

Mr. J. Garritt, proprietor of this establishment, having disposed of it to Mr. H. Adams, the subscriber relinquishes his connection with this paper, as editor. The brief period in which he has been acquainted with his readers, and they with him, renders superfluous the use of many words upon the occasion. Fully sensible of the difficulty of adapting the contents of a paper to the diversified tastes of its readers, as well as that he has lacked experience, he would say, that if, with what little time he has been enabled to devote to the editorial department of the paper during the short space in which he has been connected with it, he has succeeded in rendering it acceptable to his readers, the reflection that his endeavor has resulted in their gratification, will be to him a source of the highest satisfaction.

D. C. MCLEARY.

All newspaper accounts due to the subscriber, will be settled by Mr. H. Adams. Those who have paid in advance for papers, will be supplied the same as if no change had taken place. J. GARRITT.

The subscriber having purchased of Mr. J. Garritt his interest in the printing establishment of the Litchfield County Post, this paper will in future be under his management and control. For various reasons, which it would be useless here to detail, I have thought it expedient to change the title of the paper: it will hereafter be called the LITCHFIELD ENQUIRER.

In taking the charge of this paper, I deem it unnecessary to enter into an elaborate exposition of the principles or policy by which I shall be governed. Promises, in cases of this kind, are often made which are never fulfilled; and the disappointment is consequently not unfrequently more than commensurate with the expectations which have been held out. Suffice it therefore, for the present, to say, that it shall be conducted upon the broad ground of the public good and for the general information.

The great object and design of the publisher will be to make this a *news-paper*; not altogether and exclusively so; but that its columns shall occasionally be enriched with productions, either original or selected, upon the subjects of agriculture, manufactures, and the arts; that articles will be gleaned from the gardens of poetry, literature, and science; that, in short, we shall endeavor to make it interesting and instructive to all classes of the community.

Temperate and well written communications upon subjects of general interest will be thankfully received, and are respectfully solicited.

HENRY ADAMS.

Litchfield, Jan. 23, 1829.

The following Circular from the War Office, extending the construction to cases under the Pension Law not heretofore embraced by it, was bandied in for publication last week, but inadvertently omitted. We now cheerfully give it an insertion.

DEPARTMENT OF WAR,  
Dec. 26, 1828.

SIR—The present practice of your Office, in regard to the amount of property which under the law of May 1st, 1820, shall disqualify a person from receiving a pension, is deemed to be unequal in its operation upon different classes of applicants: To correct which inequality, the following rules will hereafter be observed.

The object of the pension law is to provide for the absolute wants of the poor, but meritorious soldier of the Revolution; and the highest rate of pension is supposed to be the smallest sum that will afford a comfortable support to an individual. In accordance with this principle, the following rule has been adopted by the Department, and is hereby continued, viz: 1st. When the whole property of the applicant consists in a yearly income, (such as an annuity for life, bequest, rent or charge upon lands, or any other incorporeal right) which is not convertible into capital, he shall not be deprived of a pension, unless such yearly income exceed the full yearly pension of a soldier.

In addition to which the following rules, corresponding in principle, are hereby established.

2. When the applicant's property consists in money, stock, houses, lands, or such other property as he can at pleasure convert into money or capital, it shall not deprive him of the right of pension, unless its yearly proceeds, estimating them at 10 per cent. on its total value shall be equal to the amount of a full pension.

3. When the applicant's property is mixed, and consists of both species, he shall not lose his pension, unless their aggregate income, estimating by the preceding rules, shall amount to a full yearly pension.

As the Pension Laws of 1818 and 1820 are not predicated on any pre-existing engagement of the Government, but were intended as a gratuitous provision for the support of aged individuals, for the time being, the two last regulations will not be considered as retrospective in their operation.

To obtain the benefits arising from the foregoing regulations, in every case where a claim has been rejected under the former regulations, a new declaration is now deemed essentially necessary, in order to show what is the present state of the claimant's property, and to prove his identity.

Very respectfully,  
Your obedient servant,  
PETER B. PORTER.  
JAMES L. EDWARDS, Esq.,  
Pension Office.

