THE CONSCRIPTION LAW. A BILL TO BE ENTITLED "AN ACT TO PURTURE PROVIDE POL

THE PUBLIC DEFENCE." In view of the exigencies of the country, and the abso-lute necessity of keeping in the service our gallant army, and of placing in the field a large additional force to meet the advancing columns of the enemy now invading our

soil; therefore

Section 1. The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact, That the President be, and is hereby authorized to call out and place in the military service of the thorized to call out and place in the military service of the Confederate States, for three years, suless the war shall have been sooner ended, all white men who are residents thirty-five years at the time the call or calls may be made, thirty-five years at the time the call or calls may be made, who are not legally exempted from military service. All of the persons aforesaid who are not now in the armies of the Confederacy, and whose term of service will expire better the end of the war, shall be continued in service for fore the end of the war, shall be continued in service for the error of the war, shall be continued in service for the error of the war, shall be continued in service for the error of the war, shall be continued in service for the error of original enlistment, unless the war shall have been sooner ended: Provided, however, That all such companies, battalions and regiments whose terms of original enlistment were for twelve months, whose terms of original enlistment were for twelve months, whose terms of original enlistment were for the fixed by the commander of the brigade, to re-organize said companies, battalions and regiments by electing their officers, which they had a right heretofore to elect, who shall be commissioned by the President: Provided, further, That furlioughs not exceeding sixty days, with transportation home loughs not exceeding sixty days, with transportation home loughs not exceeding sixty days, with transportation home and back, shall be granted to all those retained in the service by the provisions of this act beyond the period of vice by the provisions of this act beyond the period of their original enlistment, and who have heretofore not received furloughs under the provisions of an act entitled. "An act providing for the granting of bounty and furloughs to private and non-commissioned officers in the Provisional Army," approved 11th December, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, said furloughs to be granted at such times and in such numbers as the Secretary of War may deem most compatible with the public interest; and Provident hundred and sixty-one, and turioughs to be graved in such numbers as the Secretary of War may deem most compatible with the public interest; and Provided, further, That in lieu of a furlough, the commutation value in money of the transportation hereinabove granted shall be paid to each private, musician or non-commissioned officer who may elect to receive it at such time as the furlough would otherwise be granted. Provided, further, That all persons under the age of eighteen years, or over the age of thirty-five years, who are now enrolled in the military service of the Confederate States, in the regiments, battalions and companies hereafter to be organized, shall be required to remain in their respective companies, battalions and regiments for ninety day, unless their places can sooner be supplied by other recruits not now in the service, who are between the ages of eighteen and thirty-five years, and all laws and parts of laws providing for the five years, and all laws and parts of laws providing for the re-enlistment of volunteers and the organization thereof into companies, squadrons, battalions or regiments, shall

be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted. That such companies, squadrons, battalions or regiments organized, or in process of organization by the authority from the Secretary of War, as may be within thirty days from the passage of this act so far completed as to have the whole number of men requisite for organization, actually enrolled, not embracing in said organization any persons now in service, shall be mustered into the service of the Confederate States as part of the land forces of the same, to be received in that arm f the service in which they are authorized to organize, and shall elect their company, battalion and regimental officers.

SEC. 8. Be it further enacted, That for the eurollment of all persons comprehended within the provisions of this act, who are not already in service in the armies of the Confederate States, it shall be lawful for the President, with the consent of the Governors of the respective States to employ State officers, and, in failure to obtain such con-sent, he shall employ Confederate officers, charged with the duty of making such enrollment in accordance with rules

and regulations to be prescribed by him.
Sag. 4. Be it further enacted, That persons enrolled under the provisions of the preceding section shall be as signed by the Secretary of War to the different companies now in service, until each company is filled to its maximum number, and the persons so enrolled shall be assigned to nes from the States from which they respectively

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted, That all seamen and ordipary seamen in the land forces of the Confederate States, enrolled under the provisions of this act, may on application of the Secretary of the Navy, be transferred from and lorces to the naval service.

SEU. F. Be it further enacted, That in all cases where

State may not have in the army a number of regiments, battalions, squadrons or companies sufficient to absorb the number of persons subject to military service under this act, belonging to such State, then the residue or excess therof shall be kept as a reserve, under such regulations as may be established by the Secreta at stated periods of not greater than three months, details, determined by lot shall be made from said reserve, so that each company shall as nearly as practicable, be kept full.

Protided, That the persons held in reserve may remain at me until called into service by the President. Procided, also, That during their stay at home they shall not receive Provided, further, That the persons comprehended pay. Provided, further, That the persuas and articles of in this act shall not be subject to the rules and articles of war until mustered into the actual service of the Confederate States; except that said persons, when enrolled and liable to duty, if they shall wilfully refuse to obey said call, each of them shall be held to be a deserter, and punished as such under said articles. Provided, further That whenever, in the opinion of the President, the exi Provided, further. gencies of the public service may require it, he shall be authorized to call into actual service the entire reserve, or so much as may be necessary, not previously assigned to different companies in service under provision of section four of this act; said reserve shall be organized under such rules as the Secretary of War may adopt. Provided. The company, battalion and regimental offices shall be elected by the troops composing the same. Provided, The troops raised in any one State shall not be combined in regimental hattation, squadron or company organization with troops raised in any other States. SEC. 7. Be it further enacted. That all soldiers now

serving in the army or mustered in the military service of the Confederate States, or enrolled in said service under the authorizations heretofore issued by the Secretary of War, and who are continued in the service by virtue of this act, who have not received the bounty of lifty dollars allowed by existing laws, shall be entitled to receive said

bounty.

SEC. 8. Be it further enacted, That each man who may hereafter be mustered into the service, and who shall arm himself, with a musket, shot gun, rifle or carbine, accepted as an efficient weapon, shall be paid the value thereof, to be ascertained by the mustering officer, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War, if he is willing to sell the same, and if he is not, then he shall be entitled to receive one dollar a month for the use of said received and approved musket, rifle, shot gun or carbine. SEC. 9. Be it further enacted, That persons not liable for duty may be received as substitutes for those who are,

tary of war.

SEC. 10. Be it further enacted, That all vacancies shall be filled by the President from the company, battalion, equadron or regiment in which such vacancies shall occur; by promotion according to seniority, except in cases of disability or other incompetency; Provided, however, That the President may, when in his opinion it may be proper, fill such vacancy or vacancies by the promotion of any officer or officers, or private or privates from such company battalion, squadron or regiment who shall have been distinguished in the service by the exhibition of valor and skill, and that whenever a vacancy shall occur in the lowest grade of the commissioned officer of a company, and vacancy shall be filled by election: Provided, That all appointments made by the President shall be by and with

the advice and consented of the Scinite.

