ance with orders of the Ministry of the Interior all the supamiths' shops in Paris have their shutters up, but there is no outward symptom of agitation making such precaution necessary. Some foreigners are leaving Paris.

ANOTHER EXPERIMENT Various Paris specials this morning show that everything is still uncertain. The intest report is that M. Batble has failed to form a Ministry, and that M. Audien de Kerdrel hus been summon ed to

PUBITING THE MARSHAL TO THE BRINE. The Times' Paris correspondent says he is not surprised at this announcement. M. de Kerdrel is the mere mouthpiece of the Duke de Broglie and if, as some believe, the Chamber should be promorrow of its prorogation, with a firm resolve to shrink from nothing. President MacMahor still believes he has the support of the majority of the Senato. The firm belief of those who know and urges him to make overtures to the Left, be will comply. At the present moment it is certain that a proposal for dissolution could not obtain a majority in the Sepate. The policy of the at dissolution, accompanied by some violent illegality in the hope that when the Marshal is once committed an illegal course he will persevere to the end, ever to the overthrow of the constitution and calling of a

The celebrated prima donna, Marie Roze, will sail for New York on the 20th inst. She will make her role of Leonora in "La Favorita," on January 7. GREAT PIRE IN SANTANDER.

great fire was raging in Santander, Spain, last hight ETwoive houses have already been destroyed. The damage so far is estimated at 4,000,000 reals (\$200,000). Santander is situated on the Bay of Biscay and is a city of about 22,000 inhabitants. The fire

ALFONSO'S MARRIAGE. A Paris correspondent says a special envoy was to leave Madrid for Rome to-day to obtain the Papal authorization for the King's marriage. The Cortes has been convoked for January 10.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA.

SUPPRESSION OF A REVOLUTION IN QUITO-ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE THE PRESIDENT IN GUATEMALA-THE CONSPIRACY FOILED. PANAMA, Dec. 1, 1877.

A letter dated Guayquil, November 24, states that the revolution has collapsed after eighteen hours' hard fighting in the city of Quito, which was defended by the government with 900 soldiers and over one cousand militia from Ambato, the rebels, consisting of 1,000 men from Pasto and Imbabura, beside 2,000 Quitenos who had joined them. p'clock P. M. on the 14th, under the command of General Yepez, who compelled General Venaza to withdraw into the heart of the city and entreuch himself there, leaving the balance of the town in the pands of the invaders, wno fired from the towers of the churches and windows of the houses and monasteries. About nine o'cleck on the morning of the 15th the ammunition of the rebels gave out, and then a few of the pickets of the government forces made a sally and won the victory. The losses are estimated at 400 killed and a large number wounded. Among the prominent men killed on the government side were Major Cobas and Dr. Manuel Polango, who is supposed to have been at the head of the conspirators who killed Garcia Moreno in 1875. EXTRAORDINARY CONSPIRACY IN GUATEMALA.

By the steamer Ronduras additional details of the conspiracy to assassinate the leading men of Guate mala and change the order of things have been received. A letter dated Guatemala, November 19, says :- One of the most singular features of the plot is long to the criminal classes of society, and although it has transpired that the whole of the lower orders in it has transpired that the whole of the lower orders in the capital were eagerly anticipating some movement which was to give them plenty of money and aguardicate, the Fresident, Ministers and public had no suspicion that anything was brewing, and treated as illusory the various rumors that reached them from time to time until the conspirators had actually begun to move in the execution of their plans. One part of the deeply laid scheme was to drug the guards on the different posts in the capital and by means of lorged orders to bring the troops who were in the outlying towns into Guatemala, without arms, the different partacks and the arms they contained being seized by outside conspirators during their absence.

neir absence.

How the Plot was discovered.

One of the orders, ostensibly signed by the Presient, was sent on the Sist of October to the Comseven leagues distant from Guatemala. He, not doubling the genumeness of the order, immediately prepared to obey, but sent an officer shead with the order he had received, requesting to be informed as to where he was to station his troops and what was the object in bringing them into the capital. The receipt of the order caused the President to suspect that something was in preparation, and on telegraphing to the various other commanders he discovered that they had all received similar documents. Not knowing where to look for asciution of the question he at length determined on arresting an individual named Carmona, who has always been mixed up in different revolutionary movements both here and in baivador, and whose style of life lately had caused considerable suspicion on the part of some of the government officials. From this individual he learned of the existence of a plot, the execution of which was fixed for the same night, and also of the complicity of several of the government employes, among others a Don Eardque Guzman, a writer in the courts. This latter, on finding himself in the clutches of the law, gave all the information he could and begged for pardon, which was at once granted to him, the President telling him that as he was an old servant of the government he would forgive him, and advised him to go straight home and abstain from mixing in such matters in future.

