

Hull and Conferees Reported Favoring Military Peace Guard

A series of international courts whose dictates would be carried out by co-operative military action rather than by a world police force are included in a post-war peace plan under consideration by Secretary of State Hull and a Senate liaison committee, it was reported today.

Sensations who have conferred with Mr. Hull understand also that the administration is giving thought to creation of an international council as a directing body. The United States, Great Britain, Russia and China would be the chief members.

Others of the United Nations would be invited into the general organization membership which would participate in policy-making decisions to be carried out under the council's direction. The re-constituted nations of the conquered Axis would be accorded a place at the conference table.

"Escape Clause" Discussed. The liaison group is reported to have discussed with Mr. Hull the inclusion of an "escape clause" by which none of the council members could be forced into collaborative action without its consent. This apparently was advanced by some of the conferees as an answer to demands that have been made for the preservation of American freedom of action in any international organization this country joins.

While some thought this had been agreed in principle, it apparently is one of the important questions on which additional work must be done.

The conferees were said to have determined that so far as the American plan goes, the forceful preservation of the future peace should be carried out on a basis of co-operative military action rather than through the establishment of a standing international police force. This would call for staff cooperation, with each country furnishing an allotted part of the military force needed.

Counts May Be Set Up. The plan reportedly contemplates the establishment of courts of justice which would seek to settle international disputes. These courts would have the backing of the organization's military power to enforce their decisions.

While this constitutes only the bare framework of the peace plan which the sponsors hope will be constructed, there were indications that the State Department is anxious to go ahead soon with negotiations with other countries on this general basis.

Representing almost every viewpoint, the eight-member liaison group was chosen with the idea that if it could reach unanimous agreement, there would be little difficulty in obtaining Senate approval of any plan which might be proposed. Chairman Connally of the Foreign Relations Committee is chairman of the group, which includes Majority Leader Barkley, Senators George, Democrat, of Georgia; Gillette, Democrat, of Iowa; La Follette, Progressive, of Wisconsin; Vandenberg, Republican, of Michigan; White, Republican, of Maine, and Austin, Republican, of Vermont.

Hearing

(Continued From First Page.)

WLB as the forum for settling all disputes. "It is our opinion," Mr. Davis declared, "that failure or refusal of the Government in time of war to furnish a means of peacefully resolving disputes directly involving the employees of this company would be without the slightest doubt lead to substantial interference with the war effort. It is the unanimous opinion of our members that this company is engaged in activities directly related to the successful prosecution of the war."

If it should be decided that Montgomery Ward is not subject to the no-strike pledge, Mr. Davis said, all the employees in distribution, transportation, service trades, wholesale and retail services would have no obligation to remain on the job either.

He said such a situation would lead finally to a complete disintegration of the existing machinery set up by Congress to preserve industrial peace.

Mr. Davis said he thought the Antitrust Act provided adequately for all emergencies, adding that if he is mistaken, then in his opinion there ought to be new legislation.

Mr. Davis said Ward operates in 47 States and employs 78,000 persons. He said it was one of two big mail order houses supplying 33 per cent of all farmers' dry goods needs, more than 20 per cent of their motorized equipment, 26 per cent of their automotive accessories, 25 per cent of their paint requirements.

"I should not think," the WLB chairman testified, "there would be any doubt that a company which fills these needs of the American farm population is a major factor in the national wartime economy."

Mr. Davis emphasized "if you've got a significant strike—I mean one significant in numbers and publicity—you've got to stop it, because the people just can't tell the difference between permitted and prohibited strikes."

Mr. Davis said that anybody who doesn't support the no-strike, no-lockouts program "is doing less than his duty to his country. I don't care whether he's on the labor side or the industry side. He's not a good citizen."

Sewell Avery, Ward president, may be an early witness at the hearing and Attorney General Biddle is on the list of those to be called.

Chairman Ramspeck of the investigating committee said the legislation creating his committee restricted the inquiry to the events in Chicago. He said the committee would not touch on yesterday's seizure of the Hummer Manufacturing Co., Springfield, Ill., a Ward subsidiary.



