The Japan Expedition.

The United States steam frigate Mississippi sailed on Saturday the 23rd alt., from New York for Annapolis, previous to her final departure for Japan. She carries Commodore Perry's flag, and at Annapolis will take the Commodore on board, and sail for Japan, in company with the Princeton. The Mississippi has on board 375 souls; 201 sailors, 45 mariners, and 39 officers, all of which are in excellent health and spirits.

It is probable that the squadron will rendezvous at Blong Kong, and thence proceed to Japan.— The Mississippi, it is said will touch at Maderia, St. Helena, and Cape of Good Hope, on her way

The New York Tribune, in an article on the

expedition to Japan says:
"The great interest which the expedition has excited in Europe, and especially in Holland, has led to a formal discussion of the matter in the popular branch of the Dutch Parliament. The Gov. erament were called upon to state what had been the results of its efforts made in the year 1844 to induce Japan to adopt a more liberal policy; whether the Dutch Minister at Washington had been directed, in 1851, at the request of the Japanese Covernment, and in its behalf, to declare that the ancient faws, and to palliate the same; whether the mediation of Holland between the United States and Japan at present would not be hurtful to its own interests; and whether any favorable re-

sult would be expected therefrom."

The entire debate, with the detailed answer which the Minister of the Colonies returned to these interpellations, is given at length in the

"The Minister it seems, (we quote the Trithe result to be anticipated. It is not to be expected, he remarks very justly, that a Governent like that of Japan, separated as it is from the world, and following its own prejudices with rigid consequence, should be easily induced all at once nothing for which to apologise. We have advo to depart from its habitual course. Nor is it to be cated the election of General Scorr with zeal and denied that it must be exceedingly difficult to bring all our ability, because we believed that his elevasuch a Government to the insight that what it is now asked to grant as a favor it must some time be compelled to concede as a matter of necessity. Still we may confidently expect that the present attempt will have no inconsiderable influence in expediting the day when the Japanese nation will finally be induced to throw down the barriers and strictly true, or which if ascertained to be false we take its place as a member of the family of univer- did not promptly retract. So far as we have obsal humanity."

FROM SOUTH AMERICA.—The following letter will show that Earthquakes and Civil Wars are not all the calamities they have to provide against | We can count up no less than seven distinct falsein that quarter of the world. Diseases incidental to our own climate, also find their way there, as will be seen by the remedy they seek for protec-

To DR. J. C. AYER, &c. Valparaiso, Chili. S. A., July 20, 1848. Dear Sir:—We have the pleasure to report on your shipment of Cherry Pectoral to our house, the whole quantity sold, and a pressing demand for more, which must await the arrival of further supplies. Its success in curing diseases of the lungs, and its consequent notoriety, has excelled any medicine ever used in this country. Most of our reme dies here are imported from England, and some of

this beautiful preparation of yours. The article has attracted particular attention among our most distinguished citizens, from the fact that General Bulnes, President of the Republic, and the highest officer in the State, was cured of a severe and dangerous affection of the lungs, by its use. He allows us to send his name, and wishes to add the acknowledgements of gratitude for his relief.

We have the honor to be, sir, Very respectfully, Your obedient servant, CARLOS ALVAREZ & Co.

SINGULAR METHOD OF FINDING DROWNED named Solomon Dunford, left the Crown public house, opposite the Fountain Hotel, West Cowes, on their ticket. of Wight, for a few moments, leaving his the body was discovered in the water, near the Fountain Quay. The features did not present pear, the experiment was tried, and on the loaf coming stationary, a boathook was put overboard the experiment has been tried by him with suc-

tleman informs us that a lady residing near him presented her husband with three children at one birth a year ago, and as her landlord was a wholeshe would perform that feat again, he would give her a farm.

With an eye probably on the farm, in just elevon months from the day that the three were born she produced a pair of twins.

The landlord said that she had failed to win the farm, but the intention no doubt being fair, the attempt was worth paying for, and he therefore presented her with one hundred dollars.

That's what he called a valuable wife, bringing her husband in five children and one hundred and fifty dollars in eleven months. Who can beat the lected at their late annual meeting at Lynchburg, they may induce him to dispense with another diabove ?- Norfolk News.

A piece of romantic rascality lately transpired at Taylor's Springs, Lauderdale County, (Alabama.) About a year ago, a man calling himself Anderson, a gay and elegant Lothario in appearance and manners, located there as a school teacher, and soon married a young lady of respectable family. Not long since, however, a gentleman and lady, from Baton Rouge, Louisiana, visited ell, of Lynchburg, P. G. W. P. the place, and recognized, in the handsome teacher and happy bridegroom, a man named Hender-son, who had a wife and three children living at Baton Bouge. The intellectual and fascinating bigamist that night stole a neighbor's horse and

It is stated that two American gentlemen, officers land of Hayti, have made arrangements with cer-tain parties in the United States for the purchase of a steamer, in which they propose to take a large number of emigrants to Dominica. Eight hundred men, it is said, have already enlisted for colonization among the Dominicans, the terms offered being highly advantageous to men of enterprise and

The N. Y. Express states as a singular fact that Mr. Benton, Gen. Cass, Mr.Van Buren, Mr. Webster and Mr. Calhoun were all born within the same twelvemonth, and would now, if living, be all in their seventy-first year. It must also be regarded as a remarkable coincidence that all these gentlemen have been candidates for the Presidency, all have come very near success, and all, with the exception of Mr. Van Buren, have been dis-

CENSUS OF CANADA.—The census returns just laid before the Legislature, show that the population of Lower Canada, is 890,261, while that of Upper Canada, is 952,004. The number of persons occupying land in both Provinces is 194,209, and the number of acres held by these is 17,937, 148. The number of bushels of wheat produced last year was 15,768,720, upwards of twelve millions of bushels of which were produced in Upper | delivered one of the ablest speeches we have had | Fravel, Treasurer.

