Richmond Dispatch.

TUESDAY MORNING.....NOV. 20 1860.

Chinese Military Character.

The Chinese have long had the reputation of being the greatest cowards in the world.—Whether this was ever true of any but the inhabitants of certain localities, such as Shanghai, is more than problematical. The obstinacy and destructiveness with which they carry on wars among themselves would seem to indicate as much pluck and stamina as any other people. They quailed at first before the superior discipline and armaments of the "outside barbarians," but it would seem from recent events that they have learned to face even the rifled cannon and scientific soldiership of more civilized nations. Their victory over the British squadron at the Pei-Ho forts in 1859, was an achievement of which the most warlike of the Western nations might have been proud, and though the positions they then so successfully defended have just been retaken by the allies, it has been at a cost of life to the assailants which demonstrates that the Chinese have become apt pupils in "the manly art of self-defence." The London *Times* growls savagely and dolefully over the dearly purchased victory. "That there should have been a hard fight of three hours," says the *Times*, "is not astonishing, even with the overwhelming force and the terrible warlike engines with which the commanders of the European forces were supplied. They may be reasonably supposed to have desired to acquire possession of the forts without cost of life to their own men, and to have made use of their arms of precision and rifled cannon, keeping their own men safe, and demonstrating to the enemy how useless farther resistance must be. *But that the allies should have, lost so many men in killed and wounded in this business, does certainly excite our astonishment*, and we shall wait with anxiety the arrival of our correspondent's account of the affair, which we hope may show that such an expenditure of life has not been unnecessarily incurred."

The *Times* inclines to the conclusion that if it be found necessary, in order to drive a Chinese force out of one of their ten thousand fortresses, the allies must incur such enormous cost and lose so many men, *war in China has entirely changed its character*, and the allies must apply themselves to reason upon that unpleasant fact. The Boyne forts, quoth the *Times*, were, to look at, as tremendous and impassable fortifications as could be built, yet the English used to go in and batter them down, periodically, with three or four ships of war. In the narrow waters of the Canton river, there were fortifications just as strong in guns and masonry as those which defeated the English last year, and which have since been retaken at such cost of life; yet every now and then, when a difficulty arose either an English or an American ship-of-war set the garrison scampering by a few shells.—"Now, it seems, all this is changed. *A fort in China is like a fort in Sebastopol*, and a Chinese enemy exhausts all the forms of European warfare. The enemy stipulates for the horrors of war, and retires with colors flying and gongs and tomtoms tormenting the atmosphere. It is plain, that as we continue these wars, we are either making them more difficult, or else we are breeding a race of Admirals and Generals who make more of a difficulty in the matter."

If articles of peace, as is deemed probable, have followed the military operations of the allies, the Chinese military character has suffered no damage from the collision. On the contrary, it is now demonstrated that the timidity formerly manifested by the Chinese towards European soldiers, was the result of the inexperience and ignorance of military science, as practiced by these nations, and the inferiority in efficient weapons as well as discipline. But they are apt pupils in the arts of war as well as of peace; and numbering a population of some three hundred millions, their military subjugation, if the allies ever attempt it, will prove no child's play.

Convening the Legislature.

At the present juncture and in view of the convening of the Legislature by the Governor, it may be of interest to refer to the Inaugural Message of Governor LETCHER, delivered January 7th, 1860. After setting forth the unfriendly legislation upon slavery of various non-slaveholding States, and the events threatening a dissolution of the Union, he asks, "What can be done to avert the danger?" and says:

"The only mode, therefore, of remedying the evil, the nature of which, *under the Constitution*, is provided in the fifth article thereof, is a Convention of all the States, that a full and free conference may be had between the representatives of the people, elected for this purpose, and thus ascertain whether the questions in controversy cannot be settled upon some basis mutually satisfactory to both sections. If such a Convention shall assemble, and after free and full consultation and comparison of opinions, they shall find that the differences between the slaveholding and non-slaveholding States are irreconcilable, let them consider the question of a peaceable separation, and the adjustment of all questions relating to the disposition of the common property between the two sections. If they can be reconciled, let them adjust the terms and give them such sanctions as will render them effective.

"I suggest, therefore, that you adopt resolutions in favor of the call of such a Convention, and appeal to the Legislatures of the several States to unite in the application proposed to be made to Congress, in the precise terms and form of the article aforesaid. If the non slaveholding States shall fail or refuse to unite in the application, such failure or refusal will furnish conclusive evidence of a determination on their part to keep up the fanatical warfare to continue their aggressions upon us. If the Convention shall assemble, the question cannot be satisfactorily adjusted, the people of the South will clearly understand what they are to expect in the future."

The 5th article, to which reference is made in the above extract, is as follows:

"The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to the Constitution; or, on the application of the Legislature of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of the Constitution, when notified by the Legislature of three-fourths of the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by Congress; provided, that no amendment which may be made prior to the year 1808, shall, in any manner, affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate."

