

The Chicago Eagle

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

HENRY F. DONOVAN.

An Independent Newspaper of Fearless and Truthful.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES \$2.00 PER YEAR

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO
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Breastbeat Corner Washington St. and 5th Ave.

(Entered at the postoffice, Chicago, Illinois,
as second-class mail matter.)

**LARGEST
WEEKLY CIRCULATION
IN CHICAGO.**

THE REGISTRATION AND THE APPROACHING ELECTION.

The fact that there was a light registration last Tuesday is not to be taken that the people are taking no interest in this fall's election.

The party managers on both sides have followed the plan this year of making the campaign a short one, but now that it has been actually opened there is no doubt that the public will be thoroughly aroused to the importance of the issues, and that a heavy vote will be cast election day.

This is but right for the election of a good judiciary is always of vital importance to the people.

The drainage question, as we have said in these columns before, is also one of great importance to the taxpayer.

There never has been a drainage election in Chicago when it has been so essential that a first-class board be put in office.

It is therefore not unlikely that the voters will turn out in large numbers on election day, and that a heavy vote and one fully representative of the electorate will be cast.

There are excellent candidates in the field, and if the voters do their duty our judiciary will be strengthened and an excellent Board of Sanitary Trustees elected this fall.

JAPAN'S MAGNANIMITY.

Japan made a magnificent reply to the charge that it was commercializing war. It waived entirely its demand for a money indemnity from Russia, granting peace on terms which cause the Russian plenipotentiary to declare that he "could not anticipate such a great and happy issue." War was declared by Japan in February, 1904, to save the life of the empire, which the arrogant policy of Russia threatened with extinction. The Czar's government was preparing to dominate Korea, lying at Japan's very door. By a series of wonderful victories by land and sea the island empire pushed Russia to the northern edge of Manchuria and swept its fleets out of existence. It captured Sakhalin island. Nowhere did it fall of success. Now, in the full tide of victory, it has the wisdom and magnanimity to agree to stop the war on terms only sufficient to give to itself the promise of permanent peace. For the southern half of Sakhalin island, which it receives from Russia, merely rounds out its frontier and strengthens it against attack from the north. There is no hint of the "yellow peril" in the terms granted to Russia. On the contrary they demonstrate that Japan is now content to take as the price of its warriors' high efficiency and heroic devotion safety for the empire and no more. It will not do to say that Japan obtained all it could obtain; that, peace being necessary to it, liberal terms were allowed because Russia would take no others. To say these things is merely to point out that the Japanese government is not drunk with victory, is not blinded by greed and arrogance, that it is not indifferent to the heart-sick longings of the world for the ending of the dreadful war, that it has no aroused hunger for conquest. Sane, calm, magnanimous to a defeated enemy which lately threatened its very existence as a nation, the island empire grants an honorable peace freely and apparently with no regrets. It is grandly done. The end of the war has come in a way to take from the perturbed western nations much of the alarm which they have permitted themselves to feel while marking the amazing proficiency of the sons of Japan in the arts of war. In his declaration of hostilities a year and a half ago the island emperor said: "The course adopted by this country has been to seek civilization by peaceful means, to increase its friendship

with the powers, maintain permanent peace in the Far East and guarantee the safety of the empire by means which do not damage the interests and rights of the powers, and we are determined not to abandon the foregoing course." These words, uttered at the beginning of a huge and perilous undertaking, bear the test of the terms of peace granted to the beaten enemy.

KNOCKERS ARE PUBLIC ENEMIES.

