

Spirit of the Age.

FREEDOM OF INQUIRY, AND THE POWER OF THE PEOPLE.

Volume 3.

WOODSTOCK, VERMONT, FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1842.

Number 120.

Business Cards.

ISAAC CHURCHILL,
Dealer in Ladies' Goods and Millinery, Wholesale and Retail.
(Head of Central Street.)
G. H. MOWER,
Dealer in English and West India Goods,
Crockery and Glass Ware,
Three doors west of the Post Office, Central Street.
C. F. SHEDD,
Dealer in English, French, and domestic goods;
W. I. Goods, Medicines and Hardware—also, Carpetings
of every description.
Central Street.
J. A. DUNBAR,
Dealer in Domestic and Foreign Dry Goods.
(Elm Street.)
CHARLES DANFORTH, JR.,
Dealer in English, French, and American Goods, Crockery,
Glass and China Ware.
(Elm Street.)
O. J. BRYANT & Co.,
Dealers in English, French, and American Dry Goods,
W. I. Goods, and Groceries,
Crockery, Glass and Hardware.
Elm Street.
GEO. R. CHAPMAN,
DEALER IN ENGLISH, FRENCH, AMERICAN AND W. I. GOODS,
Hard Ware and Paper hangings.
(Opposite Whitney's, Central Street.)
WITT & HEWITT,
One door west of the Post Office.
MERCHANT TAILORS.
A large lot of ready made clothing, constantly on hand.
(Three doors east of the Post Office.)
Central Street.
P. B. SOUTHWELL,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
Central Street.
ALBERT KING,
DEALER IN W. I. GOODS, FLOUR, AND
GROCERIES.
(Two doors east of the Post Office, Central Street.)
GEORGE MELLISH,
DEALER IN FLOUR, W. I. GOODS AND GROCERIES.
(CENTRAL STREET, OPPOSITE WHITNEY'S HOTEL.)
RUSSELL & CLARK,
WATCH MAKERS AND JEWELLERS,
OPPOSITE WHITNEY'S HOTEL, CENTRAL STREET.
J. H. MURDOCK,
WATCH MAKER AND JEWELLER.
Also, keeps on hand Toys, Musical Instruments and fancy
articles of every description.
Central Street.
R. H. BAILEY,
SILVER-SMITH AND JEWELLER.
(Opposite Whitney's Hotel, Central Street.)
NATHANIEL RANDALL,
WATCH MAKER AND JEWELLER.
Dealer in Clocks, Looking Glass Plates, Cutlery and pure
Thompsonian Medicines.
(Central, head of Elm Street.)
FAIRBANKS & PALMER,
SADDLERS, HARNESS AND TRUNK MAKERS
ORDERS SOLICITED, AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
(Opposite Whitney's Hotel, Central Street.)
WARREN & NUTE,
SADDLERS, HARNESS AND TRUNK MAKERS,
ELM STREET.
(Two doors north of the Bank.)
E. A. HOVEY,
Harness maker, and Carriage trimmer,
Rear of Edson's Building.
PHILO HATCH,
MANUFACTURER OF TIN, SHEET IRON AND
COPPER WARE.
(One door east of the Court House.)
COURT STREET.
JOHN BLISH,
Dealer in, and manufacturer of, Sheet Iron, Copper, Sheet
Iron and Tin Ware.
(Central Street.)
HENRY HATCH,
One door south of Union Hall, Elm Street.
TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET IRON WORKER.
BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY,
FOSS & DICKINSON,
Keep constantly on hand Gentlemen's fine boots and
pumps; also, Ladies' gutter boots and shoes.
Shop two doors west of the Court House,
Spirit of the Age Building,
COURT STREET.
BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY,
JOEL EATON, Agent.
One door east of the Post Office,
Central Street.
H. C. TAIT,
TAILOR.
(Over J. A. Dunbar's store, Elm Street.)
MICHAEL MYERS,
TAILOR.
Over O. J. Bryant & Co's store,
(Elm Street.)
WHITNEY'S HOTEL,
Corner of Elm and Central Streets,
BY S. WHITNEY.
EAGLE HOTEL,
BY P. G. ALDEN.
CORNER OF SOUTH AND GREEN STREETS.
JOHN WITT,
Painter, and dealer in carriages of all kinds.
(Rear of Edson's Building.)
GEO. S. DAY,
Carriage and Sleigh maker,
(Rear of Edson's Building.)
JOSUAH MITCHELL,
CARRIAGE AND SLEIGH-MAKER,
HIGH STREET, 116
I. M. & G. FISHER,
Manufacturers, and dealers in cabinet furniture of
every description.
Opposite the Jail, Central Street.
JOHN N. WHITE,
House Painter and Chairmaker,
(Rear of Edson's Building.)
LIVERY STABLE,
BY MUNGER & PACKER,
COURT STREET.
DR. R. B. PALMER,
(Office three doors east of the Court House.)
COURT STREET.
DR. EDWIN HAZEN,
Office at the late residence of Dr. Castle,
ELM STREET.
DR. THOMAS E. POWERS,
One door north of the Episcopal Church,
(Church Street.)
B. H. KIMBALL,
Blacksmith,
[SUCCESSOR TO LORENZO PRATT.]
Here and at shoeing, and all kinds of eastern work;
carriage ironing and repairing; also, carriage springs of
every description made in the best style and shortest notice.
"ROUND THE CORNER," HIGH STREET.
R. O'HARA,
BLACKSMITH.
Horse and ox shoeing, carriage ironing, and custom
work of all kinds, done with durability and despatch.
One door east of the Jail, Central Street.)
CHANDLER & BILLINGS,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
Central Street.
TRACY & CONVERSE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
Office over the Bank, Elm Street.
L. A. MARSH & J. BARRETT,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office over G. H. Mower's store, Central Street.

