

The Journal and Courier

Wednesday, May 22.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS IN THE CITY: 12 CENTS A WEEK, 63 CENTS A MONTH, \$2 FOR SIX MONTHS, \$4 A YEAR. THE SAME TERMS BY MAIL. SINGLE COPIES, 2 CENTS.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

If you are going away, for a short or long period, the Journal and Courier will be sent to you by mail without extra charge. The address may be changed as often as desired.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Auction Sale—R. B. Mallory Notice to Contractors—W. Kelly Est. A. M. Shields—Probate Notice Est. S. Whitney—Probate Notice Galathea—Gamble-Desmond Co. Entertainments—New Haven Theater Entertainments—Hyperion Theater Tailored Suits—Hamilton & Co. Linoleum—Chamberlain Co. Massage—M. E. Longue Bargains—Edw. Malley Co. Women's Footwear—N. H. Shos Co. Grape-Nuts—Grocers. Fruit Suits—Chas. Monson Co. Public Hearing—Special Committee Special 4th of July Committee

Brief Mention.

High water to-day, 6:14 a. m. Monroe Brothers of Fair Haven have nearly finished the interior of the First church in Cornwall, and new carpets will be laid.

Captain S. F. B. Morse of last fall's Yale football team will give his farewell bachelor dinner on June 28 at Delmonico's.

A large delegation of the members of the Meriden W. R. C. will, it is expected, attend the G. A. R. department camp fire in this city at the Hyperion this evening.

A carload of twenty horses has arrived at Rockville for Blakelee & Sons, of this city, the contractors for the Rockville and Stafford Springs street railway, to be used in the work of grading. They are quartered in the stables at the fair grounds.

The members of the New Haven Typographical union have voted to approve of a charter for the new independent telephone company.

Hackmen at Union station will again have to walk the chalk mark and keep within bounds as the old lines skirting the sidewalk curbstone have been rechalked by orders of the police.

The New Haven Livermen's association made the announcement yesterday that on and after July 1 they would charge \$4 for a carriage for a funeral and that there would be no deviation in this price. The rate now is \$3.50.

CAPITAL \$100,000.

New Steamship Company for New Haven—Other Local Corporations.

Documents as follows have been filed with the state secretary:

Certificate of incorporation by the New England Steamship company, of New Haven. The company will book transportation of passengers and mails, etc., between various cities of the world by means of steam or sailing vessels. The capital is \$100,000, divided into 1,000 shares of the par value of \$100 each, and business will be started with that amount. The incorporators are Edward C. Vanderbilt, of New Haven; Norman S. Buckingham, of Milford; and Warren D. Chase, of Hartford.

Certificate of organization by the West Haven Hospital association, incorporated, of Orange; capital \$1,000, and \$100 has been paid in cash. The officers are: President and treasurer, Marshall J. Adams; vice-president, Burdett Adams; secretary, Henry F. Sage, all of New Haven; directors, officers and Herbert A. Roberts, George E. Evans and Henry S. Karmann.

Certificate of organization by the Manufacturers' Iron foundry, incorporated, of Bridgeport; capital \$10,000. The officers are: President and treasurer, Frederick Schrader; secretary, Carl C. Back; directors, officers and George Plimom, all of Bridgeport.

Certificate of incorporation by the People's Ice company, incorporated, of New Haven. The capital is \$40,000 and business will be started with \$33,800. The incorporators are Harris Lapides, Louis M. Rosenbluth and Max Goyd.

Certificate of the Meriden Theater company for the purpose of building a theater in Meriden. The incorporators are George M. Curtis, F. H. Billard, John L. Billard and F. Q. Smith.

A MOUNTAIN CLIMBER

Gains 12 lbs. on Change of Food.

When a change in food can rebuild a man 77 years of age, it is evidence that there is some value in a knowledge that can discriminate in the selection of proper food to rebuild the body. A few months ago the physician attending a man 77 years old, told him that death from old age would soon claim him. He suffered from general weakness and debility.

An old lady advised him to quit coffee, drink Postum Food Coffee and eat Grape-Nuts food every morning. He took the advice, and has gained 12 pounds. Says he is as well as he ever was, and can take long trips in the mountains, which he had been unable to do for a long time.

