## CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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We expect most of the various records to be broken this year.

In the present stage of aviation's development you never can tell We gain a minute of daylight every

day but the gas bills go on just the same. Is there no way to save the birdmen from death except by clipping

their wings? If Hayti and San Domingo go to war why not let them emulate the

Some men give up as readily to masked bandits as they do to fake gold mine promoters.

But is shooting ducks from an aeroplane true sportsmanship? Why not give the ducks a chance?

Maybe some people prefer ragtime and organized cheering because drowns the other kind of music. If those who indulge in organized

cheering do not enjoy it they think they do, which is much the same Orville Wright says that aviation is

safer than automobiling. Undoubtedly so-for the innocent bystanders. If the south pole does not receive visitors it will not be because nobody

is knocking at the refrigerator door. An insane woman has won a prize for a magazine poem. That throws light on a hitherto unanswered ques-

That New York proposition to add gongs to automobile horns is calculated to increase the jumping record

A Pittsburg man is raising a family on \$1.35 a day. Still we believe that the family is entitled to the most credit for this

on Broadway.

That New York woman who thinks that the anti-kissing crusade has lessened the practice should ask the

small boy under the sofa.

Wonder if the young man who thinks there is only one girl in the world for him realizes that the population of the country is 93,402,151.

It has been discovered that an estate which has been in litigation for 42 years has doubled in value. Probably the lawyers' fees have not been naid yet.

The Iowa pedagogue who asserts that loud clothes make noisy persons has got the cart before the Noisy persons are responsible for loud clothes.

Portland, Ore., expects to have a million inhabitants in 25 years. All right, but Portland should take it to heart that she cannot get them by padding the census.

What's the sense in kicking because you have to take the ashes from under the furnace? A man in Iowa has sued for divorce because his wife made him sleep with the cows.

Still there is this much to be said those attempts to break the altitude record: In case of accident a few thousand feet more or less makes no difference, even to the underta-

machine that measures thought has been invented. It will not have to go very fast in measuring the thought of the young man who proposes to reform by first going on a

In view of the published assertion that about 30 per cent. of the people of New York state are insane, it is not surprising that insanity is so frequently pleaded there as an excuse

American mules are preferred to all other kinds in South Africa. Probably the native dialects there are the nearest possible approach in sound to the language on which the mules are brought up.

The census bureau reports that 3,739,000 telegraph and telephone poles were used in 1909. Sixty-five per cent. of them were of cedar. Here is one item to explain why timber is growing scarce

Every now and then you hear some one discussing the weather, say: "The paper said" so and so. Now, the papers have enough to answer for without being charged with the mistakes of the weather bureau.

Somebody whose name we have not taken the trouble to find out is enteavoring to gain notoriety by an-houncing his intention of plunging over the falls of Niagara in a safety If he will wait awhile he may be able to slide over on an icicle.

A Los Angeles newspaper is planning to have copies delivered by aero-plane to its subscribers. It is hoped the subscribers will not complain if the aviators did not at first get off slip the papers under the door

## MUCH NOW AT STAKE

INTERESTS OF ALL BOUND UP IN TARIFF.

Wisdom and Patriotism Must Be Lib erally Employed if the Country Is Not to Be Called On to Suffer Loss.

The tariff is a subject in which the workingman is as much interested as is the manufacturer, and he has a double interest in the subject because he is a consumer as well as a comnetitor with foreign labor

The first national tariff was levied in 1789, soon after it was authorized by the constitution. It was wholly for revenue and imposed a duty of about 8 per cent. ad valorem on all imported goods. The entire country depended on agriculture and most of the manufacturing was spinning and weaving, done in the homes of the

Finally cotton and woolen mills were established in New England, and in the war of 1812-14 with Great Britain foreign trade was largely cut off and dependence was had on home manufactures, which were considerably increased. In 1816 the tariff was raised to 25 per cent., the agricultural south actively protesting. In 1828 a tariff on raw material for the benefit of the manufacturers was levied, and in 1836 still other duties were laid on metals and agricultural products. This was the tariff that South Carolina nullified until she was repressed into obedience by General (then President) Jackson

The south from the first was the uncompromising protestant against any tariff that possessed any protective features until recent years, when the manufacture of cotton goods has become a great industry in this section, and several of the southern states ask for protection from the sugar of Germany and the tropics, and from the rice of China and Japan, and from the free low-grade timber from Canada.

