WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1918-TWENTY PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

No. 27,159.

HOLIDAY IN LABOR'S WILL BE SOLDIERS HONOR GIVES REST

. Sporting Events and Various Neighborhood Programs Offer Diversion.

FAMILIES ON OUTINGS TO NEARBY RESORTS

Hundreds of Local Union Members Join Baltimore Workers in Observance.

serving labor's national holiday as a ernment.

everything except the winning of the the Central Labor Union, which represents organized labor in the District, planned no special observance. Hundreds of local trade unionists are in Baltimore, spending the day with organized workers of that city in Monumental Park.

The principal attraction this morning was the ball game between Washington and Philadelphia. A second ball game and automobile races at Benning at 2:30 o'clock will be the big events of the afternoon.

Neighborhood Gatherings.

There are several all-day neighborood celebrations in progress, including the following: Field day for the employes of the Washington Steel and Ordnance Com-

pany in Randle Park. Congress Heights, featured by athletic events

Ignatius Church. Oxon Hill, beyond Congress Heights, featured by tournament riding.

Annual picnic for the benefit of the Good Hope Orphans' Home, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society.

An entertainment including trained animals from the Rockville fair is being given at the Y. W. C. A. Country Club, 3901 Wisconsin avenue.

Carnival at Mount Rainier, Md., with soldiers from Walter Reed Hospital as guests.

Secretary Wilson's Message.

Secretary Wilson of the Labor Department, in a message to the working men and women of America, said, in part:

go to the college of his choice, matriculate and enter as a regular student storage and enter as a regular student storage and enter as a regular student. As soon as possible after registration day, probably on or about October 1, opportunity will be given for all the regularly enrolled students are maintaining their presure and the enemy is yielding from day to day. How long will he continue to fall back and how much additional force has Foch at hand to keep up the fire? These are questions which will have to be answered on the battlefield in the coming days until mid-September or later.

Secretary Wilson of the Labor Department, in a message to the working men and women of America, said, in part:

in part:

"Upon this day, of all days, we must consider seriously the problem before consider seriously the problem before us at home. We must maintain our armies in the field at the top-notch fighting strength, and we must supply the needs of our allies and the starving people of Belgium.

"This is a day on which labor must consecrate itself to a great task—the task of winning the war. For this

This action was precipitated when, as the car reached Girard, some one hurled an empty soda water bottle into it, which drew the promiscuous fire of a deputy sheriff, who was riding on the car, one of the bullets from his gun striking Paul Golden, twenty-two years old, in the jaw and interest a strikes wound. inflicting a serious wound.

The fact that strike breakers had The fact that strike breakers had been employed on the trolley line for some time was a further contributing cause. The people of the town are said to be wholly in sympathy with the striking car men, who, however, had returned to work pending an adjustment of their difficulties by the War Labor Board.

GATHER FOR BIG SHOOT.

Service Men and Civilians to Compete at Camp Perry.

CAMP PERRY, Ohio, September 2. Several hundred men from all parts of the United States have arrived here and were assigned to camps for the 1918 national rifle championship matches at the government small arms firing school.

Expert United States Navy riflemen under the command of Lieut. Col. W. C Hariles. United States Marine Corps; Lieut E. A. Harrington and Ensign Gilmore were the first arrivals. Men from all branches of the Corps after October 1. United States military and naval serv-

WHILE IN COLLEGE

to Get Private's Pay and Subsistence.

ALL HAVE SAME CHANCE CONSIDER ALL ANGLES

BY DAVID LAWRENCE.

(Copyright, 1918, by the New York Evening Post Company.)

Senators sometimes make mistakes member of the Senate committee on military affairs, is to be forgiven for reasonable expectancy of a military disputing the statement that all boys the year 1919. of eighteen who can pass the entrance requirements can go to any Germans are suffering a defeat which of the colleges, large or small, in the has attained somewhat the nature of parks and resorts taking the place of east or west, and get instruction and a rout. Defeat, because they were depublic celebrations, Washington is ob-

Several other republican senators period of rest from the rush of war at first declared in debate that this heavy losses in men and supplies. was not true. Even if it was, they condemned it as the act of "a paternal government," which was trying to offset "some of the hardships of the new draft."

