

WHY JOHN D. SEEKS A FEDERAL CHARTER

Oil Man's Spokesman Reveals a Touch of Sentiment in \$100,000,000 Gift.

MONEY CAME FROM NATION

Opponents Say Incorporation Will Make Sympathy for Capitalistic Class.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Further details regarding the purpose and ambition of John D. Rockefeller in seeking to incorporate the Rockefeller Foundation with an endowment of \$100,000,000 were given to-night by Jerome D. Greene, New York, the oil man's spokesman and agent.

Under one form or another the bill has been pending for almost two years and will come up for a vote in the House on Monday. The fight against the measure in its present revised form is being led by Representatives Fowler of Illinois and Shackelford of Missouri. The opponents of the bill declare they see in the measure an effort on the part of the capitalist class to influence public opinion in its favor by huge expenditures, such as the one proposed in the foundation.

Representative Peters of Massachusetts, representing the Judiciary Committee, will lead the fight on the floor for the measure. The friends of the bill point out that it is better for John D. Rockefeller's \$100,000,000 to be working for the betterment of humanity than to be hoarded up by a man who already has more money than he knows what to do with and who is getting more all the time, in spite of efforts to stop the influx. Mr. Peters figures that he will put the bill through with a two-thirds majority.

Mr. Greene, who is a trustee in many of Mr. Rockefeller's enterprises, is taking an active part in the campaign for the passage of the bill. He said to-night:

"If this measure goes through it will make Washington an important center for many movements which aim at bettering conditions of life for the race. Under the terms of the foundation, the money will be used for the benefit of the whole country, and will be under control in the interests of all sections.

It does not have to obtain a Federal charter for its foundation. Under the laws of almost any State a foundation could be incorporated or a trusteeship set up which would be under less restricted control than that established by the proposed bill. The object of the foundation is to provide for the well being and to advance the education of the world, by the acquisition, the dissemination of knowledge, by the relief of suffering and the promotion of the progress of all the elements of the human race, subject to the restrictions of Congress at any time in the future.

Mr. Rockefeller is left purposely indefinite as to what the foundation may do, and as to what it remains in existence. The donor reserves the power of determining special objects to which the fund may be devoted, and is left for all practical purposes to judge of current necessities, and to make such changes as may be deemed desirable, and to make such changes as may be deemed desirable, and to make such changes as may be deemed desirable.

Under the provisions of the bill, the amount of property to be held by the foundation at any one time, whether in fee or in trust, must never exceed the original gift of \$100,000,000 exclusive of the income in value of property subsequently received.

However, the income of the property need not be allowed to accumulate or be added to the principal, but must be current income to the objects of the corporation. However, as the foundation will have an income of not more than \$5,000,000 a year and will have all humanity to be fed upon, there will never be any danger that the trust will be at a loss for funds for the maintenance of the corporation. The corporation is empowered to distribute the principal of any property at any time and in any manner, and to be dissolved at the end of 100 years as directed by Congress.

The number of members administering the funds is not to be less than nine nor more than twenty-five, serving three-year terms, one-third of the total number being elected each year. New members of the corporation are to be elected by those already on the board, subject to disapproval by the majority of the committee consisting of the President of the United States, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the President of the Senate, the President of the House, the President of Harvard, Yale, Columbia, Johns Hopkins and the University of Chicago. All property owned by the foundation is subject to taxation, except only personal property used for purposes of the corporation, which is situated in land under Federal jurisdiction. Neither shall any one receive any pecuniary benefit from it except reasonable salaries.

As a final safeguard against the fund becoming too big or being used in ways which might be injurious to the interests of the public welfare it is provided that the charter can be altered or repealed entirely at the pleasure of Congress.

Mr. Rockefeller himself is as keenly interested as any one possibly can be to insure that the great sum which he is about to give shall always be used for the purposes which he has in mind and he has secured the best advice that he could obtain to insure this result in the pending measure.

LAW TO SAVE 150,000 BABIES.

Children's Bureau Says Births Are Not Registered Promptly.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—One hundred and fifty thousand babies might be saved from death in this country if there were proper birth registration laws in all the States, according to the first publication of the new Federal children's bureau issued to-day.

The United States is now losing 150,000 babies a year," said Miss Julia C. Thompson, chief of the bureau, in her report, and experience has demonstrated that half of these might be saved if the simple methods already known to the world could be brought to bear. Immediate notification of births is necessary, and babies born under adverse conditions may be born dead or so weak that they may not be able to be given the health authorities, visiting nurses or other social agencies.

The bureau has prepared a model registration law.

Secretary Fisher denied that he had been aiding the Standard Oil Company. The reverse he said was the case, inasmuch as all pipe lines had been prohibited from bidding in competition for these lands.



Mr. High-Cost-of-Living.

INDIAN CHIEFS GET A WRIT FOR FISHER

The Secretary of the Interior Is Charged With Aiding Standard Oil.