Mr. Adams and the Federalists.—Many of the papers have recently stated, but upon what authority we have not been able to learn, that a correspondence has lately taken place between the President of the United States and several gentlemen who were formerly leading members of the federal party, on the subject of the charges brought by the former against the latter just previous to the late presidential canvass. It is further said that one of Mr. Adams' letters occupies upwards of thirty manuscript pages; that he treats the federal party with great severity; and that it is probable the whole correspondence will be published as soon as it shall have been brought to a close. If published, it would no doubt be eagerly sought for and read in every section of the United States; and in none more than in New-England, where the federalists whose principles and patriotism the President has called in question mostly reside. We shall give due notice of the appearance of the correspondence.

Jackson in Effigy.—We are sorry to learn by the papers that some worthless fellows in Hartford lately burnt the effigy of Gen. Jackson. The common council of the city, as well as manifest their abhorrence of the act as to punish the offenders, have offered a reward of 100 dollars for the apprehension of the persons guilty of this outrage.

SENATORIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Hon. John Holmes has been elected a Senator in Congress from the state of Maine, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Gov. Farris. He formerly occupied this station; but some two years ago, being strongly suspected of harboring sentiments unfriendly to the administration of Mr. Adams, Gov. Farris was elected in his stead. Gov. P. however proved recreant; threw a somerset, and came out for Jackson, while Mr. Holmes, shortly after the terrible castigation he received from Mr. Randolph, declared openly and decidedly for the administration. What course he may pursue under the Jackson dynasty, remains to be seen. Should he continue firm, instead of proving "a tartar," Gen. Jackson will probably have a majority of the Senate opposed to him.

The Legislature of Maine has also elected the Hon. Peleg Sprague, at present a talented administration member of the House of Representatives, to the Senate of the United States, in place of General Chandler, a Jacksonian, whose time will expire on the 4th of March next.

Hon. Nathaniel Silsbee has been re-elected to the Senate for six years from the 4th of March next by the Legislature of Massachusetts.

Hon. Littleton W. Tazewell has been recently re-elected to the United States Senate from Virginia by an almost unanimous vote.

George M. Bibb, Esq. a Jacksonian, has been elected to supply the place of the redoubtable Colonel Richard M. Johnson in the Senate of the United States from Kentucky. This we are glad to learn, for various reasons. It will be recollected that it was this same Col. Johnson who made the impious declaration in Washington that the administration of Mr. Adams should be "put down, though pure as the angels in heaven." That administration has, indeed, been "put down;" but there is some consolation in the reflection that he who made the above assertion, and who made the most strenuous efforts to effect it, is himself "put down" by his own constituents.

In Delaware, John M. Clayton, Esq. has been elected a Senator in the place of Mr. Ridgely, whose time expires on the 4th of March. Mr. C. is a supporter of the present administration, Mr. R. a Jacksonian.

Charles E. Dudley, Esq. Mayor of Albany, has been elected Senator in Congress from the State of New-York, vice Martin Van Buren, elected Governor. The vote of the two houses of the Legislature was, for Dudley 102, other candidates 47.

Dr. Ephraim Bateman, Senator from New-Jersey, has resigned his seat on account of continued ill health. The time of his colleague, Mr. Dickinson, will expire in March. The Legislature is now in session. As Mr. D. is a Jacksonian, though an able and influential member of the Senate, he will probably not succeed in a re-election.

Hon. Mr. Webster arrived in Washington on the 12th inst. and took his seat in the Senate.

Among the rumours of the day, it is said Mr. Webster will be offered a seat in Jackson's cabinet.

Harvard University.—At a recent meeting of the Corporation of this highly distinguished literary institution, Hon. JOSIAH QUINCY, late Mayor of Boston, was chosen President. The appointment has yet to be acted on by the Board of Overseers, a meeting of which has been called for the purpose. Mr. Q. as a statesman, and magistrate, is unquestionably active, industrious, and persevering, and possesses talents of the highest order; but while such men as Ware, and Everett, and Sparks were willing to accept of the station to which he is called, we should think that a literary and scientific institution of the reputation of Harvard would be more likely to flourish under the management of either of those gentlemen. Mr. Q. is said to be a Unitarian.

SALISBURY, Jan. 19, 1829.