Sag. 11. Be is further enacted, That the provisions of the first section of this act relating to the election of officers shall apply to those regiments, battalions or squadrons which are composed of twelve months and war com-panies combined in the same organization, without regard to the manner in which the officers thereof were originally

appointed.

SEC. 12. Be it further enacted, That each company of infantry shall consist of one hundred and twenty-five rank and file; each company of field artillery of one hundred and fifty rank and file; and each company of cavalry of eighty rank and file.
Suc. 13. Be it further enacted. That all persons sul ject to nt, who are now in the service, under the provisions of this act, shall be permitted previous to such euroil-

The New Conscription Act. The following is a copy of the Conscription Act passed

recently, by both Houses of Congress: An Acr to amend an act, entitled " An Act to provide further for the public defence"-approved 16th April,

The Congress of the Confederate States of America de enact, That the President be, and he is hereby authorized to call out and place in the military service of the Confederate States, for three years, unless the war shall have been sooner ended, all white men who are residents of the Confederate States, between the ages of thirty-five and for-ty-five years, at the time the call or calls may be made. and who are not at such time or times legally exempted from military service; or such parts thereof, as, in his judgment, may be necessary to the public defence, such call or calls to be made under the provisions and according to the terms of the act to which this is an amendment and such authority shall exist in the President, during the and such authority shall exist us the President, during the present war, as to all persons who now are, or may bereafter become eighteen years of age; and, when once enrolled, all persons between the ages of eighteen and forty-five shall serve their full time; provided, that if the President, in calling out troops into the service of the Confederate States, shall first call for only a part of the persons, between the ages hereinbefore stated, he shall call for those between the age of thirty-five, and any other age less than forth-five; provided, that nothing herein contained shall be understood as repealing or modifying any part of the act to which this is amendatory, except as berein expressly stated; and provided further, that those called out under this act, and the act to which this is an amendment, shall this act, and the act to which this is an amendment, shall be first and immediately ordered to fill to their maximum number the companies, battalions, squadrons and regiments from the respective States at the time the act to further provide for the public defence, approved 16th April, 1862, was passed; and the surplus, if any, shall be assigned to organizations formed from each State since the passage of that act, or placed in new organizations, to be officered by the State having such residue, according to the laws thereof, or disposed of as now provided by law; provided, that the President is authorized to suspend the execution of this, or the act to which this is an amendment, in any locality

where he may P nd it impracticable to execute the same; and that in ruch localities, and during such suspension, the Prestduct is authorized to receive iroops into the Confederate service under any of the acts passed by the Confederate Congress prior to the passage of the act to further provide for the public defence approved 16th of April, 1862.

THE MILITARY EXEMPTION ACT.

THE MILITARY EXEMPTION ACT.

The following is a copy of the Exemption Act, as finally passed by both Houses of Congress:

A Bill to exempt certain persons from military service, and to repeal the act entitled "An act to exempt certain persons from enrollment for service in the army of the Confederate States," approved the 21st of April, 1862.

INVALUES, orricess or covenement, clears, etc.

1. The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact, That all persons who shall be held until for military service in the field, by reason of bodily or mental incapacity or imbecility, under rules to be prescribed by the Secretary of war, the Vice-President of the Confederate States, the officers, judicial and executive, of the Confederate States, the officers, judicial and executive, of the Confederate and State Governments, including postmasters appointed by the officers, judicial and executive, of the Confederate and State Governments, including postmasters appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, and such overka in their offices as are allowed by the Postmaster-General, and now employed, and excluding all-other postmasters, their assistants and clerks; and, except such State officers as the several States may have declared, or may himselfor declare by law to be liable to militia duty; the members of both Houses of the Congress of the Confederate States, and of the Localetters of the several States, and their reand of the Legislatures of the several States, and their respective officers; all clerks now in the offices of the Confederate and State governments, authorized by law, coceiving salaries or fees.

ceiving salaries or fees.

All volunteer troops heretofore raised by any State since the passage of the act entitled "An act further to provide for the public defence," approved April 16th, 1862, while such troops shall be in active service under State authority, provided that this exemption shall not apply to any person who was liable to be called into service by virtue

f said set of April 16th, 1862.
TRANSPORTATION AND TELEGRAPS COMPANIES. All pilots and persons engaged in the merchant marine service; the president, superintendents, conductors, treasurers, chief clerks, engineers, managers, station agents, section masters, two expert treak hands to each section of eight miles, and mechanics in the active service and emphasized apparents. eight miles, and mechanics in the active service and employment of railroad companies, not to embrace laborers, porters and messengers; the president, general superintendent and operators of telegraph companies, the local superintendent and operators of said companies not to exceed four in number at any locality but that at the seat of government of the Confederate States; the presidents, superintendents, captaints, engineers, chief clerk and mechanics in the actual service and employment of all companies in gives and captaints of hosts, and n river and canal navigation, and all captains of boats, and ngineers thereon employed.

One editor of cells newspaper now being published, and such employees as the editor or proprietor may certify upon oath to be indispensable for conducting the publication; the public printer, and those employed to perform the public printing for the Confederate and State Governments; every minister of religion authorized to preach ac cording to the rules of his sect and in the regular discharge of ministerial duties.

All persons who have been and now are me Society of Friends and the Association of Dunkers, Naza-renes, and Mennonists, in regular membership in their re-spective denominations, provided members of the Society Friends, Nazarenes, Mennonists, and Dunkers, sha furnish substitutes, or pay a tax of \$500 each into the pub-

PHYSICIANS. All physicians who now are and for the last five years have been in actual practice of their profession. SHOENAKERS, TANNERS, ETC.

All shoemakers, tanugrs, blacksmiths, wagon makers, nillers and their engineers, millwrights, skilled and ac tually employed as their regular vocation in the said trades, habitually engaged in working for the public and whilst so actually employed; provided said persons shall make oath in writing that they are so skilled and actually employed at the time as their regular vocation in one of the above trades, which affidavit shall only be prima facis evidence f the facts therein stated. A PROVISO AGAINST EXTORTION.

Provided further, That the exemptions herein granted persons by reason of their peculiar mechanical or other occupation of employment not connected with the public service shall be subject to the condition that the products of the labor of such exempts, or of the companies and es-lablishments with which they are connected shall be sold and disposed of by the proprietors at prices not exceeding seventy-five per centum upon the cost of production, of within a maximum to be fixed by the Secretary of Wa inder such regulations as he may prescribe; and it is further provided that if the proprietors of any such manufacturing establishment shall be shown upon evidence to be submitted to and judged of by the Secretary of War to have violated, or in any manner evaded, the true intent and spirit of the foregoing proviso, the exemptions therein nted shall no longer be extended to them, dents or operatives in said establishments, but they, and each and every one of them, shall be forthwith enrolled under the provisions of this act, and ordered into the Confederate army, and shall in no event be again exempted therefrom by reason of said manufacturing establishments or employments therein.

