It pleases all who see it.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

The exhibition is free-fifth floor. The marvelous light effects are truly marvelous. The artist is here to explain everything. He gives two full lectures each day, 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., on the Canyon. At other times the picture is exhibited with very brief explanatory remarks.

20c. mercerized sateen. Special tomorrow.

14c. yd.

THE BUSY CORNER.

Awnings and 5-piece slip covers. Special prices for orders given this month. 

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

clearance of

and silk waists. Half price in most instances.

When you can buy a new waist for half isn't it the best kind of economy to do so? Prices are down now to final clearing point—we do not want one of these waists to remain after Tuesday. If women realize the importance of this sale as they should this second floor section will be crowded tomorrow.

\$1.25 ALL-WOOL FLAN-NEL WAISTS, in red, navy,

black and reseda. All sizes. Only 2 to a buyer at the clearance

\$2.00 ALL-WOOL LA-DIES' CLOTH WAISTS, broad pleated style, trimmed with black silk buttons; choice of red, navy and black. All

\$4.50 TAFFETA SILK
WAISTS, elaborately tucked
and pleated; choice of black,
light blue or white. Deep
tucked cuffs. All sizes. Final

\$2.00 and \$3.50 ALL-WOOL NUN'S VEILING WAISTS, in red. navy, white and black; button front or button back styles; fine tucks to the bust; all sizes, but not in all styles. No. 'phone or C. O. D. orders filled. Clearance.

\$6.50 and \$7.50 ALL-OVER LACE or CREPE DE CHINE, CREAM NUN'S VELLING OR FRENCH MULL WAISTS, prettily trimmed with lace and inserting; mostly one of a kind. All sizes up to 42. Final clearance

Clearing sale

### Domestics.

11 dozen Sheets, in double bed and 12 sizes only; made from Anchor bleached cotton. 75c. kind, 72 by 90 in... 80c. kind, 50 by 90 in... 59C. THEY LAST.

35c New York Mills Muslin Rleached Bolsters, all with the original mili stamp, 42 b 72 25C.

Bleached Cambric and Cotton, 36 inches wide, in lengths 10 to 30 yards, and a few full pieces; soft finish and 

### First Floor-S. Kann, Sons & Co. The Weather Chief says you'll have

### Early display of French flowers.

CLOWERS that look so natural that you instinctively expect the "scent"more true than ever to nature for the spring and summer of 1906.

You will be interested in this early display of flowers. They will do nicely to garnish your "between-season" hat.

ROSES in pink, light blue, garnet, wine, red, cream, white and "jack" shades,

15c. to 98c. bunch.

IUNE ROSES in pink, white,

19c. and 25c. bunch. FOLIAGE in a variety of kinds

15c. to 49c. bunch. AMERICAN BEAUTY ROSES

that are real beauties, 29c. to 75c. bunch.

NEW WINGS in pink, blue, raspberry, black, white and olive, 39c. to \$1.49. Second Floor-S. KANN, SONS & CO.

### Buy hair goods at "cut" prices.

Third floor-rest room. Our Hair Goods Section is becoming more popular each day with the women of Washington. Here they can find just what is required in each individual case—and pay the least prices.

HAIR SWITCHES. 16-in. and 18-in. Switch



20-in. Switch that always sells for \$2.00.

Special tomorrow at -\$1.89-24-in. Switch that al-ways sells for \$3.50. Special tomorrow,

**—\$2.89—** Natural Wavy

Switches, 24 in. long. Always \$3.98. Special -\$2.89-

Gray Switches, 16 to 26 in. long, in all shades of gray. Prices start at -\$1.89-

### Limited quantity. All season we have been selling at \$5.00 a full-size 11-quarter

wool blanket that could not be equaled elsewhere under \$6.00 -a dollar more than our price. These blankets are made from fine scoured wool, finished with silk binding, and offered in assorted borders. These will be offered tomorrowwhile they last

\$5.00 blankets, \$3.98.