(The first clause in the ninth section, here referred to, is that which, at the instance of Massachusetts, was adopted, declaring that the slave trade shall not be prohibited by Congress prior to 1808; the fourth directs that no capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.)

The Governor then proceeds to suggest that two of the most intelligent, discreet and experienced statesmen of Virginia shall be appointed, whose duty it shall be to visit the Legislatures of those States which have passed laws to obstruct the execution of the fugitive slave act, and insist, in the name of Virginia upon their unconditional repeal. In support of the suggestion of the appointment of a commissioner, Gov. LETCHER refers to a precedent in the history of our own State, in the appointment of the distinguished BENJAMIN WATKINS LEIGH, who was commissioned to visit the Legislature of South Carolina at the time of the controversy between that State and the Federal Government. The action of Virginia exerted a most happy influence at that period in preventing the threatened dissolution of the Union. The Message of Gov. LETCHER, which makes these recommendations, was delivered nearly a year ago, but we observe that much attention has been called of late to it in the Southern Atlantic States, and that its recommendations seem to be regarded with favor in influential quarters in that section.

The Spanish Navy.

Notwithstanding the supposed naval weakness of Spain, her navy is at this moment larger and more powerful than that of the United States. There are in serviceable condition 82 vessels, of which ten are ships of the line, mounting eighty-five guns each; four are frigates, rating from 32 to 42; four are corvettes, of from 16 to 30; nine are brigs, of from 10 to 20. There are three steam frigates and five schooners, all fitted with the screw, besides three paddle-wheel frigates, eight brigs and eighteen schooners. The *personnel* consists of about 14,000 sailors in active service, independent of six battalions of marines, numbering one thousand men each. There are also nearly one hundred thousand registered fishermen, and others, who could be drafted into the service.

The squadron which the Spanish government maintains in the Gulf of Mexico consists of no less than twenty men-of-war, of which eleven are steamers.

"New York Lies and British Errors."

Under this head, the Philadelphia *Inquirer* and other Northern journals, denounce, in emphatic terms, the abominable fabrication of the New York *Times'* correspondent in regard to an alleged insult to the Prince of Wales in this city. We have now some hopes that all the conservative and civilized portion of the American community will be disabused of the errors into which they have been led by one of the most scandalous and mendacious journals in the United States. For the opinion of any others we do not care a snap. We have some hopes, also, that the truth of this matter will also cross the ocean, and that the London *Times* will do justice to a community which received the Prince of Wales with respectful and universal courtesy. We cannot expect it to retract its own calumnies of Southern institutions generally, which were elicited and provoked by the alleged insult to the Prince. But that is a matter of little importance. If it will only acquit our people of being blackguards, we care not how much of a blackguard it may make of itself.

Mr. Platt's Lecture.

The lecture of Mr. PLATT, on Friday night last, was the first in the present season of the Young Men's Christian Association, and was listened to with evident pleasure by a highly intelligent and appreciative audience. It was a most scholar-like and elegant production, abounding with interest and instruction, adorned with forcible and happy illustrations, and sparkling with gems of fancy and eloquence. The manner of the speaker was graceful and impressive, and the whole performance one which reflected high credit upon himself, and entitles the Young Men's Christian Association to the thanks of the community for affording the public mind, so vexed with exciting and exhausting political topics, a refreshing feast of intellect and reasen.

THE ELECTION.—We do not republish our election table this morning. But one county was heard from yesterday—Pendleton—which gave Bell 16 more votes than was estimated in the reported vote. In 137 counties officially heard from, Bell has 171 majority—and in the 12 counties reported, but not official, Breckinridge has 77 majority, making a clear majority for Bell, in all, of 94. The five unheard from counties were carried by Goggin, by 74 majority. In the table published yesterday a mistake of 100 in favor of Bell was made in Scott county. The above summing up includes the correction of this mistake.

HARPER FOR DECEMBER.—We have received Harper's Magazine for December, from Messrs. WEST & JOHNSTON.

Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.

Feeling in Rockingham—Conservative Sentiment—Abolitionists Notified to Quit—Religious News, &c.

HARRISONBURG, Nov. 17, 1860.

The excitement occasioned by the election has nearly died away, and the people are settling down into their daily avocations. There is a great disposition existing among the people here to submit to the election of Lincoln. I have not seen a single person yet who is in favor of disunion. They want to wait for the "overt act" before resorting to extreme measures. When Lincoln commits any act aggressive to the South, this section will not only furnish sentiment for disunion, but matter to aid in its accomplishment.

A man named Price, a school teacher, living at Spartapolis, in this county, voted for Lincoln on the 6th inst. The next morning his school-house was deserted, and he found a note lying on his desk, requesting his absence from the county as soon as convenient. I understand he left the following day.

