CIRCUMSTANCES ALTER CASES.

Ruling of Judge Kimball in Concealed Weapons Trial.

George Gorham, a special policeman of Falls Church, Va., was a prisoner in the dock in the Police Court this morning on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. Upon the plea of Mayor Payne of Falls Church, who explained that Gorham was in pursuit of a fugitive from justice from that municipality, Gorham was released on his personal bonds.

"A special officer of Virginia has no right to bring a gun into the District," commented Judge Kimball. "But where he is in close pursuit of a fugitive when he comes into this jurisdiction it is excusable."

Gorham rushed up to Policeman Steinbraker on 33d street in Georgetown Saturday and told the bluecoat to arrest a man going down the street. Policeman Steinbraker started in pursuit, and as he did he saw Gorham pull a pistol out of his pocket and hold it in his hand. Gorham's arrest followed. The testimony showed, however, that the man pointed out was wanted at Falls Church; that Gorham had a warrant for him and had chased him across the Aqueduct bridge.

FALLIERES ESCAPES ASSASSIN'S BULLETS

Naval Reservist Fires Twice at French President.

ARREST QUICKLY FOLLOWS

Prisoner's Rambling Statement About Persecutions.

NATIONAL FETE DAY MARRED

Executive Was Returning From Review at Garrison of Paris When Attempt on His Life Was Made—More Demonstrations Against Soldiers.

French Army Crisis.

The national holiday made the occasion for anti-militarist demonstration.

Believed that Leon Maille, the naval reservist who fired at the president, has been engaged in revolutionary and anti-militarist agitations.

President Fallieres was returning from a review of the Paris garrison when the attempt was made on his life.

Many anti-militarists were arrested in Paris for hissing soldiers returning from the review.

The attempted assassination may strengthen the government in its efforts to stop the anti-militarist program.

The agitation is demoralizing the army and is a menace to the republic.

Assassinations and Attempts.

President Carnot killed June 24, 1894, by Pietro Santo, an anarchist.

Attempt upon life of President Faure by bombthrower, June 13, 1897.

Three attempts upon President Loubet during his term.

Attempt upon President Fallieres, July 14, 1907.

PARIS, July 15.—The national fete yesterday was marred by a dastardly attempt on the life of President Fallieres by Leon Maille, a naval reservist of Havre, who, it is believed, is suffering from the mania of persecution. Maille fired two shots at the president, but did not hit him. He was at once placed under arrest.

On account of the activity of the anti-militarists, who tried to organize a demonstration against the army throughout France yesterday, exceptional precautions were taken to safeguard President Fallieres. The attempt on his life occurred on Avenue des Champs Elysees while the president was returning to the palace from Longchamps, where he had reviewed the garrison of Paris in the presence of 250,000 enthusiastic people.

Premier Clemenceau and M. Lanes, the president's secretary, were with the president in his landau, which was escorted by a squadron of cuirassiers. The carriage had safely emerged from the Bois de Boulogne, where the anti-militarists had stationed themselves with the intention of hooting the soldiers, and was descending the broad Champs Elysees amid the acclamations of the crowds thronging the sidewalks, who were shouting "Vive Fallieres!" "Vive l'Armee!" when, at the corner of Lesueur street, Maille from the curb fired two shots point-blank at the president in quick succession. No one was hit.

The President Calm.

President Fallieres was cool and collected when the cortege stopped. The diplomats who were following the president's landau alighted from their carriages and hurried to the side of M. Fallieres. Finding that nobody had been injured, by the president's orders, the cortege moved on.

In the meantime two policemen seized Maille, who made no resistance, but the police, with difficulty, prevented the irate crowds from lynching the prisoner until a cordon of reserves came up and conducted hom to the station. There Maille refused to give any reasons for his act, saying:

"The revelations I have are so grave and serious that I will only make them before a magistrate for transmission to the chief of state. It is a matter between the government and me. I am the victim of many villainies."

