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# ENDED AS CHILE AND PERU AGREE

Former to Get Arica, Latter Tacna, Official Announcement Says.

DISPUTE, BORN IN WAR, THRIVED FOR 45 YEARS

Agreement Is Result of Diplomatic Negotiations Underaken at Invitation of Secretary Kellogg.

SANTIAGO, Chile, February 21 .- The Tacna-Arica boundary dispute, born in war and thriving through 45 years on international strife, has been settled by peaceful means.

Official announcement here today says that an agreement has been reached between the governments of Peru and Chile, the two countries involved, by which the Province of Tacna goes to Peru and that of Arica to Chile.

Peru and that of Arica to Chile.

The boundary between the two provinces is fixed slightly north of the railroad leading from the Port of Arica to La Paz, Bolivia. This railroad, of the utmost importance to Bolivia, since it is her sole outlet to the Pacific, remains in Chilean territory until it crosses the Bolivian frontier.

The railroad from Tacna to Arica will be in Peruvian control, while a spur which is to be constructed at Arica connecting the two lines will be under Chilean control.

necting the two lines will be thider Chilean control.

The agreement is the result of diplo-matic negotiations undertaken just four months ago, after resumption of diplo-matic relations between them at the in-vitation of the United States Secretary of State, Frank B. Kellogg, last July.

The Tacna-Arica dispute has its birth in 1879 when Chile occupied the two provinces in the course of a war with Peru and Bolivia. The treaty of Ancon ended the conflict in 1884, and provided they should remain in Chilean control for 10 years when a plebiscite would be undertaken to determine their future state.

Peru maintained the Chilean govern Peru maintained the Chilean government attempted unfair nationalization of the two provinces and the plebiscite was not held, the argument between the two countries continuing furiously for more than 25 years. War was often threatened, the nature of the conflict being such that it might have involved nearly all of South America.

In January, 1922, the United States Government, seeing the dangerous aspects of the situation, offered its good offices. President Harding became ar-

ent Harding became ariter in July, 1922. He was succeeded y President Coolidge, who, in 1925, anded down his own decision which upheld the necessity of a plebiscite, fixed the northern boundary of Tacna and provided for a boundary commission to decide the southern Tacna boundary, or that which borders on Arica.

Gen. John J. Persning headed a commission which was dispatched by the United States Government to the disputed territory to make arrangements for and oversee a plebiscite, but the quarrel between the two countries was such that this was never held. Maj. Gen. William Lassiter succeeded Gen. Pershing in 1926, his negotiations for a plebiscite failing also.

Pershing in 1926, his negotiations for a plebiscite failing also.

A boundary commission, headed by Jay J. Morrow of the United States, was formed. On October 10 of last year this boundary commission, at the suggestion of Secretary Kellogs, adjourned for four months to permit direct negotiations between the two governments.

On February 10 an announcement was made that the resumption of the boundary commission's work had been postponed until February 22. There were intimations from various quarters that an announcement of concord between Peru and Chile would be forthcoming before this meeting.

Of No Great Value.

Of No Great Value.

The territory which has been in dispute has no great actual or potential commercial value. Chile's famous nitrate fields lie to the south. Arica, the chief town, has dwindled greatly in population in recent years and now probably has not more than 5,000 population. It is, however, important as the seaport through which most of the Bolivian trade with the Pacific is handled.

The region is of volcanic origin and has sulphur and borax as practically its only minerals. It is richer in agricultation of his method of travel to sight the Rockefeller Range.

Now not only have about 40,000 square miles of Antarctica been explored, due to the amazing visibility gained with an aeroplane, but the Rockefeller Range has been mapped by aero camera and a sketch of the entire sector has been made by Capt. Ashley C. McKinley of the Army Air Service. Also the uncharted stretch of coast line

only minerals. It is richer in agricul-tural products, however, growing large quantities of coca plants, while along the Sama River, northern boundary of Tacna, the world famous Moquega raisins are produced.

PERSHING IS PLEASED.

