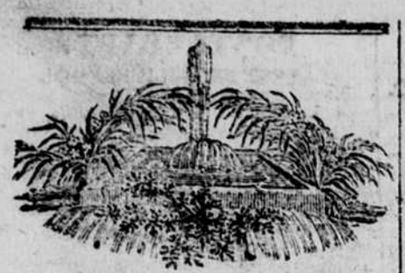

THEY MAY RAIL AT THIS LIFE.

[BY T. MOORE.]

They may rail at this life—from the hour I began it
I've found it a life full of kindness and bliss ;
And until they can shew me some happier planet,
More social and bright, I'll content me with this.
As long as the world has such eloquent eyes,
As before me this moment enraptured I see,
They may say what they will of their orbs in the skies,
But this earth is the planet for you, love, and me.

In Mercury's star, where each moment can bring them
New sunshine and wit from the fountain on high,
Tho' the nymphs may have livelier poets to sing them,
They've none, even there, more enamor'd than I.
And, as long as this harp can be wakened to love,
And that eye its divine inspiration shall be
They may talk as they will of their Edens above,
But this earth is the planet for you, love, and me.

In that star of the west, by whose shadowy splendor
At twilight so often we've roamed through the dew,
There are maidens, perhaps, who have bosoms as tender,
And look, in their twilights, as lovely as you ;
But, though they were even more bright than the green
Of that isle they inhabit in the heaven-blue sea,
As I never these fair young celestials have seen,
Why—this earth is the planet for you, love, and me.

As for those chilly orbs on the verge of creation,
Where sunshine and smiles must be equally rare ;
Did they want a supply of cold hearts for that station,
Heaven knows we have plenty on earth we could spare.
Oh ! think what a world we should have of it here,
If the haters of peace, of affection and glee,
Were to fly up to Saturn's cold comfortless sphere,
And leave earth to such spirits as you, love, and me.

[*From the New York Evening Post.*]

SAMPSON'S REPORT.

A report of the case of Maurice vs. Judd, relative to the inspection of fish oil, which was lately tried in the Mayor's court, and gave rise to the curious question, whether a whale is a fish, has just been published by Van Winkle, as reported by Mr. Sampson. The examination of the witnesses on this occasion, gave rise to a good deal of humour, at the trial, and much profound learning, it seems, was displayed both by Dr. Mitchill and counsellor Sampson on this occasion, so that the court were almost as much puzzled as in the famous case of *Westerlo*, in which the question was whether a black man could be the father of a white child ; and in which the learned doctor was in the affirmative.

Captain Preserved Fish having stated in his evidence, that all fish have perpendicular tails, but that the whale tribe have them in a horizontal position, Dr. Mitchill observed, that if whales and flounders could go upon their edge, they would have their fins in the same position as the rest of the finny tribe.

Question by Sampson to Dr. Mitchill :

" Q. They would, nevertheless, if they took the fancy to play the antic in that manner, astonish the other natives of the deep, as they would present two sides of two different colours, a white and a brown ; as Captain Fish might say, the starboard side white, and the larboard side mud colour. And how would their eyes appear ? Would they not have a little of a squint ?

" A. It is true the two eyes would be on the one side.

" Q. Then the white side would see nothing, and some designing fish would take them by the blind side ?"

The following was put to the same witness :

" Q. If, then, they are provided with hands and arms, it is natural to expect fingers and thumbs. How is it as to the *carpus, metacarpus, and phalanges* ; are they *present* ; if so, could they use them for ordinary purposes, as to thread a needle, or do this ? (taking a pinch of snuff)

" The witness, after some consideration, observed, that these extremities were covered with a membrane of web.

" Q. Like people that wear mittens. No wonder they are awkward, and all their fingers like thumbs, as the saying goes ?

" A. Their arms are, nevertheless, pretty fully developed, and in one of the cetaceous kind called the *manati*, so much as to enable it to take its baby in its arms & carry it on shore, thus, (using a significant gesture.) The females of this family wear whiskers.

" Q. She is then sometimes a wet nurse and sometimes a dry nurse, or an amphibious nurse ; in zoology, the whiskered lady."

The learned doctor being asked his opinion about the *kraken*, said that one writer had described it a mile and a half in diameter, but that Pliny gives it only four acres of extent ; that the whale feeds upon it ; and that a huge whale has been known to bite off one of its huge paws, as large as the mast of a ship, and make a meal of it.

The readers of this report will be much amused by the " keen encounter of the wits" of the learned doctor and the no less learned counsellor, in solving this profound problem. The following is a specimen of Mr. Sampson's drollery :

" When it is considered that our waters abound with the dolphins, so inclined by nature to aid and succor us, that the larger kinds are only banished by our cruelty from our shores ; and seeing it is well attested that their milk resembles that of cows, with the addition of cream (see Dr. Brewster's Cyclop, article Cetology,) would it not be worthy the wisdom of our statistical, agricultural, & economical societies, to turn their attention to this weighty consideration, whether these creatures might not by good treatment be induced to lend their aid to the navigation of our waters, and to furnish us in return for our hospitality with abundance of nutrition ? How far they may be used in our great canals, where there is none but fresh water, may be a question ; but there is no reason, provided the overslaugh can be deepened, why judges, and lawyers, legislators and politicians, office hunters and lobby members, may not, *before many* years, in their attendance upon the Terms, enjoy the advantage of a conveyance upon a whale's *back*, infinitely surpassing the speed of the steam boat, and the shores of the Wallabout may resound with the music which calls the dolphins to be milked, and be studded with villas where the citizens shall repair to enjoy country air and dolphin's whey. The bay of Goanes seems designed by nature for the reception of the whales ; from them will be derived a rich supply of butter and cheese for home consumption and foreign commerce, Another important acquisition will be the defence and safety of our harbor. If one of Claudius's gallies was swamped by a single whale, overpowered and stranded as it was, what would the fire of a three decker, or a phlogobombos, avail against an inundation from the snouts of three hundred well disciplined whales ? It is evident, that the use of fire engines will be superseded.

" If this appear visionary, it should be remembered how the steam boat was, till its completion, a subject of derision to the incredulous."

AMERICAN SCENERY.

[From " Darby's Tour from the city of New York to Detroit, 1818."]

THE PREFACE.

