WORK TO CONTINUE FOR BATHING BEACH

Barb of Trade Committee Undaunted by Lack of Appropriation in D. C. Bill.

NEED OF THE POOLS SHOWN IN ITS REPORT

Secretary of War favors the idea. Senator Norris is expected to amend.

Although members of the committee on parks and recreation of the District of Columbia Senate, whose report was presented last week, were required to support the appropriation for the construction of the tidal basin, it is now reported that a number of their amendments will be offered to the bill in order to secure the desired improvement.

It is understood that the members of the committee will recommend the inclusion of a provision for the establishment of a bathing beach in the tidal basin, and that they will also seek the removal of the existing facilities.

This is in accordance with the wishes of the Secretary of War, who has expressed his strong support for the project. The Secretary has emphasized the importance of providing recreational facilities in the city, particularly in the immediate vicinity of the tidal basin, and has urged that every possible means be taken to ensure the safety and convenience of the public.

He has further emphasized the necessity for a proper allocation of funds for the purpose, and has directed the members of the committee to consider the matter carefully before making any decisions.

The bill is scheduled to be considered by the Senate next week, and it is expected that the amendments will be adopted. The Secretary of War has also indicated his willingness to work with the committee to ensure the proper implementation of the project.

GRAVE CHARGES AGAINST THE EUROPEAN STARLING

The President of Paris and Monmouth, G. M. M. of St. Louis, will present his findings on the dangers of the European starling, to the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

When it comes to dangerous birds, the European starling is a prime example. Its destructive habits have caused much concern in recent years, particularly in the Midwest. This bird is not only a threat to the welfare of local wildlife, but also to the health and safety of the people who live in the area.

It is estimated that the European starling population in the United States has increased from 1,000,000 in 1900 to 5,000,000 today. This is due in part to the introduction of the bird from Europe, but also to the lack of control measures.

The starling is known for its aggressive nature, and it is capable of attacking and killing other birds, as well as causing damage to crops and property. It is also known to carry diseases, such as avian influenza, which can be transmitted to humans.

The starling is considered a nuisance, and it is illegal to kill or harm these birds. However, many people are unable to control them, and the problem continues to worsen.

In an effort to combat the spread of this bird, the American Association for the Advancement of Science will be holding a conference next month. The President of Paris and Monmouth, G. M. M. of St. Louis, will present his findings on the dangers of the European starling, and will discuss possible solutions to the problem.

For more information, please contact the American Association for the Advancement of Science at 202-334-3343.