

MARINE PRODUCTS SUPPLY IS SMALL

Weather Prevents Large Shipments Here—Egg Receipts Exceed Demand.

With ice covering most of the creeks and streams that supply Washington with its marine products, a dearth of fresh fish was reported today with only a few shad, flounders and mackerel to answer the demand.

Buck shad are selling for 35 cents, roe shad, 45; flounders, 25; mackerel, 25, while extra smelts are being sold for 25, and frozen halibut, 25. Select oysters were selling for \$2.50 a gallon this morning and standard oysters, \$2.25.

Receipts of eggs were more than ample to meet the demand. Current receipts were quoted at 41424, with henner stock selling for 44.

Today's wholesale prices—jobbers' prices slightly higher:
Butter—One-pound prints, 41424; tub, 40441; store packed, 25a30.
Eggs—Hennery, 44; current receipts, 41424; select, 45.

Poultry, alive—Turkeys, young, 30a 32; old toms, 27a28; Spring chickens, large, 28a30; medium, 28a30; broilers, 28a33; fowls, 27a28; Leghorns, 20a23; roosters, 20; ducks, 15a18. Dressed—Turkeys, young, 36a38; old, 32a33; Spring chickens, large, 34a35; medium, 34a35; broilers, 38a40; fowls, 32a33; Leghorns, 26a27; ducks, 28a30; roosters, 28a35; capons, 35a40; keats, 50a60.

Meats, fresh killed—Beef, 23a25; veal, 28; pork loins, 28; fresh hams, 25; fresh shoulders, 20; smoked hams, 25a 27; smoked shoulders, 22; bacon, 25a27; lard, in bulk, 12 1/2; in packages, 13 1/2; calves, 28; lambs, top, 28a30.

Fruit and Vegetable Review.
The daily market report on fruit and vegetables, compiled by the Market News Service Bureau of Agricultural Economics, says:

Apples—Supplies moderate; demand light, market steady. Barrels: Virginia, U. S. No. 1, 2 1/2 inches up, Yorks, 5.00a5.50; some ordinary condition, 4.00a4.50; U. S. No. 1, 2 1/2 inches up, Staymans, 6.50a6.75; U. S. No. 1, 2 1/2 inches up, Black Twigs, 5.50a6.00. Boxes: Washington, medium to large size extra fancy Romas, 2.75a3.00; extra fancy large-size Staymans, 2.75; extra fancy medium-size Staymans, 3.00a3.25. Bushel baskets: Virginia, U. S. No. 1, 2 1/2 inches up, Yorks, 1.50a1.65.

Cabbages—Supplies moderate; demand light, market steady. New York, 100-pound sacks, Danish type, 2.25a2.40, mostly 2.25; Florida, 1 1/2-bushel hampers, pointed type, 1.75a2.25.

Celery—Supplies moderate; demand light, market steady. Florida, 10-inch crates, 3-6 dozen, 2.75a3.00.

Lettuce—Supplies liberal; demand moderate, market about steady. Arizona, crates, iceberg type, 2 dozen, mostly 4.75, few low as 4.50; 6 dozen, 3.00a3.50; Florida, 1 1/2-bushel hampers, Big Boston type, 2.50a2.75.

Onions—Supplies moderate; demand light, market about steady. New York and Michigan, 100-pound sacks, yellows, U. S. No. 1, medium to large size, 2.00a2.25; Colorado, 50-pound sacks, Valencia type, U. S. No. 1, large size, 1.25.

Potatoes—Supplies moderate; demand moderate, market steady. Maine, 120-pound sacks, Green Mountains, U. S. No. 1, 3.85a4.00; New York, 150-pound sacks, round whites, U. S. No. 1, 4.75; Michigan, 150-pound sacks, Russet, U. S. No. 1, 4.75; Idaho, 100-pound sacks, Russet Burbanks, U. S. No. 1, 3.75.

String beans—Supplies moderate; demand light, market steady. Florida, bushel hampers, green, fair quality and condition, 2.50a 3.00, mostly 2.50.

Eggplant—Supplies light; demand light, market steady. Florida, pepper crates, fancy, 5.00.

Tomatoes—Supplies light; demand light, market steady. Originals, Florida, lug boxes, ripe and turning, wrapped, 5x5 and 5x6, 5.25a5.50, few 5.75; re-packed, unknown origin, 2s, ripe, wrapped, fancy count, 4.00a4.25; choice count, 2.50a2.50.

