

ad, "he'll be due for a sad awakening after he gets in there."

Senator Reed said he thought a treaty of peace was to settle the difficulties with Germany, the Knox resolution, he argued, having ended the state of war.

"The first step in this treaty is what is practically an alliance," Senator Borah declared. "We have gone into the Versailles treaty by the first articles of this treaty and it is impossible to escape from it except by abandoning our rights and privileges. We don't get anything under this treaty. We contract for the privilege of reserving what we get from the Versailles treaty."

"The nation's 'moral position' was involved in the treaty, he said.

"We see certain advantages," he said, "and we make a contract with Germany that we're to have them but we're not to have any obligation to have them. We claim all the advantages accruing to the United States with no obligations. The United States will not take permanently any such position. It will be better to stay out of Europe or we will be forced in to share in the obligations."

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BILLION DOLLAR TAX SHRINKAGE MUST BE FACED IN SENATE BILL

Majority Committee Report Discloses Loss in Income And Excess Profit Taxes In House Revising Bill

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—A shrinkage of more than \$1,000,000,000 in income and excess profits taxes this fiscal year was reckoned on by the senate finance committee in revising the house tax bill with a view to raising \$3,324,000,000 in internal revenue in the 12 months ending June 30.

This was disclosed by the majority report approved today by committee Republicans and made public. The estimated total of revenue is \$138,000,000 less than treasury experts have figured would be returned this fiscal year under the senate plan, but \$34,000,000 more than the revised total under the house bill.

Estimated returns this fiscal year from income and profits taxes are \$1,830,000,000, according to the report, as against \$3,000,000,000 of actual collections in the fiscal year ended June 30. Only about \$20,000,000 of this difference of \$1,180,000,000 is accounted for by proposed changes.

Treasury officers and committee members explained that the remainder is charged to shrinkage on account of business depression, diversion of funds to tax-exemption securities and other causes.

Declaring that the \$3,324,000,000 total proposed under the revised bill was only \$52,000,000 more than the treasury had estimated would be raised through internal taxes, the report said this was "a margin of safety none too large for the fiscal year 1922 in view of the business depression and the uncertainty attaching to the yield of the income and profits taxes."

"Our committee has acted," the report said, "on the assumption that except the special railroad expenditures which will be nearly if not wholly completed in the fiscal year 1922, the aggregate expenditure for the fiscal year 1922 will be substantially as large as in the fiscal year 1921. The special railroad expenditures included in the 1922 budget amount to \$500,000,000, and receipts from customs and miscellaneous sources for the fiscal year 1922 are estimated at \$750,000,000. Deducting both amounts from the fiscal year estimated expenditures for 1922 (\$4,034,000,000) leaves in round figures \$2,300,000,000 to be supplied by internal taxes for the fiscal year 1922.

"The revenue bill as recommended by our committee will raise during 1922, it is estimated, \$2,735,700,000.

CARPENTIER AND WIFE ON VACATION



When the dollars Carpentier received for his four rounds with Dempsey were translated into francs they entitled him to a vacation. Here you see the French heavyweight and his wife enjoying the carefree life at Dieppe, France.

The difference or deficit of \$65,000,000—about equal to the corresponding surplus for the fiscal year 1921—can and should be avoided by savings and economies. Your committee recommends a tax program which, while providing revenues substantially sufficient to meet ordinary expenditures on the present scale, assumes that a reasonable measure of retrenchment and reductions will be accomplished.

BORDER STATES TENNIS FINALS WILL BE PLAYED THIS AFTERNOON

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

EL PASO, Tex., Sept. 24.—Play in the semi-finals match of the women's singles today furnished the feature in the second day's play of the Border States tennis tournament which opened here yesterday and which will close with the playing of the semi-finals and final matches tomorrow evening. In the woman's singles semi-final Miss Mayme McDonald of Tucson, Ariz., won from Miss Grace Kessinger, Douglas, Ariz., 1-6, 6-3, 6-1. In the fastest match of the day, J. S. Lawton of Tucson will play Colonel Albert Fuger of El Paso tomorrow in the veterans' singles final.

