

In Labor's Field NEW ZEALAND MILLS

Some Facts About Conditions Under Which They Operate From Recent Census.

Four Million Bushels of Wheat Ground in 1901—Eight-Hour Day in Vogue.

The last census of New Zealand, which was taken in 1902, gives some interesting facts as to the milling industry of the island. Though the milling is carried on there on a small scale when compared with milling in Minneapolis alone, yet the conditions are very satisfactory.

In 1901 there were 78 mills, employing 515 hands and running 429 sets of rolls and 83 pairs of stones. In 45 of these mills steam power is used, 30 water power, and in 3 gas. In the year preceding the taking of the census—1901—they ground 4,000,000 bushels of wheat. In Minneapolis alone over 70,000,000 bushels of wheat were milled in 1902.

New Zealand has for the last decade, as is generally known, been noted for its advanced domestic legislation, embracing a number of experiments in state socialism, says the Northwestern Miller. The colony appears to be prospering well, but it is a moot point as to whether or not the people are suffering from the effects of over-legislation, particularly in regard to the conditions of labor, where regulations and restrictions are in force ad lib. "The labor laws," said one man, largely identified with the milling trade, last week, "are getting too arbitrary and too tight, and the worst of it is there seems to be no knowing when the thing is going to stop."

The arbitration laws of New Zealand, which have been referred to in this column before, afford excellent opportunities for the employees to better their condition and they have not been slow to embrace the benefits. At the present time they have secured a code of laws which govern their hours of work, holidays, wages, etc.

Under these laws the working day is eight hours and the employees receive pay for overtime. They are given a half holiday every alternate week and union men are given a preference to non-union men. The law requires that a man be given a week's notice before being dismissed, unless the dismissal is for cause.

The following is a scale of wages paid to New Zealand millers:

Roller men, 26 cents per hour; oat meal and barley millers, 28 cents; purifier men, 21 cents; smelter men, 22 cents; head storemen, 27 cents; second boiler, 31 cents; packers, 21 cents; head engineers, 28 cents and second and third engineers 24 cents.

ICE MEN FORM A UNION
They Will Ask for an Increase in Wages.

Two hundred ice men employed by the various ice companies in the city have formed a union and will ask for an increase in wages. They are now paid an average of \$45 per month and will ask for an increase of \$3.13 per cent.

SEEK AN EIGHT-HOUR DAY
Union Members Expect Their Request to Be Granted.

Coopers' Union, No. 22, has given notice to the five Minneapolis flour barrel factories that they want an eight-hour day hereafter. The demand has been expected, and there is little doubt that it will be granted.

A PLUMBER MAYOR

George P. Sullivan, Derby, Conn., Sticks to His Trade.

George P. Sullivan, mayor-elect of Derby, Conn., which is governed by fifty-five officials, forty-eight of whom are members of labor unions, works hard at his trade. "I am a plumber," he says. "I can think of the affairs of the city while I am at work on plumbing. But I

MUNYON ON COLDS Gives Timely Advice

A View of the Widespread Epidemic Caused by the Changeable Weather—Emphasizes the Necessity of Prompt Action to Avoid Catarrh, Grip, Pneumonia and Such Diseases.



"Colds give more work to the doctor and undertaker than any other complaint."—MUNYON.

"If I were asked which of my remedies I consider the most valuable, I should unhesitatingly say the Cold Cure—particularly at this season of the year. The last week has been a regular cold-breeder, and fortunate are those who escaped. I regard a cold as the most dangerous of all ailments. It leads to grip, catarrh, neuralgia, sore throat, pneumonia and consumption.

"Colds attack the bowels and kidneys, and set the rheumatic in agony; in fact, colds may be termed the parent of nearly all pains. I know that most people look upon colds as a trifling ailment. This is a mistake, for colds give more work to the doctor and undertaker than any other complaint. Get rid of the cold to-day, not to-morrow. Don't let it get two or three days the start of you. Have my Cold Cure ready to use as soon as you begin to sneeze, shiver, or feel that you are taking cold.

