

Another railroad convention has been called at Lebanon, N. H. on the 1st of February to consider the same subject.

We would inquire if it is not time that the convention was called, to consider and devise measures for urging forward the road from Burlington to Connecticut river through this place. The people are wide awake upon other parts of this route towards Boston.

We ask the Whigs of this county, to read attentively the address of the "Whig State Committee" in another column. The committee urge an early and efficient organization of the whole army of Whigs of Vermont, that they may be ready for the coming campaign. What say you, Whigs of Rutland County, will you rally upon THE 22d DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT as you often did in 1840, in full force? Will you not come forth in your might, that your fellow citizens may see that you have lost none of your patriotism; none of your determination to stand firmly by the constitution, that you are still ready to face the enemy, notwithstanding the reverses of the last three years; that you will again aid your fellow Whigs of the Union in triumphantly bearing off the palm of VICTORY in the coming presidential contest.

We invite the attention of the County Committee, and the Town committees, to the request of the State committee for a meeting or meetings for the purpose of considering and fixing upon some general plans of organization in this county. The day proposed is an appropriate occasion for such meetings.

The House of Representatives have passed a bill, 158 to 28 to refund Gen. Jackson's fine, without note or comment.

There is much talk in Congress about retrenchment, &c. We fear that on the part of the majority it will prove to be mere smoke—thinking it policy to talk and hold out promises of reform just before election. The people have been thus gulled heretofore, and the loco leaders think that they can be gulled again. We shall see.

The Liberty party held their convention, to nominate state officers, at Rochester on the 17th inst. We understand the convention was fully attended. They nominated a Mr. Shaffer of Townshend as their candidate for Governor.

So it seems the late incumbent has declined a reelection to the office of candidate for Governor—for wise reasons! no doubt. It has been said that it is his purpose to retire to private life. We do not vouch for the truth of this saying—tho' it may be so. Well! politicians are apt to adapt themselves to circumstances.

ALBANY WEEKLY GAZETTE.—We perceive by the last Gazette, the publishers, Messrs Shinnors, have adopted the ready pay system—and reduced the price of the Weekly from two dollars to the small sum of one dollar per annum in advance. The Gazette ranks with the class of large newspapers; containing twenty-eight closely printed columns of original and selected articles. The location of Albany is the most favorable for getting all the news, of any city in the union. Her railroads and steamboats from the West, South and East, arrive and depart almost every hour in the day; and we often get news from New York in the Albany papers one day earlier than from any other source. To any individual wishing to subscribe for an Albany paper, we would recommend the Weekly Gazette as a paper to be depended upon—and the articles it contains are always readable. Address E. W. & C. Skinner, Albany.

The recent decision upon the question of "Protection" has probably settled this matter at least for the current year. The effect of this decision is already felt in the increased price of the great staple of Vermont. Wool has been selling within a few days at Boston, at 43 cents,—and is in demand. Only let it be felt by the people that our present tariff is not to be made the plaything of a few party leaders, utterly reckless of any interests aside from their own selfish purposes—let it be felt that it is to be permanent—that the business of the country is not to be made the sport or the tool of a president, or of a candidate for the presidency, and the whole country will be restored to its former prosperity.

The people have the power in their own hands and some men evidently begin to feel that the people are disposed to once more exercise their rightful authority. Some men have shown by the late vote in the House of Representatives, that it will not do, longer to thwart or disregard the will of the people in relation to the great interests of the country—that the representative should look upon himself rather as a servant, not a sovereign.

Perhaps, however, we may be mistaken, and that this vote is only another exhibition of Mr. Van Buren's tactics—for he is an adept at pulling the wires in circumstances where other men would be perfectly confounded. He may have said or rather winked to some of his well trained partisans, go for the Tariff for the sake of the North, I will take care of the South. But we are not willing now to believe this, as we strongly incline to the opinion that the locos who have voted for protection, have chosen rather to listen to the will of the people, than to the dictation of promises of Martin Van Buren or any of his subalterns.

We doubt not this vote will produce commotion in the camp, if it has not already done so.