J. SARGEANT,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
(Main Street)
WINDSOR, VT. 86
S. R. STREETER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BARNARD, VT. 115
STOUGHTON & PERSON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Chester, Pl. 86
H. E. STOUGHTON. I. B. PERSON.
A. P. HUNTON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
BETHEL, VT. 86
N. ROBINSON, JR.,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NORWICH, VT. 86
N. RICHARDSON,
Attorney, and Counsellor at Law,
CHESTER, VT. 86
J. Q. HAWKINS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FELCHVILLE, VT. 91
SALMON WILES,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
JOHNSON, VT. 103
J. F. DEANE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CAVENDISH, VT. 105
SAMUEL H. PRICE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WINDSOR, VT. 99
DARTMOUTH HOTEL,
BY PARKER MORSE,
MANOVER, N. H. 86
UNION HOUSE,
BY J. O. KELSEY.
On street Washingtonian principles,
MONTPELIER, VT. 86
JOB PRINTING,
IN EVERY VARIETY,
Neatly and Promptly Executed,
AT THE OFFICE OF THE
Spirit of the Age.
(Court Street, two doors west of the Court House.)
WOODSTOCK, VT.
DANIEL LAWRENCE,
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF MEDFORD RUM,
SOLD at wholesale by REED & SPALDING, Nashua
which is the only store in Nashua which it can be
bought. Likewise sold by MANING & HALL, No. 15
Central wharf, and L. BIRDLOW, 144 State Street, which
are the only stores in Boston where Medford Rum can be
bought.
April 29, 1842. 103-6m.
PERKINSVILLE ACADEMY.
The Academic year of this Institution is divided into
four terms, three of eleven and one of ten weeks—com-
mencing as follows:
SPRING TERM, March, 24, 11 WEEKS.
SUMMER, " June, 10 " " "
FALL, " August, 31st, " " "
WINTER, " Nov. 31st, " " "
TUITION—Common English branches, \$2.00
Higher " and Classical, \$4.00
French—Drawing and Painting, \$2.00 each extra.
The Institution will be under the direction of its former
teacher.
A. P. CHASE, Principal
S. HELEN RICHARDS, Teacher, Female Department.