Instead of doing what he was told Guzman, with an

the President retracted his pardon and sent Guzman before the Military Commission, by which he was sentenced to death, a sentence doubly merited by his plotting and ingratitude. A similar case was that of the young student, Rainel Segura, who forged the signatures of the President and General-in-Chief to the various fraudulent documents and orders, he pleaded his youth and inexperience, and declared that being without a father and absent from his mother he had been deceived; and, by promises of promotion under the and thexperience, and declared that being without a father and absent from his mother he had been deceived; and, by promises of promotion under the new regime, and large sums of money had been led into lorging the different signatures and seals. On the President requesting him to give him a proof of this taken he did so, writing an order with the name of General Barrios so well that the President declared be could not have told it from his own had he not seen it written. Thinking that a youth possessed of such gitts might ultimately prove a useful member of society and a good subject to the Republic President Barrios told him that he would give him a full pardon, and further, would assist him in his career, and, if he wished it, would give him employment under the government. The youthful conspirator, who was only about twenty-one years old, thanked the President, called him his benefactor and lot, assuring him of his good intentions for the future. It will hardly be believed that the first use he made of this liberty was to lorge an order for the release of Rhodas, one of the principal offenders, an order which only by the merest accident failed in being carried out. On being brought before the President he gave as an excuse his lear of being assassinated by those implicated in the plot. He was likewise sentenced to deat by the military tribunal, and was shot with the other principals on the 7th.

MEXICO.

THE TROUBLES IN SONORA. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 11, 1877 A despatch from Tucson says all is quiet in Sonora,

Rehable persons from El Paso say the recent troubles there were magnified in the papers. UNPROFITABLE INSURANCE.

THE CANADA AGBICULTURAL INSURANCE COM-PANY GOES INTO LIQUIDATION.

MONTHWAL, Dec. 11, 1877. The Canadian Agricultural Insurance Company has gone into liquidation. The insolvency of the Prestnt. William Angus, no doubt precipitated this action, which, however, was inevitable, owing to the clamors of the Quebec shareholders for winding up the business. Two calls of ten per cent each were made within two years and were found difficult to collect. The policy of the company was to run as long as possible without making calls, and as a consequence money was raised from private sources. These claims, amounting to \$25,000 are now pressing against the company, and in addition there are about \$50,000 uncontested claims by insurers not met. The payment of the calls aircavy made will probably cover all the liabilities, Only a small proportion of the second call has, however, been paid. Insurers are said to be secure, although they may be obliged to wait some time. tion, which, however, was inevitable, owing to the

How Osman Pacha Sallied Out from Plevna.

DEATH OR A DINNER.

Meeting the Imperial Face to Face.

BEATEN AT EVERY POINT.

Return to Plevna Found To Be Impossible.

"I SURRENDER TO THE CZAR."

Attempt to Assassinate the Prince | tremendous disaster. of Montenegro.

[BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.]

LONDON, Dec. 12, 1877. The sortie of OsmanPacha, which precipitated the disaster, was forced upon the commander by the complete exhaustion of his provisions. It was fight or starve! And while Osman's mess had not suffered for food during the early part of the investment it is now clear that for several days previous to the sortic all the latent ill-nature of the commander was developed by light breakfasts and poor dinners. The report which was current in Bucharest on yesterday that the sortie was undertaken because of a combined attack by the Roumanians and Russians is declared

to be wholly imaginary.

THE ATTACK. The following is the first connected narrative of the engagement which has come to hand :- "Osman Pacha crossed the River Vid, and at half-past seven o'clock in the morning assaulted and carried the outer lines of Fort Dolny Etropolje, a minor work defending the road to Widdin. It was not very strongly garrisoned, the supports being massed some distance in the rear of the fort and the attack being made in such a dashing way that reinforcements could not be got up before the first line was

PACE TO FACE.