Thus it is seen that the south is no longer the out-and-out free trade section it once was. Nevertheless, the Democratic party, in which the south predominates, comes very near being

a free trade party.
Of course, this is going to make trouble, because just as soon as the Democrats get possession of the popular house of congress they propose to plunge right into tariff revision They threaten to rip the present tariff law right down the back and up again. It will unsettle business to a serious degree and may end by driving a large body of the southern people into the Republican party, as was the case when tariff agitation over free sugar did that for a number of our Louisiana sugar planters.

It will be useless to attempt to rea son with headstrong partisans, having been long out of political power and having finally got in, are de termined to enforce their power to the last extreme of domination. there is always a wise and prudent element that has the public good at

Its members recognize that there are vast and diverse interests at stake, and therefore an effort of compromise is necessary that will conserve to a reasonable degree the interests of all. The American producer, manufacturer and wage-earner must not be placed at the mercy of foreign pauper labor, nor must the consumer be forced to pay heavy tribute to any protected interest. The just rights of all must be regarded and preserved.

The tariff is going to be a great issue before the country when the next congress shall take it up, and it must be approached with extreme care and all the wisdom and patriotism

Will Mr. Clark "Make Good? The recent evasive utterances of the speaker-to-be of the house of representatives, Hon. Beauchamp Clark of Missouri, with respect to tariff legislation when the Democrats shall come into control of the house contrast oddly with the clear and binding declarations made by this same Mr. Clark at a Tammany hall celebration in New York city last Fourth of July at a time when there was no real expectation of Democratic success. In the course of his remarks upon that occasion Mr. Clark said:

"If we have the next house, as I be lieve we will have, we will honestly and courageously report a bill to re vise the tariff down to a revenue basis, pass it through the house and send it pass it through the house and cover to the senate. Perhaps by that time the senate, yielding to the publishment will also pass it. If it does not, we will go to the people on

that issue in 1912." This is very much to the purpose But—will Mr. Clark remember it and stand by it? There is reason to fear that he will not.

Economy in Government.

There is but one vital question with which congress is called upon to deal and that is economy in government, a reform for which President Taft has pointed the way. Since President Mc-Kinley's time there has been a reckless enlargement in public expendi-ture; but now, after careful study and with the aid of experts, President Taft bas found a way to lessen the outgo by the sum of \$300,000,000 the postal service and has increased the tariff revenues by compelling obedience to the law.

## HARMON NOT STRONG LEADER

Small Chance for Ohlo Governor Secure for His Party a National Victory.

Everything that Gov. Judson Harmon has done or failed to do, all that he has said or omitted to say, since his re-election has justified the campaign charge so forcibly and so futilely made, that he has neither courage nor vision enough to be a real leader of men, in a great state and in a time of uplift and progress. is no light or inspiration in the chief executive of Ohio.

He does not urge action along the lines on which public interest is centered. He maps out no broad and epochal advance. He unmistakably and ignobly dodges dynamic issues of the day. Even in the choice of a United States senator, his course is plainly dictated by prudence rather than the convictions of a strong and courageous man.

Judge Harmon is wearing the fet tering ambitions of a presidential candidate. He dreads the possible consequences of taking a decided stand on any dangerous question of the day He serves Ohio as governor with his mind ever on the White House and the double campaign for nomination and election which must precede his attainment of that goal.