Some of the witnesses of the shooting said that Maille fired in the air. It is believed that the man participated in the recent seamen's strike, and that his mind had been unhinged by fancied grievances.

A Revolutionist.

It is believed also that he aided in the revolutionary agitation of the General Federation of Labor and the anti-militarists. There is no reason to suspect a plot, as Maille only arrived here from Rouen Saturday night.

Maille appeared before an examining magistrate last night, and the authorities only succeeded in extracting from him a rambling statement about family persecution directed against him. It was in order to draw public attention to his grievances, he said, that he fired the shots. The prisoner terminated the examination by announcing his intention to give no further explanations, as he believed that the magistrate would do nothing to remedy his wrongs.

The attempt on the life of President Fallieres probably will strengthen the government's intention to put a stop to the anti-militarists' propaganda, which already is demoralizing the army and becoming a menace to the republic.

Thirty-nine ringleaders were arrested yesterday for hissing soldiers who were returning from the review. Other arrests were made at the Place de la Concorde, where the League of Patriots held its annual ceremony.

President Fallieres has received numerous telegrams of congratulations from the rulers of many countries on his lucky escape.

Trouble at Other Places.

Outside of Paris the anti-militarist plans for a general demonstration yesterday were a dismal failure, but collisions between the police and workmen at Toulon and Montpellier were directly due to their inspiration. At Brest the police were forced to occupy the labor exchange in order to prevent trouble.

As no newspapers were published in Paris yesterday afternoon, the attempt on the life of President Fallieres was not generally known, and the festivities were uninterrupted. The theaters gave their usual free performances, and there were concerts in the parks and a ballon ascension at the Tuileries. Last night there was a nautical fete on the Seine and magnificent displays of fireworks at the Place du Trocadero and many other public places. At midnight the city was brilliantly illuminated and street balls again were in full swing.

Many towns in the south of France refused to celebrate, in accordance with a decision not to participate in any civic function until the grievances of the people were redressed.

FALLIERES POPULAR PRESIDENT

Succeeded Loubet in January, 1906. Once Head of Senate.

Clement Armand Fallieres, who in January, 1906, was elected President of France to succeed M. Loubet, is sixty-five years of age, having been born at Mezin, in the department of Lot-et-Garonne, on November 8, 1841. He studied law and was admitted to the bar at Nerac, of which city he became mayor, retaining the place up to May 25, 1873. He presented himself as a candidate for the chamber of deputies on the republican ticket in February, 1876, and was elected by a vote of 8,376 to 6,442 for his Bonapartist opponent in the arrondisement of Nerac. In the chamber of deputies he took his seat with the faction known as the republican left, and soon made his mark as an orator. He was one of the 363 deputies of the united left who voted against the De Broigle ministry after the reactionary movement of May, 1877.

At the ensuing general election, in October of that year, he was re-elected to the chamber of deputies, receiving 8,953 votes to 6,810 cast for M. Dollfus, who had been a deputy under the empire and had the support of the government. In the new chamber of deputies he cast his lot with the same faction of the republicans, and added to his reputation by a frequent display of oratorical ability of a high order. In August, 1882, he made his first appearance in official position, being selected by M. Duclerc to succeed M. Goblet as minister of the interior.

On January 29, 1883, he was appointed to succeed M. Duclerc as premier, but he proved physically unequal to the task at that time, and was compelled to retire after three weeks' service, being succeeded by M. Ferry. When the latter exchanged the portfolio of public instruction for that of foreign affairs, in November of the same year, M. Fallieres became his successor, and he was made minister of the interior by M. Rouvier, in May, 1882.

President Carnot having been informed on December 9, 1887, by M. Goblet that, in view of the dissensions among the republicans, he was unable to form a cabinet, M. Fallieres was summoned to the Elysee and intrusted with the task of constituting a ministry. Two days later he informed President Carnot that he had found it impossible to form a cabinet on the basis of a concentration of the republican groups and had, therefore, abandoned the attempt. M. Lockroy and several other statesmen to whom M. Fallieres made overtures declined to take office.

