

MEXICAN REBELS INVADE TEXAS AND ARIZONA

Plunder Ranches on American Soil and U. S. Cavalry Dashes to Repel Them.

MORE OUTRAGES FEARED

Washington Thinks Situation Is Becoming Worse, and Additional Troops May Go to the Border.

From The Tribune Bureau. Washington, Aug. 9.—Mexican rebels have invaded American territory and raided ranches in Texas, according to dispatches received by the State and War departments today.

Additional troops may be sent to the border to guard against the raids and other depredations. The activities seem to be widespread, and the probabilities are that conditions will become worse.

In a dispatch to the War Department today Colonel Steever reports that rebels last night attempted to steal horses and livestock in the vicinity of Fabens, about thirty miles southeast of El Paso.

Word was received today by the State Department from the consul at Nogales that about two hundred rebels suddenly appeared at Bisbee, Ariz., last night.

At El Paso, Tex., Aug. 9.—Mexican rebels crossed the international boundary into Texas today and began raiding near Sierra Blanca. Colonel E. Z. Steever dispatched Troop G of the 3d Cavalry from Fort Bliss to drive off the raiders.

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SHIELDS MAIL IN STRIKE

Postoffice Department Warns Honolulu Carrier.

Honolulu, Aug. 9.—The Interisland Steamship Company has been notified by Superintendent Carr of the Postoffice Department that it must not let the strike of the masters and mates on its vessels interfere with the mail service in the islands or he will arrange for independent service, for which the Interisland company, under the provisions of its bonds, will have to pay.

In accordance with this notification the company has chartered two small steamers in an effort to carry out the mail contracts. The company indicated willingness today to arbitrate the matter in dispute, but the strikers firmly refused to accede to the proposal.

There is prospect of a meat famine here if the strike continues another week, as the supply for the local market is obtained from the island of Hawaii.

SUFFRAGETTES DEFIANT

Militancy to Go On, Their Answer to Judges' Hint.

London, Aug. 9.—The Women's Social and Political Union, the headquarters of the militant suffragettes, issued its statement today regarding the sentences pronounced by the Dublin court Wednesday on Mary Leigh, who was sent to jail for five years for wounding John Redmond, leader of the Irish Parliamentary party, with a hatchet she had thrown at Premier Asquith; on Gladys Evans, who was sentenced to five years' imprisonment for setting fire to the Theatre Royal, Dublin, and on Lizzie Baker, who was given seven months in prison as an accomplice of Gladys Evans.

The Union defies the authorities, calling the sentences an outrage, which were not devised as a punishment to fit the offenses, but to terrorize other women. The judges' hint that the sentences would be remitted if the women's militant tactics were abandoned constitutes, says the statement, a bribe which could not be accepted without delinquency to the cause. It continues:

"Correction may prove effective in dealing with the Union's leaders and other rebels of the present day, but it will never subdue the members of the Women's Social and Political Union. While demanding the release of their comrades, they reserve the right to continue the use of militancy until the government abandons its present policy of trickery and evasion."

HONDURAN POST FOR AMERICAN.

Mobile, Ala., Aug. 9.—War Minister Gomez, of Honduras, announced here today that President Bonilla had created the office of chief military aid in his government and that Guy Maloney, of New Orleans, had been appointed to the post.

As a fighter Maloney is well known in Central America. His skill with machine guns has been a major factor in several recent revolutions.

CIRCUS LIONESS KILLS MAN.

Moncton, N. B., Aug. 9.—While feeding a lioness in her cage at Point du Coteau, Charles J. Carroll, an attendant employed by an American circus, was bitten so severely that death resulted yesterday. As Carroll was an American, United States Consul Hendrick has made a report to Washington.

KEIR HARDIE COMING

British M. P. May Be "Tempted" Into Campaigning for Debs.

