

THE IMPENDING WAR BETWEEN CAPITAL & NO LABOR.

No man can read the news of strikes and impending strikes, of combinations of labor and combinations of capital with which the papers are daily filled, without a feeling of apprehension of an impending crisis.

One million of working-men, according to the report of the United States Labor Bureau, are out of employment and without the means of buying bread. They have no funds to draw from for support, and are without hope--desperate.

Enforced beggary and destitution make desperate men. Beggary, enforced by cupidity, makes despairing men. It is hard to die of starvation in the midst of plenty.

It is hard to go hungry in a country where wealth is flaunted as an aggressive force by men whose elevation on pedestals of gold is due to questionable, many of them unlawful, measures.

Such a man can have no bowels of compassion, for no robber can sympathize with industrious labor. What he has come to him without manual labor and by the subversion of conscience, and he laughs at the hard-working and honest toiler as a simpleton.

If he is appealed to for aid his answer is, "Let them go and make money as I did." But a poor man cannot buy railroads at \$12,000 a mile and water them up to \$128,000 per mile and compel the farmers, the merchants and manufacturers to pay 6 per cent. per annum on the water.

Such wholesale robbery, perpetrated in defiance of the plainest and simplest dictates of fair dealing, are not within the working-man's reach, even if he desired to be dishonest, but he is within the reach of these, the most powerful combinations of modern times, to be ground into subjection to a tyranny worse than that of the robbing barons of William the Conqueror's day.

Reduced to a mere machine, imbruted by continuous labor, extending, as in the case of street-car drivers, to fourteen and sixteen hours in the twenty-four, the workingman has not even time for a moment's serious thought for his future or that of his children.

Whatever of civilization he began the race of life is thus being steadily stamped out of him, and he is gradually becoming a brute. Out of this slough of despondency a cry has gone up for counter-combination, and the Knights of Labor have been organized to stem the broad, deep and sweeping current of degradation and slavery and prepare for a contest that may end in anarchy if a way is not found to meet the honest, earnest appeal of the workingman for a chance to improve their condition by lessening the hours of labor to eight per day, and making such a standard of wages as shall reduce the average of beggary to the level of the land and the blind.

War in any guise is to be avoided, but a war that would find the poor arrayed against the rich is one that must be prevented, and it can be. All sense of justice has not perished out of the country. The standards of fair dealing have not been lost. Apply these, square the differences between employer and employed by the rule which Christ said embraced "all the law and the prophets," and there cannot be a moment's doubt as to the result. Let the rich man, the railroad combinationist, the monopolist and the manufacturer put himself in the place of the workingman, if only for a moment, and strikes will become impossible.

THE TARIFF QUESTION

BECOMING BADLY TANGLED IN THE HOUSE

A Slight Discrepancy Between Dr. Rogers and Casey Young--Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, March 23.--The tariff question is getting into a still worse tangle in the House, and the chances now are that the Morrison bill is passed it will be by its enemies.

The reformers, being pledged to some sort of tariff legislation, are determined to pass a bill, even if it doesn't do anything. There is much talk of trading, by which the bill is being whittled down so as to satisfy certain interests.

THE LOWELL BILL. The friends of the Lowell bankruptcy bill in the House held a conference last night, at which they decided to make a canvass of the House to ascertain the prospects of success in a determined effort to force the adoption of the bill in the precise form in which it was introduced, and in which it is before the Senate.

In the testimony given by the Hon. Casey Young yesterday before the Young Investigating Committee he stated that he did not tell Ben-Hayden that he (Young) had advised Attorney-General Garland to institute suit against the Bell people.

presented a petition of the corporate authorities of the city of Memphis, Tenn., of the Cotton Exchange and the Merchants' Exchange, of the same city, praying for appropriation necessary to the protection of the harbor of that city, referred to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors; also, a petition of fifteen clergymen of Memphis, forty-one business men and fourteen officers of temperance and other societies of Franklin and Coffee counties, Tenn., praying for the enactment of a law requiring scientific temperance instruction in schools under general jurisdiction, which was ordered to lie on the table.

MR. J. M. TAYLOR presented in the House to-day the memorial of the city of Memphis of the Cotton and Merchants' Exchanges for the protection of the harbor of Memphis.