Cites "Admirable Example" of Peaceful

PARIS, February 21 (A).—Gen. John J. Pershing, one-time head of an Amer-ican commission to Tacna-Arica to

make arrangements for a plebiscite there, today expressed pleasure at news of the Tacna-Arica settlement.

"It is deeply gratifying to me that the governments of Chile and Peru have reached a settlement of the long-standing dispute," he said. "That a plebiscite was impracticable became evident soon after the commission met in Arica about three years ago. It was always my conviction that the common sense of justice and fair dealing of these two progressive peoples would lead to a mutual understanding of this really difficult question. I am sure the admirdifficult question. I am sure the admirable example of resolving international differences by conciliation will have a far-reaching effect upon the relations among the American republics."

GIVES ALESSANDRI CREDIT.

PARIS, February 21 (P).—Augustin Edwards, president of the third Assem-bly of the League of Nations, and former Chilean Minister to Great Brit-

former Chilean Minister to Great Brit-ain, today expressed himself at greatly pleased at the settlement of the Tacna-Arica controversy. "Every patriotic Chilean cannot but welcome the settlement of the serious and long standing dispute," he said. Edwards was once a member of the Tacna-Arica Plebiscite Commission. He added: "Without in the least diminishing

Tacha-Arica Plebische Commission.

He added:

"Without in the least diminishing the credit that belongs to the present government for this settlement, I think it only just to remember that former

## CAPITAL LEADERS LAUD NATIONAL RADIO FORUM

Cabinet Members, Officials and Congressmen See Great Educational Worth in Star-Columbia Broadcasts.

ing import by men of national prominence will be inaugurated on the eveby The Star today follow: ning of Saturday, March 2, at 10 o'clock, when Senator William E. Borah of Idaho will go on the air.

The programs, which will be broadradio stations, will be available to the pressed with the radio forum of The Capital through Station WMAL of the Evening Star and the Columbia Broad-Columbia system.

Secretaries Mellon, James J. Davis the discussions of topics close to the hearts of those interested in the welfare of the country.

With one accord, they and prominent embers of the Senate see in the plan the inauguration of an educational institution of inestimable value through the utilization of one of the broadest The inauguration, the special session

40,000 Square Miles in Ant-

arctica Pre-empted as

American Domain.

BY RUSSELL OWEN.

By Wireless to The Star and the New York

LITTLE AMERICA, Antarctica, Febru

ary 19 (By Dog Team to the Bark City

of New York, February 20.")-A new

territory in Antarctica has been claimed

for the United States by Comdr. Byrd

as the result of his latest flights, and

discovered. The Rockefeller Range i

British and known as the Ross De-

pendency, but the other and larger

range, peaks of which tower 8,000 to 10,000 feet, is apparently outside the limit of the British claims and at the

flights next season will be able to chart

in 1911, but failed because of the limi-

tation of his method of travel to sight

sector has been made by Capt. Ashley C. McKinley of the Army Air Service. Also the uncharted stretch of coast line east of the Bay of Whales has been

base.
"I have named this land after the

"I have named this land after the best sport and noblest person I know," he said after the flight yesterday, "one who has borne the brunt of all my ..d-ventures and to whom the credit belongs for anything I may have accomplished. This new land will be Marie Byrd Land."

Value of Base Indicated.

The glimpses he and his other pilots have had of it as they have scouted swiftly, sometimes at 100 miles an hour, over the desolate snow hills of Antarctica have indicated how important may be the result of the selection of this quadrant of the continent as a field of operations and the strategic value of a base at the Bay of Whales.

Wherever they have flown they have

a base at the Bay of Whales.
Wherever they have flown they have found mountains or the suggestion of mountains in the distance. New flights have confirmed conclusions from former trips; and at the end of yesterday's two flights, one an exploration

(Continued on Page 4, Column 3.)

ithin the territory claimed by the

particularly those of yesterday.

