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Cleveland Morning Leader.

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INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

MORNING LEADER.

E. COWLES,
S. D. PAGE, } Editors.

MONDAY MORNING, SEPT. 23, 1861.

☞ All Reading Matter on this page is from our Saturday Afternoon's Edition.

The Southern Army.

The Charleston Mercury of September 10, speaking of the rebel army, uses this significant language: "We have no idea that the half million of men the Congress has authorized will ever be raised, or the means for their support ever be required. We find it difficult to put an army of eighty thousand men together in Virginia, and eighty thousand men is enough, and we fear more than enough, for any military use we can put them to."

The falsity of the latter statements will be demonstrated in due time, but the statement that they find it difficult to raise 80,000 men for Virginia is abundantly borne out by the best intelligence we receive from the rebel camp. They have doubtless more than that number in the field, but they are poorly fed, half clothed, and suffering greatly for want of those necessities for which they have heretofore been dependent upon the North. We believe every day weakens the rebel force, while it greatly strengthens our own. We are perfectly content to wait until such time as our authorities may see fit to make an advance, knowing that we lose nothing by the delay.

Goshorn of Wheeling.

At Wheeling, a few days ago, two ladies were brought up for perjury. The Intelligencer introduces in the case, an individual who figured in the "Lucy" case:

Among other gentlemen, Mr. John Goshorn appeared to enter a recognizance for the appearance of two of the ladies. The conditions of the recognizance are that the parties recognized shall appear on the first day of the next term, and will not take up arms, or give any aid, comfort, or *adhere to* the enemies of the United States.

Mr. Goshorn stated that he had several times taken the oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and did not feel like taking any additional obligations.

The Court—You are too old, and too intelligent a man, sir, not to know the conditions proposed.

Mr. Goshorn—I do not know that I should have any objections to enter the recognizance, but I want time to reflect upon it. A man must be particular.

The Court—The Court is also particular.—You can take your seat and reflect upon it, but you can enter the recognizance on the conditions stated, and none other. The parties will remain in charge of the Marshal until the security is entered. From your hesitancy, Mr. Goshorn, with the intimations you have given, the Court does not know but it may require you to enter a recognizance for your own individual loyalty.

Mr. Goshorn—I don't know but I might enter the recognizance, but it strikes me—

The Court—You can take your seat, sir.

After a short pause, and something of a sensation, Mr. Goshorn came forward and accepted the conditions.

The Slave Question.

The Government cannot be oblivious to the difficulties that surround this question as regards the slaves themselves. It will be a mistake to underate their intelligence, or to tempt them to excesses by any vacillating policy. It is by no means improbable that the Government will have to take under its protecting care and reduce to habits of industry and good behavior large numbers emancipated by the Act of Confiscation.—This number may be much larger than is now apprehended. As the law now stands the bribe of emancipation is, curiously enough, offered to all those who will take up arms against us, or, in any way, aid and abet rebellion. A slave has only to persuade his master to permit him to dig in a trench or follow a camp in any menial service, under pretense of the love of massa, and he becomes, *ipso facto*, free; while the slave who remains at home and is compelled by circumstances, or contrives to avoid giving aid to the rebellion, is to be continued a slave.—It is a premium on insurrection; a reward for aiding our enemies; a direct incentive to do us harm, that we may do them good; an argument for pushing rebellion to extremities, the force of which will not be lost upon slaves who, they will believe, are, in any event, to be the gainers. The fact will be pointed at in history as a curious evidence of our national forgetfulness, of the fact that a black man is a sentient being. If emancipation is a boon at all, it would seem that it should have been offered to those who do not, rather than those who do aid and abet the insurrection. It may be that Gen. Fremont's method of dealing with the question will be found after all the wiser, and that both loyalists and rebels will be bound most readily to obedience by being taught that the only tenure by which they hold their property is a peaceful return to their allegiance to the Federal Union.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The Emperor and Empress of Russia.

Though a professed admirer of the Great Apostle of Emancipation, Alexander II, I must confess that the term "shabby" will only convey an idea of his appearance. He was seated in an open "tarantasse," or traveling carriage, drawn by four horses (abreast) with two leaders. He was wrapped in a long gray military cloak, and wore the common white summer cap of an under officer in the army. He looked very sleepy, and shaggy, and uncombed, just like anybody else who has ridden all night in a railroad car. Altogether, this Mr. Romanoff, traveler, was a very different affair from the autocrat, Alexander II., as he appears in pictures and in the mind's eye of forty millions of Russians.

The people cheered moderately, and the Czar acknowledged the applause by lazily touching his cap with his right hand. He looked so sleepy and hungry that I would have pitied him, were it not that I knew there was a good breakfast awaiting him at the Kremlin Palace.

A beautiful woman, in my opinion, is this Empress of Russia. Tall and slender in form, with a long oval face, a high intellectual brow, mild, pensive gray eyes, and wavy auburn hair parted over a marble forehead. Always she wears a sweet yet sad expression, as of a "Mater Dolorosa." Why is this? Is it because her husband, the Apostle of Emancipation, the noblest monarch in thought or deed now living—is it because he allows himself to be debased by the wine cup, and makes his Empress know the bitterness of woe which a drunkard's wife always must experience? So gossip says; and not long ago, at the Winter Palace—but I will not gossip too much now, but will devote an early letter to nothing in the world but tittle tattle and rumors and chit chat about the imperial family of Russia.—*Russian Correspondence N. Y. Eve. Post.*

Prince Napoleon on America.

The Opinione Nationale of Paris publishes a second letter from the United States, which is understood to be written by no less a person than Prince Jerome Napoleon, now traveling over our country. In a former letter, the Prince had spoken disparagingly of our preparations for war, saying however that he held all such comments subject to change or correction after he should have seen more of our institutions for himself.—This second letter is of peculiar interest and we make two or three extracts.

HE IS ASTONISHED.