MARITIME EXHIBIT OPENS—Lt. Robert Straus, U. S. N. R., attached to the Maritime Commission, explains the 20-mm. Navy anti-aircraft gun used on merchant vessels to Mrs. Muriel Worth of the Maritime Commission's press section. Models of merchant ships, their guns, and safety equipment went on display in the Commerce Building auditorium today in connection with celebration of Maritime Day. The exhibit will be open from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. daily for the next two weeks. —Star Staff Photo.

Joint Allied-Axis Bank Holds 1-Man Meeting, Votes Dividend

BASEL, Switzerland, May 22 (P)—Tall, gray, slender Ernest Weber soborly sat down and called himself to order today for the only meeting of its kind in this warring world—the annual assembly of the Bank of International Settlements, which is still doing business under joint Allied and Axis ownership.

Mr. Weber, president of the Swiss National Bank and chairman of the Board of Directors of the International Bank, has only himself to convene because none of the other 13 directors was present.

Sixty-three and known to bankers as a clever, deliberate man nobody can impress or stampede into hasty action, Mr. Weber required a scant 30 minutes to record the mailed votes approving an annual dividend of 4 per cent, amounting to 6,000,000 Swiss gold francs (\$1,400,000).

American Is President. While none of the directors was present, Mr. Weber had for company the executive officers of the bank, including Thomas H. McKittick, an American who is president of the institution, and one of his assistants, a German named Hechler. Mr. McKittick's other assistants are a Frenchman, an Italian, and a Belgian.

In addition to Mr. Weber, the board of directors is composed of three Germans, including Walther Funk of the Reichbank; two Japanese, two Romans, one Dutchman, three Frenchmen, one Englishman and one Swede.

Bankers say the Germans have never raised the question of control.

Alexei Becomes Patriarch, Fulfilling Sergei's Wish

MOSCOW, May 22.—Alexei, 67-year-old Metropolitan of Leningrad and Novgorod, has become acting patriarch of all Russia, taking the place of the late Holy Patriarch Sergei, who died earlier this month.

Alexei's appointment was made by the holy synod of the Russian Orthodox Church which, it was announced yesterday, had "accepted and fulfilled the last will and testament" of Sergei, who asked that Alexei be elected. Alexei's formal election as patriarch appeared virtually certain.

Accepting the appointment, Alexei addressed a letter to Premier Stalin, describing the latter as "a wise leader placed by the Lord over our great nation" and pledging himself to follow the canons of church regulations on the one side, and constant faithfulness to the motherland and the government headed by you on the other.

Charles Town Entries

Table of horse racing entries for Charles Town, including race numbers, names of horses, and jockeys.

Advertisement for Smith's Transfer and Storage Company, Inc., celebrating its 36th Anniversary in 1944. The ad includes the company name, address (1313 You St. N.W.), and a slogan: "Don't Make a Move... Without Calling Smith's... NOrth 3343".

CIO Raps NLRB Plan To Allow Employers To Ask Union Election

The CIO yesterday sharply criticized recent decisions of the National Labor Relations Board, called its proposed changes in regulations a new threat to organized labor and laid the entire trend to the influence of one board member—Gerard D. Reilly.

The protest issued by President Philip Murray and the executive officers of the CIO three members off by a hearing last Friday on a proposal to give employers the right to petition for a collective bargaining election when they doubt a union's majority.

The recent Montgomery Ward & Co. seizure grew out of such controversy by President Sewell Avery that the CIO union with which he had been directed to negotiate a new contract lacked a majority. The union won the election, however, and the Government returned the plant to the CIO.

Writes to State CIO Councils. In addition to a resolution adopted by the Executive Council, Mr. Murray wrote each CIO union State council and regional director condemning the board's recent acts, and urging that pressure be brought to bear on the board, and upon the military or naval officers "concerned with maintaining full production" in their plants.