If the world were as bad as some men make it out to be human society would not last twenty-four hours. There would be nothing left to hold it together. The very fact that society does hang together is conclusive proof that the world is not utterly dishonest and unprincipled. When we hear a man proclaiming that "every man has his price" and that "honesty is nothing save fear of the penitentiary" we may very well accept those sentiments as expressions of that man's own morality, but we need not assume that they are true of other men. The utterances of an avowed pessimist or a confessed rascal have no bearing whatever upon the hope and the honesty of mankind. The truth is that honesty is far more common and dishonesty far more rare than we realize unless we stop to consider the matter somewhat closely. There is so much loose cynicism which passes for sapience that it gains a larger audience than it deserves. The loafer of the corner grocery declares that all public officers are grafters, and though his auditors know that the assertion is untrue they allow it to go unchallenged, thus giving passive assent to a falsehood. The envious cynic who has made a failure of life asserts that all rich men are scoundrels. The sour and disappointed misanthrope declares that there is no manly honesty and no feminine virtue. Cheap pessimism—cheap because anybody can sneer—proclaims that everything is wrong and everybody a rascal. Because nobody takes the trouble to deny it the impression is produced that these abject and discreditable doctrines are generally accepted, whereas the whole history of the world proves them to be rejected by the great majority of mankind. Society could not exist unless most of its members were honest and upright. Confidence, faith in human nature, are the foundation stones of all business transactions. Leaving aside all the commercial devices of promissory notes, mortgages, bonds and deeds, the ultimate factor will be found to be faith in the honesty of one or more men—confidence in their willingness and their intention to do what they promise to do. Commerce could not continue for a single day if its only safeguard against dishonesty were the menace of the law. As for the other development of pessimism, which deals in wholesale slander against womanly truth and loyalty, it is not worth while to dignify it by so much as a denunciation. It refutes itself and constitutes its own denunciation. The man who libels womanhood is beyond the pale of decent society. The whole tribe of pessimists, indeed, might well be segregated from the rest of humanity. Their bilious and acrid pronouncements carry no conviction, but they do leave a bad taste in the mouth. In that view of the matter the professional pessimist is a public nuisance who ought to be suppressed.

EAGLETS.

Following is the full Republican ticket both for the Sanitary District and the Superior and Circuit Court benches:

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES FOR SANITARY TRUSTEES, SANITARY DISTRICT OF CHICAGO.

President Board of Trustees (five-year term)—Robert R. McCormick.

Trustee (five-year term)—Henry F. Eldmann.

Trustee (five-year term)—William H. Baker.

Trustee (five-year term)—Wallace G. Clark.

Trustee (three-year term)—George W. Paullin.

Trustee (three-year term)—Anton Novak.

Trustee (one-year term)—Frank X. Cloldt.

Trustee (one-year term)—Edward I. Williams.

Trustee (one-year term)—Adolf Bergman.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR AND CIRCUIT COURTS.

Judge of Superior Court—Joseph E. Gary.

Judge of Superior Court—Farlin Q. Ball.

Judge of Superior Court—Marcus A. Kavanagh.

Judge of Superior Court—Willard M. McEwen.

Judge of Superior Court (to fill vacancy)—Ben M. Smith.

Judge of Circuit Court (to fill vacancy)—Merritt W. Pinckney.

Chairman Charles W. Vall of the speakers' committee has had a meeting with the representatives of the various wards and made arrangements for thirty-six meetings. The first will be held next Wednesday evening in the Sixth and Eighth Wards, that being the day after registration. The other meetings will be as follows:

Oct. 19, Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh Wards; Oct. 20, Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth Wards; Oct. 21, Twenty-fifth Ward and Evanston; Oct. 22, Thirtieth and Thirty-fourth Wards; Oct. 23, First, Second and Fourth Wards; Oct. 24, Twenty-first and Twenty-second Wards; Oct. 25, Fourteenth, Fifteenth and Seventeenth Wards; Oct. 26, Third and Fifth Wards; Oct. 27, Seventh and Thirtieth Wards; Oct. 28, Eighteenth and Twentieth Wards; Oct. 29, Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards; Nov. 1, Sixteenth and Nineteenth Wards; Nov. 2, Eleventh and Twelfth Wards; Nov. 3, Twenty-eighth and Thirty-first Wards; Nov. 4, Thirty-first and Thirty-second Wards; Nov. 5, Ninth and Tenth Wards.

Hon. Willard M. McEwen is beyond all question one of the ablest judges

who ever sat on the Cook County bench. His rulings have been invariably wise, just and impartial, and he has the unbounded esteem of the entire bar, as well as the confidence of the general public. His renomination came to him unanimously and as a fitting tribute to his ability as a lawyer and his splendid record as a judge. All classes will unite in voting for the re-election of this eminent jurist.

Peter B. Olsen has made a splendid record as County Clerk. He is one of the very best public officials in Cook County, and has run his office on a high plane of efficiency. Mr. Olsen is a lifelong Republican and has in the past rendered loyal and valuable services to his party. He is courteous and obliging to the public, painstaking, thorough and capable in the discharge of his official duties. It is no exaggeration to say that never have the affairs of the office of County Clerk been handled more ably nor with a more thorough regard for the interests of the public than during Mr. Olsen's administration. One of Mr. Olsen's first acts was to appoint Mr. James Reddick his first lieutenant, which displayed good judgment on his part, for a better man could not have been selected for the place than Mr. Reddick, who gave the County Clerk the benefit of his great ability and experience in official matters.