A pair, \$3.98.

### Flannelettes.

OUR regular 7½c. grade Outing Flan-nel, in patterns designed for undergarments and sleeping 5C.

ARNOLD newest and best 36-in. Flannelette, in Japanese patterns and staple movelty styles, for wrappers, knomos and such; regularly priced 16c. yard. NOW 115c.

· 121/2c. grade Basket Weave Flannelette, in solid shades of light blue, cream, pink and red. Nice for waists and children's garments. A yard, NOW.....71/2C.

### Bargains for the bed. SMALL LOT of Double Bed Comforts, Silkoline Covers, white cotton filling; reduced from 75c. \$1.50 FRINGED Double Bed Crochet Spreads, good assortment of patterns; reduced \$1.09

WHITE Spreads, regular \$1.25 kind, in neat Marseilles patterns; hemmed; choice of two finishes—with or without dressing; reduced 98C. \$2.00 PILLOWS, 22 by 28 inches, cov-

ers of sateen ticking, fill-ing of fine duck and goose feathers. Special tomor- \$1.49 SEE SPECIAL bargain in Blankets First Floor-S. Kann, Sons & Co.

> CLEARING SALE Women's winter

The approaching cold wave

WOMEN'S COATS-of covert,

lined throughout with satin; also tourist effects in Scotch mixtures, and

a few in black kersey. Odds and ends of styles that sold up to \$15.

WOMEN'S COATS, of fancy

Scotch mixtures, covert and fine ker-sey; stylish models, including short-

than usual interest.

makes these coats and the ex-

traordinary reductions of more &

Reduced from

\$10.00 and \$15.00.

Reduced from

\$16.50 and \$20.00.

# immediate use for

WOMEN'S Swiss-ribbed Vests, only

ularly \$1.00; reduced 39c. WOMEN'S Black Equestrienne

Fights: part wool; fast duced from \$1.00 to ......

Grand clearance of

# dressing sacques ROc. and kimonas

E have taken a lot of our finest Fleecedown and Daisy Flannel Short Kimonas and Dressing Sacques that are worth \$1.00 to \$1.50 and made them all one price -59c. There are fully 30 different patterns to choose from. Those of daisy flannel are in plain colors of light blue, pink and red, made with sailor collars embroidered in white ring designs. Those of fleecedown are in Persian and Japanese patterns, and include the greeatest variety of styles, colors and

kinds. Some are trimmed in Persian bands.

## Have you ever seen the equal of this fur clearing?

Muffs worth \$18 to \$30; choice,

Neckpieces worth \$15 to \$30; choice,

These are entirely separate lots. Many of them may be matched into sets. If you can match the piece you want you'll have a set of unusual merit and at CONSIDERABLY LESS THAN HALF WHAT THE FURS ARE WORTH AND SELL FOR REGULARLY. -Second Floor-S. KANN, SONS & CO.

# weather underwear

WOMEN'S Jersey-fitting Vests and Pants, fleece lined, ribbed; drawers with French bands; 19c.

WOMEN'S Jersey-fitting Vests, extra sizes, fleeced; reg-ular 35c. kinds; reduced 25c. to, each.....

WOMEN'S Jersey-fitting Vests and Pants, fleeced; seconds of regular 50c. stock; reduced to..... WOMEN'S Plain Wool Pants; white, natural and scarlet; sizes, 28, 30 and 32; regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 kinds; reduced to, 40C.

WOMEN'S Platn, Natural Australian Wool Vests; all sizes; regular \$1.25 kinds; 69C.

### WOMEN'S Black Merino Union Sults, jersey fitting; ribbed, two shapes; regularly \$1.00; reduced to.... 39c.

WOMEN'S Swiss-ribbed Merino Vests and Equestrienne Tights, in white, natural and black; regularly \$1.25; reduced to.......

high - neck and short-sleeve styles; black; reg-

black; size 4 only; re- 69C.

