Daily Appeal.

MEMPHIS.

FRIDAY, : : : : : : : : : JULY 8, 1859.

Reading Matter on Every Page.

Largest Circulation in the City.

The Official Journal of the City.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISHAM G. HARRIS.

FOR CONGRESS, TENTH DISTRICT,

WM. T. AVERY

FOR SENATE, FROM FAYETTE AND SHELBY,

R. G. PAYNE, of Shelby.

FOR FLOATER, FAYETTE, TIPTON AND SHELBY,

C. H. WHITMORE.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES, SHELBY COUNTY,

J. P. FARRELLY & W. T. FARLEY

THE LEGISLATIVE CANVASS.

The candidates for the Legislature in this county, opened the canvass at Farrar's Springs yesterday. We have very flattering accounts of the opening speeches of Messrs. FARRELLY and FARLEY, who, we are told, made a very fine impression upon their audience.

Mr. LATHAM, we understand, asserted that he was not the candidate of any party, which we are at some loss to comprehend. If he means that he is running the race as an independent candidate, we would then advise the Opposition to make another nomination. It may be, however, that Mr. LATHAM considers himself stronger than the party that nominated him, or it may be that he does not regard the Opposition concern as a party at all. He will no doubt explain himself in his future speeches.

We furthermore learn that he planted himself on the hard-money platform, thereby making an issue with the other candidates of his party who are already in the field. With regard to the positions assumed by Mr. MURFORD, we have heard nothing said.

From what we have learned, we are well satisfied that FARRELLY and FARLEY will have an easy going thing of it, and we admonish the people everywhere to turn out and hear them.

FRAUDULENT COTTON PACKING.

We publish below a communication from one of our most respectable and largest cotton buyers, upon the subject of fraudulently packing cotton. The remarks of the writer are pertinent, and it is well known—we may say too well known—to our cotton merchants that they are just. There are few of those in the business in this city, who did not last season have in their own transactions proofs of the nefarious spirit that has, in some instances, usurped the manly, honest, and honorable principle that has been the proud distinguishing trait of the southern planter. Our readers will not have forgotten the exposure, at the warehouse of Mr. BAYLESS in this city, of a number of specimens of falsely packed bales of cotton. Some bales had been thinly "plated" with good cotton, while inferior and worthless rubbish composed the great mass of the bale. In the interior of others were found pieces of rock, or filthy refuse, and in one instance a mass of rubbish, among which was the nest of a mouse.

Where such articles are put into cotton bales, it is evident there is no mere oversight or carelessness in the matter. Such mean, dishonest, and thieving—it is as well to give rascally actions their right names—such thieving conduct is pursued knowingly, intentionally, and guiltily. Our correspondent calls attention to the fact that this form of swindling is on the increase, and was never so extensively and shamelessly pursued as during the last season. This is to be expected—when men once begin to do wrong, they invariably proceed from bad to worse—success one season leads to further villainy the next. There is another and a powerful reason for this increase—the price of cotton is high, and the temptation to fraud is high in proportion. He that will cheat a little when cotton is nine cents a pound, will increase his roguery when it is eleven cents. We know that some planters, when informed last season of the fact that proofs of dishonest packing had been found in their bales, excused themselves by saying they were utterly unaware of the circumstances—they had left the packing in the hands of their overseers, and they, to make a good show to their employers, had committed the fraud. Will planters remember that this excuse avails nothing in the eye of the law—nothing in the courts of honor—nothing in the estimation of the mercantile community. The packing of the bale of cotton, for which they receive the money, is taken upon their credit, just as the note that is indorsed with their name. If the planter employs an overseer to superintend the packing of bales, he ought to have the assurance of his own eyes, or the most intimate knowledge of the character of those he employs, before he entrusts his credit, his honor, and his good name into the power of another.

Our correspondent is informed, in a business letter lately received, that the price of cotton known to be from Memphis, is *materially lowered* on account of the risk that has to be run from the frequency of false packing. This is a fact serious in its consequences to the planter. It is a fact, the occurrence of which we foresaw and predicted in remarks we made upon the subject six months ago. The character of the cotton shipped from Memphis will undergo a permanent depreciation, and its price a permanent depression, unless the abuse we are animadverting upon ceases—buyers from a distance will give less money for Memphis cotton than for other cotton of the same quality coming from other places, for the reason that it comes from Memphis, and, *therefore*, cannot be relied upon. This shows that the planter is not the only person concerned in the evil arising from fraudulent packing—the fame of the city and of its merchants is at stake; in self-defense, therefore, the merchants must take means for putting a stop to the infamous practice.

It will be well for planters not honestly disposed, or who are too negligent to see that their overseers and packers do their duty faithfully, to notice this: The merchants of Memphis, for their own credit, and for the credit of the city, *must* put an end to this practice of fraudulent packing; they *can* do it, and they *will* do it. We know that a determination exists on the part of merchants, in cases during the coming season where intentional fraud is evident, *to publish the names of the planters* who have packed and sold fraudulently packed bales. Let the would-be swindler, and those who have engaged in the dishonesty, pause before they commence or repeat their base and criminal conduct. Let them ask themselves how they can bear exposure, how they can face their business connections, their neighbors, their family with the word SWINDLER attached to their names in the public prints, in the conversations of their neighbors, and in the denunciations of their enemies. Let all concerned look back at the word—we have printed it large enough—and let them resolve that that word and them shall be no better acquainted than they are at this moment.

The following is the communication referred to:

EDITORS APPEAL: There have been frequent efforts made in the last few years to put a stop to the fraudulent practice of false packing cotton, and instead of mending the matter, the past season has been remarkable beyond all others for the large number of bales sent to market, knowingly and wilfully packed with dishonest intentions; and a letter of recent date (2d instant,) from a correspondent at the North, referring to the unusual quantity of false packed cotton that had been received from Memphis this season, says: "We really think that Memphis cottons would command half a cent per pound more than they now do if the same care was taken in packing that is used in the Atlantic States;" and it is mortifying to find how general is this estimate of our cottons, and especially so when we know that there is such good cause for it. Can we not put a stop to it? Ask our cotton buyers here how narrowly they have to scrutinize every bale they buy before they can venture to class and mark it in filling their orders. Ask them how often it is that the deception is so well managed that the fraud cannot be discovered until the cotton is opened by the manufacturer. Ask some of the sufferers, too, to give you a description of the contents of these bales—sweepings of the gin, saturated with water, stained and rotten cotton, cotton seed, and occasionally mud and sand, without any admixture of cotton—and then let us try to devise some means to put a stop to it. Shall our whole crop suffer, and the large body of intelligent and honorable planters be made to suffer pecuniarily as well as in reputation, by the dishonest practice of comparatively a few? This is a matter in which we are all, planters, merchants and citizens, deeply interested, and now before the next crop is gathered and packed, let us make one more effort to put a stop to it. To do this, it may be necessary for the protection of the honest planter, as well as for the punishment of the dishonest, to publish to the world the name of the guilty party, and to prosecute him to the full extent of the law prescribed in such cases. What is the remedy, and how shall we proceed to apply it?

O. P. Q.

MEMPHIS, July 7, 1859.

THE CANDIDATES FOR FLOATER AT SOMMERVILLE.

[Correspondence of the Appeal.]

SOMMERVILLE, July 5, 1859.

EDITORS APPEAL: Mr. Whitmore, the Candidate of the Democracy for Floater, and his opponent, Mr. Saunders, filled their appointment at this place on yesterday. It being the 4th of July, the birth-day of our country's independence, they would not have spoken, but for the urgent solicitations of their respective friends. There was a large crowd in town, it being quarterly county court.

Mr. Saunders opened the discussion. He is a pleasing looking gentleman, but by no means a pleasing speaker. His speech was made up of the hackneyed charges that we see every day in the Opposition newspapers. I took notes of the principal points in his speech, and there is not one that can be maintained. Mr. Whitmore triumphantly refuted every one of his arguments. Mr. Saunders dealt largely in that kind of sophistry which is known by the name of, "*seeming to have something to say.*" I would review his entire speech, but to do so would engross too much of your space. I will barely allude to his points.

He said he regretted that he had not a long and brilliant line of services to which he might refer the people. He no doubt told the truth in that sentence. He said the sixth resolution of the Democratic platform is a virtual prohibition of all banks. We all know that this is not true. He denounced Andrew Johnson, and talked about Democrats wearing the collar of servitude. He had no fancy for the Union and Planters' banks—would send bank directors to the penitentiary for a violation of their charters. Stick a pin there, and see if he stands up to it when he gets to Memphis. He ridiculed the Arkansas currency, by introducing Netherland's annecdote about the otter and rabbit skins. (A gentleman from that State, who was sitting near me, remarked that they had the best currency in the world, that of gold and silver.)

He spoke of Douglas as the "gallant and lion-hearted Douglas." If Douglas should be nominated by the Charleston Convention, I opine that Mr. Saunders would try to forget that he ever eulogized him by calling him the "gallant and lion-hearted."

But I cannot follow him through his whole speech. I will illustrate what kind of speech it was by a little anecdote, told by Mr. H——, of Memphis. He was in Covington during court days some two or three years since, and as is usual on such occasions, the sheriff was engaged in selling horses at auction. He was selling one of these animals, when Mr. H—— approached him and said in a low tone, "You are my friend, and I want you to tell me if this is really a good horse." The sheriff replied in a whisper: "He is a very good horse of the sort, but d—n the sort." So with Mr. Saunder's speech. On the other hand, Mr. Whitmore's speech was able, eloquent and dignified. He came boldly up to the discussion of the issues, and at every blow annihilated the arguments of his competitor. He gained a complete and glorious triumph on these five points: the currency question, the slavery question, the foreign question, (that is, as regards the position assumed by Gen. Cass in reference to foreigners voluntarily returning to their native country,) the charge of extravagance, and the question, what has the Democratic party done for the country. On the last named he was peculiarly eloquent.

Whenever I hear true eloquence engaged in a great cause, my nature sympathizes with the sentiments of the speaker, and my feelings come to my eyes in tears of approbation. It may be a frailty, but it is my nature. So I felt yesterday, while listening to the eloquent sentiments of Mr. Whitemore. He spoke as one who feels the justice of his cause. Panoplied in the armor of eternal truth, and his eyes flashing with the divinity of eloquence, his words fell like "sparks of inspiration" upon the hearts of his hearers.

