POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

TWO COUNTRYMEN SWINDLED BY A CONFIDENCE MAN.—A day or two since a man named Dickson, from the mining regions of New Jersey, arrived in this city with a friend, en route to California. Yesterday morning these country gentlemen proceeded to the office of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company and purchased passage tickets for San Francisco. Soon afterwards a stranger approached and asked Mr. Dickson if he was going to California, to which he received an affirmative reply. The stranger said he was also to sail for California in the same steamer and expressed a desire to engage him (Dickson) and his friend to take care of a number of race horses during the passage. A bargain was soon struck with the Jerseymen, when the horse man coolly asked Mr. Dickson if he had any money; that if so he would take it up stairs and convert it into gold, as he would be unable to use greenbacks in California. Mr. Dickson unsuspicingly gave the fellow $210 in Treasury notes and received as collateral security for the safe return of the money eleven false tokens purporting to be $20 gold pieces, and a check on the First National Bank for $2,800, drawn by Roper, Turner & Co. Of course the check was valueless. Dickson was requested to wait a few moments, whereupon the swindler ran up one flight of stairs and down another into the street, thus making his escape with the plunder. After waiting an indefinite period of time Dickson and his friend ventured to make search for the stranger, but of course he was beyond their reach. Not till then did these gentlemen from the interior suspect they had been victimized by a sharper. Their loss was made known to Captain Young, of the detective force, and efforts are being made to secure the confidence man, who, it seems, is well known.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS—CONSIDERATION FOR THE POOR CAR HORSE.—Yesterday afternoon Mr. Henry Bergh, President of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, appeared before Justice Dowling and entered a complaint against Richard Finnen, driver of a pair of horses attached to car No. 41, of the Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company. President Bergh, in his affidavit, sets forth that Finnen was driving through University place; that one of said horses was totally unfit to be driven, that he had a running sore upon one of his legs and was very lame, and being driven attached to said car was a torture to said animal, and was cruelly treating the same. The magistrate issued a warrant for the driver, and intrusted it to officer Anderson, attached to the court, for execution.

THE CASE AGAINST THE CITY FINANCE DEPARTMENT.—An examination was commenced before Justice Connolly yesterday on the complaint of Mrs. Ann Bryant against Burnham, clerk in the office of Collector of City Revenue. The nature of the complaint and the alleged facts in relation thereto have been already published. Mrs. Bryant complains that Burnham by false and fraudulent representation, viz., by giving her a receipt for twenty-five dollars as rent of a lot on Third avenue, between Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth streets, upon payment of fifty dollars, said rent purporting to be in advance from the 15th of September last for one year, and Mrs. Bryant not having obtained possession of such lot, that he thus defrauded her of the sum of fifty dollars. Mrs. Bryant can neither read nor write. The defence sets up that at the time of such payment of fifty dollars by Mrs. Bryant she (Mrs. Bryant) was fully aware that only twenty-five dollars was for the rent of the lot, and that the other twenty-five dollars was to go to release a claim which another person known to Mrs. Bryant had upon such lot. The examination occupied considerable time. Alderman Drew, who was chief of this department at the time of the date of this receipt, testified to the rent of these lots being twenty-five dollars and to Mr. Burnham's handwriting to the receipt. Mrs. McAllister and George Green, the latter a clerk in the Comptroller's office, both testified to being present when Mrs. Bryant first called at the office in reference to her desire to obtain a lot, and that Burnham told her that he could not give her a lot on Third avenue, only on a side street, but that there were a couple of lots on Third avenue in possession of a man who was sick, one of which he might get for her. But the most important witness was Miss Sarah Jane Sterritt, residing at 117 West Thirty-third street. This lady testified that her father is dead; that he died March 21, last; during his lifetime he was lessee of a lot on Third avenue, between Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth streets; she knows Mrs. Bryant, and says that she called on her in September last in relation to this lot, which she (Mrs. Bryant) wanted to get; she asked the price, and Miss Sterritt told her $50, which Mrs. Bryant thought too much, and asked Miss Sterritt if she would not take less, but was told no; Mrs. Bryant subsequently called on Miss Sterritt again, and, representing that she could not afford to pay $50, Miss Sterritt consulted with her father, who was then sick, and with his consent told her she might have it for twenty-five dollars; Mrs. Bryant then said she had not the money with her, and Miss Sterritt told her she might pay Mr. Burnham when she was paying her rent, and gave her a note to him instructing him to receive it. Miss Sterritt further says that a short time afterwards she received this amount from Mr. Burnham. Mrs. Bryant being called to rebut this evidence, denied all knowledge of Miss Sterritt, says that she never called at any house in Thirty-third street in reference to this matter, and had no conversation with any one in regard to the transfer of title. Here the case rested, the defence stating they would present evidence this morning corroborative of that of Miss Sterritt.