There is a reason for this; in the first place, coffee acts as a direct nerve destroyer on many highly organized people, both young and old, and many people haven't the knowledge to select nourishing, healthful, rebuilding food. Both Postum Food Coffee and Grape-Nuts food are made from selected parts of the field grains that contain delicate particles of phosphate of potash and albumen. These two elements combine in the human body to quickly rebuild the gray matter in the brain and in the nerve centers throughout the body.

Direct, sure and certain results come from their use and can be proven by any person that cares to make the trial. "There's a Reason." Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

AMERICAN CONSULS MAKE REPORTS

American Tailor Have an Opening in City Santiago.

THE AUTO FIRE ENGINE.

Large Percentage of French Women at Useful Labor.

Washington, D. C., May 21.—The special consular reports made public to-day covers a wide field of inquiry as the following selection from them shows:

Vice-Consul H. M. Wolcott reports as follows, under date of April 19, concerning the opening which exists in Santiago de Cuba for an American tailoring establishment and men's furnishings store:

The tailoring business is all in the hands of Cubans and Spaniards. While they do conscientious work and there is in fact to be found with the materials used, they can not cut or design a suit according to American ideas. In consequence of this most all the Americans here, and many of the Cubans who have been in the United States and so come to appreciate American styles, buy their clothes either in Havana or in the United States.

The American colony is no doubt large enough support a property conducted establishment of this kind here and it would only be a matter of a short time before a good patronage could be secured among the Cubans, who would not only appreciate good clothes cut after the American fashion but have the money to pay for them. It would be only natural to expect that a good trade could be worked up among the American naval officers at the naval station in Guantanamo, who require a large number of linen and duck uniforms. There is nothing which might be termed an up-to-date men's furnishing store in Santiago de Cuba, and a good line of American haberdashery would sell here, without a doubt, among the Cubans as well as the Americans.

The native tailors charge one dollar gold for pressing a two-piece suit. As they apparently lack the necessary facilities or knowledge for cleaning fine fabrics, this is never counted upon and Americans have even been known to send a delicate piece of goods to the United States to be cleaned. This feature of a tailoring establishment should therefore prove remunerative.

AUTOMOBILE FIRE ENGINES.

Consul General Jay White, while stationed at Hanover, in Germany, secured data for the following article on the development of the motor fire engine, which he forwards from his new post at Bogota, Colombia:

Hanover was the first city to purchase a complete automobile fire-engine service, consisting of engines, hose carts, and hook and ladder kit. The system is past the experimental stage as most of the apparatus has been in service now for a period of five years. It has proved itself entirely satisfactory and more economical than the horse-drawn engines and carts. Hanover is also the only city in Germany that has a complete automatic fire-alarm street service which gives the signal simultaneously at the central and substations. This plant was installed by the Gamewell Fire Alarm company of New York. It must be understood, however, that the streets in Hanover are well paved and flat, there being very slight grades. The most of the buildings are comparatively modern, a large number of them are of the "slow burning" type; many others are intended to be fireproof.

Strict construction laws have been enforced to guard against fires. Labor, fuel, and alcohol are cheap; coal is moderate in cost and fair quality. So all conditions have been most favorable for success.

FEMALE LABOR IN FRANCE.

Writing from Lyons, Consul J. C. Covert states that the appearance of women at the carriage stands in Paris as drivers has given rise to some discussion on the increased employment of women in different branches of industry in France since the introduction of steam in factories. He says further:

It is noted that every step in the progress of the use of steam in industry has opened new employment for women and children. In the departments of the Pas de Calais and Aisne 50,000 persons are employed in the textile factories, and two-thirds of them are women and girls. Over half the persons employed in the weaving and throwing of silk are women and children. The employment of all these women and children has driven men out of the business on account of the reduction of wages and has materially deteriorated the artistic character of the silk. It is stated that for every 100 men employed in the cotton mills of France there are 58 women and girls. In the woolen mills sixty-nine, and in the silk mills seventy-one.