HOSPITALS, ASTLUMS, &C. All superintendents of public hospitals, the tie asylums, and the regular physicians, nurses and attended the form the deaf, and the teachers emp oyed in the institutions for the deaf, dumb, and blind. In each apothecary store now established and doing business, one apothecary in good standing, who is a practical apothecary.

WOOL, COTTON, AND PAPER PANUFACTURERS. Superintendents and operatives in wool and cotton fac-tories, paper mills, and superintendents and managers of wool carding machines, who may be exempted by the Secretary of War, provided the profits of such establishments shall not exceed seventy five per centum upon the cost of production, to be determined upon oath of the parties, subject to the same penalties for violation of the provisions herein contained as are hereinbefore provided in case of other manufacturing and mechanical employments. EDUCATIONAL EXEMPTIONS.

All presidents and teachers of colleges, academics, schools and theological seminaries who have been regularly engaged as such for two years preceding the passage of this

ARTISANS EMPLOYED ON "GOVERNMENT WORK All artisans, mechanics, and employees in the establishment of the government for the manufacture of arms, ordpance, ordnance stores, and other munitions of war who may be certified by the officer in charge thereof, as necessary for such establishment; also all artisans, mechanics, and employees in the establishments of such persons as are or may be engaged under contracts with the Govern-ment in turnishing arms, ordnance, ordnance stores, and other munitions of war, saddles, harness, and army sup-plies, provided that the chief of the ordnance bureau, or some ordnance officer authorized by him for the purpose, shall approve of the number of the operatives required in such establishment; all persons employed in the manufacture of arms, or ordnance of any kind by the several States; or by contractors to furnish the same to the sevof State thereof may certify to be necessary to the same; all persons engaged in the construction of ships, gunbosts, engines, sails, or other articles necessary to the public desuperintendents, managers, mechanics, and miners em-ployed in the production and manufacture of salt, to the extent of twenty bushels per day, and of lead and iron, and all persons engaged in making charcoal for making pig and bar iron, not to embrace laborers, messengers, wagoners, and servants, unless employed at works conducted under the authority and by the officers or agents of a State, or in works employed in the production of iron for the Confede-

One male citizen for every 500 head of cattle, for every 250 head of horses or mules, and one shepherd for every 500 head of sheep, of such persons as are engaged exclusively in raising stock, provided there is no white male adult not liable to do military duty engaged with such person in raising said stock.

OVERSEERS ON PLANTATIONS. To secure the proper police of the country, one person either as agent, owner, or overseer on each plantation on which one white person is required to be kept by the laws or ordinances of any State, and on which there is no white male adult not liable to do military service, and in States having no such law one person, as agent, owner, or over-seer on each plantation of twenty negroes, and on which there is no white male adult not liable to military service, and, furthermore, for additional police for every twenty negroes on two or more plantations within five miles of each other, and each having less than twenty negroes, and on which there is no white male adult not liable to military duty, one person, being the oldest of the owners or over-

seers on such plantations. SPECIAL EXEMPTIONS. Also, a regiment raised under and by authority of the State of Texas for the frontier defence, now in the service of said State, while in such service; and such other per-sons as the President shall be satisfied on account of justice, equity, or necessity, ought to be exempted, are here-by exempted from military service in the armies of the Confederate States; provided, that the exemptions herein above enumerated shall only continue whilst the persons exempted are actually engaged in their respective pursuits

2. That the act entitled "an act to exempt certain persons from eurolment for service in the armies of the Confederate States," approved the 21st April, 1862, is hereby

Explanations and Instructions as to the Conscription and Exemption Laws, by the Ad-

jutant General. Ommandants of Conscripts and Camps of Lastruction.
 An officer, styled the Commandant of Conscripts, will

be appointed for each State, who will be charged with the supervision of the enrollment and disposition of conscripts. He will establish one or more camps, in which conscripts will be assembled and instructed, and may recommend for appointment, a Surgeon, a Quartermaster, a Commissary, and the requisite number of Drillmasters for each camp.—
If more than one camp be established, he may also recommend a commandant for each camp not under his own imend a commandant for each camp not under his own im-

2. A hospital will be established, and huts for winter quarters constructed at each camp, and all conscripts as-sembled at the camps will be promptly vaccinated, if it has

not already been done.

3. The Commandant of Conscripts will require from each camp a report on the first Monday in every month, showing the expenses of the preceding month; the number of conscripts in the camp; the number received and sent away, during the preceding month; the regiments, battaltons or completes to which they were sent; the number fransferred

to the nawy; the number of sick; the nature of their dis-cesses, and the number of deaths. He will make a consoli-dated monthly report to the Adjute at and Inspector-Gene-ral of the army.

4. The Commandants of Cenar ripts east of the Missis-sippi river will receive orders or ly from the War Depart-ment, and will not be interfered with by Generals com-manding departments or armi es in the field. West of the Mississappi, they will report to and receive instructions from the Commanding General of the Trans Mississippi department, who well require them to conform as nearly as possible to this order, and to the regulations prescribed for commandants cast of the Mississippi. He will make a con-solidated monthly report to the Adjutant and Inspector-General of the army.

General of the army.

5 The commandar is of all regiments, buttalions, squadrons or unattached companies which were in service on the 16th of April, 17.62, desiring to receive conscripts, may transmit, through the Adjutant and Inspector General of the army, state ments of the strength of their commands, to the Command ant of Conscripts in their respective States, with unless otherwise ordered, will, as far as practicable, distribute the conscripts of the State among its regiments, but their constraints of the state among its regiments, but all their constraints of the state among the regiments. battalions and companies thereof, in proportion to their respective deliciencies.

He will consult the wishes of the conscripts in assigning

them to companies or regiments so far as may be consistent with their proper distribution, and will not separate men from the same county, district or parish, if it can be avoided. The same rule will be observed by the Commandance of the com dents of corps in assigning conscripts to companies.

6. Conscripts for cavalry will only be taken from those who furnish their own horses. No conscripts can be assigned to companies mustered into service since the 16th of

7. The Commandants of Conscripts are specially enjoy ed to pay unceasing attention to the health, comfort and ed to pay since asing attention to the health, confort and instruction of the conscripts under their command, and to bear in mind that the efficiency of the army and the safety of the country depend in a great measure upon their faithful discharge of these duties.