Mr. Editor— I learn from the newspapers of last week that the Convention assembled at Middletown on the 8th inst. nominated me as a candidate for election to Congress at the ensuing election in this state.

I beg leave to say to the electors, through your paper, that I wish not to be considered as a candidate for an election to the next Congress.

Respectfully your ob't servant,

SAMUEL CHURCH.

A NOMINATION BY THE PEOPLE.

MR. EDITOR—It is well known that the republican members of the Legislature from this county, refused last spring to have any thing to do with a Legislative Caucus. Hence no nomination has been made out for Litchfield County, either for Congress or the Senate of this state. The proceedings at Middletown on a late occasion, were of so singular a character that they do not amount to a nomination, and little notice will be taken of them in this part of the state. It has occurred to me that there can be no objection to a NOMINATION BY THE PEOPLE, though it must be confessed that it is in direct opposition to Caucus usage. Therefore please insert the subjoined votes in favor of Hon. Homer Boardman, which it is presumed may be considered as a decisive expression of public sentiment in favor of his continuance in the Senate of this State.

A SUBSCRIBER.

Votes in favor of Homer Boardman in Litchfield County for a seat in the Senate in 1827 and 1828.

	1827.	1828.
Litchfield,	300	351
Barkhamsted,	6	130
Bethlem,	73	88
Canaan,	37	142
Colebrook,	20	93
Cornwall,	72	121
Goshen,	73	138
Harwinton,	55	125
Kent,	79	70
New-Hartford,	8	141
New-Milford,	240	201
Norfolk,	62	144
Plymouth,	157	107
Roxbury,	31	114
Salisbury,	10	154
Sharon,	85	214
Torrington,	107	161
Warren,	52	95
Washington,	147	187
Watertown,	25	36
Winchester,	23	113
Woodbury,	120	154
	1787	3073
An opposing candidate	958	No oppo. can.
Majority,	829	

On the night of the 17th inst. a fire broke out in the upper part of the store of Mr. G. Harrison, in Chapel st. New-Haven, which, with most of the contents, was consumed. The building adjoining, occupied by Mr. Olmstead as a jeweler's shop and Mr. Barber's printing office, was several times on fire, but by the spirited exertions of a few individuals was saved. Although Mr. Barber's printing materials were all removed, no material damage was done.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

[Under this head, it is our intention to place, either condensed by ourselves or extracted from other papers, articles of intelligence and miscellany which for want of room we are unable to give in full.]

The printing office of Wm. A. Mercein was broken open in New-York on Saturday night. Strange, that any person should be so fool-hardy as to suppose money could be obtained in such a place! Why, we should as soon think of attempting a breach upon an almshouse.

The steamboat Hercules, while descending the Mississippi, the latter part of December, was run into and sunk; hands and passengers all saved.

Gen. Jackson, it is said, has left his residence for Washington, which place he is expected to reach by the 5th of February.

Another fire broke out in Dauphin street, Mobile, on the 6th inst. which destroyed seven buildings; considerable property besides the buildings was lost.

Mrs. Elsie D. Whipple, whose husband was shot by Strang, in Albany, as it appeared by her instigation, has recently been married in New-Brunswick, N. J. to Nathaniel Freeman, an old schoolmate of hers.

About seventeen marriages took place on New-Year's day at Johnstown, N. Y. This is excellent. William Morgan, of Meadville, Penn. makes paper of straw, hay, and other vegetables, by means of alkali and lime. This is a patent right. Several paper makers in that neighborhood have attempted a similar manufacture.

The St. Clair Seminary at Pittsburgh, Penn. is conducted by French Nuns of the order of St. Clair.—Music, French, Painting, &c. are taught here. The dress of the Seminary is uniform—two black and one white bombazet frocks—cap and aprons of the same materials, &c. The girls look like so many young nuns.

The New-England Farmer says, the breed of horses is bad, because the colts are not well fed during the winter. Give them hay, oats, &c. but no grog, and they will make good horses. We once heard of a man and his horse, who regularly got drunk once a month. One night they both tumbled off a bridge, and got drowned.—Noah.