Of the 37,780,000 population of France statistics record a working population of 19,750,075, of whom 6,805,510 are women and girls. The number engaged in agricultural pursuits is 5,176,568, of whom 2,658,952 are women. Of the 1,822,620 people engaged in commerce, 689,929 are women, and of the 1,015,693 people employed in domestic pursuits 791,176 are females. Those engaged in industrial pursuits furnish employment to 5,315,855 people, of whom 2,124,842 are women. The percentage of females employed in four branches of labor is: Agriculture, 28; commerce, 38; domestic pursuits, 77 and learned professions, 33.

SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

The Late Ex-Lieutenant Governor SILL, Hartford, May 20.—The late ex-Lieutenant Governor George G. Sill was educated at the Ellington academy and prepared for college under private tutors. He was graduated from Yale college in 1855, with the degree of bachelor of arts. He studied law in the office of the Hon. Richard D. Hubbard of this city and attended lectures at the Yale law school. In 1854 he was admitted to the bar, and ever since had practiced law in this city, having his office for all the time, fifty-three years, in one place, No. 363 (now number) Main street.

Mr. Sill early took part in public affairs, in which he was prominent for a long period of years. From 1873 to 1876 he was recorder of the city court. In 1873 he was nominated for lieutenant-governor on the Democratic ticket with Charles R. Ingersoll of New Haven, for governor and both were elected by large majorities. The term was then one year. They were re-elected in 1874, 1875, and 1876. In 1882 Mr. Sill was elected one of the representatives from Hartford and was the nominee of his party for speaker of the house. President Cleveland appointed Mr. Sill, in March, 1888, United States district attorney for the district of Connecticut, which position he held during the first Cleveland administration. For over forty years he was a justice of the peace, and was a grand juror for many years. Mr. Sill served the city in many positions. He was an alderman in 1864 and 1866, and a councilman in 1872. In 1879, 1880 and 1881 he was a member of the board of police commissioners and he was a member of the board of street commissioners in 1882 and 1893, being appointed by Mayor Hyde as his successor on the board when Mr. Hyde was elected mayor. Mr. Sill was president of the board from June 1, 1892, to April 13, 1893. He had not since been in public life.

In the Civil war period Mr. Sill was active. The first company of Connecticut volunteers for the war was formed in his office. Until 1872 he was an active republican. He then favored the cause of the liberal republicans and supported Horace Greeley for the presidency. He was a delegate to many county and state conventions, and a very successful platform speaker. Mr. Sill was a member of the Fremont club in 1863, and of the Lincoln club a year later. When Lincoln visited Hartford, Mr. Sill introduced him at the public meeting.

Mr. Sill was a member of Skull and Bones, one of the senior societies at Yale college, and also a member of Alpha Delta Phi of Yale. He was a communicant of Trinity church. For many years he was counsel for the Security company, and had held professional connections with other financial and commercial interests in this city. One of his prominent legal engagements was as one of the counsel for the support of the will in the celebrated Fox will case.

Mr. Sill was one of the best known lawyers in Hartford, and only a few lawyers in the state had been longer in practice. He possessed a brilliant intellect, a quick wit and a geniality in manner. He had a kindly disposition and a never-failing and ready sympathy. He was always fair and was highly respected by his legal associates for his knowledge of law and his courtesy to his opponents. His wit and humor were always ready, but not sarcastic. In college he was a member of the Phi Kappa literary society, and always shone in debate.

Mr. Sill was married, December 18, 1861, to Mrs. Mary J. (Preston) Peck, the widow of DeWitt C. Peck of Rockville, and daughter of Esak J. Preston of this city. She died April 13, 1894. They had four children, George Eliot Sill, who died in 1898; Grace P. Sill, who died in 1893; Mrs. Ellen B. Wood, the wife of Hubert Kip Wood of this city, and William Raymond Sill, formerly in newspaper work in this city and New York, and now in theatrical work. Mr. Sill leaves, besides his two children, five grandchildren. They are George Sill Wood, Lawrence Griswood Wood, Helen Kip Wood and Margaret Preston Wood, the last two twins, children of Mr. and Mrs. Wood and Frances Sill, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Raymond Sill.

The funeral of Mr. Sill will be held Wednesday afternoon at 2:30, at his late home, No. 124 Garden street. The Rev. Dr. Joel Foote Bingham of this city, a classmate of Mr. Sill in the class of 1852 at Yale, will officiate, assisted by the Rev. Ernest deF. Miel, rector of Trinity church. The burial will be in Cedar Hill cemetery.