III. Enrollment of Conscripts.

All white male residents of the Confederate States between the ages of 18 and 40 not exempted by act of Conscripts.

gress, or not already in the service, will be enrolled. Per-sons liable to enrollment may be enrolled wherever they may be found, as provided by the Act No. 42, herewith IV. Undomicited Foreigners.

1. Foreigners not domicited in the Confederate States

are not liable to enrollment. Domicil in the Confederate States consists in residence with intention permanently to remain in those States, and to abandon domicil elsewhere. Long residence of itself does not constitute domicil. A person may acquire domicil in less than one year, and he may not acquire it in twenty years' residence If there is a determination to return to the native country and to retain the domicil there, no length of residence can confer

The principal evidences of intention to remain are the declarations of the party, the exercise of the rights of citizenship, marriage, and the acquisition of real estate; but

the intention may be gathered from other facts.

2. The enrollment will be made by the enrolling officers of the State, if the Governor thereof will permit them to act under the orders of the Commandants of Conscripts, and application will be made by the said commandants for such permission. If it be declined, the Commandant will report the fact to the Adjutant and Inspector General and ask for the employment of Confederate officers for the purpose of making enrollments. If the Governor consents, but the enrolling officers of the State be found unable or unwilling to discharge their duty efficiently, the like application will be made to the Adjutant and Inspector General; and in such event, a commissioned officer for each Congressional district, and a non-commissioned officer or private for each county, city, town, district or parish, will be assigned to such duty.

In making such assignment, officers and men disabled

by wounds from active duty in the field, and acquainted in the localities in which they are required to serve, will, as far as practicable, be selected. The commissioned officer in each district will superintend the enrollments and collection of conscripts therein. Non-commissioned officers and privates, while so employed, will be allowed pay as extra duty men. The enrolling officers of the States, if

employed, will be paid the compensation allowed by the State laws for similar services. The Commanding Generals of armies in the field will order such commissioned officers, non-commissioned officers and privates as they think qualified to be enrolling officers or drill officers, and who are untit for active service in the field, to report to the Commandant of Conscripts in their respective States, who will order such of them to duty as may be required, and report the remainder by letter to the Commanding General as not needed for such service. 8. Enrollments for particular regiments, squadrons, bat-talions and companies in service on the 16th of April, 1862, may be made by officers detailed for the purpose by the Commanding General of a department or an army in the field; but such officers must report to the Comman-dent of Conscripts in their respective States, receive in-structions from him, and assemble their conscripts at such int as he may designate. Conscripts enre reporting to such Commandant will be deemed to be enrolled for general service, and shall at any time be trans-ferred, on their own application, or on the application of commandants of corps needing conscripts, to such corps.

V. Exemptions.

The Exemption Act will be construed prospectively, and does not authorize the discharge of any one enrolled or in service prior to the 11th day of October, 1862.

VI. Bodily and Mental Infirmity. Questions of bodily and mental incapacity will be decided by Surgeons employed for the purpose, by virtue of the act of Congress approved the 11th of October, 1862. Three Surgeons in each Congressional District will be recommended by the Commandants of Conscripts to the Adjutant and Inspector General for employment, under the foregoing act; and the said Commandants will establish in each county, city, parish or district a place of ren-dezvous for the examination of conscripts enrolled therein. 2. The three Surgeons employed in each Congressional District will constitute a Board of Examination for the District; and one or more of them may act at any place of rendezvous therein. They shall fix days for the examination of conscripts in each county, city, parish or district and give at least ten days' notice thereof, by publication in one or more newspapers circulating in the Congressional District, and by notice posted at the principal places of

public resort.

3. The enrolling officer for the county, city parish or district shall attend at such examinations, and enroll and send to the camp of instruction such persons as are examined and found by the Surgeon to be capable of bearing arms. The standard of bodily capacity shall be that established by General Order, No. 58, modified by the omistion of the 3d paragraph, which authorized the curollment of persons not equal to all military duty. No person will be enrolled as a conscript, who is not capable of bearing

4. Persons deemed incapable of bearing arms shall be reported by the Examining Surgeon to the Board of Ex-amination, who shall determine the questions of exemp-tion, and grant certificates thereof. The certificates shall tion, and grant certificates thereof. The certificates shall specify whether the incapacity is temporary or permanent; and if permanent, the party shall be exempt from future examination, unless specially ordered by the board. So soon as the examining Board shall be organized in any Congressional District, and shall enter upon the discharge of their duties, no other mode of examination for persons in that district will be pursued; and the decision of the Examiniation Reard will be decayed find. mining Board will be deemed final. 5. the fact that a person has been discharged from service for physical disability or other cause, does not of itself exempt from enrollment as a conscript.

 If any enrolled person is unable to attend at the ren-dezvous on account of sickness, he will send to the Examining Surgeon a certificate specifying the cause of absence, and its probable duration, from some respectable physician resident in the county, city, parish or district in which the rendezvous is situated. The Examining Surgeon shall send the certificate to the Commandant of the nearest Camp of Instruction; and if the person mentioned therein shall not report himself for examination at the said camp within a reasonable period, or send to the Commandant of the Camp a renewal of the certificate, showing his continued disability, he shall be deemed absent without leave.

7. A compensation of \$4 per diem, while actually employed, will be allowed to each of the Examining Surgeons, and will be paid on their certified account by the Quartermaster of the nearest Camp of Instruction. VII. Friends, Dunkards Nazarenes and Mennonites.

All persons of the above denominations, in regular mem bership therein on the 11th day of October, 1862, shall be exempt from enrollment, on furnishing a substitute, or ou presenting to the curolling officer a receipt from a bonded quartermaster for the tax of five hundred dollars imposed by act of Congress, and an affidavit by the Bishop, Presid by act of congress, and an aman's by the Bisnop, Presid-ing Elder, or other officer whose duty it is to preserve the records of membership in the denomination to which the party belongs, setting forth distinctly the fact that the party on the 11th day of October, 1882, was in regular membership with such denomination. The affidavit must be taken and certified by a Justice of the Peace, or other officer appointed by the law of his State to administer naths; and his authority to administer oath must be certified by the clerk of a court of record, under the seal of the

All Assistant Quartermasters to whom the said tax is tendered will receive and receipt for it, and pay the same into the Treasury of the Confederate States, without unreasonable delay. The enrolling officer will receive the receipt and forward it to the Commandant of Conscripts, by whom it will be forwarded to the Quartermaster General,

who will charge the Assistant Quartermaster with the amount received by him.

