Physicians Say a Week Must Flapse Before They Can Give Assurance of Recovery.

### SPEAKS TO HIS RELATIVES

Delirium Gone, Emperor Intrusts Crown Princess with a Message to the Heir to the Throne.

Tokie, July 23.-The extreme tension caused by the fliness of Mutsuhito, the Emperor of Japan, has generally relaxed, while there is reason to be encouraged

The improvement noted Sunday was maintained yesterday and the bulletins issued by the court physicians, which are peror is suffering have been brought under control at least temporarily.

A bulletin issued at 5 o'clock this morning gave briefly the results of the physiclans' examination made at 3:30 a. m. It stated that the improved conditions were M. The next preceding bulletin, issued at 5 o'clock last evening, recorded a temperature of 100.4, pulse 88 and respiration adding that digestion was good.

At 5:30 o'clock a minister of the imperial bousehold gave out the information that tions." the Emperor was sleeping soundly and that his appetite had improved.

Mutsuhito yesterday was able to speak to his three grandsons, who had been ned from their summer residence, and also to the Crown Princess, to whom he intrusted a message for the Crown Prince. For a considerable period during the early days of his sickness the Emperor was in a semi-conscious condition, which caused grave concern to the physipeared, and the Emperor's mind has become comparatively clear.

Expressions of concern, couched in unusually sympathetic terms, are being received from every quarter of the world resentative to convey his deep sympathy | be used to retire the \$3,600,000 6 per cent sage from Yuan Shih-kai described the Tobacco Company, which under the depeaceholders."

Ten thousand pilgrims daily are visiting the imperial shrine of Ise to pray for the recovery of the Emperor. It is announced that Prince Katsura will cut short his visit to Russia, leaving St. Petersburg for Japan on July 27.

The fact that the Emperor, who was actually at the point of death, is almost superhumanly regaining his health, naturally adds to his wonderful prestige

A note of warning, however, is sounded by one specialist, who is quoted as saying that this is only the first stage in the Emperor's malady, and advising against overhopefulness, because the second and third stages of the disease must be passed before full confidence in his majesty's recovery can be restored.

### TOKIO ANSWERS TAFT'S QUERY. (From The Tribune Bureau.)

Washington, July 22.-President Taft received an answer to-day to his message of inquiry as to the condition of the Emperor of Japan, sent through the American Ambassador at Tokio last Saturday. The reply stated that the President's message was greatly appreciated and that the condition of the Emperor was still

## STRIKE HURTS LONDON

### June Tonnage at Docks 900, 000 Less than Last Year. [By Cable to The Tribune.] London, July 22.-Serious, and to

some extent permanent, injury is being caused to the trade of the port of London by the dock strike, which has led to the diversion of many ships to other During June the tonnage dealt with

in the London docks was 900,000 tons less than in the corresponding month

### ROYALISTS WOULD COME HERE

### Not Averse to Taking Refuge in America, but Shun Portugal.

Madrid, July 22.-Hundreds of refugees from Portugal are arriving in Madrid. Among them are several army officers and journalists, who have issued a statement to-day, in which they say:

"We will go to America, Germany or Japan, if necessary, but we will never return to Portugal so long as the monarchy is not restored.



### .EA & PERRINS SAUCE

THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE A superior flavoring for Fish, Hot and Cold Meats, Sonps, Stews and Hashes. An Appetizer JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agents, N.Y.



TOBACCO WAR A MYTH

American and British-American Companies in Harmony.

(By Transatlantic Wireless to The Tribune.) London, July 22.-When the American Tobacco Company first broke up into separate units, by order of the courts, there was much talk here about the competition that would be established and the fierce war that would result in the tobacco trade. There were many rumors of the entry of the American Tobacco Company into the English field, and especially it was declared that the United Cigar Stores Company was about to establish a chain of stores in London. Throughout England so recently as a month ago these reports were circumstantially

The latest developments, however, show that, though the trust may have been broken up into separate entities, there is, at least, a very pleasant and comfortable working understanding between the American Tobacco Company but the attending physicians say that and the British-American Tobacco Company. The latter company to-day the public must wait a full week before authorized an increase of \$10,000,000 assurances can be given respecting the in its common stock, making a total capitalization of \$55,000,000, divided into \$22,500,000 of 5 per cent preferred and \$32,500,000 of common.