Cabinet members, high Government of Congress, farm relief and the perofficials and prominent members of plexing problem of tariff legislation, in Congress today were enthusiastic in order, are the earliest topics to receive their acclaim of the arrangements com- attention in the weekly forum discus pleted by The Evening Star in co-opera- sions. Care always will be taken to tion with the Columbia Broadcasting see that the subjects discussed will have Co. whereby a weekly radio forum for the discussion of questions of outstand-lives of the citizens of the country.

Andrew W. Mellon.

Secretary of the Treasury. At the office of Secretary Mellon i was stated today in the Secretary's beeast over a nationwide hook-up of 50 half that Mr. Mellon is favorably imcasting Co. He feels that it is a good activity and will result in benefit to and Postmaster General New today took he thought it would be helpful for naoccasion to praise the plan which will tional questions of importance thus to bring to hearthsides over the Nation be carried to the homes of the country leading citizens.

Harry S. New, Postmaster General.

"The radio forum program of The enterprise and a most wonderful in-novation. Obviously the radio has given (Continued on Page 2, Column 6.)

#### **Hoover Will Take** Office Oath Despite **Custom of Quakers**

Mr. Hoover will be sworn in as President regardless of the fact that he is of the Quaker faith. It has been learned that Mr. Hoover has no intentions of asking to be affirmed when the time comes for his taking the oath of office as previously reported. It was pointed out that the Quakers have been taking oaths for more than 50 years and that Mr. Hoover sees no reason why he should not take the oath on inaugural day. Moreover, he took the oath when he was sworn in as Secretary of Commerce.

Idaho Senator Will Remain in Upper House, High Authority Says.

BY G. GOULD LINCOLN.

Senator William A. Borah of Idaho is not going into the Hoover cabinet, either as Attorney General or Secretary of State. That statement is made on the highest authority. Senator Borah has never said he was

offered either post by the Presidentelect. But the belief that he might have had either of these cabinet offices is widespread, and it has never been denied that the tender of these posi-tions was made to the Idaho Senator. Senator Borah will remain in the Senate, chairman of the Senate forsenate, chairman of the Senate for-eign relations committee, a dominant figure in that body. The Idaho Senator entered the Senate 22 years ago and is now serving his fourth term. He will come up for re-election next year. If he chooses to run for re-election, there is no doubt but that he will be returned

is no doubt but that he will be returned to Congress.

The announcement that Senator Borah will not become Attorney General will be a disappointment to many of the dry leaders. The opinion was expressed that Senator Borah, as head of the Department of Justice, would have been an influential factor in the enforcement of the prohibition laws.

Aided Hoover Campaign.

east of the Bay of Whales has been mapped by camera.

This great new land, which has so aroused the enthusiasm of Comdr. Byrd and the other members of his expedition, has been named after a woman who has been little known to the public in connection with the commander's exploits. He has had the matter in his mind for a long time, and talked of it one day while walking over the sunlit stretch of bay ice toward the base. During the Kansas City convention and later, Senator Borah played a prominent part in the Hoover campaign for the presidency. Mr. Hoover, it is known, has the highest confidence in the ability of Mr. Borah, and it is out the ability of Mr. Borah, and it is out of this regard, it is understood, that he has sought to have Mr. Borah enter the cabinet. Certainly the offer of two of the most important posts in the Government must be considered a recognition of the high esteem in which the President-elect holds the Senator from Takaba.

The office of Attorney General, it was said today, is still a problem on which Mr. Hoover is working. Several men are under consideration for the appointment and the selection may be made very soon.

be made very soon.
So far as the office of Secretary of
State is concerned, the best information
obtainable is to the effect that Henry

obtainable is to the effect that Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of War under Taft's administration, is to have the place.

Posts Considered Sure.

Other posts in the cabinet that are considered settled are those of Secretary of the Treasury and Secretary of the Interior. Secretary Mellon is to have the first and Dr. Ray Lyman Wilbur, president of Stanford University, the second.

While no official confirmation

While no official confirmation

the Detroit River at Ecorse.

The Sapphp, a ferry boat owned by the Nicholson Universal Steamship Co.

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The Sapphp a ferry boat owned by the Ni

While no official confirmation has (Continued on Page 2, Column 7.)