He gained a great victory here. All is right in "Old Fayette." Be assured that when the Democracy of this county speak on the 4th of August, it will be the death-knell of Know Nothingism in this region. Mr. Whitmore's speech here settles the fate of Know-Nothingism in this county. The Democratic majority will be fully one hundred, if not more.

I shall remain here until a day or two before the election, when I will return to Memphis in order to vote.

W. P. F.

THE WORLD REVOLUTIONIZED BY THE AERONAUT WISE.

THE BALLOON AND ITS RESULTS.

The success of the aeronaut Wise, has at last demonstrated, to a certain extent, the correctness of his theory with reference to the existence of a perpetual current of air from west to east. We are led then to reflect upon the consequences to result from this discovery.

It seems that Mr. Wise can elevate and lower his balloon at pleasure, by means of the machinery which he has invented. There is but one single step to be taken in order to render his discoveries applicable to all common purposes of life. This is the adoption of some rudder-like machine or other, by means of which the course of the balloon through the air may be directed as that of a vessel at sea. By "tacking," a sailing vessel can run in the "eye of the wind." Why a balloon should not do so, remains to be seen, when that human ingenuity has exhausted itself, which heretofore has found nothing impossible. Man is no more an aquatic animal than pneumatic. He inhales air and imbibes water—yet beyond this he is no more adapted to life confined to the one element than the other. He is not winged, nor is he *web-footed*. His proper, natural sphere of life and action is on *terra firma*. He no longer, however, confines himself to land, but lives on the mighty deep—and there is neither reason nor law among those recorded in the edicts of nature which forbid his finding a local habitation and name in aerial worlds.

Fifty years ago it was known that the Mississippi ran south to the gulf. Men like Wise took advantage of this fact and actually floated out to the ocean. In the lapse of time machinery was devised by which those who at an earlier period went alone with the current, floated with greater ease and speed directly against it. To accomplish the same object in the atmospheric current above us there need be no greater improvement in Wise's present balloon than was made on the original "broadhorn" when it was converted into a steamer.

But let us suppose that no invention can be made by which a balloon can be guided against the Atmospheric Father of Floods, which through ceaseless ages has been flowing from west to east. It will follow that all mails and lighter freights with hurrying crowds of Anglo Saxon passengers from the Pacific to the Atlantic will find a mode of transit in the world above and around us, while railways will bring back the same freight from east to west. There are two consequences naturally arising from this state of facts.

The necessity for the construction of a Pacific railway by the general Government, will be to a great extent obviated, the question of internal improvements will be violently ripped as a useless plank from all party platforms, and should the Government at Washington desire to send material of war to the Pacific coast, as suggested by Jeff. Davis, Mr. Buchanan need only load one of Wise's huge balloons, let it rip "down" the current toward Liverpool, Shanghai and the Sandwich Islands, and in forty-eight hours it would cast anchor on the hights of the Sierra Nevada.

To a great extent Coleman's occupation is gone. If a robbery be committed the thief will take deck passage with Wise; the telegraph can't follow him, and to trot a locomotive after him would be superlative folly. In our opinion eagles will quit this world and find their eyries in the mountains of the moon. We shall hear no more of Angel's wings for the poetry of the phrase with the glory of its illustrations; our earth will be lost in the sublimer practical realities of Wises' upper current.

Such were the lucubrations with a thousand reflections like them that crowded our fancy when reading the details of Mr. Wise's recent aerial voyage from St. Louis to New York. In ten years when the sun rises on the earth and shoves aside the folding doors of immensity, and throws open the golden barred windows of the universe to let in floods of gorgeous splendor, mankind will rub its eyes, and with a lazy yawn catch at the morning papers from San Francisco, and the orient, which a myriad of balloons glittering in the sunbeams and dashing onward through space, will shower upon the little world beneath them. Such is the world we inhabit, and such must be its condition within a very short period. Battles will be fought between armies above the clouds, forts, fortresses, and fortifications will be leveled with the earth as untenable means of defense, and the history of the world must open with a new volume, the preface of which has already been written by Mr. Wise. **

☞ Saturday, in the neighborhood of New Bedford, Mass., a good woman of that place showed her pluck and muscle. A man was whipping a boy very severely, when the woman interfered, saying that, if she was a man, she would flog him. The man replied that there was not a man in the neighborhood that could do it, whereupon they clinched, and the woman got the best of it, and finally ended the battle by throwing her antagonist into the water.

THE ATTORNEY-GENERALSHIP.

MEMPHIS TENN, June 29, 1859.

JAMES B. THORNTON, Esq.—*Dear Sir*: The undersigned, feeling a deep interest in the selection of a proper person to fill the office of Attorney-General and State Reporter, have, with entire unanimity, recognized your eminent qualifications for that position, and are prompted to address you this note with a view to ascertain how far it would comport with your other engagements to allow them to nominate and sustain you for that office, at the coming election. Asking an early reply, we remain your friends and obedient servants,

E. M. YERGER,
And many others.

MEMPHIS, July 5th, 1859.

GENTLEMEN: Your favor inviting me to become a candidate for Attorney-General and State Reporter, was brought to my attention several days ago. Similar solicitations have been repeatedly made to me, verbally, since the vacancy in the office occasioned by the resignation of the justly esteemed gentleman who has recently filled it. Reluctant to appear as volunteering a tender of my services in a public position of so much importance, while expressing a willingness to accept the appointment, I have heretofore abstained from assuming this attitude. Coming, as this application does, from a source so respectable and in a form so deliberate, I feel justified, and have concluded to make it the occasion of announcing myself to the voters of Tennessee, a candidate for their suffrages for the office in question.

Desiring to tender you, gentlemen, suitable acknowledgments of the personal kindness which prompted your action in the matter, and the compliment it offers.

I remain, very respectfully, your friend and ob't servant, JAS. B. THORNTON.

THE BALLOON VOYAGE FROM MISSOURI TO NEW YORK.

Narrow Escape of the Aeronauts—Prof. Wise's Account of the Trip.

It has been told in our columns how Messrs. Wise, La Mountain, Gager and Hyde, left St. Louis in a balloon on Friday last, bound for the Atlantic coast, and the telegraph has briefly announced the termination of the voyage at Henderson, Jefferson county, New York. The distance traveled was 1,150 miles. The balloon started from St. Louis at half past six on Friday evening, and landed at Henderson at twenty minutes past two on Saturday afternoon, making the time nineteen hours and fifty minutes. Messrs. Wise and Gager went east, arriving in Albany on Sunday morning. Mr. La Mountain remained with the balloon, and Mr. Hyde is on his way to St. Louis. At Adams, Jefferson county, the balloonists were warmly entertained by the people on Saturday afternoon.

The following circumstantial account, furnished by Prof. Wise to the Albany *Express*, will best convey to the reader's mind, the romance and dangers of an aerial voyage:

Although it was intended to have started on this voyage on the 23d of June, we were delayed in our preparations until the 1st of July. By six o'clock P. M. the air-ship "Atlantic" was duly inflated, and while we were putting her in trim with ballast and provisions, Mr. Brooks, lessee of the St. Louis Museum, who had kindly volunteered to escort us over the Mississippi in his balloon "Comet," got ready for the occasion, and upon a signal agreed, ascended from the ground.

At 7.20 P. M. the "Atlantic" was ready to sail. Messrs. La Mountain and Gager, thinking some difficulty might arise from the start if they should attach the fore wheels to the shafts and wheel gearing, determined to omit that until we should be fairly under way next morning. Having had much experience in hard winds, and the perils of landing a balloon under them, we had constructed, at St. Louis, a good wicker-work car, (which, with a good and strong concentric hoop, are life preservers in these perils,) which was suspended between the boat and balloon, and about eight feet above the former and within six feet of the hoop, so that the neck of the balloon hung in the basket car whenever the balloon was fully distended.

The boat contained six hundred pounds of ballast, one bucket of water, one bucket of lemonade, with an abundance of bread and wine, poultry and sandwiches, beside delicacies, too numerous to enumerate, furnished by kind friends. Mr. LaMountain took command of the boat and ballast, and took his place on one end; Mr. Gager took the other end, and took charge of the charts and compass; Mr Hyde, local editor of the St. Louis *Republican*, took his seat in the middle, with note book and pencil, as historian. Although Mr. Hyde was not in the original programme, we unanimously agreed to let him accompany us provided it would not interfere with our ultimate design; and as it was arranged that, under any circumstances, when the ballast should fail, the boat with its contents should be disposed of, and myself or Mr. LaMountain should proceed on the voyage alone.

The basket contained three hundred and fifty pounds of ballast, a barometer, wet and dry bulb, thermometer, besides a quantity of wine and provisions, and I took my place in the basket and charge of the valve rope, and as director of the general plan of the voyage, by the unanimous consent of the party, engaged in this long-devised enterprise.

I must say here that Mr. LaMountain took in charge a part of the programme, that none but a cool head and a most accomplished aeronaut could be trusted with; and especially the night sailing. At 7:20 P. M., we set sail from the Washington Square of St. Louis, and our course at starting was north of east. When we got up and over the Mississippi and well under way, we saw Mr. Brooks land in a clear place, about sunset.

At 8:30 P. M., the shades of the evening shut from our view the noble city of St. Louis and the Father of Waters, though it continued light until after nine. Mr. LaMountain having suffered from sickness on Thursday, and was too unwell to work hard under a burning sun at the inflation, left much hard labor for me at that work. I submitted the whole thing to his charge for the night, with the understanding to have me waked whenever he wanted the valve worked, and he took it with alacrity. Before I went to sleep we had mounted to a height at which the balloon became completely distended, and where we found the current due east. Here it became chilly, and Mr. LaMountain, as well as all of us, suffered from this change of air; and with all the clothing we could put on us, it was still uncomfortable, though the thermometer stood at 42, and the barometer at 23, and this was the lowest of both the instruments during the whole voyage, except the crossing of Lake Ontario.

Mr. La Mountain proposed to take the lower current as long as it would take us but a few points north of east, and I told him to do as he deemed best, and report his reckoning in the morning. After bidding the party in the boat a good night and God speed, I coiled myself up in blankets, and laid down as best I could, and in a few minutes was sound asleep, and knew of nothing but repose until 11:30 P. M.

