"LIAR!" SHOUTED IN CONGRESS ROW

Alabama Member Enraged by Remark of Representative Mann.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE LEADS TO CLASH

Bitterest Colloquy of Session Goes on Record, Despite Effort of Expunging.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, Oct. 10.—The short and ugly word was passed in the House today, when Representative Mann, the minority leader, and Representative Heflin, an impetuous Alabamian, clashed in the most bitter verbal combat of this session of Congress. The woman suffrage issue caused the war of words, which became so heated that one sentence of Mr. Mann's remarks was stricken from the record by formal vote.

"I pronounce the gentleman from Illinois a liar!" shouted Mr. Heflin when the minority leader asserted that the Alabamian had delivered two years ago an anti-suffrage speech which "caused nearly every man in the House to blush for shame and was an insult to womanhood."

The House was in great confusion, Democrats calling for the expunging of Mr. Mann's statements and the Republicans demanding that Mr. Heflin be called to order.

Mr. Stafford, a Wisconsin Republican, demanded the suppression of Mr. Heflin, and Mr. Mann, angry, but with self-possession, said:

"Let him alone. He does not bother me. I do not wonder that the gentleman from Alabama is tender of criticism. If I had made that speech against womanhood I would desire that no one referred to it. It is a credit to him now that he resents reference to it, for it is the best sign I have seen exhibited by the gentleman that he has a conscience and a memory."

Republicans Hoot Derision.

Amid hoots of derision from the Republican side Mr. Heflin shook his finger at the minority leader and said: "I warn you not to use any more such language about me to-day on the floor of this House."

Mr. Heflin had hotly addressed the chair a short while before, saying: "I protest against this cowardly man using such expressions about me."

The row was incident to Mr. Mann's amendment to the Philippine independence bill to permit Filipino women as well as men to vote. Democrats recalled that when an indignity was offered to a young woman in the suffrage parade of March 3, 1913, the incident was discussed on the floor and Mr. Mann had asserted that "she ought to have been at home." Majority members at that time reminded Mr. Mann of his conversion to the suffrage cause, and he, recalling Mr. Heflin's ardent anti-suffrage views, retorted:

"I thought it was better for the young girl to be at home than in the parade for fear the gentleman from Alabama would have seen her. He would have been sure to insult her."

"I demand that the words be 'taken down'!" shouted Mr. Heflin and Mr. Hay in concert. The "taking down" process, which means the reading of the stenographer's notes from the desk, was ordered.

Stenographer Vindicated.

Messrs. Mann, Miller and Towner, Republicans, said the transcript quoted above was not literally correct. The House voted on the correctness of the "taken down" remarks, and by a vote of 52 to 50, on party lines, Mr. Mann was declared to have uttered the words attributed to him by the stenographer. Mr. Hay then moved that this sentence be stricken from the record. It was carried, 152 to 66.

Representative Garner, of Texas, said the whole performance had been unseemly, and asked unanimous consent to expunge everything said during the heated colloquy.

Mr. Payne called for the elimination of Mr. Heflin's use of the word "liar."

"I think the entire record had better stand as it is. This suffrage fight will be a long one," said Mr. Mann, and the colloquy became a part of the record.

PRINCETON GETS FOWLER

To Coach 'Cross-country Team—Was a Crack Runner.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 10.—The Princeton University Athletic Association secured the services of Robert A. Fowler to coach its 'cross country runners this fall to-day.

Fowler, who has been Pooch Donovan's assistant at Harvard since 1906, is a former marathon runner, and has had much experience. In 1909 he won both the Amateur Derby at the Empire City track and the Boston American Marathon in the same week.

In 1907 he was second to Longboat when the latter won the annual Boston Athletic Association twenty-five mile road race in 2 hours 29 minutes. Fowler also was a member of the American Olympic team in Athens in 1906.

WAR MAY GIVE CITY ZOO

Brooklyn Park Man Would Buy Bostock Animals.

Park Commissioner Ingersoll of Brooklyn issued a statement yesterday calling attention to the fact that the European war offers a fine opportunity for Brooklyn to acquire a zoological garden for Prospect Park by purchasing Bostock's wild animals, which have been seized by the British government and held for sale.