U. S. SENATE. The United States Senate rejected the nomination of Mr. Proffit, as a Foreign Minister; also Mr. Henshaw, Secretary of the Navy, and they have leave to withdraw. The Burlington Free Press says that Hyde the Collector, and Winslow, Post Master, will hardly escape the council.

It is rumored that Mr. Gilmer, of Virginia, will succeed Mr. Henshaw as Secretary of the Navy.

Mr. J. C. Spencer has resigned his chair in the Cabinet, but his nomination for the judgeship has not yet been confirmed by the Senate.

Mr. Sprague, brother of the gentleman that was murdered in Rhode Island a few weeks since, has resigned his seat in the U. S. Senate.

NEW PAPERS. We have received the first No. of the Green Mountain Freeman, an Anti-Slavery pa-

per, printed at Montpelier. It is respectable in size, and neatly printed—edited by J. C. Aspinwall, with tact and ability.

The Milton Herald is the name of a new paper printed at Milton. It is neutral in politics—devoted principally to the Thompsonian system of medical practice.

COLD WEATHER. We do not remember of ever witnessing so much fickleness in the weather as there has been within the last four weeks. On Tuesday 9th inst., the mercury settled to 18 degrees below zero; at Montreal it was 18 degrees below, and the river was frozen over so that foot passengers crossed on the ice to Longueuil. An the 15th and 16th the weather moderated, and it rained quite hard, carrying off about half of our snow. On Saturday and Sunday, 20th and 21st, the weather changed again, wind blowing from the N. W. and the mercury fell to 23 degrees below zero. To-day, Tuesday, we are visited with a regular South-East—er—and at the time of writing this [11 A. M.] it is snowing and raining alternately, with a fair prospect of a second January thaw.

THE D. D.'S OF VERMONT.

If there's a hole in 'a' your coats,
I rede ye tent it;
A chief's among you takin notes,
And faith he'll print it.

The following letter from the Anti-Slavery Reporter—like the bee which sometimes kills itself by the virulence of its sting—carries in itself an antidote for all the harm it can do to sensible readers, and would not be worth a vena passing notice, but from the high standing of the writer.

"FROM HON. WM. SLADE, MIDDLEBURY, VT.
"You ask if I consistently frank copies [of Dr. Lafon's Address] to persons in different parts of this State. I answer, yes. I do not allow myself to frank the private letters of my friends, as most members of Congress very properly do; but I send without hesitation any publications which I think contain valuable information, deeming the dissemination of such publications one of the purposes for which the franking privilege was granted. Send on, therefore, as many of the Doctor's Addresses as you may wish to circulate in this State, and I will forthwith make as good a distribution of them as I can—which I need not say I shall do with a hearty good will. All the D. D.'s in Vermont, without exception, are as cold as ice-bergs on the subject of Slavery. The Doctor's Address will be as much adapted to their case as are missionaries to that of the heathen."

We crave the liberty to append to this letter a few brief comments.

1. It is a fair presumption that it was never designed for the press. No doubt it contains the secret thoughts or sentiments of the writer, confidentially expressed; but he must have been surprised, and possibly mortified, to find that proclaimed on the house tops which was whispered in a corner. Some men in their zeal for the abolition of slavery, have so far abolished prudence and common sense as to put in type whatever comes to their hand suited to their object, without pausing to balance the question whether it be discreet or indiscreet. The only apology for the ex-member of Congress in sending such a letter to the Editors, or friends of the Anti-Slavery Reporter, must be found—if found at all—in the deficiency of good sense in the publishers. Why did they not tag it on, as an Appendix to Dr. Lafon's Address!

2. The publication of this letter is unfortunate in every point of view. The D. D.'s in Vermont, all told, amount only to a half-dozen, and one of these is transferred to the See of New Hampshire. Of the five remaining, two are not, properly speaking, clergymen, but presidents of colleges. Were all these D. D.'s, "without exception, as cold as ice-bergs on the subject of slavery," they must soon be melted away before the heat of anti-slavery, and could therefore make no serious opposition to an enterprise impelled forward by such warm advocates. Besides, it has an unfair seeming to specify in such a way these few poor, harmless Doctors of Divinity! There are men of the Orson Murray class, whose trade it is to denounce all D. D.'s, and they can do it in character. They are like Dean Swift's dog, of excellent qualities, but he had this one fault, that he would bark at ministers! A great class of over-zealous reformers, in the present day, rail at the priesthood because they oppose their lunatic projects. But we regret to see good and honorable men giving countenance to those who would overthrow the christian ministry.