" I wrapped myself in my cloak, and lay down under a laurel, on the bank of the Eurotas. The night was so pure and so serene, and the milky way reflected by the current of the river, that you might see to read by it. I fell asleep with my eyes fixed upon the heavens, having the beautiful constellation of Leda's swan exactly over my head. I still recollect the pleasure which I formerly received from thus reposing in the woods of America, and especially from awakening in the middle of the night I listened to the whistling of the wind through the wilderness ; the braying of the does and stags ; the roar of the distant cataract ; while the embers of my half extinguished fire glowed between the foliage of the trees. I loved even to hear the voice of the Iroquois, when he shouted in the recesses of his forest, and when, in the brilliant starlight, amid the silence of nature, he seemed to be proclaiming his unbounded liberty. All this may afford delight at twenty ; because then life suffices, in a manner, for itself, and there is in early youth a certain restlessness and inquietude, which incessantly encourage the creation of chimeras *ipsi sibi somnia fingunt* : [illegible], in mature age, the mind contracts a relish for more solid pursuits, and loves, in particular, to dwell on the illustrious examples recorded in history. Gladly would I again make my couch on the banks of the Eurotas or the Jordan, if the heroic shades of the three hundred Spartans, or the twelve sons of Jacob, were to visit my slumbers : but I would not go again to explore a virgin soil, which the ploughshare has never lacerated. Give me now ancient deserts, where I can conjure up at pleasure the walls of Babylon, or the legions of Pharsalia—*grandia ossa* ; plains where furrows convey instruction, and where, mortal as I am, I trace the blood, the tears, and sweat, of human kind."—*Chateaubriand.*

I cannot conceive the satisfaction it can give to a generous and feeling heart, to trace the last fragments of a ruined city, or behold, reduced to desolation, fields that once waved in golden harvest. To the eye of reason and philosophy, a review may be desirable of the revolutions of human society, in all the various stages, from the savage horde to the most refined civilization ; but to me it would yield more pain than gratification, to behold Rome, Athens, or Jerusalem, in dust and ashes. The reminiscence that should recal former greatness, that would raise in imagination from the tomb the Pericles, Euripides, Macabees, the Scipios or the Cæsars, would excite rather a tear of bitter regret, than a pleasing sentiment of poetic enthusiasm, on glancing over the ocean of past time. I would rather indulge my fancy in following the future progress, than in surveying the wreck of human happiness ; I would rather see one flourishing village rising from the American wilderness, than behold the ruins of Balbec, Palmyra and Persepolis. Like Chateaubriand, I have often reposed in the woods and plains of North America, in the silence of night, under the glances of the swan of Leda, the gleams of Sirius, or the beams of the pale moon playing amid the leaves of the forest or exhibiting the fairy picture of the distant prairie. I have thus often, in the awful solitude of the cane brake, or the cedar groves, contemplated the rapid march of active industry ; I have fancied the rise of towns and villages, the clearing of fields, the creation of rich harvests, orchards, meadows and pastures. I have beheld the deep gloom around me dispelled, the majestic but dreary forest disappeared ; the savage was turned into civilized man ; schools, colleges, churches, and legislative halls arose. The river upon whose banks now grew the tangled vine, and in whose waters the loathsome alligator floated, became covered with barques loaded with the produce of its shores ; I heard the songs of joy and gladness ; I beheld fair science shed her smiles upon a happy and enlightened people. I beheld the heavenly form of religion, clothed in the simple garb of love and truth, teaching the precepts of present and everlasting peace ; I saw liberty and law interposing between the shafts of oppression and the bosom of innocence ; and I saw the stern brow of justice bedewed with a tear over the chastised victim.

Many were the long and tedious hours I have thus beguiled, when no sound interrupted my chain of reflection, except the sighing of the nightly breeze, and I have enjoyed a pleasure greater than ever man felt amongst ' *broken columns and disjointed arcades*.' I have seen, on an immense surface, these warm anticipation realized. In west Virginia, in west Pennsylvania, in Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana , Illinois, Tennessee, Missouri, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Alabama, in west New York, Michigan and in Canada. I have for 35 years been a withness to the change of a wilderness to a civilized garden. I have roamed in forests, and upon the same ground now stand legislative halls, and temples of religion. New states have risen and are daily rising upon this once dreary waste. I am willing to leave the man unenvied to his enjoyments, who would prefer the barbaric picture now presented by Greece, Asia Minor, Syria, and Palestine, to the glowing canvass whose tints are daily becoming richer and stronger, upon the hills of North America. I would rather read the immortal works of Homer, Thucydides, or Demosthenes, upon the banks of the Ohio or St. Lawrence, than search the deserted tombs of those mighty geniuses in their now desolate native land. These men have left their bones to oblivion : their works they have bequeathed to the human race. Amid the thousand objects that are constantly before the mental eye, in this new moral creation, none is more wonderful or more alluring than the existence of more than a thousand seminaries of education, where, less than thirty years past, stood no mansion of civilized man.

In this as in every other of my works, I have given my naked reflections to the reader. Too much of my life has been spent in actual travelling, to admit the order and polish of a writer who enjoyed more closet leisure ; but to relate what I saw needed not a finished erudition ; it demanded respect for truth and human esteem ; a respect, the sense of which I trust never to lose, until I cease to exist among mankind. WM. DARBY.

New York Jan. 4 1819.

NEW ORLEANS, March 26.—The following list comprehends only a portion of the houses that have lately failed in France and England, in consequence of the fall of the French funds. This depreciation of the price of the funds is not to be ascribed, as some persons have alleged, to any general apprehension of the instability of the government, but to the extravagant prices that were paid for the stock that went to make up the contributions to the allies.

AT PARIS.

Doyen.
Martin de Puech & Co.
G. Dammene.
Pirquez.
Bovard, Bourdillon & Co.
Desprez.
J. Recamier.

AT NANTZ.

Bertrand & Feydean

AT MARSEILLES.

Vidal fils aine.
Montgomery, Fitch & Co.
Uriarte.
Westzynthins Gil & Co.

AT LONDON.

P. Caumont.
John S. David.
Stanniforth, Blunt & Co. [*Gazette.*

Communicated for the Baltimore Fed. Gazette.

MANILLA, NOV. 12, 1818.