[By Cable to The Tribune.] London, Aug. 10.—J. Keir Hardie, M. P., is making arrangements for his coming trip to the United States. His eldest son, who is now in America, is about to marry a young woman belonging to his native town, and the bride-elect will accompany Mr. Hardie, sr., on his voyage to the United States. Mr. Hardie says that while in America he may be tempted to lend a hand in the campaign which the Socialists are conducting on behalf of Eugene V. Debs, their nominee for the Presidency. He and Mr. Debs are old campaigners together.

FAMOUS JUDGE DEAD

Sir A. Wills Sentenced Oscar Wilde and Arthur Lynch.

[By Cable to The Tribune.] London, Aug. 10.—The death of Sir Alfred Wills, formerly a justice of the King's Bench Division, occurred yesterday. He was a high court judge for twenty-one years.

He always regarded it as one of the misfortunes of his position that it should have been left to him to sentence Oscar Wilde, but he did not shrink from imposing the penalty, which he regarded as deserved. To his lot, too, it fell to sentence Arthur Lynch to death on a charge of high treason. Mr. Lynch is now a Nationalist Member of Parliament, eventually having received a free pardon.

ON THE MAURETANIA

Many English Notabilities Sail To-day for New York.

[By Cable to The Tribune.] London, Aug. 10.—A large number of English people are going to Canada this summer for their holidays.

On the Mauretania, which leaves Liverpool for New York to-day, will be the Duke and Duchess of Sutherland, Lord Alister Leveson-Gower, Lady Rosemary Leveson-Gower, Sir Philip Sassoon, M. P.; F. E. Smith, K. C., M. P.; Ernest Craig, M. P., and Mrs. Craig, most of whom are going on to Canada.

TURKISH CITY IN FLAMES

Earthquake Causes Great Fire—300 Houses Destroyed.

Constantinople, Aug. 9.—A severe earthquake shock, lasting about ten seconds, drove the whole of the population of the city from their houses into the streets at an early hour today. Many houses were violently shaken.

The upsetting of a lamp by the earthquake started a conflagration at Chorlu, on the Adriatic line. Three hundred houses have already been destroyed and the fire is still raging.

SWISS FEAR FOR KAISER

Zurich Editor Arrested in Round-Up of Anarchists.

Zurich, Aug. 9.—Louis Bertoni, editor of the "Reveil" and leader of the anarchists in Switzerland, was arrested today nominally on account of a recent speech, in which he justified regicide. It is conjectured, however, that his detention is more likely connected with the coming of the German Emperor to the Swiss army maneuvers.

The Swiss police are said to be in deadly fear of anarchists and take advantage of every opportunity of trying to corral all the militant "comrades" before the arrival of Emperor William.

KAISER CONSOLES WIDOWS

Mourns with Families of Mine Victims and Visits Injured.

Bochum, Germany, Aug. 9.—Emperor William and his brother, Prince Henry of Prussia, arrived here today and visited the injured survivors of yesterday's mine disaster, in which more than one hundred nitmen were killed and 119 one hundred and nine bodies have been brought to the surface and eight men are still missing, but are undoubtedly dead. Two of the injured men died during the night.

After visiting the hospital the Emperor went to several of the miners' cottages, where he expressed condolence with the families of the victims.

Essen, Aug. 9.—The centennial festivities of the Krupp iron works have been abandoned, Emperor William having decided not to participate further, as a mark of respect for the victims of the mine disaster at Gerthe, Bochum.

LABOR WAR BRITAIN'S CARE

Ask with to Study Legislation in U. S. and Canada.

London, Aug. 9.—Sir George Askwith, chairman of the industrial commission of the Board of Trade and famous as a "strike breaker" and successful mediator in industrial disputes, is to be sent shortly by the British government to Canada to investigate the working of the industrial disputes investigation act in the Dominion. During his trip Sir George probably will visit the United States, where he will make a study of industrial legislation.