"The grenadiers of the Imperial Guard were promptly on hand, however, and the redoubtable Osman hurled his troops against the best men of the Russian army. The Russian grenadier corps was holding the line of investment on the left bank of the river Vid.

DESPERATION.

"The attack was made with desperate energy, and a portion of the Turkish troops did, in fact, again penetrate the line of entrenchments and batteries, but all attempts to break through the positions of Plevna will not prevent hostilities from the grenadiers were ineffectual. After five hours' severe fighting the Turks were defeated.

"The Russians and Roumanians, were hurried up from Susarla and Bukova. After terrible carnage Osman attempted to reenter Plevna, but it had meanwhile been occupied by Roumanians and Russians from Gravitza.

WOUNDED IN THE FOOT.

"Osman, on finding himself thus surrounded, although wounded in the foot, personally conducted the negotiations for a surrender

"TO THE CZAB.".

"He expressly announced that he surrendered unconditionally to the Emperor. ANOTHER ATTACK.

"Simultaneously with the main sortie the Turks made a feint against the Roumanian positions on the right bank of the Vid. but this was feebly conducted and the Turks in that quarter surrendered almost unresistingly. The whole Turkish artillery train was captured in the immediate neighborhood of Plevna.

ENTERING IN TRIUMPH.

"The Russian and Roumanian armies made a triumphal entry into the town at half-past three Monday afternoon.

OFFICIAL OCCUPATION. "The Grand Duke Nicholas slept at

Plevna last night. COURTESIES OF A CZAB.

"The Czar after the surrender of Plevna placed his own carriage and escort at the disposal of Osman Pacha."

THE PRISONERS AND THE DEAD.

The latest reports from the scene of the battle place the number of prisoners at 60,000 and 400 guns. The ground on which the engagement took place was strewn with thousands of dead and dying, but no accurate estimate of the dead has yet been received. Of the prisoners, 20,000 are sick or wounded.

EXCITEMENT IN LONDON. A profound sensation was produced throughout England yesterday when the announcement of Plevna's fall was known. The London Stock Exchange at once recognized the financial import of the great event, and a rapid rise in Russian bonds occurred. The prices of all Russian securities rose and maintained a

marvellous firmness, notwithstanding the

very heavy sales of speculators, who, anxious to realize at a high figure, threw their bonds on the market in large quantities.

ENGLAND URGED TO ACTION.

The press of the metropolis speaks in no uncertain tone regarding the gravity of the situation in which Osman's defeat has placed England's former ally. All the afternoon journals yesterday appear to have taken their cue from the Times' editorial of the morning, an abstract of which was forwarded to the HERALD. The moment is declared to have arrived for England to seize the opportunity of using her influence with

CONJUNCTION OF THE CRESCENT AND CROSS. The Globe of last night says: -- "After a resistance which has enlisted the admiration of the whole world, the impregnable fortress, which the genius of Osman Pacha created out of a small, unfortified town, has surrendered. The defensive power of the Porte is temporarily shipwrecked by this

ON TO ADRIANOPLE.

"It is impossible to exaggerate the probable consequences. Sofia will certainly be captured by the Russians before long, after which no obstacle worthy of serious consideration to the rapid advance upon Ad-

TO THE BITTER END.

"When once the Russians are there the Porte must accept any terms the Czar proposes or stake the very existence of the Ottoman Empire on the defence of Constan-

HAS ENGLAND ANY INFLUENCE?

"It is the duty of our Minister, Mr. Layard, to impress upon the Sultan the urgent expediency of giving the full weight of his influence in all counsels in favor of immediate peace before the resources of the Turkish Empire are utterly exhausted."

AUSTRIA'S TIMELY DISCOVERY.

The Pall Mall Gazette's article on the fall of Plevna comments as follows on Count Andrassy's reply to Count Szechen :- "So, at last, just as Plevna falls, the Austrian government discovers that it is deeply affected by the wrongs and outrages inflicted upon the wretched Bulgarians and other Christian subjects. The Porte had better place them under Austrian protection. The tide is rising fast ; what anchorage have we?" OSMAN'S VALOR.

