EVENING BESS LEDGER

PUBLIC LEDGER COMPANY CYRUS H. K. CURTIS, PRISIDENT.

| | Ilama, Enrectora. |
|--|---|
| | EDITORIAL FOARD: Crees H. K. Cuntis, Chairman. P. H. WHALEY Executive Editor |
| | JOHN C. MARTIN General Business Managet |
| | Published daily at Punta Lineau Ruilding, Independence Square, Philadelphia. Lengas Central Bread and Chestnut Street ATRANTO CITY Press Caion Bullilling New York 170-A Metropolitan Towns Christos St Thoma Insurance Studing London S Waterloo Phuta, Pail Mail, S. W. |

NEWS BUREAUST

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS We carrier, Danie Onto, six cents. By mail, most mild for Philadelphia, except where foreign tecture is required, Danie Oxer, one month, transplayed course Bank Oxer, one year, three deliars. All mail subscriptions payable in advance.

BELL, 3000 WALNUT KEYSTONE MAIN 5000

LP Address all communications to Freehous. Ledger, Independence Seguin, Philippedia. APPLICATION MADE AT THE PHILADELPHIA PARTOTICE FOR BATTER AS EXPOSED AS MADE, WATTER.

PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1914

Pinchot, the Impossible Candidate THERE is nothing left of the Progressive L party except the family quarrels, Mr. Pinchot, it is true, continues his junker about the State, a candidate without a colleague accomplished but one thing worth while in American politics: that is, it demonstrated beyond all doubt the utter devillagment of Republicans any longer to permittee in the meretricious leadership which had seized

upon the party. Mr. Pinchot is elegant in detailedation of Penroseism. He wants to see it driven out and utterly disrupted, he says. There is a way. Mr. Lewis saw the hopelesiness of election and withdrew. The Permertentianfor-the-purpose-of-lds-candidney-only abould be equally quick in immolating his ambition. Let him prove the sincerity of his latent by doing the one thing that is certain to ruln Penroseism. He is now the senior Scimtor's most formidable ally.

Abolish the Magistrates

THE Magistrate's Court system has again been discredited by the soundals in the "straw bail" cases traced to the office of the notorious Mr. Call. The prints facie evidence is quite sufficient to convince the pub- structures will be replaced by new; when He that the petty courts of justice in this city | vocational schools will come into vogue more are practically in league with the criminal generally; when summer day and night classes to safeguard them from the conse- schools will be the rule rather than the exovences of their wrong-doing. They afford ception, no protection to law-abiding citizens, who look to them in vain for redress or simple Justice

Since the establishment of the Municipal Court the Magistrates have been a fifth wheel to the coach, and a very flat wheel, too. They should be abolished by a constitutional amendment at the very earliest opportunity. They have brought law and justice into the utmost disrepute among the most numerous class in the city, whose which protection they were intended to be against just such sharks and suyaters as now use them at will to harnss and oppress those whose real hope of justice and equity lies in their prompt suppression.

Great Britain Does Not Own the Seas CREAT BRITAIN has been for generations

I the pig of the occurs. Venice once aimed the sea as her bride, and worned all Be there to cease their illicit intercourse. The onited Kingdom assumes the same position "oday. There are many ships owned by comerican corporations that its the British ag. There can be no justimble protest efficient at the core. But it is blocked from after the show?" b-tobert Dollar, owned nominally by a British Perporation, but in fact by American capital . Our Government cannot afford to yield one tiot or tittle in this matter. The nation where a comparative wealthing dured the might of the British Empire in defense of its right to use the seas. It will be no bee visitant in protection of American interests new, "Due nation has decided to put the that back on the oceans, and it is coing to do it. Landon has failed to approclars the depth of American purpose in this matter. In fact the British attitude is extremely impelitic in view of the abnormal conditions now resisting when the friendliness of the United States is something which no nation in the world can afford to alterate.