DR. G. R. PHELPS'
TOMATO PILLS,
ENTIRELY VEGETABLE.
AS A
SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL
ARE
UNRIVALLED FOR EFFICACY.
They have been abundantly and successfully tried and
have received universal approbation in the treatment of
Scrophula, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism,
Jaundice, Catarrhs, Colic,
Influenza, Coughs,
Nervous Diseases, Acids Stomachs,
Bilious Distensions, Colic,
Constipation, Catarrh, &c.
Headache, &c.
FOR SALE BY
J. ROSS, Jr.,
Cushing & Nichols,
M. S. Brewster,
J. B. Dunbar, Jr.
THOMPSONIAN MEDICINE.
PURE AND UNADULTERATED MEDICINE.
A. NATIEL BANDALEA, Jeweller Store, kept at
a good assortment of THOMPSONIAN MEDICINE, con-
sisting of
Rheumatism or Hot Drops, Brown Lobelia,
Wine Bitters, Pulverized Slippery Elm,
Dysentery Syrup, Meadow Fern's Goutweed,
Vegetable Jelly, Healing Salve,
Liniament, Stimulating Liniament,
Lung Lobelia, Composition,
Compound Balsam, Compound
Nerve or Valerian, Spice Bitters,
Rough Lobelia, Woman's Friend, &c
April, 19, 1842. **NATHANIEL RANDALL.**

WM. BROWN'S PENCIL PASTE,
It is a minute you can produce a polish for superior to
British Luster, being a paste, is used without making
a dust, which is a great objection to a powder. Look
to your Stoves and Grates if you would have them neat
and burn a high heat. Price, 12 1/2 cents a roll.
Families can be supplied at most of the Drug and
Grocery Stores in Boston. Dealers can be supplied at the
manufacturer's price, of Dana, Evans & Co., Silas Pierce
& Co., Wm. Stearns & Co., Wm. B. Bradford & Co.
For sale by **J. A. DUNBAR,**
Woodstock Vt. 91.

MYSTERIOUS.
A GENETIC FLEMAN belonging to one of the most ancient
and wealthy families of this city, who must be well
known to numerous friends, having since the year 1819
been confined to his bed, has been restored to good health
—has regained his natural erect position—and has quitted
his carriage, and now walks with ease! We believe
this is the gentleman's own description as near as possible
and there is no exaggeration in it. We will give inquirers
his address, and doubt not his humane feelings will ex-
cuse the liberty so that any one doubting, may know
these facts—though he requests his name may not appear
in print. Among other similar instances, Mr. Jas. G.
Reynolds, 141 Christie Street, has been restored, and will
give personal assurances of the facts of his case. Both
were rheumatism, and contracted cords and sinews—
How has this been done?
Answer.—By the Indian Vegetable Elixer internally,
and Heron's Serum and Bone Lotion externally.—N. Y.
Herald.
Only Sold by
COMSTOCK & CO.,
71 Maiden Lane, New York.
J. FISS, Jr., Woodstock, Vt.
J. H. ZETTS, Norwich,
J. C. BROOKS, Hartford,
A. H. WARDNER, Windsor.

CONSERVE OF HOLLYHOCK. One of the
best compounds among Thompsonian medicines for
Quincy, Colds, Rheumatism &c.
For sale at the Jewellery Store of
N. RANDALL.
Dec. 9.

200 BUSHELS CORN, for sale by
J. A. DUNBAR.
May 9, 1842.

CHEESEMAN'S ARABIAN BALSAM. A
fresh supply just received and for sale by
JAS. ROSS, Jr.,
Woodstock, June 1842.

NURSING BOTTLES, for sale by
JAS. ROSS, Jr.,
Woodstock, 22 June 1842.

NOTICE TO FAMILIES.
ALL LOVERS OF GOOD BREAD are recommended to
make use of **WM. BROWN'S PORTABLE CAKE**
YEAST as it makes the bread much better than the
common mode. The yeast is free from all impure ingredients
makes the bread perfectly white and light is well adapted
for ship's use, and will keep in all climates. It is
extensive use in Boston, and orders are beginning to be
received from all quarters. No better evidence is want-
ing its superiority over all other articles used for rising bread,
than the following certificates.
Boston, May 29th, 1841.
The undersigned having made use of Wm. Brown's
Portable Cake Yeast for rising bread, in our opinions this
yeast is superior to any other article of the kind we have
ever made use of, and will make the bread
much whiter and very light, and we believe it to be free
from all impure ingredients.
Signed by the Pastor Cook, at the Tremont House, Pav-
ilion, American House, and Marlboro' Hotel, Boston.
It is now in use at most of the Hotels in the city, and
on board of all the steamships belonging to Mr. Conrad's
line of packets. A note is just received from John A. De-
son, Pastor Cook on board the steamship Britannia, who
writes that he has made use of Wm. Brown's Yeast, for
making bread, during two voyages across the Atlantic, and
can recommend it as far superior to any thing else for
rising bread.
The above article is now for sale by the proprietor, 51
Washington Street, Boston. Retailed by
Woodstock, Vt. **J. A. DUNBAR.**