The president then appealed to M. Tirard to try to form a cabinet. Tirard succeeded, and in his disposition of portfolios made M. Fallieres his minister of justice. When Loubet, from president of the senate, became president of France, in 1899, Fallieres was elected his successor at the head of the senate, and was until chosen president of the republic re-elected without opposition every year. M. Fallieres is a large land-owner, and is fond of entertaining members of the older nobility of France. Mme. Fallieres is also very popular.

WASHINGTON GROVE.

Large Attendance at Each Camp Meeting Service Yesterday.

Special Correspondence of The Star.

WASHINGTON GROVE, July 14, 1907.

The earliest visitors to the camp today came by vehicles from the remote rural environs, but the eastbound trains began before 9 o'clock to unload their human cargo, and when to this assemblage were added those who debarked from the two Washington and way trains the Grove was alive with a happy and expectant throng. The people soon filled to overflowing the big auditorium where continuous worship was held throughout the entire day, beginning at 9:30 a.m. with a love feast conducted by Rev. A. E. Ogg of the Gaithersburg charge. Following was a sermon by Dr. J. M. M. Gray of Havre de Grace. His theme was "The Rock That is Higher." Prof. Percy Foster sang a solo, "Lead Me to the Rock," and an offering was taken to meet the current expenses of the camp.

Mrs. E. De Witte Huntley and Mrs. Mortimer Cissel prepared a lounging room for the mothers and infants in Assembly Hall, which was much appreciated by the many who took advantage of the courtesy accorded them.

At 3 p.m. Elder J. W. R. Sumwalt preached choosing for his text the words of Luke, xix:41: "And when He drew near he beheld the city and wept over it."

Following close upon the hour with the children came the vesper call to the evening song, led by Rev. A. H. Zimmerman, which developed into a revival. The music held the interested attention of the hundreds beyond the inclosure, who, because of the congested conditions about the meeting place, could not get so much as a glimpse of the choir or the speakers. Many new voices were heard in the full chorus, noticeably those of Prof. Walker and William Houghton.

Though the older visitors decamped before nightfall, the younger contingent flocked in, and the congregation that greeted Dr. Chas. Pate at 8 p.m. taxed the big auditorium to its utmost capacity. His text was: "And he, casting away his garment, arose and followed Jesus." It was a homecoming time for the erstwhile county folks who now reside in town. Pretty girls were at their best. Every cottager with a spare cot was entertaining week-end guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Coates and children arrived at Rogue View on Saturday as guests of Capt. and Mrs. A. H. Ripley.

Mrs. McCubbin Waters of Goshen, Md., is stopping with Mrs. Mollie Dorsey of 6th avenue.

Mr. Robert Cohen spent Sunday with his family here.

Mrs. Robert Kaiser of 2d avenue had with her Miss Bettie Reed of Washington as a Sunday guest.

Miss McCathran of the Navy Yard is visiting her brother, Mr. James McCathran, of 6th avenue.

Mr. John Davis returned to camp Saturday and many enjoyed the hospitality of Keystone cottage.

A spirited but amicable fight is on in county politics, and the stalwarts of democracy were out in force, giving the glad hand to possible constituents. Bowie Waters, who is in the race for state's attorney, was surrounded by admiring friends, as was also Preston Ray, candidate for the state legislature.

Other prominent Montgomery county people present were Judge Charles Griffith, Somerset Jones, Dr. Neal Etchison, Norman Bouic, A. A. Braddock, McCubbin Waters, Walter Mobley, Artemus Howard, Urius Griffith, Clinton Dorsey, Thomas Owens, Clifford Howard, Commissioner Jacob Allnutt and William Lamar.

Noticeable among the Washingtonians were Harry Jones, Darby Thompson, Cornelius Eckhart, C. J. Cramer, Maurice Browning, Robert Kaiser, jr., and Edward Harr.