3. We cannot regard the statement in this letter—the "ice-berg" part—as consistent with truth. We do not know a christian minister in the State, whether Doctor-ated or not, that is not an abolitionist, and heartily anxious for the abolition of slavery. To a man, we believe, the Clergy are all abolitionists, either by emancipation or colonization. The difficulty lies in this, that Abolitionists, technically so called, assume that they have all the wisdom and all the right in the common enterprise, and that all who differ from them in the *modus operandi*, the mode of accomplishing the freedom of the slave, are the fast friends of the slave-holder. The argument amounts to this—Gentlemen, your colonization plan is all moonshine, and if you do not see just as we see, and work just as we work, and admit the papal infallibility of our judgment in this matter, you are all enveloped in gross, wilful darkness—pro-slavery men in fact, and ice-bergs in humanity! We will not comment on the modesty, meanness, self distrust and charity, exhibited in such a spirit. Job would have said, No doubt ye are the men, and wisdom will die with you.—[Com.]

MUSICAL CONVENTION AT PITTSFORD.

Report of Committee.
Rev. Joseph Steele, F. W. Hopkins and Levi S. Rust, being appointed a Committee to report upon the state, style and progress of sacred Music, as evidenced by the performances of the Convention, presented the following:

The improvement that has been made by our Church choirs, as appears by the performances at this convention, considering all the circumstances, is equally gratifying and surprising. Most of the gross errors which were formerly prevalent, in the manner of singing have been laid aside, and a better style of performance has been adopted. The fine effect produced by the music of the united choirs, shows a wonderful improvement in time, one of the most difficult of the elements of the science. It has also given us some faint idea of what would be the influence of music in our religious exercises, were the voices of the whole community attuned in early life to the praises of their Creator. The exercises from the separate choirs were exceedingly pleasing, as was distinctly shown by the

great degree of order and quiet of a very crowded assembly to an unusually late hour on Tuesday evening. The several performances were highly creditable, and manifested a degree of attention and improvement which has not before been attained. There is manifestly great improvement in time and in correctness in music; more, in the opinion of your committee, than in enunciation or in giving expression to sentiment. Clear and distinct enunciation is a matter of the very first importance in vocal music of all kinds, but more especially in the exercises of the temple; indeed, without it, it may be doubted whether the effect is not rather injurious than otherwise to devotion. The object of singing in church is not to divert the wearied attention, nor to amuse the ear by sweet sounds; it is to aid in carrying religious sentiment with force to the heart. When instrumental music of any kind accompanies the choir, indistinct enunciation is especially inexcusable, since the instrument, by furnishing a continued strain of harmony, renders the utmost abruptness of enunciation comparative smooth.

On the whole, the committee would express themselves highly gratified with the present style of music, regarded as advancing to that which is more perfect; and they look upon the rapid progress that has been recently made as affording cheering encouragement that the course will still be onward.

A Curiosity.—We saw this week a curiosity, which cannot be matched in any other city of twice the size, in the United States; a man not an office holder, nor any expectant, nor connected with any office-holder, of sane mind and lawful age, who is truly and honestly, unequivocally a Tyler man! and really thinks that his reelection would be a blessing to the country.

Other places may boast of their large apples and big pumpkins, and long snakes, but we defy them all, to match our curiosity.—*Providence Journal.*

Domestic Exchange.—The Chataouque County Censor says that most of the Butter made in that county the past season, went to Boston. Two of their merchants sent over 30 tons each, and took Domestic Goods in exchange for it. That's the kind of dicker for the interest of both sections.—*We feed and they clothe.*

Pardon of the Canadian Convicts.—A Montreal paper states, on the authority of a letter from London, that the Government is about to restore all the Canadian political convicts to their country. It also states that letters from Paris says nothing positively of Mr. Papineau's return, but that he is satisfied with the course affairs have taken in Canada during the last twelve months.

