Grover and Frankie, Like Lovers True, Will Surely Wed in June;

The Trousseau's Made, the Preacher's Spoke, the Day Can't Come too Soon.

President Will Wed Miss Folson Next Wednesday

Congress Grows Funnier and Funni Day by Day as the Weather Grows Warmer and Warmer.

WASHINGTON NEWS

YEM! YEM!! YEM!!! President Cleveland will be married at the White house on Wednesday evening, June 2nd, to Miss Frances Folsom. The recent death of a relative of Miss Folsom has changed the original plans for the wedding, and the invitations will now be limited to a few of the near relatives and members of the

cabinet and their wives.

Rev. Dr. Sunderland, of the First Preaby-terian church of Washington, will officiate.

The ceremony will be followed by a collation and the wedding, in all its details, will be plain and unostentatious.

Washington, May 28.—The president

CONFIRMATIONS Louis.

Postmasters — W. O. Garvin, Trenton, Mo.; F. T. Lynch, Leavenworth, Kan.; C. H. Brown, Sterling, Kan.; Herbert Williams, North Bend, Neb.; E. E. Warson,

The house committee on labor today agreed to report favorably the bill authorizing the incorporation of trades unions in the territories and the District of Columbia.

the territories and the District of Columnose the committee applied or and received the papers in the case of Highest time and salle be feed to and received the papers in the case. It appears, the committee applied for and received the papers and documents in the case that Mr. Hyatt is the editor and proprietor of a newspaper published at North Bend. Several copies of his response to the provision that if any manufacturer of closmargerine commences business and personal form the papers and documents in the case that Mr. Hyatt is the editor and proprietor of an exercal copies of his newspaper were filled in support of the application for his removal. Editorial articles plication for his removal. Editorial four for his removal. Editorial four forms a

The injunction was also removed from the report in the case of S. B. Evans, nominated to be postmaster at Ottumwa Ia., rice
A. H. Hamilton. The committee found this
also to be a case of offensive partisanship
with no charges affecting the official or per-

which amendment would forfeit all land of
the company terminus with and adjacent to
such parts of the proposed line as should not
have been completed at the date of the passage of this act. The motion to lay on the
table was defeated. Yeas 23, nays 28.

The bill went over without action.

Mr. Van Wyck's bill for the taxation of
railroad lands was then placed before the
senate and under the plan of the discussion
of this bill, the debate on the Northern Pacific forfeiture was continued.

Mr. Edmunds called attention to the fact
that the effect of the proceedings thus far on
the Northern Pacific forfeiture bill was just
the same as if the senators had all been employed by the railroad company to be devil
to the bill and to do nothing at all in the
matter to which it related.

During the debate, a reference by Mr.
Van Wyck to the proceedings of the house
of representatives, brought on inquiry from
Mr. Butler as to whether such reference was
in order.

that so little that was really before the sen-ate had been referred in the debate that the chair had not thought it worth while to call attention to any particular point as being out of order. The bill before the senate he said had not been referred to for an hour.

(Laughter,)
Mr. Plumb read a bill herotofore introduced by Mr. Van Wyck to provide for the organization of stock companies to build branches of the Union Pacific railread, and branches of the Union Pacific railread, and suggested that it was inconsistent with the position assumed by that senator today.

Mr. Van Wyck defended his position and a protracted debate ensued, participated in by Messrs. Van Wyck, Edmunds, Plumb, Dolph, Vest, Mitchell and others, but it resulted in no action on the bill before the senate.

On motion of Mr. Morris, Illinois, it was

ished at North Bend. Several copies of his newspaper were filed in support of the application for his removal. Editorial articles tending to illustrate the offensive partisans aship of the man whose removal from office was requested and is now proposed, were indicated by pen and puncil lines drawn around them. In the issue of the paper of June 17, 1884, the committee finds an article indicating as follows, and he copied it at length, viz:

Democrats are not offensive partisans, as the following incident will prove: A little boy and girl was playing in a yard; the girl finds an apple, and with an archamation of delight, begins to bite it. "Hold on, says the boy; throw it away, the colry is coming, and if you can't talk, and the doctor will come and girl you can't talk, and the doctor will come and girl you can't talk, and the doctor will come and girl you can't talk, and the doctor will come and girl you can't talk, and the doctor will come and girl you some bed medicine, an't then you'll die. The girl throws the apple down, and the boy, snatching it up, begins to eat it."