**FOR PROMOTING THE GROWTH
AND BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR.**
THE GENUINE BUFFALO OIL is fast taking the
place of all other preparations for the hair, for its
use. It beautifies and softens the hair, giving it a satin
gloss that no other article does, and causing it to curl
naturally. It is a valuable and recently discovered
outside wrapper of the genuine will be signed by the
proprietor Wm. Brown, also a copy right for the engraved
direction has been secured and entered according to act of
Congress, in the District of Columbia, on the 29th day
of March, 1841, and the Patent Office. Dealers can be
supplied of Wm. Brown, 391 Washington St., Boston
For sale by **J. ROSS Jr.,** Woodstock, Vt.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAIL-ROAD
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
ON and after MONDAY, MARCH 14, 1842, the passenger
trains will run as follows:
LEAVE NASHUA AT 6:15 A. M. LEAVE BOSTON
AT 7:15 A. M. AT 7:15 A. M.
AT 10:15 A. M. AT 12:15 P. M.
AT 1:15 P. M. AT 2:15 P. M.
AT 3:15 P. M. AT 5:15 P. M.
LEAVE LOWELL AT 10:15 A. M. AT 1:15 P. M. AT 4:15 P. M.
AT 7:15 P. M. AT 10:15 P. M. AT 11:15 P. M.
On the arrival of the cars from Nashua, New York and Canada
via Amoskeag, Concord, Keene, Charlestown, Franconia
and New London N. H. Windsor, and Middlebury, Vt.
Books are kept in Boston at the Stage Office, No. 9 and
11 Elm Street, also in Lowell, at the Northern and
Western Railroad Stage Office in front of the Depot,
where seats can be secured in any of the Coaches, and
current information respecting the different stage
routes.
Passengers leaving Nashua for the cars at 6:15 and 10:15 A. M.
can take the cars of the Boston and Maine Railroad
at 7:15 A. M. and 11:15 A. M. respectively. For
Boston, Great Falls, Portsmouth and Portland.
MERCHANTS' TRAINS will leave the Freight Depot
at Charlestown and Nashua, every morning, (Sunday excepted)
All goods to be transported on the Rail Road, going
above Lowell, must be sent to the Company's Freight
Depot, Charlestown, at the end of the road, and
Goods to be forwarded by the moving trains must be
sent to the Depot as early as the evening before.
The Company having provided large and commodious
Store-houses for the reception and storage of the
merchandise, give notice that they are now prepared
to transport all kinds of Country Produce which may be
forwarded to their Depots, and for this purpose have
furnished safe and covered cars which will perfectly
secure goods from damage and careful experienced men
to take charge of the Transportation business at the De-
pots, and to accommodate the conductors of the road, and
The Company, determine not only to accommodate
the public, but to extend every facility in their power,
both to Transports and Merchants, have fixed upon the
following rates of Fare:
\$1.50 per ton each way between Nashua and Charlestown.
Bulk Salt, Plaster, Lime Stone, Lumber, &c. \$2 per ton.
\$1.00 per ton each way between Nashua and Lowell.
All Regular Teamsters running to the cars will be car-
ried over the road between Nashua and Charlestown, each
way, free of expense.
LOWELL STEARNS, Superintendent.
Nashua, March 25, 1842. 104-4