Fortunately it is true that the same democratic spirit which inspired the government of the United States

it could not be true that the War Department had a plan to educate the eighteen-year-old boys before they were called to the colors college presidents throughout the country were receiving copies of a circular letter sent out two days before by the general staff of the United States Army and signed by Col. Robert I. Rees, U.S. A., giving details of the scheme.

No Exceptions Are Made.

There are no exceptions or discriminations as some of the senators thought must be. The same rule apallies over the Germans, and that every practical military asset will be possessed in excess by the allies over the Germans. plies to all boys of eighteen who are well enough educated to pass the en-trance requirements of the colleges and universities. There are enough well enough educated to pass the entrance requirements of the colleges are consecrate itself to a great task—the task of winning the war. For this tremendous duty half-way measures will not suffice. There must be absolute loyalty and devotion to the nation's cause—these, I believe, our people have already shown beyond a question. But, more than this, there must be a clear understanding of the great need and a mew determination to gratify it."

Director General McAdoo issued an order that railroad employes be permitted to participate in celebrations of the day where essential operations would not be hampered.

Director General Schwab of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, in a cablegram to the American troops in France, gave those forces assurances that everything possible was being done by that industry.

President Gompers of the American France requirements of the cause of the republic.

MOB BURNS TROLLEY CAR.

Well enough educated to pass the entrance requirements of the colleges and who have elast universities. There are enough institutions to accommodate them all. Boys who could not pass the entrance requirements of colleges and who have only grammar school education will have opportunity to apply for admission to vocational schools. There must be a clear understanding of the grammar school education will defense so strong as to give them mission to vocational schools. There must for the requirements to colleges and who have only grammar school education will defense so strong as to give them mission to vocational schools. There may not be enough of such technical schools. There may not be enough of such technical schools. There may not be enough of such technical schools. There may not be enough of such technical schools. There may not be enough of such technical schools. There may not be enough of such technical schools. There may not be enough of such technical schools. There may not be enough of such technical schools. There are for in industrial establishments under the overflow might be taken care for in

Shooting of Man by Deputy.

GIRARD, Ala., September 2.—An infuriated crowd, estimated at about 250 persons, seized a trolley car of the Columbus Railway Company, carried it 300 yards beyond the 14th street bridge and burned it.

Heges. But the final decision rests with the military commander, as these students, like the others, will be soldiers in every sense of the word, wearing the uniform of privates and obeying military discipline. The Students' Army Training Corps will indeed be a part of the Army, just the same as the Medical Corps or the Quartermaster Corps or any other corps.

Called "Paternalistic Act."

This plan has been in evolution for Senate on Friday some of the sena-tors acted as if they had never heard of it before. They promptly ascribed it to the democratic adminis-tration as a "paternalistic act," and Senator Wadsworth thought he saw politics in it

scribed it to the democratic administration as a "paternalistic act," and Senator Wadsworth thought he saw politics in it.

Had he but been in touch with what has been going on in the colleges and the War Department for the last six weeks, at least, he would have known that the plan was mapped out by the leading educators of the country—republicans as well as democrats—in co-operation with high officers of the United States Army, who, presumedly, are not thinking about politics, but the best way to get good officers so that the war a total of 128,302 prisoners since July

about it, that's all. Another sena-tor made the error of misquoting during the debate the published article in question, which specifically said "the War Department has just agreed to enter into contracts with upward of 400 universities and colleges" to pay the tuition and board of those who will have become members of the Students' Army Training

Gets Meaning Transposed.

United States in 1912 as the head of the markers and civilians will participate in the matches.

The vanguard of crack shots of the mush have heard that sentence read from the clerk's desk, transposed it to the Alps.

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The vanguard of crack shots of the mush have heard that sentence read from the Chirds and the prospect that it will be called up for considered that the bill will be introduced to the wars and means committee, the constitution of the French coast.

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LOOK FOR ALLIED VICTORY IN 1919

FOR WAR WORKERS Matriculating 18-Year-Olds Military Experts in U. S. Believe German Withdrawal Will Become Rout.

the water the European war situation often unintentionally. So Senator may be described as actual conditions, Wadsworth of New York, although a possibilities and forecasted probabilities; and, for the ultimate future, decision in favor of the allies within

> 'The actual conditions are that the channel ports; while their withdrawal, orderly at first, is rapidly degenerating into a scramble for safety, with

> The possibilities are that the admay even be close to the frontier.

same democratic spirit which inspired the government of the United States to adopt a better system of insurance for its soldiers and sailors than any other belligerent is behind the desire of President Wilson and Secretary Baker to see to it that as many of the eighteen-year-old boys of the country as have educational preparation sufficient to make them eligible for college shall have the opportunity to go to higher institutions and there prepare themselves to enter the war in the most helpful way.