"Don't," the girl says, "won't it kill you, too?"

It is not difficult to see the point of this offensive particle. It is evident that Hyatt cannot be a very bad man, or an inefficient officer, when it is shown that he has such a keen appreciation of the character of the oft repeated offensive particle. Offensive particles of the bill the would not be recorded that he about hat he has such a keen appreciation of the character of the oft repeated offensive partisanship.

The injunction was also removed from the report in the case of S. B. Evans, nomities and play to the committee of the proper of the prope

Acting Secretary Farehold today received a report from Commissioner Anderson as to the detention of the British schooner Sisters, in which he states that the statements made by Captain Ellis, are in the main correct, and he had not discovered any attempt on the part of Captain Ellis, are in the main correct, and he had not discovered any attempt on the part of Captain Ellis to defraud the sevenue. The schooner was detained for a failure to comply with the navigation laws and customs regulations. The case is retered to the treasury department for a decision.

A DAY SET.

At the meeting of the house committee on labor today Mr. Daniels, of Virginia, was instructed at the first call of the committee to set aside June 10th for the consideration of the substitute for the Blair education bill reported by the committee.

The bill agreed upon by the house committee on labor providing for the incorperation of trades unions is the work of Congressman O'Niell. The messure is asked for in the platform of the Knightts of Labor and by the federation of trades unions is the work of Representative Miller, of Teras, introduced a substitute for the Blair education bill tappropriates \$8,000,000 annually for ten years to be distributed ameng the states and territories according to the ratio of illiteracy as established by the census of 1880.

EARS' SHIF RAILWAY.

Senator Conger precented in the senate today the report of the committee on the person of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the senator of the committee of the committee of the committee of the senator of illiteracy as established by the census of 1880.

EARS' SHIF RAILWAY.

Senator Conger precented in the senate today the report of the committee on the t

Bradstreets Weekly Business Statement, Compiled From Special Telegrams

From All Parts of the Country, fying

ests of the Country.

WASHINGTON, May 29, 1 a. m .- Inc tions for Kansas are: Light local rains

For Missouri: Fair weather, followed light local rains, slightly colder and varia-

Business Outlook

On motion of Mr. Morris, Illinois, it was ordered that when the house adjourned tomorrow it be to meet next Tuesday.

Private business having been dispensed with the house went into the committee of the whole on the oleomargerine bill, the pending amendment being that offered by Mr. Daniel, of Virginia, reducing the special tax on retail dealers from \$48 to \$24.

Mr. Van Schaick, of Wisconsin, presented a protest from the executive board of Knights of Labor, of Milwaukee, against the passage of the bill.

Mr. Gibson, of West Virginia, regarded the whole bill as a fraud, and all the amendments as simply aiding to carry out that fraud.

If he (Gibson) were allowed to give the names of the members of congress who had told him here on the floor that they knew that the bill was an infanous and monstrous one, but that they were afraid to vote against it, he would make a revelation that would startle the country and show what a mockery this legislation was.

Mr. Cannon, of Illinois—Why not tell us their names?

Mr. Gibson—I do not choose to do so, but

that the advocates of the bill were performing, in view of the people, for the purpose of geing votes, but he was willing to wait and see whether they would receive the applause of the pit. He desired to ask the plause of the pit. He desired to ask the gentleman in charge of the bill what amount of money it would take to put the law into operation.

Mr. Hatch replied that he had information from the committee of internal revenue that not a dollar of the appropriation was to necessary to carry the act into execution.

NEW YORK, May 28.—The Washington correspondent of the Herald telegraphs to his paper as follows: "Three to one on June 16," shouted the book-makers to night. "Never having heard of a horse by that name I sought in vain on the Jerome park list for temorrow, then hunted over the latest turf guide. Twenty against one, June 16," was the next bid. 'Why are these so heavy?' asked a voice. 'Because it's Friday,' answered the book-maker. 'A dad day for marrying, don't you know.' NEW YORK, May 28.—The Washington correspondent of the Herald telegraphs to his paper as follows: "Three to one or June 16," shouted the book-makers to

union.