In our neighboring county, Shenandoah, Lincoln received thirteen votes. This county is the residence of Geo. Rye, the Black Republican Elector for this district. A letter I have just seen, from Woodstock, says: "The greatest indignation exists here against Geo. Rye, and you need not be surprised to hear of his ejectment from the county before many days."

A meeting was held in Woodstock on the 12th inst., at which a resolution was offered calling upon the Governor to convene the Legislature as soon as possible, to consider the action this State should take. There seems to be a strong disunion sentiment existing in Shenandoah.

In every portion of the county there exists a great interest on the subject of religion, and several interesting revivals of religion have been and are still in progress. At Dayton, the Rev. Geo. H. Ray, of the Virginia Conference, has just closed a series of meetings, during which ten or fifteen persons made a profession of religion. Rev. Mr. Lafferty, of the same Conference, is at present carrying on a meeting at Elk Run, and thirty or forty have professed. The United Brethren Ministers have a meeting at Hopkins' School-house, at which twenty-five or thirty were converted.

During the past two weeks there have been seven marriages in the county, and we are informed of nine more that will occur in the next fortnight. Our young men seem determined to prepare themselves for the blasts of winter.

Next Monday is Court day, and we will have an unusual large gathering of the hardy yeomanry of the Tenth Legion. We can then better find out the sentiment of the people.

SINGLESTICKS.

SOUTHERN LECTURES—*Mr. Baldwin.*—The following relative to the lecturers of the South, is taken from the Home Journal. It will be seen by an advertisement that Mr. Baldwin delivers a lecture upon "Cockney Travellers and others," at the Mechanics' Institute, on Friday night next:

W. Gilmore Simms, LL. D., and Paul H. Hayne, the poet, both of Charleston, South Carolina, and Oliver P. Baldwin, of Virginia, are among a list of lecturers announced to appear before various literary societies of the South during the coming winter. Most of the celebrated lecturers of the North have been so often before the public that they sometimes fail to draw paying audiences, and, in consequence, "lectures" are beginning to be pronounced unpopular. This state of feeling should not be allowed to continue, as there is no more pleasant and instructive way of passing a winter evening than in listening to the wisdom of sages, the wit of humorists, the eloquence of orators, or the honeyed words of poets. By introducing new celebrities to the public, the interest in lectures will be revived. The various lecturing committees throughout the Northern and Middle States will be acting wisely, we think, if they invite the gentlemen we have named above to appear before their several associations. Each of his especial walk is unrivalled; nor does either in any respect resemble the other.

PROF. J. D. ANDREWS, of New Orleans, would respectfully announce to the citizens of this place, that he is the AUTHOR of a NEW, CONCISE and EXPEDITIOUS METHOD of COMPUTING INTEREST, PER-CENTAGE and SHORT MULTIPLICATION, of incalculable advantage to all who have anything to do with accounts, which he is prepared to communicate to those who may favor him with an application at the *Exchange*, where he will remain *a few days only*. The system is simple, and in twenty minutes. Prof. A. has secured his methods by copy-right. Entire satisfaction given, or no charge made. Terms reasonable.

We, the undersigned, having been instructed by Prof J. D. ANDREWS, of New Orleans, in his New, Concise and Expeditious Methods of Computing Interest, Per centage and Short Multiplication, pronounce them the "*ne plus ultra*" in their line. The Professor is stopping at the Exchange.

J. R. GILL, J. M. GODDIN,
J. H. WEISIGER, R. T. REYNOLDS,
JNO. P. C. POTTS, WM. A. JENKINS,
R. H. STROTHER, J. H. BECK,
J. W. CARTER, B. T. WILKINSON.

BILL HEAD! BILL HEADS!!—The largest and most complet assortment of RULED PAPERS, for BILL HEADS, of various colors—Blue, White, Buff, Canary, Pink, and Purple—just received at THIS OFFICE. Merchants and others in want, can rely on getting a good article of Paper, and as cheap as they can be procured anywhere. Call and see specimens and prices. [ts]

J. C. REDWOOD,
RICHMOND, VA.,
GENERAL AGENT AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

Has removed his office to METROPOLITAN HALL, where he will be pleased to see his friends, and will attend, with promptness and punctuality, to any business confided to him. no 20—3t*

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—A DAILY UNION PRAYER MEETING is held at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association in GODDIN'S HALL.

Christians of all denominations, and strangers visiting the city, are cordially invited to attend. no 12—1m

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—An adjourned meeting of the stockholders of the RICHMOND AND YORK RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at WEST POINT, in the county of King William, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of December next, with the view of electing a President of the Company, and of adopting such measures of retrenchment and reform as the condition of the Company may indicate to be needful and proper. It is all important that the meeting be a full one, and Stockholders are earnestly requested to attend in person if possible; otherwise by proxy.

no 13—2awtd A. W. MORTON, Sec'y.