A salute of fifty guns was fired by the workman employed in the Charlestown Navy Yard, in honor of the rejection of David Henshaw by the Senate.

MAIL ROBBERY.—We learn that Mrs. Jones, the wife of the Post Master at Spruce, in the town of Albion, in Oswego county, and a young man, in their employ, named Evans, have been arrested on a charge of rifling letters while overhauling the mail.

Osmyr Baker (W.) is elected to Congress in the 6th (Massachusetts) District. His majority over all is 26.

There is now but one district vacant.

From the Cincinnati Daily Times of May 20 1843. "Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.—We should judge from Messrs. Wegly & Keepers' letter, published this day among our advertisements, that this popular remedy for Coughs, Lung complaints, and diseases of the breast generally, was really a valuable medicine, and worthy of serious attention of the public. We are informed by the wholesale agents that they are almost daily receiving similar letters from all parts of the West.

We would advise our readers who are laboring under an affection of the Lungs, to make immediate trial of this truly excellent medicine. The most intelligent and respectable families of our city have adopted as a favorite family medicine; and persons predisposed to Consumption who have used it, speak in the highest terms of its efficacy. Scores of individuals have been cured of Asthma, the early stages of Consumption, Bleeding of the Lungs, obstinate Coughs, &c., by this Balsam, after hope has well nigh yielded to despair. We say this in all candor.

For sale by Daniels & Bell, Rutland.

ATTENTION.

RUTLAND CITIZENS' CORPS.
23d January 1844.

The members of the Corps are hereby warned to appear at the Court house in Rutland on the 6th day of February next at 6 o'clock, p. m. in accordance with orders from Headquarters of the Regiment, for the purpose of electing a 3d Lieutenant, provided by the new act. Also to assess a tax upon the members for defraying the expenses of the Company. To alter the bye laws.—To admit members, and to transact any other business found necessary. By order of F. W. HOPKINS, Captain.

L. J. HUBBARD, Clerk.

Military Notice.

HEAD QUARTERS 5th REG. VT. MILITIA.
Pittsford January 9th 1844.

The Captains and Subaltern Officers of the several companies in said Regiment are hereby notified to appear in uniform at G. R. Orcutt's Inn in Rutland, on the 8th day of February, next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing a Colonel, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Col. A. G. Cushman, and such other vacancies as may occur by the promotion of a Field Officer. By order of J. C. WHEATON, Lieut. Col.

F. PARKER, Adjutant.

DIED.

In Mendon, Jan. 13th. Eliza Weeks Daughter of Moses and Cynthia Weeks aged 15 months. Printers of New York and New Hampshire are requested &c.

At Newark, N. J. on the 26th ult. Heman Hatch, a Revolutionary Patriot, formerly of Centerville, N. Jersey.

At Ashby, Mass., Abel Richardson, a Revolutionary Soldier, aged 93 years.

At Brookfield, Ct. on the 17th ult. David Keeler, in the 91st year of his age, a Revolutionary Soldier, and for more than sixty years a devoted christian.

Near Flemington, New Jersey, on the 5th ult. Major John Howe, a distinguished Soldier of the Revolutionary war, in the 90th year of his age.

Near White House, Hunterdon co, N. Y. Cornel-

ius Messier, a Soldier of the Revolutionary War, in the 84th year of his age.

At Leominster, Mass., John Boudit, a soldier of the Revolutionary War, in the 98th year of his age.

At Gardner, Me., Jude Sawyer, a soldier of the revolution, aged 93. He was in the battle of Bunker Hill.

At Litchfield, Ct., Amos Galpin, a soldier of the Revolution, aged 80.

At Canaan Centre, Columbia co. N. Y., on the 1st inst., Mr. Elisha Hatch, in the 67th year of his age.

At his mansion house, in the town of Ghent Columbia county, N. Y., on Sunday morning, the 31st ult., Martin Harder, Esq., in the 66th year of his age.

At Greenfield, Saratoga co., N. Y. on the 30th ult. Abraham Weld, in the 86th year of his age.