Reduced from \$20.00.

jacket styles of covert.

WOMEN'S RAINCOATS-Made of guaranteed shower-proof fabric in tan, Oxford and olive. All good styles. Assertment of sizes is some-

\$15.00 Reduced from \$25.00 and \$35.00.

WOMEN'S COATS, of fine broadeloth and kersey; also some furtrimmed coats with collars of Persian lamb or Siberian squirrel. Second Floor-S. KANN, SONS & CO.

# "Burson"

# stockings. have these advantages over any

other stocking made. No seams.
Shaped to fit the leg.

-Cannot rip. -Will keep their shape. -Cannot hurt the feet.
-Will wear a long time.
-Better than usually to be had at the

This is the last week the factory demonstrators will be here. They can teil you lots about stockings. They will explain the faults of stockings. Whether or not you buy the BURSON, you'll get information worth while.

Many women don't know that stockings without seams to hurt the feet may be had. Perhaps you are one. Hundreds be had. Perhaps you are one. Hundreds of buyers this week learned it. —Offered in several grades—black only.

First Floor-Center Booth-S. KANN, SONS & CO. 

CHARGE THAT G. P. O. EMPLOYES WORK OVERTIME.

Typographical Union to Investigate Allegations and Take Appropriate Action-The Strike Situation.

Overtime work by some of the printers at the government printing office and the promise of co-operation in the printers eight-hour strike here by the Central Labor Union were matters that were given consideration at a largely attended meeting of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, yesterday afternoon at Typographical Temple.

The attention of the union being called to the conditions in the government printing office at the present time, the statement was made that a number of the employes were required to work over-

The president of the union was therefore authorized to appoint a committee of three or five members to wait upon Public Printer Charles A. Stillings, with the purpose of having the matter remedied.

Discussing this matter afterward, a leading printer said he considered such continuous overtime work "after the whistle at the big printer; had sounded for quitting

VIOLATE 8-HOUR LAW the letter and the spirit of the eight-hour

### May Declare General Boycott. The important announcement was also

made by the delegates of Columbia Typographical Union to the Central Labor Union that the latter body had taken official cognizance of the eight-hour movement in this city. It was added that the Central Labor Union had unanimously indorsed the movement and pledged its moral and financial assistance to the striking printers. This action is believed to mean that the Central Labor body, representing all the various crafts in the District, will not only assist the printers financially, but that a general boycott will be declared.

Communications were read from several former members of Columbia Union inclosing donations of from \$6 to \$25 for the purpose of aiding the union in its struggle for the eight-hour day. Other communications were received from the Carriage and Wagon Makers' Union requesting the priv-Wagon Makers' Union requesting the privilege of being allowed to contribute to the financial support of the eight-hour movement if it is deemed necessary, and the ExDelegates' Association of No. 101, placing all the funds in its treasury at the disposal of the union for use in its fight for eight hours for book and job printers.

The thanks of the union were ordered to be sent to the Carriage and Wagon Makers' Union and Ex-Delevates' Association for their very generous offer.

Mr. T. C. Parsons, chairman of the eighthour strike committee, made a statement as to the condition of the strike at this time.

secretary Hill of the Typothetae of Wash-ington informed a Star reporter this after-noon that the association had no statement to make. He indicated that the Typothetae

### THE TIDEWATER RAILWAY. Reported Acquisition of Another Line -Coal Piers.

Special Dispatch to The Star.

NORFOLK, Va., January 22.-It is today declared that the Tidewater railway has secured control of the Old Chesapeake Transit branch of the Norfolk and Southern railroad's Cape Henry line, and that it is the intention of the tidewater road in addition to its proposed terminals at Sewell's Point, directly on Hampton roads, to have additional terminals in the vicinity of Cape Henry, where coal piers will be erected so as to catch the many vessels bound between European and gulf ports which now come into the Norfolk and Western railroad's Lambert's Point piers

for bunker coal. It would be a great saving of time to the steamers to take on bunker coal near the capes, and the erection of coal piers in that vicinity is a proposition which has been discussed for a long time, and par-ticularly since the heavy tracks of the Chesapeake Transit line were laid several years ago. The government will be asked to build a breakwater similar to Delaware Breakwater.

