

ESTABLISHED 1840.

MEMPHIS, TENN., TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1886.

VOL. XLVI--NO. 88.

THE CIRCUIT JUDGESHIP

SETTLED BY THE APPOINTMENT OF SENATOR JACKSON.

His Nomination Unanimously Conceded by the Senate--The Correspondence.

OFFICIAL TO THE APPEAL.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Senator Jackson has been appointed by the President, and unanimously confirmed by the Senate to fill the Circuit Judgeship made vacant by the death of Judge Baxter. Up to Saturday night he had positively declined to accept, but the President insisted, and on Sunday wrote the following note, more positively insisting that he must accept, that he had fixed upon him unalterably, that he must overcome his scruples and permit him to nominate him:

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S NOTE.

"EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., Sunday night, April 11."

"MY DEAR SENATOR--The applications in behalf of all sorts of people to fill the place made vacant by Judge Baxter's death are pouring in at such a rate that the matter promises to augment into a most unseemly scramble. To avoid this I have determined to send the name of Judge Baxter's successor to the Senate to-morrow, and in the interest of the most important public service, and in accordance with a very clear conception of my duty in the matter, I now write to say to you that you must abandon the scruples that you entertain and permit me to nominate you to the vacant place. Your reluctance to consent to this nomination, growing out of a consideration for other gentlemen in your State who desire the place, does you great credit and increases my estimate of your value. But you have no right to attempt to control my action in this way, and I am quite willing that those gentlemen and their friends should know that your nomination is my act and the result of a conviction of what ought to be done, from which I could not be moved by your arguments, nor by your presentation of the claims of any other man. Fully expecting that you will not be insubordinate in the face of plain duty, I am yours sincerely, GROVER CLEVELAND."

TRUE TO HIS FRIENDS.

From this it will be seen that Judge Jackson was firm in presenting the claims of two at least of his constituents, Judge Estes of Memphis and Judge Malone of Nashville. These gentlemen are persistently pressed upon the attention of the President, but Mr. Cleveland as persistently declined, and finally declared that if he (Jackson) did not accept he would be compelled to nominate a Kentuckian or cross the Ohio. These for a nominee and try to find one in Michigan or Ohio, but even this did not decide the Senator. He much preferred that one of his constituents should get the place and that he should take the chances of re-election, but Mr. Cleveland took the bit in his mouth and therefore Mr. Jackson knew that his name would be presented to the Senate and he was not yet signified his intention of acceptance, but he will, and will at once prepare to enter upon his duties.

A SINGLE THING

about this appointment and proving his deserved universal popularity with men of all ranks and classes and parties is that in discussing it one and all admitted that it was rather puzzling to select between Jackson on the bench and Jackson in the Senate. They wanted him here and they wanted him there, and even now his best friends are still undecided. But the politicians in Tennessee might as well prepare their slates; Howell E. Jackson is out of the politics of the State. The Senate losses and the bench gains. I fear the State will be thrown into complications and confusions in the scramble that is to ensue for his place. Here speculation is rife, and Whitthorne, House, Marks and Bright are freely mentioned as his successors. If Gov. Bate wants to do something in the right spirit he will send Estes or Morgan of Memphis to fill Jackson's chair in the Senate.

SECRETARY LAMAR

left to-day for Memphis and other points in the South, expecting to be absent several days. He will return via Macon, Ga.

PROBABLE DATE OF ADJOURNMENT.

The middle of July appears to be the time most generally accepted by Congressmen as the probable date of adjournment. Speaker Carlisle has already been notified that forty members desire to make speeches on the tariff bill, and the estimate is roughly made that the tariff discussion may continue for six weeks.

THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL

is still somewhat weak from his recent sickness. He was at the Department of Justice, however, at 8:30 o'clock this morning and remained until noon. He will not be able to spend much time at the Department this week, and it is doubtful if he will be able to appear before the telephone committee for a week to come. Mr. Garland says he has had a pretty rough time of it.

MR. CALDWELL

introduced to-day a bill to pay Mr. Garrett of Nashville for stone furnished by him and used by the army of the United States in 1862, at or near the city of Nashville.

MR. ZACHARY TAYLOR introduced a bill to establish the order of promotion in the medical department of the army.

MR. HOUK introduced a bill to pay Perez Dickinson, surviving partner of the late firm of Cowan & Dickinson of Knoxville, \$96,192 for 238 bales of cotton taken by Gen. Burnside and used in the construction of fortifications about Knoxville during the war.

MR. DIALLAW

Second Comptroller Maynard has died owed the claims of the Globe Mutual Insurance of St. Louis, and twenty-four other insurance companies, amounting in the aggregate to \$94,574 for losses under policies taken by them upon steamboats employed in the government service in transporting troops and supplies for the use of the army during the civil war in 1861 and 1862. The Second Comptroller has also disallowed the claim of the Powhatan Steamboat Company for the services of the steamer George Peabody, and of the owners of twenty-three other steamboats for their earnings while in the government service during the civil war in 1862 and 1863, amounting to \$73,000. The claims were for compensation for certain days when the vessels were laid up for repairs and they were repaired by their owners.

HOME RULE FOR IRELAND.

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Section 2. It shall be the duty of said commission to take into consideration and to thoroughly investigate all the various controversies that have arisen or are likely to arise between the employers and the employes, whether they be in corporations or associations, or private individuals, and whether engaged in transportation, manufacturing, mining or other industrial interests of the United States, so far as they relate to such controversies between rival and competing companies or between transportation, manufacturing and mining companies and their employes; and for the purpose of fully examining the matters which may come before it, said commission is empowered to visit such different portions and sections of the country, and to make such investigations and testimony taken in course of same not later than the first Monday in December, 1886, and especially of such matters or matters as in its judgment may be expedient and within the constitutional power of Congress to adopt for decision and settlement of such controversies and the proper means to avoid and prevent the same.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

SILVER DOLLARS.

The issue of standard silver dollars from the mints during the week ended April 10th was \$463,888. The issue during the corresponding period of last year was \$9,498. The shipments of fractional silver coin since April 1st amounted to \$112,050.

POSTOFFICE ROBBER.

Chief Postoffice Inspector West has information that Henry Pittman and Daniel Jackson were arrested in Dayton, O. last night, charged with robbing the postoffice at Atlanta, Ga., about a week ago. These men are said to be professional cracksmen of wide notoriety, and the authorities claim to have absolute proof of their guilt.

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