R. A. Brown Much Improved.

Robert A. Brown, vice-president of the Tradesmen's bank, now acting president has recovered from his illness with pneumonia and will be back at his work in a day or two. Yesterday he rode out for the first time and his recovery is now expected to be rapid.

FARM HELP VERY SCARCE.

Wages Never So High But Not Hands Enough to do the Spring Planting.

Pomfret, May 21.—Farm help is so scarce throughout the agricultural sections of Connecticut that the farmers are unable to pay the expense of advertising for and bringing to some central point men and women from the seaports where emigrants are obtainable. A number of prominent members of the grange have reported that an active agent of the farmers could send from New York and Boston any number of able-bodied Swedish and Polish emigrants, who, having landed, are in search of work and would prefer farm work to some city employment.

The wages offered to farm hands have never been higher, the prevailing figure being \$30 a month with room and board, and yet not enough help has been obtained to do the spring planting.

Stricken with Paralysis.

Mrs. Sereno Thorpe, of Hamden, was stricken with paralysis at her home on Monday evening at 9 o'clock, and at a late hour yesterday had not regained consciousness.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS DEEDS RECORDED.

Quit Claims, Warrantees and Mortgages Filed With the Town Clerk.

Quit Claims.

John E. Lomas and Edward L. Nettleton to Ralph W. Brooks, of Cheshire, land and improvements, 32 Chambers street, 49 1-2 feet.

Louis A. Mansfield to Charlotte E. J. Mansfield, land and buildings, Lloyd street, 30 feet.

Maria L. Graham to Henry Tiedmann and Anna E. Tiedmann, land and buildings, Greenwich avenue, 33 feet.

Charlotte E. J. Mansfield to Louis A. Mansfield, land and buildings, Lloyd street, 30 feet.

Frank P. Leek to William H. Leek, land, Howard avenue, 50 feet.

Elizabeth Weiss, executrix of Jacob Weiss, to Elizabeth Weiss, land and buildings, Dixwell avenue, 100 feet; Cherry Ann street, 200 feet.

George M. Harmon to Charles L. Baldwin, land, Westville, Elm street, 162 feet.

Joseph Weissman and Isaac Kaufman to Union Trust company, land, Commerce street, 31 feet.

Mortgages.

Margaret Dietter to New Haven Savings bank, land and buildings, Whalley avenue, 50 feet, \$1,800.

James J. Welch and Ellen Welch to Louis A. Mansfield, land and buildings, Lloyd street, 30 feet, \$2,000.

Albert W. Koenigsberg to Clifford H. Munson, land and buildings, Read street, 43 1-2 feet, \$2,250.

George Tiedmann, et al., to Nancy A. Chase, land and dwelling 425 Greenwich avenue, 33 feet, \$1,800.

William H. Leek to Frank P. Leek, land, Howard avenue, 50 feet, \$500.

Frank Delmasto to Vincent Aspaia, land and buildings, Ferry street, 20 feet, \$700.

Louis Riback and Gustav Riback to Morris Nushaum, White street, land and buildings, 42 1-2 feet, \$775.

Warrantee Deeds.

Morris Nushaum to Gustav Riback, land and buildings, White street, 40 1-2 feet.

Charles A. Baldwin to P. Raymond Greist, Hubert M. Greist and Albert D. DeBussy, land, Elm street, Westville, 164 feet.

Elizabeth Weiss to Balda Doepfen-smith of Hamden, land and improvements, Cherry Ann street, 50 feet.

Clifford H. Munson to Albert W. Koenigsberg, land and buildings, Read street, 43 1-2 feet.

Louis A. Mansfield to James J. and Ellen Welch, land and buildings, Lloyd street, 30 feet.

Lease.

Florence S. Boardman of Washington, D. C., to F. E. Spencer company, building 237 and 238 State street, for three years for the use of their business.

Certificate of Attachment.

Property of Annie Lovering Crowell, land, Wooster Park terrace, 120 feet, in favor of Ericsson F. Bushnell, in sum of \$100.

Application for Building Permits.