In Washington Vt. 24th ult. Jacob Davis a revolutionary soldier, aged 80.

Death of Gen. Jacob Morris. This venerable and distinguished patriot died at his residence in the town of Butternuts, Otsego county, N. Y., on the 10th inst. in the 80th year of his age.

In Sanbornton, 5th inst. John Clark, aged 83, a soldier of the Revolution. He was the oldest of a family of seven, brothers and sisters, who were all living on the 5th inst. The brothers five in number, having always lived in the same town, and the oldest numbered among the first inhabitants of Sanbornton.

In Weathersfield, on the 4th inst. Major Joseph Stillman, aged 83. He was a patriot of the Revolution.

BOOK-BINDING.

ALL kinds of Book-Binding will be executed at the shortest notice, in a neat and durable manner, at the old stand in rear of the Book-Store. S. H. BATEMAN.
Rutland, January 23, 1844.

WE the subscribers, being appointed by the Hon Probate Court for the district of Rutland, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of

Judith Shum, ex. late of Middletown in said district, deceased, represented insolvent, and also all claims and demands exhibited in offset thereto, and six months from the 18th day of Dec. 1843, being allowed by said court for that purpose, we do therefore hereby give notice that we will attend to the business of our said appointment at the office of C. B. Harrington in Middletown on the 20th day of March and the 24 day of May next, from 1 o'clock, p. m. until 4 o'clock p. m. on each of said days.

C. B. HARRINGTON, ASABEL SPALDING, Com'rs.
Middletown, Jan'y 1, 1844.

HALLGOK, MOUNT & BILLINGS.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
BRITISH AND AMERICAN
DRY GOODS,
173 Pearl Street,
[One door above Pine Street.]
NEW YORK.

Constantly on hand an extensive assortment of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods which are offered by the package or piece on the most favorable terms.

Merchants and Dealers visiting our market are invited to call and examine our stock and prices. HALLGOK, MOUNT & BILLINGS.
New York, 1844.

STATE OF VERMONT. BE that it remembered District of Fairhaven, ss. that at a probate court holden at Castleton within and for said district on the 17th day of January, 1844.

Present, Almon Warner, Judge.
Dan Blakely, administrator of the estate of Joseph Porter, late of Pawlet in said district, deceased, proposing to render an account of his administration of said estate.

It is ordered that said account be received and examined for allowance on the 14th day of February next, at the Probate office in Castleton, and that this order be published three weeks successively, previous thereto in the Rutland Herald, a newspaper printed at Rutland, which shall be sufficient notice to all persons interested of the time and place of examining said account.

A true copy of record.
4.6 B. F. LANGDON, Register.

THE CONSTITUTION, the "VITA" of our wonderful constituted bodies, constantly require an alterative or regenerating influence, to create and retain a healthy existence. Air, light and some other elements are brought to this requisition and for a time prove sufficient for the requirements of the system. But when from imprudence and a violation of the laws of the animal economy, morbid humors are secreted and vitiated secretions or juices are collected, the system requires assistance from some other source or it sinks in disease, decay and death. How wonderfully salutary at this period are the effects of an appropriate alterative medicine, taken in season! These have been tested from death, and multitudes from sufferings indescribable, and again restored to health, by the timely use of PHILLIPS' TOMATO PILLS, which are so efficacious and potent in cleansing the stomach and bowels, purifying the blood and renovating the glandular system by clearing the operation of the liver and other glands, and clearing off the morbid juices and humors; that at the South they have acquired the name of "Fever Bane," because they invariably prevent or break up bilious, remittent, yellow, intermittent and long fevers. Five years extensive experience has proved them the best and only agents and are ready for all the numerous chronic diseases where the system requires something that will operate on the blood, liver, and various systems of vessels, giving them a healthy action and at the same time expel the morbid and poisonous juices and humors which it separates from them. In the class of diseases are rheumatism, dyspepsia, dropsy, liver complaints, bilious stomach, scrofula, gravel, worms, tumors and eruptions of the skin of various kinds, permanent weakness about the loins and limbs, king's evil, constitutional or hereditary leucis, of the scalp, a part of the system &c. Thousands of cases of the above diseases have been cured by the Tomato Pills, and thousands of deaths would have been prevented had these Pills been used instead of some irresponsible, baneful quack pill as a remedy, of which the country is flooded. There is no mystery or charlatanism about this universal remedy. They are prepared of valuable vegetable remedies which are known to be both safe and effectual, and are used very extensively by physicians in their private practice because, as hundreds have said, they are the most pleasant, effectual and safe medicine we have ever used.