Spinach—Supplies light; demand light, market steady. Texas, bushel baskets, Savoy type, 1.75a2.00.

Cauliflower—Supplies light; demand light, market about steady. California, pony crates, 2.60a2.75.

Peppers—Supplies light; demand light, market steady. Florida, pepper crates, fancy, mostly 6.00, few 6.50.

Peas—Supplies moderate; demand moderate, market steady. Mexico, 45-pound crates, 4.00.

Carrots—Supplies moderate; demand light, market firm. Texas, Western lettuce crates, bunched, 3.50a3.75.

Strawberries—Supplies very light; demand light, market slightly stronger. Florida, pony refrigerators, Missionarys, 60a65 per quart, 30a35 per pint.

Beets—Supplies moderate; demand light, market steady. Texas, Western lettuce crates, bunched, 3.50; bushel baskets, bunched, fair quality, 2.25a2.50.

Corporation News

NEW YORK, January 27.—The following is today's summary of important corporation news prepared by Standard Statistics Co., Inc., New York, for the Associated Press.

Weekly News Review.
The stock market displayed increased activity and moderate strength during the past week. Stimulated by increased production in the steel industry, prices showed a strong upward tendency in the latter half of the week, breaking out of the narrow area in which prices have ranged since the first of the year and advancing to a new high for the current movement.

The listed bond market was dull, decreased interest being due to the record bond offerings of the previous week. Prices evidenced a sagging tendency. It was manifest that old and well established issues were being sold, proceeds being placed in the recent offerings.

Loans to brokers decreased \$24,000,000 to \$3,241,000,000, compared with \$5,443,000,000 on January 23, 1929. Detailed changes during the week were a decrease of \$29,000,000 in loans by New York City banks, a decrease of \$3,000,000 in loans for out-of-town banks and an increase of \$17,000,000 in loans for account of others. Call money continued to range between 4 and 4 1/2 per cent. The Federal Reserve consolidated statement for the week showed a decrease of \$9,100,000 in holdings of discounted bills, \$25,000,000 in bills bought in open market and \$2,400,000 in United States securities. Volume of Federal Reserve credit outstanding is now \$224,587,000 under the level of a year ago.

Reserve ratio showed a further improvement, increasing to 76.3 per cent against 75.4 per cent in the previous week and 69.3 per cent a year ago.

Trade News Encouraging.
Trade and industrial developments of the past week were encouraging. Operations were almost uniformly favorable contrasted with the previous week, but, of course, continued sharply off from last year's record results. Steel production showed a further increase, operating rate advancing to 69 per cent of capacity, against 66 per cent in the preceding week and 59 per cent two weeks ago. In the corresponding week of 1929 production was at 84 per cent of capacity. United States Steel rate was increased to 72 per cent of capacity, against 67 per cent in the previous week and 65 per cent two weeks ago. In the like week a year ago United States Steel was at 85 per cent of capacity. Independent plants ran at 67 per cent, contrasted with 64 per cent in the previous week and 58 per cent two weeks ago. Rate during like week in 1929 was 82 per cent of capacity. Prices of steel showed further easing during the week. This weakness, no doubt, is keeping back replenishment orders which otherwise would be placed.

Pig iron prices are the lowest since October, 1928, while finished steel is at the lowest level since December, 1927. The leading for the week of January 11 were the lowest of any corresponding week since 1922. Total of 863,191 cars was an increase of 86,392 cars over the previous week, which included holiday, but a decrease of 51,247 cars from the like week of 1929.

After two consecutive weeks of increases in coal loadings that commodity showed a sharp decline from a year ago. Live stock and forest products were the only commodities to show a smaller relative decrease than that reported a week ago.

Crude Oil Production.
Domestic crude oil production in the week ended January 13 averaged 2,661,650 barrels daily, a decrease of 27,600 barrels from the preceding week's average, due mainly to reduced output in Oklahoma and California. Compared with the like week a year ago, it was an increase of 1,450 barrels. Imports of crude and refined oil averaged 282,250 barrels daily, an increase of 15,393 barrels over the preceding week and making a total available supply of 2,943,900 barrels daily. Refinery runs averaged about 2,542,600 barrels daily, thus stocks of crude increased 401,300 barrels a day during the week. Gasoline stocks at the end of the week totaled 45,041,000 barrels, an increase of 1,300,000 barrels over the preceding week. Gas and fuel oil stocks amounted to 144,039,000 barrels, a decrease of 12,000 barrels from the previous week. The crude oil price reductions made in the Midcontinent fields by Standard Oil of New York and Atlantic Refining Co. have not been met by other large purchasers. Some buyers, therefore, are paying on the average of 25 cents a barrel more for crude than others. This condition cannot last, as producers naturally favor the higher priced buyer, and in order to maintain their prices have curtailed production further. East Earlston, Okla., operators have agreed to reduce production to 33 1/3 per cent of capacity, while Oklahoma City producers have voted a reduction to 25 per cent of capacity. Operators in Voshell field, Kansas, have also curtailed output to 25 per cent of capacity.