In view of the rumors of competition, the question naturally arose whether posted on the police boxes and railway the new capital would be used entirely stations throughout the empire, indicated in the American trade. Joseph Hood, that the maladies from which the Em- deputy chairman of the board of directors, denied such a purpose,

"James B. Duke, formerly president of the American Tobacco Company, is now our president," he said, "He came over to us when the trust broke up. generally sustained, but that his majesty More than half of our stock is held in had been unable to sleep. The tempera- America. There has been some talk ture of the patient at that hour was 102.4. of the American Tobacco Company en-This bulletin followed one issued at 8:30 tering England and of the United Cigar last evening, which gave the temperature Stores Company establishing a chain of as \$8.69; pulse, 72, strong, and respiration, stores here, but that is all smoothed over. The United is not coming into England and we are not going to enter the American field. Our new capital is to be used in expansion in other direc-

### UNITED CIGAR BONUS Present Shareholders May Get \$18,000,000 New Stock.

The financing plan of the Corporation of United Cigar Stores, it is reported, will be made public this week. The corporation has outstanding \$9,001,000 stock, lapsing occasionally into unconsciousness. all of one class; and, according to men Delirium also was one of the symptoms on the curb, there will be issued \$18,000,000 additional stock, which will be distributed clans. But the delirium has now disap- as a bonus among the holders of the present stock, which is to be known hereafter as common stock, and \$4,500,000 pre-

The holders of the present shares, it is from rulers, great business houses and new preferred stock at 102%, to the extent individuals. Yuan Shih-kai, President of of 50 per cent of their holdings, and the the Chinese Republic, sent a special rep- proceeds of the sale of the preferred will and that of China. A telegraphic mes- debentures, all owned by the American Emperor as "one of the world's great cree of the United States Circuit Court January 1, 1915.

### Americans Go There Because of Habit, Says One. [By Cable to The Tribune.]

London, July 22 .- "Why do Americans come to London?" This much throughout the empire. The stock market improved generally as a result of the satisfactory news. "The Nichi Nichi," one of the leading newspapers, publishes a report that entertainments are to be resumed to-day.

A note of warning, however, is sounded."

A note of warning, however, is sounded."

The stock market debated question is answered by John Lynn, a wealthy American financier and manufacturer, in an interview with a "Daily Express" representative.

come to London just cause I got the habit," he says. "I have been coming to London now more years than I care to remember, and each time I arrive I don't really know why I am here.'

John C. Wilson, another wealthy American now in London, paid a high compliment to English business men,

"I came to London for one reason only-London business methods. Londoners may be slow in making up their a thing you may depend on it, whereas Atlantic you can get a written agreewondering whether your man will keep it."

### PERU HUNTS CRIMINALS Many Flee Rubber District-Others Under Arrest. Lima. Peru. July 22.-The immense dis-

tance between this city and the Putumayo rubber district, in regard to which Sir Roger Casement recently reported to the British Foreign Office that wholesale horrors had been committed on the native workers, and the difficulties of communication cause considerable delay in obtainng news from that region. The Peruvian government, however,

some time ago sent a judicial commission accompanied by a prefect and a body of troops to the district. On their approach many criminals escaped into the the autumn. orests, while others fled to various countries, from which the Peruvian government is asking for their extradition. As consequence of the activity of the local prefects and the police several criminals have been arrested and are awaiting trial. According to the latest official information, similar crimes to those reported by Sir Roger Casement, as well as ill treatment, are now very rare. When they do occur they are generally discovered a station for Austrian Dreadneughts and their authors punished. The region in the Mediterranean was most imporis said now to enjoy relative tranquillity. The prefect of the district is untiring in his efforts to blot out the atrocities, and

### IRISH RAZE A SANATORIUM

neasures.