INCIDENTAL EXPERIENCES OF MARRIED LIFE.—Matilda Ferry resides on the southerly side of West Fifty-fourth street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues. To get married is woman's modern mission. Matilda has accomplished her mission. She is married. Matilda's husband's name is Sam. It does not appear where or by whom Sam and Matilda were married; but it is very likely Sam promised to cherish and protect Matilda. It is customary to say so on these occasions. It is quite possible that different individuals may have different ideas of the fulfilment of this engagement, they may hold diverse opinions in regard to what is necessary to be done to carry out this promise to "cherish and protect;" but there are few men who would exhibit their understanding of this solemn agreement and consider they were performing their obligations under it by beating their wives, breaking the furniture and smashing the crockery about the house. Sam was accused of thus treating Matilda yesterday, and further, with being in the habit of so doing. Justice Connolly committed him in default of three hundred dollars to answer to a charge of assault and battery.

FIGHTING RUM.—James Sullivan is charged with being drunk on Wednesday. Different opinions prevail as to the reason of different exhibitions at different times made by one who has put "an enemy into his mouth to steal away his brains." Many attribute it to the liquor. In that view of the matter James must have been drinking what is termed "fighting rum" on Wednesday. It is charged against him that he went into the liquor store of Christian Schwartz, in First avenue, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh streets, and being refused liquor threatened to cut the barkeeper, Nicholas Hammer, with a knife, and struck the proprietor's wife; and, failing in an attempt to do more serious damage, cut Schwartz's dog with a knife. After thus acting, his continued presence not promising any entertainment, he was ejected from the premises, whereupon, it is further alleged James amused himself by throwing stones at the windows and breaking the glass. He was finally taken into custody, and Justice Connolly committed him in default of payment of ten dollars fine.

ARREST OF ALLEGED BURGLARS.—Two men, named Jas. Fay and John Williams, were brought before Justice Wm. Dodge, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, by officer Edward R. Delamater, roundsman of the Twenty-fifth precinct, charged with having broken into the dwelling No. 6 East Sixteenth street. It seems that about half-past four o'clock on Wednesday afternoon a Mrs. Ann Hatch, residing at No. 7 East Sixteenth street, observed the two men at work at the grating in the area, and saw them disappear into the cellar. Knowing that the occupants were all in the country she immediately called the attention of the officer, who, with the assistance of several others, surrounded the dwelling. They entered the premises and found both men concealed in a coal-box in the cellar. The house is occupied by Charles B. Moore, who is at present at Cold Springs. They were both committed to await the arrival of Mr. Moore, who will return to-day.

ROBBED HIS EMPLOYERS.—A young man named William J. M. Reed, a clerk in the store of Holmes & Co., No. 747 Broadway, was yesterday arrested by officer Barker, of the Fifteenth precinct, charged with stealing from his employers a quantity of female wearing apparel, valued at $31. The accused was arraigned before Justice Dodge, when he acknowledged his guilt, and stated to the officer the whereabouts of the property, all of which was recovered. He was fully committed to answer.

WEIS VS. LOHMANN.—In this case, a synopsis of the complainant's statement in which has already appeared in the HERALD, an examination was held on Tuesday before Justice Connolly. The case was dismissed, there being no evidence produced substantiating the charge of false and fraudulent representation. On the contrary, articles of agreement, regularly entered into between Weis and Lohmann, were put in evidence, in which Weis engages to obtain life insurance customers of his own ability. The other complaint of Christopher Weis against Lohmann falls through with the dismissal of this case.

MORE OF THE BOGUS JERSEY BANK.

Two Additional Complaints—Another Arrest, &c.

Geo. Fritz, doing business at 95 Maiden lane, appeared before Justice Dodge at the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday morning, and preferred a complaint against G. W. Chadwick, Vice President of the North River Bank, of Hoboken, in which he sets forth that he is an attorney in part of Haran Partridge; that about the latter part of May last a stranger called on him for the purpose of purchasing some gold watches of the value of $1,000, and in payment for the same tendered a bill of exchange or draft for $1,000, payable sixty days after sight, signed F. Williams, made payable at the above bank or at the office of said Chadwick, at No. 64 Wall street, and certified to by the said Chadwick May 12, 1866. He took the said draft to the office of Chadwick, who stated that it was "all right," and would be paid at the bank at maturity. From the statement made by the said Chadwick, he was induced to accept the draft, and delivered the watches to the stranger. He has since learned that the draft is worthless and is a false token.