Mr. Olsen's faithful services are thoroughly recognized and appreciated by the public at large, and he can undoubtedly be re-elected when his term has expired if he so desires.

Fred W. Upham, who has the well-earned reputation of being one of the best officials who ever served the people of Cook County, has just returned with his bride from an extended and very enjoyable trip through Europe. Mr. and Mrs. Upham were in excellent health and spirits on their arrival at their home, where they received the felicitations of their many friends. Mr. Upham is one of the most popular and influential Republicans in Chicago, and his name is being already mentioned for his party nomination for Mayor.

Hon. Frank Wenter, the popular Democratic candidate for President of the Board of Drainage Trustees, should and undoubtedly will be elected. Mr. Wenter is one of the most capable, reliable and upright public officials who ever served the people of Chicago. As a member of the Drainage Board he has made a splendid record, being constant in his attendance and indefatigable in his work in behalf of the public and the taxpayers.

His long service on the board has made him thoroughly acquainted with the affairs of the district, and will make his services invaluable, if not indispensable now that so many new and inexperienced men will be included in its membership. As presiding officer of the board he will be the right man in the right place. Opposed to jobbery, graft or special privileges of any kind, he will, as he always has done, act solely in the interests of the public and the taxpayers.

Mr. Wenter, in addition to being a model public official and a public-spirited citizen, is a man who has always taken a keen interest in political affairs and is a first-class campaigner. In the present campaign he is letting no grass grow under his feet, and the outlook is that he will roll up such a majority election day as no candidate for drainage trustee ever received before. He is the first one of the nominees to really get busy.

He has sent out half a carload of campaign literature, personally addressed to voters. The literature consists of a card of statistics on the history and management of the drainage waterway. It shows that Mr. Wenter was elected a drainage trustee in 1880, when the district was created, and that he served as president from 1892 to 1895 inclusive. During this time the board disbursed a total of \$14,500,000. The cost of the canal, excluding the Chicago river development, was \$30,313,080. Mr. Wenter threw the first shovelful of earth, when work on the ditch was started. The candidate, in soliciting the suffrages of the voters, calls attention to the fact that to be elected president of the board he must also be elected a trustee.

The records of the Drainage Board, and the history of the district and the great canal, show Mr. Wenter to be entitled to the support of all good citizens, irrespective of party, as he has invariably acted for the best interests of all the people independent of partisan considerations.

While the Mayor harps on the referendum, contract plan, immediate municipal ownership and other fads, and Aldermen gabble and quarrel with each other, the people bump along the antiquated cable lines or bounce from hummock to hummock under an old-fashioned trolley system in cars that are so old and worn that the dust of summer and the winds of winter filter plentifully through their cracked timbers. The people of Chicago are very patient, but there is a limit to all things in this world, the patience of the Chicago public included.

The sinking of buildings and the setting of streets is ascribed to the methods of building skyscrapers and cannot be attributed to the bores of the Illinois Tunnel Company, according to a letter sent to Commissioner of Public Works Patterson by George W. Jackson, chief engineer of the company. The letter was in answer to the report made by Mr. Patterson, who held that the bores of the tunnel company had caused the trouble. "It is a well-known fact," wrote Mr. Jackson, "that previous to recent years the foundations of nearly all the buildings in Chicago, even the tallest buildings, were on what is known as a floating foundation or deposit of clay. Architects were in the habit of loading this deposit of clay from 1,500 to 4,000 pounds a square foot. There are instances of settlement of from one to twelve inches, and after each new building was erected it necessarily af-

fects those buildings immediately around it."

Mr. Jackson said that in recent years architects had advised the sinking of caissons, and that this method had resulted in the settling of adjoining buildings.

William Legner deserves his great popularity.

Chicago firemen deserve well of the people. Instead of spending the taxpayers' money on anarchistic municipal ownership fads, spend it for the two platoon system in the fire department. That will pay better in the end.

Thomas J. Webb's official record is spotless.

George W. Paullin, the well-known and popular business man, who has been selected by the Republican organization for the three-year term as member of the Drainage Board, is one of the most respected and highly esteemed citizens of Chicago. His election in the forthcoming campaign will give Chicago a first-class official, and one who will give the public entire satisfaction.