By Thomas Martino, for permit to brick a one story brick structure, 25x31 1-2 feet, at 39 Washington avenue, for

WOMEN WHO CHARM

Health Is the First Essential Toward Making a Woman Attractive.



MISS HULDA KUGLER

MISS ELIZABETH WYNN

There is a beauty and attractiveness in health which is far greater than mere regularity of feature.

A sickly, irritable, and complaining woman always carries a cloud of depression with her; she is not only unhappy herself but is a danger to all joy and happiness when with her family and friends.

It is the bright, healthy, vivacious woman who always charms and carries sunshine wherever she goes.

If a woman finds that her energies are flagging and that everything tires her; if her feminine system fails to perform its allotted duties, there is nervousness, sleeplessness, faintness, backache, headache, bearing-down pains, and irregularities, causing constant misery and melancholia, she should remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made from native roots and herbs will dispel all these troubles. By correcting the cause of the trouble there may have failed.

Miss Elizabeth Wynn, of No. 205 8th Avenue, New York City, writes:

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe hemorrhages. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

two stores and 3 room tenement; cost, \$2,000.

B. Arick, for permit to erect a frame stable at 545 Oak street, cost \$350.

SAN FRANCISCO REVELATIONS.

No Sympathy Need Be Felt for a Confessed Rascal.

Undoubtedly Mayor Schmitz is a very bad man, and we suppose Abe Ruef is right when he says that the "labor union bums" who surrounded Schmitz were very greedy and wholly unscrupulous. But the theory that Ruef was a poor, weak victim who was driven to crime, or tempted beyond his strength to resist, or forced to do wrong in order to maintain "the organization," will be accepted by no one who is familiar with the shameful story of graft in San Francisco. Ruef is a very able man, a strong personality, a shrewd lawyer, and a college graduate. He knew what was right and what was wrong, and he deliberately chose the wrong. That he was acquainted with all that was going on, with the bribery of supervisors and with the whole system of graft, is notorious. The whole combination centered about him. He was the brains of the conspiracy. The testimony taken before the grand jury, which is printed in the San Francisco Call, shows that Ruef was deeply involved in the conspiracy of loot. But now the whole foul conspiracy has gone to pieces. The supervisors have practically all confessed. And Schmitz himself is on the run.

We do not see that there is in this case anything that should appeal to the sympathy of the court or of the people. The city of San Francisco has for years been robbed by this senseless gang of scoundrels who, under the cloak of justice, showed the most cynical and brazen disregard of the laws of both God and man. They never had any idea that they could be caught and punished. No one else had any such idea till very recently. The organization of the thieves seemed to be above the law. Controlling the city administration, in partnership with the powerful corporations, supported by tributes levied on the corporations and on the vice of the city, and controlling the lower courts, it seemed almost hopeless to look for relief. The whole local government was nothing but an agency for the collection of toll for the benefit of those on "the inside."

But now the right has triumphed, and there will be a large addition to the penitentiary population. As for Ruef himself, it is to be said that his conduct is still being investigated along other lines. The full reforms as that the federal government is looking into the part which he had—in the importation and sale of Chinese girls for immoral purposes. Mr. Henry, the leading figure in the prosecution, has publicly declared that he can prove that Ruef was implicated in this infamous business. That the traffic has been carried on is known, and it is known that some men made large profits out of it. So the investigation is going forward, and the government, through its secret service, is lending every possible aid. We think that now that the combination is broken, there will be much evidence unearthed involving many men, and involving more deeply those that have already been caught. In our opinion the sympathies of honest men ought to be, not with Ruef or Schmitz or any other members of the gang, but with the robbed and oppressed people, with the disgraced city, with the innocent victims of the vice trust which undoubtedly existed.

We congratulate the people of San Francisco on the certainty of the revolution that is now in progress. They owe much to the brave men who have fought their battle. Only a few days ago the intrenched thieves were sneering at their enemies, and threatening to kill them. The rogues could not believe that they were in the slightest danger. The power was in their hands, the people were with them, the city

had voted to keep them in office—why, then, should they fear? But now they are all on their knees. We trust that they will all soon be in the penitentiary. Ruef confessed simply because he was smart enough to know that he had no chance to make a successful defense. With that he would have fought to the bitter end. But the combination was smashed, and the thieves were running to cover. He knew that they would soon be fighting among themselves, and that there was no one of them who would not sacrifice all the others if by so doing he might save himself. Ruef was "smart" to the very end. He surrendered only when he had to.—Indianapolis (Ind.) News.