Chadwick, who is temporarily committed at the Jefferson Market prison, was brought up, and in answer to the charge, pleaded "not guilty," stating at the same time that the Court had no jurisdiction in the matter. Judge Dodge required Chadwick to find $2,500 additional bail.

James Charles Benn, cashier for T. W. Ladd, also appeared before Justice Dodge and stated that he had been induced, through the representations made by Chadwick, to accept a draft for $500 from one Jacob S. Brower, of Westchester county, on which he loaned $250, and took the balance in payment for a debt of Brower's due Mr. Ladd. Brower was arrested and held to bail in the sum of $2,500.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Live Oaks of Albany vs. Columbia of Chatham and Union of Hillsdale.

The Live Oaks Champion Juniors of Albany left Albany at forty minutes past six on the morning of July 12, 1866, for Chatham, to play two matches, one with the Columbia Club of Chatham and the other with the Union Club of Hillsdale. The first match was with the Columbia Club of Chatham which resulted in favor of the Live Oaks, they beating their opponents nine runs. John Cadman, of Chatham, was umpire of the game. The following is the number of innings played and the runs made:—

INNINGS.

Clubs.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	Total.
Columbia	5	0	5	3	1	14
Live Oaks	9	8	2	4	0	23

In the match in the afternoon, at the same place, between the Live Oaks and the Union Club of Hillsdale, nine innings were played, and the following number of runs made from which it will be seen that the former came off victorious:—

INNINGS.

Clubs.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	Total.
Live Oaks	3	7	6	0	10	11	0	4	0	41
Union	5	1	2	4	4	0	2	0	1	19

Atlantic vs. Peconic.

The return match between these clubs was played yesterday afternoon on the Capitoline grounds, at Bedford, and from the fact that the champion nine for this season was expected to be present, and also on account of the plucky stand made by the Peconics in the first match, a very sharp game was anticipated. The expectant ones, however, were disappointed, as the Atlantics were short two men—Galvin and C. Smith—and the playing on the part of the Peconics was very poor. Wild throwing, lazy fielding and an utter lack of discipline and spirit were the main features of the Peconics' play, opposed to sharp fielding and heavy hitting on the part of the Atlantics.

The following is the score:—

ATLANTIC. Players.	O.	R.	PECONIC. Players.	O.	R.
Chapman, 2d b.	0	11	Stark, p.	4	1
Start, 1st b.	1	10	Wright, 1st b.	1	1
McDonald, c. f.	1	10	Nash, 3d b.	5	0
Mills, c.	3	7	Wilcox, l. f.	3	1
Zettlein, p.	8	3	Hall, 2d b.	4	0
Ferguson, 3d b.	3	6	Kiers, c.	5	0
S. Smith, r. f.	2	6	Chapman, c. f.	3	3
Crombie, l. f.	4	5	Hartman, s. s.	1	1
Kenney, s. s.	5	6	Davis, r. f.	3	0
Total	27	64	Total	27	7

INNINGS.

Clubs.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	Total.
Atlantic	3	7	6	4	5	12	0	25	2	64
Peconic	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	3	7

Home runs—Chapman, 2; Start, 1; McDonald, 2; Mills, 1; Crombie, 1.

Left on bases—Chapman, 1; Mills, 1; Ferguson, 1; Smith, 2; Crombie, 1; Wright, 3; Chapman, 1; Hartman, 3; Davis, 1.

Struck out—Zettlein, 1.

Passed balls—Kiers, 13; Stark, 2; Wilcox, 1; Mills, 5.

Overpitch—Stark, 1.

Out on the fly—Atlantic, 10; Peconic, 4.

Out on foul bounds—Atlantic, 3; Peconic, 9.

Out on bases—Atlantic, 12; Peconic, 14.

Run out—Smith, by Wilcox and Wright.

Wild throws—Peconic, 11; Atlantic, 3.

Balls muffed—Peconic, 21; Atlantic, 4.

Fly catches missed—Peconic, 7; Atlantic, 2.

Foul bounds missed—Peconic, 7; Atlantic, 2.

Scorers, Messrs. Mersereau and Brady. Umpire, Mr. Swandell, of the Eckford Club.

Time of game, two hours and forty five minutes.

Union vs. Excelsior.

The first match between these clubs was played yesterday afternoon on the Union grounds, at Morrisania, and resulted, after a fine game, in the success of the Union Club. The play of the Excelsiors was not up to the mark either in the field or at the bat, and the good pitching and catching of Brainerd and Norton alone saved their club from a bad defeat. The Union Club, with one or two slight exceptions, played well and sharply throughout.