SOUTHERN PATENTS. James C. Broyles, Tupelo, Miss., breech loading firearm; William Ingalls, Mobile, Ala., log turner; Howell Davies, Coal Creek, Tenn., mine elevator; Louise B. Linthicum, Helena, Ariz., attachment for hay coons; Wm. Y. Oliver, Franklin county, Ark., combination plow; Dan Singletary, Union City, Tenn., horse detacher; John N. Rudd, assignor of one-half to S. Parker, Sparta, Tenn., fruit gatherer.

THE TELEPHONE SUITS. The telephone suits will be brought at Columbus, O., and the district attorney has been instructed to prepare the papers. Judge J. Baxter of Knoxville, Tenn., will preside.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Secretary Manning Painfully Ill.

WASHINGTON, March 23.--Rumors have been afloat all the afternoon of the serious illness of Secretary Manning. They grew out of the fact that the Secretary had been taken home from the Treasury in his carriage, being unable to walk. Upon inquiry at the Secretary's residence it was stated that he had simply met with a painful accident while returning to his office from the meeting of the Cabinet. He had walked over from the White-House, and without waiting for the elevator to take him to his room on the second floor, walked up the two flights of stairs. On reaching the upper landing his foot suddenly slipped under him, severely wrenching his ankle. He limped into his room without calling for assistance. Shortly afterward Dr. Hamilton of the Marine Hospital Service, happening to be in the injured man's limb, and the Secretary was then taken home in his carriage. When he reached home Dr. Lincoln, the Secretary's family physician, was summoned to attend him.

Dr. Lincoln, who attended Secretary Manning at his home, gave the following statement to an Associated Press reporter: The Secretary was seized with vertigo on his return to his office from the Cabinet meeting. He had been working all day without taking any nourishment, and was feeling very weak. He walked up the two flights of stairs, and on reaching the top was attacked with vertigo and partly fell and partly sat down. His sudden illness alarmed his friends, and he was taken home. His mind was perfectly clear and he had free use of all his limbs, and gave a very clear account of everything that occurred. Two or three hours after his attack he had improved very much.

At midnight Dr. Lincoln, who had just left the Secretary's bedside, said that Mr. Manning was holding his own and had slightly improved since his last visit. The Secretary's mind was still clear, and he did not anticipate there would be a change for the worse during the night. He had rallied from the vertigo and prostration and was resting comfortably. The Secretary's illness, Dr. Lincoln says, was caused by prostration from overwork. He has been working very hard and had a great many things on his mind lately, and the result was this prostration. In spite of the hopeful view of the case taken by Dr. Lincoln, some of the friends of the Secretary are exceedingly anxious and consider his condition quite serious.

Public Buildings.

WASHINGTON, March 23.--The Supervising Architect of the Treasury

recommends additional appropriations for the following public buildings: Frankfort, Ky., \$15,000; Jackson, Tenn., \$6,000; Oxford, Miss., \$12,000; Terre Haute, Ind., \$28,000.

Cabinet Meeting.

WASHINGTON, March 23.--To-day's session of the Cabinet was devoted to the consideration of measures designed to secure a more rigid enforcement of the Chinese restriction act, particularly with reference to preventing the landing of Chinese laborers on fraudulent certificates. It was represented that trouble constantly arises in cases where immigrants claim to have lost or mislaid their certificates, and bring witnesses to prove that they were in this country at the time of the passage of the act and were actually provided with the certificate prescribed by law which entitled such persons to return to the United States after a visit to China.

Another question considered by the Cabinet was in relation to the affairs of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, and the steps necessary to protect the government's interests therein.

Fourth-Class Postmasters Removed.

WASHINGTON, March 23.--Referring to Senator Ingalls' resolution, passed by the Senate about three weeks ago, calling upon the Postmaster-General to furnish the number of fourth-class postmasters who had been removed by the present administration, and to the resolution offered by Senator Ingalls in the Senate yesterday asking the Postmaster-General why the former request had not been complied with, First Assistant Postmaster-General Josephson said this morning that it was owing solely to the great labor involved in looking up the records, and selecting from the long lists of changes only those who have been removed.

THE WOMAN'S EXCHANGE.

Rule Two to be Rigidly Enforced Hereafter.

