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AYERS & LYNCH.

MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1891.

THE LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Persons who take the Los Angeles
DAILY HERALD in Southern California
and most localities of Arizona and New
Mexico get all the important local and
telegraphic news from twenty-four to
thirty-six hours in advance of the San
Francisco papers.

A RAY OF LIGHT ON A DARK SUBJECT.

By degrees we are getting light upon the way in which the tremendous expenditures piled up against the Chicago orange carnival so far surpassed the amount of the receipts. A representative of the HERALD has dug up a mass of facts which show conclusively that the affair from beginning to end was most wretchedly managed as far as its business was concerned, and that our people allowed themselves to be wheedled and overreached by the parties who had control of the exposition building. So lacking were our representatives in business sagacity that they allowed the parties from whom they leased the building to take entire charge of the box office and to place men of their own choosing at the door to receive the tickets, so that there was no check whatever upon the receipts. It is true that for a short time the Los Angeles managers placed a man at the door to count the tickets received, but that was soon discontinued. The tickets were not numbered, and there was therefore no means of telling how many were sold. Money in large sums seems to have been paid out without rhyme or reason, such as \$9 per day to the man who lit the gas, according to one account, and \$3 per day according to another. Our people submitted to all sorts of charges and impositions, and left their receipts at the mercy of strangers. It is no wonder that the persons who undertook the management of the Chicago orange carnival are backward about giving the public an itemized report of their financial stewardship. They evidently permitted themselves to be circumvented on all sides by the smart Chicagoans, and are naturally loath to let the public see how they have been bamboozled. But the public are entitled to a bill of particulars in this case, and unless they get it the managers will be subject to a more damaging kind of criticism than they really deserve.

In some newspaper offices there can be found posted up in conspicuous places a rough wood cut in which a wheelbarrow and a man lying prone upon it are the staples of the illustration, with the legend, above or below, "This man was talked to death." If the same idea could be adapted to a nation the United States bids fair to furnish the subject. The diminutive public functionary who fills the executive chair has been thoroughly permeated with the idea that he is a greater orator than Demosthenes, Isocrates, Cicero, Sheridan, Fox, Burke, Mirabeau or Webster. He has developed an abnormal inclination to rush out of his white house lair and fire off speeches. The cunning politicians have discovered the way to get at the little gentleman's collar, to employ a questionable colloquialism, and they have persuaded him that men are clamoring and children are crying for his honeyed eloquence. In the brave days of old, in American affairs, the president would at rare intervals favor his fellow citizens with a few remarks from the rostrum. But Harrison bids fair to eclipse all his predecessors in this line—that is to say, if he ends as he has progressed thus far, he will have made more speeches during his incumbency of office than all of them put together. We are inclined to think that the American people will have to grin and bear it, and take their vengeance at the polls, should they ever be afforded the opportunity.

If the English parliament should pass the bill to prohibit British subjects from killing seals in Bering sea for such time as may be designated by the queen, there will be a fair chance for the two governments to come to an amicable and permanent agreement upon the disturbing question. If the bill passes at all, it will be passed very expeditiously. In the meantime the seal season has commenced and a number of sealing craft have started from Victoria for Bering sea. These will, whenever they are found, be overhauled by our revenue cutters, just dispatched to the sealing waters. But as it is reported that over one hundred poachers have been fitted out, it is probable that great havoc will be made amongst the seals before our cutters will reach the fisheries. If, however, the bill in parliament becomes a law at once, the poachers will soon be made short work of, for they will be pursued and caught by the American and British cruisers. The Canadians will do all in their power to retard the passage of the bill, but it is not believed their efforts will be effective.

THE DEATH BLOW OF A GREAT PARTY.

All the third party inspiration is really largely traceable to the tariff legislation of the Fifty-first congress. There is no great demand for free trade in the United States. In fact, most Americans are in favor of a moderate protection of American industries; that is, a protection which shall exactly equalize the difference in wages between the American and the European operative, and which shall honestly maintain and stimulate production and manufactures in the United States. There are a number of practical and a much larger host of abstract free traders, but the latter class realize that the large obligations of the government, its actual running expenses, interest on the national debt, the pension list, etc., involve the collection of great sums of money, and that the most convenient and beneficial way to meet these demands is in the shape of import duties so imposed as to encourage our growing industries. To these classes must be added a large element who believe in protection *per se*, and who would be in favor of imposing heavy duties on foreign staples even if the money should be "blown in" on costly public improvements. It is very likely that this class is not more numerous than the outright free traders. The last presidential election, with its side issue of a \$400,000 corruption fund, may fairly be said to have been a verdict in favor of protection, but the narrow margin by which the Republicans won ought to have caused the Republican leaders to go slow.