All telegrams received at the London office of the HERALD agree in declaring that the attempted sortie of Osman Pacha from Plevna toward Widdin was made with a

desperation which has won for him the respect of his enemies. His men had endured all manner of privations within the invested town. They had suffered terribly from cold, owing to insufficient clothing; from disease-neither doctors nor medicines being at hand-and from famine.

THEY WILL NOT STOP.

A Bucharest despatch says it is semiofficially announced that the capture of being continued, even though preliminary negotiations for peace should be com-

MEDIATION TALK.

The Vienna Political Correspondence says it has intelligence from Bucharest, according to which the rumors that the Porte intends to take immediate steps for bringing about an armistice or peace negotiations are founded on something more than mere con-

JOY AT ST. PETERSBURG.

The news of the fall of Plevna occasions great rejoicing in St. Petersburg. The theatres are celebrating the victory by special additions to the usual programmes Enthusiastic popular demonstrations in honor of the Imperial family and the army are made in the streets and public places. Great crowds are assembled, cheering and singing the national anthem. The city of St. Petersburg is partially illuminated.

GLADNESS AT BUCHAREST.

A "Te Deum" was sung in the cathedral at Bucharest yesterday to celebrate the Russian success at Plevna. Prince Gortschakoff, and the Russian and Roumanian authorities were present.

GOING HOME FOR CHRISTMAS. The Czar will join Prince Gortschakoff at Bucharest, and together they will start for St. Petersburg about the end of next week.

THE WORST KNOWN IN STAMBOUL The fall of Plevna was officially announced in Constantinople last evening.

MEMEHET'S FINAL DISGRACE. Memehet Ali has been removed from his command and replaced by Chakir Pacha. Baker Pacha will probably lose his command again, as he and Chakir are not on

the best of terms. ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE PRINCE NIKITA.

A telegram from Cattaro says during the operations against the citadel of Antivari the Prince of Montenegro has been inhabiting a house belonging to a Mohammedan Bey in the town of Antivari. On Sunday an attempt was made to assassinate the Prince in the house, which was mined and blown up. The Prince was fortunately absent at the time. One of his body guard was killed and six were injured.

SERVIAN ARMY TROUBLES.

A special despatch to the Vienna Political Correspondence from Belgrade reports that the military revolt at Kragujevatz has been suppressed. Forty insubordinate multiamen who fied to the woods

have been captured. Communication has been es tablished between General Horvatovich's corps and Russian detachments in Bulgaria.

TOO LATE NOW. The Turkish Council of State has decided to appoint three Christian governors of Provinces.

OPINION IN WASHINGTON. OSMAN PACHA ENCOUNTERED THE PICKED

TROOPS OF THE RUSSIAN ARMY. WASHINGTON, Dec. 11, 1877. A Russian gentleman residing in this city has of affairs throughout the empire. The whole country has been ransacked for soldiers, and 600,000 men have been stready put in the field by the Russians

The same gentleman, commenting upon the fall of Pievna, say that the Turks, in their last desperate sortie, were confronted by the Imperial Guard, an organization comprising about one hundred thousand stalwart men, the picked force of the Russian army. The men are not less than six feet in height and vary in age from twenty one to thirty-dive years, and were selected from all over the great empire of 80,000,000 of people. The opinion is expressed here that England and Austria will interfere to prevent Russia getting possession of Constantinopie.

A COLD BLOODED VILLAIN.

WIFE CLUBBED TO DEATH SO THAT HER SISTER MIGHT BECOME MISTRESS-NORFOLK'S STABILING CONFESSION-WORTHY CANDIDATE FOR THE GALLOWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

ANNAPOLIS, Md , Dec. 11, 1877. Henry Norfolk, whose exciting trial for the murder evidence, confessed to-day in the presence of a number of persons, among whom was the representative of the HERALD. Noriolk's wife was found murdered in a lonely part of the woods near which he lived. Her skull was crushed horribly. A blood stained club was lound near the spot. The club was peculiarly nicked as though done by a gapped axe. Nortolk had a gapped axe on that day. His clothes were ody. He showed no emotion when her body was discovered, and when suspicion turned on him he enswear to a falsehood to fix suspicion on a negro. A

deavored to get his brother and brother's wife to swear to a fairchood to fix suspicion on a negro. A folded bonnet and unspilled sprouts in the basket seemed to say the murdered woman was killed during or after a conversation sue had with some one in whom she had confidence. The motive alleged was that he wanted to marry his wife's sister. The jury convicted Norfolk of murder in the first degree. He protested he was an innocent man until a short time ago when he professed conversion. He has steadily since refused to say he did not do it and to-day made a tull confession.