PERSONAL.

THE PERSON who, by mistake, took from St. Paul's Church a PURPLE SILK PARASOL, trimmed with black lace with a white ivory handle, will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at the Dispatch office. no 20—3t*

HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE, FOR DECEMBER, has received, and for sale at WEST & JOHNSTON'S Book and Stationery Store, 145 Main st. no 20—1t

COMMERCIAL.

Richmond Markets, November 19.

There is no new feature in commercial affairs.—The tightness and want of animation noticed for some time past, continue, and must continue while the present doubt and apprehension relative to political affairs and events agitate the public mind. Enterprise is trammelled; energy restricted. Men are timid about entering new plans and are indisposed to extend their present ones. The exchanges are getting involved; State currencies falling into trouble and giving trouble. State stocks and other stocks are falling. This kind of property, in a period of apprehension and national difficulty, is always first to feel the effects of commercial depression; but other species of property must experience the same fate. Sensible men indulge very discouraging forebodings, and express the greatest anxiety that something shall be done promptly, that we may know the worst, or avert the suffering which must come from the present state of public affairs if they continue. Virginia stocks fell to 89 in New York on Saturday, and we hear that there were sales on the street after the close of the Brokers' board, at 75. Of the currency of the Southern States, very little circulates in Virginia, save North and South Carolina notes. The former is 2 per cent. below par and the latter 5. Money is scarce here; but we notice the continued solvency of our mercantile classes. Indeed, they never were more solvent, if they ever were as much so. Nothing but the disturbing influences of the Northern crusade against the South, and the consequent excitement that prevails in the Southern States, affects their business at this time. How long these things must continue, and how far their consequences are to go, time alone can tell.

TOBACCO.—There is nothing doing of consequence, and we continue quotations, which are little more than nominal. We quote inferior *Lugs* at $2 25@2 50, good and fine $3@3 50; inferior *Leaf* $6@7, good $8@9; fine manufacturing scarce, price $12 50@20; good and fine English $6.50@10 50, fancy cases $20@90.

FLOUR.—There is nothing doing in Flour, though stocks of country are a little heavier.—They are still light, however. We simply renew quotations, viz: Superfine $6 50@6 75; Extra $7@7 25; Family $7 75. We quote sales to the trade.

WHEAT.—We quote cash sales of prime white at $1.40; and prime red at $1.20. On time we quote good to prime white $1.45@1.50; do. red $1.25@1.30. Market heavy.

CORN.—We quote 65@70c.; with the remark that only the smallest lots bring 70c. Market dull.

OATS.—We continue to quote 40c. ℔ bushel.

RYE.—75@80c. ℔ bushel.

BACON.—Market a little stiffer, with a very light stock. We quote sides 12½@12¾c.; shoulders 10¾@; plain hams 12@.; sugar-cured 13@13¾c.; Todd's sugar-cured 15c.

COFFEE.—We quote Rio 14½@15¾c.; Laguayra, none in market; Java 16¾@17 cts.; Mocha 18 cents. Market firm.

MOLASSES.—New Orleans 50@55—ts.; Cuba Muscovado, in hhds., 37½@38 cts., in bbls., 42@43c; English Island, 37½ cts.; Ochenhousen's, 28.

SUGARS.—New Orleans Sugar, none in market. Cuba 7¾@8¾c.; Porto Rico 8@9¼c., Lo.f 11¾@11¾c.; Crushed and Powdered 10¾@11c.; Coffee Sugar: A 10¼@10¾c; Extra C 9¾@10¼c.

WHISKEY.—Richmond rectified 20@21 cents; Stearnes' old malted rye $1 50; other qualities 75c. @1 50 per gallon.

CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP, &c.

BEEF.—Sales the latter part of last week at $3.25@4 per cwt. gross. Supply heavy.

VEAL—Out of season, but a few still command $3 to $8 per head.

SHEEP.—Supply moderate and qualities inferior. Sales at from $3 to $5 per head. By weight we quote $3 50 to $5 per cwt. gross.

HOGS.—Corn fed we quote at $8.25@8.50; others $8.

MONEY MATTERS—EXCHANGE.

NORTHERN EXCHANGE—On New York and Philadelphia ½@¾ ℔ cent.

Such of the Stock Bank notes and of the Bank of the Valley, as are not taken by the Banks, are at a discount of ½ ℔ cent.

The notes of the Trans-Alleghany Bank are 25 ℔ cent. discount. Bank of Kanawha, no sale.

Notes of the Bank of Weston and the Bank of Manassa, 15 per ct. dis.

North Carolina Bank Notes 2 per cent. discount, except the notes of the Manufacturers' and Planters' Bank of that State, which are 5 per cent. below par.