A Livelihood in Brain and Hand

THE value of vocational guarantee and training as a remedy for percentle sadings quency and dependence in not properly appreciated. Watte the perfections of autual illiteracy is large; even among Americanborn delinquents, built and javelile, amount of delinquency fire to parend or deficient education and lack of vacational guidance is even greater, and the damer from the half-educated is more to be diverged than that from the wholly had been Today limited knowledge has been a few to the point where discouragement families the belief that, since it can carry thous we be ther, education is of little when and that "the world owes them a living, anyway, Their lack of sociational education of design of way out of the "bitted attain of mainteen man orime, and to it they drift because at our a burden and a menal to soulety.

The average box will girl in Assessment should be vornitonally granded by Longton reason that the majority news eventually earn their own living. If the mostic arming do no more than discover the poultred took toward future form to it, you down a dametion, they will fidly their minima analog to more advanced departments or the conveyrional system; trades a house and time like. the task of actual instruction by one responcal details necessary to any trade,

Another Blazing Indiscretion

STR LIONEL CARDINA, THE BEST AND AND DESCRIPTION OF THE LIONEL CO. Mexico, has again violated every turnin bethe of good taste and of diplomacy in critically President Wilson's Maxima action, Black I found where the firing is bravious, since the Mexican dituation because drove de-Lionel has deliberately imported the minury neutrality and has been sunty of themog his discretions that call for the immediate lefter pression or revall. It is not wrough that the British Ambassador at Wassangton sounds apologize for his collection. If then the conis sincere in her friendly attitude low-and this | said to be the next shots among the afflow but country she should give the "blood-in-thicker- "we'll home the Africans in America against thun-water" theory a practical exceptiontion by promptly recalling her Brazillan El-

brilliant contrast with that of Europe, which | map agricow.

has broken down in most discreditable

fashion. Sir Lionel Carden's anti-American outbursts are distinctly adverse to the success of our country's steadfast purpose and policy in the establishment of cordial political and closer commercial relations with Latin America, and should be put a stop to with impressive promptitude by our British cousins.

Morality Comes Before Economics

M R. PENROSE is or is not the directing brains of the Organization in Philadelphia and the State. He is or he is not responsible for its acts. He approves or he does not approve the bi-partisan alliance through which the liquor interests are brought into support of his candidacy. If he is responsible for the notorious political immorality with which his name is associated. he has no right to ask even consideration of his economic views. A candidate must come into court with clean hands. Can Mr. Penrose do that?

Prophecy in Process of Achievement THE prophecy of Ollvier in France, and of August Bebel in Germany, is coming to a realization. It was Olivier, the Prime Minister of Napoleon III, who in a letter to Wilhelm I warned him against the appexation of Alsace-Lorraine. It was August Bebel who in 1871 alone had the courage to stand up in the Reichstag and plead with the rulers of Germany not to tear asunder the bonds which tied a people together. He boldly proand without a party, but otherwise the Pro- | Chalmed the lurking danger to the interests gressive movement has summered away. It of the German Empire and the peace of Europe in such an act. But in vain. Germany was to become a world power, and in execut-

Educational Appropriations

ing this design she was to stop at naught.

THE educational budget of the city of New York for 1915 is expected to total the magnificent sum of \$13,139,387, the largest amount ever spent by any municipality in the history of the world, that its children might obtain educations, that they might become useful citizens.

But large as is the sum which New York quends for its splendid school system, Philadelphia is not only equally liberal, but, as a matter of statistical fact, it speads more per child than does New York. Next year the metropolis will expend \$57.51 for each of the estimated total of 750,000 pupils. This year Philadelphia is spending \$06.35 for each of

Its 196,000 students. Philadelphia may pride itself on its schools It is only a question of time when the old

Hercules in Bondage

BECAUSE the soundness of Republican principles has been confirmed by the risks and fatuities of a Democratic National Administration, the Republican party apneals with redoubled force to the country. Its long reign of accomplishments furnished lis positive warrant, and now this has been arrangthened by the record of a Congress which, always on the verge of rumous follies. has been preserved from outright destruction only by the hand of a President far stronger in personal ascendency than in party regularity;

Should Mr. Wilson let go the steering wheel, the legislative car would plunge. through the fence. By exercising the preregatives of a benevolent autocrat, Mr. Wilson, with what measure of fribulation none his party's face.