A Parisian milliner has taken out a patent ed. for a leather bonnet, a new and extremely elegant article, says the Court Journal. The leather is exceedingly thin and delicately enamelled, and is drawn over the frame in the same manner as silk or velvet. It has the advantage of being water-

as the "Long Island Irish Volunteers," comprising the Irish Volunteer Companies of Brooklyn and Williamsburg, New York.

So N has left with us three common red beets weighling each about 8½ pounds and measuring about 21½ and Williamsburg, New York.

So N has left with us three common red beets weighling each about 8½ pounds and measuring about 21½ and Williamsburg, New York.

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THE STAUNTON SPECTATOR.



STAUNTON: WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1852.

The Canvass Over.

Our day of publication is, this week, a very inpress in the midst of the Presidential election, and known before another paper is issued, and in that and property. exclusive system was merely conformable to its event we will if practicable impart the news to those who depend upon us for information in ad- President of the Chamber of Commerce, and acvance of our regular publication. We have, more- cepted, "with eagerness," the opportunity to make over, experienced some difficulty in making up the a regular stump speech, in which he plainly indipresent paper, owing to the fact that our exchang- cated his purposes. es have up to the last moment been almost exclusively devoted to the publication of political articles. Hereafter, the newspapers being relieved of the heavy pressure of that kind of matter, their bune,) does not speak in very sangnine terms of contents will be more miscellaneous and doubtless more interesting to a majority of readers.

In reviewing our course during the canvass tion to the Presidency would promote the best interests of the country. At the same time we have published nothing to the prejudice of our opponents or their candidate that we did not believe to be served the Whig press generally have pursued the same course. We are sorry to say the same fairness has not been observed by the other party. hoods-total fabrications or gross perversionswhich were published by Democratic papers to injure Scorr or advance PIERCE and which were not only never retracted but re-published after they were proved to be untrue. To so great an extent has this system been carried that this has appro-

But the canvass is over, and the result though unknown is nevertheless settled and fixed. Whoever may prove to be elected, it becomes all good citizens to acquiesce, and to give the new administrathem are rich and valuable; but no product of medical skill from that or any other quarter has ever won so fully the confidence of our population as which are wrong.

It ion an impartial trial—to approve all its acts which are wise and patriotic, and to censure only those [Yes, yes, and prolonged applause,] which are wrong.

The Webster Party.

The Webster executive committee of Boston held a meeting on the 26th ult., to decide what made to withdraw the ticket and advise their procuring, as if from the people, the title and office at all, with the risk of having the duty on the Britfriends to stay at home and consecrate the day of of Emperor, he has not neglected every mean to election "as one of mourning for the national loss." strengthen himself in the new position. He keeps The proposition was finally withdrawn and the his army in Italy for the ostensible purpose of proliving. The Southern Recorder of Milledgeville, purpose of retaining the Pope under his influence. Georgia, a Webster paper, in its issue of the 26th, He desires, it is said, to be crowned Emperor by

the same appearance as is usual in drowned per- ic gathering and another has made respectful allu- The French, becoming aware of his design, with e being entirely black. A "novel pro sion to the deceased, and the telegraph announced characteristic politeness, tendered an "escort of might lay." However extraordinary it may ap- nick of time, "to reap the full reward of his dy-

beneath it, and brought up the body. The man AMERICAN WHIG REVIEW .- We have receivstates that this is the fourth instance in which ed from the Publisher, Mr. Champion Bissell, the November number of this valuable Magazine The contents are as follows :- Portrait of Hon. FIVE CHILDREN IN ELEVEN MONTHS .- A gen. TRUMAN SMITH, United States Senator from Con- of Stunday the 17th, as had at one time been innecticut; Franklin Pierce; His Qualifications for, and Pretensions to, the Presidency; Natural Relisouled gentleman, he gave the lady fifty dollars as gion; The Debate in the U.S. Senate on Tonan acknowledgment of her superior skill in house- nage Duties; Hawthorne's Blithedale Romance; hold affairs-telling her at the same time that if National Currency; A Reminiscence of the Isth- tal absolutists have represented to him that while mus; The Prospect; Pierre, or the Ambiguities; Sketches of a Campaign in Coahuila; The American Vintager's Song; Scott and his Assailants; ical Notices .- Terms \$3 in advance.

The following are the officers of the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of Virginia, efor the ensuing year:

Rev. John Long, of Lynchburg, G. W. P.; Col. Benj. P. Walker, of Appomattox, G. W. A.; T. J. Evans, of Richmond, G. S.; O. F. Weisager, of Richmond, G. T.; S. Kerchival Taylor, of Staunton, Grand Conductor; Wm. T. Lutz, of Augusta, Grand Sentinel; Wm. Meredith, of Buckingham, Grand Chaplain; Rev. Jacob D. Mitch-

Japan, which is now about to sail, may be found in another column. The objects of the expedition are entirely pacific-to establish friendly commercial relations with the Empire of Japan &c .- but IMPORTANT MOVEMENT CONCERNING HAYTI. it is not improbable that something like war with that distant and singular people will ensue. Should they treat our overtures with contempt it will band." hardly comport with our national dignity to turn back without accomplishing anything.

PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD .- The Winchester Re

publican of the 29th ultimo, says-The State Synod of the Old School Presbyterian Church in Virginia adjourned on Saturday evening last, after an interesting session of four days. Among the business transacted, a resolution was alopted, respectfully asking the Governor of the State to appoint a day of general thanksgiving.— The next annual meeting of the Synod will be held in College Church, Prince Edward County, in good citizen the most hearty thanks and commen-

We have received the November number of this publication, from Mr. R. Cowan, Bookseller, of this place. It is rich as usual in its literary department, and richer than any other number we a meeting held in Shenandoah, at which resolutions

30- The Central Scott Club of this county held final meeting at the Court-house on Saturday the pleasure of hearing since the canvass open-

A Rank Note

Was dropped in this office on last Monday week-the 1st day of the October Court-which the owner can have by application and proper iden-

Louis Napoleon.

The recent news from France represents that er the people have been influenced by love or by improbable, however, that, tired of the anarchy throughout the United States will probably be ment which promises peace and security for life

At Bordeaux, Napoleon was toasted by the

"A nation," he said, "surrounds me with its sympathies, because I no not belong to the family of Idealogists. To promote the welfare of the country it is not necessary to apply new systems, but the chief point above all is to produce confidence in the present and security for the future .-For these reasons it seems France desires to return to the Empire. ['Yes, yes,' and prolonged applause with cries of 'Vive l'Empereur.'

He then went on to make known what would b the policy of the new Government. He said-"There is one objection to which I must reply. Certain minds seem to entertain a dread of war .-Certain persons say the empire will only be a state est. of war; but I say the Empire is peace. [Great sensation.] For France desires it, and when France is satisfied the world is tranquil. [These words, uttered in a firm voice and with a strong emphasis, produced a magical effect, and enthusi

astic 'bravos' were heard on all sides.] * * *
"I wish to restore to religion, morality and opulence, that still numerous part of the population which though in the bosom of the most fertile country in the world, can scarcely obtain the common

necessaries of life. [Sansetion.]
"We have an immense waste of territory to cultivate, roads to open, ports to dig, rivers to render navigable, a system of railroads to complete. We have opposite to Marseilles a vast kingdom which we must assimilate to France. We have to bring all our great Western ports into connection with the American continent by the rapidity of communication which we still want, and, lastly, we have ruins to restore-false gods to overthrow. Truths will be made triumphant. [Prolonged applause.] This is the sense which I attach to empire-if empire is to be restored. [Cries of Vive l'Empereur.] Indiana. uch are the conquests which I contemplate, and all you who surround me, and who like me, desire your country's welfare, you are my soldiers."-

He was to return to Paris on the 16th ultimo. where the most extensive preparations were in progress to receive him in imperial style. The Mayor of the town of Seyres had already officially

declared him Emperor. While Louis Napoleon has been thus busy committee left to proceed as if Mr. Wenster was tecting the Pope against his subjects, but for the real lvised its party in that State to substitute the the head of the Church, that the sanction of reli It is curious to observe how the Democracy, offending Austria and other "legitimate" powers

sion of the affair with the Pope. From his account it would seem that the "absolutists" are not opposed to Louis Napoleon's wishes in refer ence to his coronation. In a letter dated the 12th

"The entry of Louis Napoleon into Paris is fixed for Saturday next the 16th of October, instead to be still a question, but there can be little probability that he will assume that title without a popular vote, so that it may be duly legalized. cording to some accounts, however, the continenthey would not object to his assumption of the Imperial dignity of his own will, they would be decidedly averse to the example of his professing to make it depend upon the people. The repetition General Review; Congressional Summary; Crit- of this practice, they are represented to say is calculated to spread an opinion throughout Europe that a form of Government can be created or alter ed by a nation at pleasure; and they consider that any toleration of such a doctrine on their part would extremely dangerous.

"If such representations have actually been made, rect appeal to the people, and to satisfy himself with the sanction that might be attained by a coronation at the hands of the Pope. In any other case it is hardly likely that the popular election will be dispensed with.

"Meanwhile, the Tuileries are being fitted up with regal splendor, and imperial liveries have been ordered, as well as services of plate and china with the Imperial crown. The probabilities with regard to the Pope's officiating at the coronation are not yet known, but the harmony between the priests and the President is increasing every During the past week the clergy in one dis triet revived the practice of carrying the host in public procession to a dying person. This had never previously taken place since the days of Charles the Tenth, but the populace seemed delighted, and the soldiers all prostrated themselves, and then sent a guard to accompany the sacred

105- The editors of the National Intelligencer in

their paper of the 28th ult., say-"Through a life-long experience as conductors of this journal, we must say that we have never seen the public press so degraded as it has been within the last thirty or forty days, by the propagation of the most shameless falsehoods, in regard not only to the Whig candidate for the Presidency, but to the existing Administration of the Government, which, instead of being subjected to the villanous aspersions cast upon it, deserves from every dation for its loyalty to the Constitution, the Laws, and the faith of Treaties, and the exertions which it has made and is making to sustain them all in

FREE DEMOCRACY IN VIRGINIA .- We have received a pamphlet containing the proceedings of were adopted in favor of Free-Soil, and an Electoral ticket framed in this State for Hale and Julian A permanent Club to advocate Free-Soil and High er-Law doctrines was also organized, of which Geo. Rye was elected President, David Hottle. night last, and Col. Baldwin, the Whig Elector, Vice President; T. Ewing, Secretary; and D. H.

We know nothing of the persons who compos the meeting, or the ticket. But they profess to be Democrats-and they talk very boldly of the feats they intend to achieve .- Richmond Whig of the

LATE SEASON .- The season this year has been unusually late, and in consequence the fly has done some injury to the growing wheat in this county. LARGE BEETS.—Our friend Mr. John S. Gib- We were shown lately several half grown plumbs,

The Crescent City Affair.