South Carolina Bank Notes 5 per cent. discount.

GOLD and SILVER ¼ per cent. prem.

The Baltimore American of yesterday, writing of commercial affairs, under date of Saturday, says:

Financial matters were rather gloomy to-day, and the market was evidently more feverish than it has been for a day or two past. The money market continues very stringent, and it is with great difficulty that even strictly first-class paper can be disposed of. Our banks continue to discount to a moderate extent. Gilt-edged first class paper may be quoted at 1¾ to 1¾ per cent; but capitalists, as a general thing, are disposed to invest, even at these high rates. The market for breadstuffs was again very heavy, and in order to effect sales, a further decline was submitted to on the part of holders. Grain of all kinds was also dull and drooping, and there seemed to be less demand for export to-day than has been the case any day for two or th ee weeks past. Nothing whatever done in any other branch of trade.

At the Stock Board to day there was quite a large business done, the sales adding up nearly $125,000. Railroad stocks were pretty active, but the market was decidedly weaker. The sales of Baltimore and Ohio went up 1,170 shares at $56¾ down to $55¾ cash and the opening, but they closed at $56 bid, $56¾ asked, a decline of $1 on yesterday's closing rates. Since the Board closed, we learn that several hundred shares were sold at $56. Pennsylvania Central do. were sumewhat active, sales of 1,100 shares at $14 regular way and buyer 3 days, and closed at $14 bid, $15 asked. Canton Company declined ¼ with sales of 100 shares at $14¾, and $15, and left off at $14¾ bid, $15 asked. All of the Mining stocks were very much firmness, and there was less disposition to force sales. Loans were pretty active, some $10,500 Baltimore city 6's having sold at $96¾ down to $96½ for 1890's, and $95 for 1875's. Railroad Bonds were quiet, and rather heavy. The New York stock market was very heavy to-day, and most of the sales were in a large way. Virginia 6's sold at a decline of 7; Missouri 6's at 2¾; Erie Railroad at 1¾; New York Central ½; Reading ½; Galena and Chicago 1¾, and Harlem ¾, closing heavy.

Northern Markets—[BY TELEGRAPH.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Money tight and unsettled. Stocks lower, with a panic at the Board; N. Y. Central 82, Missouri 6's 66. Cotton dull and nominal. Flour 10@20c. lower; Southern $5 25@$5 75. Wheat declined 2@4c. and unsettled; Western red $1.23@$1.25, white $1.35@$1.40. Corn lower; mixed 65@67, yellow Southern prime 68—Prime white $1.02@$1.05. Rosin dull at $1.90@2.20. Sugar heavy and nominal. Turpentine quiet at $1.37@$1.40. Rosin dull at 40. Rice heavy at 3¾@4¼.

$20 REWARD.—Escaped from Mr. Benjamin Davis' Jail, Monday morning, between the hours of five and six o'clock, a NEGRO MAN AND WOMAN, and may be together. The man, NED, is black, about 30 years old, 5 feet 10 inches high, slightly bow legged, about 5 feet 4 inches high, and many of his upper teeth out on one side, a scar on his cheek. He had a bundle of clothes with him, a drab overcoat, grey pants and black pea jacket among them. The woman, POLLY, is a bright mulatto, about 22 years of age, upper front teeth very bad, one eye cocked, about five feet four inches high, good head of hair. She has with her several articles of clothing, among them one plaid and one dark merino dress. The above reward will be paid for the delivery of both, or $10 each.

PULLIAM & CO.,
no 20—ts HECTOR DAVIS.

OYSTERS.—Those in want of a superior YORK RIVER OYSTER, come down to the schr. MARY ANN, in the Dock, near the Bridge.
no 20—1t* CAPT. HENDERSON.

CHICKAHOMINY AND JAMES RIVER LINE—HO FOR WINDSOR SHADES.—The Steamer A. H. SCHULTZ will leave her wharf at Rocketts to-morrow (WEDNESDAY) morning, at 6 o'clock. D. J. HILL,
no 20—1t Master.

FOR CHARTER—To load FLOUR or GRAIN to GREAT BRITAIN, the first class Bark INDIA, 420 tons, now discharging cargo at Norfolk. Apply to
no 20—2t* D. J. BURR REEVE.

LAND IN WESTERN VIRGINIA, FOR SALE.—Some valuable tracts of LAND in Jackson, Gilmer and other counties, well suited for grazing and farming purposes. The owner not being a resident of this State, and unable to give the necessary attention to this property, will dispose of it *in quantities to suit purchasers*, at a very low price.

For particulars, please address Dr. J BYRNE, care of Dr. WM. W. PARKER, Richmond, Va.
no 20—3taw2w

FOR LEASE—A comfortable DWELLING, above the Central Railroad Depot, containing 4 rooms, kitchen, well of good water in the yard, garden, &c. The above named property can be leased for five years, on application to no 20—3t ED. D. EACHO.