Circular Tells of Plan.

On the very day that Senator Wadsworth was making his speech saying it could not be true that the War Department bed guarded against by the allies.

The reasonable expectancy of a military decision in favor of the allies in 1919 is based upon careful calculation of the military authorities in all the allied countries, taking into consideration every element of military value—superior man power, munitions, morale, food and transportation.

Figure on German Stand. Passing over one phase of the situa-

By the Associated Press.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN
FLANDERS, Sunday, September 1.—
In the first fighting in Belgium the Americans captured Voormezeele and Americans captured Voormezeele and that the British have not lost anything is shown by the fact. over the wheel, interest centers in the possibilities of the Germans being driven to the frontier before the winter suspension of active mevements sets in All military authorities agree that the Germans rell the first fighting in Belgium the Americans captured Voormezeele and Germans will take a stand for the winter far back, but the exact delimitation will depend upon the fortunes of war for the next two or three weeks.

The allies are maintaining their pressure and the enemy is yielding from the common that all that remained the common that the British have not lost anything is shown by the fact that their casualties continue extremely light, while all positions are finally retained.

At Mont St. Quentin the Germans that the British have not lost anything is shown by the fact that their casualties continue extremely light, while all positions are finally retained.

At Mont St. Quentin the Germans that the British have not lost anything is shown by the fact that their casualties continue extremely light, while all positions are finally retained.

of the worn German fighters, that supplies will be inexhaustible for the

Expect a Peace Drive.

It is expected that the Germans, re-

Warn Against Propaganda.

The public here and abroad is being constantly warned by the military authorities to be on guard against the approach of the propaganda and to heed the statements of the military heads, who know the military probabilities of the future. The coming winter will be utilized for the spread of propaganda while the Germans are in possession of the British. The ground in front of the British in the villages of Ecoust St. Mein and Longaste, and these places also are in possession of the British. The ground in front of the British in the villages of Ecoust St. Mein and Longaste, and these places also are in possession of the British. The ground in front of the British in the villages of Ecoust St. Mein and Longaste, and these places also are in possession of the British. The ground in front of the British in the villages of Ecoust St. Mein and Longaste, and these places also are in possession of the British. The ground in front of the British in the villages of Ecoust St. Mein and Longaste, and these places also are in possession of the British. The ground in front of the British in the villages of Ecoust St. Mein and Longaste, and these places also are in possession of the British. The ground in front of the British in the villages of Ecoust St. Mein and Longaste, and these places also are in possession of the British. The ground in front of the British in the village has been captured. Chalce the enemy has fallen back east of the Ypres-Comines canal. The British have reached Doulif and La Creche. Ravelsburg ridge has been captured after some opposition from the German rear guards, who put up a fierce the battles of the next few with dead Germans, for the British in the class of the enemy has fallen back east of the Ypres-Comines canal. The British and Longaste, and these places also are in possession of the British. The coming the enemy has fallen back east of the enemy has fallen back east of the enemy has fallen back east of the seven the enemy has fallen back east of the seven the enemy ha

REPORTED BY ALLIES

PARIS, September 2.-The allied forces on the western front have taken get good officers so that the war can be won.

But senators are busy nowadays and cannot keep up with everything going on in Washington, and the New York senator just didn't know about it, that's all. Another sans 2.069 guns, 1,784 mine throwers and said: On the French front 75,900 prisone and 700 guns had been captured by the BRITISH SHIP ESCRICK French since July 18, it is announce today.

> Gen. Brugere Dies of Apoplexy. GRENOBLE, France, September 1.

Gen. Brugere, former generalissimo of the French army, who visited the United States in 1912 as the head of

the shellfire had been so intense that hardly one brick was left standing | The enemy seems to have upon another.