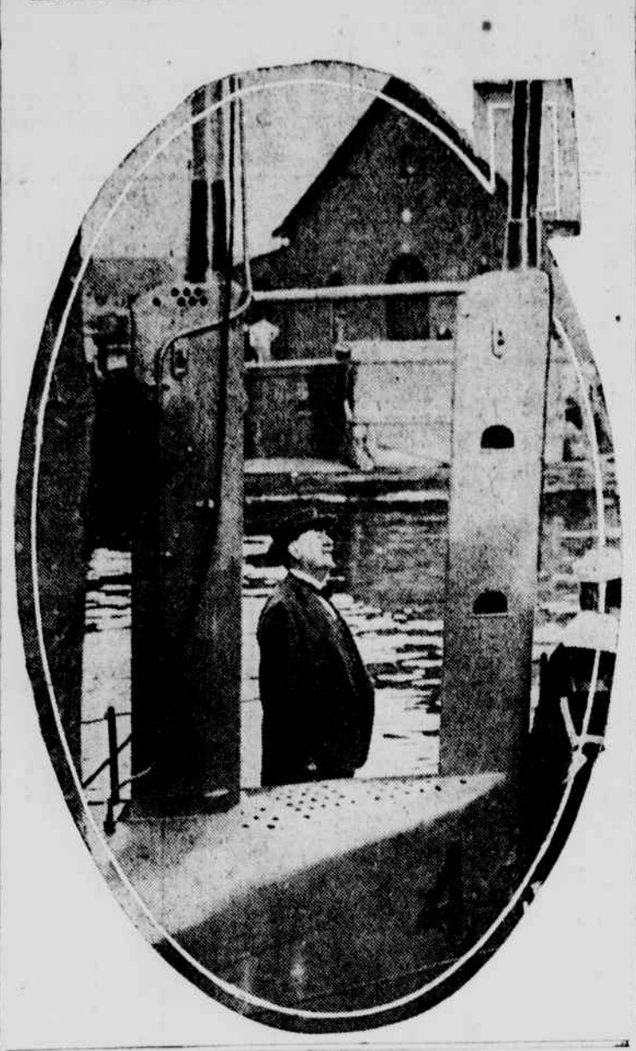
Commissioner Ingersoll says that as the city is committed to a policy of economy and retrenchment the menagerie will have to be acquired by popular subscription. There are about seventy-five animals in the collection, and the price is said to be $3,000.

Miss Todd To Be a Bride.

Bayport, Long Island, Oct. 10.—Miss Margaret Todd, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Todd, of 189 Rutland Road, Brooklyn, will be married Wednesday evening to William H. Smith. The ceremony will be performed at the summer home of the bride, at Bayport. The bridesmaids will be Miss Ruth Cummins, Miss Nellie Coons, Miss Marguerita Morgan and Miss Estelle Peacock. J. Herbert Todd, a brother of the bride, will be best man.

For RHEUMATISM AND GOUT
SAFE, MILD, EFFECTIVE
BLAIR'S PILLS
POPULAR OVER A CENTURY
50c. AT DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

EDISON LOOKING AT PERISCOPE ON SUBMARINE.



EDISON HAS NEW SUBMARINE PLAN

Continued from page 1

and the great guns were swung and aimed for them. They were taken down steep ladders through manholes into the most vital parts of the ship—even into the central station, which is the brain of the ship in action, from which the fire control is directed.

Here lie the deepest secrets of the navy in the mass of electrical apparatus, paraphernalia and switches closely dovetailed into the tiny compartment, and it was only on the specific order of Secretary Daniels that the party was allowed to enter it. The thing that most interested Edison on the whole ship was the Sperry gyroscopic compass he found there.

"It ought to have been discovered years ago," he said. "Its principle is so simple—it's a cinch. That is the most interesting thing on the ship."

He also was considerably interested in the great shells he saw aboard, and asked Captain Thomas S. Rogers some questions about the theory of shell fire. He wanted to know whether the most effective were those with great penetrating power or those devised with great explosive power to explode against the outside of a ship.

Captain Rogers told him that a study of the present war was being made with a view of determining which type of shell was the more effective, and that at present the shells exploding outside the ships seemed to be the most dangerous.

After the tour was over Secretary Daniels said that it was entirely unofficial and that Mr. Edison was not working on any special devices for the navy. Speaking of teaching a submarine to utilize water like a fish, Mr. Daniels was asked if Mr. Edison approved of his order abolishing the wine mess.

"Well, Mr. Edison says that a man can't think clearly while he is tanking up on land or sea," Mr. Daniels said. "So I guess he is with me."

ACTS DEFENDED BY MOSKOWITZ

Municipal Civil Service Head Lauds Commission and Its Works.

Dr. Henry Moskowitz, president of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, defended his administration at a meeting last night, held under the auspices of the Academy of Arts and Sciences at the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

Dr. Moskowitz said it was out of the question to ask the Civil Service Commission to be responsible for the moral characters of civil service appointees without investigators. The Police and Fire departments, he said, should be looked after by investigators. Practical tests and non-competitive appointments, he said he believed in, but these should be conducted other than by an appointive power. As to the trials of civil service employes, he said he did not believe that department heads should be judiciary. "There should be a trial board to hear charges," he said.

He ended by saying that the time has changed since a city employe would go to a political leader to tell his troubles. Instead, he could come to the commission, and it would accord him every consideration.

WEEK MORE OF CONGRESS

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, Oct. 10.—Despite the fact that no progress was made in the consideration of the war tax bill in the Senate to-day beyond a speech by Senator Simmons, chairman of the Finance Committee, in support of the measure Democratic leaders are confident tonight that the bill will be disposed of and Congress will adjourn by Saturday or early in the following week.

The Democratic administration and the war tax bill were assailed to-day by Senator Jones. He said that not only had the administration found it necessary to levy a new direct tax on the people, due to its own mismanagement, but that the President had been quoted as being in favor of granting to the railroads the increase in freight rates which they demanded.

