I am not going to pay my respects to Judge Gaynor. When he gets off the bench, which he seems to treat more as a perch, and when he dissolves partnership with the Delty, the time will come for me to pay my respects to him, which I will do either in terms of respect or of despising him. Judge Gaynor said the other day that he had a gight to take everybody's vote. There is no doubt that he has a right to take everybody's vote, but there are some votes which no one ought to want. He has a right to take

There is no doubt that he has a right to take everybody's vote, but there are some votes which no one ought to want. He has a right to take Judge Roesch's vote, but what self-respecting man would pick that vote up from the gutter with a gloved hand? He has a right to take the votes of all the vice and crime subsidized by "Tim" Sullivan. He runs at the head of the vilest ticket the city has ever known.

Judge Gaynor has a right to believe himself the wisest man that ever lived. He has a right to make himself to make Murphy one of the three with himself to make Murphy one of the three with himself to make up the divine power. But by the time he has taken Roesch and "Christy" Sullivan into the partnership he will have the saddest collection ever seen. A man so anxious for office that he is willing to lend his name as a cloak for Tammany Hall, which means syndicated crime, to own New York for four years certainly must mistake his fellow citizens if he thinks they will vote for him. He has been a personal agitator from the bench for years. He either should have run for office four years ago, when he had the opportunity but not the nerve, or he should have left politics, or left the bench, to devote himself to what I know was a carefully devised conspiracy between the bench on the one hand and criminals on the other to get control of this city.

CHEER IVINS'S ATTACK.

CHEER IVINS'S ATTACK.

Mr. Ivins's statements about Gaynor were wildly cheered. After he was through the Tammany men over in the corner subsided. Mr. Ivins explained carefully that he came to the meeting as a Republican, that he was a Republican in national and state politics, but that in city politics he owned allegiance to no party,

He paid a rather mild tribute to Mr. Hearst, saying that he did not see why one should not speak a good word for a fellow citizen simply because he was of another political faith. He then talked at considerable length on the tenement house problem, and said that he came to the meeting to advocate ballot reform.

In the course of his remarks Mr. Ivins took time for a few more words about Gaynor. He spoke about the Public Service Commission bill, and said that it had received the hearty support of Mr. Hearst.

ticle from the bench on that bill more of envy, more of malice and more untruthfulness than I have ever seen in the same space in my life. "What constructive suggestion have we had

from Judge Gaynor?" Mr. Ivins said again. "Not one. He has said nothing about the playgrounds for children, nothing about what shall be done with Blackwell's Island, nothing about the development of the city. He is carrying the banner for the gang."

The meeting last night was said to be without official authorization. The purpose of it was evening that Charles E. Gehring and other leaders of the Independence League would be pres-There was evidently a strong hope and belief on the part of many that Mr. Hearst would be present. Mr. Gehring, however, came in late, and Mr. Hearst did not appear. Three men were thrown out in the course of the performance, L. S. Bedford being ejected twice. Two overflow meetings took care of the crowd

Immediately after the adjournment the chairman announced the nominating committee, as follows: Dr. J. O. Bush, Sylvester L. Malone, William A. Coakley, Dr. William I. Sirovitch and Dr. Joseph H. Byrne. The chairman also called a meeting of the committee, to be held forthwith, at the Hermitage, in Seventh avenue. Mr. Allen was to act with the committee, it was

Chairman Charles G. Gehring of the County Committee of the Independence League expressed himself early this morning as being greatly pleased with the result of the meeting. He said he had not heard from Mr. Hearst since the meeting and therefore could not say whether he would change his mind and accept.

There will be a formal notification soon, at which Mr. Hearst will have to commit himself. He may take the matter under advisement or he iswer at once, but in any case the league leaders are hoping that he will accept

There was some talk after the meeting about the other places on the ticket, and it was rumored that Charles S. Whitman, the fusion candidate for District Attorney, would be indorsed. John Purroy Mitchel, who is running for President of the Board of Aldermen on the fusion ticket, was also favorably spoken of.

Mr. Hearst and Mr. Gehring had a long talk yesterday, but discussed chiefly the organization of the new party, its name and emblem and where it would have its headquarters. The straw vote which has been taken during

the last couple of days showed a large majority for Mr. Hearst, it was said. But it was pointed out that the tickets were distributed where they would naturally come into the hands of Hearst supporters. One of the Hearst leaders announced that the ticket would get 80 per cent of the votes cast on Election Day.