Frank X. Cloldt will be re-elected to the Drainage Board as he deserves to be.

Give the firemen of Chicago some relief. The two platoon system certainly deserves a trial.

In voting for candidates for the bench the people should be careful to vote only for the best men. Judge Willard M. McEwen is one of these. His record is such as to gain him the confidence and esteem of all the voters irrespective of party, and on this account his re-election seems certain.

Judge Marcus Kavanagh has made a fine record on the bench and deserves re-election.

Adolf Bergman is one of the best candidates named on either ticket for Sanitary Trustee.

Chicago's brave and hard working firemen are deserving of the consideration they seek when they ask for the two-platoon system and reasonable working hours. Any city administration that would oppose this fair and reasonable demand should be swept out of existence.

George W. Paullin is a man whose record commends itself to every thoughtful citizen. It is such men as Mr. Paullin that the people need in public office. Mr. Paullin is a candidate for the office of Drainage Trustee. He will be elected as he deserves to be.

John C. Spry, head of the great Spry Lumber Company, is one of Chicago's most influential and popular citizens. He would make a great candidate for Mayor on the Republican ticket a year from next spring.

Hon. George M. Boyd made a fine record in the legislature. He is an excellent lawyer and would make a first-class municipal court judge.

Charles Werno has made a splendid record as a member of the City Council. He will make an equally good one as a member of the Cook County bench. All good citizens should vote for him.

Theodore C. Mayer has made a first-class police magistrate, and would be just the man for Municipal Court Judge.

Vote for Judge Kavanagh's re-election; he is honest, tried and true.

Hon. George M. Boyd would make a first-class municipal court judge.

Frank Wenter's friends are legion.

Lyman E. Cooley, the eminent civil engineer, is one of the men whose name will be most honorably connected with the history of the Chicago Sanitary District, and the construction of the great drainage channel. As engineer for the Board of Trustees and later as a member of it he rendered invaluable services to this great enterprise.

William Legner deserves re-election to the Drainage Board. His record is without a flaw.

Charles F. Bilger, the well-known undertaker, is one of the most respected citizens of the South Side. His lively establishment at 5133 Lake avenue is one of the finest and best equipped in the city.

Merritt W. Pinckney will do honor to the judiciary. Vote for him.

One of the finest breweries in the country, and one that turns out some of the finest brands of beer, is the great Berghoff Brewing Company of Fort Wayne, Ind. The following brands of beer brewed and supplied by this brewery are among the most popular and have great demand in Chicago: "Extra Pale," "Dort Doppel," "Salvator," "Berghoff's Select," and last but not least, "Dortmunder."

Pick out the men with best records for the judiciary and vote for them next November.

Vote for Judge Marcus Kavanagh for re-election to the bench. He is a good lawyer and has proved himself a great jurist.

One of the most attractive resorts around Chicago is Belmont's Park at the corner of Twelfth street and 48th avenue. Mr. L. A. Belmont, the genial

proprietor, does everything in his power to make his patrons happy and the result is that his garden is one of the most popular resorts around Chicago. Take the Metropolitan L. to 48th avenue and walk three blocks south to Twelfth street. Or take any West Side car and transfer at 48th avenue to Twelfth street. All Twelfth street cars pass the door. The car rides to Belmont's are all interesting and Belmont's place itself is well worth the trip.

Frank Wenter deserves re-election to the Drainage Board, and will give satisfaction to the tax-paying public as President of the Board of Sanitary Trustees. Every good citizen who desires honesty and executive ability in office will vote for him.

People who have had business dealings with M. A. L. Olsen, of DeKalb, Ill., are requested to address B 73, Eagle Office.

The law against the practices which produce the smoke nuisance is never properly enforced. It is only enforced against a few, while the many go ahead unmolested, poisoning the atmosphere and increasing the city's mortality record.

Edward A. Dicker has a splendid record as a lawyer and an able master in chancery. He would make a first-class municipal court judge.

Vote for Daniel G. Ramsay for Judge. He is a fine lawyer and will make a good, reliable and just jurist.

Edward Tilden would not alone get the united vote of the Democrats of Chicago for Mayor, but he is pre-eminently the man to rally to the party flag the entire labor vote. Mr. Tilden has proven himself the true friend of union labor, and the consistent benefactor of the working man.