At a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Woman's Exchange March 12, 1886, it was decided that there be more rigid enforcement of Rule 2, namely: Work is not received from gentlemen whose circumstances do not make it necessary for them to dispose of their work, except when the proceeds are to be devoted to charitable purposes. (Charities or other societies are not eligible as contributors.)

In the beginning it was deemed expedient to place a liberal construction upon this rule in order to test the market, and through this means to further the interest of need consignors as well as the Exchange. This policy has been useful, however, inasmuch as the desired experience has been gained, but must now be abandoned, inasmuch as it has fully satisfied the cases and shelves of the sales-room, which shall henceforth be devoted to such consignments only as would come strictly under the rule above quoted. Many consignments have been received, the proceeds of which have been devoted to public charities, and the Exchange desires to state to all such consignors that it will continue to receive all articles for this purpose, and trust their number will constantly increase, but that such cases will be the only exceptions to this rule.

THE GRANT MONUMENT.

Five Hundred Dollar Contribution From the Mikado of Japan.

NEW YORK, March 23.--The following letter explains it: TOKYO, the 15th of the 2d Month of the 19th Year of Meiji. (FEBRUARY 15, 1886.)

Cyrus W. Field, of Grant Monument Association, New York City. Sir--His Imperial Majesty has been gratified to learn of the plan for the erection of a monument in honor of the late Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, and he commands me to transmit to you here five hundred American dollars, as his contribution to the monument, and in token of the high estimation in which he holds the memory of the illustrious deceased.

SPORTING NEWS.

The Chess Championship. NEW ORLEANS, La., March 23.--The eighteenth game of the chess tournament began at 1 o'clock p.m. yesterday with the Ray Lopez opening. Herr Steinitz had the white men and Dr. Zukertort the black. Zukertort resigned on his fortieth move. Time--Steinitz, 2 hours 10 minutes; Zukertort, 1 hour 15 minutes. The contest now stands: Steinitz, 8; Zukertort, 8. Play will be resumed Wednesday. According to the original terms of the contest, should the score stand 9 to 9 it was to be a draw. In St. Louis 8 to 8, by agreement, was reduced to 8 to make a draw. Steinitz, therefore, now contends he cannot lose.

A Tough Wale Fight. LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 23.--The longest fight ever known under the Marquis of Queensbury rules took place in the open air at Mill Creek, Ky., this morning, between Tom Warren and Tom England. The fight was with three-ounce gloves, \$500 gate receipts, and the leather-wrestling championship, and it took three hours and a quarter, forty-five rounds for Warren to knock Barnes out. The fight was scientifically contested, with varying results, to the thirty-seventh round, when the struggling became sharp and vicious. Warren plugged Barnes' face, who retaliated on Warren's body. Warren knocked the shape out of the Englishman's countenance and won the fight, when Barnes, who was still game, could not get up for the forty-sixth round.

Racing in England. LONDON, March 23.--At the Lincoln Spring Meeting to-day the race for the Brockesby stakes for two year olds was won by Baron Pe Hirsch's boy Billy, April Fool; Lord Londonderry's boy Billy, Tiara, second and Gen. Owen Williams's boy colt St. Pierre third. There were nine starters. The betting was 16 to 1 against April Fool and Tiara, and 6 to 5 against St. Pierre. April Fool won by a head.

Why Patti Was Hissed. PARIS, March 23.--Mme. Patti writes to the Figaro, explaining how it happened that she was hissed off the stage at Valencia. She says the public of that city persisted in demanding the production of *Il Barone* and that her refusal to withdraw *Treize* led to the hostile demonstration.

CONFIDENCE IN PASTEUR

SERIOUSLY CHECKED BY THE DEATH OF ONE

The Well-Bitten Russians Under His Treatment--Terrible Sufferings of the Victim.

PARIS, March 23.--One of the well-bitten Russians who recently came here and was treated by M. Pasteur to prevent rabies died last night in agony with all the symptoms of hydrophobia. M. Pasteur is not at all dismayed at the failure of his treatment in this case.