METZ NOT TO RUN AS INDEPENDENT.

Controller Decides to Stick by Organization, Though He Has the Signatures.

Controller Metz announced last night he had about decided that he would not be a candidate for renomination by petition. He had signatures sufficient, he said, but he had decided he would not for the Controllership.

the swing of business again," he said, "and attend to some things which need care. I went into office an organization man, and an organization man There is nothing wrong with the Brooklyn

organization.
"I went into office to protect the city's interests, and I think I have done so to the best of my ability. There is nothing in the statement that an organization man cannot go into office and give a clean administration. As it looks now, I don't think I shall run again."

TAMMANY'S JUDICIARY CANDIDATES. The Democratic Municipal Court district con

In the 1st District there were three vacancies, Wauhope Lynn, William F. Moore and John Hoyer being renominated. In the 3d District Thomas E. Murray was renominated and Thomas F. Noonan was named to succees James W. McLaughlin. The 6th District convention renominated Herman John J. Dweer, a lawyer, of No. 206

Broadway, was nominated in the 8th District, to succeed Joseph P. Fallon.

In the 2d District Judge Benjamin Hoffman was renominated and Leonard A. Snitken was nomi-

THE FINEST Residential Byilding IN THE WORLD

ALWYN COVRT FIFTY- IGHTH STREET

And Seventh Avenve may now be inspected. The Svites inclvde 14 Rooms And 5 Bathrooms To Svites of 34 Rooms and 9 Bathrooms

At yearly rentals of \$6,500 to \$22,000

The Byilding Construction of "Alwayn Court" has been exervised by the Hedden Construction Company, Byilders of the Metropolitan Tower,

TAFT AT YOSEMITEGATE

VISITS BIG TREES TO-DAY.

To Spend Three Days in Valley-Trip from San Francisco.

El Portal, Cal., Oct. 6.-President Taft is safely tucked away to-night in this remote little settlement at the foot of the Sierras and near the gate way of the Yosemite Valley. Clad in khaki riding breeches, soft shirt, khaki coat, boots and cap, he will start to-morrow on a three days' trip of sightseeing. He will visit the giant sequoias in the Mariposa big tree grove, follow the roads and trails leading into the valley and walk about the floor of the park.

The visit to the big trees comes first in Mr. Taft's itinerary. Leaving here by coach early to-morrow morning, he and his party will be driven to Wawona, at the edge of the grove. He will be driven through a tunnel in the base of one of the trees, which is said to be from three thousand to five thousand years old. The forenoon of Friday will be given to the big trees, the President spending Thursday night at the hotel in Wawona.

On Friday afternoon the President will enter the park from one of the highest points, and, after a trip to all the show places of the upper levels will descend to the floor, which is inclosed by al-most perpendicular cliffs of stone, more than three thousand feet high. It will be the President's first trip into the Yosemite, and he has been looking forward to it for months, both as a sightseeing experience and as giving him three days of rest from crowds an i speechmaking.

CAVALRY ESCORT DECLINED. When the park officials heard that the President was coming they arranged to have a troop of United States cavalry act as his escort for the day among the big trees and the two days in the valley. Mr. Taft was informed of the plans at San Francisco, and he asked at once that the escort be dispensed with. He is anxious that the trip through the park shall be devoid of spectacular features, and that his visit shall be relieved as much as possible of an official character. The President was pretty tired from his strenuous day in San Francisco, Oakland and Berkeley yester-day, and retired early to-night in the little hotel

ill, and said that it had received the hearty apport of Mr. Hearst.

"But Judge Gaynor," he said, "but into an arcle from the bench on that bill more of envy, plain the wonders of the park and valley to Mr. Taft. The Yosemite recently was ceded by California to the United States and is now under the fornia to the United States, and is now under the control as the Yellowstone National Park.

Mr. Taft will be accompanied into the big tree grove and the park only by members of his own party and a California delegation, consisting of Governor Gillett, Senator Flint and Representatives Needham, McKinley and Englebright. Rains for the last ten days have put the roads in the best condition and provided a new supply of water for the falls, which at this season have small resem-

blance to the cataracts of the spring.