"That is the way the Democrats would decrease the high cost of living," said Senator Jones.

Columbia Head for Forster.

Writing to William Forster, Republican candidate for Congress in the 24th District, Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, says:

"I earnestly hope that you will be elected by a rousing majority. The district, the state and the nation are indeed fortunate to have this opportunity of obtaining your trained mind, broad business experience and high character in their service as a member of the House of Representatives."

ELECTION NOT TO HALT STATE PROBE

Civil Service Head Denies Plot to Club Mitchel Into Supporting Glynn.

President Neu of the State Civil Service Commission, which is investigating the work of the Municipal Commission, yesterday announced that the local board will not be put on trial unless the inquiry proves the board has misused its power.

"I am president of the court which is conducting this investigation," said President Neu, "and should the evidence warrant such future action I shall sit in judgment at a trial of the local commission. I will not say at this time whether the complaints yet unrevealed are as serious as those which have already been heard. But you can rest assured that, election or no election, we are going on with this probe to the very end.

"The state commission has been accused of playing Tammany politics to discredit the Mitchel administration, and I suppose the report that we are trying to practically club the Mayor of New York into support of Governor Glynn and the rest of the Democratic ticket emanates from the same unreliable source. Nothing can call off this investigation, and from what I can learn of the matter before us we cannot finish the probe before the state election."

"Do you think the Mayor will support Governor Glynn," President Neu was asked.

"Mayor Mitchel is a Democrat, and it is reasonable to suppose he will support the Democratic ticket," was the reply, "but you'll have to ask the Mayor that question."

SPOONER SHORTAGE $25,000, IS BELIEF

Suicide Offered Him a $5,000 Auto as Bribe, Says Company Head.

It was estimated by bank examiners yesterday who are going over the books of Allen Spooner, manager of the loan department of the Eagle Savings and Loan Company, of Brooklyn, who committed suicide in Lakewood, N. J., that the shortage in his accounts would amount to $25,000. Spooner faced an indictment for defaulting $420 from the company when he shot himself.

Emile Renner, of 691 East 14th st., Brooklyn, chairman of the committee of shareholders of the Eagle company, said yesterday that Spooner committed suicide because of the fear of exposure in a suit brought against Renner by the loan company on a mortgage foreclosure. The case was heard before a referee and decided against Renner, and was soon to come up for argument in the Supreme Court. Spooner was a witness at the hearings before the referee, Renner said, and at that time offered him his $5,000 automobile as a bribe if he would not prosecute him.

Spooner's method of stealing, Renner said, was to take money supposed to be paid for tax assessments, holding a part of the money paid to the company and changing his books to cover the shortage.

Mrs. Spooner was prostrated in her rooms, at the Hotel Bossert, yesterday. The District Attorney is convinced that she knew nothing about her husband's peculations. She told the authorities that she had trusted him implicitly and that he had accounted for the extra money he had by telling her he was interested in successful real estate speculations. Before Spooner disappeared he told the officers of the loan company that he was suffering from "walking typhoid."

U. S. SUBMARINES TO DRILL

Big Underwater Manœuvres Planned by Daniels.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, Oct. 10.—Manœuvres of the largest submarine fleet ever assembled by the Navy Department will take place off the Florida coast this winter in connection with important experiments planned in the light of the practical operation of the underwater craft in the European war. Secretary Daniels means to have the entire force of submarines of the United States at the manœuvres making a flotilla of twenty-four vessels, including six new submarines now nearing completion.

The flotilla will be under the command of Commander Yates Stirling, jr., who will have Lieutenant J. B. Morrison as his chief of staff.

DENIED SUITORS, GIRL ENDS LIFE

Shooting Follows Quarrel with Mother Over Lad Who Left Note.

PARENTS' GUARD ANGERED DAUGHTER

She Was Not Allowed to Go Out Alone, Police Say—Wished to Wed, Is Report.

Guarded by her parents and not permitted the society of young men, Josephine Somme, nineteen-year-old daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Somme, of 955 Cauldwelf av., The Bronx, shot herself through the heart in the parlor of her home yesterday afternoon.

Just prior to the suicide, it is alleged, the daughter received a call from a young man, and the shooting is said to have followed a quarrel with her mother.

Pinned to the girl's waist was a note, which, according to the girl's uncle, Vincent Murella, bore the signature of Charles Pirella. Pirella had left the girl's home only a few minutes before the suicide, and it is alleged that he was the subject of the quarrel between the girl and her mother.

The note asserted that the writer was glad to have met the girl and said that he liked her. Pirella, who lives at 2785 Eighth av., will be questioned by the police.

Mrs. Somme reached her daughter immediately after the firing of the shot and found her dead on the floor. At the girl's side was a revolver, which Mrs. Somme denied having seen before. Coroner Flynn has started an investigation to learn where the gun came from.

Josephine, the police say, was denied all callers by her parents and was not permitted to go out unless accompanied by her mother. On several occasions, it is said, she protested against this arrangement, and finally threatened to commit suicide if she were not allowed more liberty.