FOR RENT—Two desirable HOUSES, in a quiet neighborhood, suitable for small families, on 15th street, near the depot of the Central Railroad Company. These Houses are in good repair, and to permanent tenants the rent will be low. Apply to FRANCIS T. ISBELL,
no 20—3t* At the office of J. M. Taylor & Son.

ARMORY YOUNG GUARD, } RICHMOND, Nov. 20th, 1860. }

Order No. 38.

Assemble THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, for drill and business in fatigue caps. Delinquent non-attendance at drills and parades must attend this evening, or they will be stricken from the roll.

By order Capt. JNO. S. RADY.
no 20—1t* A. V. ENGLAND, 1st Serg't.

HDQRS. "F" CO., 1st REG. VA. VOLS., } RICHMOND, Nov. 19th, 1860. }

Order No. 10.

This command will assemble for Drill, at Military Hall, on TUESDAY, Nov. 20th, at 7½ o'clock P. M. By order of the Captain.
no 20—1t EDWARD MAYO, 1st Serg't.

HEADQ'RS CO. "I," 1st REG. VA. VOLS., } RICHMOND, Nov 19, 1860. }

Order No. LXII.

Assemble at Schad's Hall this (TUESDAY) evening, 20th inst., at 7½ o'clock, for Company Drill. By order of Capt. MORRIS.
no 20—1t* D. A. TYREE, 2d Serg't.

BACON, LARD, &c.—
25 hhds. HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES and BREASTS.
50 bbls. LEAF LARD.
200 bbls. REFINED SUGARS.
100 boxes FIRE CRACKERS.
30 packages prime BUTTER.
50 bbls. Frost's BUCKWHEAT.
200 bbls. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 MACKEREL.
50 boxes RAISINS.
Receiving and for sale by
no 20—4t WM. H. TYLER, 13th street.

NOTICE.—I have this day appointed JULIUS NORBERG my agent to carry on and conduct the CONFECTIONERY BUSINESS, in the city of Richmond, in the store and house where the said JULIUS NORBERG now resides, on the Main street, in Rocketts, or any other store in the city to which the said JULIUS NORBERG may remove, to buy and sell for cash only.

no 20—3t* ANTON SAUSCH

MARRIED,

On the 15th inst., at the residence of the Minister, by the Rev. Mr. Bennett, Mr. JAS. M. BARLOW and Miss LEVINIA C. PEARMAN, both of Henrico county, Va.

In Washington, D. C., on the 1st inst., by the Rev. B. T. Bittinger, Mr. FRED. C. BRAUER and Miss ADDIE EZEKIEL, both of this city.

Staunton (Va.) papers please copy.

On the 13th inst., at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. A. W. Miller, Mr. F. N. STRUDWICK, of Alabama, and Miss ROSA B. SPOTSWOOD, daughter of the late Dandridge Spotswood, of Petersburg, Va.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF RICHMOND, NOVEMBER 19

High Water this day (Tuesday) 9¾ o'clock.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Yorktown, Parrish, New York, mdse and passengers, Ludlam & Watson.

Steamer City of Richmond, Mitchell, Philadelphia, mdze. and passengers, C. P. Cardozo.

Steamer Geo. Peabody, Pritchard, Baltimore, mdze. and passengers D. & W. Currie.

Bark Clara Haxall, Dutton, New York, hay, R. H. Whitlock & Son.

Br. bark Jane Brown, Browne, City Point, to finish unloading salt, E. W. de Voss & Co.

Schr. Convoy, Merrill, Rockland, lime, Libby & Burton.

Schr. Georgia, Packard, Jacksonville, lumber, S. C. Robinson.

Schr. Olivia, Curtis, Hampton, wheat and corn, Haxall, Crenshaw & Co.

Schr. R. P. Waller, Lively, James River, wheat, Selden & Miller.

Schr. J. W. Stiles, Scott, Eastern Shore, oats and potatoes, A. Millspaugh.

CLEARED.

Steamship City of Richmond, Mitchell, Philadelphia, mdze. and passengers, C. P. Cardozo.

Schr. Manchester, Nelson, New York, mdze., D. & W. Currie.

Schr. Revenue, Gandy, down the river, light.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 19.—Arr'd, bark Palladin, Richmond; brig John Geddess, do. Cl'd, bark Kate Lincoln, Norfolk.

BAHIA, Oct. 11.—Arr'd, bark Winnifred, Richmond.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Cl'd, schr. Sea Witch, Norfolk.