On the plains and slopes beyond the Potomac are scattered numberless small white spots, and the top of the great trees is bathed in a whitish smoke which relieve admirably the rawish tones of the landscape. The spots are the tents of the Northern army, of the army of the Union, which protects Washington on the right shore of the Potomac. The white smoke is that of the bivouacs of a camp of 20,000 men. I have crossed, at the rate of thirty-six miles the hour, the distance which separates New York from Washington. I have had the spectacle of those great works of American industry which are to ours what the great cities of Babylon and Nineveh were to our towns.—I have crossed arms of the sea with a frightful rapidity on two iron rails suspended over the abyss. I have arrived, at a full steam, on the top of immense edifices, the lower stories of which were occupied by people or applied to uses unknown to me; then I have felt the edifice move, and have perceived that I was on a steamboat and that they had run on it the train of cars just as a bale of cotton would be placed on an ordinary vessel. To vary these splendid but somewhat frightful spectacles, I have had along the route the sight of an army in the field—everwhere tents, wagons, convoys of sick or wounded, dark and soiled uniforms, gloomy and grave faces of soldiers, who with their guns between their legs and with indifferent and sad expression, watch you as you pass. Baltimore gave me somewhat the idea of a besieged city; as to Washington, I imagined myself, while traversing it, in a town invaded, overrun, stained by war at the moment of the passage and sojourn of great armies, or just as, two years ago, in Italy, I have seen Alexandria, Brescia and Milan. The peaceful federal city has appeared to me almost under the aspect of a a camp, with streets encumbered with horses, wagons, guns, resounding with the rattle of drums, with the houses transformed into hospitals and barracks, their open windows exposing scenes of suffering, uncleanliness and disorder. Well, as a resting place from all these things, grand or terrible or painful, not to speak of a dog-day heat and of a Saharian dust, I find myself suddenly at Georgetown in the midst of verdure, in the bosom of quiet, tranquil nature, taking from its contact with the most prosaic works of men only some features calculated to set off its poetic beauty.

HIS OPINION OF CONGRESS.

Contrary to what has been so often written about the tumultuous appearance of the Chambers, the dress and eccentric habits of the honorable members, I found in the Senate and House of Representatides as aspect very usual and decent. Without the fashion of the great number of white coats, which, worn by a number of Western members, degenerate, by their extraordinary cut, into a species of garment of the middle ages, we might fancy ourselves in one of our French political assemblies. I have seen no one with his feet on his desk, not the least bit of revolver, and I have looked in vain for those little blocks of white wood, the cutting of which with a penknife, passes for one of the favorite diversions of the statesman, the judge or the American attorney in the exercise of his duties. Doubtless, in the United States, some details of secondary moment shock our European ideas and habits; but I do not wish to dwell on those details without real importance, which should not blind us as to what is good and great in this country.

WHAT HE THINKS OF AMERICA.

I declare to you that, arrived in America with prepossessions extremely favorable to the United States, the reality has passed to be far beyond those prepossessions, at sight of these immense cyclopian cities and those magnificent workshops, proportioned to a condition of things where everything has dimensions unknown to the Old World.

I have found in the United States that which, despite my inclination to admire everything, I did not expect to meet with, on the word of even the most favorably disposed travellers, and that is perfect order, honesty, eagerness to be of service, if not urbanity, life comfortable, easy and regular, in fine an habitual interconact by all classes of society which neither soils, wounds nor chills anyone.

I will add that I have been struck and touched by the ardor, in some sort chivalrous, with which the people of the North, contrary to their most immediate and most imperious material interests, have thrown themselves into a war in which they have but one end, that of vindicating the honor of the flag of the common country, which they believe to have been outraged by the South. This is what I have what I am very happy to say and to repeat.

AMERICA WILL BE GREATER THAN EVER.

The crisis will pass; the elements of vitality which America beats within her will give her strength to surmount it. Soon you will see this country greater, more full of future, than ever.

"Yelling" a Branch of Military Tactics!

Speaking of Col. Simmons, of the 5th Pennsylvania Reserve Regiment, the Press says:

Colonel Seneca G. Simmons entered the army more than twenty-seven years ago, from West Point. During the Mexican war he was promoted to a captaincy, and recently, on account of a wound in the foot, was granted a furlough for three years. By permission of the War Department he took command of this fine regiment, which, thanks to his skill and talents, is now one of the best drilled and most efficient in the service.—Their evolutions were almost as interesting as a battle. After a manner of his own, he threw them into a hollow square four deep, to resist cavalry, in fewer seconds than it takes to write this sentence. Besides many other movements, he made them charge on a full run, with a shout in unison from nine hundred throats, so loud and terrific that, if I had not seen them, I would have sworn there were nine thousand instead of nine hundred—

> "At once there rose so wild a yell,
> Within that dark secession dell,
> As if all the fiends from heaven had fell,
> And called Jeff. Davis down to hell."

The Orientals are not so foolish, after all, when they attempt to frighten their foes with a great noise. If Governor Wise had heard that yell, he would have been running yet.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY CARGOES OF GRAIN IN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS.—The Detroit Advertiser of Wednesday says: "The fleet of vessels which left Milwaukee and Chicago a few days since have been continually passing at short intervals for the past two days. Up to this evening not less than one hundred and fifty had gone by, and probably the largest quantity of grain which has ever passed this port during the same number of hours before.

TELEGRAPHIC.

IMPORTANT FROM MISSOURI.

MULLIGAN'S FORCE AT LEXINGTON.

1,500 Federals Route 3,000 Rebels.

CALIFORNIA ELECTION RETURNS.

Election of the Republican Ticket.

Description of the Situation of Lexington.

GEN. BUCKNER'S LYING PROCLAMATION.

This Morning's Report.

MISSOURI NEWS.

JEFFERSON CITY, Sept. 20.

At headquarters Mulligan's force is supposed to be 3 500, consisting of an Irish brigade, Col. Mulligan, 900, Col. Marshal's Illinois cavalry, 600, a Kansas regiment, number not known, 500 home guards, three 6-pounders, one howitser and two mortars.

Federal scouts in report the firing at Lexington still going on Wednesday evening The rebels are said to have no shells, schrapnel or cannister; nothing but round shot and slugs.

Nearly three thousand Government horses and mules are within Mulligan's entrenchments, requiring much care to prevent a stampede.

Special to St. Louis Democrat:

Jeff. C. Davis, commanding here, received his appointment as Brigadier General to-day.

Gen. Lane is reported to have formed a junction with Lexington with 4,000 men. Reinforcements from St. Joe are also reported to have reached that place, and Lexington is now considered safe.

Price will undoubtedly be surrounded and cut off.

It is feared that the reinforcements sent from here have not yet reached Lexington, as heavy batteries are planted at Glasgow by the rebels, and our troops will have to disembark below the town and attack them in the rear.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 19.

Fifteen hundred men, under Col. Smith, overtook 3,000 Secessionists as they were crossing the river at Blue Mill's Landing, on the 17th inst. They completely routed them, killing from one hundred and fifty to two hundred, and took twelve prisoners. The federal loss is fifty killed, and twenty-five wounded.