After Pirella's departure, it is alleged, the girl went to her mother and asked permission to marry him. This was denied.

MOVIE CRITICISM ANGERS MARSHALL

Vice-President Threatens Suppression of Pictures When Senate Tempest Subsides.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, Oct. 10.—A small tempest was raised in the Senate to-day over moving pictures taken in the chamber yesterday. The chief figures in the controversy were Senator Overman, chairman of the Rules Committee, and the Vice-President.

Senator Overman criticised the Vice-President for apparently giving permission for the pictures to be made. The fact that the Vice-President and three members of the Rules Committee were conspicuously within the radius of the camera added to the delicacy of the situation.

C. P. Higgins, the sergeant-at-arms of the Senate, was called to the bar to explain, and said that he had been informed by the secretary of the Vice-President that the Vice-President had thought that there was no objection to having the pictures taken.

"I take this to be an attempt to criticise the chair without any notice," said the Vice-President, with evident feeling. "The chair takes it as a public criticism. Under the circumstances notice will be given that the pictures are not to be used."

After the discussion was closed Senator Overman said he was convinced that permission had been granted by mistake, and that he had not intended to reflect upon the Vice-President. Animosities were buried, and, it is understood, permission was given for displaying the pictures.

MANY DEBUTANTES ACROSS THE BRIDGE

Brooklyn Society Preparing to Receive Those Who Will Make Bows.

The wedding of Miss Edith Thurston, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Thurston, and Harold Stanley is scheduled to take place on Wednesday evening, October 28. The ceremony will be performed at the home of the bride's parents, 88 Remsen st., with only relatives and close friends in attendance.

Miss Dorothy Thurston is to be her sister's maid of honor, and Miss Lila Stanley and Miss Gertrude Thurston are to act as bridesmaids.

Mr. Stanley, who is the son of Mr. and Mrs. William Stanley, of Great Barrington, Mass., will have his brother, William W. Stanley, as best man.

While only a few dates have been definitely decided upon for presentations, a fairly comprehensive list of debutantes may now be announced. The list is to include:

Miss Margaret Bretz, daughter of Mrs. George Brewster Bretz, of 276 Garfield Place.

Miss Marjorie Church, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Dwight Church, of 286 Clinton av.

Miss Helen Clarke, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Audley Clarke, of 1 Montgomery Place, who will be introduced on Wednesday, December 23.

Miss Polly Dunnell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. Drew Dunnell, of 131 Willow st.

Miss Isabel Elliott, daughter of Mrs. Gilbert Elliott, of 313 Sterling Place.

Miss Virginia Field, daughter of Mrs. W. D. C. Field, of 224 Henry st.

Miss Constance Gray, daughter of Mrs. Percy R. Gray, of 31 Garden Place, and granddaughter of General Horatio C. King.

Miss Helen Hinman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hinman, of 110 Remsen st., who is to be presented on Wednesday, November 25.

Miss Ruth Jenks, daughter of Judge and Mrs. Almet F. Jenks, of 8 Pierrepont st.

Miss Katharine Holman Ketcham, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Belden Ketcham, of 108 Willow st.

Miss Lois Minton, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Henry Brewster Minton, of 165 Joralemon st.

Miss Betty Murdock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Murdock, of 11 Montgomery place.

Miss Marguerite Mallet, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Percy S. Mallet, of 13 Monroe place.

Miss Marion MacDonald, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Stone MacDonald, of 1305 Albermarle road, who will make her bow Wednesday, December 9.

Miss Dorothy Hill Peirce, daughter of Mrs. Thomas Wentworth Peirce, of 192 St. John's Place.

Miss Mary Sanger, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. William Cary Sanger, who was presented at the Court of St. James's in June.

Miss Agnes de Selding, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joel de Selding, of 14 Schermerhorn st., who is to be presented Monday, December 28.

Miss Edith Shaw, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Guthrie Shaw, of 29 Montgomery Place, whose debut will take place Friday, November 27.

Miss Louise Ruxton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Ruxton, of 24 Remsen st., who was presented last winter in Rome.

Miss Gertrude Thurston, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Thurston, of 88 Remsen st.

Miss Elizabeth Thayer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Van Buren Thayer, of 26 Monroe place.

Mr. and Mrs. Harrison W. Gladwin, of Westfield, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Annette Gladwin, to William Richards Bigelow, son of Mrs. Elliott Bigelow, of 276 Henry st.

Mr. Bigelow is a nephew of Mrs. William E. Carhart, and a brother of Miss Agnes Bigelow, Mrs. Richard I. Neithercut, Elliott S. Stringham and Edwin Hicks Bigelow.

Miss Elizabeth Spence Weeden, who is to marry Francis DeHart Houston on Tuesday, October 27, has chosen for her attendants Miss Marie Appleton, Miss Charlotte Leech and Mrs. Franklin Allen.