Instead, they went wild. Very few of the American voters dreamed of increasing the already high war and post war tariffs. They simply thought it better to stick to the principle of incidental protection, and many Republicans undoubtedly supposed that their leaders would try to steal some Democratic thunder, making such a brilliant flank movement as that made by the Tories on the disestablishment of the Irish church, and as D'Israeli led on the question of extended suffrage in England. Few people dreamed that such a monstrosity as the McKinley bill could be enacted into law. This famous measure, which has wrecked the Republican party, is really the second increase made by that party on the abnormally high war tariff. It contains such infamous exactions as the increase of the duty on tin plate, which enhanced that manufactured specialty \$1.15 a box, and which has laid an additional burden on the canning and other productive manufactures of the United States. This scandalous imposition was defended on the ground that it would develop the production of tin in this country. The fact was carefully kept in the background that the McKinley bill imposed no duty on block tin, which now enters the United States free of duty, as it did before the McKinley bill was passed. Those acquainted with the facts claim that this feature of the McKinley tariff will put in the pockets of the manufacturers of tin plate—which is mainly iron with only a thin veneering of tin—quite \$20,000,000 during the next five years. The people of this country are patient to a degree, but they cannot be humbugged in such a transparent fashion.

The fact is that the Republican leaders are fairly rattled at the result of their gross subservience to the manufacturers. Even so shrewd a man as the late autocrat of the house of representatives, the Hon. Tom Reed, completely lost his head. He had himself interviewed in Italy a short time ago, and his views of matters and things were circulated in this country far and wide by the Associated Press. He attempted to explain the sweeping results of the late elections. Amongst other reasons he ascribed the overwhelming defeat of the Republicans in their theretofore strongholds in the west by the great financial stringency brought about by the failure of the Barings. This rattled leader had forgotten that the Barings incident occurred after and not before those elections. The real cause of the Republican downfall was the passage of the McKinley bill and the arbitrary course of Reed himself as speaker of the house of representatives, which seated Republicans enough to rush through this and other infamous measures, like the Force bill, for instance, although enough patriotic Republicans were found to defeat the latter measure. The Reed rump of congress succeeded in doing enough to permanently divorce the great west from the Republican party.

In last week's Afognaut Mr. Frank M. Pixley comes to the rescue of the Republican party on the question of protection. He cites the facts, which are perfectly true, that Presidents Washington, Jefferson, Madison and Jackson all expressed themselves in favor of the incidental protection of American industries. They all believed that the duties on foreign imports should be so imposed as to build up our infant manufactures. They all thought that we should, as far as possible, make ourselves the things which contributed to the comfort, necessities and even the luxuries of life, and they all deprecated the reducing of the American laboring man to the deplorable status of his European brother. But they believed that the efforts of congress in this direction should be restricted to the raising of only such revenues as were necessary to the purposes of our government, economically administered. Mr. Cleveland was elected on just such a platform in 1884. He would have been re-elected on the same platform in 1888. This doctrine of the illustrious presidents named is good Democratic doctrine now. If it is honestly reaffirmed by the Democrats in their national platform in 1892 they will sweep the country. It has nothing in common with the expansive protectionism of Henry Clay, who, away back in the early thirties, advocated it for our

"infant industries." Fifty years have elapsed since Henry Clay's persuasive voice was raised in behalf of the even at that time lusty bantling, "our national industries," and it appears to be more of an infant now than ever. It affects top boots, however, and fiercely curled mustachios, and wears a sword by its side, prepared to cut down anybody who shall dare to interrupt its plundering march.

Well may the Republican leaders look aghast. They have themselves struck the scales from the eyes of their heretofore blinded followers. Ready as they are to claim every good thing in the United States, from the growing grass to the low price of steel rails, as a result of their ridiculously partial and robbing tariff, they know that their stale and false cries have at last lost their power of charming, and forever. The people now do their own thinking, and political spoon-pap and syllabub no longer suffice for their intellectual needs. The age of humbug and pretence, at least in this line, is over and for aye.