The ride into El Portal this afternoon furnished a acknowledged to be to force Mr. Hearst to run foretaste of the scenery that the next three days have and it was expected early in the 2:30 p. m., after an uneventful run down the San Joaquin Valley, the President's train began an eighty-mile run to the terminus of the Yosemite Valley Railroad, at this place.

> UNIRRIGATED LAND FOR GOLF LINKS. At Merced a golf stick, made of eucalyptus wood, gold mounted, was presented to the President. The presentation called out a speech, in which Mr. Taft suggested that unirrigated land be turned into open golf links for the public. He said:

suggested that unifrigated land be turned into open golf links for the public. He said:

I am very much touched by your kindness in giving this to me, this memento of my visit. It nas reference to the game of which I am very fond. The game of golf is an old Scotch game, played in Scotland by everybody, from boys to old men, and from the poorest to the richest. They have what they call "open links," that is, golf grounds devoted to the public, and I sinceriely hope that in this country the game will spread.

We don't in this country need games for boys from fifteen to twenty-five or thirty, because we already have them. I suppose I am looking at some baseball fans equal to myself in that regard. I don't know how it is with you, but I have got beyond by baschall playing days. The game of golf remains with you from fifty to seventy. Indeed, I have played with a man very nearly eighty, and he best me. It is a game that leads you to walk without realizing that you are walking. When you play a game of eighteen holes and walk upward of four or five miles, there is only a pleasant feeling of fatigue and none of that violent exercise that you have in baseball or tennis.

I am hopeful that out here you may have land not irrigated that you can devote to this game. There is that about it. When you first see the game you will appreciate the tone of ridicule that generally with a stick around a field, but after you have they of commons a week's holiday in order to enable driven two or three blows at that ball and found that, although it is considerably larger than a driven two or three blows at that ball and found that, although it is considerably larger than a first the foundation, if any were necessary, that the King Street was kept busy all day long—a further indication, if any were necessary, that the King street was kept busy all day long—a further indication, if any were necessary, that the King street was kept busy all day long—a further indication, if any were necessary, that the King street was kept busy all day lon

that, although it is considerably larger that quinine pill, it is not large enough to hit, realize the training of character that there is if don't know any game that is so provocativ prefanity as golf. I don't know any game makes one so ashamed of your profanity. It game full of moments of self abasement, with the few moments of self exaltation, and we alicans, who are not celebrated for our modesty, find such a game excellent training. Certain find such a game excellent training. Certainly, maintaink. I am sure, that those gentlemen over fift who are in need of something and do not know that, if they will only organize a golf club an get the golf sticks and golf balls and chase ther around six thousand wards every afternoon, the wall become a great deal more contented with lift in which the Lord has left them.

On the way from Man.

On the way from Merced to El Portal this evening the President's train bumped into a handcar which a section hand was trying to get off the The car was little damaged, no one was hurt and there was no delay.

A great crowd greeted the President at Modesto at noon, and he spoke briefly, saying:

"It is very good of you to come out and give me this cordial welcome this morning." We had a pretty trenuous day in San Francisco yesterday, and 'oday I feel like a boy out of school after an exam ination. I don't want to do anything but smile and hink that it is over. However, it is very pleasant when you are going through it. I am glad to see ou and to look into your faces and to know that ou are all looking forward to accomplishing someing and becoming even more well-to-do than you are now, for that is the American spirit that I find all over the country. And I am glad to know that it is in California as well as in Washington, and in enter the campaign as an independent candidate Idaho, Montana, Colorado, and even in Utah among the Mormons. It makes a man proud to I have made all arrangements to get back into | belong to such a race, for we are a distinctive race.

SAYS MR. TAFT WAS MISINFORMED.

Deliberately So, Regarding Alaska, Delegate Wickersham Thinks.

Fairbanks, Alaska, Oct. 6.-"Mr. Taft has been misinformed regarding conditions in Alaska-de-

address at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition, Phillips. last week, in which he said that Alaska was not yet ready for a territorial form of government.

Mr. Wickersham declared that he would work in Congress for Alaskan legislation, just as though the President had not announced himself as opposed to self-government. He advised Alaskans to enter upon a "campaign of education."