Philip K. Houston will act as best man for his brother and the ushers will be Percy Hendri, of London; Robert Andrews, Jewett Newton, of Boston; William S. Langford, of Yonkers; William Fraser Campbell, of Boston, and Edgar Hobbs Arnold, of Brooklyn.

The ceremony in Holy Trinity at 4 o'clock will be followed by a small reception at the Brooklyn Woman's Club, 114 Pierrepont st. Miss Weeden is the daughter of Mrs. George F. Weeden.

The marriage on Wednesday at Lake Waccabuc, N. Y., of Miss Coralie Hutchinson Mead, daughter of Mrs. George W. Mead, and Robert Brooke was witnessed by many persons from this borough, where the Meads formerly lived, and where Mrs. Edwin Bridges Brooke, mother of the bridegroom still makes her home. The ceremony was performed in the Mead Memorial Chapel by the Rev. Philip S. Bird and the reception following was held at Tarry-a-bit, the home of the bride's mother.

Miss Mead was gowned in white panne satin and point lace. She was attended by Miss Eleanor Greacen, Miss Gertrude L. Buys, Miss Helen Hunter and Miss Katherine MacKay Lott. They wore frocks of orchid chiffon and carried orchids and maidenhair fern.

W. Barton Baldwin was the best man and in attendance as ushers were Irving Mead, Horace Bridgman, Eugene Miller and N. K. Gallinger.

Miss Anne Evans Maires, when she marries Walter Bain Force on Wednesday evening, October 21, will be attended by a maid of honor, Miss Mildred Tompkins, and four bridesmaids, Miss Edith McCabe, Miss Irene Stallnecht, Miss Dorothy Duryea and Miss Marion Force.

The best man will be Spencer B. Pratt, and named as ushers are Leonard McAneny, Edwin C. Fancher, Howard F. Keeler and Thomas W. Maires.

The Old Dutch Church, Flatbush, will be the scene of the ceremony, at 8 o'clock, and half an hour later there will be a reception at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Evans Maires, 672 Ocean av., Flatbush.

The wedding of Miss Dorothy Bensinger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Bensinger, of 708 Ocean av., and Alfred T. Drury is to take place Saturday evening, November 7, at the Chateau du Parc.

The bride's attendants are to be Miss Mildred Lehrenkrauss, who is to act as maid of honor; Miss Madeline Ames, Miss Margaret Ames and Miss Marguerite Drury and Mrs. Harry B. Otterson.

Mr. Drury, who is the son of the late Dr. George Drury, has chosen for his best man Ralph Gunther. The ushers will be Stephen W. Pratt, Kenneth Clarke, Lloyd Souvulle, W. Pomeroy Smith, Harry A. M. Ramsay and Douglas Brown.

The Flatbush Congregational Church was the scene Tuesday evening of the wedding of Miss Florence Judith Higley, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Henry Allen Higley, and Alfred Curle Duncan, son of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Duncan. Annunciation lilies and white cosmos were combined with greenery in the decorations.

The bride's gown of white crêpe meteor was cut with a full court train and trimmed with duchess lace. She wore a tulle veil and carried an arm bouquet of Annunciation lilies. Miss Charlotte Higley, as the maid of honor, was gowned in pale blue crêpe meteor and carried Taft roses. Miss Alison Sommerville acted as flower girl.

The best man was A. Russel Watson, of Yonkers, and in attendance as ushers were Christopher Robert, William H. Duncan, jr., Charles M. Purdy and H. Clay Reimer.

Bedford Council 126, Knights of Columbus, took possession of its new house, 256 South Portland av., last week, and to celebrate the event various entertainments were given throughout the week. Last evening the festivities were brought to a close by a dinner, and this evening there will be a chapter celebration at the Montauk Club. Thursday evening there was a large reception to feminine friends of the council.

Miss Hazel Elizabeth Cobb was married to Dr. Arthur Horton Pierson Thursday evening in the Flatbush Congregational Church before a large assemblage. The Rev. Dr. Lewis T. Reed officiated. White chrysanthemums and autumn foliage made an attractive background for the bridal party.

The bride's gown was of white chiffon and silver lace. She wore a tulle veil and carried Bride roses and lilies-of-the-valley. Mrs. Harold A. Cobb and Mrs. Allen Cobb attended their sister-in-law as matrons of honor in gowns of pink satin and lavender chiffon, and carried lavender and pink chrysanthemums. There was also a little flower girl, Miss Dorothy Hazel Cobb, and a page, Master Murray Allen Cobb.

William F. McClean served as best man, and the ushers were Dr. Herbert De Cret, Augustus D. Savidge, Harold Cobb and Allen Cobb.

The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Daniel Cobb. Dr. Pierson is the son of Dr. and Mrs. William H. Pierson, of 101 McDonough st.

SUNSHINE HEAD RETORTS

Mrs. Alden Says N. J. Critics Judged Society on Hearsay.

Millburn, N. J., Oct. 10.—The fifteenth annual state convention of the International Sunshine Society listened to-day to a caustic reply from Mrs. Cynthia Westover Alden, of New York, president general of the society, to the criticism directed recently against the society by the New Jersey Commission for the Blind. That the findings of the commission were based on nothing but hearsay evidence was asserted by Mrs. Alden, who declared the commissioners don't know what they are talking about."