## Tower Bells Stir Bok's English Birds, Thinking 'America' Is 'God Save the King'

NEW YORK, February 21.-Down at Mountain Lake, Fla., where Edward Bok's bell tower recently was dedicated

trying to get them out of England for more than 400 years. It was a great victory for Mr. Bok, but the nightingales, on American soil, refused to sing a note. All the blandishments and inducements of their Florida paradise were futile. There was never a peep cut of them

# COMMITTEE VOTES SWEEPING REVISION OF SALARY LEVELS

Would Correct "Inequalities" Brought About by McCarl Decision.

HOUSE GROUP SPRINGS SURPRISE WITH REPORT

Balancing of Entire Structure of Classification Which Was Disrupted Would Be Restored.

The House appropriations committe sprang a surprise when it included in the second deficiency bill, reported toand Wilbur, Attorney General Sargent the American people. Mr. Mellon said day, a legislative provision "to correct the inequalities brought about by the controller general's decision, to restor what it believes to have been the intent by radio through the discussions of of Congress under the Welch act, to relieve the Treasury of the approximately \$2,000,000 of unintended cost, and to restore the balance of the entire structure of classification insofar as it Evening Star is a highly commendable has been disrupted by the McCarl decision.'

This bill carries a total of \$17,299,616 in supplemental appropriations to meet salary increases under the Welch pay

Allocations Would Be Amended. The appropriations committee's legis ative provision in this bill directs that the "Personnel Classification Board within 30 days after the enactment of this act shall review the allocation of all positions which, on June 30, 1928, were allocated in grades 4, 5, 6 and 7 of the professional and scientific service, and grades 11, 12, 13 and 14 of the clerical administrative and fiscal service, of the compensation schedules set forth in the classification act of 1923 covering salary rates from \$3,800 to \$7,500, and which have not been allocated, with the approval of such board, to the grades of such compensation schedules as amended by the act of May 23, 1928, covering salary rates of \$3,800 to \$9,000. Such allocations," the proposed legislative rider directs, "shall be amended by the Welch pay act, and shall have authority to ascertain the facts as to the dutes and responsibilities of any such position. this act shall review the allocation of all and responsibilities of any such position, and to review and change allocation thereof whenever, in its opinion, the

and to review and change allocation thereof whenever, in its opinion, the facts warrant.

This legislative provision, which is in order under the Holman rule, is recommended by the committee because the Holman rule provides for the incorporation of legislation in an appropriation bill if on its face it shows a reduction in expenditures or in the numbers or compensation of the persons paid out of the Treasury of the United States.

In its report to the House today, made by Representative Wood of Indiana, the committee expresses its belief that this is "very necessary remedial legislation to correct injustices growing out of interpretations of the Welch act by a decision of the controller general which has required the allocation of positions contrary to the intent of Congress in passing the law." passing the law.

Directed Higher Ranges.

The legislation is directed to those positions in the grades of the professional and scientific service and the clerical, administrative and fiscal service, where the salary ranges are \$3,800 and above, and where many increase and above, and where many increases in compensation, ranging as high as \$2,000 per annum for individual, were brought about by the controller's decision adversely to what the committee understood to be the intent of Congress.

"A general situation brought about by the Controller General's decision may be tersely set forth by the statement that under it, instead of the Personnel Classification Board being the allocating body, as the classification act of 1923 provided, the allocating the behavior of the control of the power by his ruling was split three ways, partly to the heads of departments, partly to the Controller General and partly to the board. The confusion and harm to any system of classification by such a confusion of authority is

tion by such a confusion of authority is readily apparent.

"In addition to the excess cost of \$780,600 in the District of Columbia, it is estimated that the projection of this same ruling to positions in the field service has added approximately \$1,250,000 to the field pay in these upper grades, giving a grand total of excess cost of approximately \$2,000,000."

#### TWO LAKE SHIPS AND TUG **BURN TO WATER'S EDGE**

Another Boat Damaged in Fire Laid to Carelessly Tossed Cigarette.