PASSENGERS PER STEAMSHIP YORKTOWN, PARRISH, Master, from New York:

A. Petrie, James Little, C. H. Manson, W. P. Mason, E. Chase, Mrs. Egans and child, Captain Jan Name, Joseph Simpson, John W. Rogers, J. R. Whitehead, Miss Whitehouse, Mrs. Broadstreet, Miss M. A. Smith, Mrs. Trenyan, A. Mannoni, A. Roop, J. Roop, A. M. Hawkins, Miss Pittman, Miss Rowland, J. O. Ehuerts, O. Hagarty, J. L. Wicks, J. E. Wicks, Miss Kelly, Miss J. A. Briuant, S. D. Arrowsmith, J. De Launey, A. B. Friant, C. C. Hughes, Miss Norton, Mrs. Hughes, Mrs. C. Baker, S. H. Cadwell, lady and child, Geo. T. Patton and lady, Mrs. Dod and family, G. S. Gholston, J. T. Powell, D. C. Ferguson and lady, F. Ferguson, Wm. Potter, Miss King, Master King, Mr. Gee, Miss Heath, J. G. Williams, W. M. Whitmore, W. C. Maitland and wife, Miss Maitland, Miss M. C. Maitland, A. Hall, Sam'l Kelly, C. J. Oliver, and 33 steerage passengers.

Also, from Norfolk, J. M. Bernard, Marmaduke Johnson, W. J. Brough, J. N. Brough, Mrs. Emery.

SERVANTS FOR HIRE & SALE.

COOK FOR SALE.—Any one in want of a good Female COOK, without incumbrance, can be supplied at GRAY'S Jail, on Cary street; also, a No. 1 CARPENTER—both of which will be sold on accommodating terms. no 20—eots

FOR HIRE—A strong, able-bodied NEGRO MAN, for the balance of the year, who is said to be a good hack driver. RO. B. LYNE,
no 20—2t* Agent for Hiring out Negroes, Metropolitan Hall.

FOR HIRE—For the balance of the year, a MAN, accustomed to DINING-ROOM SERVICE, and is a very good negro. Apply to
no 19—3t ALFRED L. HOLLOWAY, 12th street.

FOR HIRE—For the balance of the year, a young and active WOMAN, accustomed to general house work. Apply to
no 19—3t WM. S. PHILLIPS, On 12th, bet'w'n Main and Bank sts.

A NO. 1 CARPENTER FOR SALE.—We have for private sale, a likely NEGRO MAN, 30 years of age, who is a No. 1 CARPENTER; of good moral character, and sold for no fault. Apply to PULLIAM & CO.,
oc 18—ts Odd Fellows' Hall, Franklin st.

COOK FOR SALE.—We have for sale a young NEGRO WOMAN, aged twenty years. She is an A No. 1 Bread, Meat and Pastry Cook, and good Washer and Ironer.
PULLIAM & CO., Aucts.,
se 15—ts Odd Fellows' Hall, Franklin st.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—The subscribers, having taken the house of Jos. H. Crenshaw, Esq., on Main street, between 6th and 7th, inform their friends and the public that they will be prepared to receive boarders on the 1st of October.

The house is in excellent repair, and fitted up with every convenience for the comfort of its inmates. It is pleasantly situated, and convenient to the business part of the city. Several day boarders can be accommodated.

R. B. MURRAY,
se 18—3tawts M. J. MURRAY.

BOARDING.—One or two DESIRABLE ROOMS vacant at the EDGEMONT HOUSE, between 6th and 7th streets. oc 12—ts

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.—Escaped from the old jail of Henrico county, on the night of the 14th inst., JOSEPH EUBANK, a white man, convicted by the County Court of Henrico county of a misdemeanor, and sentenced to six months' imprisonment. The said EUBANK is about 40 years old, 5 feet 10 inches high, with a very full black beard, covering nearly his whole face. He was dressed in a black frock coat, grey pants, and slouched white hat. Whoever will return the said EUBANK to the jail of said county, will receive the above reward.

no 19—ts JOHN A. HUTCHESON, S. H. C

BEAUTIFUL AND CENTRAL BUILDING LOTS, CORNER BROAD AND CAPITOL AND 10TH STS., FOR RENT OR SALE.—These building lots, fronting 54 feet on Capitol and Broad streets respectively, and 140 feet on 10th street, are, for private or public purposes, unequalled by any other in the city. Surrounded by streets on three sides, and fronting the Capitol Square, they present rare attractions. They will be rented on liberal terms or sold on a long credit.
no 19—ts J. B. WATKINS.

BED BLANKETS.—LEVY has now in store a large stock of fine and medium quality Bed Blankets, which he will sell at surprisingly low prices. Also, Negro Blankets, both white and grey, of all qualities, to be sold at the lowest cash prices. Persons having any of the above to purchase can depend on finding the cheapest and best assortment at LEVY'S. Also, Negro Clothing by the piece or yard, comprising Kerseys, Plaids, Tweeds, Full Cloths and various other goods suitable for Negro Clothing, all of which will be sold at prices that cannot fail to ensure general satisfaction. Be sure to go to LEVY'S, 15 Main street.