On the day of the murder, the 26th of May, 1877, he said:—"I left my house ten minutes before eight in the morning, my wile leaving about the same time. She went to the tobacco bed to get cabbage sprouts and took a different direction from myself. We both got to the rouseco bed about the same time. I cut the cabbage plants. No unpleasant words occurred at the tobacco bed. I gave her the basket after I cut the plants. She started for home ahead of me. When I gave her the basket she said she did not think there were enough of greens. When she reached the been tree under which she was killed I raised the club to kill her, but my heart islied me and I could not do it. When we got out of the woods I told her to come back and I would cut her more sprouts. When we returned the second time from the tobacco bed as we reached the beoch tree I raised the club and struck her on the head. She fell. Her bonnet rolled off. The basket slipped down, and then she attempted to rise and looked at me, but did not speak nor cry out. I gave her several more blows. I then went to the fence, cut one pole and went up the tobacco bed where Stallings was at work. Arrived there at haif-past nine."

It was testified to that he did not arrive at the tobacco bed until near sleven. Norfolk is to be hung on Friday week, and seems very unconcerned about his faite.

A FEARFUL EXAMPLE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

LANCASTER, Ohio, Dec. 11, 1877. One Abel Borie, living seven miles from this city, ecently became apprised of a liason between his wife and John Stracker. Also learning of their trysting place, he got together some of his friends, and, cisguising themselves as women, they hid near the spot where Mrs. Borie and her paramour were to meet. The sulity pair were not long in making their appearance, and the worst apprehensions of the injured husbana were verified. The disguised watchers rushed upon the gnity couple, and, seizing Stracker, he was securely bound and afterwards mutilated and set at liberty. No arrests have been made yet.

COMPROMISED.

THE AFFAIRS OF THE NEWPORT MANUFACTUR-ING COMPANY ARRANGED SO AS TO LET THE MILLS BEEP BUNNING.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD. NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 11, 1877.

creditors, and thus bankruptcy will be avoided and the Perry cotton mill and other industries with which the company were identified will be allowed to go on the company were identified will be showed to go on and give employment to a large number of individuals. The company pay fitty-eight cents on the dollar, and the indorser of the company's paper, Mr. Benjamin Finch, agrees to the adding of a clause in the indenture which severally and jointly binds him and the members of the firm, their heirs and assigns, to the payments named in the instrument. All but one bank in this city haid their paper and they have all signed the agreement submitted by the company. The banks in New York, Boston, Frovidence and elsewhere holding the paper have also signified their willinguess to accept whatever terms were agreed upon by the local banks.

COAL MINERS' WAGES.

A COMMITTEE OF OPERATORS NAMED TO WAIT

ON PRESIDENT GOWEN. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 11, 1877. A meeting of the coal operators of the Schuyikill region was held in this city this afternoon, to consult regarding the interpretations and effect of President lowen's letter to the superintendent of the Reading Relirond Company's collieries, making a new basis for coal miners' wages, grading them according to the for coal miners' wages, grading them according to the rise and tail of tolls instead of the changing prices of coal. There was a difference of opinion at the meeting as to the meaning of the important circular of the railroad company, but there was a unanimous desire to have it explained at once. The discussion tasted so long, however, that by the time a committee had been appointed to see Mr. Gowen it was too late in the day to see that gentleman. The delegation consisted of Messrs. Brenizer, Mumper, Johns, Graeff and Addenried. Judge Hamburger presided at the meeting. The committee will probably call upon Mr. Gowen to-morrow.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICES
WASHINGTON, Dec. 12-1 A. M. Indications

For New England, the Middle States and lower lake region, rising barometer, stationary and lower temperature, clear and partly cloudy weather, and north to west winds, except light rain or snow in the north ern portion of the first district, and followed in the two tast by falling barometer and winds shifting to warmer southerly.