DETROIT, Mich., February 21.-Fire believed to have been started by a carelessly flicked cigarette butt, last night burned two Lake passenger ships and a steam tug to the water's edge and seriously damaged another excursion steamer, with estimated damage of \$250,000. The ships were tied up on

\$250,000. The ships were tied up on the Detroit River at Ecorse.

tering Around Room.

KING TAKES FIRST WALK. British Ruler Uses Cane in Saun-

BOGNOR, Sussex, February 21 (49).— King George has achieved his first real walk since the beginning of his illness. His majesty walked around his bed-room with the aid of a cane yesterday. He was weak and his nurse hovered close, but he negotiated a turn suc-cessfully.

Maryland and Virginia News Pages 10 and 11.

#### EXTRA \$24,000,000 Senate Bill Urges **Giving Police Reins** Of Chicago to State

SEC. OF

TREASURY

Second Deficiency Measure Submitted to House by Committee.

Embodying the desire of House administration leaders to circumvent the controverted proposal of \$24,000,000 additional for prohibition enforcement in the first deficiency bill, a second measure omitting that item was submitted

committee. Every other item in the first bill, now ying dormant in the Senate since the House refused to accept the increased prohibition fund, is incorporated in the new measure, which would provide \$191,599,000 for emergency uses of Govgest items is the \$75,000,000 for tax

to the House today by its appropriations

By the Associated Press.

MR HOOVER, NEWS GATHERER

COMPLETE CO CABINET!

refunds. The total includes \$11,185.500 for public buildings, \$2,150,000 more than was recommended in the proposal submitted to Congress a week ago by President Coolidge. The increase is to take care of additional projects.

The only reference in the measure to prohibition enforcement is an item of

prohibition enforcement is an item of \$589,010 for salary increases in the Prohibition Bureau. A warning that a filibuster might be waged against the bill in the Senate unless it includes more money for enforcement has been sound.

Divided Into Three Section The new bill is divided into three ections, the first covering \$78,677,229

sections, the first covering \$78,677,229 of emergency appropriations recommended by the President. The second would provide \$17,299,000 for salary increases for Federal employes under the Welch act, and the third, \$95,622,000, represents the items that were in the first deficiency measure.

The tax refund item is the largest single one carried in the measure. Among other large items are \$19,000,000 for Army and Navy pensions, \$15,000,000 for railroad transportation and messenger service in the Post Office Department, \$3,530,000 for general exmessenger service in the Post Office Department, \$3,530,000 for general expenses of the Marine Corps, \$3,250,000 for purchase of new airplanes for the Army Air Corps, \$2,494,152 for salary increases in the Veterans' Bureau and \$7,130,000 for Porto Rican hurricane relief

#### WOMEN ASK SEPARATE DOMICILE UNDER LAW

Feminists Urge Passage of New York Bill Granting Individual

Legal Residence Status.

By the Associated Press,

ALBANY, N. Y., February 21.—Feminists, carrying proudly the banner of equal rights, and with Mme. Ganna Walska as their chief spokesman, have placed before New York legislators their arguments for separate domicile, compulsory jury service for women and equal guardianship rights for both parents of minor children.

Ganna Walska told a joint session of the Senate and Assembly judiciary committees yesterday that the Pitcher-Jenks bill, granting a woman the right to a separate residence for voting and office holding, had her approval and suggested that the bill be amended to include legacy rulings and taxation.

The wife of Harold McCormick cited how she recently was held liable by the United States Customs Court for certain effects on the ground that her husband's home was her own although she effects on the ground that her hus-band's home was her own, although she had declared Paris as her separate

Earthquake in Jugoslavia. BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, February 21

(P).—Sharp earthquake tremors were felt today at Milanovitch, about 65 miles south of Belgrade. Furniture, pictures and crockery were displaced, but there was no great material damage. Catholic Priests List Addresses.

MEXICO CITY, February 21 (A).— About 200 Catholic priests have informed the government of their addresses, in compliance with a recent order of the secretary of interior. Sixty-two filed their addresses yesterday alone.