The Republic states that the Cabinet at Wash-LOUIS NAPOLEON, the Prince President, has at ington have taken firm and strong ground in oppolast nearly thrown off all disguise and announced sition to the treatment of the steamer Crescent his intention to declare the Empire with himself | City by the Captain General of Cuba, and that it | Webster, we have collected the following from vaas chief. At the latest dates he was on a tour will no doubt be followed by a speedy redress of rious sources, for the use of our readers. Mr. through the South of France, for the professed ob- the wrong complained of. The question involved Webster had been confined by indisposition at terview with Mr. Webster in his dying hours.ject of becoming acquainted with the country, "and in the case, seem to us rather complicated and dif-to ascertain the real wants of the people." His ficult. It has been much discussed in the newspatrue object, undoubtedly, is to ascertain the feel- pers, which have differed widely in their views. ings and wishes of the people in reference to him- Some highly respectable journals have expressed Telegraph reported that his case was hopeless. A pel?" self. Every where his reception has been appathe opinion that the Spanish authorities acted as dispatch dated 10 o'clock Saturday night, saysrently most cordial; but the officials of Govern- they had a perfect right to act, and that our Govment have been active in getting up the public ernment has no right to complain or interfere .demonstrations, and it is impossible to tell wheth- In this opinion we have not been able to concur. With little or no knowledge of international convenient one to us in some respects. We go to fear in their exhibitions of enthusiasm. It is not law, common sense teaches us that Spain has the right to exclude from her territory any citizen of a of course can give no account of the voting even which has attended every attempt to establish a foreign country, who is dangerous or obnoxious to at our town precincts. The result of the election Republic, they are willing to accept any Govern- her; but when she undertakes to regard and treat every individual, and even the public mails, conveyed in the same ship with such person, as tainted by the contact and association, it seems to be carrying the matter a little too far. She indeed has the abstract right to do so as she has the right

> The Crescent City has gone back to Havana, without Lieut, PORTER, he having been transferred, at his own request it is said, to another vessel. PURSER SMITH, however, who is the cause of all the difficulty and excitement, sailed in the steamer. As the authorities have re-iterated their determination not to permit the vessel with him on board to enter the harbor, the next news from Havana will be awaited with considerable inter-

THE ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT.—The following is a list of the electoral votes to which each State is entitled, under the last census, at

the election for Pre	siden	t in November:
Maine,	81	Illinois,
New Hampshire,	555	lowa,
Vermont	5	Wisconsin,
Massachusetts,	13	Michigan,
Rhode Island,	4	Kentucky,
Connecticut,	6	Missouri,
New York,	35	Alabama,
New Jersey,	7	Louisiana,
Pennsylvania,	27	Tennessee,
Delaware,	3	Mississippi.
Maryland,	8	Arkansas,
Virginia,	15	Texas,
North Carolina,	10	California,
South Carolina,	7	Card In section
Georgia,	10	Whole number
Florida,	3	Votes,
Ohio,	23	Necessary to a

85- A correspondent states that the rise price of British railroad iron has been so great that many contractors of roads, now in progress, will be ruined. At present prices the difference against the contractors upon the Cincinnati and St. Louis road, if the iron were purchased now would be \$800,000! The correspondent also says-

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Gray's Elegy.

I have a caution to give our iron-masters. They ish article entirely repealed. An attempt to do this will be made in Washington this winter. The numerous roads in progress and wanting iron, will crowd upon Congress to get rid of the duty. 'The agents of the British manufactures will be at their

name of Mr. FILLMORE for that of Mr. Webster gion may make up, in the popular estimation, for Protestant Church, held in Bremen, to discuss ment. his want of hereditary right. The Pope, afraid of such moral and social questions as come within their sphere of activity, Mr. Wald, the Superintendent of Konigsberg, defended the Temperance Sobase of Wight, for a few montenes, feeling to based a pint of beer, partly drunk, but did not return. On Monday of next week, at noon, have thrust themselves in as chief mourners at the yet not daring to refuse, endeavored to escape from that drunks the greatest vice of the lower of the daring to refuse, endeavored to escape from the daring to refuse, endeavored to escape from the daring to refuse. death of the illustrious statesman. One Democrat- the dilemma, by flying from Rome to Naples .- classes of Germany. There are annually, he says, throughout Germany 40,000 deaths from delirium some days ago that General Pierce would attend honour," and thus retained the Holy Father in one-half of the grain produced is used for distillathe coast-guard. On Friday morning the circumstance being made known to him, he assured the bystanders that if the party was drowned in men and gain their votes. Members of the party the neighborhood he would discover the body by have falsely accused the Whigs of seeking to kill the finale.

The London correspondent of the New York and cotemporaries. According to the reports of of the "heavy-headed revels" of his countrymen deposited three outces of quicksilver, when the local white the body of Mr. Webster to get him out of the way of deposited three outces of quicksilver, when the local white local white the body of Mr. Webster to get him out of the way of the London correspondent of the Rout of the es have too much force still.

TEXAS .- The Western Texan gives an account of a fight between a party of Indians and a scout of the United States Rifles, under Lientenant Frost. The Indians were completely routed, though it is not certain that any were killed. All their camp utensils were captured, together with a number of stolen horses. In their camp was found the mail from Corpus Christi to Laredo, which led to tended. Whether he will return as Emperor seems the belief that the mail rider had been murdered by them. The rumour that gold exists on the head waters of the Brazos has, says the Houston Telegraph of the 8th ult., been fully confirmed by the recent exploration of Capt, Marcy. It is added that the geologist of the expedition has deposited at the Department at Washington several pecimens of pure gold which were found near the

Daniel Webster was unwell a few days ago, Some of the Scott papers were so anxious for him to die that they had telegraphic despatches that he was very low, not expected to recover When the truth came out he was unusually heartv.-Rock. Reg.

The above is but another specimen of Locofoco fairness and honesty. Reckless, indeed, must be the pen that would attempt to make political cap-;tal out of such a calamity .- Hardy Whig.