With the Republican party precisely the recorne is true. The party principles are ple do not dare to trust with their national | his promise to treat her like a real lady. destinies. The Republican party is the only party in this State that can safely be given political power if permitted to act of itself. free from boss dictation. It is the boss of Republican Pennsylvania who has driven it out of power and kept it out of power. It is Penrose who has been the head and bridge of that bipartisan betrayal of public intersets in this State which has shanted the Republican party no less than it has lent the Democratic party a fertileus influence that

Mr. Taft Set the Example

M is the torty when not considered a trultor machine in Cincinnati. Wood parthums everywhere realized that it was proper for a Remblican President to take the party livery of more who had scatted and scaled it: coalyy Pennsylvania is the theory advanced that then burglars have broken bure a house they tray- a fegat and ethical right to return poswaster. The hig fact for the panic and file who State is comember as that Republican and dated everywhere else in the Eiden are proving openly or sceretly, that Pennaylvarian will prove he parts affecting to by givan an averabelming majority to Dectar thrombough and lost to emphatic a minority

The principal diescriff from Europe still

theremary from the newsparence, that the but I Devere of Brussels rade a materioristic.

THE RESIDENCE CHANGE HERE THE DESIGNATION the Williams been what home pale means.

in of K" has used more improved in the for rew weeks than in his whole previous "hereby army is not not large. But her of-

the livery bureau is fully up to the standard of the affiles in sending out reports: To the first German coldier who can foat

so Earden soll a Berlin newspaper has officer 57-9-but about enough to give his premains a decemp builds. The billy of it is that the yest Berder of continue atrodecists in this country eannot

he sent to the front, and to that part of the If may not have had anything to do with: u. but the decision of Turkey mit to Join

Allermany turns remarkably soon after the curve ark of the allies along the Marne began. Those vilocon troops of the French are

this of them when it comes to shooting craps. Philiodelphia wheat children can't lose very America has had to play a difficult part in | touch on account of the elimination of Euro-Mexics, and so far our Sents American pean congrapty from the schools. They "watchful waiting" distension shines in most couldn't keep up with all the changes in the

PASSED BY THE CENSOR

P near Brown's Station in the Catskills UP near Brown's station in the they destroyed seventeen villages and tore up the tracks of two rallroads. No, this is not a story of the war, merely a recital of what man can do. Having finished the work of destruction, they built a reservoir thirteen miles long and two miles wide-the largest in the world. They also constructed a dam of gigantic proportions, the whole work cost-

ing more than \$12,500,000. A young man, blue-eyed, straight of build and alive to his work, was in charge. He was unknown to the great mass of the people, for he had no press agent, but Philadelphia heard of him and his work. So Mayor Blankenburg induced him to leave the employ of the city of New York and take charge of the water system of this city. At once a hue and cry was raised that the salary of the new man, \$10,000 a year, was out of proportion to his services and that in any case the position should have gone to a Philadelphian. Since then, Carleton E. Davis has worked wonders with our water system. Typhoid has been reduced to a minimum. The water

ness basis which should delight taxpayers. AVIS is the wrong man in that job," said a member of City Councils to the writer. "How in 'war' can he do his work right when he drives out to the pumping stations and filters at three in the morning to see if the men are on the job? No man can dissipate that way and get down fresh to the office in the morning.'

is clean-the department is run on a busi-

Which is one of the reasons why Davis is making good.

O NCE upon a time there was a gentlemanly waiter at the exclusive Philadelphia Club. Because of his pleasant ways, he was deservedly popular with the members. Now, it so happened that he fell in love with the daughter of the club's steward, who frowned upon a young man who had no prospects. The members watched the love affair with interested eyes, and when they saw how matters were going they decided to help the

Encouraged by them, he finally eloped with the girl and married her. Then the members furnished sufficient capital for the waiter to take charge of the old Hotel Bellevue. Since then, George C. Boldt has become rich and famous in hotel life.