Breakwater.

It is stated that the Tidewater line is to double track to Cape Henry or to such a point as its proposed piers near the capes may be located. In the last few days an engine of the Tidewater railway has been operating on the Cape Henry tracks and certain employes on the Cape Henry line have been transferred to work on the construction line of the Tidewater railway in the vicinity of Suffolk. the vicinity of Suffolk.

It was said at the office of the commandant of the Norfolk navy yard today

land Naval Reserves, is simply at this yard for repairs, and that so far as itt is known here the vessel will be ultimately returned to the service of the Maryland reserves as formerly. It could not be said today just when the repairs will be completed. Nothing was known at the Norfolk yard concerning any other best to folk yard concerning any other boat being designated to take the Sylvia's place.

### Year Less a Day in Jail. Joseph Jackson, colored, appeared in the

Police Court this morning before Judge Kimball with his head almost lost in many bandages. He was the complaining witness against Thomas Welsh, who was charged with assault. Welsh received a sentence of one year less a day in jail, without a fine.

The trouble between the two men occurred yesterday in Freeman's alley northwest. Jackson was talking with a lady friend when Weish came up and noticed the pair. Weish did not like what he saw, and through jealousy he attacked Jackson, and with some sharp instrument cut him in the scalp, inflicting severe wounds.

W. I. N. Club Meeting. A meeting of the W. I. N. Club was held

the 20th instant at the home of the vice president, Miss Elsie V. Webster, 335 9th street southeast, in which nineteen members participated. The committee on arrangements tastefully decorated the rooms in the club colors, blue and white, and ined several games of a mirth-provoking character. At 11:30 p.m. refreshi were served. The first prize winners were Miss Elsie Yost and Mr. Ernest Johnston.

Convention of Interstate National Guard Association.

TAFT MAKES AN ADDRESS

Assures Citizen Soldiers of Administration's Support.

WELCOMED BY GEN. HARRIES

Reports of Officers Read and Committees Appointed to Call on the President Today.

Officers of every grade representing the National Guard in all sections of the Union gathered this morning at 11 o'clock in the Arlington Hotel in attendance on the opening session of the annual convention of the Interstate National Guard Association. The meeting was called to order by the president of the organization, Major Gen. Charles Dick of Ohio. The roll call, which was the first business of the morning. showed that twenty-eight states and territories were represented, and that Pennsylvania, with twenty representatives, had the largest delegation. There were three delegates from the District of Columbia. Following are the states represented: Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon. Pennsylvania, South Carolina, South Da-kota, Texas, Vermont, West Virginia, Wis-consin and Washington and the District of Columbia and Oklahoma territory.

Ovation for Taft.

The association was in the midst of routine business when Secretary of War Taft arrived. At the announcement by the sergeant-at-arms of his arrival there was a demonstration. As the Secretary proceeded up the main aisle to the platform the whole assemblage arose and cheered lustily. The delegates remained standing until Secretary Taft had been seated.

Gen. Dick, in a brief speech, presented the visitor, who expressed his pleasure in meeting and welcoming the members of the as-

"It goes without saying that the United States army proper, as now constituted, is nothing but a skeleton upon which is to be placed the flesh of the National Guard, should emergency arise in war," said the

He sald that for that reason it was eminently proper for Congress to take action in making effective the whole fighting force of the country by specific and adequate attention to the National Guard. He decried the idea that a volunteer can he decried the idea that a volunteer can be turned into a practiced soldier in a week. This opinion, he said, had been fostered by the great efficiency of the volunteer army of the United States at the close of the civil war, but this, he said, should not deter action in support of the National Guard in the matter of better equipments and provisions. He advocated the holding of summer camps with the regular troops and the volunteer army acting in unison. He assured his hearers of the great interest felt by the President and himself in the militia. "What we wish to do," he said in conclusion, "is to make the army as it is the basis of a larger army."