Of the new proposal, the resolution stated: "In the face of labor's no-strike pledge, the proposed regulation would invite a wave of petitions by employers intent upon delaying bona fide collective bargaining and thereby unquestionably provoke strife and turmoil, with a terrifying impact upon war production."

"It appears that the entire change in the course of conduct and administrative attitude on the part of the National Labor Relations Board is due to Board member Gerard Reilly. It is he who had determined, for whatever his reasons, complete lack of understanding of our war problems."

"Undermining the protection afforded labor by the National Labor Relations Act in peacetime would be serious enough. But this activity, carried on during wartime, reflects a sense of irresponsibility and a complete lack of understanding of our war problems."

Mr. Reilly declined to comment. Decisions to which the CIO objected specifically were those handed down in the American News Co. and the foremen's cases.

In the former, the resolution said, the board enunciated a policy "which is a throwback to the days when labor unions as such were held to be illegal."

"In the situation involving the right of foremen to obtain protection under the National Labor Relations Act the board succeeded in floundering so long as to provoke the situation which developed in Detroit," the resolution said, referring to the recent strike at 13 Detroit plants where supervisory employees had walked out.

"As a result of the conflicting decisions of the board a kind of class B citizenship has been given to the foremen in American industry," the resolution said.

Typographers Honor 59 At Memorial Services

Memorial services for 59 members of Local 101, Typographical Union, who have died in the last year and the three members killed in the war were held yesterday afternoon at Pythian Temple.

Lt. Col. Roy Honeywell spoke on the union's motto, "Our Brother's Keeper." Mrs. Frances Thibault Smith sang Gounod's "Ave Maria," with a violin accompaniment by Arthur Lindsay. Edward Carey sang "Abide With Me" and "Lead, Kindly Light." The names of the members who died were read by Norman Sandridge. William Field was chairman of the service.

Col. Flicke to Address Lutheran Nurses Guild

Col. Julia O. Flicke, former head of the Army Nurses Corps, will address the Lutheran Nurses Guild at 8 p. m. tomorrow at the Lutheran Service Center, 738 Jackson place N.W., it was announced today.

Col. Flicke will speak on "Nurses in Action" the title of her recent book. Miss Frances Dysinger, secretary-treasurer of the Lutheran Student Association of Washington, is in charge of arrangements.

\$12,000,000 Flood Aid Approved by President

President Roosevelt today signed a resolution authorizing expenditure of \$12,000,000 for the relief of farmers in flood-damaged areas of the Upper Mississippi, Missouri and Illinois Rivers.

The legislation authorizes loans and grants to repair damage to property and land. A Senate amendment permits expenditure of \$1,000,000 of the total for repair of property damaged by winds.

Buy bonds... Buy more... Buy NOW!



LT. COL. NELSON TALBOT, in charge of Ward Plant. —A. P. Wirephoto.

Montgomery Ward

acting under President Roosevelt's order. Operations at the Hummer factory had been halted for 17 days by a strike of AFL machinists who protested the concern's rejection of a War Labor Board directive to sign a one-year contract with the union.

President Roosevelt ordered seizure of the Chicago properties last April 26 but returned them to the owner May 9, the same day an employees election was held to determine a bargaining agent. The CIO union involved represented a majority, tabulation showed.

"There was no connection between the disputes in Chicago and Springfield. The WLB's original order in the Hummer case was issued nearly nine months ago. As in the Montgomery Ward case, Sewell Avery, Ward head, refused to comply with provisions for maintaining a union membership and arbitration procedures.

The union took the case into its own hands on May 5 and struck the plant after the board had held a "show cause" hearing under the War Labor Disputes Act, and affirmed its order on April 14.

The WLB said the tieup at the plant had curtailed production of Bendix Aviation.

The White House released a letter to the President from WLB Chairman William H. Davis in which Mr. Davis requested that the board remove of machine tools and dies from Hummer, for installation in other plants, in order to insure the receipt of needed turret parts for military aircraft.

"In view of the circumstances the board has no alternative but to refer this case to you for such action as you may deem appropriate," the chairman wrote.

