missionaries Well-Turkey to Punish Fanatics-Order Restored at Deurtyul.

Constantinople, April 29.-A welcome message was received to-day from the town of Hadjin, in the Province of Adana, where five American women missionaries have been alone, with thou sands of refugees who sought safety there from hands of savage Moslems seeking to put them to the sword. Hadjin has withstood a siege for the last eight days, and the missionaries have been sending out frantic appeals for help. Today a message reached here from Miss Lambert, the daughter of Bishop Lambert, timed 10:22 a. m., which said:

With the arrival of the troops, the disorders in and about the city have ceased and we are "LAMBERT. all safe and well.

The Turkish Cabinet has taken up the cor sideration of the situation in Adana and neighboring districts. The new Governor General, Mustafa Zihni, is due to arrive at the town of Adana to-night or to-morrow. He has been instructed to take the most energetic measures to re-establish order and to relieve the sufferers.

Adil Bey, permanent Under Secretary of Stat in the Ministry of the Interior, to-day said that the government would make a searching investigation into the cause of the disorders and punish the instigators. Reports received at the Ministry of the Interior indicated that quiet now prevailed everywhere. Asked particularly about Hadjin, Adil Bey said that as orders had been issued for troops to proceed wherever needed, he assumed that a force already was on its way from Mersina to Hadjin, or had arrived there. This was prior to the receipt of Miss Lambert's message.

Continuing, the Secretary said that the government recognized the necessity of providing food, medicines and shelter for the sufferers, and had taken steps to provide these and begin other measures of relief. In reply to a question as to what connection existed between the massacres and the political events in Constantinople, Adii Bey replied that that, too, was being in-

Aleppo, Asiatic Turkey, April 28.-Order has been restored at Deurtyul, where thousands of refugees are crowded in a most miserable

MASSACRE IN CAPITAL CHECKED.

Timely Warning Sent by Tewfik Pacha to Young Turks' Commander.

London, April 30 .- "The Daily Telegraph's" Con stantinople correspondent says that the report that preparations had been made for a general massacre last Saturday is absolutely confirmed. It appears, says the correspondent, that Tewfik Pacha forewarned the commander in chief of these prepara-tions on Friday. In consequence it was decided to issue a proclamation announcing the retention of the Sultan on the throne, and a forced march was made for fourteen hours, enabling Constantinople to be occupied on Saturday instead of Sunday, as originally planned.

AMERICANS NO LONGER IN DANGER.

Leishman Sends Reassuring Messages -Pleased with New Government's Methods. [From The Tribune Bureau.

Washington, April 29.—Reassuring dispatches from Ambassador Leishman at Constantinople have added to the confidence felt at the State Depart-ment that there is no longer cause for apprehension as to the welfare of Americans in Turkey. Mr. Leishman has informed the department that, following the restoration of good order in Constantinople and the peaceful deposition of the former Sultan, a large force of soldiers has been sent to the provinces near Alexandretta and Adana for the purpose of quelling any outbreaks which may be serious disturbances will endanger the foreigners in those provinces, but the new Turkish government has decided that every emergency must be met

there will be no necessity for martial law after another week or two. He says the merchants have begun to do their usual business, and that in a short time normal conditions will prevail. The trials of offenders are being conducted with dispatch, and all the citizens seem bent on preserving

RUSSIAN HINT OF INTERVENTION.

Further Massacres in Asia Minor May Lead to International Action. St. Petersburg, April 29.-Neither the Foreign Of-

fice nor the Turkish Embassy here has received confirmation of the dispatches telling of a revival of the massacring at Adana, but, if the reports are true, the situation may lead to the landing o marines in Turkey by international agreement.

The attitude of the troops in Asiatic Turkey is the chief source of anxiety to the Foreign Office, where some doubt is expressed as to the ability of the new Turkish government to cope with a situa-tion so far from Constantinople, as, for instance, at Erzeroum. The Governor of Erzeroum has expressed his loyalty to the new Sultan, but the soldiers are an uncertain factor.

The Foreign Office has not yet taken any official step toward the recognition of Mehmed V, and Emperor Nicholas has not sent him a telegram of congratulation, but the new government will be most welcome if it puts an end to the chronic uncertainty of the situation in Macedonia

MOSLEMS IN INDIA AROUSED.

Calcutta, April 29.-The recent events in Turkey whose organ says to-day that the deposition of Abdul Hamid has caused resentment among an overwhelming majority of the Turks outside of of congratulation have been sent to the new Sultan. In them the hope is expressed that no si will be taken against the life of Abdul Hamid.

DEPOSED RULER AT SALONICA.

Salonica, European Turkey, April 29.—The de-posed Sultan of Turkey, Abdul Hamid, arrived here late last night from Constantinople. He was accompanied by two of his sons and a suite of seventeen persons, including eleven women of his harem. They were escorted quietly to the villa in the suburbs set aside for their use

Art Exhibitions and Sales.