#### **Bank Statements**

Washington clearing house, \$4,894,-124.10. New York clearing house exchanges, \$1,564,000,000. New York clearing house balances, Customs receipts, \$32,835,865.39.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., February 21.—A bill to take control of the Chicago Police Department from the city's hands and give it to the State has been placed before the Illinois Senate.

The measure introduced by

the Illinois Senate.

The measure, introduced by Senator Adolph Marks of Chicago, would replace Police Commissioner William E. Russell and his deputies with a commission appointed by Gov. Emmerson.

In presenting the bill Senator Marks declared the Chicago police force "needs a houselean.

ing."
Under the system now effective by which the North, South and West Park Boards of Chicago are State operated, that city at presume has a large area policed under ent has a large area policed un State direction.

One Mother Burns With Five Children and Another

With Three.

PITTSBURGH, February 21.-Ten persons, members of the two families, were burned to death in fires which destroyed their homes in Western Pennsylvania early today. At Ebensburg, Mrs. Leo Mangold and her five children perished, and at Hillsboro, Mrs. Zenas Berkey and her three children died.

The five Mangold children ranged in age from 8 months to 6 years. The three Berkey children were aged 6 weeks and 3 and 4 years. Both fires apparently were caused by overheated

The only two other occupants of the Mangold dwelling were Mr. Mangold and his brother Donald, who occupied

sleeping quarters on the first floor. Both escaped uninjured. In the Hillsboro blaze Zenas Berkey, lone survivor of the family, suffered severe burns about the face and hands. The Carrolltown fire was discovered by miners on their way to work. They broke into the house and aroused Mangold and his brother, but the blaze had gained such headway that rescue of the mother and five children on the second floor of the dwalling was impossible.

floor of the dwelling was impossible. Perishes Aiding Baby.

One of the miners succeeded in fighting his way to Mrs. Mangold's bedroom, but the woman, her night clothing on fire, pushed him away and struggled to the side of a sleeping child, where she

At Hillsboro, Mrs. Berkey, who was nursing her 6-week-old baby, smelled smoke and awakened her husband. Gosmoke and awakened her husband. Going to the kitchen, he discovered the room affame. Becoming panie stricken, Berkey dashed through the flames to the outdoors, where he collapsed in the snow and was unconscious while his wife and children burned to death. The charred bodies of Mrs. Berkey and her children were found by firemen.

Although Henry Naughe, father-in-law of Berkey, lives but 200 feet from the Berkey home, a cabin, his family was unaware of the fire until summoned by Berkey when he regained consciousness.

REPAIR FUND ASKED.

Sought for U. S. Property at Mount Weather, Va. An item of \$48,000 for rehabilitation

of the Government property at Mount Weather, Va., for use as a "Summer White House" was asked in the defi-ciency bill, reported to the House today.

Invited to Baltimore.

### No 5:30 Tomorrow

There will be no 5:30 edition of The Star tomorrow, George Washington's birthday.

# 7-INCH SNOWFALL SLOWS UP CAPITAL

Depth Is Greatest Since 10-Inch Record on January

Maryland suburban districts suffered acutely today from the effects of the first traffic congesting snowfall of the Winter.

With a snow depth of 7½ inches within the city limits, officially recorded as the heaviest since the 10-inch fall on January 28 of last year, managers of the city and suburban transportation facilities struggled under difficulties during the early morning rush hours to keep the arteries of traffic flowing.

While weather reports indicate relief from further snow for Washington today and tomorrow, reports from the farthest Virginia suburban districts tell

farthest Virginia suburban districts tell of continued snow and a depth ranging from 12 to 18 inches between Purcell-ville and Bluemont on the route of the Washington & Old Dominion Railway.

One Accident Reported.

Despite the fact that everything on wheels floundered during the traffic rush of the early morning, only one mishap was recorded early today. A bus of the Alexandria-Barcroft & Washington Co. skidded at Twelfth street and Pennsylvania avenue, ran over the curbing and crashed into a lamp post. No one was injured.