Gen. Oliver's Address.

Soon after delivering his speech, which was roundly cheered. Secretary Taft departed, explaining that his official duties required his presence elsewhere. Gen. Robert Shaw Oliver, assistant secretary of war, followed with a brief talk, in which he welcomed the members of the association and told them that they could get what they wanted that was proper if they would only stick together and work in the right way. He addressed his hearers as "fellow

guardsmen," saying that he was still a member of the National Guard. Gen. George H. Harries of the District of Columbia National Guard was presented and made a brief address welcoming the association in behalf of the District troops. He said he believed the convention would prove of the highest advantage to the that the assemblage of the guardsmen in Washington was a source of great pleasure and profit to the District of Columbia or-

ganization.

Gen. Dick briefly responded to the welcome of the Secretary of War, the assistant secretary and Gen. Harries. He said that all were ready to testify to the support and encouragement received by the National Guard from the administration in general and the War Department in

"The legislation we are asking for," he said, "is to justify the confidence of the country in her citizen soldiery."

Safeguards of Peace. "To be armed, equipped and ready for war is the surest safeguard of peace," he said in refuting the idea that the movement for enlarging and extending the power and efficiency of the National Guard was part of a scheme for embarking the country on a policy of military aggrandizement. He said it was a matter of congratulation that the National Guard had been recognized, both by the government and the people as an integral and necessary part of the national army.

Some reports had been under considera-tion at the time of the arrival of Secretary

Reports of Officers. The report of the secretary, Col. Carroll

D. Evans of Columbus, Neb., was heard and received. The report of the treasurer. Gen. John D. Frost of Columbia, S. C., was announced to be incomplete at the time, and the reading of it was deferred. The secretary read a report from the executive committee in regard to furthering national legislation on several matters pertaining to the welfare of the National Guard. Reference was made to the bills now before Congress for the appropriation of \$1,000,000 for such purposes, and the opinion was ex-pressed that the national government pressed that the national government should be willing to give liberal financial aid, especially in view of the generous at-titude of state legislatures in such matters. It was recommended that each state delega-tion should seek out the senators and representatives of their respective states at con-venient times during the present session of the association for the purpose of secur-ing their interest and support.

Appointment of Committees.

In order to expedite the work of the association in the interest of legislation, national and state, it was recommended that committees be appointed to consider separate phases of the work. In pursuance of the recommendations of the report a general legislative committee consisting of one delegate from each state and territory was appointed, with Adjt. Gen. James A. Drain of the state of Washington as chairman. A committee on resolutions, formed in the same way, was named, with Brig. Gen. J. P. S. Gobin was named, with Brig. Gen. J. P. S. Gobin of Pennsylvania as chairman. Before adjournment at 12:30 an invitation to attend a reception by the National Guard of the District of Columbia at the New Willard Hotel tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock was received and accepted, as was also an invitation to attend a cavalry and field artillery drill at Fort Myer tomorrow af-

ternoon.

The question of attire when calling at the White House to pay respects to the President this afternoon was discussed, and it was finally decided that the members should wear dress uniform without side arms. The session tomorrow morning will begin at 9 o'clock.

Gen. Andrew Burt and Gen. Chambers at the arms.

# Apollinaris

# **Bottled Only** at the Spring, Neuenahr, Germany, and Only with Its Own Natural Gas

FUND FOR CHARITY.