the Peruvian government constantly rec-

ommends him to continue his energetic

### Irate Townspeople Demolish Lady Aberdeen's Home for Consumptives. Dublin, July 22.-A tuberculosis sana-

torium in process of construction and almost completed, at Lucan, a village about auspices of Lady Aberdeen and the Wom- inevitable expenditures. Although the Cabinet of a provisional character. It is en's National Health Association, was country might groan under them, it demolished to-day by trate dwellers in the would have the consolation of know-

pickaxes, first tore off the roof and then bition. The prospect before Europe threw down the walls, leaving nothing but debris. The inhabitants of Lucan have been hostile to the scheme since its

SUNDAY'S NEW YORK TRIBUNE Mailed anywhere in the United States for \$250 a year.

WINSTON CHURCHILL IN ACTION.



# BRITAIN TO MEET

Continued from first page.

Mr. Churchill went on to point out that the increased fighting power of sion from 28 to 33 by 1914. From 1914 the naval appropriations. onward Great Britain will have five be considered a very satisfactory proportion, Mr. Churchill declared, but, considering the character of the different vessels, the Admiralty was of the opinion that 33 battleships would be adequate for the needs of 1914-'15.

Mr. Churchill promised large additions in the personnel every year, as

### Precautions in Mediterranean.

Regarding the Mediterranean, Mr. Churchill said that any attempt to confine British naval supremacy in any particular waters would be not only false strategy but bad politics. The four battleships at Gibraltar, the eight vessels. Six old battleships would be withdrawn from Malta and would minds, but once they say they will do the Invincible type and quality. The lestic. armored cruiser squadron there was in certain business circles across the to be strengthened by the addition of a submarine flotilla. The station at ment and then lie awake half the night Malta also was to be increased and slowly recovering his faculties. new torpedo boat stations were to be established at Alexandria.

Mr. Churchill declared he had heard that one of the Mediterranean powers Chief Assistant Will Be in contemplated another considerable naval programme, so it was not unlikely that the British Mediterranean squadron would have to be reinforced

in 1916. He stated that he had been authorized by the Canadian Premier, Robert L. Borden, to say that it was desired that any step Canada might take should be directly to strengthen the

naval forces of the empire. Mr. Churchill recognized the necessity for an increase in the pay of the navy and promised to present a definite scheme with this object in view in

Regarding the royal commission under the chairmanship of Admiral Lord Fisher to inquire into the question of the use of liquid fuel in the said it would be a prolonged investisive change in naval construction. While acknowledging the advent of

tant, Mr. Churchill demurred from the assumption that those two powers whose past history was not altoto combine in attacking Great Britain" and thought it unnecessary to combined fleets. The British Invincibles destined to replace the old battleships would, he said, go to Malta next

winter. Arthur J. Balfour, former Premier, followed and remarked that if the government had been wise earlier it might have been possible to avoid extra and ing that Great Britain was building A great mob, armed with ropes and for peace and security and not for amwas not agreeable, but if Great Britain did its duty peace would be main-

Britain Competes Reluctantly,

Premier Asquith declared the increased expenditure "necessary to on Constantinesie.

and to insure the peace of the world. We are most reluctant competitors :E this naval rivalry, which was not provoked by us." The Premier emphasized that the

vital interests of Great Britain would be guarded in the Mediterranean and a much stronger force be placed there, which would be amply sufficient to the extra German expenditure is only a safeguard British interests. The House, he said, might rest assured that next year's naval estimates would not fall short in providing everything necessary fully to safeguard British interests everywhere.

### Labor to Oppose Increase.

the German fleet involved the reorgani- member for Leicester, said that neither said, will be entitled to subscribe for the zation of the British forces in order Germany nor England could long stand that a necessary margin of safety such a strain on their finances, and he might be maintained. He then an declared that the British Laborites nounced that he intended to raise the would join the Laborites of Germany number of battleships in full commis- in opposing the constant increase in

Lord Charles Beresford criticised the battleship squadrons, composed of 41 increase in the naval programme as inships, and of the five squadrons four sufficient. He prophesied that the will be in full commission. Thus country would go on adding more bat-EXPLAIN LONDON'S CHARM Great Britain will have 33 battleships tleships each year, but not enoughagainst Germany's 29. This might not just sufficient to induce Germany to follow suit until war came.