As the Americans advanced the German rear guards, from what little cover remained, opened up with their machine guns, but these were quickly silenced without much trouble. Elsewhere in the same locality the Americans also advanced the line, keeping in contact with the retreat

"We realize as we never realized before that we are comrades."-Woodrow Wilson.

Americans in First Fighting

in Belgium Get Voormezeele

Other German Positions Also Taken---British

Reported to Have Captured Bullecourt

Three Times, Now Securely Holding It.

of the town were piles of debris, for

little more than a slight foothold, which in every case was quickly loosened by British and American re-

attacks.

In most places the Germans did not even get a foothold, for the advancing formations were met with hurricanes of fire under which they melted

ing enemy. Counter attacks by the stormed and captured and the Ger-Germans resulted in their gaining mans driven south and east.

days.

The British have retired only when herdes of Germans appeared, but their positions and charged the enemy. During the fight that followed the british either killed or captured every man of the enemy garrison and in addition bagged fifteen machine guns. This was accomplished with casual-British Now in Possession.

Just now it appears that Bullecourt

Heavy losses were inflicted upon the learning guils. This was accomplished with casualties so light as to sound incredible. In fact, the number was so small that it was not made known. In the north the Germans steadily continue their retreat.

This plan has been in evolution for many months. Yet when a published article about it was read in the Senate on Friday some of the senators acted as if they had never heard of it before. They promptly assuitable the true demonstrative administrative and the senators acted as if they had never heard of it before. They promptly assuitable the true demonstrative administrative activities and the senators acted as if they had never heads of the United States millitary establishment. IN SEDAN DAY OBSERVANCE

Never, he added, could the German and for our holiest rights. forces on the western front have taken a total of 128,302 prisoners since July people be vanquished when it was people be vanquished when it was united. Continuing the message, as tatement today. In the same period statement today. In the same period 2.069 guns, 1,724 mine throwers and said:

"I know that the whole brave Ger-By the Associated Press.

AMSTERDAM, September 2.—Emperor man people are ready for all sacri-William, replying to a message from fices; that it is at one with me in the the municipality of Berlin on the oc- firm determination to obtain an honorcasion of Sedan day, declared that he able peace. No other people is able was firmly convinced that no enemy will ever be able to shake the strong done at the front and at home in heroism, energy and loyalty to the structure of the German empire.

TORPEDOED; 13 IN PORT

A CANADIAN ATLANTIC PORT, September 2.—The British steamer Escrick, 4,151 tons, bound from Bordeaux to Montreal, was torpedoed on the night of August 16 when about

WAR REVENUE BILL TO GO TO HOUSE TOMORROW

The \$8,200,000,000 war revenue bill was not submitted to the House today, as was expected.

Following an executive meeting of the ways and means committee, it was stated that the bill will be intro-

Torpedoing of Ataz-Mendi **Brings Decision to Take** All Interned Hun Ships.

LONDON, September 2.-The Spanish government after a cabinet meettremely light, while all positions are ing Saturday night seized one of the finally retained.

At Mont St. Quentin the Germans have counter attacked again and again at great cost, but the line there remains intact.

The taking of the Drocourt-Queant line, in which tanks co-operated, is considered of enormous importance, if the British can maintain their gains. Very heavy fighting is expected, but it will be open fighting and of the torpedoing of the Ataz-Mendi.

Backs Up Note to Berlin.

MADRID, Saturday, August 31,-The Spanish government tonight decided to take over all the German steamships interned in Spanish ports in accordance with Spain's recent note to Berlin, because of the torpedoing of en Spanish vessels by German submanish.

stormed and captured and the Germans driven south and east.

Late yesterday the enemy delivered powerful counter attacks east of Fremicourt on the Bapaume-Cambrai road, the infantry being assisted, act cording to reports, by a few tanks.

The Germans succeeded in penetrating a short distance, but the British immediately re-attacked, and the minister of foreign minister Dato announced at a meeting of the cabinet tonight that the minister Dato announced at a meeting of the cabinet tonight that the carrying a cargo of coal from England to Spain, had been torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine.