TO-NIGHT AT 8:30 Fifth Ave. Art Galleries "SILO BUILDING," 546 Fifth Ave., Cor. 45th St. 65 Marine

PAINTINGS Fine Examples of The Eminent Artist JAMES G. TYLER.

The Exhibition Until Sale.

Another Attempt to Wipe Out Armenian Population.

which began there again last Sunday continued for two days, that a terrible fire was destroying the Christian quarter of the city, and that fur ther efforts were being made to stamp out the

Armenian population. This message was from Stephen R. Trowbridge, the missionary. It probably was dated April 27. It was transmitted by the captain of the British battleship Swiftsure through the British Embassy to the Rev. W. W. Peet, the representative here of the American Board. The dispatch is as follows:

The fighting, which began again in Adana Sunday night, has continued for two days. A terrible fire is destroying the Christian quarter of Adana, and an effort is being made to stamp out the Armenians. The local officials refuse to furnish us with a sufficient guard. No attempt has been made to put out the fire. The tempt has been made to put out the fire. The Vali and the other Turkish officials are showing the most criminal indifference. Although martial law has been proclaimed it has produced no effect in restoring confidence. The last resort for us and the English will be to retire to Mersina, as we are still in daily danger. Please inform Washington and Boston. TROWBRIDGE.

The captain of the Swiftsure adds that while this message was being transmitted another telegram came to him direct from Adana, saying that the fire had been extinguished.

SUFFERING IN ADANA.

Three Hundred in Hospitals, 15,000 Homeless-Vali Blamed.

Adana, Saturday, April 24.-The emergency hos pitals established here contain three hundred patients suffering from wounds, many of whom The average number of wounds to each patient is four. There is great need of and medical supplies. Practically the entire Armenian population of Adana, fifteen thousand persons, is homeless. The sufferers are without bedding or clothing, and the food supplies in the shops are exhausted.

Some of the wounded Armenian women have told Miss Wallace, an English nurse, that they were shot by the Moslems because they screamed when they saw their husbands killed before their eyes. Many Armenian girls were carried off by the Turks. A large number of mutilated bodies have been found in the houses of the city. During the first five days of the disorders, while

fighting, killing and plundering were going on on all sides, the Vall of Adana kept the Turkish troops in the Government House day and night under orders. On the sixth day he ordered them to put a stop to the fighting, which could have been done on the first day. Stephen Trowbridge, an American missionary,

said to-day: "One man is responsible for the dis-orders here. This is the Vali himself. He had it in his power to suppress lawlessness and massacre but deliberately refrained from doing so. He said simply: 'We are not responsible.'
"The better class of Turks in Adana," Mr. Trow

bridge continued, "the members of the Comm of Union and Progress, are deeply grieved and sad-dened at these dreadflu events. Some of them are ready to join us in relief work for the Armenians. One bey already has opened his house to refugees." It is probable that the best elements of Adana will demand the execution of the Vali. William Chambers, another American missionary,

is caring for seven hundred refugees in his house and on his grounds.

One of the most threatening features of the situation to-day is the garbage and filth in the streets, which have not been cleaned for a week. There is not enough water for drinking purposes or to dress he wounds of the injured.

The local authorities have rescued much plunder from the looters, but none of it has been returned to the owners. There are great piles of loot in Government House.

Scenes of great brutality occurred in the neighboring towns of Bagliche, Osmanieh and Hamidieh. In addition to killing the men the Moslems carried off women and children for slaves. Conditions in the country are terrible. Dead bodies are lying out on the fields. Great numbers of Armenian farm ses have been burned. Conditions are most un sanitary, and dysentery is beginning to appear.

CASTRO CONTINUES HIS ANTICS.

Visits Tomb of His "Prototype," Napoleon-May Try to Reach Colombia.

Paris, April 29.-Cipriano Castro, of Venezuela, is rapidly recovering his health. He drives out in an automobile every day. He predicts a revolution in in which the new constitutional government has taken hold of the situation, and he predicts that there will be no necessity for martial law. Venezuela within six months, but says that he has

> Castro visited the tomb of Napoleon and seemed greatly impressed. As he uncovered he said: "There lies the greatest man of modern times. He knew

lies the greatest man of modern times. He knew how to govern his people and at the same time cover himself with glory."

In the Napoleonic Museum Castro examined the battle trophies and contemplated for a long time the Emperor's famous hat. As he left the building and was about to step into his automobile he stopped and kissed the hand of a baby in a perambulator, saying, as he turned to the astonished mother: "In years to come you can tell the child that a general, the president of a republic, kissed her hand."

WOMEN SUFFRAGISTS DIVIDED.

Delegates Leave Session After Dispute Over Constitutional Provision. London, April 29 .- A serious split in the ranks

of the woman suffragists occurred to-day at the morning session of the International Suffragists' Alliance, and as a result a body of delegates left the hall.