Automobile production was stepped up moderately during the week, January schedules of Chrysler and Chevrolet being revised upwardly because of large demands from their dealer organizations.

Railroad equipment orders to sizable proportions were placed by a number of railroad and oil companies. Locomotive orders from the Van Sweringen lines alone were in excess of \$11,000,000.

BASIC INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY QUICKENS

Business Barometers Indicate Definite Trade Upturn During Past Week.

Special Dispatch to The Star.
NEW YORK, January 27.—While primary distribution and general trade are seasonally slack and still somewhat hesitant, basic industrial activity in the United States has quickened and each week brings further evidence that the decline has been checked and that a definite upturn is not far off, says the Business Week in its report covering the week ended January 25.

Steel operations have shown an unusually strong year start, general building is moving at a higher level than in December and if Government reports are true, an upturn in employment in January has resulted from organized business support of the President's efforts.

It will be better in the end if business revival proceeds, as it now does, slowly and firmly. Call money rates are so low and general commercial rates are still too high to risk the possible effect on the stock market of a false start in business recovery. The market, however, is getting into a sound position for a moderate rise in activity and prices.

Bank security loans are still heavy and the short interest probably large. But while there is still a lot for the market to digest, there is very little to defeat.

Business revival would probably be facilitated and not much endangered by a further lowering of rediscount rates. We should expect this almost any week now.

GROWTH IN CANNING INDUSTRY IS SHOWN

Tin cans in 1929 consumed more than one-fourth of the world's supply of tin, and the proportion will be higher this year, according to figures compiled by British producers. Eight billion cans were manufactured in 1929 and 45,000 tons of pure tin were used. The great increases in food canning throughout the world will boost these figures to new heights in the next few years.

A tin can starts its life as an oblong lump of iron about half an inch thick. This is put into a furnace and afterward rolled into a thin sheet. The sheet is folded in halves and then designed to the flames again. The folding and rolling process is repeated until the block of iron is converted into 16 sheets of plate stuck together.

The sheets are separated and then dipped by the thousand into a sulphuric acid bath. Next they are plunged into molten tin and emerge a beautiful silver color. A high polish is given to the silver color by rollers covered with sheepskin. Every sheet is then examined for defects, and if it is perfect it passes into the automatic machine which turns out tin cans at a tremendous rate.

Forty-five thousand tons of tin, valued at about \$850 a ton at present prices, thus start on the way to the scrap heap, for a can, once used, has served its useful purpose.

Farm Buying Power

Special Dispatch to The Star.
NEW HAVEN, Conn., January 27.—Agricultural prices rose by 1.8 per cent last week, the index being the highest since September 27, 1929. This index has recovered 30 per cent of the loss incurred in the recent slump.

Non-agricultural prices are still very weak, last week's index, 91.3, only two-tenths of a point above the low on November 22.

With the agricultural prices strong and non-agricultural prices weak farm purchasing power rose 2 per cent last week. This is the highest index since September 27, slightly in excess of 2 points below the 1929 high point on July 26. This index lost 7 points in the 16-week slump, and in the 10 weeks following this lowest point it has recovered more than 50 per cent of the loss.

Index numbers of agricultural and non-agricultural prices for various periods are given in the following table with the index of farm purchasing power which is their quotient. For each the average for 1926 represents 100:

Week ended	Farm Purchasing Power	Agricultural Prices	Non-Agricultural Prices
Jan. 24	110.0	100.4	91.3
Jan. 17	107.8	98.8	91.0
Jan. 10	107.1	98.2	91.0
Jan. 3	107.6	98.5	91.0
Year ago	102.7	92.7	91.1
Dec. 26	108.0	98.7	91.3
Nov. 19	107.4	97.3	91.3
1929 av.	106.6	100.3	94.1
1928	110.0	106.0	96.5
1927	105.7	100.0	94.6
1926	100.0	100.0	100.0

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JANUARY FEATURE OFFERING

Re-Curtain Your Home Economically!