The above Pills are for sale by agents in all the country towns. Agents are cautioned not to buy of pedlars. "One word to the wise is sufficient." For sale at the General Depot and Agency Store, 226 Main st. Rutland, Burt & Mason. Wallingford, S. Townsend, Jr. Danby, I. J. Vail. ROWLEY 3.25

STATE OF VERMONT,

Rutland County, ss.

In Chancery, April Term, 1844.

WHITEAS the town of Sherburne, in the county of Rutland, having filed a bill of complaint, against Rufus Graves of Bridgwater in the county of Windsor, Jeremiah Avery of Stockbridge in the county of Windsor, Roswell B. Adams, Ezra Wilson, Benjamin Hutchinson and Noah Johnson, all of Sherburne in the county of Rutland, and Horace Sawyer and Cephus Wood, both of the State of Illinois, in this court; charging, that at the annual Town Meeting holden at Sherburne aforesaid in March 1834, the said Rufus Graves was duly elected to the office of First Constable and Collector for said town of Sherburne, for the year next ensuing, and thereupon the said Rufus Graves as principal, and the said Jeremiah Avery, Roswell B. Adams, Ezra Wilson, Benjamin Hutchinson, Noah Johnson, Horace Sawyer and Cephus Wood as sureties, executed and delivered to the then Selectmen of said town of Sherburne, a certain written instrument, purporting to be a bond, in the penal sum of two thousand dollars, conditioned to be void if the said Rufus Graves should well and faithfully exe-

cute the office of First Constable and Collector of the said town of Sherburne for the year then next ensuing, and therein save the said town harmless from all costs and damages said town might sustain in consequence of the non observance or misfeasance of the said Rufus, in his said office of First Constable and Collector of said town of Sherburne, for the year then next ensuing, which writing was intended by the parties executing it to be a bond, and was supposed to contain all the legal requisites of a bond, but by accident or mistake the said contract was not sealed, though in said contract it was expressed to be signed, sealed and delivered. It was further stated said Graves undertook to execute the office of first Constable and Collector of said town of Sherburne for the year then next ensuing said March meeting in 1834; and during said year one Aaron Colton put into the hands of the said Rufus Graves, as Constable as aforesaid, a writ in his favor against Thomas W. Estabrooks, to serve and return according to law, with instruction to said Graves to attach all the hay and grain in the barn on the farm then occupied by the said Estabrooks, and therefore the said Graves attached said hay and grain and returned said writ to the Justice who issued the same, but the said Graves so neglected to do his duty that said Colton lost the benefit of his attachment, and thereby lost his debt; and that said Colton afterwards sued said town of Sherburne for the neglect of said Graves in serving said writ, and recovered \$75.88 damages and \$7.43 cost of suit; and that said town had expended large sums of money in defending said suit, to wit, five hundred dollars or less; and praying that the defendants may answer whether they did not execute and deliver said writing, and whether said writing was not intended to be a bond with all the legal requisites, and whether the seals were not omitted by accident or mistake, whether the said town have not paid said sums of money to said Colton and in defending said suit, in consequence of the neglect of said Graves in his office of Constable, as aforesaid, and that said writing may be perfected according to the mutual agreement and understanding of the parties, and that the same may have the seals affixed to give the same all the legal requisites of a bond, in accordance with the true intent and meaning of the parties; and that the defendants and their confederates, when discovered, may be decreed to pay the Orator the full amount that has been sustained by said town in consequence of the neglect of said Graves in the discharge of the duties of his office of constable, as aforesaid, in the case aforesaid, and for such other relief in the premises as according to equity and good conscience the said town is entitled—and for a subpoena to be directed to those of the defendants that reside in this State, and an order of notice for those that reside out of the jurisdiction of this State.