STATE OF VERMONT. The Hon. the Probate
Court for the District of
WINDSOR, in and for the County of
WINDSOR, do hereby certify that the
estate of **SOLOMON WHITE,** late of
WINDSOR, deceased, intestate,
GREETING.
WHEREAS JAS. DAVIS, administrator of the estate
of said deceased, proposing rendering an account
of his administration, and presenting his account against
said estate for allowance, at a session of said Court to be
held at the Probate office in Woodstock in said district on
the 25th day of Sept. next. Therefore, you are hereby no-
tified to appear before said Court, at the time and place
above specified, and show cause, why the said account
should not be allowed. And the heirs and all other
interested parties, are also notified to appear at the same time
and place and give bonds for the payment of the claims
and charges against said estate, or to give security to
said administrator authorizing him to sell the whole real
estate of the deceased and divided and divided and
in said district (as a part cannot be sold
without injury to those interested in the remainder) for
the purpose of paying the claims and charges against said
estate.
Dated at Woodstock in said District, this 20 day of
August, A. D. 1842. **GEORGE HILL,** Registrar.

TABLE CUTLERY. 100 Cases Knives and
Forks just received, and for sale by
of Tea and Table Cutlery, from 50 cts up. The above
were imported to order and will be sold at much lower
prices than ever before offered in this city.
G. DANA, Jr.
Aug. 8

SILVERED SPOONS. 12 doz silvered table
spoons, for sale by **G. DANA, Jr.,**
German silver or common plated ware, just received
and for sale at very low prices by **G. DANA, Jr.,**
Aug. 8

BLACK, blue black and colored figured and plain silks
Broadcloths and Printed Lawns, just received.
May 19, 1842. **G. H. MOWER.**

CARPETINGS. Kidminster, Venetian and Hemp
Carpetings and Rugs. Just received and for sale by
May 19, 1842. **G. H. MOWER.**

FUR, Mole skin and Leghorn Hats, just received and
for sale by **J. A. DUNBAR.**
May 9, 1842.

PLENTY of Crockery, Glass ware and Paper hang-
ings, for sale by **J. A. DUNBAR.**
May 9, 1842.

RUSSELL & CLARKE,
WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS,
HAVE just received, and keep constantly on hand a well
selected assortment of GOLD AND SILVER
WATCHES—consisting of gold and silver Levers,
Horizontal Levers, Alarm, Repeating, Quarter and com-
mon WATCHES. Also, every Table, Dress, and pocket
spoons; Cream, Silver, Sugar, Tongue, Salt and Mustard
spoons; German Silver table and tea spoons; Gold
Silver and steel Bowled SPECTACLES; Gold and Silver
RESERVE CASES; gold Rings; Gold, Silver, and
Steel and Keys; a large assortment of finger rings, ear-
rings breast pins, snuff boxes, tea balls, spy glasses,
first rate razors, penknives, Rodgers' fine scissors, shell
side combs, together with various other articles usually
kept in a Jewellery shop, the whole comprising a better as-
sortment than ever offered in this place before—together
with a good assortment of Clocks, such as Brass &
day China; Brass & day common; Brass 21 hours; Brass
mantle, that run 21 days with one winding; Brass &
day time pieces, without striking; also first rate WOODEN
CLOCKS: all of which they will sell on as good terms as
they can be purchased any where in the vicinity.
CLOCKS AND WATCHES habitually repaired, and
warranted at the shortest notice, and all kinds of Job
work usually done in their line of business, dispatched with
accuracy, and no pains spared, to give entire satisfaction.
All orders from abroad will meet with prompt attention.
N. B. Cash paid for gold and silver.
Woodstock, Dec. 1, 1841. 91.

Spirit of the Age.
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1842.