Fortunately for the thousands wholeft their automobiles at home, and device where the first suspicion that her every move being watched.

Fortunately for the thousands who left their automobiles at home, and depended upon bus and street car transportation, there were no lengthy tie-ups of traffic during the morning. Many trudged their way on foot to offices through the snow.

Thousands Walk to Work.

Every available street car and bus was in Sightest suspicion that her every move was being watched.

Although the palmist has a brother in Chicago, she did not stay at his home, but sought refuge in a small rooming house far from the "Loop" district. This made it difficult for the agents to locate her after they learned that she was in Chicago.

Thousands Walk to Work.

Every available street car and bus was hurriedly put into service. At that the demand for seats far exceeded the supply. Hundreds of pedestrians waited long minutes at car stops on the main traffic routes only to have car after car pass them by, passengers packed in so tightly it was difficult to close the platform doors. Good-naturedly, for the most part, these hundreds and thousands of pedestrians plodded their weary way to work.

Fortunately, there was ample warning of the depth of the snow upon which Washingtonians awoke this morning. With the light fall of early yesterday the present snowstorm commenced at 10 clock last night. But that she was in Chicago.

The Department of Justice operatives first picked up Mrs. Blalock's trail in Abilene, Tex., the home of Representative Blanton, where she went early in She stayed at a hotel there for some time, and after Blanton came back to Washington she also left.

Following up reports that she had a hotel there for some time, and after Blanton came back to Washington she also left.

Following up reports that she had a beach to Washington she also left.

Following up reports that she had a shill be a hotel there for some time, and after Blanton came back to Washington she also left.

Following up reports that she was in Chicago.

which Washingtonians awoke this morning. With the light fall of early yesterday the present snowstorm commenced at 10 o'clock last night. Bus and car companies were able to keep the snow plows working during the night. By 7 o'clock this morning the snow changed to sleet. With the sun shining brightly later in the morning it appeared that nature soon would solve the chief difficulty of motorists.

The Washington Rapid Transit Co. handled a record number of passengers this morning, it was said, and most of the busses made extra trips along the

this morning, it was said, and most of the busses made extra trips along the most congested routes. With the ex-ception of delayed schedules, no mis-haps were reported. Two new busses were put into service for the first time and the various routes were kept cleared of deep snow during the night and

At the Washington Bus Terminal on Pennsylvania avenue it was reported hat delayed schedules were the only ill that delayed schedules well do to the effects from the snow. Most of the trains coming into Union Station from the North and South averaged only a few minutes behind regular schedule

With the lower Potomac River practically free of ice, the Norfolk and Washington steamboats encountered no difficulty in keeping to schedule.

The storm came up from the Gulf of Marko. Mexico, passed over the Carolinas and lower Virginia, reaching Washington about 10 o'clock last night. Between 7 and 8 inches of snow fell during the nine hours until 7 o'clock, when the snow gave way to sleet and rain, which

froze as it fell.

The storm this morning centered ever The storm this morning centered ever the Virginia Capes, and was moving in a northeasterly direction. The Weather Bureau ordered storm warnings posted from Atlantic City to Eastport, Me. Fresh winds blowing up the Atlantic Captinued on Page 2. Column 3. (Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

# PALMIST EXPECTED

TWO CENTS.

Collins and Two U.S. Agents Due in Chicago Today With Subpoena.

#### MRS. BLALOCK LOCATED THERE BY OPERATIVE

District Officials Proceeding Wit Plans for Burlingame Hearing Saturday.

Located in Chicago by special agents of the Department of Justice, Mrs. Helen F. Bialock, accuser of Capt. Guy E. Burlingame, suspended commander of the second police precinct, is expected to return to Washington in time to testify at the trial of Burlingame, which begins at 10 o'clock Saturday morning in the sixth precinct station.

Armed with a Federal subpoena for the long missing palmist, William H. Collins, assistant United States attorney for the District, and two Department of Justice operatives, were due

ney for the District, and two Department of Justice operatives, were due to have reached Chicago this morning. Although officials admit they cannot force the woman to come back and face Burlingame, they are confident she will return. Collins and the two agents left here yesterday afternoon.