Fourth—The organizer of the Knights of Labor who endeavors to induce trades unions to disband, or interferee with their growth and prosperity, shall have his commission forthwith rescinded.

Fifth—When a strike or lockout of any trades unionists is in progress no assembly or district assembly of Knights of Labor shall interfere until it is settled to the satisfaction of the trades union affected.

Sixth—The Knights of Labor shall not establish nor issue any trade mark or label now issued or that may hereafter be issued by national or international trades union.

The general assembly Knights of Labor settled down to hard work this morning and had two sessions, today's business being transacted on the eight hour plan, from 8 to 12 o'clock in the morning and 2 to 6 o'clock in the afterneon.

It o clock in the morning and 2 to 5 o clock in the afterneon.

The executive board presented its report matters in controversy between trades unions and the Knights of Labor.

The convention took a recess at 6 o'clock until tomorrow, with a metion to refer the report to the committee on the state of the order.

order.

There are many candidates for the six associateships of the executive board. The east, New York, middle states, west and southwest will each get a place.

All district assemblies erganized in time to hand in the usual quarterly report will be entitled to representation at the Richmond convention to be held in October. ntitled to representation at the I convention, to be held in October.

Good-bye Chicago. Chicago, May 28.—It is said Captain Schaak has in his possession the details of a plot concected by the anarchists, which contemplated the blowing up of the board of trade, police stations, and various other buildings in the city June 4th. Fresh information has reached Captain chank which will warrant two or more

portant arrests in the near future. Defense Dumbfounded CHICAGO, May 28.—While the indictme CHICAGO, May 28.—While the indictments which were found against the anarchists yesterday and returned into court were only a few in number apparently, much to the dismay of the attorneys for the defense they really numbered sixty, as each of the ten is separately indicted for the murder of six officers. The ten are Spies, Schwab, Fielden, Parsors, Fischer, Engel, Lings, Seliger, Schwabei and Oscar Neebe. They are all in jail except Schwabel and Parsons.

storm. Immense trees were uprooted and houses blown down, and many people hurt. At Bellview hail stones of immense size fell, and hundreds of hogs, sheep and chickens were killed. At Bellview and

Grand Rapids, Mich., May 28.—At 7 o'clock last evening the Valley City mills' first and second floors fell into the basement, and a large portion of the contents were swept away by the mill race out into the Grand river. There were stored in the mill 18,000 bushels of wheat and about thirty tons of bran. In the western portion of the building was the milling machinery, of the most improved and costly styles. The damage and loss is estimated at from \$80,000 to \$100,000. The mills were insured to the amount of \$50,000, but the insurance is worthless, as it only covers damage by fire.

Nova Scotla Dissatisfied. HALIFAX, May 28.—In an address just issued by Premier Fielden, the following occurs: "In the opinion of the government the time has come when the people of Nova Scotia should once more make an effort to Scotia should once more make an effort to obtain a release from the union into which they were forced. The disatisfaction is so wide and deep that many are heard to say that no change could be for the worse. Some of those whe were the warmest advocates of the confederation of 1867 are now the most outspoken in their expressions to hestilities. After the failure of the repeal legislation of 1869 te accomplish its main purpose, the people settled dewn, not cheerfully it must be admitted, to make the best of the situation. 'Give the union a fair trial,' said some. It has had a long and more than fair trial and the verdict against it is more emphatic now than before. We are assured by the fathers of the domnion could be carried on for twenty years or more at an annual cost ture exceeds the enormous amount of \$35,000,000, while the interest and charges in connection with the public debt absorbs nearly as much as we were told would pay

the total expense of the government." Brooks-Maxwell-Preller St. Louis, May 28.—The proceedings Sr. Louis, May 28.—The proceedings in the Mexwell murder case were rather tame this morning in comparison to those of the last few days, the time being occupied with expert medical testimony.

Dr. Louis Bauer, of St. Louis college, testified for the defense as to the nature and methods of using chloroform.