Sir George Askwith's trip to Canada indicates that the government is determined to attempt to remedy by legislation the conditions which have kept the British Isles in constant industrial warfare for the last eighteen months. He is undoubtedly the best informed man in the United Kingdom on industrial questions and enjoys the confidence of both capital and labor.

SEVEN DEATHS FROM WRECK

Three Other Passengers on New Haven Train Likely to Die.

Boston, Aug. 9.—Three of the forty passengers injured yesterday when an inbound train on the Plymouth division of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad jumped the track in Dorchester were in a critical condition today and not expected to recover. The death today of Mrs. E. J. Ethier, of Stamford, Conn.; Miss Stella Davis, of Atlantic, and Mrs. Fannie Ward, of Atlantic, brought the death list to seven.

Investigations into the cause of the wreck were begun by the police and railroad officials and the State Railroad Commission today.

WAR MENACES REPUBLICS

Conflict Threatened Between Hayti and Santo Domingo.

MYSTERY IN PALACE FIRE

Haytian President Victim of a Plot or Accident—U. S. to Work for Peace.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Washington, Aug. 9.—War clouds hanging over the twin republics of Hayti and Santo Domingo are giving officials of the Department of State much anxiety. While there is yet some doubt whether the tragic death of Cincinnatus Leconte, the Haytian President, was the result of an accident or an assassination plot, it is believed that he was killed either directly or indirectly as a consequence of the unrest in the little republic and the elaborate precautions he took to protect himself from violence.

The Haytian government is confronted by internal dissension and by threatened war with Santo Domingo. No definite policy for meeting the expected emergency has yet been formulated. American interests will be fully protected both in Hayti and Santo Domingo.

Dr. Peynado, the Dominican Minister in Washington, has been instructed to open negotiations for a loan of \$1,000,000 with which to wage war against Hayti. The State Department will doubtless use every endeavor to dissuade the two republics from engaging in a conflict.

The American Minister at Port-au-Prince says in a dispatch to the State Department that the death of President Leconte was probably accidental, and was due to improper ventilation of smokeless powder magazines. He reports that the city is quiet and that the Congress elected Leconte Auguste President by a vote of 59 out of 75.

Leconte was regarded in Washington as the leading spirit in the impending war, believing it would be a popular move. What effect his death will have on the situation is conjectural, but conditions are now looked upon as grave.

Sefor Menos, the Haytian Minister, does not believe there was a plot against the life of Leconte or that his death was caused by any act of the revolutionists. He thinks one of the many bullets discharged as a result of the explosion killed the President.

LECONTE'S BODY FOUND

Haytian President Completely Carbonized in Palace Fire.

Port-au-Prince, Aug. 9.—The body of the late President of the Haytian Republic, General Cincinnatus Leconte, who perished in the fire which destroyed the National Palace here yesterday, was found today lying on the iron bed on which he had slept. It was completely carbonized. The authorities are making arrangements for a national funeral.

The transmission of honors to the new President, General Tancredi Auguste, who was selected yesterday by the members of the Senate and Chamber meeting in National Assembly, was carried out today in perfect tranquillity. All the ministers and other authorities appear to be inspired with confidence in General Auguste, and the army accepts the accomplished fact in a fine spirit of military discipline.

A large force of firemen continues to search the ruins of the palace and the adjacent powder magazines for the bodies of victims. The terrific force of the explosion is indicated by the fact that all the houses within a radius of three-quarters of a mile around the palace were greatly damaged. The roof of the National bank was in great part destroyed, while those of the various ministries were completely shattered by the debris caused by the explosion and the numerous projectiles which burst and whose fragments were thrown to a long distance into the city when they came into contact with the flames.

A house belonging to a German named Schmidt, situated at a distance of 600 yards from the National Palace, was pierced from side to side by a shell, which, however, did not injure any of the inmates.

SANTO DOMINGO PROSPEROUS

Customs Collections Show Material Increases Over Those of 1911.