All this is what the governor's op-ponents told the people of his state last fall, but then the warnings fell on deaf ears because it was not Harmon that constituted the real issue of the campaign. His election was not a testimonial to him, but a rebuke to the dominant forces in the Republican organization in Ohio.

Twice Judson Harmon has been swept into office by an accident of politics, but such luck has its limits. No man who is not a real leader of the American people can maintain a position in public life which ought to imply overshadowing personal talents and natural mastery in great affairs .-Cleveland Leader.

The Ticklish Tariff-Test.

Fresh illustration of the apprehensiveness of certain Democratic gentle men as to where "tariff reform" may break out when their party gets a chance at the job is furnished by the way in which they are trying to "shoo" Senator Bailey off the track Senator Bailey, as has come to be pretty well known, belongs to that considerable contingent of southern Democrats who have seen new light the tariff question. Several of them affirm that they are protectionists and do not care who knows it Senator Bailey is not quite so out spoken, but he does advocate a duty on certain "raw materials." And, be it said, proposing a duty on raw materials is, in the eyes of a real, true blue Democratic tariff reformer, the unpardonable economic sin. Yet there comes from Washington the rumor that Senator Bailey is using his influence to secure the creation, in the next Democratic house of representatives, of a committee on ways and means that will favor a "tax" on raw materials. Senator Bailey is from Texas, not from Missouri, and there is no necessity for "showing" him. He knows that Texas raises a whole lot of things that are "raw materials" for various industries, and some that are important food-products. So why should there not be a duty on cotton, rice, a wide variety of vegetables corn, hay, and other products ci Texas?

Getting the Information.

No one who has been through the campaign of cross-purposes which chiefly characterizes the process of tariff revision can fail to realize the impossibility of evading under the old system the consequences of log-rolling, or of accurately sifting the truth xaggerated statements of those financially interested in the maintenance or the increase of tariffs. The commission method of investigat ing by the aid of non-partisan experts the details of manufacture and produc tion at home and abroad will at least furnish the congress a body of information that will be authoritative and colorless. It will obviously impose no obligation upon senators or representatives to accept the conclusions of such official and impartial investigators, but the publication of the results of such inquiries will create a force of enlighted public opinion that al-most certainly will be a bulwark against many of the inequalities and blemishes in all tariff laws, past and present.—Chicago Tribune.

One of the reasons assigned by Champ Clark for opposing the existing tariff commission is that under constitution such a commission shall be merely advisory in character This lack of authority, he insists, would make its work futile.

It might be observed that the result of the recent election was chiefly due to advisory influences, such as articles in newspapers and magazines, that had no authority whatsoever. Yet these influences seem to have insured the election of Mr. Clark as speaker of the next house.

The present minority leader ough to be the last man on earth to undervalue the power of influence in the modern world.

The Drawback, His (Joe Bafley's) commanding po-sition in the senate.—Washington correspondence of the Baltimore Sun. Bailey is always in a commanding osition, but he seldom finds anybody who will take an obeying position.

hentighen DABINET



ooks lovely,-that an honest wife

Ways of Serving Chicken.

Chicken need not be an extravagant dish, as the bits of left-over meat may be worked into croquettes, salads, creamed chicken and numerous other The bones of the chicken need not be wasted, as they will make

Chicken a la Marengo.-This is said to be the dish that was served Napoleon after the battle of Marengo. Singe and clean a five-pound chicken, saucepan melt two tablespoonfuls of butter and add three tablespoonfuls of olive oil. When it is hot, add the white meat, with salt, pepper and a clove of garlic. Mix and cook over the heat until each piece is a golden brown. Have ready a tomato sauce made from a can of tomatoes, a little onion, parsley, carrot and celery which have been cooked until thick, then rubbed through a sieve, and a tablespoonful of butter added. To the chicken add a pound of fresh mushrooms which have been peeled and sauted in a little butter for five minutes. Arrange the chicken on a platter and add to the gravy three tablespoonfuls of tomato puree; stir until it is hot. Pour over the chicken

Chicken Giblets on Toast .- Cook the giblets until tender over a slow fire, then chop fine; add the broth in which they were cooked, season with salt, pepper and a little onion, add a half cup of hot cream. Pour over buttered toast and serve.