The testimony of Dr. Bauer consumed the remainder of the session up to 1:30 o'clock, when the court took a recess, after which the depositions taken in England, tending to show that the defendent, while living there, bore a good character, were read and this occupied the remainder of the afternoon. It is expected that the witnesses for the prosecution in rebuttal will be examined toion in rebuttal will be examined toorrow, when some sensational develop

Let 'em Fight.

Kansas Ciff, May 28.—The trouble brewing in passenger rates to Chicago seems likely to develop into a general rate of cutting unless the existing differences are settled. The Alton people deny the Burlington's charge that they are in collusion with scalpers, and each agent declares that his line is observing the agreement. There is little doubt, however, that Chicago tickets can be purchased below tariff rates. Northwestern rates are also unsettled. The Rock Island made a rate of \$15 te St. Paul, claiming the rates had been cut by the Burlington, and it is reported that figures have been reduced in Northwestern rates, not being covered by the general managers agreement. A repetition of last summer's war is anticipated. Let 'em Fight.

properties \$5,000,000 annually for ten years to be distributed among the states and territories according to the ratio of illicarcy as the second of the content of the con

The English Premier Decides to Permit His Home Rule Scheme

Lapse for the Present Ask of Her

Early Day for its Consideration-The Opposition Jubilant. Austria Excited Over the Prospects

Another War Berween Russia and

Blood With a Keen Lance-The Princes Must Go Instanter.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

Lendon, May 28.—Germany opposes the raising of the blockade of the Greek coast until Greece has completely disarmed.

An important discovery of gold in Kimberly, Austria, is reported.

London, May 28.—The house of commons was crowded this evening. Mr. Gladstone, replying to a question by Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Conservative, said the government considered it as a duty after the second reading of the house bill not to ask the house to go into a committee on the measure. house to go into a committee on the measure, but adopt one of the methods which he (Gladstone) described at the Liberal meet-ing yesterday. The government, he said, was inclined to allow the bill to lapse for the present session and to advise the queen to cause an early re-assembling of parliament, at which the bill would be reconsidered. He

view of the government, moved an adjourn-ment. He was greeted with cheers by the opposition, all the conservatives responding to the support. After debate Sir Michael asked leave to withdraw the motion. The asked leave to withdraw the motion. The Parnellites, however, insisted upon the admission as a joka. The vote was ordered amid loud, ironical cheers. The leaders of the opposition voted with the government against adjournment. The motion was rejected by a vote of 405 to 1.

The report of the resolution was received with renewed laughter and cheers.

The arms bill passed third reading by a vote of 156 to 65.

LONDON May 28.—Miss Jappy won Oaks.

Paris, May 28.—The radical journals are not satisfied with the expulsion bill because it leaves with the government the fixing of the date for its operation. They demand a bill making the instant expulsion of all French princes mandatory. The Saieil condemns the government for yielding to the clamor against the princes. It says that the government abdicated in favor of the revolutionary party and declared that the era of violence has begun.

Switzerland. BERNE, May 28 .- The Swiss federal council, in replying to the inquiry by Spain, stated that Don Carlos, the pretender to the Spanish throne, recently left Lucerne and suddenly went to Austria by way of St. Gothard's tunnel.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 28 .- Greece has complained to the porte that the Turks have not vacated the positions on the Greek rontier which they agreed to abandon.

Ingalis on Black. [The telegraph reported only a summary The telegraph reported only a summary of Senator Ingalls' attack on Gen. Black.]

Washington, May 28.—The commissioner of pensons was the subject of a very lively and somewhat bitter debate in the sonate today and was pronounced an imposter by Senator Ingalls. Mr. Ingalls said that Gen. Black was drawing the largest pension that was paid to any soldier, and a salary of \$5,000 a year in addition for trying to prevent hencet old soldiers and their widows from receiving their pensions. He said Black had obtained his pension under false pretenses, on the ground that he was totally disabled and incapable of performing any service, either mentally or physically, or pursuing any avocation which would enable him to support his family or educate his children. If Black was a just or an honest man, he would either resign his office or his pension, because the one was utterly inconsistent with the other. If he was incapable of performing any mental or manual labor he was not entitled to the office. If he was capable of filling the office he was not entitled to the pension. Mr. Voorhees defended Mr. Black quite as earnestly as Mr. Ingalls attacked him, and among other things said Black was as helpless as a child in its mother's arms when the pension was granted him. Mr. Ingalls replied that when Black's pensien was granted, Black was a candidate for congress, and that he had been upon the stump making speeches for the Democratic party; that he had been a candidate for the governorship of Illinois and the United States sentate; that he had never ceased from the time he came out of the war to the present day to practice his profession and make a profitable living, and that his pension was granted upon Black's own allegation that he was totally disabled; that he was an absolute physical wreck, and that the pension was granted low this man was drawing a pension to which he had no right, and was placing himself in the way of honest claimants to pensions and denouncing his honest predecesors with having used the pension office as f Senator Ingalls' attack on Gen. Black.] WASHINGTON. May 28.-The commis-