JEROME EXPECTED TO WITHDRAW

Finds Fight for District Attorneyship Hopeless-Will Issue a Statement.

William Travers Jerome is about to withdraw as a candidate for District Attorney. Rumors to this effect have been current for several days, but it was ing said that eighteen thousand poor persons had ould admit the possibility of such a thing. Jerome is expected to issue a statement to-day or to-morrow, in which he will officially announce his retirement and give his reasons for doing so.

The conditions in the campaign have not been what the District Attorney expected, and he has evidently decided that he might as well retire grace-fully now as be beaten in November after a strenuous campaign. When he started as an independent candidate he counted either on getting a regular party nomination or on finding three tickets against In either case he saw prospects of success, but when the Republican and Tammany conventions both overlooked him and the Independence League did not give indications of supporting a third can didate, his ambition gave way to his judgment and he considered the advisability of dropping out of what looked to be a hopeless struggle

Mr. Jerome obtained a large number of petitions nominating him at the start of his campaign, and gave every appearance of being prepared fo. a hard fight. In the last few days, though, he has done little but watch developments. These have surprised the District Attorney, and he has made up his mind that there is no use in spending his friends' money in a campaign that seems doomed to disSCHOOL days are the days when most of the important habits of life are formed. Teach your children the daily use of

Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder

and they will some day rise to call you blessed. It cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth and gives purity and fragrance to the breath.

KING CHECKING CRISIS HARVARD HOUSE OPEN

BUDGET INTERVENTION.

Belief That Lords Will Pass Bill-House Gets Vacation.

London, Oct. 6 .- While the House of Commons is concluding the committee stage of the budget, the King, assisted by unofficial advisers, is actively intervening to prevent the crisis which the government's flow intervening to prevent the crisis which the government's flow intervening to the committee of the crisis which the government's flow intervening the critical control of the critic ernment's financial proposals threaten to cause The House has accomplished its task as far as consideration of the bill is concerned. The last

lause passed in committee after a late sitting to-

night, the fight as far as Parliament is involved being adjourned until November 19, when the measure comes up for report. What the outcome of the King's intervention will be few are willing to prophesy. The leaders of both parties remain silent, but the rank and file still demand "no surrender," and refuse to believe that the leaders will give up the ground for which they have been fighting for months. A member of the Cabinet is quoted as saying that there will be

bill as it leaves the Commons It is likely, however, that the bill will be much modified before it leaves the lower house, thus enabling the Lords without loss of prestige to agree on the bill, on the understanding that the election will be held in January.

no compromise and that the Lords will pass the

The general public, which has the greatest confidence in the King's diplomacy, is waiting for the return of Premier Asquith from Balmoral. The Premier spent the day at his majesty's Scotch seat, where there have been long and earnest consulta tions directly between the King and the Prime Min-Hereford, who, having always taken a somewhat detached view of party strife, is better able to press his majesty's wishes on the leaders than any other public man in England.

It is a rather delicate matter for the King to in-tervene in domestic affairs, and, as a matter of fact, this is the first time he has openly done so. He has precedents for this, however, Queen Victoria having intervened twice—on the Irish Church bill, in 1869, and on the reform bill in 1885, when she successfully acted as mediator. The present issue is more serious, but the public is confident that the King's statesmanship will be no less successful than that

During his absence Premier Asquith has been in

BLACK PLEADS FOR THAW.

Appeal from Justice Mills's Decision in Court of Appeals.

Albany, Oct. 6.-Ex-Governor Frank S. Black appeared to-day before the Court of Appeals for Harry K. Thaw, and attacked the constitutionality of the act under which Thaw was committed to the Matteawan State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and the law ander which Thaw is being detained in that institution. It was Mr. Black's first appearance in the Thaw case. Charles Morschauser, who has acted as Thaw's counsel in recent proeedings, also appeared.

The case came up on an appeal from an order of the Appellate Division, Second Department, affirming an order of Supreme Court Justice Mills, of White Plains, in dismissing a writ of habeas corpus and refusing to order Thaw's release.

Mr. Black contended that Section 454 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, under which Supreme Court Justice Dowling ordered Thaw committed, was unconstitutional, because the commitment was ordered without due process of law. He held that there was no proof that Thaw was insane at the time of his acquittal.