Having been appointed by our government, Consul at this place, and having concluded to transact commission business, I take the liberty to communicate to you such information respecting the trade of this port, as may be serviceable to you, should you think proper to engage in it. The increasing produce of Manilla, particularly in the article of sugar, offers in my opinion better prospect for speculation in this article than in any port in India. The quality is not I believe exceeded by any manufactured this side the Cape of Good Hope, and for ensuing years may safely be calculated in being had at $ 7 the picul of 142 lbs. English, at the highest. Nine American ships have taken entire cargoes during the last 6 months ; and the average price has been 6½ since my residence here ; that price has fluctuated between 5½ and 6½, and never exceeded $ 7½.

Besides the vast increase in the article of sugar, we shall be able in three years (owing to a late regulation of this government) to export from 45 to 50 000 piculs of coffee, which is called by good judges superior to that exported from the Island of Java.

The indigo of Manilla is likewise improving ; the manufacturers appear to be aware of the bad character this article sustains in Europe and America, and they seem determined if possible, to re-establish its old character, by paying it more attention than they have done of late years. The export of the cotton of this island is likewise rapidly increasing, and when well known in Europe, will I have no doubt be considered equal to the Sea Island.

Another consideration peculiar to this island is, that doubloons are always current at 16 dollars, and the duties of import very trifling.

From a long residence at this place, and from an habitual acquaintance with the mode of trade, in addition to my being the only American established here, I trust my claims to the patronage of my countrymen are not exceeded by those of any resident here ; and should my friends think proper to allow those claims, I have only to offer them my best exertions for their interest. I remain respectfully, your most obedient servant,

ANDREW STEUART.

ANECDOTE OF BONAPARTE.

A new periodical work, published in Edinburgh, gives the following incident:—"Bonaparte accompanied Mr. West (the great painter) to view the marbles in the Louvre.—Pointing to the bust of Hannibal, he said he was the greatest man of all antiquity; then turning briskly to Mr. West, he added, and General Washington is the greatest of the moderns."

Cheap legislation seems to be rapidly coming into vogue in the state of New York. The following advertisement from one of their late papers is one of several similar appeals lately made to the people.

To the free and independent electors of the county of Greene:—Permit me to claim your attention, while I offer you a few reasons for proposing myself as a candidate for member of Assembly. In the first place, then, my name is Jerry Blake—by trade I am a cooper—I am out of stock, and have no money to buy more; of course I am out of business, and can afford to work cheap. I have been a uniform republican, and opposed to Banks. I am a friend to general reform, and opposed to lawyers: having twice (through their means) had my tools seized to pay my rent. Having never been honored by being chosen even a delegate to attend a convention, I am opposed to caucus nominations; and like this mode. I am friendly to free schools; and should like to have them free; and having now nine children I think no one will doubt it. I am friendly to inland navigation, and opposed to Steam Boats, as I occasionally serve as a hand or a cook on board a sloop. I am opposed to high salaries, though I pay no taxes. I am willing myself to work as cheap in Albany as I do here; and will if elected, provided I can have my first month's pay in advance to buy myself some clothes, serve you for six shillings a day and be found, or ten shillings and find myself.

The public's humble servant,
JEREMIAH BLAKE.
Catskill, 12th April, 1819.

The legislature of Illinois have passed a law regulating the rate of interest at six per cent.—authorising the contracting parties however, to agree *specially* upon any *greater* or *less* rate, of interest, and such agreement is made good and valid.

WRITING INK.

The following is M. Ribaucourt's receipe for making Writing Ink:

Take eight ounces of Aleppo galls, in coarse powder; four ounces of logwood, in thin chips; four ounces of sulphate of iron (green copperas;) three ounces of gum arabick, in powder; one ounce of sulphate of copper (blue vitriol;) and one ounce of sugar candy. Boil the galls and logwood together in twelve pounds of water for one hour, or till half the liquid has been evaporated. Strain the decoction through a hair seive, or linen cloth, and then add the other ingredients. Stir the mixture till the whole is dissolved, more especially the gum; after which, leave it to subside for 24 hours. Then decant the ink and preserve it in bottles of glass or stone ware, well corked.

The following will also make a good ink: To one quart of soft water add four ounces of galls, one ounce of copperas roughly bruised, and two ounces of gum arabick. Let the whole be kept near the fire a few days, and occasionally well shaken.

Red Writing Ink is made in the following manner: Take of the raspings of Brazil wood a quarter of a pound, and infuse them two or three days in vinegar.—Boil the infusion for an hour over a gentle fire, and afterwards filter it while hot. Put it again over the fire, and dissolve in it, first, half an ounce of gum arabick; and afterwards, of alum and white sugar, each half an ounce.

Sympathetic Inks are such as do not appear after they are written with, but which may be made to appear at pleasure, by certain means to be used for that purpose. A variety of substances have been used for this purpose; among which, the best are the following:

Dissolve some sugar of lead in water, and write with the solution. When dry, no writing will be visible.... When you want to make it appear, wet the paper with a solution of alkaline sulphuret, (liver of sulphur) and the letters will immediately appear of a brown color.—Even exposing the writing to the vapours of these solutions will render it apparent.

2. Write with a solution of gold in aqua regia, and let the paper dry gently in the shade. Nothing will appear; but draw a sponge over it wetted with a solution of tin in aqua regia, the writing will immediately appear of a purple color.

3. Write with an infusion of galls, and when you wish the writing to appear, dip it into a solution of green vitriol, and the letters will appear black.

4. Write with distilled sulphuric acid, and nothing will be visible. To render it so, hold it to the fire, and the writing will instantly appear black.

5. Juice of lemons, or onions, a solution of sal amoniac, green vitriol, &c. will answer the same purpose, though not so easily, nor with so little heat.

6. *Green Sympathetic Ink.*—Dissolve cobalt in nitro muriatic acid, and write with the solution. The letters will be invisible till held to the fire, when they will appear green, and will again completely disappear when removed into the cold. In this manner they may be made to appear and disappear at pleasure.

A very amusing experiment of this kind is, to make a drawing representing a winter scene, in which the trees appear devoid of leaves, and to put the leaves on with this systematic ink; then holding the drawing near to a fire, the leaves will begin to appear in all the verdure of spring, very much to the surprise of those who are not in the secret.

IVORY.

Many of our readers who are familiar with ivory utensils and ornaments, are not aware of the manner in which they are or can be formed from the solid bone of the elephant's tusks. The following is one of the methods of rendering this substance ductile and manageable in the hands of the artist. [*Philadelphia Union.*

Ivory and other bones will be rendered soft by laying them for twelve hours in aqua fortis, and then three days in the juice of beets, by which they will become so soft that they may be worked into any form. To harden them again, they should be laid in strong vinegar. It was said by Diascorides, that by boiling Ivory for six hours with the root of mandragoras, it will become so soft that it may be managed at pleasure.