At this time Mr. La Mountain again mounted for the upper current; being desirous of making a little more easting, he hailed me to open the valve, as the balloon had become so tense, and the gas was rushing from the neck with a noise, but finding no answer from me, he suspected that I was being smothered in the gas, and he admonished Mr. Gager to mount to my car by a rope provided for that purpose, and Mr. Gager found me breathing spasmodically, but a good shaking, and the removal of the neck of the balloon from my face, with plenty of pure air around me, soon brought me back to a knowledge of what was going on, and I resolved to sleep no more during the night.

At midnight I felt quite well, with an invigorated spirit of observation and interest in our experiment. The whole dome of heaven was lit up with a mellow phosphorent light, the stars shone with a chrystalline brilliancy, and the milky way looked like an illuminated stratum of cumulous clouds. Whenever we crossed water the heaven-lit dome was as visible below by reflection as above. So remarkable was this phosphorent light of the atmosphere that the balloon looked translucent, and looked like light shining through oiled paper. We could also tell prairie from forest, and by keeping the eye for a moment downward we could see the roads, fences, fields, and even houses quite distinctly at any elevation not over a mile, and even at the greatest elevation we could discern prairie from woodland, and from water.

Whenever we halloed it was followed by a distinct echo, and even this served as a differential index to hight. We always found a response in numerous bow-wow-wows, and these too were always indicative of the fullness and sparseness of the habitations below, as we could hear them for many miles around us. Mr. La Mountain remarked that nobody lived in that country but dogs; or else the people barked like dogs, he having got a little out of humor, because nobody would tell him in what State we were sailing, and he gave up the inquiry with the remark that it must be over some other country than America, as we had been moving along at a rapid pace.

At 2 A. M. Saturday we came to a general conclusion that we were somewhere over the State of Indiana or Ohio. At 4 A. M. we passed a city but could not make it out, but at 5 A. M. we discovered Lake Erie ahead of us, and then concluded that the city we left a little south of our track must have been Fort Wayne. At 6 A. M. we passed Toledo, and about an hour afterwards we lowered upon the margin of the lake a little north of Sandusky. After a few moments consultation, and a review of our ballast, we determined to risk the length of Lake Erie, and to test the notion that balloons can not be kept up long over water, because of some peculiar affinity of the two, a notion that never had any belief with me. Just as we merged upon the lake, a little steam screw that was propelling up a river or bay, headed for our track, and some one aboard of her very quaintly cried aloud to us, "that is the lake ahead of you." Mr. La Mountain cried back "Is it Lake Erie?" and the answer was "Yes, it is, and you had better look out." Our good friend, the propeller, finding we discarded his kindness, rounded off again, sounded us a good by with his steam whistle, and went his way up the river.

Here we mounted up until the balloon got full, and the barometer fell to 23°, in order to make along near the southern shore of the lake, but at Mr. La Mountain's suggestion that we could make the city of Buffalo by sailing but a few hundred feet above the surface of the water, I opened the valve until we gradually sank to within five hundred feet of the water. Here we found a gentle gale of about a speed of a mile per minute, and we resolved to float on it until we should heave in sight of Buffalo, and then rise and sail over it. This was a most interesting part of our voyage. We overtook seven steamboats, passed mutual salutations, and would soon leave them flitting on the horizon in our rear. One of these lonely travellers remarked, as we passed, "You are going it like thunder!" At 20 minutes past 10 A. M., we were skirting along the Canada shore, and passed near the mouth of the Welland canal, and soon began to mount for our more easterly current so as to take Buffalo in our track, but we circled up into it between Buffalo and Niagara Falls, crossing Grand Island, leaving Buffalo to the right and Lockport to the left of us in our onward course.

HE MEMPHIS DAILY APP

Finding ourselves in the State of New York, but too far north to make the city of New York, it was agreed that we should make a landing near Rochester, detach the boat, leave out Mr. Gager and Mr. Hyde, and Mr. La Mountain and myself pursue the voyage to a point at Boston or Portland. Accordingly we descended gradually, but before we got within a thousand feet of the earth we found a most terrific gale sweeping along below. The woods roared like a host of Niagaras, the surface of the earth was filled with clouds of dust, and I told my friends certain destruction awaited us if we should touch the earth in that ternado. The huge "Atlantic" was making a terrific sweep earthward; already were we near the tops of the trees of a tall forest, and I cried out excitedly, "for God's sake heave over everything you can lay your hands on, La Mountain!" and in another moment he responded "all right," standing on the side of the boat with a shaft and wheels, intended for the working of the fan wheels, and ready to heave it over should it become necessary.

Mr. Hyde looked up to my car, and very solemnly said, "This is an exciting time, Professor. What shall we do?" "Trust to Providence and all our energies," said I. We were fast running on to Lake Ontario, and O! how terribly it was foaming, moaning, and howling. I said, "LaMountain, I have one hundred and fifty pounds of ballast in my car yet, and a heavy valise, an express bag, (sent to the United States Express Company's office in Broadway, New York,) and a lot of provisions."

"Well, if that won't do, I will cut up the boat for ballast, and we can keep above water until we reach the opposite shore," which was near a hundred miles off in the direction we were then going.

Here I handed my ballast down to LaMountain, as we were rapidly mounting above the terrific gale, believing that by that course we should at least get out of its main track.

Everything now indicated that we should perish in the water or on the land; and our only salvation was to keep afloat until we got out of the gale, if we could. I said "you must all get into the basket, if you want to be saved, should we ever reach land. And I truly tell you that the perils of the land are even more terrible than those of the water, with our machines; and it would be easier to meet death by drowning than to have our bodies mangled by dashing against the rocks and trees." By this time Mr. Gager and Mr. Hyde had clambered into the basket with me. Mr. Hyde said very coolly, "I am prepared to die, but I would rather die on land than in the water." I said, "What do you say, Mr. Gager?" He replied, "I would rather meet it on land; but do as you think best." Mr. LaMountain was busily engaged in collecting what he could for ballast. Everything was now valuable to us that had weight. Our carpet bags, our instruments, the express bag, our provisions were all ready to go, and go they did, one after another, until we were reduced to the express bag, that went overboard last.

We now descried the shore, some forty miles ahead, peering between a sombre bank of clouds and the water horizon, but we were swooping at a fearful rate upon turbulent water, and in another moment, crash went the boat upon the water sideways, staving in two of the planks, and giving our whole craft two fearful jerks by two succeeding waves. La Mountain stuck to the boat like a hero, but lost his hat, and got a dash of the waves, but soon recovered, and threw over the express bag and the last remaining ballast, and cried out, "Be easy gentlemen, I'll have her afloat once more."

In another moment we were up a few hundred feet again, and the steamer propeller *Young America*," was tacking across our track. I now proposed to swamp the boat and balloon in the Lake, and trust to being picked up by the *Young America*, but the desire was that we should make the shore and try the land, and as we crossed the bow of the steamer, they gave us a hearty hurrah. La Mountain had now cut out of the boat all he could, and we were within fifteen miles of the shore, the gale still raging below. La Mountain might have remained in the boat below, and jumped out at the first touching the earth, and I saw no impropriety in that, as then we might have had another hour or two to wait the lulling of the gale, but he said he would share our fate, and he also clambered into the basket, just as we were reaching the land.

I saw by the swaying to and fro of the lofty trees into which we must inevitably dash, that our worst perils were at hand, but I still had a blind hope that we would be saved. I ordered two men upon the valve-rope, and we struck within a hundred yards of the water, among some scattered treets, our hook, which was of inch and a quarter iron, breaking like a pipe stem at the first catch of it in the trees, and we hurling through the tree tops at a terrific rate. After dashing along in this way for nearly a mile, crashing and breaking down trees, we were dashed most fearfully into the boughs of a tall elm, so that the basket swung under and up through the crotch of the limb, while the boat had caught in some of the outer branches, and this brought us to a little, but in another moment the "Atlantic" puffed up her huge proportions and at one swoop away went the limb, basket and boat into the air a hundred feet, and I was afraid some of the crew were impaled upon the scrags. This limb, about eight inches thick at the butt and full of branches, not weighing less than six or eight hundred pounds, proved too much for the "Atlantic," and it brought her suddenly down upon the top of a very tall tree and collapsed her. It was a fearful plunge, but it left us dangling between heaven and earth, in the most sorrowful looking plight of machinery that can be imagined.

None of us were seriously injured, the many cords the strong hoop made of wood and iron, and the close wicker-work basket saved us from harm, as long as the machinery hung together, and could not have lasted two minutes longer.

We came to in the land, or rather tree, of Mr. T. O. Whitney, town of Henderson, Jefferson county, New York.

We will soon have the "Atlantic" rebuilt for what I hope may prove a more successful demonstration of what we proposed to do on this interesting occasion.

STANWIX HALL, Albany, N. Y., July 3, '59.

JOHN WISE.

P. S.—Mr. Hyde will furnish the complete history of the voyage on his return home.

J. W.

THE CANVASS.

We have received, from a friend in Jasper, says the Nashville *Union*, a lengthy report of the debate between the candidates for Governor at Jasper. In the crowded state of our columns, we are reluctantly forced to content ourselves with the following extract:

Col. Netherland boldly and candidly acknowledged having given the votes so often mentioned by Gov. Harris, since the opening of the present campaign, relative to the exemption law, the currency, etc. On the subject of the exemption law, he said he voted the will of his constituents; that they wanted their property to stand fair for the payment of their debts, and many other things which I will not attempt to give here for want of time and room. While making his first speech, his Opposition friends seemed much delighted, while the Democrats did not seem to evince any great mortification. His hour and a half being out, Gov. Harris took the stand. I have no power to give you a correct sketch of his speech. If his other forty odd speeches were all like this one in matter and manner, they have not been well reported. His sympathetic appeal in behalf of the interests of the poor laboring class, the unfortunate portion of the population of Tennessee, particularly that of the poor widow and her little orphans, which Col. Netherland attempted to blight by his votes in the Legislature, not to allow them a horse, plow, gears, ox, cow, etc., was withering, I assure you, for if it is true that actions speak louder than words, then did Col. Netherland's friends acknowledge that this appeal of Gov. Harris reached their inner man.