"You can make no better investment than in spending 25 cents with your druggist for a trial of this remedy. Get it to-day, whether you have a cold or not. It is better than a life insurance policy." Any remedy sent post paid on receipt of price. "Guide to Health" book free—MUNYON.

1505 ARCH ST., PHILA.

can't go to meeting rooms in the daytime. I earn \$4 a day as a plumber and I am to earn only \$500 a year as a mayor.

"I have to make eight appointments to official places in the city. I intend that they shall be held by workmen."

"I shall insist upon the union label for all city printing. The law exacts it, but the law is not obeyed."

WORKED IN REFINERY

Mr. Havemeyer, Head of Sugar Trust—Effect of the Trust.

Franklin Clarkin, writing in the Century's trust series of "The So-called Sugar Trust," has this to say of the relations of the trust to the labor problem: "Besides unduly advancing the price of their products, another obvious way in which trusts may interfere with the general welfare is by oppressing workmen in order to reduce cost of production. What the sugar trust has done regarding labor is pointed and clear.

"In massing the refineries it found that six or seven could turn out as much sugar as all the twenty-one together, some being obsolete; so it dismantled all the unnecessary plants, stopped work in them and dismissed the men. Five refineries were produced more than twenty-four did before. This is to work at a minimum expense and the trust found itself willing to advance the wages of the workmen if retained. Later these were increased in number beyond those originally in service. As nearly as can be told, for most grades of labor the wage improvement under the trust has amounted to an average of a dollar a week.

"For five years Mr. Havemeyer worked in a refinery himself. His father had insisted (it was Kusk's formula) that the sons who were to inherit his business should put on overalls, breathe the heat and the vapors, and learn by their own sweat what is the portion of labor. It led to the company supplying beer at cost to the workmen, and it led undoubtedly to the corporate manners which have been adhered to in dealing with ten thousand workingmen, and which have given them ten per cent more than they can get anywhere else as soon as they are found qualified physically to stand from 90 to 110 degrees temperature and 'do the work.'"

Child Labor in Pennsylvania.

The hearings before the anthracite coal commission have resulted, incidentally, in the exposure of shocking conditions in the employment of child labor in some of the mills and factories of Pennsylvania, and several of the witnesses have already been named in the vicinity of Scranton. While the evidence in these cases goes to show that both parents and public officials were to blame, it is none the less apparent that the child labor laws of Pennsylvania are wholly inadequate.

The last report of the state factory inspector showed that 35,440 children were employed in the state. While there was a numerical increase of more than 5,000 in ten years, the proportion of children to the whole number of employees had decreased nearly one-half. Although the age limit had been fixed at 13 years, violations of the law were common, especially in instances where public officials had been negligent in their duties, who could neither read nor write, a circumstance corroborated by the Scranton cases.—North American.

COLUMBUS NEXT YEAR

Custom Cutters Will Meet There—An Employment Bureau.

The National Custom Cutters' association decided yesterday at St. Paul to meet next year at Columbus, Ohio. The cutters voted to establish an employment bureau for members, and to accept as associate members traveling men, woolen merchants and merchant tailors. W. D. Kinsler of Chicago was chosen first associate member. Fred Kromberg of Cincinnati, who was formerly an expert cutter, was made an honorary member.

Practical demonstrations in the robing of a man and the cutters for several hours yesterday. The competitors in the cutting contest for a gold medal were also busy with their shears and basting threads. The garments so achieved will be officially criticized to-day.

Papers were read respectively by George Keppeler of Norwich, Conn., upon "The Journeyman Tailoring of the Future"; George A. Clipper of St. Paul, "The Effect of Coloring in Tailoring"; S. S. Paupst, "One Year's Experience as a Practical Cutter"; S. D. Gilkerson of Minneapolis, "Adapting Men to Different Positions."

Last night the cutters were entertained at a banquet at the Hotel Ryan by the St. Paul Merchant Tailors' exchange.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Hiram A. Scriber (trustee) to Julia G. Schmidt, lots 2 and 3, Sec. 3, subdivision, \$400.

Edward J. Nally and wife to William W. Raymond; lot 7, block 55, Remington's second addition, \$250.