Voltaine was one of those was mightler to the world that the pen was mightler TOLTAIRE was one of those who proved than the sword. Once, when he had paid for a box at the Paris opera, the Duc de Lauzun. a favorite of Louis XV, drove him out. Voltaire brought suit for the ejectment, and the duke's lawyer, in his opening address, excorinted the plaintiff thus:

"What! Is it Monsieur Voltaire, a petty ink-slinger, who dares to plead against the Due de Lauxun, whose great-grandfather was the first to scale the walls of La Rochelle. whose grandfather took twelve cannon from the Dutch at Utrecht, whose father captured two standards from the English at Fontency whose-

"Excuse me," interrupted Voltaire, "I am not pleading against that duke who was first on the walls of La Rochelle, nor against the duke who took twelve cannon, nor against him who captured two standards. I am pleading against the Duc de Lauzun who never captured anything in his life except my box at the opera."

He won his suit.

TITTLE MISS NINE-YEAR-OLD went to Li the theatre with her father. They had ut he can fully know has contrived to save the best of seats and a box of candy. Her father treated her as a grown-up. The light opera was drawing to a close.

"Father," said the miss, "don't you think sound, the party itself is trustworthy and | I'm getting old enough to be taken to supper

TNDERNEATH Broad street is a river. It has caused untold bother for builders and it will cause the expenditure of much extra money when the subway is constructed. So far, it has been traced from the northeast corner of Broad and Arch streets, south, curving around the City Hall, as far as Wainut. When the church at Broad and Arch was being built, the subterranean flow was observed and dammed in more ways than one. It came to light again when the Ritz-Cariton Hotel was in course of construction. There it was observed that it ebbed and flowed in synchronization with the river tide -two inch above normal and as much below.

No que appears to know whence it comes. nor where it empties, but it is a really, truly river nevertheless.

O'N the street corner of Lyons, in France. Jewish peddler, playing the violin and singing, that she might aid her sisters and brothers. Eventually she drifted to Paris, where the revolt of 1848 had turned the city topsyturty. Somehow or other she fell in with a mob of rloters, maddened with excitement, The rabble rolled along one street into another, until it came to the Theatre Francais. renamed Theatre de la Republique.

A man lifted Elizabeth to the stage and holding a gun to her head, ordered her to sing the "Marsellaise."

She raised her volce-overcome by emotion. vibrant with the import of the events in which she was participating-and intoned the famous battle hymn. Half singing, half chanting, her voice rose and fell, the hushed rabble seemingly hypnotized by the frail girl Then she ceased and an uproar of wild ac-

claim burst forth. From that moment, Rachel, greatest of French actresses, was firmly established in the volatile hearts of her countrymen. Eventunity, when stricken with tuberculosis, she came to this country, but was forced to cancel her tour. She returned to France to BRADFORD. die there.

NATIONAL POINT OF VIEW

The National Municipal League is a very reli-meaning and high-ininded institution, but if it imagines for a moment that the peoples of cities in general, and Haston in particular, have the slightest notion of giving up the right to choose their own Mayors it is gravely de-

The moral damage of this war to the act child will be incalculable. It fills his head with duily stories of bloodshed, fightings, passions. Religion is an overshudowed by Christians blowing each other's heates out that it is hard to make it even a reality to him, and as to human brotherhoodpresent except as we Americans can exemplify it - Christian Work and Evangelist.

Thus far the war has preduced no great poem, and the first forthputtings of the poets of distinction have been disappointing, but it is too soon to ahandon hope. The first shock was too strong for poetic expression, which requires a transformation of emotion into definite form. It will be surprising if some notable poetry is not inspired by the war, and even now a masterpiece may be taking shape. Springfield Republican,

The problem of stock market resumption in this country is the problem of providing the proceeds in such other shape than gold as Europe will be willing to take.—New York

We put Henry Lane Wilson out of the business of su-called diplomacy. If Great Britain wishes to satisfy the United States, it will do the same with Sir Lionel Carden.—New York

The immigration restriction bill that appears to have been pigeon-holed somewhere in the Senate should be resurrected and passd.-Nashville Banner.

IN A SPIRIT OF HUMOR

A Hair-Raising Joke

From the little we have seen of purple hair, it appears to be woman's clowning

'Twas But a Dream!