Washington, Aug. 9.—Material increases are shown in the customs collections of Santo Domingo during June. The total is reported as \$34,791, an increase over June last year of \$7,394. The gross collections for the eleven months extending from August, 1911, to June last are given as \$317,573, an increase of \$29,567. Import returns for June yielded \$6,473 more than June of last year.

There are reports of an abundant crop of cacao this year, and the gathering probably will extend much beyond the usual season.

MASTERS BETTER OFF HERE

Demands of English Unions Won't Affect Shipping Men.

While the representatives of the American Association of Masters, Mates and Pilots knew yesterday of the demands of the National Union of Masters and Pilots of England, as published in The Tribune, they said there was no affiliation or working agreement between the English and American unions. Arthur G. Sisson, general counsel of the American Association, said the body he represented was not a strictly labor union, and was not formed for aggressive purposes, but for the purpose of protecting its members in the conserving of their legal rights. The English union, on the other hand, had the regular trade union features.

He said the wages of the American masters, mates and pilots were from 25 to 33 per cent higher on the average than those of the men in these classes in England. The English union demands on vessels of from 2,000 to 5,000 tons gross register are twenty-five pounds a month for masters, fifteen pounds a month for first mates, thirteen pounds a month for second mates and eleven pounds a month for third mates. On one of the Panama line steamships, he said, the captain received two hundred and twenty-five dollars a month, but this was higher than the general average here.

"We have an agreement with all the companies since 1907, which has been generally lived up to," he continued, "the trouble being a partial strike two years ago or so which should never have been ordered and which was lost. Our organization is formed to improve conditions and keep up wages in a peaceable and legal way."

WINDS MAR PLANE FLIGHTS

Speed and Gliding Tests Finished in British Competitions.

Salisbury, England, Aug. 9.—The military aeroplane competitions at the army flying grounds, on Salisbury Plain, at which sixty members of the House of Commons, a number of peers and several foreign naval and military attaches are present, were again interfered with today by gusty winds.

Maurice Prevost completed the speed test on a French Deperdussin monoplane with a maximum of sixty miles an hour. Marcel Hanriot and Louis Bleriot, on their monoplanes, finished the gliding test, in which the machines, carrying a full load of almost eight hundred pounds, are required to descend, with their motor stopped, at a gradient of 1 in 5.

FLIES BY HYDROAEROPLANE

Beaumont Makes Boulogne from Paris via Havre.

Boulogne, Aug. 9.—The well known French aviator, Esdras Jean Louis Camille Combes, of the French navy, who flies under the name of "Andre Beaumont," has successfully negotiated the first two stages of his journey from Paris to London in a hydroaeroplane. Starting from Paris on July 26 he followed the course of the Seine and landed this morning on the seafront at Havre.

He reached here at 3:45 this afternoon, having flown along the coast from Havre, but was prevented from continuing his journey to London owing to his machine coming into collision with a fishing boat, which carried away one of its wings. The hydroaeroplane is undergoing repairs and supplies are being replenished in readiness for the resumption of the journey.

PIRATES ATTACK ISLAND

Chinese and Portuguese in Clash at Colowan.

Hong Kong, Aug. 9.—A band of Chinese pirates today attacked the small island of Colowan, in the vicinity of the Portuguese dependency of Macao, at the mouth of the Canton River. Details of the fighting have not yet reached here.

Reinforcements, consisting of a detachment of forty Portuguese soldiers, have been hurried to the scene from Macao. Since the fighting which occurred two years ago between the Chinese and the Portuguese on the island of Colowan owing to a dispute between the Chinese and Portuguese authorities over the question of its ownership, a military post, consisting of 150 Portuguese soldiers, has been stationed there.

NEW CHILIAN CABINET

Guillermo Barros Succeeds Premier Figueroa.

Washington, Aug. 9.—A change in the Chilean Cabinet was reported to the State Department today from the American Legation at Santiago without explanation as to the cause thereof.