who was totally blind as a result of his service in the war, and said Black had revoked the decision upon which a pension had been granted simply upon a technicality. This man was a thousand times more entitled to a pension than Black himself was, and yet the latter with \$100 a month in his own pocket was trying to prevent the government from paying this poor blind man his just dues. He said the case was appealed to the assistant secretary, and finally to the secretary of the interior, and that both of them agreed that the pension should be granted, but that Black fought the case with a persistency that could only be born of prejudice. He was determined to prevent the old blind man from getting his dues. Mr. Voorhess responded again and declared that Black had never admitted he was mentally incapable or that he was unable to practice his profession by reason of his physical disability, and he described how Black had enfired and how he had undergone operations, and what a terrible time he had hed as a result of his service to his country. He thought Black's pension was just one, and so to the charge that his prefections had need the office for political purposes, that was now being investigated, and he would prefer to wait and have all the corn—Recapts 1,000; and 1000 an

New York, May 28.—Business tailures throughout the country during the past seven days number, for the United States 154; Canada 27; compared with 167 last week and 116 the week previous. The western and Pacific states furnished more than one-half of the tetal number of failures for the mean.

New York, May 28.—Edward L. Jones, acting as master in chancery, has decided that the Pacific railroad of Missouri shall pay over to R. L. Cutting and others the sum of \$459,000, which they received as compromise from the Atlantic and Pacific and the Missouri Pacific Railroad com-

STRACUSE, N. Y., May 28.—Judge Wallace, in the United States court, has decided the suit of Erwin J. Erwin and others against the Oregon Railroad and Navigation company and Henry Villard, in favor of the plaintiffs. The amount involved is \$150,000.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich. May 28.—A steamer on the line of 'the Sarnia transportation company struck and stranded on Green Island shoal off Messuaga yesterday. The passengers were landed at the Bruce Ponies, wild Ponles, Indian.

OTTAWA, Kan., May 28.-Last night the Southern Kansas freight depot and all its Shipping steers contents were destroyed by fire. The cause is not known. The loss, it is thought, will is to 14 hands, 4 to 7 years old it to 15 hands, 4 to 7 years old. It to 15 hands, 4 to 7 years old. It to 16 hands, 4 to 7 years old.

NORFOLK, Vt. May 28.—All the returns from yesterday's election are not in, but the city is Democratic by four to five hundred majority. Portamouth is also Democratic. NEW YORK, May 28.—The prohibition onvention nominated Gen. Clinton B.

BRIGHTON BRACH, May 28.—Winners: letch Taylor, Commander, Hatachamie,

alley Forge and Blue Day. Base Ball. AT PHILADELPHIA. 8 | Athletics. 1 | Kansas City AT BALTIMORE. 4 | Pittsburg AT NEW YORK. ... 1 | New York AT TOPEKA. 7 | Lincoln. AT WASHINGTON. 10 | Nationals AT DETROIT.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

.... 7 | Boston

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Money-On call easy at 1% @ 2% per cent prime mercantile paper at 465. Sterling exchange dull at \$1 87 for 60 days, 14 89% demand. Governments—Quiet and steady. State Bonds—quiet and steady. THE REVOLUTION

The total sales of stocks were 388 409 shares.