He ate two big Welsh rarebits—
In the land of horror tarried.
He dreamt—it was a frightful dream—
He dreamt that he was married. Cause for Mirth

"Why are the hyenas laughing so hysterilly?" asked the visitor to the Zoo.
"Somebody mentioned —— * just now," cally? explained the keeper.

*Insert name of statesman you don't like over well.

Thus Died a Hero

There was fire in his eye and his fist in his hand, "Where's the dishdonged printer who set this obituary notice?" he thundered. "What's wrong with it?" meekly asked the

"What's wrong with it?" meekly asked the third subassistant city editor.
"Wrong with it? Everything! I wrote a beautiful poem, beginning: 'She was left a Weeping widow' and that blabgasted printer made it read: 'She had cleft a weeping willow.' Then I wrote: 'Throw thy pearls before the swine.' And how did it come out? How? I ask! 'Buy thy curls pearls before the swine.' And how did it come out? How? I ask! 'Buy thy curls as I do mine." Gently, yet firmly, they killed him, for oblituary poets are taboo in highest journal-

istic circles.

Speaking of Names She was round and she was ruddy, And her cheeks were like the rose And she weighed at least one-eighty As the hay scale record shows. She was sound as any dollar, And no stronger girl you've met Yet this big and robust creature Had been christened Violet -Cleveland Plain Dealer.

He is sissified and happy And he shrinks from blows and strife, And he never said a scrappy Word in all his peaceful life. He would show a streak of yellow If he saw a wooden gun; et this flossy little fellow Has been christened Well-ing-to--Springfield Union

She was built of bone and gristle. And her nose was sharp and thin And her eyes were sharp as gimlets. And she had a scrappy chin; With her tongue she tore her neighbors Reputation up, and she In the days beyond recalling Had been christened Cha-ri-ty

-Houston Post. He is crooked and a grafter And he seldom tells the truth: Has been robbing other people Ever since he was a youth. Beats his wife and plays the bully. But from any man would run;

Has been named George Washington -Birmingham Age-Herald. Why There Are No New Jokes

King Ashurbanurpal laid down the morning paper, remarking to the Mesdames Ash, etc., that there was nothing new under the sun. "Where didst thou hear that, great King?" asked the court jester. Which goes far to prove that even the wisest of ancients wasn't

An Aged Infant "Miss Carter was born in Mazie, Kansas, at the age of 29 years, five months and one day."—Beardstown, Ill., Star.

For Norwegians Exclusively

once put on a pair of skis* And jumped into the skies: But Just how to pronounce the name, I haven't been put wise. *Just heard from the human encylopedia who adjoins us on the northwest that the plural of ski is ski and that the singular of For which information an expectant world should be duly thankful.

A Diplomat

"How do you like your new music master?" "He is a very nice, polite young man. When made a mistake yesterday he said, 'Pray, mademoiselle, why do you take so pains to improve upon Beethoven?" "-Figure.

One Good Bathroom, Surely

"That rich Mr. Smith is going to build a home that will cost \$3,000,000." "That looks as if the plumbing was included."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"Tommy," said the Sunday school teacher, who had been giving a lesson on the bap-tismal covenant, "can you tell me the two things necessary to baptism?" Yes'm," said Tommy, "water and a baby," Western Mail.

Survived the Ordeal A Scot of Peebles said to his friend Mac-

A Scot of Peebles said to his friend Mac-hadrew: "Mar. I hear ye have fallen in love wi' bonny Kate McAllister."
"Weel, Sanders," Mac replied, "I was near—verra near—daein' in, but the bit lassie had nae siller, so I said to maself, 'Mac, be a mon.' And I wis a mon, and noo I jist pass her by."—Argonaut.

Fair Words or Nothing

"George," said the wife to her generally anappreciative husband, "how do you like my new hat?"

"Well, my dear," said George, with great candor, "to tell you the truth—"

"Stop right there, George! If you're going to talk that way about it, I don't want to

-Ideas.

A Pleasant Ride Ahead "Great Scott! I forgot to bring the tool kill

along."
"Good." exclaimed his wife. "Now we can
go right on without taking time out for you
to tinker with the engine."—Detroit Free Press. The Explanation Man Oh, de explanation man, he come around

a-talkin' strong; De words he uses soun's like dey was five or six feet long.