The trouble developed in the course of the discussion of the constitution of the organization. Some of the societies desired to enlarge the mem-Some of the Society that the leadership of Dr. Anna Shaw, one of the American delegates, the conference voted to reserve membership in the alliance to societies having the enfranchisement of women as their sole object. Dr. Shaw made a vigorous speech opposing the inclusion of organizations hav ing ulterior objects, and said the fatal effects of this course had been seen in America.

The decision of the conference brought out a storm of protest from the adult suffragist societies, whose delegates left the meeting in a body. nan suffragists to-night were the guests

of the English suffragettes at a grand rally held at Albert Hall. The feature of this gathering was the presentation of special badges to each of the omen sitting on the platform who had suffered imprisonment "for the cause

THE LAURENTIC ON MAIDEN VOYAGE.

Liverpool, April 29.-The new steamship Laurentic, rom here to-day for Montreal on her maiden trip. Her sailing to-day marks the entry of the White Star Line into the Canadian trade, in conjunction with the Dominion Line. The new steamship Megantic will also be engaged in this service.

EVELYN THAW FINED \$250.

Judge McAvoy Imposes Penalty for Contempt of Court and Will Appoint a Receiver. Judge McAvoy, of the City Court, yesterday ad-

udged Evelyn Nesbit Thaw in contempt of court for disobeying two summonses to appear for examination in supplementary proceedings. Court imposed on Mrs. Thaw a fine of \$250 and will appoint a receiver for her property.

The supplementary proceedings were brought by Elise L. Hartwig, a milliner, on a judgment for Daniel O'Reilly, attorney for Mrs. Thaw, had explained her absence from court by saying that as she was not living in this city the service of the summons was faulty. Judge McAvoy says in his

decision: The debtor is guilty of contemptuous co Advice of counsel will not avail to excuse the failure of obedience to the mandate of the justice Unless Mrs Thaw pays the fine within five days a commitment will be issued. The amount of the fine will be credited on the judgment.

NADIR PACHA HANGED.

here to-day from Adana said that the fighting | Young Turks Kill Conspirators in Capital-The Cabinet.

Constantinople, April 29.- The Constitutionalists have lost no time in bringing the conspirators in the recent rising to trial. The military court, sitting in the War Office, to-day condemned about 250 prisoners to death, and they were executed. Nadir Pacha, the second eunuch of the palace, whose sen-

tence was pronounced yesterday, was hanged at dawn on the Galata Bridge, and his great body was viewed by thousands in the early morning The National Assembly, which met to-day under the presidency of Said Pacha, decided that Sultan Mehmed V should take the oath to support the constitution within a week. The Assembly also ratified the deportation of Abdul Hamid to Salonica. It is not expected that the new Cabinet will be completed before Saturday. The difficulty at present consists in finding suitable men for the minis-tries of finance and interior. Tewfik Pacha, who

will be the Grand Vizier, has sent a communication to several provincial officials on this subject. The

government has decided to send a commission to

Adana to try by court martial the instigators of the massacres, and the members are authorized to act with the utmost severity. It is alleged that the chief authors of the recent outiny were Abdul Hamid's favorite son, Prince Mehmed Burhan Eddine; Rear Admiral Said Pacha, son of Klamil Pacha, the former Grand Vizier, and Nadir Pacha, who were engaged for a long time prior to the rising in corrupting the troops. The

Asni Bey, inspector general of the Salonica police who was charged with the transport of the former Sultan to Salonica, relates that when he arrived at the palace at 1 o'clock in the morning he found Abdul Hamid in a large hall, which was illuminated as if for a gala occasion by every candle and torch that could be found in the building. This was because Abdul Hamid dreads darkness; he has always been in fear of an assassin. He sat alone, with the exception of two eunuchs, in a corner i the same negligent attire as on the previous day, when the deputation from the National Assembly informed him of his deposition

ABDUL HAMID PLEADS IN VAIN. On being informed that he must depart, he begged not to be taken to Salonica. He wanted to go to the Cheraghan Palace. Finding his suppli-cations in vain he resigned himself to his fate. He entered the carriage in a dejected manner and spoke not another word. Arriving at the railway station, he appeared to be stunned by fear, and was obliged to steady himself by grasping the rail-ing leading into the car, which by the irony of fate was a carriage bearing his own monogram, which was a carriage bearing in own moreover, the himself had ordered built, but had ridden in only once for a short trip, which had left him with a This therefore was his first hatred for railways.

long journey in the imperial car. The body of Nadir Pacha, who was hanged on the Galata Bridge, which connects Stamboul with the quarters of Galata and Pera, was allowed to swing until 8 o'clock in the morning, and tho sands of the people stopped to look at the great Nubian, whose name was a terror under Abdul Hamid. He was fully six feet four inches tall. Nadir was executed after a trial by court martial on the charge that he instigated the mutiny of the troops on April 13. He was reputed to be intensely ambitious, subtle and insensible to the sufferings of others. He was one of the trio who forme Abdul Hamid's' private cabinet under the old regime. The other members of this cabinet were Izzet Pacha and Fehim Pachs. The former, the Sultan's secretary, is now in hiding in London, and the latter, who was head of the Sultan's spy sys tem, has been assassinated somewhere in Russia.