Gov. Harris' hour and a half being out, he gave way to Col. N. for thirty minutes. In excuse for votes against the exemption law, he said his constituents had no use for any such law, when the poor widows and orphans, of whom Gov. Harris speaks so feelingly, are in want of bread and meat they only have to let us know it, and our smoke houses and corn cribs are open to them. In reply to this Gov. H. said the object of the humane law was to keep from placing the poor widows under the humiliating condition of having to beg her neighbors for a little meat and bread to quench the hunger of herself and little helpless children; and proved clearly to his mind that his competitor was in favor of class legislation. Gov. Harris said that for nearly all the extravagant expenditures of the government an overwhelming majority of the Opposition had voted, and called on Col. Netherland to controvert it, if it was not so. Col. Netherland did not deny it, neither did he own it, occupying his time in the telling of some very good anecdotes, if he could only give them a proper application. Gov. Harris called upon Col. Netherland to say what prominent man of the Opposition of the North he would be willing to indorse as a sound, conservative, national man; but he failed to name a solitary one."

Wild-cat Banks.

A correspondent of the St. Louis *Republican* exposes the mystery of banking in Illinois, as well as in several other States, by this paragraph:

"Under our system of banking a small cash capital is sufficient to get out a large circulation of bills. For instance, a person wishing to go into the business, must have money enough to pay for getting up the bills, engravings, etc., and a few other incidental expenses. He then buys State bonds on a short credit, deposits the bonds with the Auditor, who issues bills on this deposit; he then takes these bills, which are now money, and pays for the bonds. To prevent the bills from being presented for payment, the bank purports to be located at some place, bearing a classical name, which generally proves to be a swamp in some part of the State, difficult to be found. In this way, a man who has now become a banker is in no danger of having the notes pressed upon him for redemption, consequently he keeps little, and, in fact, we may say no money at the place where the bank is located. What the banker makes by this transaction is the interests on the bonds deposited with the Auditor—the coupons of which are delivered to him every six months—and, besides this, all the bills which are lost, burnt up or destroyed in any way, is that much more in his pocket. Thus, with a small cash capital to start the thing, the banker may get out one hundred thousand dollar's worth of bills, for which he deposits, as security, bonds which draw, generally, six per cent.; thus he receives the interest on these bonds amounting to about six thousand dollars annually."

Kansas Constitutional Convention.

LEAVENWORTH, July 2—The Kansas Constitutional Convention assembles at Wyandotte, on Tuesday next.

The Republicans claim a majority of twelve or more, but as the certificates of election will not be issued until the day the Convention meets, the absolute political character of the Convention cannot be stated.

It is understood that in any event a constitution will be formed prohibiting slavery, or involuntary servitude, and an effort will be made to engraft a provision excluding negroes from the State.

It is also probable that the incorporation of banks of issue will be prohibited. The Convention will take action with reference to the claims of the sufferers during the past trouble in Kansas, and also consider a proposition to annex Southern Nebraska to the State. Delegates from Nebraska will be present, and the project of annexation is favorably received thus far.

THE CARBONARI AND LOUIS NAPOLEON.

[From the Boston Journal, June 28.]

The society of the Carbonari have been the instigators of and the active participants in every movement made in behalf of the freedom of Italy during the recent century. It is true, the last public demonstration of the society occurred in 1841, since which time it was supposed to have dissolved. But its patriotic purposes were inherited by the similar though simpler organization of "Young Italy," controlled during the last Italian war by Mazzini. Really, however, the Carbonari are still existing as a fraternity in many parts of Italy. But were the fraternity no longer intact, thousands of its old members, true to its leading aims and conscientiously bound by its oaths, are alive. Among these, though still on trial for his fidelity to his oath, is Louis Napoleon, Emperor of France. He is said to have joined the Carbonari, with his brother, in 1830. In the following year he took part in the Italian insurrection, displaying even then his military capacity. His brother died during the brief campaign. It is probable that that short chapter in the life of Louis Napoleon is now having its sequel in the present contest on the plains of Lombarday.

Let us see what it was for the young Bonaparte to become one of the Carbonari. The name, meaning coal burner, originally belonged to a band of free masons who met in the forests of Germany. When the lodges were introduced into Italy, it is not known to a certainty, but similar associations are believed to have existed among the Waldenses as early as the sixteenth century. In process of time the general ideas of the order in favor of freedom and virtue determined the Italian members to center all their energies upon delivering their country from foreign masters. Thus they were instrumental in expelling the first Napoleon from the Italian Peninsula, and in all the subsequent troubles their hand was visible against the foreign rulers. Rival societies were fostered as the best means of destroying their influence. When the revolution of 1820 broke out the Carbonari numbered 642,000 members, and nearly four hundred lodges. When that attempt was crushed out, but little more was heard of the society till it was again brought to the surface of the events of 1831, in which, as we have seen, the young Louis Napoleon was an actor.

While the practical aim of the order is sufficiently evinced in this sketch, its interior organization, doctrines and oaths must be learned from other sources. A member published an account of them anonymously nearly forty years ago, and numerous trials and police investigations have since confirmed their accuracy. We quote only the following doctrines of the order as having interest at the present time:

"The members are called Good Cousins; they are divided into two classes—Apprentices and Masters.

"An interval of six months is necessary before an apprentice can obtain the rank of master. The principal obligations imposed on him are, to practice benevolence, to succor the unfortunate, to show docility of mind, to bear no malice against Carbonari, and to enrich his heart with virtue.

"It is forbidden to talk against religion directly or indirectly.

"All conversation on religion in general, and against good morals, is prohibited.

"Every Good Cousin Carbonari is to preserve an inviolable secrecy concerning the mysteries of the order."

The following is the first oath taken:

"I, A. B., promise and swear upon the general statues of the order and upon this steel, the avenging instrument of the perjured, scrupulously to keep the secrets of Carbonarism; and neither to write, engrave or paint anything concerning it without having obtained a written permission. I swear to help my Good Cousins in case of need as much as in me lies, and not to attempt anything against the honor of their families. I consent and wish, if I perjure myself, that my body may be cut in pieces, then burnt, and my ashes scattered to the wind, in order that my name may be held up to the execration of the Good Cousins throughout the earth. So help me God."

The second oath was somewhat similar, though more specific, and to it the Italian Carbonari added the following:

"I also swear never to divulge the secrets of the society, and *to labor day and night for the extirpation of tyrants*; and I consent, if I perjure myself, to submit to the punishment of death by poison, and to have my flesh burnt by a red hot iron."

We have not the space to copy any of the ceremonies and regulations ascribed to the Carbonari. But it will be sufficiently seen by the above that the *coup d'etat* and the whole subsequent career of Louis Napoleon have been in flagrant violation of his pledges as a member of the Carbonari. Hence, it is said, the repeated attempts at his assassination, in all of which it is a singular fact that Italians have been the chief participants. But it is equally singular, that since the death of Orsini these attempts have not been renewed. In explanation of this fact we have had statements from Paris to the effect that the Emperor had a secret interview with Orsini, between his condemnation and death, in which the prisoner predicted the absolute certainty of the Emperor's death by assassination, as a penalty of his perjured oaths in behalf of Italian independence. We learn that an intelligent Bostonian, now resident in Paris, says that this alleged interview is generally credited in well informed circles, and also the further statement that Louis Napoleon, in the most solemn manner, assured Orsini that he would thenceforward devote himself to the work of delivering Italy from foreign masters, and begged the dying conspirator to communicate the resolve to his coadjutors in Italy.

Whatever truth there may be in this report, it is certainly rendered probable by the remarkable absence of conspiracies against the Emperor's life since that time, and by the whole progress thus far of the Italian war. If there be substantial reality in the accounts, it assures the impossibility of Louis Napoleon's aggrandizing himself at the expense of the Italian people. A thousand keen eyes are now upon every step he takes—and a thousand hands at his side by day and in his camp by night, are ready to apply the dagger at the least sign of recreancy or faltering in the great Carbonari now on probation. If he succeeds, the meed of gratitude and the utmost extent of moral influence will be conceded to him by the Italian people. But the badges of actual government over the peninsula can never press his brow, except to mark him as the sure victim of sworn revenge.

OBITUARY.

Died, at his residence in St. Francis county, Arkansas, on the 13th of June, JAMES H. FOOT.

The deceased claimed nothing more from the estimation of his fellow man than to be viewed as an humble, honest man. He died, but not without friends to shed bitter tears of [illegible] o'er his death. He is dead; but long shall his virtues be the cause of his memory being cherished in the hearts of those who knew how to appreciate his worth while living. His deeds of charity and gratitude will give him a claim upon the mercy of the Lord, which taketh away the sin of the world.

To his bereaved wife: Your brightest consolation will be found in training the hearts of his lovely children to obey you and love their Redeemer.

So place their trembling feet upon the rock,
That they may stand aloof; then when the tempest
Sets to struggle up, their hearts will be preserved;
Their souls be bosomed in security;
Their bodies inscribed above,
To live with their parents throughout eternity. W.H.

New Advertisements.

All Advertisements for the Appeal must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

All Advertisements published in the Weekly Appeal are charged One Dollar per square for each insertion.

I. O. S. M.

THERE will be a meeting of INGOMAR LODGE, No. 1, I. O. S. M., at their Hall, THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 8½ o'clock, instead of the regular meeting Saturday night. By order of

196-1t GRAND COMMANDER.

Dissolution.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of LENT & TRABUE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The name of the firm will be only used in liquidation. T. E. Trabue alone has authority to settle up the outstanding claims.

JOHN LENT.
T. E. TRABUE.

Memphis, July 1, 1859.—196-1m*

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,

315 Main Street.

WE have now on hand, and are prepared to furnish WHOLESALE BUYERS, at very low prices,

125 dozen painted Pails;
70 nests painted Tubs;
75 nests red and white Cedar Tubs;
100 nests Sugar Buckets;
20 dozen red Cedar Pails;
50 boxes headed Clothes Pins;
25 boxes Rolling Pins;
20 dozen Shoe Brushes;
40 dozen Scrub Brushes;
10 dozen Fancy Brooms;
25 dozen Whisk Brooms;
40 nests German Market Baskets;
25 nests common Market Baskets;
25 nests Cocoa Dippers.

In addition to this our stock of Variety Goods is very large. [196] INGRAHAM & LEES.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between D. Crowley and H. Rehwoldt, of the firm of CROWLEY & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The names of both parties are required in collection and settlement of all claims due or against the concern.