The El Viera Figueroa Cabinet has resigned and after several attempts a new Cabinet was formed last night with Guillermo Barros as Prime Minister and Minister of Agriculture, and Antonio Huneeus as Minister for Foreign Affairs. The last named is a brother-in-law of the late Anibal Cruz, formerly Minister of the United States.

TO AVOID BALKAN FIGHT

Turks and Montenegrins Withdraw from Frontier.

Constantinople, Aug. 9.—The difficulties with Montenegro and Bulgaria now appear in a fair way of settlement, owing probably to the successful counsel tendered the Porte by Russia, Great Britain and other powers anxious to avoid a Balkan conflict. Confirmation has been received of the report that both the Turkish and Montenegrin troops have withdrawn from the frontier.

The Turkish Minister of Justice, Hilma Pasha, today visited the Bulgarian Minister, M. Sarafoff, and, it is understood, assured him that the Porte profoundly regretted that Bulgarian lives had been sacrificed. The government had determined not only to punish the guilty soldiers, but intended to take active measures to prevent any further massacres.

The Committee of Union and Progress has established headquarters at Salonica, where several of the leaders have arrived.

London, Aug. 10.—The Balkan situation is much more hopeful, and the arrival at St. Petersburg today of M. Poincaré, the French Premier, to confer with the Russian ministers, is expected to have a further calming effect. The situation, however, is still delicate, as the Albanians demand autonomous government, and fears are expressed in St. Petersburg that an autonomous Albania might include the Novibazar and Uskup provinces, in which case Serbia, Bulgaria and Montenegro would all express resentment, and possibly resort to hostilities.

ASQUITH OUT OF FAVOR

Unionists Jubilant at Series of Electoral Victories.

London, Aug. 9.—The capture of a seat in the by-election at Northwest Manchester yesterday, when Sir John Radcliffe, Liberal candidate, defeated Gordon Hewart, the Liberal Unionist, has infused a remarkable spirit of jubilation into the Unionist party. It is the eighth seat the Unionists have won from the Liberals since the general election of 1910, and all efforts to explain away the successive defeats of the Liberal candidates at by-elections fail to dissipate the sense of depression on the Liberal side, which is enhanced by the resignation of the Master of Elibank, who organized the successful Liberal election campaign, and the rebellious attitude of the Labor party, which threatens to put 150 candidates in the field at the next general election.

There are seventy-three Liberal Radical members whose seats were won by majorities of less than 500, and many others by majorities not much greater. The Unionists argue that the country is so heartily discontented with the finance methods of Chancellor Lloyd George that if a general election were held now a majority of these seats would be won for the Unionists and many other seats captured by the appearance of Labor candidates.

So serious is the Labor attitude that on the appearance of a strong miners' candidate today to contest the Midlothian seat vacated by the Master of Elibank the latter tonight took the unusual course of issuing a manifesto advising the Midlothian Liberals to withdraw their own candidate and support the Labor candidate.

It seems quite certain that in the country's present temper a general election would result in a defeat for the Asquith government, and it becomes a question whether the ministry will be able to retain power for the two years necessary to override the House of Lords' objections to Home Rule and the other big Liberal measures.

NICARAGUANS PILLAGING

Rebels Harass Country with Dynamite and Bullets.

\$50 A PLATE FOR FOOD

Prisoners, Rich but Starving, Offer High Prices for Succor—Americans Safe.

[From The Tribune Bureau.] Washington, Aug. 9.—Numerous acts of violence are being committed by the Nicaraguan rebels, according to reports reaching the Department of State and the Navy Department today. The rebels are directing their efforts toward cutting off railroad and telegraphic communication with Managua and have been successful to a great extent. Only meagre reports are received from the capital city, and they are delayed.

There are disturbances on the east coast of the republic, according to the commander of the Tancama, General Meno's forces confining their activities to the western section of the republic. It is reported that the rebel leader and his lieutenants have halted hostilities near Leon and are holding a conference. It is expected that attacks will be renewed shortly.