A semi-official note issued after a meeting of the cabinet today says immediately re-attacked, and the that the minister of foreign minister Dato announced at a meeting of the cabinet tonight that the carrying a cargo of coal from England in Dury and also to have reached the western edge of Cagnicourt. Considerable fighting is taking place on the high ground between Dury and that the minister of foreign minister Dato announced at a meeting of the cabinet tonight that the carrying a cargo of coal from England in Dury and also to have reached the western edge of Cagnicourt. Considerable fighting is taking place on the high ground between Dury and that the minister Dato announced at a meeting of the cabinet tonight that the carrying a cargo of coal from England in Dury and also to have reached the western edge of Cagnicourt. Considerable fighting is taking place on the high ground between Dury and the beautiful that the minister Dato announced at a meeting of the cabinet tonight that the witch line on a front of two miles. The Canadians are reported to be in Dury and also to have reached the meeting of the cabinet today says that the minister Dato announced at a meeting of the cabinet tonight that the switch line on a front of two miles. In most places the Germans did not In most places the Germans did not In most places the Germans did not In most places the Germans succeeded in penetrative get a foothold, for the advancing formations were met with hurring formations were met with hurring a short distance, but the British immediately re-attacked, and the ground which the Germans had occupied quickly became a shambles. In this operation the British captured many prisoners. Among the German that the minister of foreign affairs informed the cabinet today says that the minister of foreign affairs informed the Cabinet today says that the minister of foreign affairs informed the Spanish steamer Carasa on this operation the British captured many prisoners. Among the Germans dead at this point was a battalion commander.

British "Rick Off."

A dispathe from Paris August
Prince Paris Aug

VON HERTLING REPLACED

Cablegram to The Evening Star and Chicago Daily News. Copyright, 1918. THE HAGUE, Holland, September -News has been received here that Chancellor von Hertling has retired and that Dr. Solf has been appointed as his successor. Peace overtures are now expected.

INCREASE FOR BITUMINOUS. Output for Week of August 24 Shows 12,603,000 Net Tons.

Bituminous coal production for the week ended August 24 amounts to 12,603,000 net tons, including lignite and coal made into coke, which production exceeded the output during the corresponding week of 1917 by 1,852,000 net tons, or 17 per cent. Compared with the output during the preceding week the increase amount-ed to 669,000 net tons or 5.6 per cent. Anthracite production for the week is reported in net tons at 2,134,000 as against 1,924,000 net tons at 2,134,000 as against 1,924,000 net tons during the preceding week, an increase of 10 per cent. The production record for the week compares with 1,988,000 net tons during the corresponding week of

GORE WOULD AID FARMERS.

Will Move to Amend Agricultural Bill and Provide \$150,000,000. Senator Gore of Oklahoma today gave agricultural bill providing \$150,000,000 to aid the farmers in the drought stricken parts of the country. It requires a two-thirds vote of the Senate to suspend the rules.

BRITISH CAPTURE DROCOURT-QUEANT HINDENBURG LINE

Vitally Important Point Opens Way to Edge of Gagnicourt.

CANADIANS WIN VICTORY; AMERICANS' BRILLIANT FIGHT

LONDON, September 2 (1 p.m.).—The British have penetrated the vitally important Drocourt-Queant switch of the Hindenburg line, according to reports from the battle front this afternoon. They have reached the western edge of Gagnicourt about two miles northeast of Queant.

A large number of prisoners were taken in this forward push against extremely stubborn enemy resistance. The Germans had seven divisions massed on a front of five miles in this area.

The Drocourt-Queant line was smashed through by the Canadians on a two-mile front. Field Marshal Haig's men are reported to be in Dury and heavy fighting is progressing in favor

Le Transloy Soon to Fall.

been holding stubbornly, is considered by the British today as virtually in their hands. They have captured the village of Villers-au-Flos, to the north, and le Transloy now is outflanked on both sides.

The capture of Noreuil, northeast of Bapaume, was reported this morning.

ing.

The British advance along the Cambria-Bapaume road is continuing. On this road the British are approaching the village of Beugny, nearly four miles northeast of Bapaume. It is not yet definitely reported captured. The taking of the Drocourt-Queant

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, September 2 (Canadian press).-Canadian troops attacked

Several Villages Taken.

LONDON, September 2.—British It is believed that Bullecourt itself has thrice been lost and won in the strice been lost and won in the strice been lost and won in the strice been lost and won in the has thrice been lost and won in the strice been lost and won in the strice been lost and won in the has thrice been lost and won in the strice been lost and won in the has been a "dog fight" here for two days. First the British were also counter attacked at Vaulx-Vraucourt, the German sagaining a corner in the north the other would filter in and get the beautiful become most active. From ruin to ruin, through cellars and through old and new trenches the fighting has been a "dog fight" here for two days.