Receipts Acknowledged by Treasurers

of Local Associations. On behalf of the board of managers and officers of the Associated Charities, Mr. John Joy Edson, treasurer, acknowledges contributions which have been sent to him either at 811 G street northwest, or at his personal office in the Washington Loan and Trust building, as follows: Mr. David Auld, gineers, as more than one hundred dele-\$5; Mr. Charles E. Gross, \$5; Mr. W. E. Speir, \$10; Mr. Miles M. Shand, \$5; Miss of the association throughout the country, Lizzie F. Boyce, \$5, Miss Lucy G. Boyce, \$5; Hoover & Denham, \$5; Mr. E. N. Richards, \$5; Mrs. Henry Cleveland Perkins, \$25; Dr. Joseph A. Hill, \$5; Gen. George B. Williams, \$5; Bishop Henry Y. Satterlee, \$5; Williams, \$5; Bishop Henry Y. Satterlee, \$5; Mrs. Anna M. Kingan, \$12.50; Mr. George E. Corson, \$2; Mr. David Ingalis, \$5; Mr. Henry K. Simpson, \$5; Mr. C. O. Goodpasture, \$3; Mrs. Mary B. Clark, \$1; Admiral John H. Upshur, \$15; Mr. M. Goldenberg, \$15; Mayer & Co., \$25; Mr. R. C. Miller, \$5; "C. D.," \$10; Miss Louisa F. Symonds, \$3; Mr. Arthur P. Miller, \$1. For the purchase of food, fuel and clothing to be carefully distributed to distressed families, the Citizens' Relief Association acknowledges the following contributions.

acknowledges the following contributions, which have been addressed to Mr. John F. Wilkins, treasurer, either at S11 G street northwest, or at Mr. Wilkins' personal of-fice in the Washington Post building: Mr. James P. Low, \$10; Mr. Fred G. McKean, \$5; Mr. William J. Boardman, \$100; Mr. F. J. Lewis, \$5; Miss Rosa L. Easby, \$25; Mr. John Cassells, \$25; Rev. George O. Little, \$16; Dr. and Mrs. William C. Rives, \$25; Mrs. Martha J. Vincent, \$1; Mrs. Clara S. Hay, \$50; Mrs. Virginia L. W. Fox, \$50; Mr. Thomas W. Smith, \$25; Mr. H. T. Newcomb, \$5

### A Fur-Seal Loss of \$20,000,000. To the Editor of The Star:

In discussing the question of what were the real assets of public value in Alaska, recently, with several gentlemen who are tim of heart disease. The funeral will be down here this winter from that region, I held Wednesday afternoon from the Eastfound that the full commercial value of ern Presbyterian Church, of which the dewhat we had lost in the fur seal business was not understood even by them. And still less did they understand what might be received by the public treasury if the fur seal herd was restored to its natural fine form and number by adequate and

proper international agreement.

Before I submit the figures I desire to say a few words by way of introduction. In 1890, at the request of Secretary Windom, and by authority of special act of Congress, approved April 7, I made a review of the condition of affairs in the seal islands of Alaska during that season, and submitted my report to Mr. Windom, November 19, 1890.

In this report I urged a modus vivendi whereby no killing on land or in the sea should be done for a period of seven years, in the meantime, a commission of American and British experts, made up of naturalists and business men, to visit the islands and devise a proper method of re-

arrive Windom agreed with me, but he went further. He said that unless the British government united with us in this plan of rest from land and sea killing, that he for one was in favor of at once killing the female seals ourselves as well as the males, since it was merely a question of time in which these female seals would all be taken by the pelagic hunters, and the public treasury be defrauded of just so

much property. By not anticipating this work of the pelagic sealer in 1891 I find today, on carefully reviewing the subject from a com mercial point of view, that the United States public treasury has suffered the following total loss of property up to date, to wit: Six hundred thousand adult female fur seal skins, worth between 1890 and 1905 an average of \$25 per skin, \$15,000,000; 250,000 male and female yearlings, and two, three and four-year-old males, at an average value of \$20 per skin, \$5,000,000, making a total loss of public property from pelagic

killing of \$20,000,000.