The following is the score:—

EXCELSIOR. Players.	O.	R.	UNION. Players.	O.	R.
Pearce, 3d b.	4	1	Martin, 2d b.	3	2
Crane, 2d b.	3	3	Smith, 1st b.	2	4
Norton, c.	1	3	Hudson, r. f.	1	4
Leggett, s. s.	3	1	Hannegan, s. s.	3	2
Mitchell, l. f.	4	1	Pabor, p.	4	2
Brainerd, p.	3	2	Birdsall, c.	5	1
Fletcher, 1st b.	3	0	Bossford, l. f.	4	2
Clyne, c. f.	4	1	Ketchum, 3d b.	2	1
Elmendorf, r. f.	3	3	Austin, c. f.	3	2
Total	27	15	Total	27	20

INNINGS.

Clubs.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	Total.
Excelsior	2	1	0	0	0	0	7	3	2	15
Union	2	3	1	2	0	0	2	4	6	20

Umpire, Mr. Calloway, of the Eureka Club of Newark. Scorers, Messrs. Hopkins and Anner. Time of game, two hours and forty minutes.

Fly catches—Excelsior 8, Union 12.

Eagle of New York vs. Olympic of Paterson, N. J.

The Eagle Club of this city took a trip to Paterson yesterday afternoon for the purpose of playing a match game with the Olympic Club of that city. The playing in the early part of the game was very poor on the Eagle side, and that, together with a bad ground, with which they were unacquainted, contributed to their defeat. Yates at first base, Reed as catcher, and Shaffer at centre field played very well.

The score is as follows:—

EAGLE. Players.	O.	R.	OLYMPIC. Players.	O.	R.
N. Shaffer, s. s.	4	3	McKernan, c.	3	5
Yates, 1st b.	3	3	Tynan, 1st b.	2	3
Doremus, p.	3	2	Toomey, p.	3	3
Norton, 2d b.	4	3	Fitzgerald, 2d b.	5	2
Reed, c.	3	3	Lamb, s. s.	2	5
W. Shaffer, c. f.	2	3	Cacker, 3d b.	3	1
Vaughan, r. f.	2	2	Muller, l. f.	2	3
Dunlap, 3d b.	5	1	Kelt, c. f.	4	3
Demarest, l. f.	2	4	Sears, r. f.	3	3
Total	27	24	Total	27	28

INNINGS.

Clubs.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	Total.
Eagle	3	2	3	4	2	2	3	2	2	24
Olympic	3	8	5	4	0	2	0	6	0	28

Umpire, Mr. Hartley, of the Jefferson Club. Scorers, Messrs. Kelly and Carroll. Time of game, three hours and thirty-five minutes.

Aldermen vs. Councilmen.

Yesterday afternoon an exciting and spirited game of baseball, between New York Councilmen and Aldermen, was played on the grounds of the Mutual Club, located in Hoboken. Owing to the lateness of the hour at which the game was called, only six innings were played, resulting in a victory for the Councilmen by a score of 37 to 30. Coroner Wildey acted as umpire, and the score of the game was kept by members of the Mutual Club. The parties returned to New York late last night, in company with a vast assemblage of Gothamites, who were deeply interested in comparing the runs at baseball with the runs for office. Quite a number of the Councilmanic players are two hundred pounders, and their movements in the game excited much amusement.

Knickerbocker, Jr., vs. Excelsior, Jr.

These two junior clubs played a very interesting match yesterday, at the Park. Owing to the lateness of the hour only seven innings were played, the score standing at the end of the seventh inning—Knickerbockers, 42; Excelsiors, 23. Mr. Brady, of the Rose Hill Club, acted as umpire.

Ionic of Hackensack, N. J., vs. Alpha of Coytesville.

The game on Wednesday between these two clubs resulted in favor of the Ionic Club by a score of 66 to 56 in a game of nine innings.

Grand Muffin Match—Empire of New York vs. Eureka of Newark.

The muffins of these clubs played a match at Hoboken on Wednesday, which, for good feeling, muffin fielding and fine sport could scarcely be excelled. The Empire "muffs" were a little too heavy on the bat for the Newarkers, and the game closed with a score of 79 for the Empire to 35 for their opponents. At the close of the game the Eurekas were hospitably entertained by the Empire, and everything passed off very pleasantly.

NEWS FROM GALVESTON.

Terrible Hurricane at Indianola—Damage to Shipping, &c.

GALVESTON, Texas, July 17, 1866.