### Liner's Mysterious Passenger Lost His Roll Here.

well as extra submarines and accelera- London, July 22,-The passenger who will have evacuated Madera within thirtytion in the construction of light cruis- arrived at Plymouth on the Majestic six hours. tering from lost memory has been ! identified as Charles Stride, of Chichester, England. Three weeks ago he went to New York on husbase with a least 10,000 bonds here to-day when he apto New York on business with a large sum of money.

terances made by him to-day that he It is alleged that Gomez was trying to was overcome by heat in New York start a revolution against a friendly naspeaker asserted, would be raised to and collapsed on a seat, but where he tion. could not tell. He dimly recollects being in bed in a strange house, where

Apparently Stride had been found said that in the homes of two of the monstious and robbed, for he was men they found documentary evidence most penniless when his condition damaging to the accused. unconscious and robbed, for he was aimost penniless when his condition was discovered on the liner. He is

# BLOND TO MANAGE SAVOY

Charge of London Hotel.

[By Transatlantic Wireless to The Tribune.] London, July 22 .- Marcel Blond, formerly chief assistant manager at the merly chief assistant manager at the a season of grand opera in London Savoy Hotel, has been made manager unless he is assured of material finanin place of Gustave Seggelke, who re- cial support.

has had six years' experience at the Savoy and is well known to hundreds

### DISCORD IMPERILS TURKEY Military League Threatens to March Army on Capital.

Constantinople, July 22.-The Cabinet has been completed by the appointment of minor officials, and at the same time navy, the First Lord of the Admiralty somewhat modified. Kiamii Pacha, who was named yesterday by the new Grand gation, implying no sudden or exten- Vizier, Moukhtar Pacha, as Minister of Foreign Affairs, has been appointed President of the Council of State, Noradunghtar Pacha assuming the foreign portfolio. This change is supposed to foreshadow the succession of Kiamil Pacha to the Grand Vizierate.

The Cabinet decided to-day to suspen the state of siege in Constantinople and gether free from differences were likely dispatch a peace mission to Albania imnew ministers especially refer to the demaintain local superiority over their cision to inquire into a means for the restoration of peace in Albania. When the Cabinet comes before the

Chamber Wednesday a bitter struggle between the rival parties is expected. The Military League demands the dissolution of the Chamber, which, it is contended, is packed with the nominees of the Committee of Union and Progress. The new ministry is regarded as a peace

evident that for the moment the Military to obtain confessions from the Coreans League has the upper hand and that the Committee of Union and Progress, which has controlled the government since the revolution, is fighting for its existence. The Grand Vizier is regarded as a sup-

porter of the committee, but Klamil Pacha is a strong opponent of it, and the Military League threatens to enforce its demands, if necessary, by a march of the army from Monastir, Salonica and Uskup. supported by the Albanian insurgents, killed, of whom two were officers, and

### U. S. Redoubles Efforts to Keep Disease Out.

23 DEATHS IN PORTO RICO

### New Case in Cuba--Not Even a Suspected Case Has Been Reported in This Country.

Washington, July 22.-Alarmed by the bubonic plague situation in Porto Rico, Passed Assisted Surgeon R. H. Creel, who is in command of the forces of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, to-day asked for more aid, and Sur geon General Blue has ordered another officer and three inspectors to the island, the latter to be used in examining freight destined for the United States. San Juan has been districted and an Forces of rat catchers and rat poisoners are at work, and five hundred rats a

day are being examined. By the end of the week this number is expected to reach one thousand daily. With officers at Carolina and Dorado, it is believed the disease at those places soon will be under control and stamped out. Sweeping orders were also issued to every port on the Atlantic Coast and along the Gulf to begin a war of extermination on the rats to prevent the dreaded scourge from entering the United States. Not a

Examination of several thousand rats caught in Porto Rico shows a percentage of 26 of the rodents infected. This is regarded as a high rate and cause for concern. No infection was found in the examination of 3.015 rats killed in Cuba.