He talks so ornamental dat you has a great desire
To drop yoh daily work an' stan' an' listen
an' admire.

You kin ax 'im any question dat you chance to have on hand; His answer will be mos' too fine foh you to understand. He will tell you 'bout de taxes an' de cost of what you eat An' 'bout de wars dat fill de world wif sorrow so complete.

But wif all dis conversation 'bout de mos' dat he can say Is dat men jes' keep on fightin' an' dey's got de tax to pay. Though he's very informations an' he does de bes' he can. You never gets much comfort fum de ex-planation man.

Philander Johnson in the Washington

Star.

DONE IN PHILADELPHIA

FITHE literary ancestor of my friend Brad-I ford, who chats so pleasantly every afternoon in the next column but one to this, was a man of historic figure in any account of American journalism or printing. As already I have mentioned the editor who first published an evening paper in this city, I now want to call to your mind the man who printed the first newspaper published in this country south of Massachusetts.

This was Andrew Bradford, the son of William Bradford, who was the first printer in Pennsylvania, and, for that matter, in the Middle Colonies. Andrew was born in Philadelphia in 1686, the year his father issued the first publication from his press.

There is strong reason to believe that William Bradford came to this country with William Penn, and this is one of the things that will be cleared up when my friend Albert Cook Myers completes his search for materials for a life of the founder of Pennsylvania. Mr. Myers is now in England, and is hard at work gathering and copying letters and documents for his projected definitive edition of the works of Penn. I have assumed that he will subsequently write a life of Penn in view of the immense amount of unknown material he has already garnered from the old families in this country and in England and Ireland.

It is only fair to Mr. Myers to say that he has not yet declared that he will do this, but when I suggested it to him, he would not deny that such an idea had come to him, also-All the early Bradfords were men of distinction, and held high position among their fellow citizens here and in New York, but today I want to talk about Andrew in particular.

Readers of Franklin's "Autobiography" will

get an impression of the man and printer that probably is a little prejudiced. I have no doubt that Franklin intended to be fair to his rival in business, both as a printer and as a newspaper publisher, but he does attempt to decide both the subject matter that appeared in Bradford's Weekly Mercury and also the typography of that and the other publications that came from Bradford's press. After the elder Bradford has been arrested for an indiscretion, by order of the Provinclal Assembly, and his printing shop overhauled with the thoroughness of the old Russian Secret Police, the victim decided to shake the dust of Philadelphia and set up a shop in New York, where inducements had been made to him by the Legislature. This was in 1693, when his son Andrew was about seven years of age. The boy afterward was placed in his father's shop and learned the

trade. There was only a limited amount of printing to be obtained in New York and the Bradfords got it. There was a little in New Jersey, and they got that, too, but in the greater city of Philadelphia and in the more promising province of Pennsylvania there was a lot of trade that was going to others, and the Bradfords seem to have decided that Andrew would better go to Philadelphia and, on the strength of the house, get the official and other business.

So, in 1712, we find Andrew, now a man. back in the city of his birth, opening a printing house or, as has been suggested, merely taking over the shop which William Bradford

had left in the charge of Reiner Jensen. At this time the only attempt to issue a newspaper in this country had been promptly suppressed in Boston. This was the News-Letter, a little half sheet that I believe made its appearance once; for the publisher, having had the audacity to comment upon the characters of the assembly, it was promptly

In those days the liberty of the press had not yet been regarded as a constitutional right, and no printer dared make the venture. However, in 1719 another Boston at tempt was made, with the Boston Gazette. The same year Andrew Bradford b can the publication of his American Weekly Mercury, and this was continued for many years. The first number was issued on Tuesday, December 22, 1719, the day after Boston's Gazette appeared. Among the reasons announced for the appearance of the paper was the general one, "the encouragement of trade."

It was a small four-page sheet, with a very crude picture of a postboy ornamenting the wings of the title. There was little of what we now would call news, and for a long time the only attempt at literary embellishment was occasional excerpts from some of the English periodicals.