Bluejackets are experiencing no difficulty in maintaining protection to American lives and property in Managua. The three hundred and fifty marines from Panama City are due to arrive at Corinto on Sunday, and they will be distributed throughout the disturbed sections.

President Diaz is recruiting his forces from the eastern part of Nicaragua and is confident that he will be able to put down the revolt. He has promised food and clothing to the non-combatants, and the policy is having the desired effect.

Neighboring republics are bringing pressure to bear upon the warring elements to settle their differences in a peaceful manner. The American Minister at Managua reported to the State Department today that, acting under instructions from their governments, the ministers from Costa Rica and Salvador at Managua were doing their best to stop the rebellion, but so far without success.

Managua, Aug. 9.—The Nicaraguan government maintains continued confidence in the outcome of the present situation, brought about by the revolt of General Meno, former Minister of War, and his partisans. The railroad and telegraph service to Corinto from the capital is under the complete control of the government forces.

The guard of American bluejackets that was brought here to protect the lives and property of American citizens has made a good impression. The health and spirits of the men are excellent.

A body of insurgents today removed a rail on the railroad track and a passenger train which passed shortly afterward was derailed, one person being killed. An attempt was made to dynamite one of the railroad bridges, but this was prevented by the guards. The American manager of the railroad has taken measures to restore a regular service, and trains are now running to Corinto. Government troops patrol the track from end to end. Desultory firing is reported nightly along the line.

Prominent citizens of Granada who are held prisoners by the insurgents are in a condition of virtual starvation and have offered as much as \$50 a plate for food. A fight without definite result occurred at Acoto yesterday between the government troops and the insurgents. Commissioners sent by General Meno have come into Managua to request an armistice so as to allow the ministers of Salvador and Costa Rica to visit him. The government has not yet replied.

REVOLUTIONS A SIDE LINE

Nicaraguan Says an American Fruit Company Gives Aid.

General José María Moncada, former Minister of the Interior of Nicaragua, who is now in this city, made the statement yesterday that General Meno is being aided in his insurrection against the government by a large fruit company in the United States.

General Moncada was not definite about his charge that this company was rendering assistance to the enemies of the Diaz government. It was in the course of a talk on general conditions in the country when he was asked whether General Meno had any friends in New York.

"Yes," replied General Moncada. "It has various friends. Especially a certain American fruit company."

The general would not tell the name of the company which is seeking to oust President Diaz.

"I will only say," General Moncada commented, "that I know that the company has helped Meno."

GERMAN STEAMER DETAINED.

Antwerp, Aug. 9.—The German steamer Herminia, from Hamburg, was detained by the authorities here today in consequence of the discovery of great quantities of cartridges, snip powder and other explosives among her cargo, destined for Turkey. The munitions were found hidden in bags of rice.

ASTROLOGICAL SOCIETY

Organization to Demonstrate Philosophy of the Stars.

An organization advocating the establishment of a universal church and fraternity through the study of the stars and "the restoration of prophecy to religion" was incorporated yesterday under the name of the Astrological Society, with the approval of Justice Lehman. Among the incorporators are Alton Z. Stevenson, of No. 128 Lexington avenue; David Barzlay, of No. 49 East 52d street; Harry Zwart, of No. 103 Simpson street, The Bronx; and Abraham Igankold, of No. 133 Madison avenue.

The organization purposes to "demonstrate to the members and the world at large in an intelligent and authorized manner the philosophy of stellar influence and vibrations, commonly called astrology; and apply the knowledge to all the affairs of life." It intends to "preach, practise and lecture upon astrology and occult philosophy and to elucidate the mysteries to which astrology is the key, and to establish clubs, libraries and bureaux for predicting events for the benefit of the members and the world generally."