Thus far there have been forty-two maintain the security of our shores, of cases of the plague reported from Porto our dominions and of our commerce Rico, while the death toll has been twenty-three victims. Three more cases were unofficially reported to-day. Havana three cases have developed and one death has occurred to date. To-day a case, under observation nine days, was was confirmed as plague. Another sus-pect was found to-day and has been

Surgeon General Blue believes the United States has been extremely fortunate in this latest outbreak of bubonic plague in Porto Rico, but he has issued warnings to officers of the service not to relax their vigilance in the slightest de-

### AMERICANS FLEE MADERA

### James Ramsay Macdonald, Labor Fearing Rebels, 250 Women and Children Go to El Paso. Madera, July 22.-About two hundred

nd fifty American women and children left Madera over the Mexican Northwestern Railroad to-day for El Paso, as the result of the tense situation created by band of five hundred rebels quartered here. Several private homes have been looted in the last two days.

Colonel Gamboa, rebel commander, as sumed control of the situation to-day, and to-night a semblance of order had been Saloons have been closed and a guard established in the American quarters.

Rebel outposts were at Matavhie, forty MEMORY GONE, IS ROBBED two miles south of Madera, to-day. Federal troops were encamped thirty miles further south, at Guerrere. The rebels will pass into the State of Sonora as the government forces advance, and it is anticipated the last of the revolutionists

Gomez, for a short time provisional peared to answer a federal charge of conspiracy to violate the neutrality laws. It was gathered from rambling ut- His hearing was set for next Monday.

Francisco Guzman, Francisco Perez, Felipe Miramon, Manuel Marquez and man assisted him to dress before tak- Dr. Policarpo Rueda arrested with be replaced by four battle cruisers of lag him to the pier to board the Ma- Gomez, were unable to give bond, and were sent to jail. Federal authorities

### HAMMERSTEIN RECANTS

### Now Says London Must Assure Support of Grand Opera. (By Cable to The Tribun

London, July 22 .- In spite of his statement of a week ago, Oscar Hammerstein has no intention of undertaking Mr. Hammerstein, however, denies

Blond was on his way to Rome to the rumor that his London opera house become manager of the Grand Hotel is to be taken over by Sir Joseph when he was recalled by telegraph. He Beecham.

## U. S. GETS NO COREAN PLAINTS

### State Department Discredits Reports Involving Missionaries in Plot. [From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, July 22.-No complaint has een received by the Department of State from the American missionaries relative to the prosecution of about one hundred Coreans by the Japanese government fo alleged conspiracy to assassinate Count Terauch, the Governor General of Corea, and the printed reports declaring that United States citizens have been involved by indirect accusations are discredited. For several weeks the State Depart-

ment officials have been watching the press reports closely, and have been expecting official information on the subject, but none has come. The department believes that, should there be an grievance against American missionaries on the part of the Japanese government, there would have been official notice of it. Viscount Chinda informally has given

assurances to the State Department that so far as he has been advised no Ameri cans have been implicated in the prosecution, that the names of the mission aries were only mentioned by the accused Coreans in one instance, and that subsequently the accusations, made by in quendo, were repudiated. The ambassa dor denies that tortures were practised

### FRENCH SLAY 200 TRIBESMEN. Fez, Morocco, July 22.-By a cunning

ounish marauding bands to the northwest of Safrou forced the tribesmen to cross ravine under a concentrated fire from ifies, Maxims and artillery. Two hundred of the tribesmen were killed in a few minutes. The French lost three . seven wounded.

manœuvre a French column sent out to

# ALARMED OVER PLAGUE MEXICANS KILL AND ROB CHARGE QUEENS GRAFT

Tells Senate United States Property Worth \$500,000,-000 Has Been Despoiled.