In the executive order, the President said he found and proclaimed "in view of the national emergency and production of articles and materials that are required for the war effort or that are useful in connection therewith; that there are existing and threatened interruptions of the operation of the said plant and facilities as a result of a labor disturbance caused by the failure of Montgomery Ward & Co., Inc., to comply with a directive order" of the WLB.

The Secretary of War was directed to observe the terms and conditions of the WLB order, said under the April 14 WLB order, wage rates, with a general four cents an hour boost, would have ranged from 60 cents to \$1.24 an hour. The WLB approved scale will be paid under Government operation, he added.

11,500 Stay Away From Chrysler Plant Despite Union's Plea

DETROIT, May 22.—Approximately 11,500 Chrysler Corp. employees remained idle today despite a War Labor Board back-to-work order and instructions from the United Automobile Workers (UAW) to go through picket lines set up by a group of strikers protesting the dismissal of 16 fellow workers.

The strikers voted yesterday to continue their protest today and George P. Adges, secretary-treasurer of the International UAW-CIO, said he would ask that an administrator be appointed for the Chrysler union local involved if work was not resumed today.

Handbills Passed Out. A company spokesman said today that groups of employees gathered around the plant gates apparently uncertain whether to attempt to pass through picket lines or to go home. The pickets, he said, pressed handbills on which union involvement was urged. "The company threw us out; stay out until all discharged employees are rehired."

William Jenkins, president of Local 490, UAW-CIO, said he was not surprised at the vote against returning to work. "The men want the Army to take over," he said.

The dispute which crippled or halted operations in seven Chrysler plants in the Detroit area had its inception in a jurisdictional argument between the AFL teamsters union and a rival CIO union involving truck drivers delivering soft drinks to one of the Chrysler plants.

Buck Strike Ends. The jurisdictional dispute has been adjusted, at least temporarily, with a WLB order for a collective bargaining election.

Production was resumed at the Buick aluminum foundry at Flint today when 1,400 employees returned to their jobs.

The dispute started last Tuesday when 24 metal pourers, members of the United Automobile Workers (UAW) walked out in what they described as a protest against pouring more than 18 heats of metal on one shift. The company sent home 1,400 workers employed on two shifts.

Workers Defer Strike At Parke Davis & Co.

DETROIT, May 22.—Parke Davis & Co. employees voted in a mass meeting yesterday to remain on the job today, the date set for a strike which they authorized Saturday in a National Labor Relations Board election under the Smith-Connally Act.

The drug firm employs 1,900 men and women who are represented in collective bargaining by the United Gas, Coke and Chemical Workers (U.G.C.W.). The decision to carry on his research in the realm of penicillin and garden plants, has been dismissed by Tuskegee yesterday.

The 22-year-old protégé of the late Dr. Carver said his dismissal resulted from a dispute over the disposition of royalties he was receiving for the sale of the great Negro scientist's biography.

Prof. Curtis came here for a brief visit with his parents. His father, Prof. Austin Curtis, Jr., is head of the agriculture division of West Virginia State College and a member of the faculty for 43 years.

Mr. Curtis, Jr., who attended West Virginia State and was graduated at Cornell University, joined Dr. Carver as an assistant in 1935.

He became director of the George Washington Carver Foundation and director of Tuskegee's research and experiment station on the scientist's death January 5, 1943.

Five Soldiers From District Reported Missing in Action

Five soldiers from the District were reported missing in action in the War Department today, three in the European and two in the Mediterranean, areas of war.

Second Lt. Robert Z. Carragher, 21, of 6030 First street N.W., a native of Harrisonburg, Va., Sgt. Hodge was a graduate of the high school there and was working for a local commercial concern at the time he enlisted in the infantry in September, 1939. He later came to Washington as a member of Headquarters Company, serving as chauffeur for Robert Lovett, Assistant Secretary of War for Air. Sgt. Hodge transferred to the Air Force in March, 1943, taking his basic training at Buckley Field, Colo., and receiving his wings at Wendover, Utah, in October, 1943. He went overseas in January, 1944.