H. REHWOLDT,
D. CROWLEY.

Memphis, July 1, 1859.—196 3t*

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION having been taken out by the undersigned, upon the estate of D. M. Stewart, deceased, at the July term, 1859, of the County Court of Shelby county, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby required to come forward and settle the same; and all persons having claims against said estate, will present the same, duly probated, within the time prescribed by law.

D. M. STEWART, JR., Adm'r,
At Orgill Bro.'s & Co.'s,
196-4m* No. 12 and 14 Front Row, Memphis.

Memphis Female College.

THIS INSTITUTION, chartered in 1854, was founded expressly to afford superior accommodations and the very best scholastic facilities to a limited number of young ladies. The ablest teachers are secured in all the departments. All the dormitories are in the third and fourth stories, and no one of the boarding pupils, numbering from fifteen to twenty, has required the attention of a physician during the last four years.

In order to secure situations, persons designing to patronize the College, should make application before the beginning of the ELEVENTH session, on the SECOND MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER.

For full particulars, apply to

196-d1w&6mw C. G. MACPHERSON, President.

PROSPECTUS

—OF—

"THE VAN BUREN PRESS."

ABOUT the first week in July, the undersigned will commence the publication of the "VAN BUREN PRESS," a weekly newspaper to be published in the City of Van Buren.

The Van Buren Press will be devoted to Politics, General News, Literature, Agriculture, Internal Improvements, and the interest of Western Arkansas generally, and particularly the speedy construction of the Little Rock and Fort Smith branch of the Cairo and Fulton Railroad.

In politics, the Van Buren Press will be Democratic, and an earnest advocate of the principles of States Rights Democracy, as expounded and practised by Jefferson, Madison and Jackson, and the early distinguished statesmen of the country.

As we receive daily mails in Van Buren from all directions, by arrangements with New Orleans, Memphis, St. Louis, Washington City, and other newspapers, we shall be able to give our readers the latest news in advance of the weekly papers out of the State.

We shall spare no pains or expense to make the "Press" both interesting and instructive to all classes of readers, and well worthy the patronage of the community.

TERMS—Two Dollars in advance; Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if payment be delayed six months; or Three Dollars at the expiration of the year. Ten copies sent to one address for Fifteen Dollars, payment in advance.

J. S. DUNHAM, Editor and Proprietor.

Van Buren, Ark., June 26, 1857. 192-dw1t

New Advertisements.

To Commission Merchants.

A YOUNG MAN, who was brought up in Charleston, S. C., with two year's experience, wants a situation in a Commission House as sales, outdoor or general clerk. Salary no object, until he proves himself useful. The best of city reference as to character given. Address Enquirer, box 409 Postoffice. jy8-d1w*

MEMPHIS
MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Session of 1859 and 1860.

FACULTY.

JOHN MILLINGTON, M. D., Professor of Chemistry.
LEWIS SHANKS, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics.
JOHN PITTMAN, M. D., Prof. of Theory and Practice.
ARTHUR K. TAYLOR, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.
H. R. ROBARDS, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
ORVILLE R. EARLY, M. D., Prof. of Materia Medica.
A. A. RICE, M. D., Professor of Physiology.

THE Faculty have made every necessary arrangement for the next course of Lectures, which will commence on the first day of November next, and continue until the first of March succeeding.

The Anatomical Rooms under the Demonstrator, Dr. JOHN T. MARRABLE, will be opened on the 15th of October next. During the month, a preliminary course of Lectures will be delivered on Anatomy.

Persons wishing further information, will address
ORVILLE R. EARLY, M. D.
jy8-d3m Dean of the Faculty.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust, executed to me on the 23d day of March, 1859, by R. J. Morris and A. Klein, under the firm, name and style of Morris & Klein, to secure the payment of certain notes therein specified, I will sell for cash, to the highest bidder, in front of the Court House door in Brownsville, Tenn., on the 18th day of July, 1859, at 11 o'clock, A. M., the following property, viz: A Steam Saw and Grist Mill, situated on the Memphis and Ohio Railroad, in the county of Haywood, and State of Tennessee, on the premises of E. R. Jones, together with carts, wagons, blacksmith's tools, etc., belonging to and appertaining to said mill. The title to the above is believed to be good; but I will convey only as Trustee.
jy8-10t HENRY A. JONES, Trustee.

Statement of the BLUFF CITY INSURANCE COMPANY Of Memphis, FROM AUGUST, 1858, TO JULY 1, 1859.

Capital Stock		$200,000.00
Surplus		17,107.67
ASSETS.		
Stock Notes, well indorsed	$[illegible]	
Cash	13,802.37	
Bills receivable	11,297.41	
Individual balances for premiums	3,507.89	
Office Fixtures	305.75	
	$217,107.67	$217,107.67
RECEIPTS.		
Fire Premiums	$27,246.96	
Less Reinsurance and returned Premiums	419.34	26,[illegible]
Marine Premiums	12,551.65	
Less Reinsurance, etc.	336.48	12,215.17
Policy Fees		145.70
Interest and Discount		2,047.61
Total Receipts for 10½ months		$34,646.[illegible]
LOSSES AND EXPENSES		
Fire losses	$11,647.00	
Marine Losses	1,295.22	
Expenses, Salaries, Office Rent, Fire Companies' Books, etc.	4,446.95	17,[illegible]
To credit of Profit and Loss	$17,107.67	$17,107.67

Losses unpaid—none.
W. C. McCLURE, Sec'y.
jy8-2w F. W. WILKINSON, Pres't.

Resolutions

PASSED BY THE MEMPHIS MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, July 2, 1859.

1. That the habit of Druggists in this city, of prescribing at their stores, calls for the unqualified condemnation of the Association, as being injurious alike to the community and to the medical profession.
2. That every member of the Association be required to report at each meeting any well established example of such conduct that may fall under his notice.
3. That each member hereby pledges himself to withhold, as far as he may be able, all support, either by prescriptions or purchase of drugs, from any druggist condemned by the Association for such practice.
4. That the entire regular Profession of Memphis be earnestly solicited to co-operate with us in putting down the evil.
5. That the Secretary be instructed to insert the above in the Memphis Daily Appeal for one week.

J. B. HILL, President.
J. M. KELLER, Secretary. jy8-d1w*

OFFICIAL.

City Ordinance---Tax Thirty-third Corporate Year.

BE it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis, That the Tax for the thirty-third corporate year shall be one per cent., to defray the ordinary expenses of the city, and one-half of one per cent., as a special tax, to pay the accruing interest on the city's part on long time bonds, and the School Tax to be the same as the last thirty-second corporate year.
Approved July 7, 1859.
R. D. BAUGH, Mayor.
Attest: L. R. RICHARDS, City Register.
Avalanche and Bulletin copy. jy8-1w

Valuable Plantation for Sale.

I OFFER for sale the Plantation on which I reside. The tract consists of good creek bottom and table lands, and contains in all 1040 acres. I am nine miles west of Panola Depot, on Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, and one and a half miles from Central Academy, in one of the most healthy localities in North Mississippi. There is excellent stock range around me, and the place is watered by several of the finest springs in the State.

My improvements consist of a good Frame Dwelling, Negro Cabins, Cotton Gin, Barn, and out-houses generally. There are about 390 acres cleared and in cultivation.

For further particulars, address me, at Central Academy, Panola county, Mississippi.
jy8-wdm E. G. BAKER.

For Rent.

A NEW two-story House, with nine rooms and cistern, at the Arsenal grounds.
Apply to H. H. MEYER,
jy8-4t* Exchange Buildings.

For Sale Very Low.

A SPLENDID RESIDENCE, on a 4½ acre Lot, between Mosely and Marley avenues, and 800 feet front on Brinkley avenue.
jy8 MONSARRAT, DUPREE & CO.

Lemons.

100 BOXES LEMONS—a very choice article—on hand and for sale by
jy8-d4t GATES, WOOD & McKNIGHT.

To Butchers.

THERE is 12 head Beef Cattle in my shed, on Adams street, east of the Bayou, for sale regardless of price. Call soon. [jy7-d2t] J. D. ROSSER.

Fresh Supplies of Choice Family Groceries.

AMERICAN Sugar cured canvassed Hams, Butler's Lard in bbls and kegs, breakfast Bacon, Dried Beef, etc., just received at J. S. MITCHELL & CO.'S,
jy8 348 Main street.

Extra Fine Teas,

CHOCOLATE, Coffees, etc. Old Whiskies, Brandies, Wines, Segars and Tobacco. Just received at
J. S. MITCHELL & CO.'S,
jy8 348 Main street.

CHANCERY SALE.
OF VALUABLE
LAND AND TOWN LOTS
IN
Fort Pickering.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Chancery Court, at Memphis, rendered November Term, 1858, in the cause of Bettilla G. Raney and others vs. the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company, Rosette Magevney, adm'x of Michael Leonard, dec'd vs. the Lagrange and Memphis Railroad Company and others, and Peter Leonard, vs the Lagrange and Memphis Railroad Company and others, I will on

Thursday August, 18, 1859,

on the premises in the town of Fort Pickering, Shelby county, Tennessee, proceed to sell to the highest bidder,

The Valuable Tract of Land,

upon which the town of Fort Pickering is situated, containing about

Two Hundred and Eight Acres,

(except such portions thereof as have been sold and conveyed by the Memphis and Lagrange Railroad Company, prior to the 5th of October, 1843, said tract of land is bounded as follows to wit: Beginning on the bank of the Mississippi river, at the south-west corner of John Overton's 161 acre tract, running thence south-westwardly with the meanders of the Mississippi River, 120 poles to the north-west corner of a 300 acre tract, alloted to Abner Pillow, thence east with the north boundary line of said 300 acre tract, 284 poles to the center of Bayou Gayoso thence down with the meanders of said Bayou Gayoso to a point near, where the South boundary line of said 161 acre tract crosses the center of said Bayou, thence west with said boundary line about 300 poles to the beginning. The whole of said tract of land has been laid off and subdivided into blocks, and town lots of various sizes with all necessary streets and alleys, and will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers, as numbered and laid down on the plan of the town of Fort Pickering. (See Rucker's new map of the city of Memphis and Fort Pickering.)