John S. Alder, 3341 Fremont avenue N, dwelling, \$1,500.

John S. Alder, 3341 Fremont avenue N, dwelling, \$1,500.

One minor permit, \$35.

Total, \$5,125.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Walter Seaver and Isabel Easler.

William F. Manigault and Clara Pastian.

BIRTHS.

Eastbrook—Mr. and Mrs. Andrew, 1024 1/2 Sibley street NE, girl.

Sopczak—Mr. and Mrs. John, 400 Marshall street NE, boy.

Strauss—Mr. and Mrs. John, 2315 Sixth street NE, boy.

Glazier—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas, 3337 Emerson avenue S, boy.

Cass—Mr. and Mrs. L., 2549 Twenty-sixth avenue S, girl.

Perrin—Mr. and Mrs. T. J., 903 Thornton avenue SE, girl.

Leigh—Mr. and Mrs. F. H., 8241 Nicollet avenue, girl.

DEATHS.

Boyle—Catherine, 410 James avenue N, 58 years.

Melton—Phineas, 214 Third avenue S, 73 years.

California, via Tourist, Over the Rock Island Ry.

In selecting a route to California the altitude and climate of the country traversed should naturally be given consideration. The Rock Island system not only has the shortest line to the Pacific Coast, but also passes through a territory of the lowest altitude and a most genial temperature. Beginning Wednesday, and every Wednesday thereafter, the Rock Island Ry. will run a tourist car from Minneapolis to Los Angeles without change over the Rock Island-Paso Route, leaving the Milwaukee Depot at 7:10 p. m. The car will be of the latest Pullman design and up-to-date in every respect, and you may be assured of a most comfortable journey if you go this way, a double berth through coach and six dollars, and a nicer way to California than by the usual route. Literature and literature on California can be had at the Rock Island Ticket Office, 322 Nicollet Ave.

Gets to Chicago Right on Time. The famous North Star Limited on the Minneapolis & St. Louis road is making a most enviable record in maintaining schedule time while the other trains are seriously delayed. Try the North Star next time.

Quality and Quantity. These are the two most important factors that should be considered in selecting an advertising medium. The Journal wants considerable space, and an argument to convince you that you secure both when using them.

Minneapolis Dry Goods Co. Minneapolis Dry Goods Co. Minneapolis Dry Goods Co. January Sale of Muslin Underwear.

THIS is too important an occasion to be included in a general "White Sale." It is an event all by itself. Every year its magnitude increases. Every year we make heavier purchases and give greater space to the display of goods. Every year we find it possible to give better values.

Night Gowns

35c Muslin Gowns finished with fine tucking, insertion, embroidery and lawn ruffles.

48c Ten different styles of Muslin and Cambric Gowns, all daintily trimmed with insertion, tucking, embroidery and hemstitched lawn ruffles; some made in the slip-over style; a very attractive lot of gowns.

75c Twelve styles of Cambric Gowns, trimmed with fine laces, insertions, hemstitched tucking; these are extra good value.

89c At this price are several styles of Gowns in Cambric and Nainsook, square, round and V-shaped neck, with dainty yoke of hemstitched tucking, fine lace insertion, beading and ribbon; all extra long and full.

98c A dozen different styles of \$1.25 Gowns, extra fine Cambric and Muslin; V-shaped, round and slip-over styles, trimmed with Valenciennes laces, insertions, beadings and fine embroidery.

1.25 Eight styles in Nainsook and fine Cambric, very effectively trimmed with Valenciennes lace, Swiss insertion, beading and baby ribbon.

1.19 Several styles of Cambric and Nainsook Gowns, regular \$1.39 values, trimmed with torchon and Valenciennes laces.

Then there are several styles in Nainsook and Long Cloth, trimmed with a wealth of fine laces, etc. During this sale there will be

1.69 Gowns at **\$1.39**
1.75 Gowns at **\$1.48**
1.98 Gowns at **\$1.69**
2.25 Gowns at **\$1.98**

White Skirts

48c Cambric Skirts of 75c value, with deep cambric flounce, edged with embroidery dust ruffle and under-piece.