VIII. Provision against Ectorion.

1. When application for exemption is made by any shoemaker, tanner, blacksmith, wagonmaker, miller, mill engineer or millwright, not in the employment of any company or establishment, but working for himself, the party seeking evention shall state in writing under oath that he is or establishment, but working for himself, the party seeking exemption shall state in writing, under oath, that he is
skilled and actually employed in his said trade: that he is
habitually engaged in working for the public; that the products of his labor, while exempt from military service shall
not be sold, exchanged or bartered for a price exceeding
the cost of production and seventy-five per cent. profit
thereon; and that he will not by any arrangement, shift or contrivance, evade the law, or receive a greater price or re-

ward than it allows.

2. Where application is made to exempt superintendents and operatives in wool and cotton factories and paper mills, and superintendents and managers of wool carding machines, shoemakers, tanners, blacksmiths, wagonmakers, millers, mill engineers or millwrights, not working for themselves, but in the employment of some company or establishment, the president or some director, if the company be incorporated, if not, the proprietor of the business, or if there be a firm, some partner therein, shall make oath in writing that the said superintendents, operatives, managers or mechanics, as the case may be, are skilled and actually employed in their said vocations; that they are absolutely working for the public; that they are absolutely ward than it allows.

a price eveceding the cost of production and seventy-five per cent. profit thereon; that no shift, contrivence or arrangement shall be made to evade the law, or to secure a larger return or profit than it allows; and that exemption is not sought for a larger number of persons than is shed-lutely necessary for the successful prosecution of the business of the concern.

8. The foregoing affidavits shall be made before some Justice of the Peace or other persons authorized by law to administer caths, and if such Justice or other person be not personally known to the enrolling officer to be what he purports to be, his official obstracter and his right to administer caths, must be certified by the Clerk of some court of record, under the seni of his court.

The affidavits shall be returned to the Commandant of

court of record, under the seal of his court.

The affidavits shall be returned to the Commandant of Gonscripts, and exemptions shall be granted by the enrolling officer. If, however, he suspect false swearing or mistake, he shall then refuse the exemption, and refer the case, after first enrolling the names of the parties in question, to the Commandant of Conscripts, who shall dispuse of it.—

If at any time the enrolling afficer have cause to suspect false swearing or mistake in the foregoing affidavits, he shall report the fact to the Commandant of Conscripts, and if the said commandant be satisfied after due investigation that a larger number of persons is designedly employed than is necessary, or that a larger profit than the law allows is received either directly or indirectly, he shall order the enrollment of the parties exempted upon the said affidavits. rollment of the parties exempted upon the said affidavits.

IX. Details.

Citizen employees and mechanics who are employed in establishments of the government, or by contractors with the government, in the manufacture of arms, ordnance, ordnance stores, and other munitions of war, saddles, harness and army supplies, will be enrolled and returned to their work: Provided, The Chief of the Ordinance Bureas, or some ordinance officer authorized by him for the pur-pose, shall certify that the number of operatives required by the officer in charge of such establishment, or by such contractors for government work, is reasonable and not excessive. Such certificate will be presented to the enrolling officer, who will thereupon make the detail of the men specified for a period not exceeding sixty days, and return the certificate to the Commandant of Conscripts. At the expiration of such detail, the officer in charge of the government shop or the content of the commandant of the content ment shop, or the contractor, in whose employment said conscripts are, shall cause said certificate to be renewed, or return the conscripts to the nearest camp of instruction—
If the certificate be not renewed, or the conscripts be not returned, no other detail shall be granted to such establishment or contractor. In all cases of details for contractors, the party requesting the detail shall make affidavit that the persons so detailed will not be employed on any other than government work, which affidavit shall be re-turned to the Commandant of Conscripts; and if it be found that at any time such detailed conscripts are employed by said contractors upon work for private individuals, the de-tail shall be canceled by the Commandant of Conscripts. Paragraph I, General Orders No. 50, current series, is

X. To whom Applications for Ecemption must be ad- Applications for exemption must, in all cases, be made to the Eurolling officer, from whose decision an appeal may be taken to the Commandant of Conscripts. The Department will not consider the application until it has been referred by the latter officer.

Al. Substitutes.

1. When a person claims exemption on the ground that he has put a substitute in service, he must exhibit to the enrolling officer a discharge from some company, signed by the commanding officer of the regiment or command to which the said company belongs, or then belonged, (see General Order No. 25.) or an exemption signed by the Commandant of Conscripts. And if the said discharge or exemption do not show that it was granted in consideration a substitute having been furnished, such fact must be ortified in writing by the commanding officer of the resement or command to which the company belongs, or by the Commandant of Conscripts, as the case may be. XI. Substitutes. mandant of Conscripts, as the case may be

But within all cases arising within thirty days from the date of this order, the enrolling officer may great the ex-emption, upon satisfactory proof that the party furnished a substitute, who was actually received into the service of the Confederate States for three years or the war, and the substitute is not liable to military service; such exemp-tion may, at any time be canceled, if frasd or mistake be

2. Paragraph II, General Order No. #, current series, is hereby reveked. No person under eighteen years of age, or not domiciled in the Confederate Sates, or not of good moral character, or who is liable under the existing order to enrollment as a conscript, shall be received as a substi-And in all cases in which a substitute becomes subject to

of the substitution shall expire.

Any person subject to carrollment who desires to furnish a substitute, may, at any time before the curollment, or before he is assigned to a company and sent from the camp of instruction, present a substitute at such camp. And if the substitute he capable of bearing arms, and he of good moral character, and not within the prohibited classes, he shall be received, and the principal shall be exempt from

XII. Volunteering. All Pounteering,
All persons liable to conscription may, before enrollment,
volunteer in companies in service on the 16th of April,
1862. But after carollment, they cannot volunteer nor
can they at any time volunteer in companies received into
service since the 16th of April, 1862.

XIII Miscellaneous.

 All impressments of men by regimental, battalion or company commanders, under any pretence whatever, are prohibited, it being the design of the Department to sup-ply the army exclusively through the officers appointed by 2. All the laws and regulations applicable to deserters shall be applied to such conscripts as fail to repair to the place of rendezvous for enrollment, or who shall desert af-

3. All the agencies employed for the apprehension and confinement of deserters and their transportation to the commands of their respective commanders, shall be appli-cable to persons liable to duty as conscripts who shall fail to repair to the place of rendezvous after the publication Adjutant and Inspector General,

AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT ENTITLED "AN ACT TO PURTU-ER PROVIDE FOR THE PUBLIC DEFENCE," APPROVED 16TH APRIL, 1862, AND THE ACT TO AMEND THE SAME, AP-

APRIL, 1982, AND THE ACT TO AMEND THE SAME, APPROVED SEPTEMBER 27TH, 1862.