Nadir Pacha came to the imperial palace as slave, and grew up in that hothouse of intrigue. After the departure of Izzet and Fehlm. Abdul Hamid relied entirely on Nadir, who was regarded as having been the chief conspirator in the recent re-

Motor omnibuses made their first appearance he streets of Constantinople on the day when the constitutionalist troops entered the city. The vehi-cles belonged originally to a London company. They have been well patronized, chiefly on the score of their novelty. They are driven by London chauffeurs, but the men find the narrow streets of the city difficult to traverse. Their chief complaint, however, is of the slowness of the people in getting on and off. The streets of the city are way suited to this form of transportation and as a result the vehicles have had a number of accidents. Yesterday one exploded and was quickly burned up. There was no loss of life.

CONGRATULATIONS TO NEW SULTAN. Mehmed V, the new Sultan, already has received of the world on his accession.

King Edward and President Failières were the first to arrive. Many telegrams welcoming the change have come from the provinces. Lufti Bey, Secretary General of the Foreign Ministry, has been appointed First Chamberlain to the

new Sultan; Halidzia Effendi, a well known author, has been made First Secretary of the Imperial Chancellery, and Remsi Bey, commander of the Salonica chausseurs, has the post of first aid to his majesty. Three monuments commemorating the events of

last Saturday are to be erected in the capital b public subscription. Official notice was given to-day that the people

of the city would be allowed to remain on the streets until 10:30 o'clock at night.

WHERE THE NICKELS GO.

P. S. C. Figures Out When and Where Traffic Is Heaviest.

A map showing the hourly ticket sales on the various transportation lines in New York City has been prepared by the Public Service Cor sion, to be shown at the City Planning and Mu nicipal Art Exhibition, which will open in the 22d Regiment Armory, at 67th street and Columbus avenue. The figures given are those for February 17, 1909, which was taken as an average

The station at which the greatest number of tickets was sold in any one hour was the Manhattan terminal of the Brooklyn Bridge. At the height of the evening rush hour 29,000 tickets were sold at this station. This represents elevated traffic only. The next highest figure was the sale of 11,000 tickets at the Atlantic avenue terminal of the subway in the busiest hour of the morning rush to Manhattan.

The following table shows the highest sales for one hour at various stations in the subway:

Station.	Morning.	
Atlantic avenue	10,900	1,3
Nevins street	2,816	
Hoyt street	2,320	
Borough Hall	4,100	1,1
South Ferry	563	
Wall street	703	6.0
Fulton street	1.480	7.6
Brooklyn Bridge	6,303	5,2
14th street	1,701	6.3
23d street	902	5,1
Grand Central	4.800	3.5
Times Square	1,300	6,0
72d street	1.801	9
96th street	2,605	
137th street	1,800	
181st street	1,500	
Dyckman street	130	. 1
207th street	60	
215th street	4	
225th street	140	
231st street	112	
9424 street	500	2
110th street (Lenox)	4,000	4
ligth street (Lenox)	3,000	
195th street (Lenox)	1.800	1,4
135th street (Lenox)	2,110	4
145th street (Lenox)	700	:
Mott avenue (Lenox)	200	1
Prospect avenue (Lenox)	1,505	
180th street (Lenox)	280	

It was discovered that the hourly ticket sales on the surface roads crossing the Williamsburg Bridge were nearly as large as those on the surface cars crossing the Brooklyn Bridge in the evening rush The ticket sales in the morning on the Lenox avenue branch of the subway are much heavier than on the Broadway division.

DINNER FOR LEWIS M. SWASEY.

Lewis M. Swasey, who was reappointed Records Commissioner of Kings County on Wednesday, was the guest of honor at a dinner of one hundred friends, including prominent Republican politicians, last night at the Invincible Club, Brooklyn, of which he is president. The dinner was in recognition of his fiftieth birthday. Mr. Swasey was presented with a diamond ring.

New Association of Scientists Seeks Incorporation.