"When the verdict of that jury," said Mr. Black, Thaw stood in that court a free and innocent

HARRY BENSON SERVED TERM HERE.

Founder of Feltham's Bank Says Brooklyn Man Gave Him \$25,000.

London, Oct. 6.-In the course of to-day's proceedings at the trial of Harry Benson, otherwise known as Bebro, on charges of fraud in connection with the bankrupt Feltham's Bank, which he founded, the prosecution drew from Benson the admission that he had been sentenced in New York James Wickersham, Delegate to Congress, thus to an indeterminate term of from five to nine years expressed himself to-day regarding the President's as a notorious thief, under the name of Harry

Benson also said that Alexander C. Chaffin, of Brooklyn, gave him \$25,000 twenty-three years ago, as compensation, Benson having been tried and acquitted at the Old Balley on a charge of obtaining goods from Chaffin by false pretences, for an alleged bogus American.

Harry Benson was arrested in London on August 21, 1908, together with a man named George Petty, and was charged with attempting to obtain money on fraudulent pretences. The two prisoners were directors of what was known as the International Securities Corporation, Limited, and of Feltham's not till yesterday that his campaign managers been defrauded by the International Securities Corporation and more than five hundred others by the bank. The judge at that hearing appointed a receiver, and remarked that the dealings of the companies were full of irregularities and that Benson was the chief offender.

BROOKLYN'S HARMONY SLATE.

The members of the provisional committee re cently appointed by the harmony committee to take charge of the Democratic party in Brooklyn and bring the pro-McCarrenites and the anti-Mc-Carrenites into harmony held a conference with the executive committee of the 23d Assembly Dis-trict, in Court Square, Brooklyn, last night, and made up the following slate:

John McCooey, present Deputy Controller, for Borough President. P. H. Quinn, leader of the 1st Assembly District, for Sheriff.

Sheriff, ed Lumby, of Coney Island, for Register, early P. Moiloy, of the 17th Assembly District, County Clerk.

Alex. J. Rooney and Ed. C. Gleinen, for Much hard feeling cropped out during the meeting, and it was announced after the meeting, by the antis that two more of McCarren's followers

AMBASSADOR'S SPEECH.

A Notable Address by Mr. Reid at Stratford.

[By Cable to The Tribune. Stratford, England, Oct. 6.-Harvard House was opened to-day with dignity and patriotic fervor as the American headquarters for swarms of transatlantic tourists visiting Stratford annually. Edward Morris's generosity in providing the money for the purchase and restoration of the ancient Tudor house, where John Harvard's mother was sheltered before her marriage, received full appreciation at an informal function in the house itself and at a pleasant luncheon at

Marie Corelli's residence. The American Ambassador, in the course of a short and felicitous address, gave a summary of the historical associations of the famous house with Shakespeare and the founder of Harvard University, laying stress on the farreaching literary influences of the poet's work and the foundation of liberal education in America. He connected the opening of the house as a Harvard institution abroad with the inauguration of the new president of the college, paying a fine tribute to President Eliot's successor as a man who had written as justly and generously about England as Ambassador Bryce had writ-ten about America. One of his most effective passages coupled ordered liberty and individual nitiative as the best characteristics of the American commonwealth.

The ambassador's address was delivered with faultless elocution and distinction of style, and was received with exceptional heartiness by an audience of about two hundred persons.

A pleasant feature of the luncheon was the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner" and "God Save the King" by Mme. Ada Crossley, and there was a full round of speeches by the ambassador, Philip Foster, Sir Thomas Lipton, Consul General Griffiths, Professor Chawner, R. C. Lehmann and others. The mayors of Stratford, Southwark and Cambridge were prominent figures at the two functions, and there were many notable people present, among them Mme. Navarro, E. A. Abbey, F. A. Millet and Congressman Alexander, of Buffalo.

Harvard House has been restored with painstaking care under Miss Corelli's direction, and, with its raftered ceiling, oak panelled room and curious Tudor mantel beading, becomes at once an additional show place of exceptional interest at Stratford.

[By The Associated Press.]