Although the elder Bradford renounced his membership in the Society of Friends, the Friends seem to have brought a great part of their printing to the younger Bradford when he began here. He also became the printer to the province, and the so-called Bradford Laws were all printed at his shop.

The exact location of his office cannot be learned, but it seems to have been at one time at the corner of Second street and Black Horse alley, between Market and Chestnut atreets. Outside hung his sign of

Andrew Bradford also was one of the curliest postmasters of Philadelphia, if not the first, and, of course, his shop was the postoffice. Franklin was envious of him in this position, realizing that to be postmaster and have the control of the postboys was a distinct advantage in the distribution of a newspaper. How Franklin managed to get this office and how he turned the tables on Bradford by bribing the postboys to neglect Bradford's Mercury and take care of his Gazette is very characteristic of the great philosopher, who was not all philanthropist where business was concerned.

Bradford, who died in 1742, published the American Magazine the previous year, the publication making its appearance about the same time that Franklin's magazine ap-

peared. That was another time when Poor Richard opposed his rival and defeated him. GRANVILLE

THE IDEALIST

The pursuit of trifles is one of the most ommon of human failings. For instance: Here are two cierks in a

ausiness office. Both have planned to go to the ball game this afternoon. All morning the game is on the mind of one of these clerks; he mixes base hits with bookkeeping, beautiful running catches with columns of flgures.

The other fellow subconsciously knows he is going out to a hall game. But the fact exists in his subconsciousness only. For the present, his mind is taken up with his day's work. If he completes it satisfactorily and in time, he will go to the game. If not, well he will go some other day.

The first clerk is due at a party this eyening. What will he wear to make a favorable

impression? All day he worries about # mentally tries this and that on; wonders

he will look as well as the others there. The second fellow plugs on. If he has party to attend this evening, he will take care of the matter of dress when events arrives. Now: Which young man do you suppose will be

ball game? The fellow who used up his alle day energy in anticipating the occasion of the fellow who enters into it fresh-minds and with a sense of having accomplished something worth while beforehand?

the more real fun out of the party or the

If your play is more important to you that your work, your salary is too big, no matter how small it is. If your work comes fire and stays there-some day the other fellow will come to you for a job. He will call you "lucky"; but, no doubt, he will still be engaged in the selfsame eight-hour-a-day pun suit of secondary things-trifles.

THE IDEALIST.

CURIOSITY SHOP

The expression, "knock wood," is said to date back to the Crusades. At that time when religious fervor and belief were fastronger than today, almost every soldier carried a piece of what he conceived to be a part of the true cross. When eviseemed impending, or before going into battle, the crusaders were wont to touch the bit of wood, usually kept in an expensive battle, the crusally kept in an expensive bit of wood, usually kept in an expensive golden receptacle. Eventually any piece at wood was touched for luck, and so the expression came into general vogue,

Delaware gets the nickname, the Blue Her State, from an expression attributed to one Captain Caldwell, noted for his cock-fighing proclivities. In days gone by the enting State was addicted to this kind of "sport, and Captain Caldwell's allegation that may rooster could be game unless hatched by a blue here stuck to the State. blue hen stuck to the State.

The so-called Fatal Stone, now resting a Westminster Abbey, was used first a a place on which to crown the kings a Munster. It was originally deposited in the Cathedral of Cashel, their metropolis. In 1213 Fergus, a prince of the royal line, has ling obtained the Scottish throne, obtained this stone for his coronation at Dunstaff, nage, where it continued until the time of Kenneth II, who removed it to Scone. In 1226 it was taken by Edward I to Londer 1226 it was taken by Edward I to London and placed in the world famous Abbey.

"As Goes Maine"

From the New York Evening Mail. The Maine result remonstrates anew that the Republican party cannot hope to resain public confidence to the extent of winning State elections so long as it remains, in policy and is leadership, under control of the men whose course in 1915 forced it to the most overwhelm-ing and humiliating defeat that any national political party ever suffered. * * The Maine verdict foreshadows the national verdict because its voters are outside the preju-dives that affect people in large cities. They are accustomed to do their own thinking, and to no it in their own peculiar way. * * *

do it in their own peculiar way. * * That independence still prevails. Yesterday's election, therefore, has a significance that must not be minimized by students of national po-litical currents. Coming from a State in which the Republican policy of protection shouls, it anywhere, strengthen greatly the Republican cause, the figures must be regarded as show. ing that the asserted weakness of the Wilson Administration is a Republican hope rather than a fact. Also to be reckoned with, as equally decisive if not equally as numerous as in 192, are the forces that moved forward when the Republican party, under Barnes. Perose and Lorimer, moved backward. Those forces are

still looking forward, and they see no Regul-lican party on the horizon. It has not yet caught un from the rear.