Advices by private letter from Lexington to-day say Price attacked the Federals at ten o'clock yesterday morning, with a force of 30,000. The Federal force was estimated at from 3,000 to 4,000.

The Federals fought them two hours, when the Secessionists drove them back into their entrenchments, carrying everything before them. The Irish Brigade then came out and charged them at the point of the bayonet, scattering the rebels everywhere.

Price was to attack them again this morning, with seventeen pieces of artillery. No statement of the loss on either side is given.

ST. JOSEPH, Sept. 20.

Telegraphic connection is once more re-established. The line is working to Kansas City and to all points in Kansas and Nebraska.

The Pacific Line is being pushed rapidly toward completion. When a gap of twenty miles is closed, which will be done within a week, we shall be able to work to within 250 miles of Great Salt Lake City. That portion of the line west of Salt Lake is also progressing rapidly from present appearances. The line will be finished to San Francisco by the 20th of November next.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.

The Germans of St. Louis sustain Gen. Fremont. Their brethren in Illinois and Indiana also sustain him, with the intelligent of the American Republicans They say that there is an incompatibility as between fire and water between war and the civil law, which seeks to protect those against whom the war is waged. They regret the President's modification of the General's proclamation of freedom to the slaves, but congratulate the friends of civil liberty throughout the world that the bondmen of all Missourians in arms against the Union, between the dates of Gen. Fremont's proclamation and the President's countermanding of it, are free beyond the power of any law of politics on this continent to reduce them again to slavery.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

OUTER STATION, Sept. 20.

The Pony Express, with San Francisco dates to the 11th inst., passed here last night.

The Orizaba, for Panama, took $1,090,000 in treasure.

The election returns are still incomplete by 13,000 to 15,000 votes. Thus far, Sanford, Rep., has 52,000 votes, and the other two candidates about 27,000 each, with even chances as to which will prove the strongest in the end. The Assembly will be strongly Republican, and that party also has a large plurality in the Senate.

Hon. H. K. Dimmick, U. S. District Attorney, died at Los Angeles, of disease of the heart

Edmund Randolph, the distinguished lawyer, died at San Francisco on the 7th.

This Afternoon's Report.

KENTUCKY NEWS.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 21.

It is rumored that Buckner has advanced on Elisabethtown, but it cannot be confirmed in season for afternoon papers. The Federal troops are prepared for any emergency.

The following proclamation is just issued to the people of Kentucky:

The Legislature of Kentucky have been faithless to the will of the people; they have endeavored to make your gallant State a fortress, in which, under the guise of neutrality, the armed forces of the United States might securely prepare to subjugate alike the people of Kentucky and the Southern States.

It was not until after months of covert and open violation of your neutrality with large encampments of Federal troops on your territory, and a recent official declaration of the President of the United States not to regard your neutral position, coupled with a well prepared scheme to seize an additional point in your territory, which was of vital importance to the safety and defense of Tennessee, that the troops of the Confederacy, on the invitation of the people of Kentucky, occupied a defensive point in your State. In doing so, the commander announced his purpose to evacuate your territory simultaneously with a similar movement on the part of the Federal forces, whenever the Legislature shall undertake to enforce against both belligerents the strict neutrality which they have so often declared.

I return amongst you, citizens of Kentucky, at the head of a force the advance of which is composed entirely of Kentuckians. We do not come to molest any person, whatever may be his political opinions, unlike the agents of the Northern Despotism, who seek to reduce us to the condition of dependent vassals. We believe that the recognition of the civil rights of citizens is the foundation of constitutional liberty, and the claim of the President of the United States to declare martial law, to suspend the privileges of the writ of habeas corpus, and to convert every barrack and prison in the land into a Bastile, is nothing but the claim which other tyrants have assumed to subjugate a free people.

The Confederate States occupy Bowling Green as a defensive position. I renew the pledges of the Commanders of other columns of Confederate troops to retire from the territory of Kentucky on the same conditions which will govern their movements. I further give you my own assurance that the forces under my command will be used as an aid to the government of Kentucky in carrying out the strict neutrality desired by its people, whenever they undertake to enforce it against the two belligerents alike. (Signed)

S. B. BUCKNER,
Brigadier General, C. S. A.
Bowling Green, Sept. 18, 1861.

FROM MISSOURI.

St. Louis, Sept. 21.

In order to correct confusion and many contradictory statements relative to the position of Lexington, and the opposing forces of Col. Mulligan and Gen. Price, it is deemed necessary to make the following explanation:

The general direction of the Missouri at Lexington is from west to east, the city lying on the south bank. The early settlement, now called Old Town, is situated back on the hill, and has been superceded by New Lexington, further up the river, where the steamboat landing is, and which is the main city. Mulligan's fortifications are on a ridge running at right angles with the river, between the two towns.—They surround the Masonic College Buildings, standing about a quarter mile from the river, which has been used as a quarter for troops and strengthened to resist an artillery attack.

The line of fortifications runs down to the river bluff, between which and the water's edge is a wide shelving beach.—This is the point where the conflict took place for possession of the Ferry boats. The main body of Price's army is at Oldtown, but the fortifications have been assailed from all sides except the river. On Thursday of last week an attack was made from Oldtown by a strong party of roving rebels, who were repulsed with considerable loss, and Oldtown shelled and burned, to prevent its being used as shelter.

Lexington proper is in the possession of Price, but it has not been the theatre of the conflict.

Reinforcements which left Jefferson City Wednesday, if they were not assailed by batteries along the shore, must have reached the neighborhood of Lexington yesterday. These troops could doubtless have been landed on the south side of the river on the steamers used to ferry Gen. Sturges' command across, and the combined forces, numbering about 12,000, will march on Lexington, and with the assistance of Mulligan's heroes and Gen. Lane's command, will attack and completely rout Price's whole army.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK MARKET—Sept. 21

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

FLOUR—Receipts 20,000 bbls. Market excited and 10@30c better.

Sales 10,000 bbls at $5 05@$5.15 for superfine state; $5.40@5.50 for extra state; $5.05@$5.15 for superfine western; $5.40@5.70 for common to medium extra western; $5.75@5.80 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio.

CANADIAN FLOUR.—The Market is firmer. Sales 600 bbls at $5.05@5.15 for superfine; $5.40@6.50 for extra.

RYE FLOUR—Market steady at 2.30@3.75 common to choice superfine.

WHEAT—Receipts 147,984 bush. Market excited and 2@3c better. Sales 100,000 bush at $1.16 for good Chicago spring; $1,17 for new western club; $1.2 @ 1.40 for winter red western; $1 3 for white Ohio; $1.35@1.40 for white Kentucky.