Chicken Croquettes.—Boil a young chicken until tender, cut the meat into dice. Saute in butter a half pound of fresh mushrooms, make a cream sauce, using the broth and equal quantity of cream in making the sauce; use three tablespoonfuls of butter and three of flour; cook together, then add a cup each of broth and thick cream.

Chicken cut up and baked in milk is a new dish to many. Cover the first hour of cooking and remove the cover to brown. Thicken the milk for a gravy and serve poured around



For Washington's Birthday. The red, white and blue of the flag seems to be the appropriate color scheme for Washington Birthday entertainments. There are so many pretty little things in the shops that may be used for this occasion. Boxes made in the form of drums or cocked hats, which may be used for salted

nuts or bon bons.
Small flags tied to stand make very pretty decoration; they may be used to hold the place card.

Fondant made into balls and dipped into chocolate make very real-looking cannon balls, and if piled canon-ball fashion add to the appropriately dec-

orated table. Cherries are, of course, the fruit most appropriate to the occasion, and may be used in numerous ways for decoration or on food combinations.

For a children's party, a nice little surprise cake may be made, using ordinary sponge cake mixture, which is more wholesome than the rich cup cakes for the little people. Bake them in gem pans, the little brownie irons are a nice shape. When cold, cut off a slice and scoop out the center, fill them with preserved cherries, put back the slice and cover with a boiled frosting or dip them in softened fondant.

Pineapple Lemonade.

Make a sirup by boiling two cupfuls of sugar and a cup of water together ten minutes, add the juice of three lemons and one can of grated pineapple. Cool, strain and dilute with ne quart of water.

A delicious sandwich to serve with this lemonade is cottage cheese, well seasoned with salt and well mixed

with chopped candied cherries. French chops may be arranged on a platter to simulate a cannon and po-tatoes cut into balls and browned in fat may be piled to look like cannon balls. The potatoes should first be parboiled until nearly tender, browned in hot fat.

Nellie Maxwell.

The Limit of Depravity. There are degrees of baseness. Kid-naping a baby is wicked, but stealing a "babe" seems too monstrous to contemplate in the headlines without

Just a Guess, Perhaps. "Where is it that Shakespeare says, 'Hope springs eternal in the human breast?"

"In 'Don Juan,' I think."

Turkish Progress.

The whirling dervishes of Scutari of informing its readers of the grievances of the strikers.

## THE SCHOOLS OF WESTERN CANADA

n Some of the Cities and Towns the School Buildings Cannot Accommodate the Increasing Num-

bers.

One of the most important factors in the building of a new country is the attention that is paid by the authorities to the education of the rising generation. Fortunately for western Canada, the settlement of that new country began in such recent years that it was able to lay a foundation for this work, gained by the experience of older countries. In this way the very best is the result. Throughout the entire country are to be seen the most improved style of architec ture in school buildings. The cities and towns vie with each other in the efforts to secure the best of accommodation and at the same time get architectural lines that would appeal. Sufficient to say that nowhere is there the greater attention paid to elementary and advanced education than in western Canada. A report just to hand shows that in Calgary, Alberta, there are eighty teachers employed, and the enrollment 4,228 pupils. In the Province of Alberta there was a total of 46,000 pupils attending schools The total enrollment for the year in city, town and village schools was 22,883, and the total in rural schools was 23,165. There are in the province 970 schools with 1,323 departments. At the close of 1909 there was a total of 1,096 school districts in the province. Great attention is paid also to agricultural education. best uses of the soil and such other matters as tend to make the agriculture less of a drudge and more of a success are employed. When there ts the combination of good soil, splendid climate and healthy and advanced ideas in the methods employed in agriculture, we see accomplished the results that have placed western Canada on its present high plane in the agricultural world. There is to be found men of high standing in liter ary spheres as well as in financial circles who are carrying on farming, not alone for the pleasure they derive but for the profit they secure. Mr. Adler, a wide-awake business man of New York, has a ranch near Strathmore, Alberta. He is highly pleased with his success the past year. He

"On July 25th we estimated our crop at 6,000 bushels of wheat. A week later we increased our estimate to 12,000 bushels. A few days later we again increased our estimate, this time to 18,000 bushels, but after harvest in September we found we had 20,150 bushels. If that isn't a record, what is?" he asked.