The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact, That all persons subject to enrollment for military service, may be enrolled under instructions from the War Department, and reported by the enrolling officer wherever
found, whether within the State or county of their residence
or not; and when so enrolled shall be subject to the provisions of law as fully as if enrolled within the county and State of which they may be residents: Provided, That this act shall not extend to any member of a military organiz .act ton under any State law, while he remains in actual service without the limits of his State: And provided further, That the President is authorized to suspend the execution of this act as regards the residents of any locality where he may find it impracticable to execute the act entitled "an act to further provide for the public defence," approved April 16, 1862, and the act to amend the last mentioned act, approved September 27, 1869.

INATION OF ENROLLED MEN.

The Congress of the Confederate States of America de enact. That there shall be established in each county, parish or district, and in any city in a county, parish or dis-trict in the several States, a place of rendezvous for the persons in said county, district, parish or city, enrolled for military duty in the field, who shall be there examined by one or more Surgeons to be employed by the government, to be assigned to that duty by the President on a day of which ten days' notice shall be given by said Surgeons, and from day to day next thereafter until all who shall be in attendance for the purpose of examination shall have been examined; and the decision of said Surgeon, under regulations to be established by the Secretary of War, as to the physical and mental capacity of any person for military duty in the field shall be final; and those only thus ascertained to be fit for military duty in the field shall be required to assemble at camps of instruction

Sec. 2. There shall be assigned to each Congressional District in the several States, three Surgeons who shall constitute a Board of Examination in such district for the purpose specified in the foregoing section, any one or more of whom may act at any place of rendezvous in said district.

Sec. 8. When it shall appear to any Surgeon attending such place of rendezvous, by the certificate of a respectable physician resident in that county, district, parish or city in a county, parish or district, that any enrolled person therein is unable to attend on account of sickness, it shall be the duty of said Surgeon to file said certificate with the commandant of the nearest camp of instruction; and if the person named therein shall not within a reasonable time report himself for examination at said camp of in-struction, or his continued disability certified by the cer-tificate of a respectable physician of his county, city, dis-trict or parish, he shall be held liable as absent without Approved Oct. 11, 1862.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA. Civil Department.

RICHARD H. BATTLE, JR., of Auson, Private Secretary RUPUS H. PAGE, of Wake, Secretary of State.

DANIEL W. COURTS, of Rockingham, Public Treasurer. WM. R. BICHARDSON, of Wake, Chief Clerk. Cuaris H. BROGDEN, of Wayne, Comptroller. D. W. Barn, of Wake, Clerk.

BARTHOLOMEW F. MOORE, of Wake, Chairman. SAMUEL F. PHILLIPS, of Orange. P. H. WINSTON, JR, of Bertie. SUPREME COURT.

RICHHOND M. PEARSON, of Yadkin, Chief Justice. WM. H. BATTLE, of Orange, Associate Justice. MATTRIAS E. MANLY, of Craven, Associate Justice. MATTHIAS E. MANLY, of Craven, Associate Justice.

WILLIAM A. JENKINS, of Warren, Attorney General.

HAMILTON C. JONES, of Rowan, Reporter.

EDMUND B. FREEMAN, of Wake, Clerk.

JAMES LITCHFORD, of Wake, Marshall. At present, the sessions of the Supreme Court are beld in the City of Ruleigh unce a year, commencing on the se-

bitually working for the public; that they are absolutely necessary for the successful prosecution of the business of the concern; that the products thereof shall not be sold, or exchanged, or buriered, during the said examplion, for Howard, jr., of Wilson, Josues W. Osborue, of Meckley SUPERIOR COURTS.

burg, Robert S. French, of Robeson, and John Kerr, of Caswell.

Solicitors.—Jenes J. Yeates, of Heriford, of 1st Circuit;
William J. Housten, of Duplin, 2d Circuit; Wm. A. Jenkina, of Warren, Attorney General, 3d Circuit; Thomas Settle, of Bockingbam, 4th Circuit; Robert Strange, of New Hamover, 5th Circuit; W. C. Karr, of Mecklenburg, 5th Circuit; and Marcus Erwin, of Burke, 7th Circuit.

Time of Holding the Courts.

SUPERIOR COURTS.

Tyrrell, first Monday in March and September.
Washington, second
Bertie, third
Hertford, fourth
Gates, first Monday after the fourth Monday in March and
September. Currituck, sixth-SECOND CIRCUIT. Duplin, fourth Monday in March and September Wayne, first Monday after the fourth Monday in March and

Junes, Wednesday next after the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September. Onslow, sixth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September. Carteret, seventh Monday after the fourth Monday in

Wilson, tenth Monday after the fourth Monday in March

THIRD CIRCUIT. Martin, on the Monday before the first Monday in March and September. Pitt, the first Monday in March and September. Nush, third Wake, the first Monday after the fourth Monday in March Franklin, second Varren, third Northampton, fifth" FOURTH CIRCUIT. Granville, first Monday in March and September.

Orange, second Chatham, third Davidson, first Monday after the fourth Monday in March Forsythe, second Stokes, third. Guilford, fourth, Rockingham, fifth Caswell, sixth

FIFTH CIRCUIT. Moore, Moray before the last in February and August. Moutgop Ty, the last Monday in February and August. Stants first Monday in March and September. Anore, second pehmond, third Bladen, first Monday after the fourth Monday in March

Columbus, second " Brunswick, third New Hanover, 4th " Sampson, fifth Cumberland, 7th SIXTH CIRCUIT. Surry, fourth Monday in February and August. Yadkin, first after the fourth Mo

Wilkes, thurd Alexander, 4th Davie, fifth Iredell, sixth Catawba, seventh Lincoln, eighth Gaston, ninth Union, tenth after the fourth Monday in Feb. and August. Mecklenburg, 11th Cabarrus, twelfth SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

Cherokee, first Monday in March and September. Macon, second Jackson, third Henderson, 1st Monday after the 4th Monday in March Buncombe. Madison, third . ancey, fourth McDowell, fifth Wautauga, seventh "Burke, eighth " Rutherford, ninth ' Cleveland, eleventh"

PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS. Anson county, on the roound Monday in January, April, July and October.

Ashe, fourth Monday in February, May, August and Roy.

Alexander, first Monday in March, June, Sept. and Dec.

Alamance, first Monday after the fourth Monday of February. ary, May, August and November.

Beanfort, third Monday in March and Sept, and the first

Monday in June and December.

Bertie, second Monday in February, May, Aug., and Nov.
Bladen, first Monday in Feb., May, Aug., and November.