RYE—Market firm at 50@70c as in quality.

BARLEY—Market dull and nominal.

CORN—Receipts 226,092 bush. Market without decided change. Sales 20,000 bush at 46@48c for mixed western common to prime.

OATS—Firm at 29@35½ for Canadian, and western and state.

PORK—Market unchanged. Sales 150 bbls at $14.50 for mess; $9.75@10,00 for prime.

BEEF—Market quiet.

CUT MEATS—Market quiet.

LARD—Market steady. Sales at 8@9c.

BUTTER—Selling at 7@10c for Ohio; and 8@14c state.

CHEESE—Market steady at 5@7c common to prime.

WHISKY—Market quiet at 19c.

BUFFALO MARKET—Sept. 21

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

FLOUR—Market unchanged.

WHEAT—Market steady. Sales 10,000 bush Milwaukee club at 95c; 15,000 bush red winter at $1.04 @1,06

CORN—Market lower. Sales 26 000 bush at 38½c.

OATS—Market steady. Sales 12,000 bush at 25c.

RYE—In demand. Sales 5,000 bush at 49c.

CANAL FREIGHTS—A shade easier.

LAKE IMPORTS—7,500 bbls flour; 83,000 bu wheat; 69,000 bush corn; 11,000 bush oats.

CANAL EXPORTS—10,000 bbls flour; 98,000 bu wheat; [illegible] bush corn.

Commission Merchants.

HANNA, GARRETSON & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

And Dealers in Pig Iron, Ingot Copper, Salt, Fish, Plaster, &c., &c. Harvey's Block, Merwin street, and River, Cleveland, Ohio.

M. B. CLARK, G. W. GARDNER, J. D. ROCKEFELLER

1861. 1861
CLARK, GARDNER & CO.,
PRODUCE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
And Dealers in
GRAIN, FLOUR, FISH, PORK, SEEDS LARD BUTTER, and PRODUCE GENERALLY.
Also—WATER LIME AND LAND PLASTER,
Nos. 39, 41, 43 & 45 River Street,
AND ON THE DOCK,
CLEVELAND, O.

Property received by the different Railroads or Canal, for Sale or Shipment. Will give personal attention to the Sale and Purchase of Produce and Merchandise and Consignment. Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments.

Refer to Banks, Bankers and Business Men generally. april1

S. CALDWELL. J. G. SIMMONS

CALDWELL & SIMMONS,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 42 UNION STREET, CLEVELAND, O.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the sale of Flour, Grain, Pork, Butter Seeds, &c., and to filling orders for such articles as can be procured in our market.

Advances made on Consignments to this and other markets.

REFER TO:
Lemuel Wicks, Esq., President, Cleveland; Jason Parker, Esq., Buffalo; D. & J. W. Banning, Cincinnati; M. B. Lyman & Co., New York. aug13

JOHN CARLISLE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND FORWARDER,
No. 40 and 42 Brick Warehouse,
River St.…………Cleveland, O.

Particular attention paid to the sale of all kinds of Produce, or to the purchase and filling of ALL ORDERS ENTRUSTED TO HIS CARE. april1:B11

1861. 1861.
R. T. LYON,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
30 Merwin street…………CLEVELAND, O
(Established in 1841.)
AGENT for the sale of New York State Fine, Coarse, Ground, Solar and Dairy Salt,
Oswego and Buffalo Cement, or Water Lime.
DEALER IN
Grain, Flour, Provisions, Highwines, Hops, Seeds, Butter, Cheese, &c.

Particular attention given to the purchase Produce and Merchandise on orders.

Refers to all Union-loving Citizens. jan31:R26

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—Drafts in amounts to suit, from $5 upwards, on England and France, and all the principal Cities of Germany. On Frankfort, Berlin, Leipzig, Vienna Nuremberg, Cassel, Cologne, Hamburgh, Bremen Stuttgart, Manheim and Prague. For sale by
april3 RETTBERG & HAUSMANN.

Dry Goods.

NEW GOODS NOW RECEIVED
BY
HOWER & HIGBEE.

BLACK SILKS, SOLID COLORED SILKS, Foulards, Small Checks and Brocades. Single and Double

ALL WOOL PLAID SHAWLS,

French Merinoes, Coburgs and Alpacca Cloths, Alma Checks, Chene Medonnas, Pure Laine Plaids, Union Plaids, Broche Poplins.

PLAIN ALL WOOL DELAINES,

A fine line embracing every color.

IANTHES, MOZAMBIQUE AND JACQUARD CLOTHS,

Plaid Ginghams,
Chene Ginghams,
Shirting Prints,
Furniture Prints,

And, notwithstanding the advance upon Cotton,

AMERICAN & OTHER PRINTS,

warranted fast and to sell fast, at

SIX, EIGHT AND TEN CTS. PER YD.

Ladies' Embroidered Collars,
Breakfast Setts, Cambric and
Muslin Edgings and Insertings,
Nets, Lace Edgings and Quiltings,
Ruffings, Veil Tissues, Lace and
Love Veils, French Corsetts,
Linen Handkerchiefs, Embroidered Bands, French Dimity and Dimity Bands.

A beautiful lot of

HAT AND BONNET RIBBONS,

Alexander's Kid Gloves, Beltings, Girdles, Galloons, Elastics, Velvet Ribbons, Bonnet Ruches.

THE INDESTRUCTIBLE

PARISIAN TRAINED SKIRT!

A heavy stock of

Linens, Flannels,
and Cotton Cloths,
Vestings, Under Clothing,
Gents' Ties, Collars and Fronts.

A fine and full supply of

BROAD CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
SATINETTS, &C.

237 SUPERIOR STREET.

H. D. KENDALL & CO.

CLOAKINGS RECEIVED TO-DAY.

English Mattons,
Middlesex Repellants,
German Tricoto,
French Opera Flannels, and
WATER PROOF CLOAKING,

Together with an assortment of

FALL CLOAKS.

Also, Black and White Chess Shawls, French Long Shawls, Misses' Check shawls, Wool Plaid Shawls, with the most extensive assortment

DRESS GOODS

in the city. H. D. KENDALL & CO

MILITARY BRAID AND BUTTONS
RETTBERG & HAUSMANN.

PARASOLS AND A SUPERIOR kind of HOOPED SKIRTS just received by
TAYLOR, GRISWOLD & CO.,
je27 173 Superior and 136 Bank sts.