Summaries of today's play follow:

Men's Singles
Bailey, El Paso, defeated Marshall, Phoenix, Ariz., 6-2, 6-2; Edwards, El Paso, defeated Bateman, El Paso, 6-2, 6-8, 6-4; Simmons, El Paso, defeated Davis, at large, 6-0, 6-0; Bowers, Los Angeles, beat Coggins, Phoenix, Ariz., 6-0, 6-2; Cole, El Paso, beat Cutler, Hurley, N. M., 6-1, 3-6, 6-2; Bandeen, El Paso, beat Bolse, Hurley, N. M., 6-0, 6-2; Christie, El Paso, beat Woodul, El Paso, 6-0, 6-3; Bailey, El Paso, defeated Edwards, El Paso, 6-1, 6-2; Munroe, El Paso, defeated Mills, Las Cruces, N. M., 6-4, 3-6, 7-5; Bandeen, El Paso, defeated Cole, El Paso, 6-2, 6-1; Simmons, El Paso, defeated Christie, El Paso, 3-6, 7-5; Bowers, Los Angeles, defeated Munroe, El Paso, 6-1, 6-4.

Men's Doubles
Cook, El Paso, defeated J. Tooley, El Paso, 6-4, 6-3; Williams, Douglas, Ariz., defeated Martin, El Paso, 6-2, 6-0; Williams, Douglas, Ariz., defeated Cook, El Paso, 6-1, 6-2; Chew, El Paso, defeated Carey, El Paso, 6-4, 13-15, 6-3; Ferguson, El Paso, defeated Carey, El Paso, 6-2, 6-0; Ferguson, El Paso, defeated Chew, El Paso, 3-6, 6-3, 6-2.

Women's Singles
Miss Crawford, El Paso, won by default from Mrs. Luchman, El Paso; Miss Ormsbee, El Paso, won from Miss Crawford, El Paso, 6-2, 4-5, 6-3; Mrs. Sutton, Tularosa, N. M., won from Miss Ormsbee, El Paso, 6-1, 6-1.

Miss McDonald, Tucson, Ariz., won from Miss Kissinger, Douglas, Ariz., 1-6, 6-2.

Veterans' Singles
Fuger, El Paso, beat Dye, El Paso, 6-3, 6-2; Lawton, Tucson, defeated Carmichael, Chifton, Ariz., 6-2, 6-1; Lawton won over A. Munro, El Paso (default); Fuger, El Paso, defeated Murray, Hurley, N. M., 6-2, 6-3.

Men's Doubles
Bailey-Nebeker, El Paso, defeated Kyle-Smith, Morenci, N. M., 6-1, 6-1; Bolse-Webster, Hurley, N. M., defeated Kipp-Munro, El Paso, 4-6, 6-2, 7-5; Bledsoe-Williams, Bisbee, defeated Davis-Eskew, 5-1, 6-0; Marshall-Coggin, Phoenix, Ariz., defeated Hartley-Carey, at large, 4-6, 6-2, 8-6; Marshall-Coggin, of Phoenix, defeated Bolse-Webster, Hurley, 6-9, 6-4; Bailey-Nebeker, El Paso, defeated Fletcher-Shea, El Paso, 6-2, 6-2; Bateman-Woodul, El Paso, defeated Williams-Bledsoe, 6-4, 6-3; Simmons-Bowers defeated Marshall-Coggin, Phoenix, 6-2, 6-0; Bandeen-Cole, El Paso, defeated Christie-Foster, El Paso, 6-3, 6-3.

Veterans' Doubles
Carmichael-Smith, Chifton, Ariz., defeated Dye-McBroom, El Paso, 6-2, 5-7, 6-0.

Women's Doubles
Misses Kissinger-McDonald, Douglas, Ariz.-Tucson, defeated Misses Bennett-Davis, Alamogordo, N. M., 6-0, 6-0; Misses Smith-Crawford, El Paso, defeated Mrs. Sutton-Miss Ormsbee, El Paso, 6-0, 6-4.

END HEARING IN COLORADO COAL MINE DISPUTES

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

TRINIDAD, Col., Sept. 24.—Investigation of the mine wage dispute closed late this afternoon with hearings at the Berwind mine of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company to "meet again at the time and place to be decided by the commission." Members of the commission left tonight for Denver and they indicated no decision would be reached for several days.

There was no further statement by the commission as to the scope of the investigation or upon what points it would render its decision. Commissioner Hiram E. Hiltz ordered the Colorado Fuel and Iron company to submit statistics to the commission showing its wage scale for mine workers on November 1, 1917, 1918, 1919, and 1920, and costs or articles in the company stores on the same dates.

It could not be learned whether this indicated the commission intended to go into the question of the fairness of the wage scale.

Hearings were held today for the Berwind, Tabasco and Tollerburg camps of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company. Testimony by superintendents at these mines was that 139 of 235 employees at Tabasco signed the petitions for reduction, 91 of 100 men at Berwind and 108 of 180 at Tollerburg. The number of men normally employed at Berwind was said to be 300 but F. C. Bennett, the superintendent, said many men left after the mine closed on August 23 and at the time the petition was circulated only about 100 men remained in the mine.