Rev. Page Milburn is here visiting his family.

SPEED LIMIT REDUCED,

Resulting in Arrests for Violations of Law in Glen Echo.

By reason of the reduction of the speed limit at Glen Echo from twelve to six miles an hour there were but eight automobiles which went through the town yesterday. Marshal Collins was out on the road at 7 o'clock in the morning, and remained there until late last night. In this time he succeeded in capturing two motorcyclists and two automobilists.

J. M. Price, who gave his address as 239 North Capitol street northwest, was the first man taken into custody. It was stated he was traveling nine miles an hour. J. M. Taylor and W. M. Gillinger, who were on motorcycles, were traveling a little over six miles an hour, and were the next two arrested. D. K. Walker of Towson, Md., with a big touring car, hove into sight later in the day, and Collins got busy at once and soon had him before Mayor Garrett.

The first three arrested were dismissed with a reprimand, but Mr. Walker did not fare so well. He was required to deposit $50 in the treasury of the town. The marshal stated that Mr. Walker was running at an excessive rate of speed, and that when he stopped the chauffeur Mr. Walker announced that he would not be trifled with. He also insisted that the automobilist had insulted him, and that some penalty for the offense should be imposed. Mr. Walker was very indignant at this statement, but it availed nothing, and the mayor imposed the fine.

Eight miles below Hawkinsville, Ga., yesterday Mrs. Mack McKinney, twenty-two years old, after some words of difference with her husband, swallowed a dose of poison, after killing her babe.

GENERAL NEWS GATHERED ON THE RIVER FRONT

The big seagoing barge Annie E. Emery is lying at the wharf foot of 26th street unloading a cargo of about 400 tons of polished marble, which will be used in the erection of one of the big public buildings now in course of construction in this city. The barge arrived here Friday night last, having been towed down the coast by one of the big seagoing tugs, and was brought up to this city by a smaller towboat. The stone aboard the vessel is being loaded on wagons to be transported to the building in which it will be used. The stone has been coming here aboard sailing vessels, but it has been several weeks since a stone-laden vessel from New York has arrived here, but it is stated that she will be followed in the course of the next month or six weeks by several other vessels with stone aboard for the big buildings.

The four-masted schooner Henry L. Peskham has completed the loading of a cargo of about 1,600 tons of coal at the Georgetown piers and has sailed in tow of a tug for the capes of Chesapeake en route to Boston. A Consolidation Coal Company barge which is unloading a cargo of ice at Alexandria will be brought up to Georgetown to load as soon as she completes the unloading of her cargo, and it is stated that a light Consolidation Coal Company barge is on its way to this city from the James river to load for a New England port. It is also understood that the schooners now on their way to this city with cargoes of ice will charter to load coal at the Georgetown piers for New England, and that about 10,000 tons of the fuel will be shipped north in the near future.

Arrived: Schooner J. C. Strawbridge, lumber from Charleston, S. C., for dealers; tug Camilla, with a tow from the mouth of the Potomac; barges Mary A. Hooper, fertilizer material from New York, at Alexandria; tug Bohemia, towing two loaded barges from Norfolk; schooner Bertie May, barreled fish at Alexandria for the dealers; schooner Clara Leonard, cord wood from a river point for the dealers; schooner Chase, lumber from a river point to Alexandria dealers.

Sailed: Schooner Lorena Bramble, light, for a bay point, to load back to this city; bugeye Ella, light, for a point on the lower river, to load wood for this city; schooner Lottie Carter, light, for Nomini creek, to load for this port; sloop Daisy, from Alexandria, with a general cargo for Piscataway creek, Md.; schooner Goodman, street sweepings from the Eastern branch for a down-river point.

Memoranda: Schooner Sidonia Carley is at a Rappahannock river point loading a cargo of pine lumber for this city; schooner Nelson is lying at Somerset Beach, loading oak lumber for a port in Nova Scotia; schooner Belmont is at a river point loading for dealers here.