Application has been made to the Supreme Court for a certificate of incorporation for the American Home Economic Association, the ob ject of which will be to improve the condition of living in the home and in the community

The association, which will be of a national character, will teach the family the scientific method of spending money in the home and a practical method of maintaining the establish nent. The officers are. President, Mrs. Ellen H. Rich, of Boston; vice-presidents, Miss Isabelle Bevier, of the department of household science, University of Illinois; Dr. C. F. Langworthy, of the United States Department of Agriculture, and Miss Marie Urie Watson, of Guelph, Ont., director of the home economic department of the Provincial College: secretary and treasurer, Benjamin R. Andrews, of No. 600 West 135th street, director of the new school of household arts at Columbia University. Mrs. Mary Snow, director of the department of domestic science at Pratt Institute, is one of the ten directors of the association.

The association is the outcome of a meeting at Washington last December of two hundred teachers of domestic science from different colleges. The local body has two hundred mem-With the branches to be organized throughout the country, it is expected there will be a membership of one thousand. The association will also have an official publication, to be called "The Journal of Home Economics.

JORDAN'S STORY TOLD.

Account of Actions as Related to Alienist Presented.

Cambridge, Mass., April 29.-Additional testimony bearing on the mental condition of Chester S. Jor-dan, both before and after the murder of his wife, and his own account of his actions during the as related to an alienist, were presented at the trial of the young man to-day. The defence won a point at the outset by obtain permission to introduce the conversation with Dr. William McDonald, jr., of Providence, when that alienist talked with Jordan in jail a month after the murder. The District Attorney, in objecting to the testimony, asserted that Jordan was coached to assume insanity within a day or two after his arrest, and that Dr. McDonald's evidence had no bearing on the case. Dr. McDonald related how Jordan told him of hearing strange voices, that it was God's will, that he was not responsible for the murder and that his mind at the time was more o less of a blank. He did, according to the witness, recall striking his wife with a flatiron and of knocking her down stairs, but Dr. McDonald said the made no mention as to how he brought the body back into the kitchen and dismembered it.

McDonald said that Jordon was suffering from a disease which was affecting his spinal column and brain, and it was his opinion that he should be confined for the rest of his life. In fact, the physician was of the opinion that this confinement should have begun years ago.

On cross-examination, he said that he thought that Jordan was not morally responsible for the

TO KEEP SHIPS ABROAD.

Naval Officers Think European Squadron Will Be Re-established.

Washington, April 28.-That there will be established a permanent naval squadron in European waters is the expectation of naval officers. It has been nearly twenty years since there was a naval command known as the European station. The vessels in European waters were withdrawn owing the fact that the detail to duty on the European station was one of the most unpopular to which naval officers could be assigned, largely because of the expense involved in serving on ships which visited the various continental ports. The officers were compelled to accept and return entertainment at their own expense. Later it became the policy of the government to send naval vessels to pean waters only upon occasions of special cere-

nony and as a courtesy to foreign governments.

The naval force in Turkish waters will soon in-clude the North Carolina, the Montana and the New York, and naval officers express much interest prospect that some officer will be detailed mand this special squadron, for which duty Rear Admiral Raymond P. Rodgers is being mentioned The largest three ships will assemble at Alex-andretta, and the duration of their stay in that neighborhood will depend entirely upo which come from the American Ambassador at Constantinople. The situation may so develop that it will be necessary to re-establish a European squadron, in which case it is likely that the com-mand will be made up of four or five vessels of various types, it being deemed inadvisable to dis turb the homogeneity of the Atlantic fleet.

ARMY AND NAVY ORDERS.

[From The Tribune Bureau.] Washington, April 29. ORDERS ISSUED .- The following orders have

ARMY. Lieutenant Colonel CHARLES RICHARD, medical corps, from Fort Jay to San Francisco, to sail August 5 for

Lieutenant Colonel CHARLES RICHARD, methadology from Fort Jay to San Francisco, to sail August 5 for Philippines.

Major SAMUEL HOF, ordnance department, from Hot Springs to proper station.
Following assignments to infantry regiments of officers recently promoted ordered; Lieutenant Colonel ARTHUR C. DUCAT, 20th Major ARMEN, It. CAPLAIN COLONEL ST. COLONEL ST. CHARLES H. FRIER, Th. CAPLAIN WAIT C. JOHNSON, 18th, Captain J. MILLARDE LITTLE, 28th, Captain JOHN L. BOND, 1st; Captain JOSEPHUS S. CECIL, 18th; Captain EDWARD R. STONE, 14th, First Lieutenant HORATIO K. BRAD-FORD, 26th; First Lieutenant HORATIO K. GAMPANOLE, 11th; First Lieutenant NICHOLAS W. CAMPANOLE, 11th; First Lieutenant JOHN G. MACOMB, 18th; First Lieutenant JOHN G. MACOMB, 18th; First Lieutenant JOHN G. MACOMB, 18th; First Lieutenant L. WORTHINGTON MOSELEY, 30th.

30th.

Captain ROBERT S. OFFLEY from 30th to 1st Infantry.
Captain JOHN L. BOND from 1st to 30th Infantry.
Captain FRANK A. COOK, commissary, from Washington
to San Francisco, to sail June 5 for Philipplines.
First Lieutenant JOHN S. LAMBIE, Jr., medical corps,
from Fort Monroe to San Francisco, to sail July 5 for
Philipplines.