Stratford-on-Avon, Oct. 6.-While guests on Sir Phomas Lipton's yacht some months ago, Marie Corell, the novelist, proposed to Edward Morris, of Chicago, that the house built in Stratford in the sixteenth century by Alderman Thomas Rogers, the father-in-law of John Harvard, in which Harvard lived, should be preserved as a shrine for American travellers. The house, at the time of the proposal, was for sale and was likely to be demolished. Mr. Morris offered to purchase the place for Har-

and University, which he has s named Miss Corelli and Sir Thomas Lipton, with others, as trustees. Miss Corelli supervised the restoration of the quaint building to its original state, and organized the dedication ceremonies which were held to-day, about the time when Aboott Lawrence Lowell was installed as president of the university

Whitelaw Reid, the American Ambassador Great Britain, accepted the house on behalf of Harvard in the presence of a representative as sembly of Americans and English, most of whom came to Stratford on a special train with the am-bassador from London. Later Miss Corelli entertained more than a hundred guests at luncheon in the music hall of her residence, near by. can flags and Harvard crimson decorated both

Miss Corelli presented to Ambassador Reid the key of the house in a metallic casket, in an eloquent speech, in which she said:

"Stratford-on-Avon has long been the literary mecca of the American people, but they have not been able to call any portion of it their very own until this moment. For years they have come in thousands to this little town and have helped to spread the name and fame of it in all lands, but never have been given the smallest foothold in it doon which to stand under the folds of their Relating the failure of the town to buy the Har-

vard place when it was offered for sale, she said:
"When the worthy Stratford folk had their chance and missed it, I thought it was time to step in and make the locally undervalued property a gift to that wider world which has the intelli-gence and feeling to remember that from the lives of noble men in the past-men like John Harvardhave sprung all the rich results of the present, and men should be allowed to perish. In this spirit Harvard house has been rescued for all time Ambassador Reid, in accepting the gift, said:

"On the same day that Harvard gains a new president it gains not one but two new ties with England. One is this fine old Elizabethan survival, with its interesting double historical relations to tain from the Colombia Congress a concession to the Colombia Congress a concession of the Colombia Congress a concession of the Colombia Congress and Colombia Congress a concession of the Colombia Congress and Co the beginning of liberal education in America and to Shakespeare's Stratford, the chief shrine of our common literature. The second tie is also notable and more recent. Harvard gains to-day a president who has done some such service to England as your accomplished ambassador in Washington has done for America. He has understood it helped his countrymen to understand it. He has shown that human rights were not really invented n America any more than representative government and common law; that the old unhappy contention sprang out of a demand for English rights by the colonists; that under different forms both countries enjoy substantially the same rights, the same protection for life, liberty, property and the pursuit of happiness. "The outcome of this teaching must be the

realization that in a larger sense our two countries cannot escape their racial relations as one family still, cannot escape the inspiring fact that in their constant common devotion to the historic ideals and aspirations of their race lies the best hope for civilization and the peace of mankind." In closing the ambassador said:

"Standing in the home of Harvard's mother, by the authority of Harvard University I declare this house henceforth open as a free resort for all visiting sons of Harvard and a general rendezvous for all visiting Américans. May it serve that double purpose as long as our race prizes letters and honors Shakespeare." Frederick Townsend Martin paid a tribute to

Miss Corelli, saying: "Her present to Americans is beautiful, practi-

Rudoif Lehmann spoke eloquently in behalf of Harvard, and Sir Thomas Lipton for the trustees. At the luncheon "The Star Spangled Banner" was sung, and the Bishop of Winchester said grace in the Latin form which John Harvard used when a student at Emmanuel College, Cambridge. Ambassador Reid proposed the health of the King, and Philip S. Foster, member of Parliament for Strathad gone over to the opposition, making a total of six leaders who were opposed to McCarren. It was said last night that the McCarren men would yote the ticket formed yesterday.

sador Reid proposed the health of Philip S. Foster, member of Parlie ford, the health of President Taft.

Professor William Chawner, hea

Professor William Chawner, head of Emmanuel three sons

B. Altman & Co.

5TH AVENUE, 34TH AND 35TH STREETS, NEW YORK

WOMEN'S AND MISSES' MADE-UP SUITS AND COSTUMES

FOR STREET, AFTERNOON AND EVENING WEAR RIDING HABITS FOR CROSS- OR SIDE-SADDLE.