WOOLEN KNITTING YARN—Domestic and Imported.
173 RETTBERG & HAUSMANN.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

In order to ensure the sale of this season's purchase of goods, I will offer
Figured French Brilliantes at 16, worth 31 cents
Chintz " Organdies at 18¾ " 37½ "
Fast Colored Lawns at 10 cents.
Embroidered English Bareges only 15 cts. a yard
Good Fast Colored Prints only 8 cents a yard.
Challeys worth 25 cents, at only 15 cents a yard.
Brown Antique Parasols, only 75 cents each.
A few Black Lace Mantillas at half price, and many other articles, which will be offered at very Low Prices so as to sell them off during this season.
Call and get some Good Bargains.

S. HYMAN,
Cheap Dry Goods Store.

CLOAKS—A FULL ASSORTMENT of FALL CLOAKS just received and will be sold exceedingly low for cash only.
TAYLOR, GRISWOLD & CO.,
173 Superior, and 136 Bank Streets.
Sept 10th, 1861.

BLACK GUIPURE LACE—OF our own importation.
RETTBERG & HAUSMANN.

DAMASK—COTTON & WOOL—A great variety of Patterns.
jy18 RETTBERG & HAUSMANN.

CHILDREN'S WOOLEN HOSIERY—a new stock at
RETTBERG & HAUSMANN'S.

Confectionery.

OYSTERS!

COFFEE, CHOCOLATE, &C.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO SERVE OUR CUSTOMERS

AT ALL HOURS!

with

OYSTERS,
CHOCALATE,
COFFEE,
TEA, ETC., ETC.,

At our Rooms, corner of Euclid Street and Public Square.

MOULD & HOGAN.

CONFECTIONERY & FRUITS.
MOULD & NUMSEN,
185 - - - - Superior St.,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Since the destruction of our stand, No. 122 Superior street, we have taken the large and commodious building, No. 185 Superior street, and fitted it up in a style superior to anything in the city.

OUR PARLORS

For the serving of Cakes, Creams, Soda, &c., on the second floor, are large, airy and light, and neatly furnished, and with our facilities we can assure our customers that we can serve them in much better style than formerly.

In connection with the Wholesale and Retail FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY BUSINESS, we are prepared to supply

WEDDINGS AND PARTIES

to the entire satisfaction of Customers, with every article needed on such occasions.

Our stock of Sauces, Pickles, Preserves, and Fresh Canned Fruit, Lobsters, Salmon, &c., is very large, and will be kept in constant supply, of the very best quality only.

OUR SODA FOUNTAIN

is well supplied, and will honor all drafts made on it.

We are wholesale manufacturers of

CANDIES AND CONFECTIONERY

of every variety, and also wholesale dealers in ORANGES, LEMONS, BANANNAS and FOREIGN FRUITS of every description, and NUTS of all kinds.

CIGARS of the choicest brands can always be found. [illegible]

JOHN SCHRINK

Having removed to his new quarters,
NO. 23, LYMAN'S BLOCK,
OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE, PUBLIC SQUARE,
is prepared to receive the calls of his friends and the public at large.

Everything in the line of Confectionery is kept at WHOLESALE AND RETAIL as usual.

OYSTERS AND HOT COFFEE,

as well as the choicest eatables served up at a moment's notice.

DINNER IS SERVED DAILY

for the accommodation of persons having business at the Court House.

KENNETT ALE ON DRAUGHT.

Jewelry.

ON THE CORNER—COWLES & Co. have a new stock of Fine PLATED CASTORS.

ON THE CORNER—COWLES & Co. have just received a nice lot of Plated CAKE BASKETS.

ON THE CORNER—COWLES & Co. have a nice stock of BASKET CUTLERY.

ON THE CORNER—COWLES & Co. have LECOULTRE RAZORS—the only place in town where they can be had.

ON THE CORNER—COWLES & Co. keep a complete stock of Table Cutlery, of the best make.

ON THE CORNER—COWLES & Co. always have the best assortment of CLOCKS from $1.50 to $50—can suit anybody.

ON THE CORNER—COWLES & Co. have a splendid stock of SOLID SILVER WARE, and also make any article to match that may be wanted.

MANHATTAN HOTEL—NOS. 3, 5, 7 and 9 Murray street, 2d door from Broadway, opposite the Park, New York. Huggins & Fling Proprietors. H. Huggins, late of Pearl Street House, Boston. H. Fling, late of Lovejoy's Hotel New York. [illegible]

Miscellaneous.

WILLIAM KIDD,
MANUFACTURER OF
JEWELRY
AND ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORK.

Repairing done in a superior manner at reduced prices.

Also—All kinds of Engraving and Stencil Cutting.

Over Fogg's China Hall, Superior st., Cleveland. sept19:G27

OLIVER P. HANKS,
Professional Piano-Forte Tuner.
All orders left at the Music Store of S. Brainard & Co., 203 Superior st., will be promptly attended to. Cleveland O., sept. 19:G

A CHEAP MICROSCOPE!

A NEW OPTICAL WONDER!!

H. CRAIG, of this city, has invented a cheap MICROSCOPE of wonderful powers. It magnifies 50 diameters, or 42,000 superficies. It is useful, instructive and amusing. By it you readily detect the adulterations in food—myriads of living animals in the smallest particle of water, &c.

The MICROSCOPE, with Tube and Reflector, costs $2.00.

The POCKET MICROSCOPE $1.

For sale by H. CRAIG,
Homoepathic College,
Cleveland, O.

NOTICE.—ADAM & CHARLES FUHRMAN will have charge of my Pastures for the remainder of the season and are the only persons authorized to receive money for pasturage.
S. S. STONE.
Cleveland, Sept. 17, 1861:259

AT A MEETING OF THE COAL DEALERS, recently held in the city of Cleveland, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The past experience of the dealers in Coal in the city of Cleveland, has shown that the retailing of Coal on credit, is ruinous to the interest of those connected with it, it is hereby

RESOLVED, That we, whose names are undersigned, hereby agree, from and after this date to sell Coal at retail only for Cash:

CROSS & PAYNE,	W. H. KEITH,
RHODES, CARD & CO.,	J. WALTON, Agent,
A. JONES,	H. D. HARVEY,
J. J. RACKAFELLOW,	C. R. EVERETT,
J. V. N. YATES,	CRAWFORD, MORRIS & PRICE,
E. S. HAMMOND,	
MOORE & DIXON,	R. P. JONES,
WM. W. CRAWFORD,	J. A. FLURSCHUTZ,
J. DUTTON,	C. TICE,

Sept 10:255

UNITED STATES & FOREIGN
PATENT OFFICE AGENCY,
No. 81 Bank Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

We are prepared to transact Business of every description relating to Inventions, Drawings, Caveats, Specifications, Patents, Infringements and the Patent Laws. BRAINERD & BURRIDGE,
Solicitors of Patents.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING, at 107 Bank street, every quality and color of ALL-WOOL STOCKING YARN, which may be desired by the Ladies of Cleveland.