British "Kick Off."

B

Advance in Flanders.

On the Flanders front the British have advanced as far as the Lystiver east of Estaires, while farther northeast in the direction of Ypres the village of Neuve-Eglise has been captured.

Between 3,000 and 4,000 prisoners were taken by the Australians in the vicinity of Peronne yesterday.

Sunday's Fighting Bitter. BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, September 1, evening (Canadian Press).—Yesterday saw fighting on the front of the British armies from north of Voormezeele to the south of Peronne. On both fianks the British troops advanced victoriously. In the center they bitterly contested the vast network of defenses guarding the Drocourt line. The battle around Bullecourt, although resulting in only slight territorial changes, has been particularly bitter. Saturday a formidable station redoubt that had been previously taken and lost was recaptured. nadian Press).—Yesterday saw fight-

been previously taken and lost was recaptured.

On the right another British division was fighting its way valiantly through the honey-combed defenses of Ecoust and Longatte. Long after the assaulting waves had gained their objectives mopping-up parties would unearth machine gun burrows, getting as many as ten machine guns. Small tanks captured many dismounted who had been hurriedly thrown in to replace the infantry. This is considered an indication of a serious shortage of German reserves.

The British casualties have been amaxingly small, working out at one-tenth the number taken prisoners.

Le Transloy Soon to Fall.

Le Transloy, the important point on the line between Bapaume and Person. WHITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FLANDERS, September 1 (by the Associated Press), 4 p.m.—Furious fighting was reported from various sections of the battle front today. The British advanced everywhere and at least 2,000 more prisoners were

Core of Battle.

Scarpe river and Bapaume, and it is here that the Germans are really fighting, according to the Daily Mail's ngating, according to the Daily Mair's correspondent at British headquarters in France. In this sector the Germans, says the correspondent, are fighting well to keep the allies off their great line of defense that winds along the most favorable ridges from St. Quentin to Drocourt.

Mont St. Quentin Fight Brief.

LONDON, September 2.-The Australians, who captured Mont St. Quenin with 1,500 prisoners, and thereby made the fall of Peronne inevitable, accomplished the feat within an hour and with a loss to themselves of only twenty-five men, according to the Daily Mail's correspondent at British headquarters in France. The corre-

French Push On North of Soissons PARIS, September 2.—French troops last night made additional progress on the front north of Soissons, grining ground in the woods west of Coury-le-Chateau, the war office announced to-

Chateau, the war office announced today.

An advance also was scored in this
region east of Pont Mt. Mard. The
Germans twice counter attacked along
the Canal du Nord, at the village of
Campagne, but the French positions
were maintained.

The allies are keeping up the battle
in the face of increasing resistance by
the enemy and more than that they
have extended the fighting until it now
embraces a front of some 120 miles
from Ypres to Solssons. This is more
than many well informed observers had
hoped for.

Peronne's Fall Serious.

Peronne has fallen and with it the enemy's last chance of holding on to a strong defensive position along the

Somme.

While the principal feats now are being performed on the British part of the battle line, Gen. Mangin continues to forge ahead, adding every day to the enemy's losses and to his danger. Gen. Mangin's success is due not only to the valor of his Franco-American troops, but to the skill in manufactures that

Yankees Outpoint Enemy in "Jumble of Ravines"

LONDON, September 2.—The sad appreciation of the country, and in the heap of what once were the homes of branching jumble of ravines they outnotice that he would move tomorrow to Juvigny, which is all that remains of pointed the Germans in working their suspend the rules, so as to offer an the place, was not even of tactical imamendment to the pending emergency portance, says the correspondent for their own line or being enveloped by the Reuter's, Limited, in a dispatch from enemy. on the Aisne front, describing the cap- and good shooting that the American

and ground craft proved invaluable to the Americans. They were mostly men of the corn at with keen eyes and an nothing for which to reproach them.

captures reached such a high figure, 550 Germans being cleverly rounded up, for the boche was not there to surrender. He was there to fight and had fought as ong. at least as hope remained. Left Many Dead.