Late accounts say that the steamer Potomac is ashore five miles below here. Mr. Hunt, underwriter, has procured the assistance of the revenue cutter Delaware, and will go to her relief.

The steamer Harlan brings accounts of a terrible three days' gale at Indianola, beginning on the 13th and ending in a terrible hurricane on the 15th inst. Four vessels were totally wrecked—of two of them there was not a vestige left.

The schooner Veto, five thousand barrels capacity, was driven through the wharf and lies high and dry ashore.

The steamer Potomac, which was anchored outside the bar, has disappeared. It is supposed that she foundered at her anchorage, and that all who were on board in charge of her, are lost. Her passengers had previously been landed.

The freight of the steamer Harlan was washed from the wharf.

No such storm has occurred on this coast within the memory of the oldest inhabitant.

NATIONAL BANKS IN INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 19, 1866.

The Court of Common Pleas for this county, in a case made up by the National Bankers' Association of Indiana, decided yesterday that the stock of national banks of this State are not liable to tax for State or municipal purposes under the present State laws, not from any defect of power, but from defective State legislation.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

PORTLAND, Me., July 19, 1866.

The United States frigate Macedonian and gun boat Saco, of the Naval School Fleet, arrived last night, and will probably leave this evening for Boston.

THE TURF.

Great Trot for $3,000, at the Fashion Course, between Dexter, General Butler and Toronto Chief—Dexter the Winner in 2:24 1-4, 2:19, 2:22—The Best Time on Record.

Five thousand persons were within the inclosure of the Fashion Course yesterday afternoon to witness the trot, under the saddle, for $3,000, between b. g. Dexter, blk. g. General Butler and b. s. Toronto Chief, and all were satisfied that the affair was conducted in the most honorable manner and that the best horse won. Dexter took the prize in three straight heats, making the best time on record. The famous three heats of Flora Temple in her trot with George M. Patchen—2:21, 2:24, 2:21¼—which have stood at the head of the record for years, were beaten on this occasion a second and a quarter, and the only heat ever made quicker than the second one yesterday—2:19—was made by Dexter in his trot against time last summer—namely, 2:18 1-5. Both the other horses trotted well, Butler's time in the second heat being 2:20; and in that heat Toronto Chief had he trotted over the score, would have made the mile in less than 2:21. The weather was delightfully suited to the occasion, and the track was in capital order for fast time.

The betting on the race was in favor of Dexter, who sold in the pools for nearly double as much as both the others together. Toronto Chief was next in favor with the pool buyers, but in side bets level money was posted between the two for second place. Butler beat the stallion.

First Heat.—Dexter was the first to appear on the track, ridden by Budd Doble, and soon afterwards General Butler, with James Eoff on his back, put in an appearance. The old stallion, with John Murphy, quickly followed, and after a little warming up they came up to the stretch for a start in the positions assigned them by the judges, but did not get away at the first attempt. Another trial and they were more successful, Butler with the pole, Dexter in the middle and the Chief outside. Before they were fifty yards from the stand Dexter broke up badly, and the Chief led around the turn two lengths and a half, eight or ten lengths separating General Butler and Dexter. Toronto was three lengths ahead of the black at the quarter pole in thirty-six seconds, Dexter all of ten lengths behind. The Chief trotted steadily down the backstretch and kept the gap open with Butler; but Dexter was going at a flight of speed the like of which was never seen, and he was at Butler's tail when the latter passed the half-mile pole. The stallion led at that point two lengths and a half. Time, 1:12¼. Going along the Flushing end Butler and Dexter closed on the stallion, and by the time he reached the three-quarter pole they were just half a length apart—Toronto first, Dexter second, Butler third. A merry struggle for mastery ensued up the homestretch, and until within fifty yards of the score they all seemed to be parallel; but then Butler broke up, and Dexter went in a winner by a length, the others being head and head. The judges gave the second place to Toronto because Butler was suffered to run a little too much while up. Time of last half 1:12, and of the heat 2:24¼.

Second Heat.—Dexter sold for $210, while Butler and Toronto together brought $70. The trio had a very level send-off, Dexter going to the front as soon as he left the score, and, leading around the turn, passed the quarter pole two lengths in front of Toronto Chief in thirty-five and a quarter seconds. Two lengths separated the stallion and Butler. The latter closed up a length in front of the old stand on Toronto, while Dexter opened the gap to three lengths at the half-mile pole, the time being 1:10. On the Flushing end the stallion and Butler were head and head, but were dropping off from the tremendous pace of Dexter. He was four lengths in front at the three-quarter pole—the others side and side—and came up the homestretch an easy winner, making the last half mile in 1:09 and the heat in 2:19, about four lengths in front of Butler, who was about the same distance in front of Toronto, the latter having been pulled up when his rider discovered that he could not beat the black to the score.