But this loss of \$20,000,000 of property during the last sixteen years to a band of alten hunters is not all of it. We have lost still more. We have lost the productive value of this herd of 600,000 female seals. If those animals were in existence on the Pribilov Islands today the surplus male life which they would have engendered, and which we could safely take next summer. would not be less than 56,000 "prime" fur seal skins, worth to the public treasury not less than \$2,500,000, as prices ranged in London on the 15th ultimo, or 6 per cent interest on \$40,000,000 worth of public prop-

In other words, by not adopting the merciful and humane plan of Mr. Windom and myself, outlined to the Secretary of State November 20, 1890, Mr. Blaine paved the way to the end that we have lost the principal and the interest on an investment of \$40,000,000. And have at this hou: nothing to show for it but a pitiful remnant of that life fairly and actually threatened with complete extirpation.

The loss of this public property is the more inexcusable for the following reasons: The preservation of this fur seal life on the Pribliof Islands from the greed and destruction of human agencies was easy to attain, had the desire of the human butcher been denied. It was easy, because the habit of this fur seal herd of Alaska places it in a region far removed from the path of commerce on two small islets in the heart of Bering sea, where there is no agriculture, no mines or mining, no fish-

ries and no timber. We could not save the buffalo herds because those animals so ranged that they came into contact with millions of our own people, who as farmers, as miners, as stock raisers and as railway builders and operators all wanted to occupy this land upon which the bison lived.

Not so with the great fur seal herl of Alaska. Had all private and corporate killling of fur seals on the land and in the sea been suspended by the governments of Great Brital nand the United States in 1891, then all of that shame and misery and enormous loss and waste of public prop-erty which has ensued on the seal islands of Alaska—all of this would have been mercifully and sensibly averted. HENRY W. ELLIOTT.

### Smashed Show i Wndew.

A runaway team caused pedestrians in th vicinity of Pennsylvania avenue and 7th street northwest to hurry off the sidewalk this morning about 7:30 o'clock. The team is owned by J. W. Fowler of New Glatz, Md., and was in charge of A. K. Shohmyer. After running a short distance the animals got upon the sidewalk and the wagon was thrown against the show window of the Royal Shoe Company's establishment with force enough to smash the glass. About \$75

William McNelll, alias Worthan, and John Chase, young colored men, are under arrest. It is charged that they stole an mported velvet skirt from one of the Palais Royal delivery wagons Saturday night. The skirt is made of velvet, and is valued at skirt is made or veivet, and is valued at \$175, and was taken from the wagon while the vehicle was near 15th and II, streets northwest. Complaint was made to the police later in the night, and the two men were found in a store on 4½ street southwest trying to dispose of the skirt. McNeill admitted to the police that he took

Alleged Theft of Imported Garment.

### MARINE ENGINEERS MEET.

Annual Convention of National Beneficial Organization Begun Today. The thirty-first annual convention of the National Marine Engineers' Beneficial Association was called to order this morning in the parlors of the Ebbitt House at 9 o'clock. In point of attendance the meeting is one of the largest ever held by the engates, representing the different branches from Key West, Fla., to Duluth, Minn., and points in the north and west, from Maine to California, reported at roll call. The president of the organization, Mr. Frank A. Jones of San Francisco, Cal., presided at this morning's session, and Mr. George A. Grubbs of Chicago, the secretary, was in his place. Shortly after convening the

mine upon those who were entitled to seats as delegates in the deliberations of the association.

The delegates to the convention are ev-The delegates to the convention are exgineers employed upon the different craft
navigating in the rivers of this country and
upon the great lakes and sea going vessels.
During the meeting the delegates will discuss the general review of the work of the
year and also any violations of the rules as
promulgated by the association. It is more
than probable that the meetings of the delegates, which will be behind closed doors,
will continue during the greater part of the
week.

committee on credentials retired to deter-

### BERNARD L. WRIGHT.

Was Lieutenant of Watch at Interior Department.