TERMS OF SALE.—The valuable property will be sold upon the following terms to wit: First, lots to the extent or amount of $12,000 on a credit of seven, twelve and eighteen months, with interest from day of sale, the remaining lots or so many thereof, as may be necessary to realize about $4,800 on a credit of twelve months with interest from day of sale. Purchasers in every instance to execute bonds with good security for the purchase money.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock A. M. on the premises.
jy7-daw-6t JOHN C. LANIER, Clerk and Master.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY AT AUCTION, By A. S. LEVY & CO.,
NO. 10 MADISON STREET.

WE will sell, at our room, on SATURDAY, July 9, 1859, at 10 o'clock, A. M., three valuable Lots, situated on Union street, between the residences of Capt. A. B. Shaw and A. Wallace, opposite Bruce's new residence, being 33⅓ feet front by 228 feet deep—one with the privilege of the whole.

The beauty and location of this property needs no comment.

TERMS—One-third cash; balance in one and two years, with interest.

Sale positive, without any reserve or limit.
jy7-td A. WALLACE, Salesman.

HARTWELL'S PATENT MOSQUITO BARS.

MANUFACTURED AND SOLD BY
RUTGERS CLARKSON,
61 Warren Street, New York.

THESE Canopies have many advantages over any others in use. They are more graceful in appearance, and more spacious and airy. They are easy adjusted to any Bedstead, and very simple in construction; are quite elastic, and therefore easily adapted to Bedsteads of different widths. They are not in the way of arranging the bed; do not mar nor injure the bedstead in the least; in short, they combine the greatest elegance with durability and cheapness. jy7-1m

MEMPHIS CLASSICAL HIGH SCHOOL.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the citizens of Memphis and its vicinity that he intends to open a School for Boys by the first Monday in next September. The location of the school is considered very desirable; it will be situated in a grove, a short distance from the end of Union and Beal streets, between that point and the residence of D. Dunn, Esq. Commodious school buildings will be fully completed by the end of August.

In addition to all the common English branches, Mathematics, Natural Sciences, Surveying, Drawing, the Ancient and Modern Languages, will be thoroughly taught. The Principal has been at the head of a Classical Academy in Virginia for several years. He will be aided by Mr. J. L. Stephenson and Rev. J. J. Ferse. The latter gentlemen will teach the Modern Languages.

The subscriber will use every effort to establish a permanent school of high order. There will be a Preparatory Department in the school.

The subscriber will be absent from the city until the 15th of August; after that date, he may be seen at Mrs. Reed's, Second street.

Apply for Catalogues, giving full information, at the Book Stores of Messrs. Cleaves & Vaden and Kirk & Williams, or to Mr. Hart, Gayoso Savings Institute.

REFERENCES.—Bishop Otey, Revs. Dr. White, Mr. Hines, Mr. Schetky, Dr. Grundy, W. Thomas, T. J. Drane, Col. C. J. Selden, Col. Stephenson, Memphis; Rev. Geo. Carter, Oxford University, Mississippi; R. C. Brinkley, Esq., W. B. Pickett, Esq., the Misses Young, Memphis.
jy7-d2w J. WHITE ARMSTRONG.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS For Sale.

WE have a number of Second-hand Pianos, which we will sell very cheap.
my24- McKINNEY CO.

Flour Agency.

ST. LOUIS FLOUR AGENCY,
NO. 6 HOWARD'S ROW,

WE are now opening at the above stand, in connection with our St. Louis house, a Depot for the sale of

Choice Brands of
ST. LOUIS FLOUR,
To which we invite the attention of
THE TRADE,
and pledge ourselves to fill orders at St. Louis prices. Freight and Insurance only added.
fe81-ly CLARK J. MORTON & CO.

New Wheat Flour.

350 BBLS. ST. LOUIS FLOUR, assorted choice brands, for sale low to the trade.
CLARK J. MORTON & CO.,
jy7 No. 6 Howard's Row.

Every Barrel

OF our Family Flour we guarantee to give entire satisfaction to the consumer.
CLARK J. MORTON & CO.,
jy7 No. 6 Howard's Row.

Family Flour

SOLD by us, we invariably guarantee, and every barrel which fails to please the buyer, may be returned at our expense both ways.
CLARK J. MORTON & CO.,
jy7 St. Louis Flour Depot, No. 6 Howard's Row.

Building Material.

THE material of the Old Engine House on Poplar street, between Main and Second, will be sold on the premises, at 10 o'clock, on SATURDAY, July 9th.
jy8-2t

SITE FOR THE MEMPHIS POST OFFICE And Court Room Wanted.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until the 18th day of July next ensuing, by William H. Carroll, Esq., Postmaster, and Henry T. Hulbert, Esq., Surveyor, for a suitable site for a building for the accommodation of a Post Office and United States Courts, authorized to be erected at Memphis, Tenn.

Corner lots will be preferred, and none eligible that are less than one hundred feet square.
Treasury Department, June 28, 1859. jy8-1w

A. J. FRANCISCO .... R. J. WIGGIN.

HATS, CAPS AND FURS!

Francisco & Co.,

MODELERS OF FASHION AND
DEALERS IN
HATS, CAPS,
AND
LADIES' FURS!
PROVINE'S BLOCK,
348 Main Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.,
jy8 REAR OF THE GAYOSO HOUSE.

New Styles

FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS OF Gentlemen's Dress Hats just received, at the Hat Emporium of
jy8 FRANCISCO & CO.

The French Pocket Hat.

A FINE FELT HAT, entirely new in design, handsome shape, and so light and flexible that you can fold it and carry it in your pocket without inconvenience. A case little larger than a cigar case contains it.
FRANCISCO & CO.,
jy8 348 Main street.

The Bonner Ledger Hat.

A FAVORITE Hat for the Beau Monde.
FRANCISCO & Co.,
348 Main street, Provine's Block,
jy8 Rear of the Gayoso House.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING Memphis and Charleston Railroad Co.

THE next general meeting of the Stockholders in the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company will be held in Memphis, Tennessee, on

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1859.

All Stockholders are requested to be represented either in person or by proxy.

All Stockholders will be passed free to and from the meeting, from Monday before the meeting until Friday thereafter, inclusive, by presenting their Stock Certificates to the conductors.
SAM. TATE,
jy8-dawte President M. & C. R. R. Co.
Enquirer copy.

For Sale.

THE Lease, Stock and Fixtures, or only Lease and Fixtures of a Corner STORE, in an excellent business location in the city.
☞ Address "O. A.," care of Appeal office. jy8-3t*

Situation Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN, a graduate, who has had several years' experience in teaching in the adjoining States, desires to take charge of a small school, or act as private tutor. Satisfactory references given.
☞ Address "Applicant," box 690, Memphis, Tenn. jy8-3t*

BACK AGAIN.
HOUSE RAISING AND MOVING.

I DO respectfully inform the citizens of Memphis and surrounding country, that I have just returned from San Francisco, Cal., where I have had a good deal of experience in my business, and will now resume it here. I am fully prepared to Move, Raise, Lower or Straighten any and every kind of Building.
☞ Apply through the Post Office, or at my place of residence, corner of Main and Overton streets, Memphis.
jy8-1m WILLIAM BOOTH.

VESPER GAS LIGHT!

The Cheapest, Most Brilliant,
AND
Most Convenient Artificial Light
IN THE WORLD.

THIS GAS is generated from Pure Coal Oil, and for elegance, economy, safety and simplicity cannot be surpassed. The fixtures are in the same style as the ordinary gas fixtures.
☞ Principal Agency at first store room in Gayoso Building, where the light can be seen at any time.
jy8-1m THOS. H. TAYLOR.

ATTENTION!

THE WIDE, WIDE WORLD

FAR AND NEAR, EVERYBODY, EVERYWHERE WHO BUY

DRY GOODS!

CANDEE, MIX & CO.

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE!

TREMENDOUS ONSLAUGHT UPON THE DRY GOODS!

$150,000 Worth of Goods to be Turned into Money.

THE GRAND SALE COMMENCES

6TH OF JULY,

And will continue for the next two months, during which time we shall break down PRICES so low that no one can hesitate to buy. Our object is to clear out our stock to make room for the Fall Trade.

Come One! Come All!

Our motto is more Money and less Goods. We shall offer remnants of every description of goods in our stock at less than 25 to 30 per cent. less than cost.

Our friends will find it to their interests to call early.

We are determined to close out our summer stock by the first of September next,

IF LOW PRICES WILL DO IT.

☞ Wanted, in addition, $20,000 worth of CLOTHING and over 100 pieces of CARPETING at a sacrifice.
Candee, Mix & Co.,
jy6-dawtSep 297 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Extra Family Flour.

ALL grades, in barrels and bags; Pickles, Preserves, Jellies, Sauces, Catsups, etc., just received at
ma13 J. S. MITCHELL & CO'S.

Prices Reduced.

BEING desirous to reduce our stock, and to dispose of all our SUMMER GOODS, we are now selling

FIGURED LINENS,
LAWNS,
MUSLINS,
NANSOOKS,
CHECKED MUSLINS,
PLAIN AND FIGURED SWISSES,
PARASOLS,
FANS,
LACE MANTLES,
LIGHT-COLORED PRINTS,

And many other articles, from ten to fifteen per cent. lower than they can be had any other place.
☞ If you wish bargains, call at 291—corner Main and Monroe streets, Brinkley's New Block.
je22 MORTON & HUNTER.

Fruit Jars.

AIR-TIGHT Fruit Jars of the most approved style, for sale wholesale and retail by
G. W. JONES & CO.,
jy8 238 Main street.

Something Good to Eat.

NASHVILLE Hams, to arrive. Also—American Cured Canvassed Hams, Plain Fort Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Dried Beef, Beef Tongues, etc.
J. S. MITCHELL & CO'S,
ma13 Provine & Stewart's Block.

HOUSE-MOVING.

THE undersigned is prepared to do all work in the line of MOVING, RAISING AND STRAIGHTENING BUILDINGS IN THE CITY AND NEIGHBORING COUNTRY.
Apply through the Post Office, or at the residence of F. Brady, on Exchange street, between Third and Fourth, near the Bayou.
F. BRADY & CO.

Fresh Turnip Seed

DIRECT from D. Landreth & Son, warranted, for sale wholesale and retail by
G. W. JONES & CO.,
jel8 nearly opposite Odd Fellows' Hall.

A. Warren & Co.

A. WARREN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS,
Commission Merchants,
AND
GENERAL PRODUCE DEALERS,
87 Front Row,
my24 MEMPHIS, TENN.