OSAGE OIL LANDS ROW

Congress Asked to Reinstiate the Seven Removed Tribal Councilmen.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Secretary Walter L. Fisher of the Interior Department finds himself confronted with the charge that he has used his official power in the interests of the Standard Oil Company. Mr. Fisher, on the other hand, contends that he has laid facts before the Attorney-General in regard to the Uncle Sam Oil Company which may result in proceedings against that concern. He adds that he regards the charge against him from this source as a "badge of honor."

The controversy involves the attempted leasing of oil lands owned by the Osage Indians. Seven members of the tribal council who were removed by Secretary Fisher two weeks ago because he charged they had been unduly influenced in making a lease to the Uncle Sam company are in Washington and actively concerned in the present row. They went to the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia this morning and got a writ of mandamus compelling upon the Secretary to show cause next Tuesday why they should not be reinstated as members of the Osage council.

The trouble began a few weeks ago when Secretary Fisher threw out certain leases which the Osage council had made with the Uncle Sam oil company. Secretary Fisher contended that these leases contained terms that were unfair to the Indians. Since then a bill has been introduced in the House to compel the secretary to validate three leases.

Albert L. Wilson, counsel for the oil company, and T. J. Leahy, attorney for the Osage Indians who have been deposed to-day, appears before the House Committee on Indian Affairs. Mr. Wilson charges that the Standard Oil Company is endeavoring to block the efforts of the Uncle Sam company to secure the lease, because the latter company would then become a competitor of the Standard Oil subsidiaries in the field.

The Uncle Sam company, he added, has been harassed by every device known to the oil trust and has met with the opposition of the Interior Department. Mr. Wilson said that Standard Oil has had the advantage of having the assistance of a former President, Cabinet officers, the Post Office Department, the Interior Department, Federal Judges, a Federal District Attorney and many other lesser officials.

"The actions of the Osage council and the conditions surrounding these leases," said Secretary Fisher, "were such that the department ordered a special investigation of the entire matter. The report of this investigation was of such character that the department deemed it proper to transmit the report and accompanying documents to the Department of Justice, with the request that it take such steps as it concluded would be appropriate."

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IMMORTALS' GALLERY APPROVED BY SENATE

Incorporation of American Academy and National Institute Is Authorized.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Senator Lodge of Massachusetts secured the passage in the Senate to-day of two bills which have come to be known as authorizing "a gallery of American immortals."

One of these bills authorizes the incorporation of the National Institute of Arts and Letters and the other incorporates the American Academy of Arts and Letters.

Among the names of the New York incorporators of the National Institute of Arts and Letters are: Richard Aldrich, James L. Allen, W. C. Brownell, John Burroughs, Charles De Kay, Philip H. Furness, Henry T. Finck, John H. Finley, W. B. Howells, Archer M. Huntington, Owen Johnson, Richard L. Johnson, Nelson Lloyd, A. T. Mahan, Edwin Martin, Edwin S. Martin, Brandegee Matthews, St. Clair McKelway, Paul E. Moore, H. T. Deck, Charles G. D. Roberts, Theodore Roosevelt, Montgomery Schuyler, Henry D. Sedgwick, Frank D. Sherman, Edward S. Snodgrass, F. Hopkinson Smith, Frank L. Tucker, Hedges Torrance, William P. Trent, Andrew D. White, John W. Alexander, George F. Babb, Hugo Ballin, George G. Barnard, Paul W. Hart, Richard E. Brooks, George De Forest Brush, George B. Post, A. F. Proctor, Robert Reid, F. G. R. Roth, F. W. Rudolph, Albert P. Ryder, R. M. Sargent, Edward Simmons, William T. Sperry, Abbott H. Thayer, D. W. Tryon, Whitney Warren, Adolph A. Weinman, J. A. West, Irving R. Wilder, Emil Carl, Walter C. Wood, Kenyon Cox, Frederic Crowninshield, William T. Dennis, Charles M. Dewey, Thomas W. Downing, Frederick DuRoi, Paul Dougherty, Ben Foster, Daniel C. French, Charles Deza Gibson, Cass Gilbert, Jules Guerin, Childe Hassam, Thomas Hastings, Robert Henri, William H. Hows, Samuel Isham, Francis Jones, H. Belton Jones, W. S. Kendall, Henry La Forge, William H. Low, Frederick MacMonnies, Harmon McNeill, William H. Mearl, Carl Mecher, Willard L. Metcalf, H. K. Mulder, Victor Herbert, H. H. Stieglitz, Arthur Whiting, Walter Bannerman and Reginald de Koven.

There are a number of other incorporators named who are prominent in arts and letters. The avowed purpose of the corporation is "the furtherance of the interests of literature and fine arts."

The membership is limited to 250 regular members and honorary associates. The corporation is authorized to receive devises, bequests and donations of real or personal property and to invest and reinvest the same in the interest of the organization.

The Academy of Arts and Letters is limited to fifty members and has the same objects as are authorized by the Institute of Arts and Letters.