The great topic which at present agitates Virginia, is a State Convention, for the amendment of the Constitution. The House of Delegates is actively engaged in the formation of a law for calling a Convention. The Tariff is almost neglected.

The Georgia Courier mentions that a few days since, Mr. Simon Hancock, of Edgefield district, shot himself through the heart with a musket. He had suffered for years with a corroding cancer in the lower jaw, which rendered life a burden to him.

Old Fashioned Corsets.—The only healthy corsets, says the editor of a Georgia paper, for a lady's waist, is a husband's arm.

A Wrestling Match.—A man lately undertook to wrestle with half a pint of Brandy. First he took Brandy down, with great ease; but the day was won by Brandy, who took his antagonist down, and held him for the space of three hours! when he suffered him to rise.—Merk. Amer.

Bets.—The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania have decided that bets of any kind about any human being, are not recoverable in a Court of justice. The reasoning is, that such bets are either malicious, indecent, or indecorous, and therefore illegal.

New Case.—At the last election in Georgia, the Hon. George R. Gilmer was one of the gentlemen chosen to the 21st Congress. Governor Forsyth issued a proclamation requiring all those elected to notify him of their acceptance, and to send him evidence of their eligibility. Mr. G. failed or declined to comply, and on the lapse of 40 days the Governor ordered an election to be held throughout the state for the choice of a person in his stead.

The Western (Ohio) Teller contains a very sensible and interesting paper on the population of the United States, in reference to the approaching census of 1830. The number of inhabitants in 1790 was 3,816,456, and calculating for the past ratio of increase, it will be at the next census, 12,520,500, giving an increase within these periods, of 8,604,044. From this estimate the following important facts are deduced.

The population of the United States has in 40 years been tripled.

The States which in that time have received the greatest accession of numbers, are New-York, Ohio, and Pennsylvania.

That the middle and western non-slave holding States, being New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois, have in the same space of time, multiplied their people more than five fold, and contain now more than half the white inhabitants of the United States.

That the southern slave holding states, so called, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia and Louisiana, have, in that period, only doubled, and from nearly half, are reduced to less than one third of the whole population.

That in reference to the most important points of national policy, the protection of American industry, the centre of power has been entirely changed.

The Franklin Republican says: "They have to pay four dollars for the liberty of getting married in Maryland; in Baltimore alone, last year, this tax amounted to \$3,376. Why not fleece the 'dear lambs' a little for courting, too?"

From a recent calculation, the population of Turkey appears to amount to 8,890,000 souls. Dividing them into classes, there will be found about 3,000 Greeks, 2,500,000 Slavonians, 2,000,000 Turks, 2,000,000 Albanians, and 1,500,000 Wallachians and Romelios. Classing the population by religious sects, we find 3,000,000 Mussulmans, 6,000,000 Christians of the Greek Church, and 1,000,000 Catholics, the remainder being of the Jewish persuasion.

The ship Harriet, with 120 colored persons on board, was at Norfolk on the 12th inst. about to sail for Liberia. In Richmond, Petersburg, and Lynchburg, liberal donations have been made in favor of the designs of the Colonization Society. The African Prince, Abdul Rahman, has obtained contributions from different places sufficient to ransom his family, and was soon expected to embark at that port.

Gen. Izard, Governor of the Territory of Arkansas, having recently deceased, the President has appointed Edw. H. Hutchins G. Barton, late Governor of North Carolina, to supply his place.

Rev. Dr. Kirkland, former President of Harvard College, arrived in New-Orleans the 19th ult. The Fifth Congressional District, in Vermont, has already made three unsuccessful efforts to elect a member. On the third trial, Mr. Buck, the sitting member, had 2573 votes, Mr. Cushman 2657, Mr. Cahoon 1156, and a few scattering.

It is a curious fact, that in the present House of Representatives of New-York, consisting of 126 members, 105 of them are new.

The Asylum at Hartford for the education of Deaf and Dumb, has been in operation nearly twenty years. During that period, 266 pupils have entered—120 left—now present 136.

Sharp.—In the Legislature of New-York, lately, Mr. Curtis offered a resolution directing the Clerk to procure a penknife, stamp, and paper-cutter for each member. Mr. Edgerton moved to add, "a razor."