Chicago Grain and Produce

The price of the speculative trade in wheat on at the lowest figure current at any time since December, 1884. At one time during trading hours nominal quotation for each wheat was 72 kg. The price for May delivery touched the ficial quotation for the same option in Augus The starting point for June was 75%, but the fferings were very large and the price fell of pulckly to 74%, rallied several times to 74% out just before the close of the regular board fell of with a rush to 74, rallied and closed at 74%. Receipts continued fair; considerable long' is reported to have been thrown on the market during the day. In the afternoon July rallied to 74% on better buying and closed at

The feeling of weakness extended to com Offerings of oats were very large and the market became suddenly depressed and closed tam mess pork closing 7%@16 noder yesterday

Wheat-Sales ranged: May 12% 615, closing 72%; June, 12% 615%, closed 72%; July, 14gTh, closed 74%; No. 2 apring, 72%, No. 3 spring, 65,668 Bye-duil; No. 2, 500 Barley-duli; No. 2, 850

Pork—Sales ranged: Cash \$6 45; June, \$8 17% \$8 25, closed \$6 1768 29; July, \$6 3848 22% closed \$8 22% 68 25. Butter-creamery, 17816; dairy, 11416 Wrest-higher; July 74%.

Corn-firmer, July 1884. Pork-steady, July to 23%.

Wheat very weak and Kale lower Sales ranged: No. 2 red cash 2 bid; June, 16 2005; closing 76% bid; July, 76%; Angus 76276%, closing 76%.

Tomestone, Ariz., May 28.—A letter received from Doni Nieus Costa, Guaymas, Mexico, says: In a few days will be published the details of the battle of Votchine, fought recently for the subjugation of Yaguis, where, after three days of desperate fighting, the Indians sucumbed to the united armies of the state and nation. Already several chiefs and followers have surrendered. Cojenne, up to this date, has not been found.

Cattle—Receipts, 6,000; ahipments, 3,000; market dull but steadler; shipping steers \$2.5084 00; cows, bulls and mixed, \$2.0083 30; bulk, \$2.7085 00; through Texas, \$3.2584 35; bulk, \$2.7085 00; through Texas, \$3.2584 36; bulk, \$2.7085 00; through Texas, \$3.2584 35; bulk, \$3.2584 35; bulk,

St. Louis Live Stock. St. Louis, May 28 Cattle—Receipts, 1,300; shipments, 1,300; market slow; choice shipping and export \$5.30 \$5.60; fair to good, \$45025 20; common, \$4.305 4.70; butchers steers, \$3.5084.80; cows and heifers, \$2.5083.85; stockers and feeders, \$3.25.84.15; corn-fed Texas, \$3.5085.60. Hogs-receipts 2000; shipments, 2000; market active; butchers and selected, \$4 1084 25; mixed packing, \$3 2084 05; light, \$3 2084 05. Sheep-Receipts 700; shipments 400; market quiet and steady; \$2 50ms 50.

KANSAS CITY, May 28, Hogs-Receipts, 11 480; shipments, 4.973; market opened 5e lower, closing slow with additional decline of 5e; good to choice 83 7588 5 55; common to medium, \$5 4085 70

Sheep-Receipts 135; shipments, none; market quiet and lower; good to choice, \$3 0085 75; common to medium, \$1 15g2 75.

WIICHTA MARKETS.

Irish Potatoes,

Eggs
Butter
Cheese
Onions
Apples,
Chickene, per dozen
S. C. Hams
S. C. Bk. Bacon
Bacon sides
D. S. Sides
Shoulders Shoulders
Corn meal
Flour, high patent
Flour, patent
Flour, XXXX
Flour XXX
Chop feed
Bran
Shorts

To Order.

Fine White Shirts, Lawn Tenis Shirts. Night Shirts

"HULL," Shirt Maker and Furnisher.

U-N-D-E-R-W-E-A R,

N. B.-Will move June 1st to 402 East Douglas Avenue, Noble Block, with Bostick,

Clothing House Full yard, Extra Heavy, Perfectly Round Thread, at Boston

WILL OPEN AT 102 DOUGLAS AVENUE

Citizens Bank Building. Thursday, May 27th.

W. H. STERNBERG,

Office and Shop 349 Main street. First-class work at Lowest Prices. Estimates W M. JOHNSON, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATRIST GENERAL PRACTICE, CHRONIC DISEASES, DISEASES OF FEMALES

Telephone No. 106. Office hours, # to 10 am, I to 4 pm, and at night

ST. LOUIS, FORT SCOTT & WICHITA RAILBOAD-SHORT ROUTE.