Mrs. Alden was attacked recently by the commission who sought to have Governor Fielder use his influence against the granting of a New Jersey charter to the Sunshine Society. When the charter was granted with the approval of Commissioner Joseph P. Byers, of the State Charities and Corrections Department, a formal protest was sent to the Governor.

The crticism of Mrs. Alden was in connection with the Arthur Home for Blind Babies at Summit, conducted by the Sunshine Society.

FRENCH MINERS DIG UNDER FOES' GUN

Continued from page 1

and a half miles from our front. We sent a party out to bury them, but it was fired upon and had to withdraw.

"On Tuesday, the 6th, the enemy's guns were active in the afternoon. It is believed that the bombardment was due to anger because two of our howitzer shells had detonated right in one of the enemy's trenches which was full of men. Three horses were killed by the German fire.

"Wednesday, the 7th, was uneventful. On Thursday, the 8th, the shelling by the enemy of a locality on our front which has so far been the scene of their greatest efforts was again continuous.

"Opposite one or two points the Germans have attempted to gain ground by sapping in some places with the view of secretly pushing forward machine guns in advance of their trenches, so that they can suddenly sweep with cross fire the space between our line and theirs, and so take any advance of ours on the flank.

Miners Blow Up Foes Gun.

"It is reported that at one point where the French were much annoyed by the fire of a German machine gun which was otherwise inaccessible they drove a mine gallery fifty metres (about fifty-five yards) long up to and under the emplacement and blew up the gun. The men who drove the gallery belonged to a corps which was recruited in one of the coal mining districts of France.

"The German machine guns are mounted on low sledges and are inconspicuous and evidently easily moved.

"The fighting now consists mostly of shelling by the artillery of both sides and in front a line of fire from the machine guns as an occasional target offers. Our Maxims have been doing excellent work and have proved most efficient weapons for the sort of fighting in which we are now engaged.

"At times there are so many outbursts of their fire in different directions that it is impossible for an expert to tell by comparison which of our guns have their springs adjusted and are well tuned up for the day. The amount of practice that our officers are now getting in the use of this weapon is proving most valuable in teaching them how to maintain it at concert pitch as an instrument and how to derive the best tactical results from its employment.

"Against us the Germans now are not expending so much gun ammunition as they have been, but they continue to fire at insignificant targets. They have the habit of suddenly dropping heavy shells without warning in localities or villages far behind our front line, possibly on the chance of catching some of our troops in bivouac or billets. They also fire a few rounds at night.

"The artillery has, up to now, played so great a part in the war that a few general remarks descriptive of the methods of its employment by the enemy are justified. Their field artillery armament consists of fifteen-pounder quick-firing guns for horse and field batteries of divisions, and there are, in addition, with each corps three to six batteries of 4.3-inch field howitzers and about two batteries of 5.9-inch howitzers. With an army there are some 8.2-inch heavy howitzers.

"The accuracy of their fire is apt at first to cause some alarm, more especially as the guns are usually well concealed and the position and the direction from which the fire is proceeding are difficult of detection. But, accurate as is their shooting, the German gunners have, on the whole, had little luck, and during the last three weeks an astonishingly small proportion of the number of shells fired by them have been really effective.

Germans Concentrate Fire.

"Quite the most striking feature of their handling of the artillery is the speed with which they concentrate the fire upon any selected point. They dispense to a great extent with the method of ranging known by us as bracketing, especially when acting on the defensive, and direct their fire by means of squared maps and the telephone. Thus, when the target is found, its position on the map is telephoned to such batteries as it is desired to employ against that particular square.

"In addition to the guns employed to fire on the targets as they are picked up others are told off to watch particular roads and to deal with any of the enemy using them.

"Both for the location of targets and the communication of the effect of the fire reliance is placed on observation from aeroplanes and balloons and on information supplied by special observers and secret agents, who are sent out ahead or left behind in the enemy's lines to communicate by telephone or signal. These observers have been found in haystacks, barns and other buildings well in advance of the German lines.

"Balloons of the so-called sausage pattern remain in the air for long periods for the purpose of discovering targets, and until our aviators made their influence felt by chasing all hostile aeroplanes on sight the latter were continually hovering over our troops to register their positions and to note where the headquarters, reserves and gun teams were located.

"If suitable targets are discovered the airman drops a smokeball directly over it or lets fall some strips of tinsel, which glitter in the sun as they slowly descend to the earth. The range to the target is apparently ascertained by those near the guns by means of a large telemetre, or other range finder, which is kept trained on the aeroplane, so that when the signal is made the distance to the target vertically below is at once obtained. A few rounds are then fired and the result is signalled back by the aviator according to some prearranged code."

SUES HER STEP-FATHER

Girl Says $10,000 Was Withheld from Mother's Estate.