AMERICAN ORRERY.

Astronomical Machine.—Several gentlemen of Albany united in a petition to the Legislature of the state of New York, for aid in the completion of an astronomical machine, invented by Mr. Newell, of Washington county. The following report, made on this subject, in Assembly, by Gen. Root, on the 6th inst. will afford an idea of its ingenious mechanism. The provision recommended in the report, we are happy to say, was made by the Legislature; and the scientific world are thus likely to be benefitted by the labors of an obscure and poor, though ingenious citizen. [*Albany Argus.*

"ASTRONOMICAL MACHINE.

"The committee report, that they have examined the said machine, and find it an ingenious piece of mechanism, well deserving the attention of the public. The earth, with her attendant satellite, and the inferior planets are made to revolve around the sun, very nearly in proportion to the true time of their revolutions in the heavens. The earth, by an ingenious combination of mechanism, is made to revolve in an ellipsis, with the proper inclinations of the poles, and at the true angle from the plane of the ecliptic, so as to give, with accuracy, the variations of the seasons, and the difference between sideral and solar time—It revolves on its own axis, and by means of an index, gives the hour of the day. The various revolutions are governed by a revolving armillary sphere, which gives the solstices and equinoxes, and the signs and degrees of the Zodiac.

The ingenuity of the inventor has placed the plane of the moon's orbit at the true angle from the plane of the ecliptic, and by that means he gives her northings and southings pretty correctly: and although she is not made to revolve in an ellipsis, and thereby to give the nodes and librations with accuracy, yet he gives her apogee and perigee, and her various situations and bearings, in such manner that, by the aid of a proper instructor, the student may soon obtain correct notions of her various phases and eccentricities. It is the declared intention of the inventor to enlarge his machine, and give the revolutions of the exterior planets. The committee perceive, that, by the application of the same principles, that object can be effected, and that it might be carried still further, even to the revolutions of the satellites of Jupiter and Saturn. This machine, when improved and enlarged, according to the present views of the inventor, will, in the opinion of the committee, equal, if not excel any orrery, that has ever come to their knowledge, in facilitating the study of the elevating and sublime science of astronomy.

Confine it to a limited and reasonable scale, and it can be afforded at a price far less than that of an orrery, such as are usually found at our colleges and universities. The price will probably bring it within the reach of most of the academies in this state. Mr. Newell has not the means necessary to proceed to the improvement and completion of his machine, and therefore the aid of the state is solicited. The committee are fully impressed with the belief, that a few hundred dollars might be usefully and honorably applied to the encouragement of this ingenious man, and the advancement of astronomical science. They have therefore instructed their chairman to offer to the consideration of the house the following concurrent resolution:

Resolved, (if the honorable the Senate concur,) that the trustees of the state library may purchase of Theodore Newell one of his newly invented astronomical machines, and may from time to time make allowances to him, to enable him to procure the mechanical work to be done, on his giving good security for its completion, and depositing the same in the library room in the capitol; and the legislature will appropriate a sum, not exceeding one thousand dollars, to meet the expense. All which is respectfully submitted.

By order of the committee,
ERASTUS ROOT, *Chairman.*

ORIGINAL NEW ENGLAND ANECDOTE.

Riches may be entailed, and nobility may become hereditary. Wit and wisdom can never be made their looms. There are few names more respectable among the patriarchs of Massachusetts than Governor Dudley and Judge Sewall; yet the former had a daughter who could scarce keep out of the fire and water, and the latter a son of equal abilities. The prudence of the old gentlemen intermarried their two wisacres. In due time after the marriage, Judge Sewall, then sitting at the council board in Boston, received a letter informing him that his daughter in law was delivered of a fine son—he communicated the billet to the Governor, who, after perusing it, observed with an arch severity, "brother Sewall, I am thinking how we shall contrive to prevent this grandson of ours from being as great a fool as his father."—"I believe," retorted Judge Sewall, "I believe, brother Dudley, we must not let him suck his mother." [*Galaxy.*

☞ *Annual Sale of Penitentiary Goods.* ☜

THE annual sale of PENITENTIARY GOODS, advertised to take place on the 21st instant, is POSTPONED until *Tuesday, the 5th of May.*

M. H. RICE, Agent for Sales.
April 23. 113..tds

Baltimore to Richmond.

Travellers from Baltimore to Richmond, (Va.) and from Richmond to Baltimore, are informed that the Steamboat WASHINGTON, will leave Washington City every day, except Sunday, at noon, and arrive at Potomac Creek at 7½ P. M. where it will be met by a line of stages, which will arrive at Fredericksburg, by 8½, P. M. same days. Leave Fredericksburg every day, except Sunday, at 5, P. M. arrive at the steamboat by 7, P. M. and at Washington City, the next morning by 4 o'clock.

By this arrangement, travellers leaving Baltimore in the morning, will sleep at Fredericksburg the same night, and dine in Richmond the next day:—36 hours from Baltimore.

Travellers from the southward, will leave Richmond in the morning, sleep on board the boat, and arrive at Baltimore by noon the next day:—33 hours from Richmond.

☞ The carriages and horses on this route are good, and the accommodations calculated to ensure comfort to travellers. April 23. 113..w6w

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NOTICE.—Having many months since sold my interest in the manufactory of arms erecting in Powhatan county, I use this method to inform the public that I will not be bound by the contracts or engagements of any man owning an interest, or in any other way concerned in said manufactory.

April 23. 2t* WM. ARCHER.

NOTICE.—Having sold my interest in the manufactory of arms erecting on Fine Creek, in Powhatan county, the public are informed, that I will not be bound by the contracts or engagements of any man concerned in said manufactory. BRANCH T. ARCHER.

April 23. 2t*

WM. J. COLE & CO.—At the sign of the *Golden Anvil*, have received by the Virginia and Tobacco Plant, from Liverpool, a general assortment of HARDWARE & CUTLERY—among which are locks, hinges, files, trace chains, hoes, saws, planes, chissels, anvils, vises, beck irons, guns, pistols, knives and forks, pen and pocket knives, scissors, razors, scythe blades, reap hooks, &c. &c. &c.—which they are disposed to sell on reasonable terms, at wholesale and retail.

On hand, an assortment of DAGON PLOUGHS.