For the South Atlantic States, rising, followed by falling barometer, variable winds, and warmer, clear For the Gulf States, generally lower pressure,

easterly to southerly winds, generally warmer and clear weather, excepting possibly rain areas in the West Gulf States. For Tennessee, the Ohio Valley and upper lake region, rising, followed by falling barometer, southerly to easterly winds, rising or stationary tempera-

ture and clear or partly cloudy weather, possibly fol lowed in the two last districts by rain areas. For the canal regions of the eastern half of Pennavivania the temperature will generally continu bove freez ng Wednesday night. Cautionary signals continue at Eastport, Portland,

Phatcher's Island and Boston. The display of cautionary signals will be discon tinged at the lake stations, excepting Milwaukee and Grand Haven, on and after the loth inch

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

The following record will show the changes in the

temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in com-

parison with the corresponding date of last year, as

BOSTON CITY ELECTION.

HENRY L. PIERCE ELECTED MAYOR OVER MR. PRINCE, THE PRESENT DEMOCRATIC INCUM-BENT-A NON-PARTISAN TRIUMPH.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.] Bosros, Dec. 11, 1877. One of the most exciting elections ever held in this city took place to-day. The canvass, as the readers of the HERALD know, has been very animated, and the utmost efforts have been put forth on the one government, and on the other to redeem the city from partisan rule. The nominee of the citizens, republi ans and independent democrats, ex-Congressman Henry L. Pierce, is elected Mayor by 2,150 majority over Hop. F. O. Prince, secretary of the Democratic National Committee, the present incumbent and the triumph for non-partisan government is complete,

ticket with Mr. Pierce.

PROMPT VOTING.

So many appeals having been made for voters to be on hard early that the voting began briskly on the opening of the polls at seven A. M., and the bulk of the votes were cast before noon. Much scratching

one exception, composed of the men who were on the

opening of the polis at seven A. M., and the bulk of the voices were cast before noon. Much scratching was induiged in on the Aldermanic, achool Commission and Common Council canadiates, but no disturbance of any moment is reported.

A QUIBLE.

On the regular democratic ticket, in small type, directly under the name of Mayor Prince, was that of C. E. Johnson, simply, and it is asserted that as nothing appeared to indicate that Johnson was the congraver of the ticket he could legally be counted as a Mayoralty candidate; but as the law takes cognizance of the intent and purpose of the voter, as well as his action, it would appear that the idea of considering Mr. Johnson as a candidate verged very near absurdity.

In the Sixth ward matters went smoothly until about noon, when the threatened challenging began At first the challengers were greeted with jeers and hisses, but upon persistence the crowd began to tire of simple "mouthing," and the challengers were seized and run out into the street, without bodily harm, the roughs seeming to enjoy the rough play. In the other wards there was no trouble of any kind, and every means was used to bring out the full vote, carriages builg used with great liberality.

THE GALLANT SCRATCHING.

Among the names scratched were those of Misses Lucia M. Peabody and Lucreia P. Haie ou the School Commission, the ungaliant scratchers substituting the names of Abram E. Cutter, Joseph A. Tucker and others. The Aldermanic tickets were scratched and pasted in every conceivable way, democrats, republilicans, citizens, independent, labor reform and other candidates being mixed in a most unpartisan manner.

The result shows that Perce received 25 033 votes CHALLENGING RESISTED.

The vort.
The result shows that Porce received 25,033 votes and Prince 22,882, being the largest vote ever east in

CHARLESTON ELECTION

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 11, 1877. The municipal election here to-day resulted in the election of W. W. Gaie as Mayor and the entire democratic ticket by a large majority over the independent ticket, headed by D. F. Fleming.

THE WRECKED HURON.

REPORT OF PAY DIRECTOR LOOKER-PRO-CEEDINGS OF THE NAVAL COURT.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11, 1877. The following telegram was recently received at the Navy Department from Nag's Head :-

Navy Department from Nag's Head:—
Hon, R. W. Thomrson:—
Everything possible has been done by Lieutenant Commander Green and Mr. Clark, Acting Surgeon Arthurs and Lieutenant Harrington and their mon, and most tenderly, thoroughly and exhaustively have they performed their duties. They deserve all praise. They have worked unceasingly night and day, and Green's plans as to the recovery, burial and marking of bodies are perfect, and the department and friends of the deceased may rest assured of duty tenderly done.

of the deceased may rest assured of duty tenderly done.