The Cumberland, Md., Telegraph states that extensive preparations are in progress in connection with the development of the Coal interests in that quarter. A number of new companies have ed. A tract of coal land, bought last spring by Mr. M. Miller for \$700, was sold a short ime since for \$16,000. Another coal tract bought by Messrs. Percy for \$3000, was sold by them re-

An Expensive Ride. - A Yankee shipmaster in St. Petersburg, Russia, recently got upon the statue of the Colossal Horse, in the square, and seated himself behind Peter the Great. cost him \$6,000, the amount of the fine. the captain remonstrated with the judge at the largeness of the fine, saying that it was rather an expensive ride, the judge good naturedly replied, that the cuptain never before rode so expensive a

73- The Last Words of Webster are said to have been the remarkable ones, "I still live!" He still lives, in the hearts of his countrymen, who will forever cherish with affectionate recollection his great services to the Union. He still lives. we trust, in a higher and better sphere

A MONSTER .- They have arrested a man nam ed Blanco, in Spain, on suspicion of mardering a number of persons for the sake of their fat, which he melted down and disposed of in Portugal.

THE LOBOS ISLANDS .- Our national difficulty with Peru is said to be in a fair way for adjustment, though in what way and on what basis is not so clearly made known. The Richmond Republican has again chang-

conduct it for the benefit of the trust fund of R. H. M-The New York Herald contains an enumeration of the new buildings in progress of erection this year. The total number is 1478-and their

value is set down at \$14,239,100. CHINESE.-While the Governor of California is trying to drive the Chinese out of that State, the government of British Guiana offers a bounty of \$80 on their importation.

the year ending September 30th, were \$176,485-69, being an increase of \$32,685 05 over the pre-

Daniel Webster.

Owing to the interest felt in everything connected with the last moments and death of Daniel week or two, and on Friday the 22d ultimo, his condition of any of us without hope in immortality.

Symptoms became alarming. On Saturday, the What is there to rest that hope upon but the Gos-

Mr. Webster is not now expected to live an hour, and is momentarily anticipating the final summons, with great calmness, resignation and During the afternoon and evening he has conversed freely, and with great calmness and detail, in relation to the disposal of his private affairs .-

He gave full directions in relation to his farms, giving the most minute statement of his wishes in egard to them At 5 oclock in the afternoon, he was seized with a violent nausea, and raised considerable dark mat-

ters tinged with blood, which left him in a state of great exhaustion and debility. The physicians in attendance then announced to Mr. Webster that his last hour was rapidly approaching. He received the announcement calm to 'exclude all our vessels from her ports, but by y and directed all the females of the family to be virtue of the act, we should think, all friendly recalled in, to each of whom he addressed individulations between the two countries would be terally a few affectionate parting words, and bid them a final farewell. He then took his leave of his

> of them individually, referring to past relations, and bade each an affectionate farewell. The last of his family that he parted with was Peter Harvey Webster, (a grand son,)upon whom he asked the richest blessings of Heaven. He then said, as if speaking to himself, "On the 24th of October all that is mortal of Daniel Webster will be no more."

> Mr. Webster then prayed in a full and clean voice most fervently and impressively, concluding "Heavenly Father, forgive my sins and wel-

> me me to thyself through Christ Jesus." Dr. Jeffries then conversed with him, and told him that medical skill could do nothing more, to which Mr. Webster replied, "Then I am to lie here patiently till the end, if

it be so may it come soon. Another dispatch from Boston on Sunday morn-

ing, the 24th ult., says-We learn from gentlemen just arrived from Marshfield, that up to 10 o'clock on Saturday e
The people will sh vening, Mr. Webster continued to fail very rapidly. Arousing from his lethargy at about 10 o'clock, his countenance became animated, and his eyes flashed with all its usual brilliancy, when in full health. He exclaimed "I still live," and immediately sank into tranquil unconsciousness;
Between 10 and 11 o'clock Mr. Webster repeated distinctly, the words "poetry—Gray's."— Fletcher Webster then repeated the first line of

"The currew tolls the kneel of parting day"—
"That's it—that's it," said Mr. Webster. The book was then brought and the whole stanza read, which seemed to give the dying man much pleas-

From 12 to 2 o'clock he manifested much restlessness and slight suffering. Faintness also oc-curred, which led him to think that death was While in this condition some expressions feil from him indicating a hope that his mind would remain to him to the last. Mr. Webster also spoke of the difficulty of dying, when Dr. Jeffries repeated the verse, "Though I walk thro" the valley and shadow of death,I will fear no evil, for Thou art with me, thy rod and thy staff they comfort me." Mr. Webster exclaimed to this, The fact-the fact-that is what I meant-thy rod-thy rod-thy staff-thy staff."

He expired at 22 minutes of 3 o'clock on Sun day morning, in the 71st year of his age. The the Persian Gulf, supposed to prevent the execuclose of his life was perfectly tranquil and easy .-INTEMPERANCE IN GERMANY .- At one of the Mrs. Webster was unable to witness his last mo-

er Webster, Mr. and Mrs. Paige, Mr. Harvey, Mrs. Levy, Edward Curtis, Mr. Thomas, Mr. Appleton, Drs. Warren and Jeffries, Mr. Abbott, and Geo. T. Curtis. A few moments after he expired, Mrs. Webster entered the room to gaze upon the lifeless remains of her beloved partner.—
The scene was painful beyond description. Her grief gave utterance in the most agonizing tones of sorrow. But it were vain to attempt to mirror the scene. It was a picture never to be forgotten. Those who saw Mr. Webster a few moments after death state that though much changed, yet

man, as strong in death as they had been in life. A dispatch from Boston on the 26th says-I learn from Marshfield, this morning, that by consent of his family, the physicians obtained per-mission to make a postmortem examination of Mr. Webster's body. On examination, it was discovered that the immediate cause of his death was a disease of the liver and hemorrhage of the bowels, superinduced by a morbid state of the blood. Symptoms of dropsy were also discovered in the

there remain those characteristics of the great

Mr. Webster dictated his will himself with remarkable particularity and precision, and at some length, two days before his death. His private following statement, which is presumed to be corpapers have all been sealed up, and with his will, have been deposited in the vault of one of the Boston Banks, where they will remain till after the funeral. His executors are his widow, Caroline Leroy Webster, Fletcher Webster, and R. M.