Philippines.

First Lieutenant HENRY L. HARRIS, Jr., 3d Field Artillers, home, await retirement.

First Lieutenant CLARENCE K. LA MOTTE from 14th to 19th Infantry.

First Lieutenant JOHN G. MACOMB from 19th to 14th Infantry.

First Lieutenant CONDON C. MCORNACK, medical re-

FIRE Elegienant JOHN G. MACOMB from 19th to 14th Infantry
First Lleutenant CONDON C. M'CORNACK, medical reserve corps to Vancouver Barracks.

First Lieutenant J. MARCHAL WHEATE, medical reserve corps from Fort Snelling to Fort Lincoln.

Leaves of absence: Captain FRED W. PALMER, medical corps to absence: Captain FRED W. PALMER, medical corps to the ments: Captain ALEXANDER E. WILLIAMS, quartermaster, and First Lieutenant GEORGE.

B. SHARON, 30th Infantry, one month; First Lieutenant HENRY I. HARRIS, Jr., 3d Field Artillery, one month and eighteen days; First Lieutenant CLARENCE C. KRESS, to June 1; Second Lieutenant NELSON A. GOODSPEED, 3d Cavairy, four months from May 25; First Lieutenant WADE H. CARPENTER, coast artillery, two months from June 28.

NAVY. Lieutenant W. T. CONN, Jr., detached the Montgomery, May 10, to the Tonopah. Lieutenant F. W. STERLING, detached the Dixie, May 10; to the Tonopah. Lieutenant H. E. COOK, detached the Alabama, May 10; to the Chicago. Lieutenant H. E. COUR.

to the Chicago.
Lieutenant E. E. SCRANTON, detached the Georgia,
May 10; to the Hartford.
Lieutenant C. T. WADE, detached the Ohio, May 10; to Lieutenant C. T. WADE, detached the Ohio, May 10; to the Hartford, Lieutenant H. E. KIMMEL, to the Louisiana, Lieutenant R. W. KESSLER, to recruiting station, Cin-cinnati.

cinnati. Lieutenant C. H. BULLOCK, to recruiting station, Detriotic trust of the second of Surgeon E. M. BLACKWELL, detached Naval Academy, to the Chicago.

Passed Assistant Surgeon W. N. M'DONNEL, detached Naval Academy; to the Hartford.

Assistant Surgeon D. G. SUTTON, detached Naval Academy; to the Tonopah.

Assistant Surgeon A. L. CLIFTON, detached Naval Hospital, Philadelphia; to recruiting station, Cincinnati.

MARINE CORPS. Captain C B HATCH, detached navy yard, Portsmouth;

to command naval prison navy yard, Boston, vice
captain C C CARPENTER, to marine barracks,
same station, vice Captain J. C. TURRILL, to naval
prison of the principle of the pr

First Lieutenant T. H. BROWN, detached marine bar-racks, Washington; to marine barracks, Naval Acad-Pirst Lieutenant S. H. GIBSCH, retired, appointed member general court martial, navy yard, Washington, Second Lieutenant T. M. POTTS, Jr., detached navy yard, Washington; to marine barracks, Naval Academy, Leaves of absence; Cclonel H. K. WHITE, First Lieutenants A. M. SUMNER and R. H. DAVIS, one month.

PRAISED BY THE BAR.

Says Newspaper Criticism Keeps Young Men from Politics.

the grand jury panel of New York County at a dinner given in his honor by that body at the time in the 250 years' history of the system that the grand jury had ever given a dinner for any

The dinner had no political significance, it was declared, and according to W. B. Van Ingen, an artist, who acted as toastmaster, the diners were there "to show by their presence that they believed the District Attorney to be both honest and efficient." It was a reply to the many criticisms that have been levelled at the District Attorney, some of which were embodied in charges sent to the Governor.

Speeches by Mr. Van Ingen, Cyrus L. Sulzberger, Martin W. Littleton and DeLancey Nicoll, once a District Attorney himself, contained praise for the work of Mr. Jerome, but if any one had expected work of Mr. Jerome, but it any amyoralty boom to be launched he must have been disappointed. A silver loving cup, a foot and a half high, was presented to the guest of the

As for Mr. Berome, he bemoaned the fact that here was no longer a future for young men in pub