On Saturday last, Capt. Thomas Sanford, of Fair Haven, was drowned, in New-Haven harbor.—He was upset in a boat, within sight, but before assistance could be received, he had sunk, and his body was not found until next morning.

The new Packet sch. Abbot, of about 120 tons, loaded with wood and bark, lying in Belfast harbor, took fire on Sunday night last, and was burnt to the water's edge, together with two seamen on board! who were intoxicated.

Twenty and sometimes forty waggons of moving families pass through Indianapolis every day, destined to settle on the rich valleys of the Wabash.

The Pennsylvania Democrat, speaking of General Jackson, says, "He will come among us like a flash of lightning, little expected, sublime in his appearance! and rapid in his departure!"

A ewe belonging to General Somebody, in Scotland, has produced a female lamb with two heads and eight legs. Mr. Sandy Mac Rogerson, an Edinburgh wit, calls this a double ewe.—(W.)

Mr. Jefferson's Library is advertised to be sold some time next month. It consists of about 2,000 volumes.

American Literature.—Messrs. S. G. Goodrich and Co. of Boston, have in press, and will shortly publish an original work entitled, *Specimens of American Poetry, with Critical Notices, &c.* in 3 vols. 12mo. This work was announced nearly two years ago, and has been in a course of preparation since that time. It is intended to embrace biographical sketches of all those individuals in our country who have distinguished themselves in this department of literature, with specimens of their poetry, and critical remarks on their writings.—Such a work, if edited with ability, will be a valuable appendage to any library. Nearly one hundred and thirty names are enumerated as contributing to this collection.

Conn. Mirror.

Col. Johnson, from the Committee of the Senate, has reported that it is inexpedient to stop the Mails on the Sabbath; his report is of considerable length, extracts from which may be given next week.

"X X" was not received in time for this paper.

MARRIED

On the 21st inst. by the Rev. Mr. Talcott, Mr. Noah Stone, 2d, to Mrs. Margery Frisbee, both of Litchfield.

On the 25th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Jones, Mr. John Eadon, to Mrs. Sarah Palmer, of Sheffield, county of Yorkshire, England.

In Torrington, Mr. George D. Wadhams, to Miss Lucy S. Abernethy, daughter of E. C. Abernethy, Esq. In Middletown, Mr. Henry Skinner, of Winsted, to Mrs. Margaret Walworth, of the former place.

DIED

In this town, on the 21st inst. Mr. Henry Prescott, son of Mr. James Prescott, aged 17.

In Cornwall, on the 12th inst. Miss Laura Marsh, daughter of Doct. Isaac Marsh, formerly of this town.

In Lyons, N. Y. on the 7th inst. Mr. Zachariah G. Thompson, formerly a resident of this town, aged 49.

In Hartford, Dr. Joseph Lynde, aged 81.

In Philadelphia, the Rev. John Chester D. D. of Albany, aged 44. Dr. C. was a native of Weathersfield, Conn.

In Danbury, Mr. Orrin Osborn, 30, editor and proprietor of the Danbury Recorder.

In New-York, Mrs. Harriet Edwards, wife of Hon. Ogden Edwards.

In Georgetown, D. C. in the 66th year of his age, Lieut. Col. Isaac Roberson, of the Topographical Engineers, and Chief of the Topographical Bureau of the War Department, over which he has presided from its creation, with zeal and fidelity.

In New-Haven, on the 25th inst. Dr. NATHAN SMITH, Professor of Surgery, &c. in the Medical Institution of Yale College, aged 60.—Also, Joseph Alley, aged 67; John Hitchcock, 36.

In Southington, Mr. Mark Newell, a revolutionary soldier, aged 74.

In New-York, Miss Jane Northrup, daughter of Mr. Cyrus Northrup, of New-Milford.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the subscriber for Newspapers or Advertisements, are requested to make immediate payment to J. Adams Esq. or to Mr. Henry Adams. A little attention to this notice will save costs.

S. S. SMITH.

Litchfield, Jan. 23, 1829.

LOTTERY.

DRAWN Numbers in the 11th Class Grotton.

33	36	15	17	8	24
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The First Class, for the benefit of the 1st Ecclesiastical Society in Canaan, Litchfield County, will be drawn on the 11th February next. News of the drawing next day.