WOMEN WERE OUTRAGED

### State Department Blamed for Not Obtaining Redress, as Germany and China Have Done.

Washington, July 22.-A startling story of outrages committed upon Americans in Mexico, of the murder of citizens of the United States, of the despoiling of inspector assigned to each district. American property to the extent of \$500,-000,000, and of insults to American officials, was told in the Senate to-day, with circumstantial detail, by Senator Albert B. Fall, of New Mexico, in his maiden speech

Senator Fall, who has extensive interests in Mexico, charged that the State Department had made little or no attempt to secure redress from the Mexican authorities for injuries to American citizens. Although addressing himself to the resolution to provide for the payment of claims arising out of the shooting single suspect has been discovered on across the border, he went into the American soil, but the authorities do not whole situation in Mexico. He said intend to take any chances and will en-American women had been outraged and force every possible precautionary measmen shot down and that no attempt had been made to recover from the Mexican government compensation for the injuries sustained by American citizens.

The Senator from New Mexico asserted that the horrors perpetrated during the two recent revolutions were unknown to the people of the United States, only because American citizens who had suffered the injuries and indignities were afraid to protest through fear of suffering even cater injuries at the hands of the Mexicans, and that the means of communication were controlled by the government or the revolutionists and all dis-

### Says People Would Rise.

"If the people of the United States knew what was going on in Mexico," he said, "all the American troops along the border would not be able to restrain the people of this country from crossing the border and demanding proper treatment for our citizens."

Declaring that this country would not other countries had forced Mexico to on their citizens, while thus far the United States had done nothing. He lic interest." added that because of the course of the State Department the people of Mexico believe this country is behind the Madero government, and that it was responsible for the overthrow of President Diaz, in the interest of Madero.

Senator Fall urged the adoption of the resolution instructing the War Departdamage caused by Mexican bullets fired across the American line during the engagements last year at Douglas, Ariz. and El Paso, Tex. He asserted that the esolution did not "go far enough."

Senator Swanson, of Virginia, declared he State Department should be urged to ct. "If the story is true," he said, "we should hang our heads in shame and dis-

Senator Fall declared that the American State Department had refused persistently to make representations concerning injuries inflicted, but had referred all claimants to the Mexican authorities themselves—"to the men who inflicted with the attitude of China and Germany. Germany, he said, had collected \$100,000 Germany, he said, had collected \$100,000 on account of the murder of four German citizens in Mexico, while China had com-pelled the payment of 3,000,000 pesos by Mexico on account of the killing of

### Plight of Orozco's Followers.

Attributing Madero's success to the aid Senator Fall said his followers did not understand the changed condition.

"They could get American arms to drive out President Diaz, who did protect Americans," he said, "but when the sought to procure them for use against the man who betrayed them they found the ports closed and they were refused.'

### ASKS \$61,000 DAMAGES.

### New York Shipping Concern Makes Claim Against Locomotive Works.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Philadelphia, July 22.-The Tweedie in the United States District Court today against the Baldwin Locomotive Works to recover \$61,175 as damages for an alleged breach of contract growing out f a shipment of eight locomotives to Havana in October, 1905.

According to the statement of claim the Baldwin company shipped the locomotives to the United Railways Company of Cuba by one of the steamships operated by the Tweedle company between Philadeland Havana. It is alleged that the Baldwin company had agreed to furnish a crane with which the locomotives were to have been unloaded. No crafte was furnished, and in the unloading the gitis, at his home in Tarrytown. The steamship Otto Sverdrup was damaged to the extent of \$61,175, the amount of damages requested.

Companies to Mulct City.