No testimony was offered on behalf of the miners for Berwind camp, Romilly E. Foote, their counsel, contending that the testimony had shown the majority of the men had never agreed to a wage reduction until after the mine had been closed. This fact was admitted by the superintendent. He also held that the 91 men signing the petition was not a majority of the 300 men on the company payroll during August.

Figures as to the number of men working at the Tabasco and Tollerburg mines, prior to the attempted wage reduction and immediately following the reduction were introduced as evidence. They showed that the majority of the men in each camp went to work under the reduced scale, dwindling following meetings in camps at which organizers are said to have spoken.

The name of Eugene V. Debs, Socialist leader now in the federal chine mine, admitted that he had posted a notice in the mine the night of August 26 containing statements surprising to have been made by Debs. The notice, handwritten in Italian, quoted Debs as making the following statement:

"Why do not liberate Eugene V. Debs? They keep me in prison not on account of an address I made in

the war, but on account of discussions I might make if they gave me liberty. If they set me free they know I would continue to work for labor and continue the work which was broken off when I was sent to prison. Eugene V. Debs."

Responsibility for the posting of this notice was not determined. Attorneys for the Colorado Fuel and Iron company and the miners were asked whether they desired to submit briefs. They said that since they were not advised as to the scope of the investigation they would not do so, but reserved the right to submit arguments later.

Chairman J. C. Bell of the commission was not present at today's session.

CUMMINS FLAYS CAPITAL LOBBY ORGANIZATIONS

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

DES MOINES, Iowa, Sept. 24.—Picturing Washington as merely a place where organizations make war upon each other for selfish legislative purposes, Senator A. B. Cummins of Iowa in a speech here today declared that the present tendency toward over-organization in the country has created "a very difficult and alarming situation."

He declared that organization has gone to such length that it is now practically impossible for congress to get an unbiased and unselfish opinion upon any public question.

"The United States," he declared, "is over-organized, and at the expense of importance of opinion. The safety of this country lies in a consensus of judgment among intelligent people. We are drifting toward a condition in which it is impossible to get the consensus of opinion; when every industry and occupation is closely and effectively organized."

"Where are we to get in Washington, when every bit of information that comes to us comes from a selfish standpoint? Down there it is simply a war between organizations. Congressional committees are constantly holding hearings upon important questions and I have yet heard during this session a single man come to a committee hearing for the purpose of enlightening the committee upon the public standpoint. All come to urge something that will help the particular organization with which they are affiliated."

He created, in my opinion, a very difficult and alarming situation."

He defended the railroad law, of which he was a co-author, as standing frankly that many eminent persons had called it a failure.

CHURCHILL NOT OPTIMISTIC ON IRISH QUESTION

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

DUNDEE, Scotland, Sept. 24.—Winston Spencer Churchill, secretary for the colonies in an address here today, expressed himself as most heartily in favor of a conference on the Irish question.

He felt there was a much better chance of an agreement being reached by personal interviews than by correspondence, he said, and it was because of this he was anxious for a conference—the only thing, he declared, which stood between the government and complete rupture of the Irish negotiations.

Eamonn de Valera, Mr. Churchill said, had made it very doubtful if there was a chance of a successful conference.

An attempt was made to break up the meeting before Mr. Churchill spoke. A mob of police were on duty all night. All streets leading to the hall were guarded, but a procession of unemployed tried to rush the hall.

Mr. Churchill said that the government was "profoundly disappointed" by the non-attendance of the offer of dominion home rule.

"Although Great Britain could unquestionably enforce existing law on Ireland," he continued, "she none the less is called on to clear away all possible misunderstanding. If our offer is rejected we have the conviction that our countrymen will support the empire, as will the opinion of the civilized world." Allegiance to the king, whether as king of Great Britain or of Ireland, must be insisted upon, he declared.

Mr. Churchill said he hoped the limitation of a summer conference would develop a conference for the establishment of normal exchange. The present industrial situation, he spoke, made a police were on duty the collapse of international exchange and Socialist propaganda.

The ancient Romans used crimping irons for their hair.

A homing pigeon is claimed to have recently broken a world's record by covering the 614 1/2 miles between Chicago and Beltsville, Maryland, near Washington, D. C. in 27 hours elapsed time, which means less than 18 hours actual flying. The bird bore a message from Mayor Thompson to President Harding.



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