The Russian arrived here and was placed under Pasteur's care on March 15th. They were morjaks and were nineteen in number. All had been attacked by mad wolves and terribly lacerated. Pasteur willingly undertook to treat them, and at once placed them in his hospital. The man who died last night had been carefully operated on and regularly inoculated with virus twice a day since he arrived. His terrible death, with all the symptoms of hydrophobia in its worst form, has seriously checked public confidence in the effectiveness of Pasteur's discovery. The first positive indications that the patient's system was resisting the treatment, manifested themselves on Sunday, after he had been in the hospital over five days. He soon afterward became a victim of the most terrible suffering, and it seemed to increase hourly up to the time of death, which occurred while the man was mad and wild physical torture. The corpse has been removed to Pasteur's laboratory, where it will be made the subject of experiment by the scientists. M. Pasteur is much annoyed by the unfavorable comment caused by this failure of his method, but insists that it establishes nothing.

Pasteur injected morphia into the dying Russian, but without avail. The spinal marrow of the dead man will be used to inoculate dogs. The other Russian patients are doing well; four of them are busy seeing the sights of Paris.

IRISH NATIONAL LEAGUE.

The Controversy Over the Parliamentary Aid Society.

COLUMBUS, O., March 23.--There is a diversity of opinion and has been considerable controversy over the aid society to the National Irish League. On this point the following was received to-night by the president of the local branch of the Land League, and is of interest: LINCOLN, Neb., March 23, 1886. William Elliott, Columbus, O. In reply to your request for my opinion regarding the Parliamentary Aid Society, which proposes to hold a meeting at your city, I have no hesitation in saying that while many persons have taken part in the movement with the honest intention of helping Mr. Parry, the main object of its prime movers, and notably of the person who is described as the originator, was to create personal spite and jealousy and to endeavor, if possible, to destroy the unity and harmony for which the Irish National League has so ably labored to bring about among the Irish in America, and which it has in such large measure accomplished. Thank God, the mission of the Irish League is not to be accomplished by the intrigues and selfishness of the Irish National League of America, and any man who would attempt to disrupt, and especially at the present crisis, should be branded as a traitor to Ireland than a Caydon or a Carey. PATRICK EGAN.

THE INDIANA TELEPHONE CASE.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 23.--The Supreme Court to-day decided the last of the telephone cases. The decision was given by Chief-Justice Nitchie. It covers the constitutionality of the two laws passed by the last Legislature for the regulation of telephone affairs, the first involved in the law restricting rates having previously been decided in the case of Hockett against the State, and in this case the court reaffirmed its former opinion by simply calling attention to it. Regarding the non-discrimination act, the court held, at length, that the telephone company is a common carrier, and as such is subject to all the regulations which the law imposes upon common carriers. It cannot, therefore, refuse service to any person who demands it and fulfill the legal requirements.

Suspended Payment.

COOPERSTOWN, Dak., March 23.--The Bank of Cooperstown suspended to-day owing to the recent failure of the Lenham Elevator Company. There were no very heavy depositors. The county treasurer had \$4000 in the bank.

Labor Riots in Belgium.

BRUSSELS, March 23.--In the riots to-day at Seraing one of the strikers was shot dead by the fire from the troops. A number of German Anarchists who took part in the disorders have been arrested.

J. KNOX, TENN.

Runaway Match to High Life--an national Affair.

JACKSON, Tenn., March 23.--A sensational fight occurred here to-day about 3 o'clock p.m., by the runaway marriage of R. S. Hester and Miss Rosa Mann, daughter of Capt. J. G. Mann of the Illinois Central railroad. An injunction was granted by Judge T. C. Muse on the grounds of insanity of Mr. Hester and insanity of Miss Mann, which was properly secured by Deputy Sheriff Person and Chancery Clerk Hurt, but it was disregarded.

Atrocious Attempt at Murder.

CLEVELAND, O., March 23.--An atrocious attempt at murder, which culminated in the suicide of the would-be murderer, occurred at 12 o'clock in the afternoon in Brighton, five miles from Cleveland. For some time past Chas. Meyer, a German agent twenty-eight years, has been in the employ of Wm. A. Vann of Brighton, and previous to this he had worked for J. E. Wyman, who was a miles distant. Meyer called at Wyman's house and without any apparent cause drew a pistol, aiming at Mrs. Wyman's head. First two shots, both of which missed their aim. Meyer then ran from the house and made his escape. The neighbors learned of the affair soon after, and started in pursuit. After chasing him for nearly a mile, and when about to overtake him, Meyer placed the muzzle of the revolver in his head and blew his brains out. It is a strange affair, and no cause is assigned for the act.