I have been aboard the wreck twice. One body was recovered this evening (Saturday) as I left—that of Charles Chapman, paymaster's yeoman. No more bodies are known to be aboard. Ninety bodies are saved; of these 8 officers and 71 men have been identified; Il bodies are unknown. I think all has now been done that can be done by lieutenant Green's party. The wrecking steamer gang is now in full charge and can do the rest. The wreck is under water except a portion of the bow at low water, and other parts here and there. The pivot gun is visible and can be saved. The ship is hogged and the whole starboard side ripped off. The sea it dashing in and over her.

THOMAS H. LOOKER,
Pay Director, United States Navy.

PREVIORS WRECKS IN THE MEIGHBORHOOD.

PREVIOUS WRECKS IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD cent loss of the Huron it is stated that the captains of steamships in the Southern trade have intely experienced an unusually strong westerly current, perienced an unusually strong westerly current. Within the past lew years many merchant steamers whose masters had great experience in the navigation of our coast have been wrecked on and in the vicinity of Body Island, near the point where the duron was wrecked. Among the number the steamer Vera Cruz, a side wheeler, Captain Massey, from New York to Vera Cruz, was totally wrecked on Body Island in 1800; the steamer Eagle, side wheel, Captain Green, from New York to Havana, was lost on Body Island; the Ariadne, from New York to Gaiveston, Captain Doane, was also lost within about two milos of Body Island light about three years ago; the steamer General Sherman, from New York, was also wrecked there. The commanders of these vessels are among the most experienced navigators of our coast.

The naval cort of inquiry to-day examined Engineer Warburton and Captain of the After Guard
Trainor, and then adjourned till to-morrow.

ARMY INTELLIGENCE.

CERTIFICATES OF MERIT TO BE BROUGHT INTO OPERATION - ORDERS.

WASHINGTON, Doc. 11, 1877.

A ceneral order from the War Department recites that the President, to whose attention the subject o ssuing "Certificates of Merit," under sections 1,216 and 1,285 of the Revised Statutes has been invited, is pleased to direct that these statutes shall be brought into active operation, to take effect from June 22, 1874, the date of approval of the act to revise and comsonidate the statutes of the United States. Section 1, 216 provides that "when any private soldier shall have distinguished bimself in the service, the President may, on the recommendation of the commanding officer of the regiment to which such private soldier belongs, grant him a certificate of merit." Recommendations may be made on account of any distinguished conduct exhibited since June 22, 1874. As bravery and flucitly to duty are the characteristics of overy true soldier, extra rewards for such conduct are not to be expected. The certificate of merit will only be conferred for acts which distinguish a soldier above his comraces. Recommendations will only be made upon this understanding. The Adjutant General will prepare satisble parchiment forms for the certificate, and the Paymaster General will make provision for the extra pay allowed under section 1,255.

ORDERS.
Assistant Surgeon James S. Kimball is relieved from Assignate Suggent James S. Almonal is relieved from duty in the Department of the East and ordered to report to the commanding officer at Fort Golumbus, New York Harbor, for duty at that post, Second Licutenant J. W. Rosenquest, Fourth cav-alry, is dropped from the rolls of the army for deser-tion, to date from December 7, 1877.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11, 1877. Paymaster Frank Clark and Passed Assistant Engineer Albert F. Dixon are ordered to the Tuscarora, dare Island, Cal. Passed Assistant Engineer Watte D. Smith is ordered to dany at the Navy Yard, Nor-folk, Va., as Assistant to the Chief Engineer of the yard, and Mate P. C. Van Buskirk and Gunner Stephen Young to the receiving ship Independence, Mare Island, Cal. Chief Engineer F. C. Dade is detacted from the Navy Yard, Norlock, Va., and piaced on waiting orders, and Chief Engineer Robert Danby from special duty, and ordered to the Navy Yard at Nor-lock, Va.