GARMENTS OF VARIOUS WEIGHTS FOR DIFFERENT CLIMATES.

A NUMBER OF STYLES ARE SHOWN IN BOTH LARGE AND SMALL SIZES.

DRESSMAKING AND TAILORING DEPARTMENT

B. Alfman & Co. Direct Attention Especially to THE DRESSMAKING AND TAILORING DEPARTMENT,

INDIVIDUAL STYLES FOR BRIDES AND BRIDESMAIDS.

WHERE GOWNS ARE MADE TO ORDER FOR ALL REQUIRE-

MENTS OF DRESS.

SPECIAL MENTION IS MADE OF MOURNING GARMENTS, READY TO WEAR AND MADE TO ORDER, INCLUDING SUITS, DRESSES AND MILLINERY, FOR THE DIFFERENT PERIODS OF MOURNING.

TRIMMINGS AND GARNITURES, COMPRISING TINSEL, BUGLE AND BEAD TRIMMINGS AND FRINGES IN GILT, STEEL AND SILVER: COLORED BEAD TRIMMINGS IN LIGHT AND DARK EFFECTS; PEARL AND OTHER JEWELED STYLES.

JET TRIMMINGS AND GARNITURES.

BRAIDS, JEWELED AND SOUTACHE BUTTONS, ETC.

Fifth Elvenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

College, and Henry C. Shelley, author of "John Harvard: His Life and Times," spoke to "The Noble Memory of John Harvard." Sir Thomas Lipton proposed the health of Mr. and Mrs. Morris. R. C. Lehmann spoke to "Harvard and Its New President." John L. Griffiths, of Indiana, consul general at London, paid a tribute to Shakespeare's memory, and Sir Joseph Lawrence proposed "Our

American Guests.' Among others at the luncheon were Lord Fairfax, Among others at the luncheon were Lord Fairfax.
Mr. and Mrs. Max Pemberton, Captain Sydney Cloman, the American military attaché at London, and Mrs. Cloman Commander Edward Simpson, the naval attaché at London, and Mrs. Simpson, the Stratford town officials and a large delegation from the American colony.

The house is one of the best examples of six-teenth century buildings existing in Stratford-on-teenth century buildings existing in Stratford-on-Avon. All modernities which had been introduced have been removed by Miss Corelli, and the house in the days of John Harvard. In the reparation of the building no new material has been utilized. The old timbers have been fully disclosed and carefully preserved. The house is a better specimen of a sixteenth century residence than is Shakespeare's

Harvard House was originally the home of Katherine Rogers, the mother of John Harvard. She went thence to be married to Robert Harvard, of Southwark, and from their union sprang the founder of Harvard University.

MAY REJECT TREATIES.

Popular Feeling in Colombia Still Angered Over Panama Settlement.

Bogota, Oct. 6.-There is reason to believe that unless Washington indicates a willingness to re-open negotiations concerning the tripartite treaties the Colombian Congress will compel the government to submit the treaties for consideration next week. The rejection of the treaties by Congress

is said to be practically certain. These treaties are between the United States, Panama and Colombia, and they concern the settlement of questions arising from the separation in 1903 from Colombia of the territory which now forms the Republic of Panama, including the recognition of Panama by Colombia.

Popular feeling is opposed to the acceptance of any agreement that neither provides what is considered commensurate compensation for the loss of Panama nor recognizes the injustice of the secession. The Foreign Office and Elliott Northcott, the American Minister, have been working together to reach an understanding in this matter that shall be mutually acceptable.

Japan's recent appointment of a consul general at Bogota is said in some quarters to have an nothing in any way connected with these great portant bearing on the treaty negotiations. This step was taken by Japan after an alleged secret exploration of the Atrato Canal line, another route for a canal across the isthmus. The consul general is said to have expressed privately his inten tion of co-operating with Luis Arturo Undurraga, a Colombian engineer, who is endeavoring to obconstruct the Atrato Transisthmian Canal with private capital. Señor Undurraga was recently in London, where he tried to interest a British syndicate in his enterprise.