Wheeling Nails.

500 KEGS best brands Wheeling Nails, all sizes, on hand and for sale at
my24 NO. 37 FRONT ROW.

Soap and Candles.

450 BOXES German, Chemical, Palm and Family Soaps;
60 boxes Star Candles;
70 half boxes "
For sale low at
my24 NO. 37 FRONT ROW.

Window Glassware.

400 BOXES Window Glass on hand and to arrive;
120 boxes Flasks, all sizes;
125 " Cut Tumblers, assorted—very low;
100 " Bit. Wine, Porter, Scotch Ale and Lemon Syrup bottles.
For sale low by A. WARREN & CO.,
my24 87 Front Row.

Wrapping Paper, Tubs, Buckets.

150 REAMS Straw and Rag Paper;
200 reams Manilla Tea "
30 doz. Buckets, assorted;
20 " Tubs "
Window Sash, Battery, Corn, Oats, etc.,
All for sale low, by A. WARREN & CO.,
my24 87 Front Row.

Tobacco and Cigars.

20,000 FINE CIGARS;
20 boxes Tobacco;
For sale at COST, to close out, at
my24 A. WARREN & CO.'S, 37 Front Row.

HOUSES AND LOTS
IN THE
CITY AND SUBURBS
FOR SALE BY
MONSARRAT, DUPREE & CO

HOUSE AND LOT, corner Gayoso and Third streets, 50 by 175 feet.
House and Lot on Third street, between Madison and Court streets.
House and Lot on south-east corner Main and Jackson streets.
House and Lot on south side of Union street, east of Bayou, 55 by 235 feet.
House and Lot on corner Exchange and Second streets.
House and Lot on Court street, elegant residence.
House and Lot on Adams street, brick residence.
House and Lot on Monroe street, to be leased for 12 years.
House and Lot on Dunlap street, east of Mrs. Barrow's.
House and Lot on Main, south of Vance street.
House and Lot on Vance, near Main street.
House and Lot on Shelby street, splendid residence, 75 by 333 feet.
House and Lot on DeSoto, between Elliott and Vance sts.
House and Lot on DeSoto, between Union and Beal sts.
House and Lot on Vance and Wellington streets, 290 by 1000 feet.
House and Lot on St. Martin, south of Linden street.
House and Lot on St. Martin, north of Vance street.
House and Lot on Henry street, near St. Peter's Cemetery, 61 by 339 feet.
House and Lot on Union street, near G. & Hill's cotton shed, 37½ by 220 feet.
House and Lot on Walnut, near Vance, 3-4 acre in lot.

ALSO,

Houses and Lots in Fort Pickering,
AND IN
Greenlaw's Addition, Chelsea, Etc.

We advertise no property, the owners of which are not really anxious to sell, in the above list. Many excellent bargains are presented to speculators.

Vacant City Lots
FOR SALE BY
MONSARRAT, DUPREE & CO.

Three beautiful Lots on Jones' Avenue.
182 by 287 feet, corner Elliot and Causey streets.
50 by 148½ feet, on Main street, adjoining Mathis's stable.
106 by 280 feet, on Union street, near Railroad.
Lots 179 and 180, corner Concord and Main streets.
Part of lot 4, block 44, on Brown's avenue.
Two lots on Washington, near High street.
186 by 52 feet, on Vance street, near Judge Jones'.
120 by 125 feet, corner Talbot and Tennessee streets.
Six large lots in Butler's Division.

FORTY ACRES SUBDIVIDED, TITLE PERFECT, IN FORT PICKERING.

THIRTY LOTS IN GREENLAW'S ADDITION.

One-half of lot 8, block 44, on Linden street.
33 by 153 feet on Causey, near Linden street.
Lot No. 7, corner Vance and Orleans streets.
Lots 10, 11 and 12, on Union street, extended east of Hospital.

Residence Lots, etc., near the City.

34 acres on Norris and Dunn Avenues, 1¼ miles from the city, one-half cleared.
202 acres, near Gen. L. [illegible].
200 acres, opposite Gov. Jones', on Germantown Plankroad.
11¼ acres on Central avenue, three miles distant.
200 acres on new State Line road, on either side, west of the Race Course, in 10, 20 and 25 acre lots.
75 acres, just east of Col. John Pope's, on Railroad and Plankroad, in 10 and 12 acre lots.
40 acres, 2½ miles south-east of the city, on Hernando Plankroad.
26 acres, one-half mile north-east of the city, near Raleigh road, splendidly improved.
62 acres, in Garrett's, three miles east, near W. T. Avery's.
40 acres, west of Col. Pope's, one-half cleared, on Raleigh Road.
30 acres, in lots adjoining Dr. Wesson's, north of the city.
180 by 345 feet on Hernando road, just out of the city.
270 acres, in 5, 10 and 20 acre lots, at intersection of Pigeon Roost and M. & C. Railroad.
Six acres on Pigeon Roost road, near B. Graham's.
19 acres one-half mile west of Elmwood, cheap for cash.
2½ acres between Patrick's and Clark's, one mile south-east of city.
Lot 238 in Overton tract.
20 acres on Orleans street, extended south, the part of Willoughby Williams' tract.
11 acres near Judge Harris', on new State Line road.
Lots 12, 13 and 14, on Dunn's avenue, east of Dunn's residence.
10 acres on Raleigh road, 3¼ miles from Court Square, admirably improved.

Shelby City Farms, near Memphis, for Sale.

260 acres on Horn Lake road, 5 miles south of Memphis, well improved.
80 acres on M. & C. R. R., improved, 7 miles east.
155 acres, near Shelby Depot, on M. & O. R. R.
216 acres, 6 miles north on new Plankroad, heavily timbered, very cheap.
150 acres, 4 miles north-east at intersection of Plankroad and Railroad, admirably improved.
31 acres adjoining the above fine improvement.
7 acres adjoining Q. C. Atkinson on the east.
470 acres 7½ miles south on Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, finely improved.
465 acres near Hickory Withe, well improved.
[illegible] acres, finely improved, 9 miles north of Memphis.
1155 acres, finely improved, 16 miles north of Memphis.
[illegible] acres, finely improved, 12 miles north of Memphis.
[illegible] acres, finely improved, at Raleigh Flag Station.

Mississippi and Arkansas Lands, Improved and Unimproved, for Sale.

Both above and below, and in Crittenden and other counties west of this city. One improved place of 1400 acres in Crittenden on five years' time, not one acre of which was ever overflowed, and many others like it on shorter time.

LAND SURVEYOR'S OFFICE.

CALL ON
MONSARRAT, DUPREE & CO.,
Who will subdivide, survey, make plats and maps, etc.
jy7

Wheat Bags, Wheat Bags.

100 WHEAT BAGS, for sale at 18 cents each.
CREWS & SHERTOCK,
jy6-2w Madison street.

Flour, Flour.

100 BBLS. Good Choice Extra;
100 bbls. good superfine,
just received per Philadelphia, and for sale very low to the trade.
CREWS & SHERTOCK,
jy6-2w Flour Agents, 7 Madison street.

For Hire.

A NEGRO GIRL, aged fifteen years. Inquire of Rev. C. G. McPHERSON, at the Memphis Female College. jy6-3t*

DR. THOMPSON, LAND AGENT AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 318 Main Street,
OVER THE BOOK STORE OF WATSON & BEARD,

SELECTS and enters most Swamp Lands in Arkansas on the shares. He has a large quantity, principally of rich dry bottom, for sale low, on accommodating terms, or exchange for Real Estate or Negroes.

He will also practice on Rheumatism, etc. A cure guaranteed, or no pay.

☞ A Partner wanted, of good business habits. Refer to Beard & Hedrick. Address
DR. E. C. THOMPSON,
jun25-6m Memphis, Tennessee.

W. H. SEABROOK & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
No. 11 Madison Street,
Memphis, Tennessee.
mar8-6m

Dry Goods.

SPEED, DONOHO & STRANGE,
Cash Dealers
EXCLUSIVELY
IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
Dry Goods,
314 MAIN-ST,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

JULY 8TH, 1859.

RECEIVED THIS DAY,
BY ADAMS' EXPRESS CO.
6 DOZ. 40-HOOP NEW STYLE SKIRTS.
50 PATTERNS NEW STYLE ORGANDIE.
50 PATTERNS EMBROIDERED SWISSES.
NEW STOCK VAL. LACES & EDGINGS.
VERY CHEAP FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.
NEW AND ELEGANT SMALL CHECK SILKS.
BEREGES.
GINGHAMS.
CALICOES.
CHECKS.
DOMESTICS.
TICKINGS.
TOWELLING.
TABLE CLOTHS.
NAPKINS.
SHEETINGS.
HOSIERY
GLOVES &
Lace MITTS
CARPETS
CURTAINS
LOOPS
MATTINGS.
SPEED,
DONOHO,
STRANGE,
No. 314 Main Street.
jy8-dtsaw

General Auction House

A. S. LEVY .... A. E. FRANKLAND.

A. S. LEVY & CO.'S COLUMN.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
No. 10 Madison Street.
PROMPT ATTENTION PAID TO ALL
SALES OF
REAL ESTATE, NEGROES,
MERCHANDISE,
FURNITURE, GROCERIES,
IN CITY OR COUNTRY.

CONSIGNMENTS solicited—Account Sales rendered promptly—Cash advanced on Consignments. Our undivided attention will be given to all business intrusted to our care. ja6

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS AT AUCTION, BY A. S. LEVY & CO.
No. 10 MADISON STREET.

WE will sell, at our room, in front of store, EVERY MORNING, at 9 o'clock, Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Furniture, etc., etc.
my22 A. S. LEVY, Auctioneer.

Negro Girl for Sale.

WE have for sale an A. No. 1 likely NEGRO GIRL, twelve years of age.
jun23 A. S. LEVY & CO.

On Consignment.

LEVEE MATTRESSES—
Straw do.
Shuck do.
Cotton do.
Extra Cotton do.
Extra Shuck do.
For sale less than manufacturers' prices, by
my28 A. S. LEVY & CO.

In Store and for Sale Low.

50 BBLS. OLD RYE WHISKY;
50 bbls. Old Bourbon Whisky;
50 bbls. Freeman's Tennessee Whisky.
my28 By A. S. LEVY & CO.

To the Trade.