TO ANSWER TO CONNOLLY

### Topographical Bureau Man, Suspended, Faces Many Serious Accusations.

Robert R. Crowell, former chief engineer in charge of the Topographical Bureau in Queens, was cited yesterday to appear before President Maurice E. Connolly, of that borough on Friday and defend himself against charges of misconduct, maladministration, incompetency, inefficiency and neglect of duty while in charge of the Topographical Bureau and also in his post of assistant engineer in that department, from which he was recently suspended pending the filing of removal charges. During the latter part of the term of

former President Lawrence Gresser, who was removed for incompetency, Crowell was made a subject of charges, which, after a consultation between Mayor Gaynor and Gresser, were pronounced unfounded. There are sixteen specifications in the charges served on Mr. Crowell yesterday

and they are far more drastic than the

Gresser charges. It is alleged that Crowell allowed city employes to do work for the S. H. McLaughlin Engineering Company, a private corporation, for which the engineering company received as pay from the city sums ranging from \$500 to \$2,000 It is set forth first that Crowell is not properly qualified, either by civil service examination or technical education and training, to occupy a position of assistant engineer in the Topographical Bu-

### Had To Do Work Twice. The second charge states that this al-

eged incompetency resulted in gross inoccuracies in the surveying and monumenting of the Maspeth section of Queens, which work had to be done over at considerable delay and expense to the

From the fourth to the tenth specification is taken up Crowell's alleged relations with the S. H. McLaughlin Company and the Metropolis Engineering Company, in both of which concerns it has been repeatedly declared in Queans that the late John J. McLaughlin, former consulting engineer of Queens, was largely interested. These charges specify by name the individuals who, it is alleged were taken out of the Topographical Bureau to make maps for the concerns regain its prestige in Mexico in fifty for work. It is also alleged that Crowell named who had contracts from the cit; years, he said that China, Germany and made maps for private interests, princimake restitution for the damages inflicted manifest purpose developments, "for the manifest purpose of promoting private interests, and improperly against the pub-

He is also accused of purchasing with the city funds an expensive surveying instrument, which he kept in his personal possession from April, 1907, to August, 1910, and that he also bought an automobile with city funds, which he kept in a garage in Jamaica, and "that said automibile was not used, or permitted by you to be used, for the use of the Topographical Bureau.

### Charge McLaughlin Graft.

It asserts that Crowell gave the S. H McLaughlin Company undue access to all field notes, data, memoranda and records of the Bureau of Highways and that he allowed certain employes of the Highway Bureau to make maps for the McLaughlin concern, for which the McLaughlin concern received pay from the city. He is also accused of having totally disregarded and thrown aside a study map on which considerable time and money had been spent, without an examination as to its

feasibility or adan It is said that Crowell purposes to make a vigorous fight in his defence. According to the report of Commissioner Samuel H. Ordway, on whose recommendation Gresser was removed from office, following his consultation with Mayor Gaynor, when he was directed to do as his conscience of General Orozco, who now opposes him, dictated in regard to his findings on the Crowell charges as tried before him, Gres-

ser is alleged to have exclaimed: "Thank God! Then I won't have to remove him!"

### SAYS TRAMP WOULDN'T WORK

### Prisoner Declares Hobo Might, but He and Another Get 30 Days.

The difference between a hobo and a tramp in Tarrytown was settled yesterday morning, when Jonathan Drury and William McGraw were arraigned before Justice Moorehouse. They were arrested Sunday night by Detective Carrigan, of Trading Company, of New York, filed suit the New York Central lines, as tramps Drury objected to being called a tramp. "Is there any difference between a

> tramp and a hobo?" asked Justice Moore-"Of course there is," replied Drury, "a hobo will work when he can find work to do, but a tramp never works."

In spite of the explanation Justice Moorehouse gave each thirty days in workhouse.

TOO MUCH BATHING KILLS BOY.

Joseph Carney, nine years old, died

### yesterday morning from spinal menindisease is attributed to the boy's fondness for bathing. He never missed a

## Alexander's Shoe Sale

With vacation time beginning, these prices should be very attractive

### White Shoes

Women's High White Boots \$2.75, \$3.75, \$4.75

Children's Shoes and Oxfords

Women's Pumps, Colonials and Oxfords \$2.90, \$3.25, \$3.75, \$4.75

.95 to \$2.25 On Sale at Sixth Avenue Store Only

Sixth Avenue at Nineteenth Street

Fifth Avenue above Forty-fifth St.

# AMERICANS, SAYS FALL say Crowell Allowed Private