Third Heat.—There was no further betting on the trot, Dexter being booked as the winner beyond a peradventure. The horses left the score at a high rate of speed, and before they reached the turn General Butler broke up, and, swerving to the right, struck Toronto Chief and broke him up also, and before they recovered Dexter was about eight lengths in front of the stallion, with Butler two lengths further off. Dexter was forced around the turn for some motive, and before getting to the quarter pole made a bad break. He passed the pole, however, six lengths ahead of Toronto Chief, in thirty-four seconds. He then caught, trotted a few steps, and broke up a second time, and before he recovered he was far behind. The stallion trotted fast down the backstretch and passed the half-mile pole in 1:11, four lengths in front of Butler, who was six lengths in advance of Dexter. Going along the Flushing end the speed of Dexter was far ahead of anything ever before witnessed. He closed so rapidly on Butler that in going two hundred yards he made up the six lengths, and at the three-quarter pole was head and head with the Chief, Butler two lengths behind. The stallion and Butler both broke on the homestretch, and Dexter won the heat by five lengths, in 2:22, the last half mile being trotted by him in 1:08½. The following is a summary:—

THURSDAY, July 19.—Stake $3,000, mile heats, best three in five, under the saddle.

Mr. Trussle entered b. g. Dexter ..... B. Dobell 1 1 1
Jas. Eoff entered blk. g. Gen. Butler ..... J. Eoff 3 2 2
D. Pfifer entered b. s. Toronto Chief ..... J. Murphy 2 3 3

TIME. Quarter.	First Half.	Last Half.	Mile.
First heat 36	1:12¼	1:12	2:24¼
Second heat 35¼	1:16	1:06	2:19
Third heat 34	1:11	1:11	2:22

THE JOHNSON NATIONAL UNION CONVENTION AT INDIANAPOLIS.

Small Attendance of Delegates—Three Congressional Districts Not Represented—Only Those Who Supported Lincoln and Johnson in 1864 Admitted—The President's Policy of Reconstruction Endorsed in a Series of Resolutions—Delegates to the Philadelphia Convention Appointed, &c.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 19, 1866.

The Johnson National Union Convention of this city to-day was very thinly attended, the actual number of delegates not exceeding one hundred and twenty-five. Three Congressional districts were unrepresented. None of the speakers invited from abroad were present; only those who supported Lincoln and Johnson in 1864 and now support the Johnson restoration policy were allowed to participate. General Sol. Meredith presided. Delegates to the Philadelphia Convention were appointed. A series of resolutions were adopted.

The first expresses ardent attachment to the Union of the States under the constitution; denies the right of secession; holds all attempts null and void; declares all States now States in this Union as before the rebellion; denies the power of the general government to exclude a State from the Union or govern it as a Territory.

The second declares confidence in President Johnson undiminished; approves the general policy of his administration; endorses his restoration policy as wise, patriotic constitutional, in harmony with the loyal sentiments and purposes of the people in the suppression of the rebellion, with the platform on which he was elected, and with the declared policy of the late President.

The third, under constitutional right, prescribes the qualifications of electors reserved to States, and it would be subversive of the principles of our government for Congress to force universal suffrage upon any part of the country in opposition to the wishes of the citizens thereof.

The fourth, that all States are entitled by the constitution to representation, and all loyal members duly elected should be admitted into Congress without unnecessary delay, each House judging the qualifications of its members.

The fifth, that the payment of the national debt is a sacred obligation never to be repudiated, and no debt whatever incurred to aid treason or rebellion should ever be paid.

The sixth, that the nation owes a lasting debt of gratitude to the soldiers and sailors, and the families of the fallen should be cared for by the government; and the President's determination to give officers to soldiers is approved.

The seventh, that delegates to the Philadelphia Convention are expected to co-operate only with loyal Union men.

MASSACHUSETTS POLITICS.

Meeting of the Democratic State Committee—The Call for the Philadelphia Convention Endorsed, &c.

BOSTON, July 19, 1866.

The Massachusetts Democratic State Committee held a meeting at the Parker House to-day, at which a resolution was adopted recommending the assembling of a convention of all persons favorable to the policy of the President upon the subject of the restoration of the States, for the purpose of selecting delegates at large and delegates from the several Congressional districts to the Philadelphia Convention. It was also voted by the committee that the call be so worded as to embrace all who desire the union and restoration of the States and the supremacy of the constitution.