Vote for Frank X. Cloldt for Drainage Trustee. He has demonstrated his absolute integrity, possesses the advantage of experience, and through his fine record has earned the confidence of the people. He should be re-elected.

Why not give the two-platoon system a trial? It seems a feasible plan, and would, if put into effect, give a most deserving body of public servants a chance to enjoy a few hours every day in their homes and the society of their families.

Merritt W. Pinckney is a fine lawyer and will make a great Judge.

There is enough money squandered and given away to crook contractors, to defray all the expense of putting the double platoon system in the Fire Department.

Judge Marcus Kavanagh is one of the ablest judges on the Cook County bench, and will undoubtedly be re-elected, as he deserves to be.

Keep after the grafters, Mr. Mayor; the City Hall is still full of them.

Re-elect Judge Marcus Kavanagh.

James A. Sackley is one of Chicago's most respected citizens. He is the head of one of the greatest and most successful contracting firms in the country.

If you are troubled with headache, whether chronic or otherwise, get Caparine, the sure cure, which is to be had at all first-class buffets and drug stores.

Frank X. Cloldt is deserving of re-election to the Board of Sanitary Trustees.

W. Cowan, the well-known creamery and supply merchant, whose great establishment is located at Woodstock, Ill., and whose Chicago office is at 100 East Chicago avenue, enjoys the good will and respect of all who know him. He would make a first-class member of the City Council, a body in which we need just now the best and most reliable citizens available.

Vote for Thomas J. Webb for Drainage Trustee. He has rendered excellent service to the public in that capacity and deserves re-election.

Caparine is a safe and sure bracer. It is sold in all buffets and drug stores.

Daniel G. Ramsay will make an able and just Judge. He deserves the support of all good citizens.

Frank X. Cloldt enjoys the reputation of being one of the best and most useful members of the present or any of the former Boards of Sanitary Trustees. Mr. Cloldt has been nominated for re-election, and he will receive, as he deserves, the support of all those who believe in merit, ability and integrity, and in rewarding faithful official services.

Harry R. Gibbons, the well-known box manufacturer, is one of the most highly esteemed, as he is one of the most successful, members of our business community. Mr. Gibbons has been a life-long Democrat, and if he cared for it could have high honors at the hands of his party, but he prefers to devote his attention to his business pursuits.

M. A. L. Olsen is certainly a fine man for DeKalb people or any other people to be doing business with.

Cyril R. Jandus will prove as great a success and as valuable a public officer as a member of the Board of Local Improvements, as he did in every other public and private capacity in which



GEORGE W. PAULLIN,

Well Known Merchant, Nominated for Sanitary Trustee.

he has acted. In the law department, the legislature and in the practice of his profession as a member of the bar he has been distinguished for integrity, ability and honorable conduct.

Isadore H. Himes has a splendid official record as a former member of the city's law department. He has built up a splendid law practice and thoroughly deserves the success that is his.

Fletcher Dobyns is proving himself to be one of the ablest Assistant State Attorneys Cook County has ever had. Mr. Dobyns is a brilliant young lawyer, and the Republican party, of which he is a loyal member, has undoubtedly future and higher honors in store for him.

Hon. A. C. Clark is one of the most respected and successful business men in the city. As a member of the legislature he has been always found upon the right side of every question, and has made a record of which he may well feel proud.

Settle the traction question and please the people.

We believe, from the indications of the public temper, that not a man who makes himself a stumbling block to the reasonable and satisfactory settlement of the traction question will be re-elected. When a public official puts what he considers to be his personal interests above and before the interests of the community which he represents, then it is time for his constituents to get rid of him.

If there are any Aldermen who believe that further delay of the settlement of the traction question, and another crop of alleged popular catch phrases and campaign cries in regard to it will be a good thing to go on deluding the public with, they will be disillusioned in a very striking manner, and that at the first opportunity.

While there are pending before the City Council two resolutions both practically the same, in that both call for a referendum before final action is taken in adopting a traction franchise ordinance; what really concerns the people is, how soon will a franchise be evolved by the City Council that will be acceptable to the street railway companies and permit them to give first-class, up-to-date intramural transportation.

That the companies are willing to do all that enterprise and capital can do to give the people first-class street car service nobody can doubt who has taken the trouble to read and study their offer to the city.

New rolling stock, elegantly equipped cars, a single 5-cent fare to any point in the north, south or west divisions—in other words, a universal transfer system over all the roads, rapid transit, grooved rails, underground trolley, paved and sprinkled streets over the right of way; courteous treatment by employees and every other consideration the public demands, including, by the way, substantial compensation to the city for the franchise sought. These meet the public demands.