April 13. 109..6t

Valuable Property for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, by private contract, VALUABLE PROPERTY in the county of Buckingham, to wit:—

A MANUFACTURING MILL, with 3 pair of stones, on Slate river, together with fourteen acres of very fertile land adjoining. To the manufacturing mill, a SAW MILL, in good repair, is annexed. These mills stand on a stream which affords an abundant supply of water, and are situated in a neighborhood from which large supplies of wheat and timber may be procured.

He will also sell the tract of LAND on which he resides, containing by recent survey, 430 acres. This land is adapted to the culture of tobacco, grain and clover—is situated about two miles from his mills—is well enclosed, and otherwise improved.

He will LEASE THE MILLS for a term of 3 or 5 years; and will, in such event, require $ 2,900 on the delivery of possession—Or he will sell the whole of the above property on a credit of *ten* years, $3,000 of the purchase money being paid in hand, and the remainder in annual instalments, secured by deed of trust—Or, he will exchange the above for western property; the title to which can be satisfactorily assured; but will, in the last event, still require the sum of $ 3,000 in hand.

THOMAS BALLOWE.
New Canton, March 26. 105..10t

LAND FOR SALE.—The whole of the lands of David Ross, dec. in the counties of Campbell & Fluvanna, are now in the market.—The Campbell lands may be contracted for with Mr. John Lynch, jr. of Lynchburg.. Those in Fluvanna (including a number of lots in the town of Columbia,) with Mr. George Holman of that county.

A considerable proportion of the Campell lands, and all the Fluvanna lands, not before disposed of, will be sold at auction in the month of February next.—The terms of public sale will be one fourth cash, the residue in three equal annual payments. The particular tracts to be sold publicly, with the days and places of sale, will be duly advertised.—The lands in Campbell comprise a very large body which has never been cultivated, lying generally between seven and twelve miles from Lynchburg, and between half a mile and six miles from James river. No place in the state is believed to be more healthy, and from its situation in the heart of an improving and flourishing country, within one or two hours ride of the thriving town of Lynchburg, would afford many agreeable summer retreats for families in the lower country.—There are also many pieces of good wheat and tobacco land, and an excellent stand for a tavern, near one of the best springs below the mountains. THOMAS T. BOULDIN, ex'or of D. Ross.

Jan. 5. 73..tf

FLORENCE COMMISSION HOUSE.—*Jackson, M'Kinley & Southworth*, have a warehouse at Florence at the head of navigation on the Tennessee river, ready for the reception of cotton and such other articles, domestic and foreign, as may be consigned to them. They will purchase cotton and tobacco, and sell dry goods and groceries, salt and provisions on commission, for those who may favor them with their custom.

N. B. Salt is very much wanted at present.

Florence, Dec. 19. 67..6m

ALL persons who have claims against the estate of JOSEPH GALLEGO, dec. are desired to make them known to us without delay—that if found correct, they may be speedily discharged—and those indebted to the estate, are solicited to pay what they owe with as little delay as conveniently can be, as we are desirous of paying the several legacies of our testator as expeditiously as possible.

JOHN RICHARD,
PETER J. CHEVALLIE, *
Executors of Joseph Gallego, dec.
August 28. 33..tf

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.—Ranaway early in the month of November last, from the subscriber, living near Warminster, in the county of Nelson, two likely slaves, AARON and CRITTA:—

Aaron was seen the last of November, with a free pass, near Columbia; on his way, it is believed, to Richmond; and where, it is probable, he now is; having some relations and acquaintances there. He is a bright mulatto, 35 years of age, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, left handed, remarkably parrot toed, with two very visible scars on his face, one on his left jaw, the other under his right eye. When spoken to, he is generally hurried, if not stammering in his utterance.

Critta, the wife of the abovementioned fellow, is of dark complexion, small stature, with nothing very distinguishable about her, except a downcast look when spoken to, and rather a drawling manner of speaking.

Twenty Five Dollars will be given for the apprehension and delivery to me of either of the said slaves; and *Fifteen Dollars* for each, (paying all reasonable charges) if secured in any jail so that I get them again.

April 20. 112..tf SAMUEL J. CABELL.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that from this day henceforth, I will not consider myself bound by any contract or contracts which may be made by George Blakey, Esq. of the county of Henrico, touching my affairs. I pronounce him no longer my steward, trustee, or the manager of my affairs. I hereby pronounce void and of no effect, all contracts existing between said Blakey and myself, or any third person, for the benefit of said Blakey or his children. All persons indebted to me, will make payment to me in person, as I shall not consider my debtor exonerated from his debt by any receipt hereafter to be given by said George Blakey.

P. J. LIGHTFOOT.
Charles City, April 20. 112..3t*

TO GENTLEMEN FREEHOLDERS—Whose wood lands are convenient to this city, or to James river. We, the subscribers, give this early notice, that we wish to be supplied in the ensuing season with six to eight hundred cords of well cured OAK BARK—for which the following liberal prices will be paid on its delivery, in good order, and well packed, at our respective tanyards, or at the nearest boat landing thereto, during all the months of April, May and June next, ensuing, viz:

For Black and Red	Oak Bark,	$ 6	per cord
Willow	do. do.	8	
Spanish	do. do.	9	
Young Chesnut	Oak do.	10	

N. B. The bark brought in boats will be measured in the boats, and received without charge for its cartage to the tanyards.

B. TATE & CO.
Feb. 20. 93(2)t1J EWING & DOBIE.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.....Will be sold at Nelson Courthouse, on MONDAY, the 24th day of MAY NEXT, (being court day) to the highest bidder, on a credit of one, two, three and four years, for good personal security, or a deed of trust to secure the payments, to carry interest from the date until paid, my tract of LAND, lying in said county, on Rockfish river, 8 miles north of the courthouse, and 20 from Warren. This tract contains about 1000 acres; 60 or 70 of which are prime lowgrounds; the balance excellent high land, particularly adapted to the culture of corn, wheat and tobacco. The improvements are not considerable, but the land is well watered and timbered, with a good apple orchard thereon.—Possession will be given on the 1st day of January next, with the privilege of seeding, and making any improvements; and the purchaser can be accommodated on liberal terms, with the crop, horses, cattle, tools, &c. then on the plantation. Presuming, however, that none will purchase without viewing the premises, a farther description is deemed unnecessary. The land will be shewn at any time to those inclined to purchase. WM. A. SHELTON.