Receiver for Columbus Buggy Co. COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 18.—Daniel McClenahan of Cincinnati, who has been identified with various industrial and railway corporations, was appointed receiver to-day for the Columbus Buggy Company. The company has assets of \$1,000,000 and liabilities of \$600,000. It was one of the best known firms in the vehicle business prior to the development of the automobile industry.

Ivan Cayll Arrives. Ivan Cayll, composer of "The Pink Lady," arrived yesterday by the Hamburg-American liner Kaiser Auguste Victoria to confer with Klaw & Erlanger about C. M. S. McLaughlin's new musical play, "The Little Cafe," for which Mr. Cayll has written the music.

day morning at the Plaza there will be a programme of English songs and dances. The soloists will be Miss Anna Chase of the Metropolitan Opera and Maurice Parkes.

Advertisement for Bloomingdale's shoes and women's apparel. Text includes: 'ALL CARS TRANSFER TO Bloomingdale's', 'Lexington to 3d Avenue 59th to 60th Street', 'Have Purchased and Beginning Tomorrow Monday Morning, at 8:30, Will Sell', 'Vogel Brothers 142nd St. Cor. 8th Ave.', 'Entire Stock of Shoes and Women's, Misses' and Girls' Apparel at 60c. on the Dollar', 'The Stock Consists of Shoes for Women, House Garments, Kimonos, Wrappers, Tailored Cloth Suits, Silk and Cloth Dresses, Dancing Frocks and Gowns, Coats and Wraps, Fur Sets and Fur Coats, Dress Skirts, Raincoats, Waists, Dressing Sacques, Girls' Dresses, etc.'

Advertisement for SEES MONOPOLY AT THE CANAL. Text includes: 'Humphrey Says That Pool Plans to Get All the Trade', 'Washington, Jan. 18.—Charging that the "shipping trust" is planning to monopolize the Panama Canal trade, Representative Humphrey of Washington to-day introduced a bill to exclude from the waterway all ships which are parties to foreign or domestic combines, pools or "conferences"', 'The evidence already adduced at the steamship trust investigation has demonstrated that a foreign combine is guilty of every charge made against it', 'He declared Representative Humphrey: "They fix rates by agreement and do everything human ingenuity can devise to monopolize trade and stifle competition"', 'Meantime, at a hearing before the House shipping trust committee to-day, Harvey Barber, president of the Barber Steamship Company of New York, declared that "conference and rebating are necessary to the life of foreign commerce"', 'In New York to-day, President Taft will deliver an address at the seventieth anniversary of the Independent Order B'nai B'rith, Temple Beth-El, 8 P. M.', 'Manhattan Congressional Church public forum, speaker, Stanley W. Finch, opposing the White Slave Traffic Bill, Broadway and Seventy-sixth street, 8 P. M.', 'National Federation of Theatre Clubs, meeting, New Apollo Hall, 27 West Forty-second street, 8 P. M.', 'Levee by A. S. Kaufman on "Opportunities in Commercial Telegraphs and Hebrew Educational Societies, afternoon, Lecture by Miss Maud Malone on "Woman Suffrage and Human Progress," at Kaplan School Building, 1751 Park Avenue, Brooklyn, 8 P. M.', 'Lecture by the Rev. Thomas C. Hall, afternoon, Theological Seminary, on "The New Manhood," Commercial High School, Albany Avenue and Dean Street, Brooklyn, 8 P. M.', 'Reception to Alexander Irvine, by the Social Fellowship of St. Mark's Church, in the church hall, Second Avenue and Tenth Street, 8 P. M.', 'Color Conference, Colony Club, 9 P. M.'

Advertisement for HIGGINS & SEITER. Text includes: 'ESTABLISHED A QUARTER OF A CENTURY', 'Largest Retail China and Glass Store in the World', '26th Annual Sale Of Imported China Plates', 'Offering Our Entire Stock of Plates At Reductions of 10 to 50 Per Cent', 'Owing to delayed shipments from Europe of a collection of high grade Plates which we intended to include among the many features of the opening of this Sale, this beautiful China will be offered beginning to-morrow at unusually low prices. For example—', 'Extraordinary Values in Fine English China Plates', 'The Plates illustrated are of high-grade Bone China from one of the leading English potteries. The artistic pattern consists of rim beautifully ornamented with rich paste-gold decoration between heavy enameled gold bands around shoulder and edge of Plates. We offer these fine Plates at the following reduced prices, per dozen—', 'Regularly Sale Price', '67 Service Plates \$55', '67 Soup Plates \$55', '59 Entree Plates \$48', '51 Dessert Plates \$42', '59 Dessert Plates (coupe shape) \$48', '37 Bread-and-Butter Plates \$30', '62.50 Tea Cups and Saucers \$80', '67 Bouillon Cups and Saucers \$55', '62.50 After-Dinner Cups and Saucers \$50', 'Note the Address of Our New Store (Opposite Tiffany & Co.)—', 'Buy China & Glass Right', '9 & 11 East 37th Street Just off Fifth Avenue; Telephone Murray Hill 460', 'The Wall Street edition of the EVENING SUN contains all the financial news and the stock and bond quotations to the close of the market.—44c.'