Merchants supplied at lower figures than can be bought of the New York or Boston trade.

All-Wool Bats at 25 cents a pound.

Sheeting—¾ wide. Also, Soldiers Blankets on hand and made to order.

CLEVELAND WORSTED CO.,
sep2 107 Bank street.

FLAGS.—We are prepared to furnish SILK FLAGS for Companies, made according to Army regulations, at very low rates. Also—Bunting and all other kinds of flags made to order on short notice.

Rooms—No. 211 up stairs, Marble Block, Superior st., Cleveland, O.
G. W. CROWELL
jy10:R26

TRY IT! TRY IT!!
LARTER'S
Neats Foot Oil Polishing Compound, for BOOTS AND SHOES,

Gives a more Brilliant and Blacker Polish than any other Blacking.

It contains nothing that is injurious to the leather.

It contains more Oil than any other Blacking, and that being Neats Foot Oil, it

PRESERVES THE LEATHER

and keeps it soft and pliable.

It will not soil the finest Linen.

It polishes with less rubbing than any other Blacking.

It has taken more Premiums than any other Blacking.

It does not become hard and dry, as other Blacking.

It is the only article of Blacking used by people who once try it. Manufactured by
THOMAS LARTER,
182 Superior st., Cleveland, O.

Sold Everywhere. aug5

MERRICK & KING,
SAIL, TENT AND FLAG MAKERS,
No. 203 River Street.

Every style and description of Tents or Flags, manufactured to order, of the best material, on favorable terms.

M & K. are both practical workmen in their line, and can refer to numerous parties with relation to Sail, Tent, Flag, Hammock, Awning and other work executed at their establishment. jy25

SENT BY EXPRESS EVERY WHERE.

**TAGE & CO.'S
PERFECT FITTING
SHIRTS.**

Directions for Self-Measurement Sent Free Everywhere. TAGE & CO.,
jul31 243 Superior st., Cleveland, O.

HAIR DRESSING AND SHAVING INSTITUTION.—WM. E. AMBUSH, at his rooms, under the American, is prepared to accommodate all customers with prompt attention from able workmen. A separate room for ladies. nov8

FOR NICE PAINTING, GO TO TASCOTT'S!

That French WHITE ZINC has come. Just the right thing for Painters and inside work of every description.
aw21:D No. 274 HOFFMAN'S BLOCK.

ONLY A QUARTER!—I SEND by mail, free of postage, a very amusing, instructive and powerful little single-lens Microscope. Lice from plants look like formidable monsters.—Worth more than a quarter for a single evening's amusement of the family circle. Six of different powers, for $1.00. Address,
AARON BRADSHAW,
[illegible] Lock Box [illegible] Boston Mass

Coal Oil and Lamps.

300 BBLS PETROLEUM OIL!
100 bbls WHITE PETROLEUM OIL!
200 bbls CARBON OIL!
50 bbls LARD OIL!

Manufactured and Refined at the

GREAT WESTERN OIL WORKS.
W. C. SCOFIELD & CO.,
Proprietors.

Which we offer to the trade at the very lowest market prices. We have taken an INTEREST in some of the best OIL WELLS, consequently we can supply the trade with both Refined and Crude Oil. We refine by means of a NEW and IMPROVED PROCESS, and therefore CAN warrant our Oil free from that strong SMELL. Our best Refined White Oil we warrant equal to Kerosene. Great inducement offered to Jobbers.

OFFICE—Rear of 108 St. Clair street, near Angier House—being same office of W. C. Scofield's Lard Oil and Candle Works.

Mr. SCOFIELD is also manufacturing No. 1 Lard Oil, Sterin and Tallow Candles, and a superior quality of Saleratus, all of which will be furnished at the lowest market prices. [illegible]

CARBON OIL!
CARBON OIL!!
CARBON OIL!

I have the largest stock of Carbon Oil in the city—five different brands among the best, and can sell as cheap as the cheapest. Call before you go to pay a high price for an indifferent quality.
S. S. BARRIE,
Cleveland, May 31. 118 Bank street.

OIL! OIL!! OIL!!!
PIONEER WORKS.
CHARLES A. DEAN,
Manufacturer of
PURE CARBON AND PETROLEUM
OILS,
FOR BURNING AND LUBRICATING,
Warranted Equal to the New York Kerosene.

Which I offer to the Trade at less price than can be purchased at any other house in the city, as I obtain Oil from my own Wells, and have not to purchase crude oil from second hands, consequently can sell at a low price, and the quality guaranteed to give satisfaction in every respect.

The Trade supplied with crude Petroleum.—Railroad Companies furnished with pure Neats Oil free from sand or water.

LAMPS, SHADES & WICKS AT WHOLESALE.

OFFICE—No. 27 Water st., (R. R. Block,) Cleveland, Ohio. [illegible]

Crockery & Chinaware.

WATER COOLERS.

ICE PITCHERS.

TIN AND ZINC TOILET SETS.

HOUSEHOLD UTENSILS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

COAL OIL LAMPS.

CHANDELIERS,

COAL OIL.

SILVER PLATED WARE.

KNIVES AND FORKS,

GLASSWARE.

RICE & BURNETT,
103 - - - - - - SUPERIOR ST.

WATER COOLERS
WATER COOLERS!

All interested, are hereby informed that HOT WEATHER is now on us, and now is the time to provide yourselves with WATER COOLERS to cool and purify your water.

We keep a large variety of the best article, which we will sell off at

WAR PRICES!

Also, a superior article of an

ICE PITCHER,

which will also be sold off at WAR PRICES.

RICE & BURNETT.
103 . . . . SUPERIOR ST.

CROCKERY AT WAR PRICES!

Owing to the extreme hardness of the times, brought on by the acts of

THE SOUTHERN TRAITORS,

we have put the prices of our CROCKERY down to WAR PRICES!

We would invite all Housekeepers to call and examine prices and quality, and thus improve the present opportunity to

BUY CROCKERY CHEAPER

than was ever sold before in this city.

RICE & BURNETT.
103 - - - - - - SUPERIOR ST,
june12

CHINA,
EARTHENWARE, &c.

WM. P. FOGG.