Brunswick, first Monday in March, June, Sept. and Dec.
Buncombe, second Monday after the fourth Monday in March, June, September and December. Burke, eighth Monday after the fourth Monday in March,

Cabarrus, third Monday in January, April, July and Oc-Caldwell, sixth Monday after the fourth Monday in March, June, September and December. Camden, second Monday in March, June, September and

Carteret, the third Monday in February, May, August and November
Caswell, first Monday after the fourth Monday of March,
June, September and December.
Catawba, third Monday in January and July, and second
Monday after the fourth Monday in March and Sep-Chatham, second Monday in February, May, August and

Nuvember

Chowan, first Monday in February, May, August and No Cleveland, tenth Monday after the fourth Monday in Mar. June, September and December.

Columbus, second Monday in Feb., May, August and Nov.

Craven, second Monday in March, June, Sept. and Dec.

Cumberland, first Monday in March, Jude, Sept. and Dec.

Currituck, the last Monday in Feb., May, Aug. and Nov.

Cherokee, first Monday in March, June, Sept. and Dec. Duplin, third Monday in March, June, Sept. and Dec. Duplin, third Monday in Jan., April, July and October. Davidson, second Monday in Feb., May, August and Nov. Davie, fourth Monday in Feb., May, August and Nov. Edgecombe, fourth Monday in Feb., May, Aug. and Nov. Franklin, second Monday in March, June, Sept. and Dec. Forsyth, third Monday in March, June, Sept. and Dec. Gotter third Monday in Feb. May. August and November. Gates, third Monday in Feb. May, August and November Granville first Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November Greene, second Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November Guilford, third Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November Gaston, third Monday in February and August, and November.

Monday after the fourth Monday in March and Sept.

Halifax, third Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November.

Harnett, second Monday in March, June, Sept. and Dec.

Haywood, fourth Monday in March, June, Sept. and Dec.

Hyde, second Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November.
Henderson, first Monday after the fourth Monday in March,
June, September and December.

Iredell, third Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November.
Johnston, fourth Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November.
Jones, fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and
Sept and on the last Monday January and July. Jackson, third Monday in March, June, Sept. and Dec

Hertford, fourth Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November Hyde, second Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November.

Jackson, third Monday in March, June, Sept. and Dec.
Lenoir, first Monday in January and July, and third Monday in March and September.

Lincoln, second Monday in January and July, and third
Monday after the fourth Monday in March and Sept.

Martin, second Monday in January, April, July and Oct.
McDowell, fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March,
June, September and December.

Mecklenburg, fourth Monday in Jan., April, July and Oct.
Montromery, first Munday in Jan., April, July and Oct.
Montromery, first Munday in Jan., April, July and Oct.

Mecklenburg, lourth Monday in Jan., April, July and Oct.
Montgomery, first Monday in Jan'ry, April, July and Oct.
Moore, fourth Monday in January, April, July and Oct.
Macon, second Monday in March, June, Sept. and Dec.
Madison, third Monday after the fourth Monday in March,
June, September and December.
Nash, second Monday in Feb., May, August and Nov.
New Hanover, second Monday in March, June, September
and December. Northampton, first Monday in March, June, Septembe Onslow, first Monday in March, June, Sept. and Dec.
Orange, fourth Monday in Feb., May, August and Nov.
Pasquotank, first Monday in March, June, Sept., and Dec.
Perquimans, second Monday in Feb., May, Aug and Nov.
Person, third Monday of March, June, Sept. and Dec.

Person, third Monday of March, June, Sept. and Dec.
Pitt, first Monday in Pebruary, May, August and Nov.
Rockingham, fourth Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and Nov.
Polk, tenth Monday after the fourth Monday in March,
June, September and Documber.
Raudolph, first Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November.
Richmond, third Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November.
Robeson, fourth Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November.
Rutherford, ninth Monday after the fourth Monday in
March, June, September and December.
Sampson, third Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November.
Stokes, second Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November.
Stokes, second Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November.
Stanty, second Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November.
Stanty, second Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November.
Tyrell, fourth Monday of January, April, July, and Oct.
Union, first Monday in January, April, July, and Oct.
Wake, third Monday in January, May, Aug. and November,
Wayne, third Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November,
Wayne, third Monday in Feb. May, Aug. and November,
Wayne, third Monday after the fourth Monday in January,
April, July, and October
Wilson, fourth Monday in January, April, July and Oct.
Wilson, fourth Monday in January, April, July, and October
Wilson, fourth Monday in January, April, July and Oct.
Wilson, fourth Monday in January, April, July and Oct.
Wilson, fourth Monday in January, April, July and October
Wilson, fourth Monday in January, April, July and Oct. April, July, and October
Wilson, fourth Monday in January, April, July and Oct.
Yancey, fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in March,
June, September and December.

the strength for the place and a late of the constitution of the late

Legislature of North-Carolina. We give below the list of Senators and Commoners electo the next General Assembly as far as we have learned them. If any of our friends discover an error, they will oblige us by informing us. SENATE. Pasquotank and Perquimans-W. H. Bagley. Caniden and Carrituch-D. McD. Lindsey.

Games and Carribach—B. McD. in Gates and Chousan—Mills L. Eure. Hyde and Tyrrell—Churles McCleess Northampton—Dr. W. S. Copeland. Hertford—J. B. Slaughter. Martin and Washington-J. G. Carraway. Halifax-Mason L. Wiggins Edgecombe and Wilson-Jesse H: Powell. Edgecombe and Wilson-Jesse H: Powell.
Pitt-Dr. E. J. Blount.
Beaufort-E. J. Warren.
Craven-Nathan Whitford.
Curteret and Jones-Dr. M. F. Arendell.
Greene and Lenoir-Edward Patrick. New Hanover-Eli W. Hall. Duplin-Dr. James G. Dickson. Onslow-J. A. Murrill. Bladen, Brunswick, de.-Capt. J. W. Ellis. Currbertand and Harnett-William B. Wright, Sampson-Thomas I Faison. Nash-Capt. A. J. Taylor. Franklin-Washington Harris.

Warren- - K. W. Lassiter. Person-James Holeman. Orange-Hon, William A. Graham. Alamance and Randolph—Giles Mebane.
Chatham—William P. Taylor.
Moore and Montgomery—Calvin W. Wooley.
Rickmond and Robeson—Giles Leitch.
Annon and Union—William C. Smith. Guilford-Peter Adams. Rockingham-Gen. F. L. Simpson. Rockingham—Gen. F. L. Simpson.
Meckinhurg—John A. Young.
Cabarrus and Stanly—J. W. Smith.
Rowan and Davie—Dr. J. G. Ramsay.
Davidson—H. Adams.
Stokes and Foreyth—Col. Jas. E. Matthews.
Ashe, Surry, &c.—Isaac Jarratt.
Iredell, Wilkes, &c.—L. Q. Sharpe.
Burks. McDonnell. &c.—S. I. Nool. Burke, Mc Dowell, de. - S. J. N. Lincoln, Guston, dc. - James H. White. Rutherford, Polk, &c. - M. O. Dickerson. Buncombe, Henderson, do. - William M. Shipp. Haywood, Macon, &c. - C. D. Smith.