Highest prize, \$10,000  
Next, 5,000  
Do. 4,500  
Do. 4,000  
Do. 3,500  
Do. 2,750  
2 of 1,000

besides 8754 of less denominations. Whole Tickets \$5—shares in proportion.

It is needless for the subscriber to add that he has sold over 350 prizes in Litchfield, and 67 valuable prizes.

Since the last notice, there will be lotteries drawn as frequent as once a week this winter. Tickets in all will be constantly on hand for sale. Foreign prize tickets received in exchange—cash paid for prizes—all orders punctually attended to. N COOLEY.

Litchfield, Jan. 23, 1829.

BY-LAW.

At a Meeting of the town of Bethlem, legally assembled on the 1st day of December, 1828—as per warning on file:  
Voted, That all horses, neat cattle, and geese, be restrained from going at large on the highways or commons within the limits of this town, at any time between the first day of March next, and the first day of December next—and if found going at large as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the Haywards, and it shall be lawful for any other person, to impound the same. And before such creatures shall be released from the pound, the owner or owners shall pay to the impounder, for all horses and neat cattle, 12 1-2 cents each—and for geese, 4 cents each—and shall also pay to the pound-keeper his fees.—Provided, however, that any person shall have liberty to keep two cows on the highways or commons, free from any penalty whatever.

A true copy of record,  
Attest, SAMUEL CHURCH,  
Town Clerk.

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ANNIVERSARY  
Of the Litchfield County Foreign Mission Society.

The Friends of Missions in this county are hereby informed, that with Divine permission, the Rev. Mr. TEMPLE, late of the Mission to Western Asia, will be present at the ensuing anniversary of the Auxiliary Foreign Mission Society of this county, on the 11th of February next, as a deputation from the American Board.

C. A. BOARDMAN, Sec'y.  
New-Preston, Jan. 25, 1829

The subscribers having concluded to relinquish business in Goshen, and expecting to leave town within a few months, request all those having unsettled business with them, (and especially in the adjacent towns) to call as soon as convenient and close the same.

They offer for sale until the first day of April next, **GOODS**

of every kind at about cost and charges.

Also, various other kinds of property, including a very elegant and valuable span of young bay Horses, a valuable breeding Mare, working Oxen, Cows, and young stock.

They will also sell the one half of their very valuable improved short-horned Durham Bull WARWICK, (whose stock is offered as his best recommendation.)

E. W. TOWNER & CO.  
Goshen, Jan. 28, 1829 \*8w33

STRAYS.

BROKE into the enclosure of the subscriber, in the east part of South Farms, on the 21st inst. a dark bay MARE, a few white hairs in her forehead, no shoes on, supposed to be 15 or 16 years old.—Also, a brownish colored horse Colt, a little lame in one hind leg. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, and take them.

ANDREW A. FRENCH.  
January 23, 1829 33

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that so much of the real estate of JONATHAN REED, late of Sharon, deceased, (by order of the Court of Probate for the District of Sharon,) as will raise the sum of six hundred and ten dollars, will be sold at public auction, on the premises, on the second Thursday of February, 1829, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. The terms of payment will be made known at the time of sale.

BENJAMIN LINES, Adm'r.  
Sharon, Jan. 22, 1829 \*33

NOTICE.

THE Judge of the Court of Probate for the District of Litchfield hath limited and allowed six months from the date hereof for the creditors to the estate of

TIMOTHY HUMESTON, late of Harwinton, in said district, deceased, represented insolvent, in which to exhibit their claims thereof; and has appointed Messrs. Eli Potter, Jeremiah Holt, and John S. Preston, Commissioners to receive and examine said claims.

The subscribers give notice that they shall meet at the house of Alanson Humeston, in said Harwinton, on the 24th day of February, 1829, and on the 27th day of July, 1829, at nine o'clock in the forenoon on each of said days, for the purpose of attending on the business of said appointment.

ELI POTTER,  
JEREMIAH HOLT, } Com'rs.  
JOHN S. PRESTON, }

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to BENAJAH HADEN, Adm'r.  
Harwinton, Jan. 27, 1829 \*