Nelson, March 26. 105..tds

FOR RENT OR LEASE—The new brick tenement of the subscribers, on Bollingbrook street, intended for a TAVERN, together with extensive stables, and a house detached for the residence of the tenant. There are thirty rooms in the main building, with a fireplace in each. The ordinary room will conveniently accommodate sixty persons at one table. The property will be ready for the reception of a tenant by the first of June next, at farthest.... Apply to

DUNLOP & ORGAIN.
Petersburg, April 6. 108..tf

LYNCHBURG MARBLE.

THE subscribers having put their *Marble Mill* in operation, are prepared to execute with skill and dispatch, orders for chimney-mantles, hearths, steps, tombstones, sills, &c. &c. The mill is situated on the bank of James river; orders therefore from Richmond, Petersburg and Norfolk, can be filled at little expence of freight

This, it is believed, is the first and only establishment of the kind in Virginia; and as the citizens have now an opportunity of furnishing themselves with these useful and ornamental articles of fine quality, the production of their own state, the proprietors cannot but indulge a hope that they will meet liberal encouragement.

P. S. A *Quarrier* who can come well recommended, will receive liberal wages.

Samuel Christopher & Jordan Anthony.
Lynchburg, Sept. 29. 42..1s

THE subscriber has for sale—Pennsylvania whiskey; Jamaica, West India and New England rum; cordials in barrels; country brandy; Philadelphia beer; molasses; Madeira and Champaigne wine; Claret in cases and barrels; loaf and brown sugars; prime coffee; segars; sallad oil; brandy fruits; aniseed cordial; candles; Beck's patent shot; Nitre Hall gunpowder; nails and brads from the Phœnix works; hollow ware castings; Gleason's patent cooking stoves; maleable zinc, in sheets and in blocks; an invoice of saddlery; an invoice of China ware; superfine broad cloths; family flour, &c. &c.

Also, an invoice of FRENCH GOODS, consisting of silk velvets, sattins, ribbons, curtain fringes, sewing silks, paper hangings—silver and gilt watches, &c.

March 19. 103..tf M. B. POITIAUX.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.—Ranaway from the subscriber on the 1st inst. a negro man named HENRY, belonging to the estate of ——— Beasley, dec. near Chesterfield courthouse, at which place I hired him for the present year. Henry is about 18 or 20 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, of slender make, thin visage, slothful walk, slow of speech; some of his teeth are decayed—his clothing principally homespun.—I expect he will lurk about Richmond, Petersburg, and the neighborhood of Chesterfield courthouse, as he has acquaintance at all those places....I will give the above reward to any person who will deliver said negro to me, or secure him in any jail so that I get him before his term expires. ROBERT COUSINS.
Amelia, April 16. 111..16t

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD—Will be given for apprehending and securing in jail, so that I get him again, negro man GEORGE, who ranaway from my residence in Goochland on 28th March last. He is a very likely black fellow, strong made, about 21 or 22 years old, and 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high. He carried away with him a blue cloth Sunday coat, together with his working clothes. George was out nearly all of last year, employed in the neighborhood of Cuckoo, Louisa, as a ditcher, and was about two weeks ago taken out of Staunton jail. Being a very crafty fellow, should he be apprehended and not well secured, he will make his escape. THO: MILLER.
La Vallee, (Goochland,) March 29.

N. B. George was again, about a week ago, taken out of Staunton jail, and made his escape about 20 miles this side of Staunton, in the neighborhood of which place he is probably lurking. T. M.
April 16. 111..tf

☞ *The Editor of the Staunton Observer will please insert the above three times, and forward his account for payment to the subscriber, living near Goochland courthouse.* *THO: MILLER.*

NOTICE.—By virtue of a deed of trust executed to the subscribers by John T. Duke—Will be sold to the highest bidder, for ready money, at the tavern of Mr. Nathaniel Thompson, in Hanover county, on *Saturday, the 1st day of May next*, a certain piece or parcel of LAND, lying in said county, on which said Duke resides, containing 40 acres, more or less; or so much thereof as may be necessary to answer the purposes of the trust and the expenses of the sale—We, making the sale as trustees, will only convey such title to the land as is vested in us as such.

J. W. ELLIS,
THO: G. TINSLEY, } Trustees.
April 16. 111..4t

DOCK STOCK FOR SALE.—From 50 to 100 *Shares* in the Richmond Dock, may now be bought on terms more advantageous to the purchaser, than in all probability they can ever be bought again. A considerable amount would be taken in good pine plank and scantling, suitable for building; and the proportion to be paid in money, will, if required, be divided into sundry light payments; the whole whereof, may not be wanting in less than eighteen months. There cannot be a doubt but this stock will be highly profitable, and a purchaser of the shares now offered will most likely draw an interest from them in a very short time, as the Dock is fast advancing to its completion. Apply to
April 2 107..tf JOHN BOSHER.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER proposes to sell the TRACT of lying in the county of Buckingham, on which he resides, two miles from New Canton and James river, and in the neighborhood of several manufacturing mills; containing about 900 acres, of which 400 are in woods, the general character of which is good tobacco land, while the open land produces good crops of grain, and white clover. This land is intersected by a creek, which has on its borders 60 or 70 acres of very fertile flat ground. The improvements are extensive and various, calculated for the accommodation of a large family and the securement of large crops. This property will be sold privately, for which one third of the purchase money will be required on the delivery of possession, and the remainder in two equal annual payments.

Adjoining the above is a tract of 246 acres—the wood land of which will produce fine tobacco. The improvements are a tolerable dwelling house, other houses, and good orchards. SMITH PAYNE.
March 6 99..tds*tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber wishes to dispose of his property lying in the county of Powhatan, on the waters of Fighting creek. This tract of LAND contains 504 acres—one third of which is heavily timbered, and prime tobacco land. What is cleared is generally fresh, and in an improved state of cultivation. It is situated 27 miles from Richmond, 5 from the courthouse, and 1½ from Appomattox river.—This farm possesses numerous advantages to one who wishes to hold landed property. The hands and stock of every kind would be sold with the land, provided the terms could be agreed on. GEO. MARKHAM.
April 2. 107..16t*

FOR LEASE, for a term of years from the 1st of May next, those valuable MERCHANT MILLS called the "*Mayo Mills.*"—They are situated opposite to the city of Richmond, on the bank of James river, from which they are most abundantly supplied with water at all seasons of the year. The situation of these mills I consider superior to any I ever saw. The facility of transporting by water the wheat crops which grow above and below the falls, to the mill doors, together with the opportunity of purchasing the wheat which is bro't by land from the south side of the river, ensure to any capitalist disposed to embark in the manufacturing of flour, all the advantages in point of grain and milling power which can be desired.—Vessels drawing ten feet of water can lay at the wharf about two hundred yards from the mills, from which the flour is shipped to a foreign market. These mills have hitherto been in the occupancy of Messrs. Myers, Marx & Co.—If preferrad, I would dispose of the above mills on terms advantageous to the purchaser.—There are many mill sites attached to them, with water sufficient to supply all the machinery which may be erected thereon.