Sale of Ruffled and Tailored Curtains

\$1.29 to \$1.50 Values

98^c Pr.

FOR ONE DAY ONLY

500 pairs of fresh new curtains! Styles for every room in the house! Trim tailored models of ivory or ecru marquisette finished with deep 3-inch hems! And dainty ruffled curtains of long-wearing hard-twist voiles—some with figured rayon inserts—all with overlocked edges in pastel shades of rose, blue, gold, orchid or green. Securely stitched; complete with double ruffled valance and tiebacks.

Phone Orders Filled

If you cannot be here tomorrow, telephone your order. Call National 9800; our personal shopper, Miss Jane Stuart, will gladly shop for you as long as quantities last.

Curtains—Fifth Floor

JANUARY FEATURE OFFERING



Specially Priced for A Limited Time

Nemoflex Corsets

Regularly \$7.50 \$10.00

Just a reminder that January is almost over, and Saturday these Nemoflex foundation garments go back to their regular 11-month price of \$10. They are famous for their extra diaphragm and abdominal belts that give such wonderful uplift support, moulding the figure to the new lines. Long and medium—In sizes 36 to 52.

Corset Shop—Third Floor

Clearance! Smart Shoes

Originally \$5.95 to \$12.50

\$4.85 \$7.85

Not every size in every style—hence this low clearance price! Important savings on smart straps, pumps and oxfords! Black or brown suede; black or brown kid; black satin, and black patent leather. Beautiful silk kid or reptile trimming. Come early for the greatest choice!

Shoe Shop—Second Floor



Silk Pajamas

Of Especial Appeal To the Younger Set

\$5.95 and \$7.95 Values

\$4.95

These pajamas are from our regular maker, and are offered at this low price as an appreciation of the large Spring order we just gave him. Exact duplicates of our regular \$5.95 and \$7.95 pajamas. Made of Admiration silk crepe—washes and wears beautifully. Lace-trimmed and tailored styles, in delicate pastels. Sizes 15 to 17.

Underwear Shop—Third Floor

Fur Coats Reduced

Original \$175 to \$195 Values—Now \$135

There's not many of them—but what values! A savings of \$40 to \$60 on every coat! Natural and silver muskrat, beaverette and sealine (died rabbit), a black pony of fine moire skins, and soft caracul paws; many with handsome collars and cuffs; 16 to 46.

Fur Shop—Second Floor

It's Inexpensive To Be Fashionable The Smart Miss Invariably Chooses Printed Frocks

\$9.74

A visit to our Inexpensive Shop will soon convince you that it is "inexpensive to be fashionable"! For here at the modest sum of \$9.74 are the new 1930 prints—realistic floral patterns and interesting conventional designs—widely spaced on rich dark grounds. A collection so versatile and lovely you will not want one, but several. Sizes 14 to 46.

Flared or Straight Line Coats, \$32.74

Featuring Black Coats With Black Fur

You will like the luxurious manner in which these coats are furled—you will like their huge standing collars and deep patch cuffs that mount the elbows! All smart twill broadcloths, many with linings to match. Black and brown. Sizes 14 to 46.

Inexpensive Shop—Second Floor



The sleeveless frock with a jacket is newest when in a smart floral print. \$9.74.

Youthful all-black coat with huge collar and cuffs of Manchurian wolf. \$32.74.

A nurse taught me how to quickly heal

CHAPPED HANDS

I'll never be without this dainty, healing cream

"A friend of ours who is a nurse at City Hospital was visiting our family one day and I told her how I was suffering from frightfully chapped hands. The minute she saw how raw and red they were she made me send right out for a jar of Noxzema Cream. After rubbing it into my hands a few times they all healed up. It made them so soft and white, too. Believe me, I'll never be without this dainty, healing cream again."

Nanette Levine, 516 West Side Ave., Jersey City, N. J.

If anyone knows what is good for chapped hands doctors and nurses do.

NOXZEMA CREAM
FEEL IT HEAL

For, in order to keep their hands clean and free from germs, they must wash them many times a day. This causes chapping quicker than anything in cold weather.

To heal and protect their hands thousands of nurses and doctors now use Noxzema Cream regularly. Why? Because they know that it contains the soothing, healing medication needed to soften dry, rough, cracked skin—to heal away all smarting and soreness overnight.

Besides Noxzema has all the dainty qualities of the finest toilet cream. Snowy white, greaseless, not sticky—it cannot soil or stain. Sold at all leading drug and department stores. Get a jar today.