From and to Southeastern and Southern Kansas and all points northeast and south by the way of Fort Scott. Passengers via this route have no change Passengers via this route have no change of cars to Chicago, Hannibal and Quiney from Pt. Scott, and only one change to New York, Boston, Buffalo, Jacksonville, San Francisco, Chattanooga, Louisville, Lexington, San Antonio, Los Angelos. It is the shortest and quickest route to all points in Iowa, Dakota, Ohio, New York and New Regiand states. Pollman Palace sleeping and chair cars attached to passenger trains. Leaving Wichita, 2-43 a. m., arriving at St. Louis union depot 6:30 a. m. daily without change. Three hours quicker than via any other route. For further information call on ticket agents or send for maps and on ticket agents or send for maps and folders, giving description of the line, to the undersigned.

J. W. MILLER, C. P. RECTOR,

V. P. and Manager. A. G. T. A. General office at Fort Scott. KANSAS & SOUTHWESTERN

is a Kansas Road,

And is thoroughly identified with the interests and progress or the state of Kanasa and its people, and affords its patrons facilities anagmaid by any line in Eastern and Jouthern Kanasa City and Clinibe, Ottawa, Garnett, lois, Hambeide, Characte, Cherryraie, India, Hambeide, Characte, Cherryraie, India, Hambeide, Chiaracte, Cherryraie, India, Park Characte, Cherryraie, India, Although Mal'L trains faily, except foundary, between Kanasa City and Wellington, and intermediate sentions, making close consections at Ottawa, Characte and Cherryraie with our trains for Emperia, Berlington, Girrard, Walnut and Codepytile

ACCOUNTION TRAINS daily, except foundation of States for Emperia, Berlington, Girrard, Walnut and Codepytile

ACCOUNTION TRAINS daily, except foundation of States for Emperia, Berlington, Girrard, Walnut and Codepytile

ACCOUNTION TRAINS daily, except foundation of States for Emperia, Berlington, Girrard, Walnut and Codepytile

ACCOUNTION TRAINS daily, except foundation of States for Emperia, Berlington Kanasa City, (States and Ottawa, Berlington Kanasa City, Girlands and Ottawa, States City, Girlands and Character City and City and City and City and City and City and

AS PROMISED.

THE BOSTON STORE

Announces the Following Bargains to Open

Tuesday Morning, MAY 25th.

And will Continue Until ALL are SOLD.

Lawns, Fast Colors.

At Boston Store 2 1-2c. Price elsewhere 5c.

India Linen.

At Boston Store 5 3-4c price elsewhere 10c

Crinkle Seersucker.

At Boston Store 9c | price elsewhere 15c

Good quality, striped and barred, at Boston Store 4c. Price Elsewhere 8 1-3c.

Excellent Quality NAPKINS, Colored Border

At Boston Store, 2 cents | Price Elsewhere, 8 1-3 cents.

UNBLEACHED MUSLIN.

100 dozen Gents' Gauze Shirts at Boston Store 9 cents | Price

Store, 5 1-2 cents | Price Elsewhere, 7 1-2 cents.

UNDERWEAR.

Elsewhere 25 cents.

Elsewhere 10 cents.

DRAWERS. Look out for revolution in prices | Another lot of 50 dozen Brown Drill Drawers at Boston Store 18 cents | Price Elsewhere 40 cents.

HOSIERY.

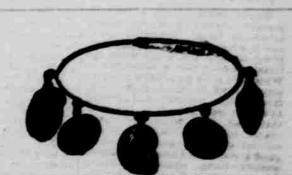
10 cases Fancy Socks at Boston Store 4 cents. where 10 cents.

COLLARS.

Men's Four Ply Linen Collars at Boston Store 8 cents. Price Elsewhere 15 cents.

WHITE GOODS. 1000 yards Corded Pique at Boston Store 5 cents. | Price

BUSTLES. 500 dozen Bustles bought at closing figures at Boston Store, at 9, 19 and 29 cents. Prices Elsewhere 25, 35 and 50 cents.



WALLENSTEIN & COHN

TIRELESS AND RESTLESS WORKERS FOR TRADE