Louis A. Malthaner, president of the Cortelyou Club of Brooklyn and associated with the law firm of Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, of Manhattan, was made the defendant in a suit brought yesterday in the Supreme Court of Kings County by Miss Lillian E. Holton his step-daughter, who asks for $10,000, which she alleges has been withheld from her from her mother's estate.

Miss Holton also alleges that her step-father has driven her from his home, 476 East 29th st., Flatbush. Mrs. Ida Malthaner, her mother, died last January. Mr. Malthaner said last night that the trouble grew out of a slight family misunderstanding, which he hoped would be rectified without bringing the case into court.

WIFE AND 3 SONS BURNED

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 10.—Hearing screams while at work in the field today, Walter Mitchell, of Farmington, a farmer, saw his son Clement running toward him wrapped in flames, and smoke coming from the house nearby.

The father rolled the boy on the ground and ran into the house. On the kitchen floor were his wife and two sons. They were alive, but unconscious. All were taken to the hospital, where one boy, Walter, died. Mrs. Mitchell and the other boys may not live.

Three younger children escaped. The fire was caused by the oldest boy pouring kerosene into the stove in an effort to start a fire.

FOR WILSON'S OLD CHAIR

Professor Willoughby, of Johns Hopkins, Goes to Princeton.

Princeton, Oct. 10.—The McCormick chair of jurisprudence and politics at Princeton, formerly occupied by Woodrow Wilson, it was announced to-day by the authorities of the university, would be occupied during the absence of Professor William E. Willoughby, who has gone to China as constitutional adviser to the President of the Chinese Republic, by his brother, Professor W. W. Willoughby, of Johns Hopkins University.

The absence of Professor Willoughby in China is expected to cover a period of two years. He will be the successor in China of Professor F. J. Goodnow, formerly of Columbia University and now president-elect of Johns Hopkins. Professor Willoughby has already left for his work in the Orient.

TITANIC SURVIVOR SUICIDE

Woman Jumps Overboard Unnerved by Fog at Sea.

Boston, Oct. 10.—Mrs. Annie Robinson, of Liverpool, a survivor of the Titanic disaster, jumped from the Leyland Line steamer Devonian last night while the liner was groping through a heavy fog.

Officers of the vessel, which arrived to-day, said that Mrs. Robinson had been in a state of nervous excitement because of the fog and the sounding of the fog horn. She was formerly a stewardess on the Titanic and was coming here to visit relatives.

ARCHDUKE'S DEATH LAID TO RUSSIA

Austrian Vice-Consul Says Desire to Annex Provinces Was War Cause.

Ludwig von Kleinwaechter, vice-consul of Austria-Hungary here, spoke on the war from the view point of his country last night at the Liberal Club. He asserted that the murder of Archduke Ferdinand and his wife was inspired by Russia.

"The real and fundamental reasons for the war between Austria-Hungary and Russia," he said, "are not the Servian question, nor the Balkan complication, but rather the determination of Russia to annex two important Austrian provinces lying on her border—licia and Bukowina—besides a small part of northern Hungary.

"Serious political considerations are chiefly urging on Russia the annexation of the neighboring provinces. The natives of Southwestern Russia, Eastern Galicia, parts of Bukowina and a limited area of Upper Hungary are the Ruthenian or Ukrainian people. There are about 35,000,000 of them in all, of which 30,000,000 are Russian subjects, the remaining 5,000,000 being Austrians and Hungarian citizens.

"The Ukranian edition of the Bible, which, after it had been suppressed in Russia, was undertaken by the British Bible Society, has been and still is considered a revolutionary publication and its circulation is prohibited by Russia.

"The Ukranian's lot in Austria is just the reverse. The aim of the Russian agitation is to convince the Ukranians that they are but an offshoot of the Russian people, and that their language is but a dialect of the Russian language.

"To win the Ukranians in the Austrian provinces for the Russian faith, they offered free education to young Austro-Ukranians in Russian convents or theological colleges, where these students wer to be ordained as priests of the Russian Orthodox Church and then sent back to Austria as missionaries.

"It has been ascertained beyond a doubt that the assassination of the Austrian heir to the throne and his wife was carried out under Russian inspiration and with Russia's moral and material support."

U. S. GOODS SAFE IN NEUTRAL SHIPS

No Impediment to Trade in Non-Contraband Articles, Even with Belligerents.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Continuing its policy of forging out a complete code for regulation of shipments of American products, not only to neutral but to belligerent countries, the State Department to-day announced a decision relating to exports of cottonseed oil. The decision marks a distinct advance in the exemption of semi-contraband goods from seizure when carried in American bottoms.

This declaration is that American trade in cottonseed oil in neutral bottoms is not subject to seizure or detention, not only when destined for neutral countries, but when shipped to Germany, if not intended for military uses. The British government has assented to so much of the proposition as relates to shipments to Holland of neutral goods, such as foodstuffs which the Netherlands government has embargoed for exportation.

The solicitor's opinion goes beyond the mere matter of cottonseed oil and lays down the principle that cotton is non-contraband and is not subject to seizure even when shipped to a belligerent country, providing it is on American or other neutral ships. Therefore, there is no impediment to the shipment of American cotton to Hamburg consigned to German spinners.