What more can the people want? Do the people want to cast off and reject these great and much needed improvements in the public service in order to give a few rainbow chasing officials, supplemented by a few scheming political campaign managers, an opportunity to test a chimerical plan that has absolutely nothing to recommend it to sensible people?

Merritt W. Pinckney, who has been nominated for Judge of the Circuit Court by the Republican party of Cook County, is one of the ablest and best known members of the Cook County bar. Mr. Pinckney is eminently qualified for the high office to which he has been nominated, being a profound lawyer, a public spirited citizen and a man gifted with the qualities which go to make up the true judicial mind. Mr. Pinckney is a man in the prime of life, being just 45 years old. He was born in Mount Morris, Ill., and was educated at Rock River Seminary, of which his father, Daniel J. Pinckney, was principal. He was graduated at Knox College, Galesburg, Ill., in 1881. In that same year Mr. Pinckney came to Chicago and commenced the study of law at the Union College of Law, from which institution he graduated in 1883.

Mr. Pinckney has been practicing

law for twenty-two years, and is a leader in the realm of jurisprudence. He has been for years the leading member of the well-known and successful law firm of Pinckney, Tatge & Abbott, is a lifelong Republican, and a man who, if elected, will do honor to the judicial bench of Cook County.

Judge Marcus Kavanagh, who has been nominated for re-election to the Superior Court bench, is one of the ablest lawyers in the judiciary of Cook County.

Judge Kavanagh is the ideal American citizen. A man of great learning, a patriot, a soldier and a lawyer, he could not fail to be the ideal American jurist.

Judge Kavanagh is a Republican on principle, and well knows how to defend and elucidate the principles of his party. But, higher and better than party, Judge Kavanagh holds American citizenship, and as such he is loved and respected by American citizens of all parties.

When the call to arms came for his country's cause in the fateful year of "ninety-eight," Colonel Kavanagh was in command of the gallant Irish-American regiment—the Seventh Illinois—and with his splendid command he went to the front.

Judge Kavanagh is a veteran in the practice of law. He has been trained in the colleges as well as in the better school of practice.

He has made a splendid record on the bench as an able and just jurist and a profound lawyer.

His nomination for re-election has given great satisfaction to all who are interested in the maintenance of law by men well qualified for the task, and his name and personal popularity will carry not alone to himself but to the entire Republican judicial ticket thousands of voters that will flock and follow after the honored name of Marcus Kavanagh.

Judge Kavanagh has been a member of the Superior Court bench of Cook County since 1898. Previous to his election to the bench Judge Kavanagh practiced law in partnership with Judge John Gibbons, and was generally recognized as one of the ablest lawyers at the Chicago bar.

Marcus Kavanagh was born in Des Moines, Iowa, in 1850, and was educated in the common schools of that city, and afterward in Niagara University. In 1878 he was graduated from the law department of Iowa State University. Three years later he was elected City Attorney of Des Moines, and in 1885 he became judge of the Ninth Iowa District.

Judge Kavanagh came to Chicago in 1889. In 1894 he was appointed lieutenant colonel of the Seventh Regiment, I. N. G. Recently he has been honored with the degree of LL. D. by the University of Notre Dame.

Patriot, lawyer, scholar and first-class citizen, Judge Kavanagh is an ornament to the Cook County bench, and an honored and useful member of our judiciary. The people will take pleasure in re-electing him.

A bloody revolution is impending in this country.

It will not be between capital and labor, as many suppose. It will be an uprising of the people, rich and poor alike, against grafting office-holders.

Most of the city governments are rotten to the core.

When men can be retained upon public pay-rolls who are known to be bribe-takers,

When men hold public office who steal right and left,

Who protect crime, Who shield wrong,

And who refuse to enforce wise laws for mercenary reasons,

It is time for the people to get ropes and do a little hanging.

A corrupt government is no government at all.

Thomas J. Webb is a self-made man. He was raised in Chicago and is liked by all with whom he has come in contact. He is the head of a large business and his reputation among the merchants of Chicago is of the very best. His record on the Drainage Board entitles him to re-election and the voters will remember his honest record, his business standing, and his public virtues upon election day.

Most people think the Mayor's term long enough now. Vote against the proposition to make it four years instead of two.