Blatchford, of New York city. The funeral ceremony took place at Marshfield on Friday and were attended by at least 10,000 persons from all parts of Massachesetts and the surcounding States. Among the notables present were Gen. Pierce. Ex-Gov. Marcy, Hon. Abbott Lawrence, Gov. Boutwell, Ex-Chancellor Jones, of New York, Judge Sprague and other distinguished men. The funeral services were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Alden, Orthodox Clergyman of the parish, and were of the most simple character. The remains of the great statesman were buried upon his own grounds, by the side of his wife and children.

A letter from Boston, speaking of Mr. Webster,

previous to his death, says-It is worthy of notice that he has prepared him self a last resting place during the past season.— The house for the dead of his family is made ready. A monument of white marble is erected to each member of his family who has died, and also two more without inscriptions, one of which is for himself. It is probable now, the inscription will soon be put upon that, and what an inscription, if it

vorthily represent his name and deeds. The following extract from a very eloquent article in the Boston Courier, gives a further idea of the great statesman's resting place:

The farm, at Marshfield, is worthy to be the resting place of its illustrious owner. It is shielded, by a range of beautiful hills, from the violence of our north-easterly storms. It has a distant view of the ocean, beyond the lowlands which every high tide overflows. On one side a wooded promontory juts into the sea, and on the other rises a sloping highland, on the brow of which, in the deep repose of nature, his kindred rest in their long sleep, with no sounds above or around them, but the drooping trees, or the song of birds, or the solemn voice of the sea, speaking eternally from its vast depths. The undulating surface sweeps up from the marshes, and forms a table land on which the house stands, then gently falls into a smooth and spreading lawn-then by a deeper slope, it ascends to the western range of hills, which, on that side shut in the picture and bound a scene of harmonious, yet richly varied and sweetly contrasted ed hands. It is transferred to a trustee, who will

It has been already stated that a post mortem examination of Mr. Webster was made a day or two after his death. The Boston Courier says-We understand that at a recent meeting of a of this examination were stated, and formed the subject of an interesting scientific discussion. The 05- The receipts on the Central Railroad, for vestigations, although there were no perceptible evidences of any lesion during Mr. Webster's life- Int. of the 18th ult. time. It is supposed to have been caused by his

Last Hours, Death and Funeral of once caused death, in another, should in this instance have been attended with so little external evidence of so important an injury to a vital organ.

The following extract from the proceedings of the Suffolk bar, in Boston, will be read with intera most interesting and affecting account of his in-

On another occasion the great dving statesman

Maker's will. I thank him. A.d I also thank Him for the means of doing some good for those beloved objects, and for the many blessings that sur- lowing notice of the most popular remedy of the round me. I also thank Him for my nature and my associations. I thank Him I am to die under so many circumstances of love and affection." All present were deeply impressed whilst these re-

The following is the beautiful and touching letter addressed by the President to the Heads of the several Departments, in reference to Mr. Webster's death :

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON,

Monday Morning, Oct. 25, 1852. GENTLEMEN: The painful intelligence received yesterday enforces upon me the sad duty of announcing to the Executive Department the death of the Secretary of State. Daniel Webster died male relations and personal friends, addressing each 24th of October, between two and three o'clock in

the morning.
Whilst this irreparable loss brings its natural sorrow to every American heart, and will be heard. far beyond our borders, with mournful respect wher ever civilization has nurtured men who find in transcendent intellect and faithful patriotic service a theme for praise it will visit with still more poignant emotion his colleagues in the Administraon, with whom his relations have been so intimate and so cordial.

The fame of our illustrious statesman belongs to is country; the admiration of it to the word .-The record of his wisdom will inform future generations, not less than its utterance has enlightened the present. He has bequeathed to posterity the richest fruits of the experience and judgment of a great mind conversant with the greatest national concerns. In these his memory will endure as long as our country shall continue to be the home and

The people will share with the Executive Departments in the common grief which bewails his

parture from amongst us. In the expression of individual regret at this afflicting event, the Executive Departments of the Government will be careful to manifest every observance of honor which custom has established as appropriate to the memory of one so eminent as a public functionary, and so distinguished as a citi-

The Acting Secretary of State will communi-

The members of the Cabinet are requested, as wear the usual badges of mourning for thirty Nervous Headache.
"So many wonders, your Majesty, have our A I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant, MILLARD FILLMORE.

To the Acting Secretary of State, and the Secretaries of the Treasury, Interior, War, Navy, the Attorney General, and Postmaster General.

Liverpool dates of the 16th ultimo. The Hon. Abbott Lawrence and his family are among the assengers of the Niagara. Despatches from Trieste state that nine thousand British troops have been landed at Herat, in

EUROPEAN NEWS .- By late arrivals we have

tion of threats of independence. Twenty-four political prisoners were shot at Sinlia, in the Papal States, on the 3d inst." to Dispeptics .- Dr. J. S. HOUGHTON'S PEP-

The ship Prince Albert reports that the Arctic Expedition up Wellington Channel is favored by open weather, and thinks it probable that Frankn passed that way. President's tour. His speech at Bordeaux is placarded in Paris, and is to be posted in all the communes. Titles of high nobility to the Ministers and a general amnesty is looked for as the first act of the new Emperor on his entering Paris.