The most destructive fire Los Angeles has experienced for over a year was that of yesterday afternoon. The loss will probably reach \$70,000. But when we consider the combustibility of the neighborhood, and the unusually high wind that prevailed at the time, it is a great wonder that the fire was kept within the limits of so small a compass. Had it crossed Seventh street, and reached over into Broadway, as it threatened to do at one time, there is no telling where it would have stopped. It would, perhaps, have cut a wide and extensive swath through a thickly settled portion of the city, and the losses have reached into the hundreds of thousands of dollars. The fire department is entitled to credit for intelligent and efficient work.

The bursting of hose at the fire yesterday shows that much of it must have been rotten. No time should be lost in testing the hose we have and replacing all that will not stand the maximum pressure by material that we can depend upon. It would be a very serious matter if in the midst of a fire our department should suddenly be rendered helpless by the collapse of its available hose.

THEATRICALS.

Manager Lehman's Benefit Tomorrow
Night—Katie Emmett.

Tomorrow night at the Opera house the Owls will appear for the benefit of Manager Martin Lehman in Caste. On Wednesday evening the Katie Emmett company will begin its engagement in the melodrama, Waifs of New York.

THE NOVELTY THEATRE.

Manager Doyle continues to give a long entertainment at the Novelty theatre for a very small entrance fee. His house grows in popularity, and his show appears to be satisfactory to its patrons.

A BABY IN A BOX.

An Unknown Man Acts as An Amateur Undertaker.

Out on the north side of the city yesterday some people saw an old man carrying a box under his arm across a field. He stopped at a place that evidently suited his purpose and with a shovel, which he carried, dug a hole, put the box in it and went away. The people who had been watching him thought that he probably had been concealing stolen property and notified the police who visited the place, dug up the box and on opening it found inside the body of a male infant, which apparently had been dead for twenty-four hours.

The corpse was not carefully examined pending the investigation by the coroner, but no marks of violence were visible on it. The occurrence may prove to be a case of infanticide, or it may be simply the attempt of poor people to evade the expenses of a funeral. The coroner will investigate the matter today. No trace of the man's identity had been found last night.

California Vinegar and Pickle Works,
Telephone No. 359,
Removed to 555 Banning street, opposite soap
factory, near Alameda and First streets, one-
half block from electric light works.

Pabst's Blue Ribbon Beer
Is the finest brewed. Nothing better as a tonic.
California Wine Company, Sole Agent.

Drop a Postal

To the California Wine Company, 222 S. Spring
street for the finest wines and liquors.

Take Eucalyptine on your summer vacation
for insect bites and poison oak.

TWO SUICIDES.

MANNING AND KING SELECT THE
MORPHINE ROUTE.

An Accomplished Crook Tires of Life and
Neuralgia—King Despondent Because
He Lost His Money—Both Take Mor-
phine.

Two suicides occurred yesterday. Archibald Manning, at one time a trusty at the city prison, was found dead at the Main street house on the corner of Third and Main streets. He had been suffering for some time from neuralgia, and went to bed on Friday quite ill from the pain. He did not get up yesterday morning, but the landlady did not attempt to arouse him, as she thought he had at last gone to sleep after much suffering. Last evening she decided to arouse him, as he made no sign of moving, and the gas had burned all day. He failed to answer her call, and on looking into the room, he was found dead, lying on the bed with his clothes on. By his side was an empty chloral bottle and an empty morphine pill box.

It is possible that the death resulted from an overdose of one or both of the drugs mentioned, taken as a remedy for his neuralgia, but the chances are that he simply became tired of living and of suffering, and took an easy route to the hereafter. Manning was a very accomplished thief and crook. He was an Englishman, and possessed of considerable education and ability. There is now at the police office a warrant for his arrest on the charge of embezzlement.

KING'S DEATH.

An old man named King came to the Lafayette house the early part of last week. He had been working as a section hand on the Santa Fe railway, and had saved \$140 of his earnings. He went to the depot after his blankets and then said he was going to Fullerton and took his departure. On Friday he returned and said he had been robbed of all his money, and reported the matter to the police. He became very despondent, but the landlady told him he could stay at the house as long as he liked.

He went to his room early last night, and later was found on the bed dead. On the floor by his side was an empty morphine bottle, which had contained a drachm of the drug.

He was 55 years of age and had no family as far as is known.

Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills
Act on a new principle—regulating the liver
stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new
discovery. Dr. Miles' Pills speedily cure bil-
iousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipa-
tion. Unequalled for men, women, children.
Smallest, mildest, surest! Fifty doses, 25 cts.
Samples free by all druggists.