The incorporation papers state that the organization will "advocate freedom of thought and act in all religious matters and instruct and protect the members; will advocate one universal religion and language, universal peace and brotherhood of humanity, without distinction of race, creed or sex, and act in harmony with other societies for a similar divine purpose."

The association will "diligently seek for the truth by all scientific and occult means, and investigate the laws of nature and develop the divine powers latent in humanity."

The NEW and GREATER New-York Tribune

The Fastest Growing Newspaper—With a Concentrated HOME Circulation That Is Unequaled—Progressive Without Being Radical, Clean Without Being Dull, It Is the Recognized FAMILY Newspaper of Greater New York.

Special Features in To-Morrow's Issue



KATE CAREW VISITS THE THAMES.

Jerome K. Jerome Poured Beaming Smiles and Optimism on Kate Carew

In his "den" at Marlow, on the banks of the Thames, the author of "Three Men in a Boat" received The Tribune interviewer and gave her his views upon modern life and morals, the stage and many other subjects. The noted English writer proved a "Study in Blues," but his words were rosy with good cheer. He thinks there's plenty of material for Iliads and Odysseys and epic poems in life just as it is today.

Foolish Waste and Foolish Frugality in City Affairs, Says Fosdick

Retiring Commissioner of Accounts thinks average municipality spends half its income like a "drunken sailor" and then finds itself forced to retrench in expenditure of the other half. He dissects for The Tribune the various kinds of graft, and says this ancient bugbear is disappearing from New York's municipal life. A few words about Gordian knots he has severed with an axe.

Luxury and Beauty Combine on the Ocean-Going Yachts of Rulers of Nations

The primary function of the official sea-homes of European royalty is not to act as pleasure craft, but to supply quiet, pleasant spots for diplomatic negotiations. The Car of Russia has the largest and finest of royal craft in the Standart. Then comes King George's Victoria and Albert III. Next in size is the King of Italy's Savoia.

The Man Who Can Break a Bucking Bronco Could Ride a Raging Hurricane

Cowboys, seemingly built of whalebone, contest for world's bronco "busting" championship at Cheyenne. Four days of this week the Wyoming metropolis will be thrilled by "frontier days" feats.

Oriental Mystics Are Gathering in Force for Invasion of America

Hinduism, Buddhism and Sun Worship have already gained many converts, chiefly among women, in this country, and now Mahometan prophets will try to glean their share of the "harvest."

THE WOMAN'S PAGES

The Woman's Pages of The Sunday Tribune maintain a high standard of excellence and usefulness. The contents each week appeal not alone to the woman who seeks after the so-called feminine things—the kitchen, fashions, etc.—but are equally valuable to the woman who through necessity or inclination is eager for useful and concrete information along quite different lines.

Among the features on the Woman's Pages to-morrow will be found timely articles on the following:

1. One Piece Serge Costume for Early Fall Days. Illustrated.
2. Old-Time Furnishings Soothe Overwrought Nerves.
3. New Styles in Bags. Illustrated.
4. Ostrich Feather Boas for Midsummer.
5. An Exhibit of Bacteria.
6. What to Eat Next Week.
7. Secrets of the Toilet Discussed in the Boudoir.
8. The Rainbow of New Fashions.

The Magazine Section of the Sunday Tribune

Contains a choice selection of brilliant features, interesting stories by celebrated writers, special articles that are timely, all profusely illustrated by leading artists, with highly artistic cover design in colors.

Here are a few of the good things that will appear to-morrow:

"Mark," An Extraordinary Romance (Third Instalment)

This story is by FRANCES NEWBOLD NOYES, and the illustrations are the work of FRED PEGRAM, the noted English illustrator.

A BUSINESS WOMAN'S STORY. By Janet Litchfield.

A confession by a "successful" woman that she has missed the best part of life.

DAVY JONES'S LOCKER. By S. Ten Eyck Bourke and Charles Francis Bourke.

AH LEE BUNG IN BACHELOR'S HALL. By Wallace Irwin.