WE have in store on consignment:
200 boxes Finest Castillian Soap;
30 " Old Bourbon Whisky;
20 " Old Port Wine;
20 " Old Madeira Wine;
50 " Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps.
my28 A. S. LEVY & CO.

Sundries! Sundries!!

50 BASKETS, qts., Pieper Heidsieck Champagne;
50 baskets, pts., " "
100 boxes Boston Soap;
50 " Tomato Ketchup;
50 " Dried Prunes;
100 " Tea.
All of which are on consignment, and for sale LOW.
my28 A. S. LEVY & CO.

C. Muller, Optician

MANUFACTURER OF A NEWLY INVENTED
—AND—
IMPROVED SPECTACLE.
—DEALER IN—
CLOCKS WATCHES AND JEWELRY.
341 Main Street,
Below Cayce & Son's, Auctioneers,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

OLD FRAMES re-set with Glasses to suit the Eyes. Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, etc., carefully repaired and warranted.

Every Spectacle will be accurately adjusted to the eye so as to enable the wearer to pursue the most minute employment, either by day or candlelight, with perfect ease and satisfaction, without occasioning that sense of weakness or fatigue in the organ generally complained of.

Numerous complaints of persons through the country pretending to be my Agents, render it necessary that I should caution the public against such venders, and protect my reputation. I have no Agents, nor will I suffer my Spectacles to be sold by persons having no knowledge of the eye. It is my personal experience in connection with these superior Glasses that render such universal satisfaction.

All orders received by mail will be personally attended to. Persons wishing to order Spectacles should send in their names and Post Office. I will send a Circular giving the particulars about directions, list of prices, and the manner of their construction.
jun25-dtwawtyly

NEW PIANOS TO RENT.

SEVERAL new Pianos now in store, which we will let to responsible parties only, at reasonable prices.
my28 McKINNEY & CO.

PATENT MICA AND FIBROUS CEMENT ROOFING.

THIS cement consists of strong glutinous substances, impregnated with fibrous matter, and covered with Mica, which make it Fire Proof, and a perfect resistant of the atmosphere in every climate; and we will WARRANT IT WATER PROOF. It also reflects the rays of the sun, making the building much cooler in Summer than tin or slate, and will neither crack nor rot. IT IS PRACTICABLY IMPERISHABLE, and having been thoroughly tried for years in New York City and various parts of the United States, it is the cheapest and best roofing in use.
JOSEPH DITTO & CO.
General Office, 270 Broadway, New York.

N. B.—Cement for sale by the barrel, with full printed instructions for applying. We also offer for sale, Territorial Rights for a portion of the United States.
jun25-3m J. D. & CO.

ON CONSIGNMENT.

AN ASSORTMENT OF
Masonic Regalia.
my27-2m F. H. CLARK & CO.

H. A. JONES & CO., Commission Merchants,

Office, No. 60, over the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Ticket and Freight Office,
FRONT ROW,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

CONSIGNMENTS of every kind solicited. BAGGING and ROPE, and all other supplies furnished at lowest rates. ap27-6m*

Notice.

WE have lately added to our stock, a large assortment of FINE SILVER WARE, embracing every kind of articles used in that department.
J. E. MERRIMAN & CO.,
jun18 283 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Notice.

THE STOCKHOLDERS in the BLUFF CITY INSURANCE COMPANY will take notice that the annual Election for Directors, for the ensuing twelve months, will be held at the Office of the Company, on MONDAY, July 11.
jun22-td W. C. McCLURE, Secretary.

S. S. THOMAS, Secretary.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

F. H. CLARK .... J. E. WILKINS .... THOS. HILL.

F. H. CLARK & CO.'S COLUMN.

APRIL, 1859.

We invite especial attention
TO OUR
New Spring Stock!

IT IS VERY LARGE AND COMPRISES MANY
NEW AND CHOICE ARTICLES:

FULL SETS OF DIAMONDS.
FULL SETS OF PEARL.
FULL SETS OF CAMEO.
FULL SETS OF CORAL.
FULL SETS OF MOSAIC.
FULL SETS OF PEARL AND CAMEO.
FULL SETS OF GARNETT.
FULL SETS OF TERQUOIS.
FULL SETS OF JET.
FULL SETS OF JET AND PEARL.
FULL SETS OF ENAMELED.
FULL SETS OF ETRUSCAN WORK.
FULL SETS OF ETRUSCAN WORK WITH CAMEO.
FULL SETS OF ETRUSCAN WORK WITH MOSAIC.
FULL SETS OF ETRUSCAN WORK WITH CORAL.
FULL SETS OF ETRUSCAN WORK WITH TERQUOIS.
FULL SETS OF ETRUSCAN WORK WITH GARNETT.
FULL SETS OF ALL GOLD.
PARTS OF SETS AND SINGLE P[illegible] ALL THE ABOVE STYLES.

A LARGE STOCK OF
WATCHES!

Of all the best makes including the genuine JULES JURGENSON, the best Watch known to the trade.

SILVERWARE!

SILVER FORKS.
SILVER LADES.
SILVER SALVER.
SILVER GOBLETS.
SILVER SPOONS.
SILVER WAITERS.
SILVER PITCHERS.
SILVER CUPS.
SILVER TEA AND COFFEE SETTS.
SILVER SALT CELLAR.
SILVER BUTTER KNIVES.
SILVER FRUIT KNIVES.
SILVER DESSERT KNIVES.
SILVER FISH KNIVES.
SILVER CAKE KNIVES.
SILVER PIE KNIVES.
SILVER DIPPERS.
SILVER PICKLE SETS.
SILVER NAPKIN RINGS.

With a great variety of choice Fancy Silver Articles.
SILVER PLATED GOODS of the newest styles.

GUNS!

Of the best makes. PISTOLS of the best makes. Pocket and Table Cutlery.

SPECTACLES!

To suit every condition of sight.

ENGRAVING.

Seals and Presses for Lodges, Courts and Banks. Plate and Ornamental Wedding and Visiting Cards, in the best style of the art. Stencil plates of any size.

MECHANICAL.

WATCHES repaired.
JEWELRY made to order and repaired.
CLOCKS repaired and regulated in any part of the city.

All Work Warranted.

Our Picture Gallery---Professor Remington, Artist,

Is one of the most extensive in the Union. Superior Pictures taken in all the various styles known to the Photographic art. The SPHEROTYPE and Remington's MELAINOGRAPHS, are worthy of special notice.

J. O'B. INMAN.

This celebrated Artist has permanently located in one of the rooms connected with our Gallery, with whom we have made arrangements to color in oil Remington's Cabinet size Canvas Photographs.

These pictures, combining as they do, the skill of the two Artists, are among the most perfect specimens of the Art.

No. 1 Clark's Marble Block.
ja1-ap8-dtwawtv

$50 Reward.

THE undersigned will pay the above reward for the delivery to him, in Memphis, of a Negro man, named JOHN, who ran off on the 4th instant. He is about five feet ten inches high, black complexion, weighs about 160 pounds, thin visage, very erect, and thirty years of age.
jun25-dawtw HENRY T. HULBERT.

WARD & McCLELLAND, Wholesale and Retail Druggists!

No. 177 MAIN STREET,
OPPOSITE WORSHAM HOUSE.

JUST to hand and for sale—
10 bbls. Alcohol;
10 bbls. Linseed Oil;
10 bbls. Spirits Turpentine;
Large Field Turnip Seed;
30 boxes Lemon Syrup;
5000 lbs. White Lead;
1000 lbs. Lime White.
jun22-2w

For Sale.

115 HHDS. CHOICE SUGAR;
8 hhds Clarified Sugar;
15 casks Clear Sides;
15 bales India Bagging, heavy.
W. T. WILLIAMS & CO.,
jy5-1w Mosby & Hunt's Block.

$500 Reward.

LEFT my Plantation, 10 miles below this place, on the Mississippi river, on the Arkansas side, three likely Negro fellows. AARON, about 21 years old, about five feet ten or eleven inches high, weighs about 180 pounds, dark copper color. TRAVIS, nearly the same description, not quite so large, quick spoken, with a scar below his eye from a burn; was well paddled before he left. SAM is under size, black, and has a large nose. Aaron and Sam I bought from Forrest, of this place. Aaron ran off last year, and got to a free State; and from what I can understand, will attempt to make his way up the river. I will pay $50 if taken up in the State of Arkansas; $50 if taken up in Memphis; or $150 if taken up out of the above States, and secured so I can get them. Address me, at Como, Mississippi.
jy8-d2m N. B. SLEDGE.
[Cairo, (Ill.) Gazette copy two months, and send bill to this office for collection.

NOTICE.

WE have associated with us, in the Cotton and Commission business, J. J. BAILEY. The style of the firm will hereafter be McNUTT, TROTTER & BAILEY.
S. F. McNUTT,
jy1-d1m G. W. TROTTER.

S. F. McNUTT .... G. W. TROTTER .... J. J. BAILEY.

McNUTT, TROTTER & BAILEY,
COTTON FACTORS
COMMISSION
AND
FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
UP STAIRS, MOSBY & HUNT'S BLOCK.
No. 18 Front Row, Memphis.

WILL give our best attention to all business intrusted to us. Bagging, Rope and other supplies furnished at the lowest market rates.

All Cotton consigned to us insured, unless instructed to the contrary. jy1-6m

Also Something Good to Drink,

CLARET Wines of the best brands; White do.; Brandies, Old Bourbon, Champagne, Port and Madeira Wines at J. S. MITCHELL & CO'S,
je4 Provine & Stewart's Block.

W. F. MASON, Holly Springs, Miss. .... CARRINGTON MASON, Memphis, Tenn.

MASON & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
353 MAIN STREET, (ON THE BRINKLEY BLOCK,)
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

OUR charge for selling Cotton, Grain of every description, Bacon, or any article of plantation produce, except Tobacco, is 2½ per cent. upon the gross amount; for the latter five per cent. will be charged. Consignments are solicited.

We will fill orders for household or plantation supplies carefully and promptly.

Having a large Warehouse, centrally located, we can furnish storage for articles of every kind, for sale or for shipment, upon reasonable terms. Insurance always effected, unless advised to the contrary. Special attention will be paid to the receiving and forwarding of Merchandise. mar19-dawtm

ROB. B. JOHNSTON .... ROGER BARTON.

JOHNSTON & BARTON, ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
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