Flight Officer Raymond I. Cady, 21, of 4407 Ninth street N.W., a native of the District, was a bombardier on the plane on the April 15 mission over Romania that resulted in his being reported missing. A 1941 graduate of St. John's College, he was working to his mother's work at the Navy Yard at the time he enlisted, in November, 1942, in the Air Force as an air cadet. He took his basic training at training at Ft. Belvoir, Ill.

Second Lt. Donald W. Jerolaman, 24, of 1821 Sixteenth street N.W., was reported missing after his plane was shot down in a running battle over Romania on April 15, according to his mother, Mrs. Estelle C. Jerolaman. Mrs. Jerolaman said she was told men in other planes saw two parachutes open while Lt. Jerolaman's plane was still in the air.

Lt. Jerolaman, a native of East Orange, N. J., attended Central High School here and was working for the Farm Security Administration at the time he enlisted in the Air Force in October, 1941. He took basic training at Sheppard Field, Tex., and was graduated as a bombardier from Childress Field, Tex., in August, 1943. He went overseas in December, 1943.

Second Lt. Francis C. Krahling, 20, of 3563 Brothers place S.E., was co-pilot on the April 22 mission over Germany which resulted in his being reported as missing. A graduate of Anacostia High School in the class of 1942, he enlisted in the air forces in May, 1942, and took his basic training at Perrin Field, Tex. He graduated from Harmon Flying School and received his wings at San Antonio, Tex., in November, 1943. He went overseas in February, 1944.

Four days before he went on the April 22 flight, Lt. Krahling wrote home that he had seen a neighborhood friend, Leman Ritter. Sgt. Herman L. Hodge, 26, of 4901 First street N.W. was reported as missing in action after a mission over Germany on April 22. He was

Protege of Dr. Carver Discharged by Tuskegee

CHARLESTON, W. Va., May 22.—Prof. Austin Curtis, Jr., the young Negro scientist whom Dr. George W. Carver designated to carry on his research in the realm of penicillin and garden plants, has been dismissed by Tuskegee yesterday.

The 22-year-old protégé of the late Dr. Carver said his dismissal resulted from a dispute over the disposition of royalties he was receiving for the sale of the great Negro scientist's biography.

Prof. Curtis came here for a brief visit with his parents. His father, Prof. Austin Curtis, Jr., is head of the agriculture division of West Virginia State College and a member of the faculty for 43 years.

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WAVES Free 63,000 Men For Sea Duty, Jacobs Says

WELLESLEY, Mass., May 22.—Vice Admiral Randall Jacobs, chief of naval personnel, told the graduating class of Wellesley College yesterday that WAVES have released 63,000 men for sea duty.

Speaking at the 66th commencement exercises, Admiral Jacobs said the men were available for use "in the forward area because their places have been filled by competent young women who now wear navy blue and navy gray."

The Navy personnel chief added that the recruiting of women was an important source of manpower for the expanding Navy.

"Measured beside the Army, the Navy still is not large," he said, "but to those of us who know the prewar Navy, it is like seeing a boy in short pants change overnight into husky manhood."

Admiral Jacobs declared that "by last December 31 we had expanded to more than 225,000 men and we will shortly have a Navy, including the Marine Corps and Coast Guard, of more than 3,500,000."



Advertisement for Harrell Brothers & Campbell, offering a \$5.00 total cost to purchase an "ALL RISK" fur policy. The ad includes the company name, address (716 11th St. N.W.), and telephone number (NA. 0804).

Advertisement for Bank of Commerce & Savings, offering 4% loans on life insurance. The ad includes the bank's name, address (7th & E Sts. N.W.), and telephone number (NA. 0804).

Advertisement for Julius Garfinckel & Co., featuring lightweight summer shirts. The ad includes the company name, address (F Street at Fourteenth), and a list of shirt colors: cream, summer tan, French blue, and light burgundy.