In Spain the subscription for the soldiers who nounts to two hundred and eighty thousand pias- among the medical advertisements. In Denmark there is a rumor that the King in-

ends to abdicate in favor of Prince Christiana. Queen Victoria had left Scotland for Windsor The whole Russian army had been ordered into ourning for the Duke of Wellington. Breadstuffs .- Wheat has advanced I a 2d., flour

s., corn unchanged. Kossuth and Hungary .- The Boston Com. nonwealth, in noticing the charge that Kossuth en for the Hungarian cause in America, makes the following statement, which is presumed to be correct:

At his residence on Dry River, in Rockingham county, on Sunday the 10th ult., Mr. James Newman, in about the 60th year of his age. He leaves a wife and 3 children to moura his death. is living at his ease, in London, on the money giv-

"We take this opportunity of stating, from positive knowledge, that of the \$90,000 or \$100,000 which Kossuth collected in this country, hardly a dollar crossed the Atlantic with him. He arrord ed it in this country in purchasing and making munitions of war, by the manufacture of which he gave employment to a large number of his destitute countrymen. He had for months nearly a hundred of them employed in making cartridges alone. He expended it also in carrying on a most expensive and costly correspondence with his agents in Europe, transmitting, of course, his letters, by private messengers, who went at the risk ters, by private messengers, who went at the risk shaken confidence. To her tutoress, who had died but shaken confidence. To her tutoress, who had died but shaken confidence. To her tutoress, who had died but shaken confidence. munitions of war, by the manufacture of which he of their lives, and had to be paid proportionably, and who, of course, had to be amply furnished with money for emergencies. Every letter which Kossuth sent to Hungary cost him on an average \$500.

The money that he raised here was of course eaof their lives, and had to be paid proportionably, The money that he raised here was of course easily absorbed by these expenditures, and with it, as we know, was spent a considerable sum belonging to his wife, which her relatives in Hungary sent to her for her own use, but which she gave to her

usband for his cause. "Kossuth left America penniless and in debt, as in 1849 he left Hungary, after two years' admin-istration of the treasury of that rich Kingdom."

SIR E. BELCHER'S SEARCH FOR SIR JOHN FRANKLIN.-We have heard that intelligence has been received from the squadron commanded by Sir Belcher, and led by him up the Wellington Channel, to the effect that, from what they have liscovered floating down the channel-remains of whales, bears, and other animal substances-the party have been led to the conclusion that not onv is there food for mankind in that direction, but hat the floating portions of whales and bears form the relics of what have been actually consumed by

Sir E. Belcher has by this time most probably explored the regions pronounced to be accessible by Captain Penny, but injudiciously abandoned, and has thus confirmed the truth of Penny's testithe murmuring of the wind through the foliage of mony. It is fearful to anticipate the consequences of a year's delay in following the tract presumed to have been taken by Franklin, as of course hopes of effectual succor must be diminished by the year's postponement of that search which Penny so warmly suggested on the spot,& which he so nobly volunteered to undertake on his return to England last Autumn .- London Standard.

THE CATTLE TRADE OF THE WEST .- The yards are not overstocked at present with number me beeves-there appears to be barely a sufficiency for butchers to select from for the daily uses of the stalls for city consumption. As many droves are in expectation soon from the interior, a brisk fall business is looked for, and a decline in prices nedical society some of the more striking results is much desired. Speculators are sending off small lots for the New Orleans market-present rates from \$3 25 to \$4 50 per hundred. The shipment cerebral organs were of the very largest known ca- of cattle from the port of St. Louis is much greatpacity, exceeding by thirty per centum the aver- er than is generally known. It is presumed that age weight of the human brain; and, with only more than twelve thousand nead of cattle have been shipped to New Orleans the past year-one est of which there is any record. It is also wor- of our oldest butchers, dealer in live stock, has on thy of remark that a well marked effusion upon the his own account sent to New Orleans within the Arachnoid membrane was discovered in these in- past year three thousand head, and to the city of New York fourteeen hundred head-St. Louis

Meeting of Physicians.

At a meeting of a portion of the Physician of Augusta county, in Staunton, on Monday the 25th ult., Dr. A. Waddell was called to the Chair, and Dr. Dossey, of Greenville, was appointed

Secretary.

The object of the meeting having been explained by the Chairman, the following resolution was

Resolved, That the Physicians of the county be invited to meet in Staunton on Wednesday the 10th inst., for the purpose of forming a Medical Association; and that the Secretary publish these

proceedings in the several papers of the town.

A. WADDELL, Ch'm'n.

J. W. Dossey, Sec. The Boston Mercantile Journal gives the fol-

WILD CHERRY BALSAM.

We speak in praise of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, because we believe from our own knowledge of the article that it is one of the best in the market for the complaints for which it is recom This medicine, coming from such a respectable

source, and carefully prepared by an experienced and skilful physician is received by the public with confidence. Its efficacy has been proved in many obdurate cases of disease, and its fame has rapidly extended. It has been extensively used in every part of the country, particularly in the Middle and Northern States; and strong testimony from intelligent and highly respectable persons, has been adduced in favor of its merits, as a remedy for colds at Marshfield, in Massachusetts, on Sunday, the and coughs, affections of the chest, diseased liver, &c., &c. THE GENUINE AND ORIGINAL

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, on account of its great popularity has been extensively counterfeited in Philadelphia, and some thousand bottles of the spurious imitation thrown into the market and extensively circulated. EXAMINE CLOSE BEFORE PURCHASING! LOOK WELL TO THE MARKS.