The Southern Transportation Company barge Patuxent is lying at the pier foot of South Capitol street, loading a cargo of asphalt paving block for Norfolk. The vessel will take away several thousand of the block and will be ready to sail in the latter part of the present week. Several barges laden with the paving block have been sent from this city to Norfolk during the past two or three months.

The bell buoy located in the river a short distance above Colonial Beach, and marking the upper end of the Kettle Bottom shoals, is reported to be cracked and giving no sound until a vessel is almost on top of it.

The plant of the Potomac Glass Company, Cumberland, Md., which has been closed several weeks, will be started today, when natural gas will be used. More than sixty tons of fittings were required to install the pipes and burners.

REV. H. M. GEREN RESIGNS.

Leaves Anacostia Church to Accept Call to Texas.

Rev. Hiram M. Geren, pastor of the Anacostia Baptist Church, yesterday presented his resignation, following the morning service. Mr. Geren had previously indicated to the board of deacons his intention of retiring, and his action yesterday proved to be no surprise, therefore, to the members of the church, who held a business meeting after the receipt of the pastor's resignation, and, in accordance with his desire, accepted it. The announcement was made at the same time that Mr. Geren will go to the growing towns of Perris and Italy, in eastern Texas, to assume the charge of two flourishing Baptist churches there. His resignation becomes effective July 31, but his service at Anacostia church closes next Sunday. He will then leave for a brief visit to his home in Cleveland, Tenn., following which he will go to Texas and enter upon his new work.

The retiring pastor stated last evening that his chief reason for leaving the Anacostia charge is found in the enlarged field and increased opportunities. Mr. Geren declared the relationship between the members of the church and himself had always been cordial, and would terminate in the same condition. Mr. Geren is a native of Cleveland, Tenn. He graduated from Carson and Newman College, in Jefferson City, Tenn., and from the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, at Louisville, Ky. He came to Washington six years ago, preaching at Brookland, and also at the Centennial Baptist Church in this city. In May, 1903, he assumed charge of the Baptist Church in Anacostia, serving there continuously since.

During his pastorate there the church, which had been a mission for twenty years, took a place as a self-supporting congregation, with a membership doubled in numbers and a largely increased Sunday school. The congregation is considering plans to choose his successor, and, it was stated last evening that Rev. Elias Auger, who has recently taken charge of the Baptist Mission at Twining City, a graduate last month of Crozier Theological Seminary, Chester, Pa., will be called upon to take charge of the church, temporarily at least.

A meeting for men was held yesterday afternoon in the Anacostia Methodist Episcopal Church by the Men's Club of that church. The speaker was Rev. J. B. Clayton of this city, who addressed a large number of men on "Brotherhood." Rev. Charles O. Isaac, the pastor, offered prayer; Mr. Daniel C. Smithson, the church chorister, led the singing, and the musical program was contributed to by Mr. Fulton B. Karr, who played the piano, and Mr. Leaman, who sang several solos.

Mission Praise Service.

A midsummer praise service was held last night at the Homeward Bound Mission, 119 Pennsylvania avenue, in charge of Mrs. Haslam, wife of the commander, a feature of the occasion being the presence of several out-of-town Christian workers. After the singing of "There is a Fountain Filled with Blood," Capt. Theodore Valiant led in prayer. The lesson was by William Ott of the First Presbyterian Church, and Lieut. Haslam sang a solo. An address was delivered by Rev. S. H. Saunders of the Christian Workers' Association of America, who is stationed in Baltimore. He was followed by Rev. Herbert S. Murray of the Christian Evangelical Society of Baltimore. There was a large audience present, and the visiting clergymen spoke in praise of the "good work that is being accomplished in Washington." Announcement was made that the topic for Capt. Valiant's lecture Friday evening will be "The Mind."

While swimming along the shore opposite Fort Howard, near Baltimore, about 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon Robert E. McCullough, aged nineteen years, of 1130 Hollins street, was drowned, and at a late hour last night his body had not been recovered.