Maine sounds a warming that must be heeded by Republicans in every state in which they hope to retrieve their fallen fortune.

An Appeal to the Farmers

From the New York Tribune.

Recognizing the fact that America must supply an extra large part of the world's food-stuffs next year, the International Harvester Company of America has begun a campaign to arouse the farmers of this country to their opportunity and duty. It arges every normal to utilize every available agree and to increase the average with a green agree. That is exthe hyerage yield or each acre. That is ex-tremely good advice on two counts. ***

The liest is the natural desire of all produced. The first is the matural desire of all producers to have available a large supply of merchandles when there is an unusual demand. With Escope in chaos, no question exists about the demand and no question about the desirability of being able to fill it with profit. The second is the more humanitarian and altruistic consideration of ability to relieve, out of the oversiteration of ability to relieve, out of the oversiteration which Europe's shortage of grains and atomic will inevitably produce. This has and atomic will inevitably produce. This has been a year of bounteous crops here. If careful planning and skilful working can do knext year's crops should be even bigger, for there will be need for all that the best farming and the most propitious weather conditions can produce.

*America and Holland From the Baltimore News.

The Invor of this country seems to be courted on all sides. The propaganda which is being curried on here is dangerous to our peace of that and our spirit of fairness; not to our retional peace. But it goes on elsewhere There is a little country called Holland that is struggling mightly to preserve its neutrality, and to which war would spell ruin and perhaps obliteration. Yet for all the regret and herror of war that the great Powers are daily expressing, case is spending its efforts in inciting that little country to hostility against the other. What sort of friendship is it that permits such thinks? The world is already half embroiled. Why should the other half be inundated with masubstantiated accusations had, for the country to hostility against and the very least embrided accusations that, if believed must not the very least embrine it is neutrally and may even lend it to condone offense against its strict neutrality or complete it to depart from an honeastly impartial course? From the Baltimore News.

Soher Second-Thought Treaties

From the St. Louis Republic. Treaties of peace and arbitration are valuable selp to create and deepen right sentim educational and they foster habits 6 sucht that make for sobriety and moderation The Bryan commission treates are designed a insure delay and give reason and common sense a chance. If such treatics had been in force in Europe last July, and if Austria and Servis begin with, had lived up to them and appoints high loud commission of inquiry, the was The whole work ght have been averted. we that delay and opportunity for more dis consion and moral pressure were devoitly wished for at that anxious time. Without cherishing illusions then the acceptance by a many powers of the Bryan treaties may be considered. welcomed as a heartening sign. Such treater will be part of civilized and democratic ma-chinery of war prevention. Military calculnever can wait; peace loving nations will gire themselves ample time for reflection and solet second thought.

Fighting it Out

From the New York Herald. Any constation of bostlittles (in Europe) at this time would be a disaster to the cause of true peace, a disaster to humanity. Par better that the issue of Prussian militarism be fought

IN THE CORNFIELD

nseen, the farmer's boy from round the his Whiteles a couten that socks his soul usactight. And fills some line with tune affect shrift The orieket tells straight on his single

throught—
Nay. 'Its the cricket's way of being still.
The peddler bee drobes in and goodhe naught
For down the wood, a one desiring dove
Times me the beating of a heart of love.
And large benignities and insight wise,
more.

With waving of the corn.

There, while I pause, my fieldward faring end Take harvests, where the stately corn ranks has Of inward districts. And large benignities and inslabt wise.

tiraces and modern majestics.
Thus, without theft, I reap another's field.
Thus, without filth, I house a wondrous risk.
And hear my heart with quinture crops can