200 BOXES GROUND PEPPER, Coffee and Mustard; 1,000 reams Cap, Letter and Wrapping Paper; 200 boxes, 5 lbs. each, of Indigo, Fig Blue and Nutmeg; 300 pkgs. Chewing Tobacco; also, Havana and Principe and Domestic Cigars; Snuff, Pipes, Cotton Twine, Rope and Cord, Rice Admantine and Tallow Candles; Pale Brown Yellow, Black and Toilet Soaps, Teas, Coffees, Vinegar, Molasses Salt, &c., and everything usually kept in a wholesale Grocery Furnishing Store. For sale cheap by
no 19—3t WM. WALLACE SONS.

LADIES' WEAR.—Ladies' Merino Vests and Drawers; Ladies' Silk Vests and Drawers; Ladies' Linen Chemise; Ladies' Linen Collars and Sleeves; Ladies' Imperial Skirts; Ladies' Lace Setts, Collars and Sleeves; Ladies' Breakfast Setts and Collars; Ladies' white and black Crape Setts; Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs; Lace Handkerchiefs; Cambric and Linen Edges and Insertings; Gloves and Hosiery in all styles; Children's Hosiery, a full assortment; Goods for families, in every variety. A full stock at 99 Main st.
CHRISTIAN & LATHROP.

I DO HEREBY CERTIFY that I have used Messrs DUVAL & NORTON'S HORSE TONIC, and find, from experience, that it has never failed to cure any internal disease that horses or mules are subject to, as I have tried it to my entire satisfaction in all cases, and can recommend all persons who have horses, mules or cattle, to give it a trial. WM. B. HALL,
Southampton co., Nov. 13th, 1860.

UNCURRENT MONEY.—We are taking to-day, at par, South Carolina, North Carolina and uncurrent Virginia Bank Notes, either in payment on account or in payment for Goods. We invite our friends, customers, and the public generally, to give us a call.
WM. WALLACE SONS.
Richmond, Nov. 20th, 1860.

YEAST POWDERS—At 16 cents per box—They are cheaper than any other, and equal to the best. Also, fresh Acorn Coffee; pure Chocolate; Cocoa; Broma, and Coxe's Sparkling Gelatine. L. WAGNER, Druggist,
Corner 6th and Broad sts.

WM. WALLACE'S PURE MOUNTAIN DEW WHISKEY; Richardson's, Onondago, Tuscaloosa, Black's and other brands Old Rye Whiskey; 300 bbls. Brandy and Gin, Cordial and Sweet Wine; 500 bbls. common Whiskey, various brands; fine Brandies and Wines. For sale by
WM. WALLACE SONS.

TO TOBACCONISTS.—We have in store and for sale low, a large stock of Olive Oil, Tonqua Beans, Gum Arabic, Flavoring of all kinds, Branding Brushes, Inks, &c., suitable for Tobacconists' use. For sale by
W. PETERSON & CO., 155 Main st.

PLANTATION CIGARS.—Just to hand a lot of Plantation Cigars, of superior quality, to which we invite the attention of smokers. Also, a lot of very fine Havana Cigars. For sale by
W. PETERSON & CO., 155 Main st.

FIRE-PROOF PAINT—For roofs and outhouses; Colorings of all kinds; Paint Brushes; Sash Tools; Varnishes; Turpentine; Zinc in oil, of different grades. For sale by
W. PETERSON & CO., 155 Main st.

GAS FIXTURES.—Some new and beautiful styles of Gas Chandeliers, Kerosine Oil Chandeliers, Pendants, &c., just received, to which we invite the attention of purchasers.
STEBBINS, PULLEN & CO.,
Corner 9th and Broad sts.

FENDERS.—Bronzed Iron Fenders, of various sizes; Wire and Brass Fenders; Nursery Fenders; Coal Hods, of Brass, Copper and Iron; Grate Guards; Cinder Shovels, &c.; for sale by
THOS. A. BULKLEY & CO.

FINE CHEWING TOBACCO—A very large stock of the most popular brands, which we will sell at manufacturers' prices.
DOVE & CO., Druggists.

DOVE & CO.'S COMP'D SYR. SARSAPARILLA—Every bottle warranted to contain the virtues of a pound of the root. Prepared and for sale by DOVE & CO., Druggists.

OYSTER DISHES—A full supply of Oyster and Steak Dishes, for sale at the house-furnishing store of THOS. A. BULKLEY & CO.

HAIR OIL, POMADES, RESTORERS, &c.—A supply of the most approved always for sale by DOVE & CO., Druggists.

COAL OIL.—A very superior article, for sale by DOVE & CO., Druggists.

MUTTON SUET.