HOUSE OF COMMONS. Alamance-R. Y. McAden, Dr. E. F. Watson Alexander Dr. J. M. Carson.

Anson Purdie Richardson, B. H. Burns.

Ashe J. M. Gentry. Beaufurt-Hon. R. S. Donnell, -Bertie-Dr. P. T. Henry, James Bond. Brunswick-Daniel L. Russell. Brunswick - Daniel L. Russe Buncombe - John Burgin. Burke - John Parks. Cabarrus - W. S. Harris. Caldwell - M. A. Bernhardt. Camden-John Forbes.
Carteret-No election held, on account of the presence of the enemy.

Gaswell-S. S Harrison, William Long.

Catruba - Geo. S. Hooper. Chatham - T. B. Harris, Lieut. W. J. Headen, M. Q. Wad-Cherokee-J. H. Bryson. Chewan-Lemnel C. Benbury. Creveland-David Beam, J. R. Logan. Columbus-W. M. Baldwin. McCormick, Neill McKay.

Currituck—B. M. Baxter.

Davidson—Dr. R. L. Beall, Henry Walser.

Davie—Henry B. Howard.

Duplin-J. C. Stantord, L. W. Hodges
Edgecombs-David Cobb, Rubert Bynum.
Forsyth-John P. Nissen, Dr. E. Kerner,
Franklin-A. W. Pearce, Jr. Gaston-A. W. Davenport, Granville-Hon. R. B. Gilliam, Jas. S. Amis, Capt. Eu: gene Grissom. Greene-Capt. H. H. Best. Guiford—M. S. Sherwood, R. W. Glenn, W. R. Smith. Gates—W. H. Manning. Halifaz—Dr. Henry Joyner, A. H. Davis. Haywood—Dr. S. L. Love, Hertford—J. B. Vann. Henderson-Alex. Henry

Hyde-E. L. Mann. Iredell-T. A. Allison, John Young. Jackson—J. Keener.

Johnston—Seth Woodall, W. H. Avers.

Jones—Anthony E. Rhodes. Mucon-Dr. J. M Lyle Madison-Dr. Jesse Wall-Martin-James Robinson. Mcckenburg-Jno. L. Brown, E. C. Grier. Montgomery-E. G. L. Barringer. Moore-Alexander Kelly. Nash-Henry G. Williams. New Hanover—S. J. Person, J. R. Hawes. Northampton—W. W. Peebles, Capt. H. Stancill. Inslow—J. H. Foy. Paslow-J. H. Foy.
Orusqe-John Berry, W. N. Patterson.
Pasquank-Gen. W. E. Mann.
Perquimane-Dr. Jos. H. Riddick.
Person-Lt. M. D. C. Bumpass.
Pitt-C. Perkins, b. Q. Albritton.
Randolph-Jonathan Worth, M. S. Robbins.
Richmond-Lt. Sanders M. Lagram.
Richmond-Lt. Sanders M. Lagram.
Richmond-Lt. Sanders M. Mall. Manney.

Robeson-Murdock McRae, Neill McNeill. Rockingham-W. I. Gilliam, James Reynolds. Rowan-F. E. Shober, N. N. Fleming. Rutherford-A. R. Bryan, J. B. Carpeater. Sampson-William Kirby, -Stanly-Lafayette Greene. Stokes-William Plynt. Surry-Dr. Joseph Hollingsworth. Tyrrell-Eli Spruill, Union-C. Q. Lemmonds, Wake-William Laws, G. H. Alford, Baniel G. Fowle. Warren - Thos. I. Judkins, Leonard Henderson.

Washington-(Same as in Carteret.) Watauga-Wm. Herion Watauga-Wm. Herion Wayne-B. B. Rives, M. K. Crawford, Wilkes-Wm. W. Wellborn, A. H. Hampton. Yadkin-A. C. Co Yancy-Lt. M. D. Young. RAILEOADS, &c.

ON AND AFTER THE 5TH JANUARY, 1862, all Freights between Weldon and Columbia will be taken at local rates, charges will follow as at present, and collections made at points of delivery. W. J HAWKINS, Pres. R. & G. R. R. P. C. CAMERON, "N. C. R. R. WM. JOHNSTON, "C. & S. C. R. R. Nova .- All Government Freight will be shipped as here

Office of the Chatham R. R. Company, NO ACCEPTABLE BID HAVING BEEN OFFERED for the graduation and masonry of the middle divis-ion of the Chatham Railroad, extending from Pages to Lockville, 28 n iles, the undersigned is prepared to receive proposals at this office.

Profiles and Specifications showing about the aggregate amount of work required, can be seen at the Engineer's office, Haywood, Chatham County, or at the Company's office, Raleigh.

Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 31, 1861.

ELLWOOD MORRIS, Chief Engineer. Fayetteville Observer, Charlotte Bulletin, Salisbury Watchman, Greensboro' Patriot and Wilmington Journal will copy 6 times and forward bills to this office.

Office of the Chatham R. R. Co., RALEIGE, October 29th, 1882. A MONTHLY INSTALMENT OF 10 PER CENT., payable on the first day of each month, until the whole subscription is paid, is hereby called for, by an order of the Board of Directors. W. W. VASS, Treasurer. 88-tf.

NOTICE. Office of N. C. R. R. Co., NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO SHIPPERS AND others interested that the tariff of freight rates on this Road will be raised twenty five per cent, and the rate of passengers to five cents per mile, on and after the first day of October.

T. J. SUMNES.

Gaston Railroad—a few shares.

Sept. 12, 1862.

W. W. VASS, Attorney.
74—16.

CHATHAM RAILROAD. NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned at the Company's Office in the City of Raleigh until nooc, Saturday November 1, 186', For the Graduation and Masonry of the middle division, extending from Page's to Lockville, (23 miles.)

Profiles and Specifications, showing about the aggregate amount of work required, will be exhibited for one week prior to that date, at the Engineer's Office in Haywood, Chatham County, and Company's Office in Raleigh.

Printed proposals will be furnished Contractors for their filling up, and signatures.

KEMP P. BATTLE, President.

ELLWOOD MORRIS, Chief Engineer.

82-if.

Watchman, Greensborough Patriot and Wilmington Jour nal, will copy six himes and forward bills to this office.