> Washington, Oct. 6.-The United States government has not received from any quarter an intimation that either Colombia or Panama desires to reopen negotiations looking to the making of new treaties between the United States and Colombia. the United States and Panama and Panama and

> The United States consented to be a party to the tripartite treaties only with a view to a settlethe tripartite treaties only with a view to a section ment of the differences then existing between the two South American republics, by the terms of which the independence of Panama was to be which the independence of Panama was to be recognized. This government has no further interest in the matter than to perform a friendly act to beth countries, and it is a matter of no particular moment here whether the treaties are rati-

APPEAL AGAINST CONGO VERDICT.

Case of American Missionary To Be Taken to Higher Court.

Brussels, Oct. 6 .- The Kasai Rubber Company. which has a monopoly of rubber gathering in the Kasai region of the Belgian Congo, has decided to appeal against the verdict of acquittal of the American missionary, the Rev. W. H. Sheppard, handed down yesterday in the suit for libel brought against him at Leopoldville. Herr Vandervelde, cal and sentimental, a trio of traits that adorn her the Belgian Socialist leader, was the counsel for the missionary at the trial.

SUCCESSOR TO CHANG CHIH TUNG.

Peking, Oct. 6.-Tai Hung-tze, president of the Board of Justice, has been appointed Grand Councillor of the Empire in succession to Chang Chih us honors and at the same time promotes his

REPULSE OF THE MOORS.

Attack on Spanish Camp-Opposition to War at Madrid.

Melilla, Oct. 6.-The Spanish camp under General Sotomayer was attacked at 6 o'clock this morning by the Moors. The enemy was repulsed and shelled until 9 o'clock. The Spaniards lost two men

Madrid, Oct. 6.—The meagre Moroccan news pub-

lished to-day indicates a lull in the Spanish opera-tions against the Moors.

Three transatlantic liners are being armed for service on the Moroccan coast.

The entire editions of five republican newspapers have been confiscated by the authorities for pub-lishing an article by Señor Costa, the republican

leader, criticising the government.

The "Correo Español" publishes to-day an ascount of a secret meeting of the chiefs of the mil-tary party, who, it is said, advised King Alfonso b increase the army in Africa to 150,000 men, with a eserve force of 50,000.

Seffor Galdos, a republican Deputy and author, publishes an address to the people of Spain, urging them to compel the government to put an end to the Moroccan adventure and cease "the wicked persecutions which constitute an outrage to manity and disgrace Spain in the eyes of the

BIG BUDGET REQUESTS TO-DAY.

Board to Consider \$56,000,000 Estimates-\$3,500,000 Increase Asked for Schools.

Requests for more than \$56,000,000 will be considered ered at to-day's hearing of the Board of Est-mate and Apportionment. These requests include ncreases of about \$8,758,000 above the appropria tions for 1909.

The Board of Education increase includes M.M. 600 for a new salary schedule, which does not reo ognize the "equal pay for equal work" principle but which does embody the results of a summer study by the Board of Education, Education Association has asked a large number of citizens to write to the Mayor and Controller and President of the Board of Aldermen at their nomes before this morning's hearing, urging that

school requests be granted.

This is the first time that the Department of Docks and Ferries has been represented at budget hearings. Because it "paid its way" it has not heretofore told in advance how much it wanted to pay. Perhaps the most surprising feature of today's hearing is the small requested inc the Fire Department, only \$192,000. At least \$50,000 increase was expected.

The requests and the increases over the previous

\$8.631.932 75 \$1.189,733 55 8,232,556 02 192,990 52 3,300 00 militia
Department of Education
(President Winthrop)
College of the City of New 322,636 66 34,740,485 08 7,260,748 28 ollege of the City of New York (President Finley)... ermal College (President Davis) 653,088 25. 68,276 38 386.829 00 33.830 00 . \$56,333,371 18 \$8,757.879.2

NEW STEAM YACHT SPRANG A LEAK Queenstown, Oct. 6.- The steam yacht Winche er, owned by Peter W. Rouss, of New York, and flying the burgee of the New York Yacht Chil was towed in here this morning by the British steamer Baron Minto, with her forward comparements full of water.

The Baron Minto was towing the Winchester completed on the Clyde, fro to New York. In a violent gale off Fastnet yacht sprang a leak, and it was decided to put into Queenstown. The Winchester is a turbine vessel with a speed of twenty-eight knots. She looks exactly like a torpedo boat.