Six styles of Muslin and Nainsook Skirts, very pretty effects in tucking, torchon laces and insertions, etc., at these prices for the January sale:

THE present sale will open Saturday morning. We know we have done our best, and better than ever before. Come and see the show of dainty undermuslins. It was never so big or so varied. The sight will tempt you to buy; and if you yield, you will find that you have spent money wisely.

1.25 Skirts at **98c**
1.59 Skirts at **\$1.25**
1.75 Skirts at **\$1.39**
1.89 Skirts at **\$1.48**

75c Cambric Skirts of \$1 value, finished with lace insertion, lace edge, dust ruffle and underpiece.

More beautiful and delicate styles in Valenciennes laces, Swiss embroideries and insertions.

1.98 Skirts at **\$1.69**
2.25 Skirts at **\$1.98**
2.89 Skirts at **\$2.48**
3.25 Skirts at **\$2.75**
\$5.00 Skirts at **\$3.98**

Drawers

Muslin Drawers with cambric flounce, wide-hemmed, finished with hemstitching, lace insertion and lace edge; for this sale, at **19c**

Drawers of extra fine muslin and cambric, with deep flounce of cambric or fine lawn, finished with cluster tucking, lace and embroidery; for this sale, at **25c**

Cambric and Muslin Drawers, dainty garments trimmed with much Torchon lace, insertion and

hemstitched tucking; for this January sale you will find—

50c Drawers at **39c** a pair.
60c Drawers at **48c** a pair.
89c Drawers at **69c** a pair.
98c Drawers at **75c** a pair.
\$1.25 Drawers at **98c** a pair.

Corset Covers

Cambric Corset Covers, made in Marguerite style, with full front, round neck, finished with lace edge and hemstitched cambric ruffle; a regular 25c garment for **15c**

Then there are some dainty garments in fine Cambric and Lawn, some cut to the waist line, some below; full front, with beautiful trimmings of lace, etc. These values for the January sale:

39c Corset Covers at **25c**
59c Corset Covers at **39c**
75c Corset Covers at **48c**
89c Corset Covers at **69c**
\$1.19 Corset Covers at **89c**
\$1.25 Corset Covers at **98c**
\$1.89 Corset Covers at **\$1.19**
\$1.50 Corset Covers at **\$1.25**

Continuing the Sale of Linens, Cottons and White Goods

Next year we shall want to beat this sale. It will be a hard task, for it is not easy to see where or how we are going to get such goods and sell them at such little prices. But you can buy enough now to last until that time comes, and you will be happy all the year to think that you bought at the right time, when the tide of values was the highest and the tide of prices was the lowest. A few pointers for Saturday:

DAMASKS:

Full bleached, 60-in., 50c quality, yard, **29c**

Pure linen, 68-in., always 69c, this sale, **47c**

Fine Double Satin Damask, new patterns in our \$1.10 grade, 68-in., **82 1/2c**

Heavy Double Satin Damask, 68-in., with broad open borders, our regular \$1.25 grade, **98c**

Grass Bleached 72-in., new open borders, a splendid cloth, our \$1.50 and \$1.75 grades, this **1.29**

CREAM DAMASK

60-in., 64-in. and 66-in. pure linen, our regular 60c, 65c and 75c cloths, all at **47c**

72-in., always 89c a yard, this sale, **69c**

72-in., the famous Barnsley Dew Bleached, \$1.25 quality, **87 1/2c**

60c, 65c and 69c Damasks **44c**

A big table in the basement filled with them; bleached, half bleached and unbleached, 60-in. and 64-in.

Pattern Cloths.

\$2.50 kind, 8-4 size, **1.98**

\$8.00 kind, 8-10 size, **2.45**

\$4.00 kind, 8-12 size, **2.98**

About 25 J. S. Brown & Sons' Cloths, fine double satin damask, 2x2 1/2 yards, at half price; instead of \$6.75, each **3.38**

Hemstitched Cloths, very fine ones, bought to sell at \$2.50 and \$3.00, all at **1.98**

NAPKINS

5-8, full bleached, \$1.10 kind, dozen, **89c**

5-8, full bleached, \$1.50 kind, dozen, **1.25**

5-8, full bleached, \$2.50 kind, dozen, **1.89**

3-4 the best \$4 napkins we ever saw, going at **2.89**

Half bleached, \$1.50 and \$1.69 kinds, this sale only, **1.25**

CRASH TOWELING—Basement.