In the meantime, District officials are proceeding with plans for Burlingame's extraordinary trial just as though Mrs. Blalock had not been found or was not expected to return in time to confront the police officer. Corporation Counsel William W. Bride, who will prosecute the case, said he probably would confer with the woman when she returns and that any alteration in his original plans would depend on the outcome of his interview with her.

Second Trial Could Be Held.

28 Last Year.

Bride pointed out that the trial of Burlingame could proceed on the formal charges preferred against Burlingame of conduct prejudicial to the good order, reputation and discipline of the police force and conduct unbecoming an officer, and that a second

the arrival of Collins and the two agents.

Mrs. Blalock has not been placed under arrest, it was peinted out, for there are no charges pending against her. She is merely a Government witness and cannot be returned to Washington against her wishes without various legal proceedings which would take considerable time.

who slightest suspicion that her every mo

While Mrs. Blalock did not know, ap-While Mrs. Blalock did not know, apparently, that the Federal operatives were on her trail, she undoubtedly had a fear that some time she would be sought, it was said, for her movements, shrewdly executed, kept the agents baffled for a time. And when she was reported to be in Chicago there was a feat at the Department of Justice headquarters here that some time would be required in locating her hiding place. Chicago is said to be one of the easiest cities in the United States for a person to hide, and its many railway terminals hide, and its many railway terminals and motor bus lines make it compara-tively simple for a person to leave with-out being seen by Federal agents or the

At any rate, the Chicago agents con-

At any rate, the Chicago agents continued their search, having only a general description of Mrs. Blalock for identification. An inquiry among her friends in Washington and vicinity had failed to produce a picture.

The agents knew, however, that in the course of time Mrs. Blalock would be short of funds and they would probably find her when she appeared at a bank. That is exactly what happened.

All of the banks in Chicago were notified to be on the lookout for a person answering Mrs. Blalock's description. One day she went into a bank there with a check, drawn on a Washington bank, and requested that it be cashed. The check, incidentally, Washington bank, and requested that it be cashed. The check, incidentally, was sent to her from Washington while an extensive search for her was under way, and no one admitted knowledge of her whereabouts.

# HAMBURG, Germany, February 21 (P).—Prof. Wilhelm Blashke, professor of mathematics in the University of Hamburg, has received an invitation from Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, to hold a course of lectures as Speyer visiting professor in 1930-31. Tracks in Snow Found by Firemen Lead To Youth's Arrest on False Alarm Char To Youth's Arrest on False Alarm Charge

Tracks in the snow found by firemen | alarm, but upon arriving at the scene

Tracks in the snow found by firemen when they responded to an alarm at I welfth and G streets southeast at 11:36 o'clock last night led to the arrest of Joseph Lee Pebbs, colored, 18 years old, of the 700 block of Twelve-and-a-half street southeast, on a charge of turning in a false alarm.

Although the youth denied he pulled the box, police say they found tracks leading from the signal station to his home.

No. 18 Engine Company answered the

doubtless apochryphal, about Mr. Bok's cut of them.

At the dedication of the bell tower duty.

At the dedication cut of them. President Alessandri is entitled to great recognition because it was he who, in 1921, after he assumed the presidency, destroyed the deep-seated opposition in Chile to the idea of arbitration of the Tacna-Arica problem. It was he who made possible a solution by accepting arbitration, although at the time he did against great opposition.

doubtless apochryphal, about Mr. Ale and the deficiency of the mightingales, illustrative of intermediate to the idea of arbitration of the bell tower, the imported Belgian carrilloneur—duty free—played "America." Then, so runs the tale—to which this chronicler does about two dozen of the nightingales, he arbitration, although at the time he did being the first to succeed, although the merchant princes of the world had been the control of the bell tower, and the dedication of the bell tower, the imported Belgian carrilloneur—duty free—played "America." Then, so runs the tale—to which this chronicler does not set his hand and seal—the nightingales, and burst into songs, in full choir.