"This crop was made with practi-cally no moisture," he continued, "and we now have a better opinion of the fertility of Alberta lands than ever and value our lands higher than we ever did before.'

Mr. Adler, who has been on the ranch for about a week, leaves for New York Saturday.

This gentleman is conducting a farm on a large scale, and has plenty of means to develop it, and his may not be taken as a fair case. There are though, instances of thousands who have begun life on small farms in western Canada with but brains and the determination over and above the couple of hundred dollars in ready money that they possessed, and today are owners of large farms and handsome incomes, all the result of their efforts on land that was responsive to the touch of the hand that held the plow. Instances such as these can be quoted if you will communicate with the nearest Canadian government the nearest agent, who will also mail you free de scriptive literature.

The Latest Golf Story

Two Scotchmen met and exchanged the small talk appropriate to the hour. As they were parting to go supperward, Sandy said to Jock: "Jock, mon. I'll go ye a roond on

the links in the morrn."
"The morrn?" Jock repeated doubtfully. "Aye, mon, the morrn," said Sandy,

"I'll go ye a roond on the links the morrn'." "Aye wee'l," said Sandy. "I'll go

But I had intended to get married in the morrn'."

One's Own Heaven and Hell. Most of our grief comes from with-

in-we torture and torment our very Each man makes his heaven each man makes his hell. Each man knows when and where he is right, just as he knows when and where he is wrong. Each man realizes just where and when he is weak, and when and where he is strong. But many take entirely too many liberties with themselves .- Exchange

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Chart Thickey.

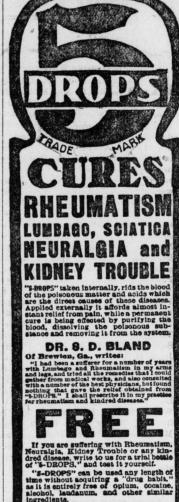
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought. Where Every Ear Is Stretched. Knicker-They say listening is

st art. Bocker-Ever live in a flat with a lumb waiter?

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your drugglat will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to our any case of heeling, Ellind,
Bloeding or Protruding Files in the 1st days. Sec. There is no moral health without

human happiness.

The Place to Buy Cheap J. F. PARSONS



BWANSON RHEUMATIS DURE COMPARY, Dopt. 80. 160 Luke Street, Chicago.

HIS ad. is directed at the man who has all the business in his line in this community.

¶ Mr. Merchant—You say you've got it all. You're sell-ing them all they'll buy, anyhow. But at the same time ou would like more business. Make this community buy

Advertise strongly, consist-

ently, judiciously.

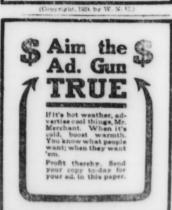
¶ Suppose you can buy a lot of washtubs cheap; advertise a big washtub sale in this paper. Put in an inviting picture of a washtub where people can see it the minute they look at your ad. Talk strong on washtubs. And you'll find every woman in this vicinity who has been getting along with a rickety washtub for years and years will buy a new one from you. That's creative business

OUR, AD. RATES ARE RIGHT

Word-of-Mouth Advertising

Passing encomiums, only over your store counter, about the quality of what you've got to sell, results in about as much satisfaction as your wife would get if you gave her a box of cigars for Christmas.

Advertising in This Paper talks to everybody at once and makes them talk back with money.



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