THE OMAHA ORDERED TO HAMPTON BOADS. PANANA, Dec. 1, 1877. The Star and Herald says :- "We learn that Rear Admiral George H. Proble, United States Navy, nas

received orders from the Navy Department at Washreceived orders from the Navy beparament at Washington to take the laggeby Omaha through the Strants and thence, via R.o Janeiro, &c., to Hampton Roads. The Omaha is to sai from Callao abous December 3, and its expected to reach home in March or early in April. Should the Adama arrive on the coast before the Omaha leaves the former will be ordered to

RAND'S TRIAL POSTPONED. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

PEORIA, Ill., Dec. 11, 1877. The case of Frank Rand, the notorious outlaw, charged with murder, set for to-day, in the Know County Circuit Court, was continued to the February term of the Court on application of the prisoner.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 11, 1877.

The Courier-Journal's special from Standford says twenty armed men guard the jail and show a quiet de-termination to prevent the release of the outlaws or any renewal of lawlessness.

KENTUCKY OUTLAWS.

MURDERED FOR FIFTY CENIS.

CHETENNE, Wy. T., Dec. 11, 1877. Thomas Murray, a member of Company I, Fifth cavalry, was fatally stabbed this evening at Fort Russell by William Baker, a civilian, and said to be a son of the late Attorney General Baker, of lows. The affair grew out of a quarrel about fifty cents. NEZ PERCES AT WORSHIP.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Dec. 11, 1877. It is estimated that over five thousand people visited Cu at Joseph and his band of Nez Perces at Fort Leavenworth on Sunday. Religious services were held in a tent. They are mostly Catholica.

HALIFAX AS A WINTER PORT.

OTTAWA, Dec. 11, 1877. Sir Hugh Allen and Mr. Black, of Halifax, had an nterview with the Premier to day regarding Hallfax as the winter terminal port of the Allan mail steamers.

STATE DEBT OF TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 11, 1877. Governor Porter to-day sent a message to the Legislature announcing the receipt of assurances from the creditors of the State that they would modify the propositions of the arbiters, as submitted in his proclamation calling the extra session, so as to make the basis of the settlement of the state debt fifty cents instead of sixty. He recommended an adjournment size die, in order to convene the Legislature in a second extra session to consider the latter proposition. The Legislature thereupon adjourned size die, at half-past three P. M., and convened in second extra session at four o'clock, by proclamation of the Governor, who will send in his message to-morrow morning in relation to a modified proposition from the State's creditors.

NEWS FOR THE SKATERS.

The Park Commissioners have ordered the construction of the shelter house for skaters on the larger lake. Yesterday, workmen were busily employed in erecting the building, and last night the roof had only

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Judge William F. Allen, of the New York Court of Appeals, and ex-Governor Rodman M. Price, of New Jersey, are at the St Nicholas. Chancellor E. O. Haven, of Syracuse University, is at the St. Denia, Ex-Governor H. P. Baldwin, of Michigan, and Harvey G. Eastman, of Poughkoepsie, are at the Fifth Ave nue. E. P. Beauchamp, United States Consul at Co logne, is at the Sturtevant. State Comptroller C. C. Hubbard, of Connecticut, and James R. Howe, of Wisconsin are at the Windsor. Ex Senator Daniel P. Wood, of Syracuse, is at the Hoffman. General J. B Stonehouse, of Alvany, is at the Brunswick. Ex-Congressman Thomas Cornell, of Rondout, N. Y., Is Gilsey, General J. H. Potter, United States Army, is at the St. James. Benjamin Stark, of New London, is at the New York.

SPASMS OF PAIN THAT RACK THE RHEUMATIC GROUNDLESS OBJECTIONS.

GROUNDLESS OBJECTIONS.

Some having tried "put up" medicines without obtaining the relief promised, indiscriminately condemn them. It is fair? Suppose a judge should argue that because the last three prisoners had been found guity that he should condemn the foorth without trial. Is not such reasoning abourd? And yet are not those who condemn all medicates, because they have been deceived in one or two, equally as unjust? The family medicines mentactured by equally as unjust? The family medicines manufactured by e. V. PIERCE, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y., are the purest and best in the market. His Golden Monical Discover has for many years, been the standard remedy in all affections of the fiver, stomach and bood, and when used in connection with Dr. Sandé Nathand Reserve effects a speedy curs of catarrh. While his Favorite Princetiffon is the only remedy offered, deserving of confidence, for the curs of those diseases and weaknesses occuliar to women. Are you sceptified concerning its power to cure? If so, address any of the following named ladies:

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