NEWS FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18, 1866.

The cargo of the ship Hornet was largely insured in the Pacific Insurance Company, and it is understood that the losses are being promptly paid in gold coin.

One hundred and thirty-three thousand pounds of No. 1 American shipping grade wool has been sold during the past week, at prices ranging from sixteen to twenty-one cents per pound. A large amount of this goes per ship Lookout loading, for Boston.

In the case of Emil Grisar vs. Irwin McDowell, Judge Field, of the United States Circuit Court, yesterday gave judgment in favor of the defendant. This confirms the government in possession of the property known as Black Point, on which fortifications have been erected.

The receipts of bullion from all quarters since July 1 amount to two millions of dollars.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 19, 1866.

The steamer Golden Age sailed to-day for Panama with $1,360,195 in treasure, of which $1,115,000 goes to New York.

The army worm has invaded some portions of the interior of the State.

An auction sale of Hawaiian sugar to-day showed a slight decline on medium grades. Darker grades did better.

The vanguard of the overland immigration arrived at Carson on Sunday.

Mr. Butler, of the Collins Telegraph expedition, left Victoria July 5, with twenty men, to explore the Skeena river, open the route to the interior, and afterwards ascend to the head waters of the Shikeen river.

Mining stocks steady. Gould and Curry, $722; Ophir $290; Yellow Jacket $565; Belcher $185; Chollar $197; Legal tenders 70¾. Market firm.

ARRIVAL OF GOLD DUST AT ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, July 19, 1866.

About $250,000 in gold dust arrived here from St. Joseph yesterday in the hands of passengers from Montana.

LAKE DISASTER—FOUR MEN DROWNED.

CHICAGO, July 19, 1866.

The bark Coquette was wrecked off Waukegan during the gale on last Tuesday night, and four men drowned.

THE EXCISE LAW.

Letter from Recorder Hackett to District Attorney A. Oakey Hall—The Decisions of Judges Lott and Gilbert.

Immediately on the decisions of Judges Lott and Gilbert being given, Mr. A. Oakey Hall, District Attorney, invited the attention of Recorder Hackett to them, and asked for re-argument, more perhaps, to call his attention to them and to what the *Times* said than expecting one, Mr. Hall received the following reply from the Recorder:—

JULY 17, 1866.

MY DEAR SIR—In answer to your note calling my attention to the decisions of Judges Gilbert and Lott, sitting as Supreme Court Commissioners in the special proceeding of habeas corpus; and also inviting my notice to the following paragraph from the *Times* of Tuesday:—"It is intimated that the New York judges, who decided adversely to the law would be glad of an opportunity of changing their opinion." Permit me to say that after attentively reading the decisions of those very eminent jurists it does not appear to me that all the questions so ably argued by yourself in connection with Messrs. Tracy & Bliss, and by the Hon. James T. Brady were jurisdictionally before Judges Gilbert and Lott. Indeed, I invite your attention to the following paragraphs:—First, from the conclusion of Judge Gilbert's decision—"The question of the validity of the other provisions of the statute to which allusion has been made is not before me. While I have decided convictions respecting them I do not for this reason think it proper to express them." Secondly, from the opinion of Judge Lott—"It is insisted that certain provisions of the law regulating the conduct of persons having licenses, and also giving the power of arrest to public officers, and to close and keep closed any place in which there shall have been any violation of the act are unconstitutional, and that the entire act is therefore void. I do not deem it necessary or proper to consider or express any opinion of these questions. Those provisions are distinct and have no necessary connection with that under which the question is raised by the return in this case."

It is evident to me that the same cannot be said of those decisions which was justly said of mine by the courteous Superintendent of Police in his order "that the questions were fully before the Recorder."

I must, therefore, decline your request. And I may add that after careful perusal of the decisions (which in many respects agree with my conclusions) I still adhere to my original convictions on the vital questions that could not arise on a habeas corpus proceeding, but only upon demurrers to indictments. With great regard, your obedient servant, JOHN K. HACKETT.

A. OAKEY HALL, Esq., District Attorney.

THE ANTI-RENT REBELLION.

Everything Quiet Yesterday—The Military to Move Forward To-Day, &c.

ALBANY, July 19, 1866.

Everything has been quiet at the seat of war to-day. No forward movement was made, owing to the unexpected detention of Colonel Church in this city. The troops are under strict discipline, and the most rigid orders against interfering with or trespassing on private property have been issued. Guards are posted at different points, and suspicious characters are challenged and examined. Large numbers of men were loitering about the encampment this afternoon, but they were quiet and orderly. The persons arrested yesterday were all admitted to bail to appear before the next Grand Jury. A forward movement will be made to-morrow, and in certain quarters apprehensions of resistance are expressed.