Corner of Superior and Seneca Streets.

CHINA AND EARTHENWARE

GLASS WARE, GAS FIXTURES,

LAMPS, CUTLERY, LOOKING GLASSES,

TRAYS, PLATED AND BRITANIA WARE,

And a great variety of

HOUSE-FURNISHING ARTICLES,

Corner of Superior and Seneca sts.

FRUIT JARS—FRUIT JARS.

The most approved kinds, no Cement or Wax required—sealed instantly and warranted tight.
W. P. FOGG.

GOLD BAND CHINA.

Tea Sets at $15, worth $25; Dinner Sets at $40, worth $55. Imported direct from France.
W. P. FOGG.

KEDZIE'S WATER FILTERS.

All sizes at Manufacturers' prices.
W. P. FOGG.

JELLY CANS—JELLY CANS.

Of White Earthenware, in nests of three for one shilling. The nicest article ever seen to put up Jelly in. Imported expressly for the purpose by
W. P. FOGG.

GAS FIXTURES.

A large assortment of new patterns for the retail trade, now opening and for sale at Eastern prices.
W. P. FOGG.

GAS FITTING—REDUCED PRICES.

Houses fitted up with Gas Pipe at the lowest rates. My Workmen have fitted up the Asylum at Newburgh, the United States Post Office Building, the new Court House, and many of the best houses in the city. All jobs done in the best manner and warranted.
W. P. FOGG.

COAL OIL CHANDELIERS.

Two, Three and Four Lights each.
W. P. FOGG.

WHITE FRENCH CHINA.

A very large stock at 25 per cent. less than former prices, for sale by
W. P. FOGG.

SILVER PALTED WARE.

A splendid assortment of the best manufacture comprising Forks, Spoons, Cake Baskets, Castors, Tea and Coffee Urns, Butter Coolers, Mugs, Pickle Stands, Syrup Pitchers, Napkin Rings, and

ICE PITCHERS,

All of the best quality of double plate—and for sale

AT WAR PRICES!

By W. P. FOGG.

ZINC TOILET WARE.

Slop Pails, Foot Baths, Water Carriers, &c., and a great variety of

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES,

For sale by W. P. FOGG,
1y28 Corner of Superior & Seneca sts.

Rail Roads.

IMPORTANT.—ALL persons purchasing Tickets for St. Joseph and other points in northern Missouri, the State of Kansas, or the Territories, should insist on having tickets that read by the

NORTH MISSOURI RAILROAD,

The only rail route from St. Louis to St. Joseph.—It is the shortest and quickest line by thirteen hours, to the remotest point reached by rail, and is always as cheap as any other.

Buy your Tickets to Kansas and all points in northern Missouri by the Northern Missouri R. R.

ISAAC H. STURGEON,
Pres't and Gen'l Supt of the N. M. R. R.
HENRY H. SIMMONS, Agent. sep 9:3m

CLEVELAND & TOLEDO R. R.

1861. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1861.

On and after Monday, August 19, 1861, Trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

7:00 A. M. Chicago Express—Stopping at Berea, Grafton, Oberlin, Wakeman, Norwalk, Monroeville, Bellevue, Clyde, Fremont, Elmore, and arrives at Toledo at 9:50 A. M., Chicago 5:00 P. M., Detroit at 3:00 P. M.

2:00 P. M. Through Mail—Stopping at all Stations on the Southern Division, arriving at Toledo at 6:40 P. M.

4:30 P. M. Mail, stops at all stations east of Sandusky on Northern Division, and arrives at Sandusky at 8:15 P. M.

4:45 P. M. Telegraph Express—Stopping at Berea, Grafton, Oberlin, Wakeman, Norwalk, Monroeville, Bellevue, Clyde, Fremont, and arrives at Toledo at 8:50 P. M., Chicago at 6:00 A. M.

CONNECTIONS.

Connections are made at Monroeville with the Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark R. R., at Clyde with the Sandusky, Dayton and Cincinnati R. R., at Fremont with Fremont & Indiana R. R., and at Toledo with the Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana and Toledo and Wabash Railroads for Chicago, Detroit, Jackson, Fort Wayne, Logansport, Lafayette, Cairo, Alton, St. Louis, and all points West, Northwest and Southwest.

Trains arrive in Cleveland from Toledo and the West, at 9:10 A. M., 2:35 P. M., and 8:45 P. M. From Sandusky at 8:32 A. M.

L. D. RUCKER, Sup't.
Cleveland, Aug 19, 1861.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

To take effect on Monday, June 17th, 1861. Trains leave Cleveland daily, (Sundays excepted,) as follows:

8:15 A. M.—Mail—Arrives at New York 6:30 A. M., Philadelphia 4:30 A. M., Pittsburgh 2:40 P. M., Wheeling 4:30 P. M.; New Philadelphia 6:30 P. M.

4:30 P. M. Express—Arrives at New York 4:30 P. M., Philadelphia 12:30 P. M.; Pittsburgh 11:30 P. M.; Wheeling 5:07 A. M.

Both Trains connect at Hudson for Akron and Millersburgh.

Cars run through from Pittsburgh to New York (via Allentown,) without change.

☞ Fare as low as by any other line.

☞ Through Tickets can be procured at the Depot or at the Euclid Street Station.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, Sup't.
F. R. MYERS, G T. Agent. jun18

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI RAILROAD.

1861. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1861

On and after Monday, June 18th, 1861, Passenger Trains will leave Cleveland as follows:

8:10 A. M. N. Y. & Cincinnati Express—Stopping Berea, Grafton, Wellington, New London, Salem, Shelby, Crestline, Galion, Gilead, Cardington, Ashley, Delaware, Lewis Centre, Worthington, reaching Columbus at 10:30 A. M., Cincinnati at 4:30 P. M., and Chicago via Crestline at 7:30 P. M.

2:10 P. M. Accommodation—Stopping at all Stations and arriving at Columbus 7:00 P. M., and Cincinnati at 2:00 A. M.

4:35 P. M. Night Express—Stopping at all Stations north of Crestline, and at Galion, Cardington, Delaware and at all other stations, to leave passengers only, arriving at Columbus at 11:15 P. M., and Cincinnati at 5:35 A. M., Chicago via Crestline, at 7:30 A. M.

CONNECTIONS.

Shelby, Sandusky, Mansfield & Newark Railroad, to Mansfield, Mt. Vernon, Newark, Zanesville, &c.

Crestline, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, for Forest, Upper Sandusky, Delphos, Lima, Fort Wayne, Laporte, Chicago, &c., west, and East for Mansfield, Wooster, Massillon, &c.