"We have come to a reign of and for the news papers," he said, "and liberty will be imperilled un-

ess their criticism be checked." The speaker said he wanted to wage no war with the newspapers, and gave them credit for doing much service in the interests or justice, but de-clared they had to cater to the public clamor. He cited the Legislature as an example of unjust critiism and said there were men who dared not offer honest criticisms against the Public Service bill for fear they would be classed with the "Black Horse Cavalry." He voiced his esteem for the Governor, bu said he believed the direct nominations bill was a 'gold brick," and that the members of the Assem bly and Senate were elected to have opinions of their own and not to follow the Governor slavishly.
"It is this constant driving of public men," he said, "that sends them into the arms of the party

boss, because they find they cannot stand alone in an honest conviction against the criticism of the demagogues.' Ignorant criticism, he continued, was not co

fined to the press. He cited the instance of a former Supreme Court justice, who at a meeting of the state Bar Association had inveighed against the wholesale granting of certificates of reasonable doubt. After saying that in the seven years of his tenure of office only nine such certificates had been granted out of sixty-nine applications, the District

Attorney added:
"If you are going to have such ignorant criticism
of the law from judges, what can you expect from newspapers? "I am impressed with the importance of bringing

the right men into public office," he said, in con-clusion. "We seem to think that if we can get a new law we have achieved a reform; but no statute, no matter how good, can be entorced unless you have the right public officers."

The District Attorney said that when he into office he believed the grand jury should be abolished, but had come to the conviction that it should be kept as a balance wheel and aroused to a sense of its great duty. He said that he would always be a reformer, but a wiser one than he had been at one time. He referred to the Metropolitan Street Railway and insurance investigations by saying it had been a source of gratification to him when the public was clamoring about certain things, to have a grand jury to whom he could explain his attitude.

"Did the grand juries inquire into these things? asked one of the diners.

"Yes," replied Mr. Jerome, "about one-third of the grand jurymen inquired about all these thingsstreet railways, insurance, the Police Department and public departments of various kinds."

Mr. Sulzberger recounted a story of a conversation with Mr. Jerome, in which the District Attorney had said he could see no violation of the law in cer-tain evidence he had taken in the insurance cases, and remarked that he supposed he would have to "take the gaff" for his opinion, but that any rightminded man with backbone had to be prepared to do that. The speaker compared the criticisms of Mr. Jerome with those levelled at Grover Cleveland and Governor Hughes. There was just this sug-gestion of a wish for future honors for the guest

gestion of the evening when Mr. Sulzberger said:
"Mr. Jerome, we believed in you when we elected you the first time; we believed in you when we reelected you, and we believe in you now to-day.

"So say we all of us!" sang the diners in chorus.

Mr. Nicoll said that if the modern idea of a grand jury—that it should find indictment on any bring in in a full year £2,300,000. The income from evidence or no evidenceconclusion the time would come when both the grand jury and the District Attorney would be

Lucines de Shinnecock Bay Tortué verte claire à l'Amontillado Céleri Radis Amandes Salées Truite de Rivière à la Meunière Noisettes d'Agreau, Montpellier
Pommes de terre Rissolées
Haricotte Verts Nouveaux
Timbales de Ris de Veau, Lavallière
Champignons frais
Suprèmés de Pintades sur Canapé
Asperges Nouvelles, Vinaigrette
Glacé Excelsior
trits Fours
Cond Montpellier
Glacé Excelsior
Fruits assortis

Petits Fours

Café Noir Haut Sauternes, 1896. Moet & Chandon White Seal Very Dry BALLOONING AT NIGHT.

Clifford B. Harmon Says It Is an Incomparable Enjoyment.

Ballooning by moonlight with only the music of Ballooning by moonight with only the must of the stars to soothe one, is, according to Clifford B. Harmon, the real estate man of this city, "the incomparable and supreme enjoyment." Mr. Harmon is qualifying to become a licensed

ilot of the Aero Club of America. One of the conditions is that a ride by night be taken in a balloon. Mr. Harmon took his first night sail in a swaying basket yesterday at North Adams, Mass., begin Adams No. 1. and was piloted by A. Holland Forbes, vice-president of the Aero Club. remaining aloft a trifle over five hours the aeronauts descended on Buck's Hill, near Waterbury

"I have the fever-got it bad," said Mr. Harmon last night. "Ballooning by moonlight! I saw it, felt it; but how can a man describe it?" Not long after we cut loose we were seven thousand feet in the air. We moved in a southeasterly directionand in a dream. We heard now and then the faint bark of a dog. It was cold, still and beautiful. Fear was the furthest removed from the minds both of us. The moon shone, while we travelled at the rate of fifteen or our, and, saying little, permitted our systems to become saturated with the sensations that the time and the place and the moon inspired."

Mr. Harmon gave his aerial itinerary for the next week. "On Saturday I mean to balloon from Philadelphia with Captain Atherton," he said. "On next Wednesday I am going to take another moonlight trip from North Adams. On next Friday I shall accompany Charles J. Glidden in his balloon from Springfield, and on the day following I shall go aloft in the Ben Franklin at Philadelphia, Cap-

tain Samuel A. King at the life line." Mr. Harmon will be aid to Mr. Forbes in the balloon race for the Lahm cup from Indianapolis on June 5. He means to qualify on that trip for a pilot's license. Then, he says, he will buy a dirigible balloon.