GET WAR BOUND TRUNKS

North German Lloyd Line Assembles Baggage.

Although their steamships have not been in service since the outbreak of the European war the North German Lloyd Line managed to assemble in various parts of Europe 1,500 pieces of baggage owned by Americans, and left behind in the first wild rush to get to this country.

As soon as the company's baggage rooms at the terminal at Bremerhaven had been released from mobilization use by the general staff, the company's agents picked up the stray baggage of its patrons and shipped it to Rotterdam in five carloads. The luggage was sent to this country by steamships of the Holland-America Line, and according to the local agents of the North German Line, most of it is now in the hands of its owners. Unidentified baggage is held here in the offices of the Wells-Fargo Express Company.

NEW JERSEY BREVITIES.

Nelle Audine, three years old, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Audine, of Central and Railroad ave., Hackensack, who was burned while playing around a bonfire, died.

Battist Balbetti, of Washington av., Hackensack, who fell from a scaffold on the Broadway school in July and seriously injured his spine, died in the Morris Plains Insane Asylum.

Half a century in the employ of the Joseph Dixon Crucible Company, Jersey City, Christian Voegler was presented with $100 by President George T. Smith.

Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, will open Elizabeth's celebration of the 250th anniversary of its founding on October 25. The celebration will last three days.

BRITISH HOPE TO STARVE GERMANY

Warships Seize All Dutch Vessels and Overhaul Their Cargoes.

HAGUE GOVERNMENT MADE RESPONSIBLE

Food as Well as War Supplies Is Kept from Reaching Kaiser's People.

London, Oct. 1.—Every day cargoes of foodstuffs, petrol and other supplies which would be useful to Germany move with greater difficulty into Netherland ports.

At Falmouth and other ports in the south of England British warships are constantly escorting Dutch bottoms into a safe refuge, where they are held until the ultimate destination of the cargo is finally determined and until the Netherlands government gives assurances the cargo will not be sold to Germany nor used to replace supplies now in Holland which may be sold to the Austrians or the Germans.

Recently the Gelria, a big Dutch steamer from the River Plate country, carrying a large cargo of coffee and other foodstuffs, was towed into Falmouth, where it was held for more than a week before being permitted to proceed to Rotterdam.

Coffee Supply for Months.

The Gelria carried a number of German reservists, who were taken off there before she was finally released. Her cargo of coffee was so large that an English official said it was estimated to be sufficient to supply the population of all Holland for six months. However, the ship was allowed to proceed to her destination after the Netherlands government assumed responsibility for the cargo and guaranteed that none of it would go to enemies of the Allies.

The Ryndam and several other Dutch ships which have been escorted into Irish ports by warships underwent several investigations. After the Ryndam's quota of reservists was taken off at Queenstown the ship was released, only to be seized again off the south coast of England and hauled into Falmouth for a fuller investigation of its cargo.

Plymouth has also been a much busier port than usual since the British warships have been investigating Dutch ships so thoroughly. Scarcely a day passes that a number of craft of varying size are not escorted into that harbor for careful inspection.

Nothing to Reach Germany.

Up to this time most of the Dutch ships have been able to make a satisfactory explanation and accounting after a few days of delay and communication with The Hague. Sometimes they are relieved of part of their cargo and permitted to proceed with the remainder.

"What sense would there be in maintaining a large navy and in waging war if we were to permit our enemies to get ammunition and food through neutral ports?" a prominent English official remarked, in discussing the seizure of Dutch ships. "We want Holland to have all the foodstuffs required for her own people, and shall see that they get nothing. However, we cannot station and watch Dutch merchants supplying Germany's needs."

Ships carrying saltpetre, petrol and other supplies clearly for the use of an army are usually held indefinitely. As ships and automobiles play such an important part in the present war the petrol is of the greatest value to the armies, and the British warships are not permitting neutral tank ships to move toward the North Sea if satisfactory guarantees are not given as to the ultimate destination of their cargoes.

TRIES TWICE TO DIE

Youth Slashes Self and Leaps from Hospital Window.

By slashing himself with a knife and later leaping from a hospital window Paul Wolfe, twenty years old, out of work and despondent because of a love affair, made two attempts at suicide within an hour yesterday afternoon. He is in Bellevue Hospital, where it is believed he will die.

Wolfe's first attempt occurred on Fifth av. and 49th st., and attracted a large crowd. He was taken to Flower Hospital and placed on a cot on the third floor. When the attendants were absent he walked out on to the fire escape and leaped to the courtyard of Bellevue, where he was then taken. It was said that he is suffering from a broken nose, a broken arm and possible internal injuries.

BOTH TEAMS VISIT SHOW

Loyal Rooters, Braves and Athletics at Hippodrome.

The fifty Loyal Rooters, winners in "The Philadelphia Inquirer's" world series contest, came here last night to find solace for the home team's defeat by the Boston Braves. They accompanied the players of both teams who were met at the Pennsylvania Station by autom