Pork Packing at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., March 23.--Charles B. Murray, editor of the Price Current, has nearly completed his annual report of pork packing in the United States for the past year. His report this day will show the following in regard to packing in the West: November 1st to March 1st--winter season--1885-86. 1884-85. Number hogs packed... 6,258,965 6,460,240 Average gross weight... 23.98 26.21 Average yield per lb... 35.22 39.02 Average cost, 100 lbs... \$3.66 \$4.29 March 1st to November 1st--summer season--1885-86. 1884-85. Number hogs packed... 4,961,573 4,058,568 Average gross weight... 23.98 26.21 Average yield per lb... 35.22 39.02

The Story of a Bottle.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 23.--A beer bottle, containing a slip of paper on which was written the balance of \$15,000. After having emptied the bottle I thought I would die happy. Carry the news to base. JOHN WILSON, Chicago. There is no record of the finding of such bottle here.

CLOSING OUT!

Ladies' Phaetons, Doctors' Phaetons, Barouches, Top Buggies, Open Buggies, Speeding Buggies, Spring Wagons, Farm Wagons, Road Carts, Etc., Etc., Etc.



Being desirous of Closing Out this branch of our business, consisting of Vehicles of all styles and qualities, we will offer them for the Next 90 Days at FIRST COST. Coldwater Road Carts \$25 each. Call early and make your selection. WOODRUFF-OLIVER CARRIAGE AND HARDWARE COMPANY. BETHELL & CLAPP, Assistants.

IMPEACHED.

A Prison-Keeper on Trial on Serious Charges.

TRENTON, N.J., March 23.--The impeachment trial against State Prison-keeper Patrick H. Lanesty was begun this morning in the Senate chamber before the Senate sitting as a Court of Impeachment. Lanesty is charged with having violated his oath of office and held criminal intercourse with female convicts. The names of the persons with whom he is alleged to have had intercourse are as follows: Libbie Garrabrant, nurse, serving a life sentence; Eva Steele, colored, murderer, now out of prison; A. Landbar, larger and shoplifter, now in New York; Mary Smith, now at liberty, and Minnie Schaefer, sneak thief, through whom the charges of criminal intercourse were recently made public. Two of these, Elizabeth Garrabrant and Eva Steele, were called to-day, and both testified to criminal knowledge of the defendant. Garrabrant, on a former investigation, denied any illicit relation with Lanesty, but to-day asserted that her former testimony was false, and the colored girl admitted that she is now living in open adultery.

E. SLAGER, ::: TAILOR.

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Send your orders or come and examine our grand assortment of FINE BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS. ZELLNER & CO. 300 MAIN STREET. Illustrated Catalogue Sent Free on Application.

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Health Order No. 23

OFFICE OF BOARD OF HEALTH. MEMPHIS, TENN., March 16, 1886. A HEALTHY TRON is essential to the welfare of the community. That the phrase "contagious disease" shall be held to include all persons, whether affected or not, by a disease of an infectious, contagious or pestilential nature, and also any other disease publicly declared by this Board.

That every physician shall report to the Board of Health, in writing, the names of all persons having a contagious disease, giving his or her name and place of residence, forthwith after seeing the same, and every attending or practicing physician must report, at his next report, the names of all persons who have been made by some attending physician, and who are reported in writing to the Board of Health, the recovery of his patient, or the death of any of his patients, who have been in a district of contagious or infectious disease, within twenty-four hours thereafter, and the state in which they stand, the specific name and type of such disease.

After this date, Pseudo Membranous Group must be reported the same as other contagious and infectious diseases, and will be placed under the same as Diphtheria. Respectfully, O. E. HIGGINS, Secretary, Board of Health.

GOOD NEWS!

A. HEXTER, No. 214 Main St. Has just received a large stock of the latest styles of CANSIMERS and WOUNDSTEDS for Pants, which we will make to order at much less than the usual price. We will make a good all wool suit for \$5.00, and our own goods. Also, a complete line of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS for the coming season at our usual low prices.

A. HEXTER, No. 214 MAIN ST.

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