COMPETITIVE TELEPHONES PROMISED.

According to an official of the Long Acre Electric Light and Power Company there will soon be a competitive telephone system in this city. The Pub-He Service Telephone Company, he said, which had just been organized with a capital of \$10,000,000, has two hundred thousand applications for service. He said that it will begin work at once on a system which will use automatic instruments and exchanges.

of the Long Acre company's telephone franchise, which, he said, is unassailable. The Long Acre company, which is behind the new company, is now affording a limited light and power service on the East Side, and so keeping its franchise alive.

The new company has taken a lease for 999 years

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ERIE RAILROAD

The following IMPORTANT TIME TABLE CHANGES

EFFECTIVE MAY 2, 1909.

TRAIN 5. Cleveland Express will leave New York daily 6.30 P. M., instead of 7.10 P. M. TRAIN 9. Buffalo Express will leave New York daily 7.55 P. M., instead of 7.10 P. M. TRAIN 47. Southern Tier Express will leave New York daily 12 90 midnight, instead of 12 25 A. M. and run through to Chicago to replace TRAIN 7. leaving 9.10 P. M. withdrawn Also numerous changes in suburban trains.

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To be sold This (Friday) Afternoon and Evening at 2:30 and 8 P. M.

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A FREE TRADE BUDGET

Continued from first page.

navy. He said that to the increased expenditure on the navy and the old age pensions the deficit was largely due. A considerable increase in naval expenditure was to be expected again next year. as in the present state of mind in Europe it would be stupendous folly to refuse adequately to provide for defence. It would not be liberalism, but lunacy. He proposed to provide the necessary additional revenue as follows: By reducing the amount placed in the sinking fund by £3,000,000, and by

a revision of the income tax and estate duties. The tax on unearned incomes will be increased 2d. to 1s. 2d. in the pound, and the tax on earned in-comes over £2,000 will be raised to 1s. Persons earning under £500 a year have a special new abatement of f10 for every child under sixteen years of age. On incomes exceeding £5,000 a year there is to be a supertax of 6d. in the pound. It is esti-mated that the extra yield from the income tax this source is estimated for the current year, how ever, at only f500,000.

Regarding the death duties the minimum and maximum rates remain unchanged, but there will be an increase in the intervening scale estimated to yield an additional revenue of £2,550,000. It is calculated that a revision of the legacy and succession duties will produce an additional revenue of £1,370,000. Another proposal is an increase on a sliding scale of the stamp duties on share transac tions, calculated to yield an extra £1,400,000. The alterations in the stamp duties include the increase from 10 shillings, the present rate, to 20 shillings per cent on the transfers and sales of property. including the methods of disposing of property usually adopted with the object of escaping the death duties. There is a similar increase in the rate for the transfer of "bearer" securities, except colonial and government issues, while the stamp duties on transfers of other stocks and shares are raised to sums varying from sixpence to 2 shillings. Two shillings will be charged for a transfer the aggregate value of which is between £500 and £1,000. while 2 shillings more are added for every addi-

tional £1,000. The liquor licenses are increased, and from this ource it is estimated that the additional revenue will amount to £2,600,000. Another proposal is to tax land values and mineral royalties. It is estimated that these will yield this year \$80,000 and increase annually. Tea and sugar remain unchanged. The increase in the duties on spirits, with a customs excise of 45 pence a gallon, is expected to produce additional revenues of £1,600,000. It is proposed also to increase the duty on manufactured tobacco from 3 shillings to 3 shillings and 8 pence a pound, and to make an equivalent addi-tion to the duties on cigars, cigarettes and manufactured tobacco. Together these sources are expected to yield a total revenue of £1,900,000 a year.

LEADER OF MOB KILLED.

Brickyard Strike Results in Death of Italian. Fishkill, N. Y., April 29.-An unknown Italian

as shot and instantly killed in a clash between a rioting mob and the employes of the brickyard of the Watrous company on the outskirts of this village to-day. The brickyard workers in this neighborhood have been on a strike for higher wages for several days, and, as usual, mobs armed with clubs have driven the workers out of other yards. hundred men armed with clubs and stones left the yard of O'Brien & Vaughey in Fishkill to-day, and marched to the yard of the Watrous company, three miles up the river, which had been reopened after the strike. Patrick Quinn, foreman, and three other men employed at the Watrous yard met them. The mob, throwing stones, advanced on the four men, whereupon Quinn shot and killed the mob lead-The other rioters then dispersed.



AMERICAN WOMEN SAFE NEW ADANA OUTBREAK. OVER 200 EXECUTIONS TO TEACH HOME KEEPING. JURORS HONOR JEROME

District Attorney Jerome received the "O K" of Hotel Astor last night. It was said to be the first