Galion and Bellefontaine Railroad Line, for Marion, Bellefontaine, Sidney, Union, Muncie, Indianapolis, Terre Haute, Vincennes, Evansville, Louisville, Cairo, St. Louis, &c.

Delaware, with Springfield, Mt. Vernon and Pittsburgh Railroad for Springfield.

Columbus, Little Miami & Columbus, and Xenia Railroad, for Xenia, Dayton, Indianapolis, Terre Haute, St. Louis, Morrow, Loveland and Cincinnati, and with the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad at Cincinnati for Louisville, Evansville, Cairo, St. Louis, and all points on the Ohio river.

Columbus, Central Ohio Railroad for Newark, Zanesville, Wheeling, &c., Columbus, Piqua and Indiana Railroad for Piqua, Urbana, &c.

☞ For Tickets to all points and information apply at the Passenger Station.

E. S. FLINT, Superintendent.
Cleveland, June 18th, 1861.

CLEVELAND & ERIE R. R.

1861. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1861.

On and after Monday, May 6th, 1861, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE CLEVELAND.

8:25 A. M. EXPRESS MAIL TRAIN—Stopping at all Stations except Euclid, Wickliffe, Mentor, Perry, Unionville, Saybrook, Fairview and Swanville; and arrives at Erie at 12:44 P. M., Dunkirk 3:05 P. M., Buffalo 4:35 P. M.

4:05 P. M. CINCINNATI EXPRESS TRAIN—Stopping at Painesville, Ashtabula and Girard only, and arrives at Erie 7:35 P. M., Dunkirk at 9:30 P. M., Buffalo at 10:55 P. M.

4:25 P. M. CONNEAUT ACCOMMODATION—Stopping at all Stations.

9:00 P. M. NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN—Stopping at Painesville, Ashtabula and Girard only, and arrives at Erie at 12:10 A. M., Dunkirk at 2:00 A. M., Buffalo 3:30 A. M.

LEAVE ERIE.

1:15 A. M. NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN—Stopping at Girard, Ashtabula and Painesville only; and arrives at Cleveland at 4:30 A. M.

10:30 A. M. MAIL TRAIN—Stopping at all Stations except Saybrook, Unionville, Perry, Mentor and Wickliffe, and arrive at Cleveland at 3:25 P. M.

12:50 P. M. DAY EXPRESS TRAIN—Stopping at Girard, Conneaut, Ashtabula and Painesville only, and arrives at Cleveland at 4:30 P. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Conneaut at 6:00 A. M., stopping at all stations, and arriving at Cleveland at 9:10 A. M.

All the trains going westward connect at Cleveland with trains for Toledo, Chicago, Columbus, Cincinnati, St. Louis, &c.; and all the trains going eastward connect at Dunkirk with the trains of the N. Y. & E. Railroad, and at Buffalo with those of the New York Central and Buffalo & New York City Railroads.

H. NOTTINGHAM, Sup't.
Cleveland, May 6, 1861.

CLEVELAND AND MAHONING RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE No. 13—To take effect on and after Thursday, March 21st, 1861.

Cleveland to Youngstown.

Trains leave	MAIL.		EXPRESS.	
Cleveland	6:30	A. M.	4:30	P. M.
Newburgh	7:02	"	[illegible]	"
Plank Road	7:15	"	4:34	"
Solon	8:00	"	4:50	"
Aurora	8:22	"	5:12	"
Mantua	8:35	"	5:25	"
Garrettsville	9:04	"	5:45	"
Windham	10:13	"	6:00	"
Braceville	10:27	"	6:17	"
Leavittsburgh	10:53	"	6:25	"
Warren	11:10	"	6:37	"
Niles	11:4	"	6:53	"
Girard	12:07	P. M.	7:05	"
Brier Hill	12:18	"	7:13	"
Arrive at Youngstown	12:30	"	7:25	"

Youngstown to Cleveland.

Trains leave	EXPRESS.		MAIL.	
Youngstown	6:40	A. M.	1:40	P. M.
Brier Hill	6:48	"	1:50	"
Girard	6:55	"	2:04	"
Niles	7:08	"	2:22	"
Warren	7:25	"	2:50	"
Leavittsburgh	7:32	"	3:08	"
Braceville	7:43	"	3:29	"
Windham	7:55	"	3:41	"
Garrettsville	8:05	"	3:57	"
Mantua	8:29	"	4:24	"
Aurora	8:48	"	4:52	"
Solon	9:11	"	5:06	"
Plank Road	9:37	"	6:14	"
Newburgh	9:43	"	6:2[illegible]	"
Arrive at Cleveland	10:00	"	7:00	"

CHAS. L. RHODES,
Cleveland, March 22, '61. Superintendent.

GREAT NATIONAL ROUTE!

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

IMPROVED SCHEDULE!

By recent important changes this Road is now able to furnish unusual facilities for intercommunication East, South, West, Northwest and Southwest.

FULL CONNECTIONS with all through trains to Philadelphia and New York, in the East—with the South, by the Washington Branch Road—by Cleveland and Pittsburgh, Central Ohio and Marietta and Cincinnati trains, with the Northwest, West and Southwest.

Through Tickets to Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York or Boston give the privilege of lying over at any of the intermediate cities. Two Dollars additional give the privilege of visiting Washington City en route.

This is the ONLY route that can furnish Through Tickets or Baggage Checks to Washington City.

☞ Fare as Low as by any other Route.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains.

Ask for Tickets by Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

J. H. SULLIVAN,
General Western Agent.

W. P. SMITH, Master of Transportat'n. | L. M. COLE, General Ticket Agent.
jy22:R3m

Hotels.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL, BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

BOARD REDUCED TO $2 PER DAY.

Since the opening of this vast and commodious Hotel, in 1854, it has been the single endeavor of the Proprietors to make it the most sumptuous, convenient and comfortable home for the citizen and stranger on this side the Atlantic.

And whatever has seemed likely to administer to the comfort of its guests they have endeavored, without regard to cost, to provide and to combine all the elements of individual and social enjoyment which modern art has invented, and modern taste approved; and the patronage which it has commanded during the past six years is a gratifying proof that their efforts have been appreciated.

To meet the exigencies of the times, when all are required to practice the most rigid economy, the undersigned have reduced the price of Board to

TWO DOLLARS PER DAY.

At the same time abating none of the luxuries with which their table has hitherto been supplied.

TREADWELL, WHITCOMB & CO.
New York, Sept. 2, 1861. sep7:R4-3m