Bernard L. Wright, for four years one of the watchman at the Interior Department, and more recently lieutenant of the watch, died at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a vicceased was a member. Rev. Thomas Chalmers Easton, the pastor, will conduct the services. The exact hour of the funeral had not been determined upon up to a late hour this afternoon, the widow desiring to confer with her children, some of whom are out of the city.

Mr. Wright died at his desk at the department. He left his home, 721 E street northeast, immediately after a hearty Sunday dinner, and appeared to be in the best of health. About 4 o'clock he was seen to lean over and rest his head on his desk. A fellow-watchman asked him what was the matter, but there was no response, and it was discovered that Mr. Wright was dead. The deceased was sixty-four years old, and was born in Canton, Pa. In April, 1861, he enlisted for a three-year term in Company D of the 108th Pennsylvania, but was honorably discharged be

count of lung trouble. He saw service in the peninsular campaign. He returned to Canton, Pa., where he engaged in the hotel business. In October, 1902, he entered the government service as a watchman. He was well liked by his as-sociates. He was a member of Kit Carson Post, G. A. R., and held membership in the Masonic order at Canton. Representa-

tives of these organizations will be present tives of these organizations will be present at the funeral services.

Mr. Wright is survived by a wife, Mrs. Dell F. Wright, and three sons, William Wright of Charlotte, N. Y.; Fred Wright of Butler, Pa., and Walter Wright of Beal's Mills, W. Va.

### ARGUMENTS HEARD.

Case of Beavers-Green-Doremus Before Before Justice Gould.

The entire session of Criminal Court No. 2, Justice Gould presiding, was occupied today with the arguments of counsel in connection with the pleas in abatement in the Beavers-Green-Doremus case, growing out of the Post Office Department irregularities. When the matter was called this morning Attorney A. S. Worthington of counsel for the defense moved for a prostponement until next Monday on the ground that Attorney Stanchfield, who is of counsel in the case, and is particularly interested in the pleas in abatement, was unable to be present today because of the critical illness of a member of his family. The motion was overruled, and the arguments begun. The grounds upon which the pleas are based have heretofore been stated in full in The Star. Justice Gould has not yet passed upon the demurrers to the indictments, argued

last week. United States Attorney Baker, Assistant United States Attorney McNamara and Maj. Holmes Conrad, the latter special counsel for the prosecution in the "Post Office Department cases," appeared in court for the government today, while the defendants were represented by Attorneys A. S. Worthington, A. A. Birney and former Senator Thurston of Nebraska.

Attacked St. Elizabeth Management. Lewis J. Marshall was arraigned before Judge Mullowny in the Police Court this morning on a charge of asorderly conduct, consisting in giving out circulars and making a speech attacking conditions at St. Elizabeth's Asylum for the Insane. Judge Mullowny found him guilty of the charge and imposed a fine of \$5. Marshall was arrested here about a year ago when walking along Pennsylvania avenue in a striped prison suit, and was committed for treat-

nent for insanity at the time. Alleged Deserter Arrested.

Romeo J. Brule, an alleged deserter from he navy, was arrested last night by Detective Berman. He was arrested at the Baltimore and Ohio depot when he stopped there to clean some of the dirt from his face and hands. Brule had been on the road long enough to present the appearance of a tramp, and it was while he was being questioned that the detective learned he had deserted from the navy yard at Brooklyn. This morning he was turned over to the authorities and the detective will receive a eward of \$20 for making the arrest

Want Mileage at Two Cents Per Mile. RICHMOND, Va., January 22.-A bill was ntroduced in the senate today to require transportation companies to put on sale 500-mile tickets, without restrictions, at 2 cents a mile, available by all purchasers.



and insurance during transit.

Merchants' Transfer & Storage Co.