The traitors!
Brand Them!
Don't forget the men, who in Congress have
tried to defeat the consummation of a Tariff Bill!
They are
**Hiland Hall, Horace Ever-
ett, William Slade, John Mat-
tocks, Augustus Young.**
Don't forget them, and don't forget that they
are the men who are writing home electioneering
letters in favor of Charles Paine who understands
and is a party to the game they are playing in
Congress.
**To defeat the passage of a
Tariff Bill!**
Now mind: If a few of
these disinterested whigs who
are so much in favor of a Tar-
iff had united with the dem-
ocrats who declared every
day their willingness to do so,
they might have pushed
through Congress an ade-
quate Tariff and the farmers
might now be selling their
wool at a fair value, in-
stead of seeing it rot in their
hands while these lovers of
their interest are carting for-
eign wool into their very midst.
And again
Remember,
That the Kentucky delegation in Congress who
are the tools of Henry Clay, who is determined
that the people shall have no tariff, but that the
question shall be kept open for his benefit came
forward and swore that if the whigs did not retain the
distribution, thereby as they knew defeating the
Bill entire, they would go against a tariff altogether!
and
Remember,
That the whole Vermont delegation, traitors as they
are, submitted to this insolence, allowed them-
selves to be brow-beaten and driven from the ex-
ercise of their duty to their constituents, shamed
and cowed beneath the dictation of Henry Clay,
entered into his league to defeat the Tariff, and
left the people of this State to suffer under an un-
paralleled pressure and that too,
**When by joining with the
democrats they knew it was
in their power to pass such
a tariff as the people wanted!**
Oh! BRAND THE TRAITORS, with the
mark of Cain.
.25 A POUND!
NATHAN SMILIE says, that
the farmers of Vermont can't
raise wool for that.
CHARLES PAINE says they
can't
NEVER FORGET,
That while the democrats in Congress have been striving
to bring the naked question of a Tariff to an issue,
during the whole session, the whigs have been striving to put
it off,—slandering the interests of the country at the
foot-stool of Henry Clay, and disregarding the calls of the
people, for the purpose of leaving the great Tariff question
open for the benefit of their candidate for the Presidency,
and
NEVER FORGET,
That when the Tariff question came up in the House
of Representatives the other day, the whigs for the sake of
still putting off the question, necked onto the bill, the fed-
eral landing, distribution, and knowing that the President
would veto the bill if it passed with the distribution
feature attached to it, THE WHIGS RETAINED THAT FEATURE,
thereby showing, to the whole country, they did so, FOR
THE EXPRESS PURPOSE OF DEFEATING THE
TARIFF BILL, and bringing about an adjournment of
Congress with the want of the people unsatisfied—their
wishes disregarded and their sufferings scoffed.
AND NOW,
REMEMBER,
That among the whigs who were engaged in this notorious
transaction was the
WHOLE VERMONT DELEGATION.
Let their names be kept before the people, and be look-
ed upon with the contempt which such base deserters of
the interests of their constituents, and selfish tools of party
deserve.
Here they are altogether!

Hiland Hall,
William Slade,
Horace Everett,
John Mattocks,
Augustus Young.

**Flood wood on the track—old "Blue
Light" train of cars stopped—
horrible times.**
The old reviler of Jefferson and the opposer of
the last war, the *Vermont Watchman*, has asserted
week after week that the democratic members
of Congress are opposed to a tariff. See how the
following extract from Richard D. Davis, speech,
a democratic member from New York made, in the
House, July 8, scatters to the winds the as-
sertions of the *Watchman* and proves its editor a
wanton and malicious liar.
"Almost any kind of tariff, that could be perma-
nent, would be better than to prolong the uncer-
tainty and perplexity which now agitates and lar-
gesses the public mind; and so important do I know
the settlement of this matter to be, in the present
situation of the country, that if the distribution is
given up, I shall not feel myself at liberty to vote
against almost any tariff which the majority of
even this Congress may make."
To my mind, a medium, moderate, judicious
tariff, avoiding either extreme, is the one which
we ought to form, and the only one which can
procure general satisfaction to the country, or be at all
likely to endure. It should not be framed as the
present depressed state of importations was to last,
because the trade of the country will again revive
(and all the sooner by our proper actions), and
when that shall happen, duties that will now give
enough, will then give too much, and again inflict
the nation with that worst of curses—a redundant
revenue. It should not be made on the high pro-
hibition, for such a tariff can not stand, as it would
soon ruin the manufacturers themselves, by that
rush into the business which it would produce, and
the dissatisfaction of the people against its ex-
actions. It should not be framed too low, because
that would be inadequate for every object, whether
of revenue, or for the preservation of domestic
manufactures, and thus failing in all that for which
any tariff is wanted, it could not be endured.—
Neither high or low tariff-men act wisely to urge
the adoption of their peculiar principles at the
present moment, because neither of those systems,
nor any other can afford sufficient relief to the
country; and if either is adopted, it would in-
crease, instead of alleviating our troubles, and thus
bring additional and undesired disaster on the
theory of its formation. I go, therefore, for a medium
tariff, the best for all the great interests of the
country, under existing circumstances, and the
best for both parties—as well that which favors a
high, as that which favors a low tariff.
Mr. Mangum, one of the leading whigs of the
Senate, made a Tariff speech the other day, in
which he also gives the lie direct to the blarney of
the hard cider papers in the State about the dem-
ocrats being opposed to the Tariff interest. Hear
what he says:
"The question has been argued upon the as-
sumption that a large portion of this country are
laboring for an entire demolition of those establish-
ments; and appeals have been made to excite
every motive of interest, and arouse every selfish
principle, to rally around this tariff system, and
protect it from the assaults of its ruthless assau-
lants.
"Sir, these appeals have been made with admir-
able sagacity—with a deep conviction that the sys-
tem can be maintained only by arousing the pas-
sions, and excluding the lights of calm and sober
reason: But, sir, has this assumption any founda-
tion in fact? Is there any party in this country
that seeks to demolish the manufacturing estab-
lishments? Is there any which is not deeply im-
pressed with the difficulty and delicate responsi-
bility of re-organizing our system of imports,
and adjusting the duties, with a due regard to
ALL the great interests of the country? If there
be any such party, it is unknown to me!
"What must the people think of papers that keep
up a complete misrepresentation of the views of
the democratic party?"