Should I not meet with a purchaser of this valuable property before the first of May next, I shall then be ready to lease, for a term of years, the mill sites, with any quantity of water that may be required.

E. C. MAYO.

☞ *The Editors of the Baltimore American and Philadelphia Democratic Press, will please to insert the above advertisement for two weeks in their respective papers, and forward their bills to E. C. M.*
Feb. 2. 85..tf

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.—Ranaway from the subscriber living in Bedford county, on the 13th Dec. a negro man named NED—Dark complexion, stout made, about 6 feet high, has very large teeth, aged 35 years—His clothing consists of a suit napt cotton, a blue broadcloth frock coat, a blue homespun great coat.—I recently purchased him of Mr. Hankin of Williamsburg, and am convinced it is his intention to return. I will give the above reward, and all reasonable expences, if delivered at my plantation near Lynchburg. PATRICK P. BURTON.
Bedford county, Feb. 23. 94..tf

SPANISH HIDES.—We shall receive in a few days, 4000 very prime Buenos Ayres OX HIDES—which will be sold on *reasonable* terms, at our store.
Dec. 29. 70..tf RALSTON & PLEASANTS.

NOTICE.......On the 19th day of April, I took from John Wood's boat, Harry, head man, 24 flooring plank—And on the 20th, I took from Milliner Cox's George, one small bag of oats, and one of meal—And on the same day, I took from Moses Henley's boat, three bags of corn, about 4 bushels in all. This is to inform the persons losing such things, to call and see them, prove property, pay charges, and take it, or I will sell them agreeably to law. WM. PIGGOTT,
April 23. 113..w4w *Inspector of Boats, Locks.*

MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a decree of the superior court of chancery for the Richmond district, made on the 1st day of July, 1818, in the case of Nicholas, Attorney General, against Walden's administrators—Will be sold, at King William Courthouse, on *Monday the 24th day of May next*, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, 2 valuable NEGRO MEN, who are said to be good sawyers, and excellent crop hands. J. GUERRANT, M. S. C. C. R. D.
April 23. 113..tds

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.—Ranaway from the service of Thomas Fowler, about 12 months ago, a negro man named DAVY, belonging to the estate of Wm. Salmon, dec. He is about 20 years old, dark complexion, and about a middle stature. His mother belongs to a Mrs. Bernard, residing in Lynchburg, where it is probable he may be found, as he has shown a disposition to go on the river as a boatman......The above reward will be given, if delivered to me, or $ 20 if secured in any jail so that I get him again.

JOHN LEWIS, *Guardian*
for the orphans of Wm. Salmon, dec.
Goochland, April 23. 113..12t*

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.—Ranaway from the subscriber on the 14th Sept. last, in Buckingham county, Va. near Bent Creek, a negro man by the name of CHARLES, sometimes calls himself *Charles Wilson* aged about 22 years; he is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of black complexion, long face, fore teeth fractured; inclined to be bow-legged; rather a down look, but fierce when spoken to. I expect said Charles has assumed some other name, and is passing for a free man and perhaps has free papers to substantiate such pretensions.....I will give the above reward for said negro, either delivered to me, or secured in jail so that I get him again. All persons are strictly forewarned from harboring or employing said slave at the peril of the laws. SAMUEL PANKEY.
Feb. 16. 91..wtf

IN CHANCERY.—Fluvanna county court, February 22, 1819.

George Gilmer, John Gilmer, Peachy R. Gilmer, Francis W. Gilmer, Peter Minor and Lucy, his wife, late Lucy Gilmer, heirs and representatives of George Gilmer, dec. *Plaintiffs,*

AGAINST

Richard Sampson, *Defendant.*

The plaintiffs' bill being filed, and the defendant not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that he is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiffs, by their counsel, *It is Ordered*, That the said defendant do appear here on the 4th Monday in May next, and answer the plaintiffs' bill; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper printed in the city of Richmond, and continued for eight weeks successively; and also that another copy thereof be posted at the front door of the courthouse of this county. A copy, Teste,

JOHN TIMBERLAKE, C. C.
March 16. 102..w8w*

VIRGINIA.—At a superior court of chancery holden at the Capitol in the city of Richmond, the 23d day of February, 1819—

On the petition of Thomas Ladd, Lemuel Crew, and Fleming Bates, trustees appointed by this court, for certain slaves, that were of the estate of Izard Bacon, dec. and by his will directed to be emancipated; the court doth order, that the creditors of Izard Bacon, if any, do shew cause on the first day of the next term, why the negroes of the said Bacon, who have been emancipated, should not thereafter be removed out of the state, agreeably to the act of Assembly, in that case lately made and provided; and it is further ordered that this order be published eight weeks, in one or more of the Richmond newspapers. A copy, Teste,
March 26. 105..w8w WM. W. HENING, c. c.

VIRGINIA.—At rules holden in the clerk's office of the superior court of chancery for the Richmond district, the 25th day of February, 1819—

Wm. J. Freeland............................*Plaintiff,*

AGAINST

Richard Henry............................*Defendant.*

The defendant not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country, *It is Ordered*, That the said defendant, do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Richmond, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Capitol, in the said city.

A Copy, Teste, WM. W. HENING, C. C.
March 26 105..w8w

IN CHANCERY.—At rules held in the clerk's office of the court of the United States, for the fifth circuit and Virginia district, the 8th day of March, 1819—

James Arthur, on behalf of Thomas Leiper, *Plaintiff,*

AGAINST

Francis J. Wiatt and Peter Wiatt, heirs at law of Wm. Wiatt, dec.................................*Defendants.*

The defendant Peter Wiatt, not having entered his appearance and given security according to a rule of this court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this state; on the motion of the plaintiff, by his counsel, *It is Ordered*, That the said defendant appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper printed in the city of Richmond, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Capitol in the said city. A copy, Teste,
March 23. 104..w6w RICHARD JEFFRIES, Clk.