18-in. Checked Glass Toweling, yard, **33c**

16-in. Brown Linen Crash, yard, **34c**

The above are regular 8c qualities.

18-in. Linen Crash, 12 1/2c grade, **9c**

18-in. Linen Crash, 15c grade, **11c**

TURKISH TOWELS—Basement.

24x52, bleached and unbleached, 25c and 30c ones, **19c**

15c, 18c and 22 1/2c kinds all at **12 1/2c**

Towels.

Bleached Huck, 18x36—8c ones, each, **5c**

10c kind, hemmed, **6 1/2c**

11c linen huck, **8 1/2c**

16c kind, 19x40, **9c**

18c kind, all linen huck, **12 1/2c**

21c kind, all linen huck, **15c**

25c kind, all linen huck, **19c**

Double hemstitched linen birdseye huck, 22x45, regular 50c towels, at half price, with a limit of one dozen **25c**

BED SPREADS.

One case, \$1.25 kind, this sale, **79c**

One case, \$1.50 kind, at **\$1.05**

Cottons

Special Prices Bleached and Unbleached Cottons and Sheetings.

BLEACHED COTTONS.

36-inch bleached 7c cotton at, the yard, **5c**

36-inch Dwight Anchor half bleached at, the yard, **8c**

Fine 36-inch cambric at, the yard, **8c**

Standard Bleached Sheetings.

8-4 width at 16c, 17c and 18c yard. 9-4 width at 18c, 20c and 22c yard. 10-4 width at 20c, 21c and 25c yard.

Half Bleached Sheetings.

Widths 8-4 9-4 10-4 Sale prices 18 1/2c 20 1/2c 22 1/2c

36-inch Cotton, Unbleached.

Regular prices 5c 6c 8c Sale prices 3 1/2c 4 1/2c 6c

Standard Unbleached Sheetings.

Widths 8-4 9-4 10-4 Regular prices 17c 19c 22c Sale prices 14c 16c 18c

Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Plain Sheets, standard brands, hand torn and hemmed, ready for use.

72x90 inch, the 50c kind, at **48c**

72x90 inch, the 50c kind, at **52 1/2c**

81x90 inch, the 50c kind, at **57 1/2c**

81x90 inch, the 75c kind, at **65c**

Double Hemstitched Sheets.

81x90 inch, the 75c kind, at **67 1/2c**

81x90 inch, the 85c kind, at each, **79c**

Plain Pillow Cases.

42x36 inch, the 12 1/2c kind, at each, **8 1/2c**

42x36 inch, the 14c kind, at each, **12 1/2c**

42x36 inch, the 16c kind, at each, **9 1/2c**

45x36 inch, the 18c kind, at each, **15c**

50x36 inch, the 18c kind, at each, **16c**

Double Hemstitched Pillow Cases.

45x36 inch, the 20c kind, at each, **17 1/2c**

45x36 inch, the 25c kind, at each, **21c**

Bleached Pillow Casing

42-inch, three qualities, yd., 9c, 10c, 11c. 45-inch, three qualities, 10c, 10 1/2c, 12c. 48-inch, half bleached, the yard, 11 1/2c.

Pillow Tubing

42-inch, 16c kind, at 12 1/2c. 45-inch, 18c kind, at 14c. 50-inch, 20c kind, at 16c.

White Goods

English Long Cloths, Imperial brand, soft chamois finish, in 12-yard pieces, 36 inches wide;

Regular Prices—\$1.25 \$1.50 \$1.65 \$1.75 \$2.00 \$2.25 the piece Sale Prices—89c \$1.15 \$1.25 \$1.39 \$1.59 \$1.75 the piece

Fine English Nainsook, soft glove finish, 12-yard pieces, 36 inches wide; Regular Prices—\$1.65 \$