Free Trade.
Every week the hard cider papers are shouting
—the locoes are in favor of free trade—free trade
and direct taxation. How infamous is this!
We publish some extracts from the speech
of Mr. Davis, dem. from New York, in Congress,
which may be found in another column showing the
falsity of these whig charges. Further—how
much do you hear about the "free trade doctrines
of New Hampshire"—how "all the Locoes in
N. Hampshire are in favor of the doctrines of free
trade and direct taxation." See how false is, all
this too
Hon. Edmund Burke, one the Representatives
from New Hampshire in a speech made in the
House of Representatives July 8, 1842, says,
whatever his private opinion may be and for that
he is alone responsible—"I WOULD NOT
VOTE FOR IT," (the direct taxation system.)
"SIR, I DO NOT BELIEVE THE COUNTRY IS
NOW IN FAVOR OF ANY RADICAL CHANGE IN
OUR REVENUE SYSTEM; AND, UNTIL IT IS
I WOULD NOT BE IN FAVOR OF MAKING ONE."
He says again, that UNDER EXISTING
CIRCUMSTANCES HE IS IN FAVOR OF A
reasonable tariff for revenue, but like all the dem-
ocrats, he is opposed to every scheme for exclusive
and individual protection.
What can any man ask more than this?
On this subject of a Tariff the hard cider papers
and electioneers keep up such a brawling about
lococoism—free trade and direct taxation, that
it is almost impossible for the people to tell what
the opinions of the democrats. It is the determi-
nation of the whigs that these opinions shall not be
known. We call upon all candid men to read—
that is all we ask of them. READ MORE and
HEAR LESS!
Look here—all of you.
"IT BEING TRUE that a duty on the raw material
is a tax on the manufacturer, the only
inference is that the manufacturer ought to re-
ceive a degree of protection sufficient to enable him
to meet this tax."
We draw the preceding beautiful specimen of
hard cider from [?] the *Vermont Watchman*, of
June 13, 1842. How do the farmers like it? If
"a duty on the raw material is a tax on the
manufacturer" as the *Watchman* says, it can easi-
ly be seen why the special friends of the W.
Jarvis, Paine & Co., are anxious to keep off that
tax by admitting foreign wool duty free—Do the
people understand this matter?