IN CHANCERY.—At rules held in the clerk's office of the court of the United States, for the fifth circuit and Virginia district, the 8th day of March, 1819—

Robert Dunbar............................*Plaintiff,*

AGAINST

John Backhouse and Jane Backhouse, adm'or and adm'x, de bonis non, of John Backhouse, dec.; James Hunter and Martha Hunter, only surviving children, representatives and distributees of Wm. Hunter, dec.; Adam Hunter and Archibald Hunter, only children, representatives and distributees of Marianna Hunter, dec.; John Scott, sheriff of Caroline, adm'r of Taliaferro Hunter, and John M. Garnett and James Hunter, adm'ors of Muscoe G. Hunter; which Taliaferro and Muscoe G. Hunter, were also children, representatives and distributees of the said Wm. Hunter, dec.

Defendants.

The defendants John Backhouse, Jane Backhouse, Adam Hunter, and Archibald Hunter, not having entered their appearance and given security according to a rule of the court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this state, on the motion of the plaintiff, by his counsel, *It is Ordered*, That the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper printed in the city of Richmond, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Capitol in the said city. A copy, Teste,
March 23. 104..w8w RICHARD JEFFRIES, Clk.

VIRGINIA.—At a superior court of chancery holden at the Capitol in the city of Richmond, the 16th day of January, 1819—

Joanna Porter..................................*Plaintiff.*

AGAINST

Dabney M. Wharton, Austin Wharton and John Wharton.......................................*Defendants.*

This cause came on this day to be heard on the bill, answer, and exhibits, and was argued by counsel; on consideration whereof the court doth refer the accounts between the parties to one of its commissioners, who is directed to examine, state and settle the same, and make report thereof to the court, with any matters specially stated, deemed pertinent by himself, or which may be required by the parties to be so stated.

A copy, Teste, WM. W. HENING, C. C.

Commissioner's Office, Richmond, March 18, 1819.

The parties interested are desired to take notice that I have appointed Thursday, the 20th of May next, for commencing the accounts directed by the above order of the court; on which day at 9 o'clock, A. M. they are requested to attend at my office, in this city, with their accounts and vouchers ready for examination and settlement. JOHN BRYCE, M. C.
March 23. 104..w6w

VIRGINIA.—At rules holden in the clerk's office of the superior court of chancery for the Richmond district, the 25th day of March, 1819—

George Haley............................*Plaintiff,*

AGAINST

Jeremiah Burrows, and Patrick Coutts, *Defendants.*

The defendant Jeremiah Burrows, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country, IT IS ORDERED, That the said defendant do appear here on the tenth day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Richmond, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the capitol in the said city. A copy, Teste,
April 9. 109..w8w WM. W. HENING, C. C.

By the Governor of the Commonwealth of Virginia

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it appears by a certificate from the jailor of Fauquier county, that two persons confined in the jail of said county, convicted of horse stealing, named CHRISTIAN SNYDER, and WILLIAM E. FOX, did, on the night of the 23d ult. break and make their escape from the aforesaid jail, and are now going at large: I have therefore thought fit, by and with the advice of the council of state, to issue this proclamation, hereby offering a reward of TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS to any person or persons who shall apprehend and convey to the jail of Fauquier county aforesaid, the said Christian Snyder and Wm. E. Fox, or *One Hundred Dollars* for either of them:—And I do moreover require all officers, civil and military, and exhort the good people of this commonwealth, to use their best endeavors to apprehend, or cause to be apprehended, the said Christian Snyder and Wm. E. Fox, that they may be dealt with as the law directs.

Given under my hand as governor, and under
(Seal) the seal of the commonwealth at Richmond,
this 6th day of April, 1819.

JAMES P. PRESTON.

Christian Snyder is about 52 years, a stout square made man, about 6 feet 2 or 3 inches high, a Dutchman, talks broken English, has very large eyebrows, sharp nose and some broken teeth. Had on a coarse linen shirt, grey furze pantaloons, dark cloth surtout coat, a half worn black furred hat, and a good pair of lined and bound shoes.

Wm. E. Fox is about 54 or 55 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, has a small scar on his right jaw, occasioned by his jaw bone having been recently broken—long face, flabby jaws, prominent cheek bones...... Had on an old grey cloth coat and pantaloons, a half worn black furred hat, and a pair of good lined and bound shoes. April 9. 108..w4w

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RAPPAHANNOCK ACADEMY... The next session will commence on the 21st of April—And we embrace this opportunity to state, that the system which is adopted in this institution, both in relation to *discipline* and *instruction*, has been thus far attended with complete success; that the literary improvement of the students in general, and their regularity and correctness of conduct, have been (so far as our experience enables us to judge) unparalleled; and that we can, with confidence, recommend it to the notice of those who wish to place their sons in an institution where they will be systematically instructed, and subjected to strict and regular discipline.—We do not, however, *solicit* the public patronage either for ourselves or the institution; we scorn it:—We only wish those who are concerned to enquire and judge for themselves, and to act according to what they believe to be *their own interest, and that of their children.* We would, however, assure the patrons of this institution, that we shall make every exertion in our power to justify the confidence which they repose in us by placing their sons under our care.

A. FRENCH.
March 30. 106..w5w L. C. HOLCOMB.

B. H. BRADY—*Saddler* and *Harness Maker*, respectfully informs his *friends* and the public, that he has commenced the Saddling and Harness Making Business, in all its various branches, in the house lately occupied by E. Redford, next door to the Union Hotel, where he has a general assortment of SADDLES, BRIDLES, and HARNESS, on hand—and is still increasing his assortment; he also hopes that country merchants will give him a call, as well as those who want for their own use. He flatters himself from his attention and experience in the business to merit a share of the public patronage; and he can assure them that his work is made of as good materials as any in the city, and is executed in the best manner. Feb. 16. 91..wtf

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STOLEN from the subscriber's stable, about two and a half miles below the Double Bridges, in Lunenburg county, on the night of the 22d March, a large chesnut sorrel HORSE, (nicked) five years old, a few white spots upon his head.—A reward of TWENTY DOLLARS for said horse, and evidence to convict the thief, and *Ten Dollars* for the horse only.
April 20. 112..3t HENRY [illegible].