And it appearing to the court that the said Horace Sawyer and Cephus Wood do not reside in this State, and have not been notified of the pendency of this bill, it is therefore ordered that they be notified of the pendency of said bill by publishing the substance thereof with this order, in the Rutland Herald, a newspaper printed at Rutland, Vermont, three weeks successively, the last of which publication shall be at least six weeks before the sitting of said court, which publication shall be deemed sufficient notice to the said Horace and Cephus to appear and answer to said bill.

Given under my hand at Rutland, this 26th day of December, A. D. 1843.
CH. K. WILLIAMS, Chancellor.
Reuben R. Thrall, solicitor for orator. 2.4

STATE OF VERMONT. BE that it remembered District of Rutland, ss. that at a special probate court held at Rutland, within and for said district, on the 11th day of January, 1844.

Present Wm. Hall, Judge.
William Manly administrator of the estate of John R. Hitchcock late of Pittsford, in said district deceased, intestate, proposing to render an account of his administration of said estate.

It is ordered that said account be referred for examination and allowance, to the first Monday being the 5th day of February next, and that a copy of this order be published three weeks successively previous thereto in the Rutland Herald, a newspaper printed at Rutland, that all persons interested may appear and object to the same if they see cause.

A true copy of record.
3.5 HENRY HALL, Register.

STATE OF VERMONT. BE that it remembered District of Fairhaven, ss. that at a probate court holden at Castleton within and for said district on the 3d day of January, 1844.

Present Almon Warner, Judge.
An instrument in writing purporting to be the last will and testament of Ira Smith late of Orwell in said district, deceased, being presented to said court by Julia A. Smith, the executrix therein named, for probate:

It is ordered by the court that notice thereof be given to all persons concerned, to appear at a session of said court to be holden at Castleton on the 6th day of February next, to contest the probate of said will, by publishing this order three weeks successively previous to said time of hearing, in the Rutland Herald, a newspaper printed at Rutland.

A true copy of Record.
3.5 B. F. LANGDON, Register.

WE the subscribers, being appointed by the Hon. Probate Court for the district of Rutland, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of

Asa Hale, late of Rutland, in said district, deceased, represented insolvent, and also all claims and demands exhibited in offset thereto, and six months from the 29th day of Dec. last being allowed by said court for that purpose, we do therefore hereby give notice that we will attend the business of our said appointment at the late dwelling house of the deceased in Rutland, on the first Tuesdays of February, April and June, next from one o'clock to four o'clock p. m. on each of said days.

WM. PAGE, S. H. HODGES, LUTHER DANIELS, Com'rs.
Rutland January 4, 1844.

STATE OF VERMONT. BE that it remembered District of Rutland, ss. that at a special probate court holden at Rutland within and for said district on the 5th day of Jan. A. D. 1844.

Present, Wm. Hall, Judge.
Bradford Andrus, executor of the last will and testament of Samuel Engram, late of Wallingford in said district, deceased, proposing to render an account of his administration of said estate.

It is ordered that said account be referred for examination and allowance to the first Monday being the 5th day of February next, and that a copy of this order be published three weeks successively previous thereto in the Rutland Herald, a newspaper printed at Rutland, that all persons interested may appear and object to the same if they see cause. A true copy of record.

2.4 HENRY HALL, Register.

WE the subscribers being appointed by the Hon Probate Court for the district of Rutland, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of

Moses Randall late of Chittenden, in said district, deceased, represented insolvent, and also all claims and demands exhibited in offset thereto, and six months from the 21st day of Dec. inst., being allowed by said court for that purpose, we do therefore hereby give notice that we will attend to the business of our said appointment at Alvin Randall's in Chittenden on the first Wednesdays of February and May next, from one o'clock, until 5 o'clock p. m. on each of said days.

DAN DICK, GEORGE W. BARNARD Com'rs.
Chittenden, December 27, 1843.

For Sale,

A NEW Two Horse Double Sleigh—Grain or Lumber will be received in pay. H. T. WARR, Rutland, Jan. 25, 1844.