ST. LOUIS AGRICULTURAL FAIR.

ST. LOUIS, July 19, 1866.

The schedule of the premiums of the St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Fair, to be held here in the first week of October, has been published and is ready for distribution. The list of premiums will amount to $23,000 and embrace every department of agricultural and mechanical labor, and is open to competition from all parts of the Union.

STATEN ISLAND INTELLIGENCE.

SHORE LINE OF RAILROAD.—The latest fact in connection with this proposed line of railroad is that in addition to the stock already subscribed an effort is being made to raise $100,000 upon seven per cent bonds. It is proposed that the trains shall run every fifteen minutes on a line with the shore from the Quarantine landing, north and south, up to Fort Tompkins, in one direction, and to a point opposite Elizabeth, N. J., in the other.

Died.

OVINGTON.—On Thursday evening, July 19, CATHERINE C. OVINGTON, widow of James Ovington, aged 69 years, 1 month and 1 day.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday afternoon, at three o'clock, from her late residence, 138 Macdougal street, without further notice.

SHEEHEIVER.—On Wednesday, July 18, RACHEL SHEEHEIVER (formerly Collard), aged 88 years, 6 months and 6 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of her sons, Jeremiah, George, James, William, Richard and Stephen Collard, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, 180 Christopher street.

[*For Other Deaths See Third Page.*]

SHIPPING NEWS.

ALMANAC FOR NEW YORK—THIS DAY.

SUN RISES	4 45	MOON SETS	morn —
SUN SETS	7 36	HIGH WATER	eve 3 51

PORT OF NEW YORK, JULY 19, 1866.

Cleared.

Steamship Atlantic, Hoyer, Bremen via Cowes—Ruger Bros.
Steamship Gen Barnes, Morton, Savannah—Livingston, Fox & Co.
Steamship Cumbria, French, Charleston—Livingston, Fox & Co.
Steamship Starlight, Pedrick, Wilmington, NC—Arthur Leary.
Steamship New York, Platt, Alexandria—J Hand.
Steamship Neptune, Baker, Boston—Neptune Steamship Co.
Steamship Mary Sanford, Clark, Boston—W P Clyde.
Ship Asia (Brem), Wendehorst, London—Ruger Bros.
Ship J P Wheeler, Harris, Glasgow—Wm A A Nelson.
Ship Ladoga, Willey, Philadelphia—W Roges & Co.
Bark Fortia (Br), Jamieson, Liverpool—W F Tufts & Co.
Bark Everhard Delius (Brem), Lauer, London—Ruger Bros.
Bark Zufriedenheidt (Prus), Sieh, Queenstown for orders—Funch, Meincke & Wendt.
Bark Anonimo (Ital), La Cammare, Bordeaux—Slocovich & Smith.
Bark Nymphe (Dutch), Quale, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres—Sloman & Edye.
Bark Alina Morton (Br), Hines, Liverpool, NS—G Wheelwright & Co.
Bark Milton, Buckley, Galveston—Tupper & Beattie.
Brig Pacifico (Ital), Cascone, Bordeaux—Slocovich & Smith.
Brig G F Peniston (Br), McCulloch, St Thomas—Peniston & Co.
Brig Oak Point (Br), Vigues, Halifax—D R DeWolf & Co.
Brig Gondolier (Br), Crane, Windsor, NS—D R DeWolf & Co.
Brig A V Goodhue (Br), Crosby, Yarmouth, NS—Edmiston Bros.
Brig Zephyr (Br), McCulloch, Pictou—J F Whitney & Co.
Brig W H Bickmore, Bickmore, Elizabethport—H W Loud & Co.
Schr A C Major (Br), Perry, Glace Bay—J L Overton.
Schr Alert (Br), Clarke, St John, NB—H J DeWolf & Co.
Schr Sarah L, Corson, Jacksonville—Bentley, Smith & Co.
Schr Conquerall, Foster, Jacksonville—B F Small & Co.
Schr Harmonia, Bennett, Elizabethport—H W Loud & Co.
Schr Mary, Sawyer, Boston—Simpson & Clasp.
Schr Whistler, Strange, Taunton.
Schr Geo Washington, Peck, New Haven—Hackett, Tooker & Taylor.
Schr C C Acker, Hobbs, Stamford.
Steamer Concord, Norman, Philadelphia.

Arrived.

Steamship Rêinburg (Br), Halerow, Liverpool July