Read! Read!
We make the following extract from the speech
of Hon. R. D. Davis, (dem.) of New York, de-
livered in the House of Representatives July 8,
1842 on the Tariff Bill. They effectually refute
the infamous lies of the Hard-Cider papers of this
State, and show that the democratic party are in
favor of, and willing to vote for a Tariff.
"The *Albany Argus* says, "the speech," from
which these extracts are made, we have not room
for the whole, "WILL MEET WITH A WARM
APPROVAL FROM THE GREAT BODY OF THE
DEMOCRACY, AT LEAST OF THE
NORTH."
Extracts.
"We have seen that A RESORT TO FREE
TRADE AND DIRECT TAXES IS NOT NOW
TO BE THOUGHT OF, and that revenue from
imports is the only chief reliance of all parties
and the only one of any practical consideration."
"In conclusion, I will say, that while I can vote
for no tariff, be it high or low or medium, which
contains the distribution clause, I AM READY
AND WILLING AND ANXIOUS, IF
IT BE STRICKEN OUT, TO MEET
WITH THE HIGH TARIFF MEAN
MUTUAL AND CONSENSORY GROUND,
AND TO UNITE WITH THEM ON LIBERAL,
FAIR, GENEROUS, AND HONORABLE
PRINCIPLES TO MAKE SUCH A TARIFF
AS WILL MEET THE REAL AND PERMA-
NENT WANTS OF THE COUNTRY, AND
FULFILL ALL THE JUST EXPECTATIONS
OF THE PEOPLE."
We have told the people, from the first, that
these were the views of the democratic party,
while the hard-cider papers, with a recklessness
characteristic of them, have been continually
charging upon the democratic party in Congress,
that they were "in favor of the doctrine of free
trade and opposed to a Tariff."
We hope the extracts we have given, this week,
from Mr Davis' speech, will be sufficient to
satisfy any reasonable man of the views of the dem-
ocrats and the wilful falsehoods of the cidercrats
on the subject of a Tariff.
Presto!
About three weeks since, it will be remembered,
that Consul Jarvis labored very hard in his Ad-
vocate to show that Mr Smilie was not a farmer
and had no other business than that of keeping a
grocery. That paper of July 4, says,
"He, (Mr Smilie) is in fact a grocer and an
extensive dealer in coffee, rum, and molasses."
But now, the time is changed, and Mr Smilie,
has become one of the most extensive farmers in
the State—owns twenty farms—has mortgage on
a last mow &c. &c.
Said yourselves, gentlemen. As fast as you are
driven from one position fall back upon some other
equally creditable and tenable one. Make the old
farmer out any thing you please, for your own
base purposes—the people be made him out long ago
and will care about as much for your lies and
abuse as they do for the whistling of the wind—
so go ahead!
SEE THIS, FARMERS!
When the Tariff bill came up, in the Senate
the other day, Mr. Allen moved to place salt a-
mong the enumerated "free articles." Mr. Benton
seconded the motion in a brief and pertinent speech.
Mr. Woodbury said the first time he had open-
ed his lips in the chamber was in favor of re-
ducing the duty on salt. He had then calculated that
the expense of this tax to the people of his state,
was greater than all the others imposed by the gen-
eral government.
The amendment was lost. The whigs all voting
against it!
CLAY AND THE TARIFF.
We wonder if the whigs are not as much in the
dark as to Mr Clay's opinions as they were to Capt.
Tyler's. They advocate his claims warmly and
even with enthusiasm, yet if any reliance can be
placed upon what he says himself he is opposed to
one of their cardinal measures. As explanatory of
his Tariff opinions we give the following extract
from his speech on the Treasury Notes:
KNOW!
That CHARLES PAINE is in favor of allowing the
finest quality of wool to be brought into our markets duty
free and at
THIRTEEN CENTS PER POUND
compete with our native Vermont wool, while a tax is im-
posed upon foreign wools.
KNOW!
That NATHAN SMILIE is opposed to the introduc-
tion of foreign wool duty free, and is in favor of
protecting the farmer's wool equally with the manufacturer's
woolens. He is opposed to protecting the manufacturer
at the expense of the wool-grower. In
KNOW THESE THINGS, AND ACT ACCORDINGLY.
KEEP
It in mind!
That while the whig Manu-
facturers are in Washington,
endeavoring to procure the
passage of a Tariff Bill for
"the protection of American
Labor" their Agents are in
Europe hiring paupers to
come over and work in their
factories and thus compel our
laborers to work for the pau-
per wages of Europe or
starve. Its