STATE FEDERATION

Council Meeting of Connecticut Women's Clubs to Meet at Madison.

By invitation of the Fortnightly club of Madison, the Council of the Connecticut State Federation of Women's clubs will meet at Madison, Tuesday, May 28.

Each federated club is entitled to representation by its president or her appointee. County organizers and chairmen of standing committees, or their appointees are included in the council.

Tran leaves New Haven for Madison at 11:07 a. m., returning leaves Madison for the west at 4:51 and 4:57 p. m.; eastward bound 3:55 and 6:02 p. m.

Through the hospitality of the Fortnightly club, luncheon will be served in the church parlors at 1 p. m.

All meetings will be held in the church chapel.

A memorial service for the late Miss Mary M. Abbott will be held at 12:20 p. m., followed by a meeting of the executive board.

The council proper will open at 2 p. m. Beside addresses of welcome and response and reports from the "Peace congress" and Council of Education, an address on "Plant Life" will be given by Edward Albert White, B. S., of Storrs, professor of botany, forestry and landscape architecture.

A paper on Uniform Divorce will be read—topic open for discussion.

An opportunity will be given presidents of clubs, to discuss questions relating to club or federation work—questions to be presented by the presidents.

Musical will be provided by the state music committee and the local club.

Each president and member of the executive board is requested to send acceptance or regret to Mrs. Frank C. Dowd, Madison, Conn.

An abundance of

Fresh Vegetables.

SPINACH CAULIFLOWER EGG PLANT
NEW BEETS FRESH SQUASH
FLORIDA LETTUCE RADISH
GREEN PEPPERS TOMATOES ONIONS
WATER CRESS STRING BEANS
SALADY
HOTHOUSE CARROTS
BERNUDA POTATOES
HOTHOUSE TOMATOES
VINELAND SWEET POTATOES
HOTHOUSE CUCUMBERS
Spring Lamb, Fresh Mint,
Green Peas

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BRANCH—275 Edgewood Avenue.
Tel. 564-5.

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Our April Market Supplies are very choice and attractive—Spring Lamb, Broilers and Squabs, all fresh killed.

Green Vegetables, Peas, String Beans, New Beets, Tomatoes and Cucumbers, Oranges, Grape Fruit and Bananas.

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And guarantee that everything will be the best the market affords! The Choice of Beef, Fancy Country Dressed Veni, Native Dressed Lamb, and Fresh Killed Poultry, Tomatoes, Celery, Rhubarb, Lettuce, Asparagus, Cucumbers, Radishes, Dandelions, Oyster Plant, Egg Plant, etc.

Dietter Bros.

202 Whalley Ave., Tel. 4517.
43 Grove Street, Tel. 1294-2.

District of New Haven, ss. Probate Court, May 16th, 1907.

ESTATE OF STEPHEN S. WHITNEY, late of New York City, owning property in said District, deceased. The Court of Probate for the District of New Haven hath limited and appointed six months from the date hereof for the creditors of said deceased to bring in their claims against said estate. Those who neglect to exhibit their claims within said time will be deemed to have waived the same. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to—

J. FRIDERIC KERNOCHAN, Executor.

Jewelers.

Wedding Gifts.

Nothing makes a more acceptable gift than silverware either in some article of flatware or a berry bowl, mayonaisse, salt, or sugar set, etc.

Wells & Gundes
788 CHAPEL STREET, NEW HAVEN, CT.

Plain Rings.

You can't get married without the jeweler. Come in and see our plain rings. Over one hundred to choose from.

DURANT,

71 CHURCH STREET.
Opposite Post Office.

Making Old Jewelry New

Down in your strong box there are probably several pieces of old jewelry that are doing no one any good.

For a small cost we might be able to modernize them into desirable shapes and styles, or if hopelessly broken we will make cash allowance for them.

Let us show you what we can do.

Monson's Jew'ry Store,
857-859 Chapel St.