The genuine Balsam is put up in bottles, with the words "Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Philadelphia," blown in the glass; each bottle bearing a label on the front, with the signature of H. WISTAR, M. D. This will be enveloped with a wrapper; copy-wright secured, 1844; on which will always ap-

pear the written signature of I. BUTTS.

For sale by C. N. KINNEY, Druggist, Staunton; F. Pence, Harrisonburg; J. M. Wilson, Lexington; Gaynor & Wood, Richmond, and by Druggists everywhere. November 3, 1852.

R. R. R. in England. Her Majesty cured of Sick Headache in 10 minutes ASTONISHMENT OF SIR JAS. CLARK AND THE ROYAL HOUSEHOLD.

Radway's Ready Relief, is performing wonders n England, by curing the nobility of the Gout; Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, and the masses of Rheu-The Acting Secretary of State will communicate this sad intelligence to the Diplomatic Corps near this Government, and through our Ministers and powerful remedy has attained, that her Majesty's Court Physician, Sir James Clark, recommended her Majesty to use it on one occasion when further testittiony of respect for the deceased, to her Majesty had a very severe attack of Sick of

merican neighbors produced, that if it may please your Majesty to try this Ready Relief, which every body extols so highly, I think your Majesty will derive speedy relief." Her Majesty condescended to have the RELIEF applied, and in less than ten minutes she was free

quick efficacy of Radway's Ready Relief, was indebted for so speedy a recovery.

Radway's Ready Relief is now not only the most popular remedy in England, but is the only secret medicine admitted in the royal household R. R. is sold by T. P. Eskribge. Price

rom pain and the Royal House of England, to the

50 and 25 cents. October 13, 1852 .- 1m:

prepared from Rennet, or the Fourth Stomach of the Ox, after directions from Baron Liebig the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. HOUGH-TON, M. D., Philadelphia. This is truly a wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspersia, Jaun-DICE, LIVER COMPLIANT, CONSTIPATION and DE-BILITY, caring after NATURE'S O VN METHOD; by NATURE'S OWN AGENT the GASTRIC JUICE .-Pamphlets, containing Scientific evidence of its were killed and wounded in the Lopez affair a- value, furnished by the agents gratis. See notice

SIN, The True Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice,

TOU A ER HR HECHD.

On Thursday the 14th of Oct. Mr. John Ruddle, to

ERE HERD.

dleton county.

On Monday the 18th ult., Mr. Sampson Connob, of the South Fork, Pendleton county. On Thursday the i4th ult., Mrs. consort of Mr. Morintz Hartman, of Pendleton county.

James W. Eskridge, Esq., of this place; on Thursday the 30th ultimo, at 3 o'clock; P. M., REBECCA P. FISH-ER, daughter of Charles F. and Mary G. Fisher, aged

"Weep not for those
Who sink within the arms of death
Ere yet the chilling wintry breath
Of sorrow o'er them blows;

Of sorrow o'er them blows;
But weep for them who here remain,
The mournful heritors of pain;
Condemn'd to see each bright joy fade,
And mark grief's melancholy shade
Fling o'er Hope's fairest rose."

[Let (Miss.) Part [Lex. (Miss.) Paper.

THE MARKET PRICES.

STAUNTON PRICES CURRENT; Corrected weekly for the Spectator by T. C. Burwell. FLOUR, Supfin., \$3 75 | BACON, Hog Round, 12c BUTTER, Fresh, 16c CORN, per bushel, 50c WOOL, per pound, 30c WHEAT, per bushel 75c | RYE, per bushel, 50c | OATS, per bushel, 33c | WINCHESTER MARKET.

Corrected weekly from the Republican BACON, per lb, wagon price 00 a 12, store price 00 a 12
FLOUR, per bbl, wagon 4 06 a 4 10, store 4 00 a 4 23
GRAIN—Wheat, wagon price, 75 a 80, Oats 28 a 31
Corn 40 a 45, Rye 60 a 65.
SALT—Ground Alum 1 75 a 1 87, Fine 2 50 a 00
PLAISTER, per ton, 5 a 5 00 RICHMOND MARKET.

Corrected weekly from the Times:

Corrected weekly from the Times:

BACON, Smithfield cured 12 a 12, Baltimore 11 a 11
BUTTER, per pound, firkin 19 a 21, fresh roll 25 a 00
COPFEE—Old Java 11 a 12, Green Laguayra 9 a 10,
Rio 9 a 10, Manilla 12 a 13, Cape 8 a 9
FLOUR, City Mills 0 07, Scottsville 4 59 a 4 75
GRAIN—Wheat, white 95 a 97, red 90 a 92, Corn 60 a 62, Oats 33 a 42, Rye 75 a 00
GUANO—Peruvian, per ton, 50 a 52, Patagonian 30 a 32
PLAISTER, lump, per ton, 4 25
SUGARS—New Orleans 5 a6, Porto Rico 5 a 7, St Croix 7 a 7, Refined Loaf 9 a 03, Crushed 8 a 9
SALT, American, per sack, 1 37al 50, Liverpool 1 60al 65
TEAS—Imperial & Gunpowder 55 a 1 25, Black 25al 40

HARPER'S Magazine for November, Graham's Godey's and Arthur's Magazine for the same S. H. COLEMAN. Month, for sale by

Staunton, Nov. 3, 1852. 150 BOXES Tobacco, retailed at 12 1-2 cents for sale by C. T. COCHRAN & CO.

Staunton, Nov. 3, 1852. CH EMICALS.—Icdide Petassa, Icdine. Sulph. Mori h, Acet. do., Mur. de., Sulphate Potassa, Acetate do. November 3, 1852.

100 SACKS of Salt for sale low by JNO. B. BRECKINRIDGE & SON. Staunton, Nov. 3, 1852.