Eastern Produce Co., 123 East First St.
Best eastern hams, 11c and 13½c; bacon,
10c, 11c and 12c; pork, 10c; lard, 9c.
Creamery butter, 25c and 30c. Best roll
butter always on hand.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.
A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.
Superior to every other known.
Used in Millions of Homes—
40 Years the Standard.
Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky
Biscuit, Criddle Cakes, Palatable
and Wholesome.
No other baking powder does such work.

Liebig COMPANY'S
EXTRACT OF BEEF
IN DARKEST AFRICA,
By Henry M. Stanley.

"The Liebig Company's Extract was of the
choicest."—Page 39, Vol. 1.
"Liebig and meat soups had to be prepared in
sufficient quantities to serve out rations to
each weakened man as he staggered in."—Page
89, Vol. 1.
"One meal managed to crawl near my tent.
He was at once borne to a fire and laid
within a few inches of it, and with the addi-
tion of a pint of hot broth made from the Lie-
big Company's Extract of Beef we restored him
to his senses."—Page 58, Vol. 2.
Genuine only with
the single of J. von
Liebig's signature in
blue ink across label,
thus:

JACOB TO THE PUBLIC.
We beg to announce that we have removed our stock of
Men's, Boys', Ladies and Misses' Shoes from 128 and 130
N. Spring street, part of which is now on sale at 125 N. Main
street, McDonald block, and the balance at 215 N. Spring
street, three doors from the City of Paris, where our entire
stock will be slaughtered regardless to actual profit or loss, to
effect a clearance of our present stock, so as to enable us to
enter our new stores with an entire brand-new stock of Shoes
which are now being manufactured for us by the best and
most noted manufacturers on this continent.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

JACOB TO THE PUBLIC.
We beg to announce that we have removed our stock of
Men's, Boys', Ladies and Misses' Shoes from 128 and 130
N. Spring street, part of which is now on sale at 125 N. Main
street, McDonald block, and the balance at 215 N. Spring
street, three doors from the City of Paris, where our entire
stock will be slaughtered regardless to actual profit or loss, to
effect a clearance of our present stock, so as to enable us to
enter our new stores with an entire brand-new stock of Shoes
which are now being manufactured for us by the best and
most noted manufacturers on this continent.

JACOB TO THE PUBLIC.

Temporary Quarters,

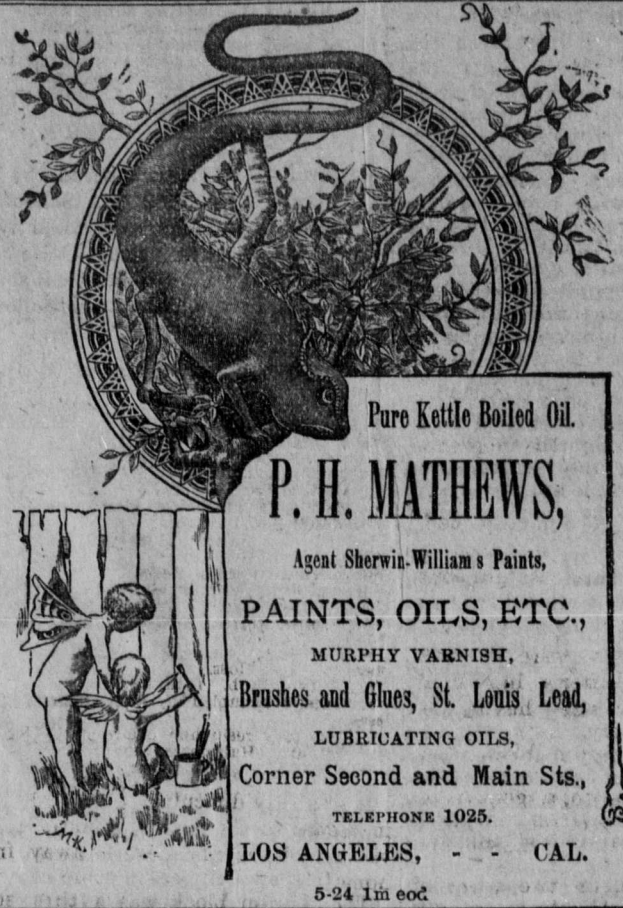
215 North Spring street and 125 North Main street

M'DONALD BLOCK.

Don't miss this great sale of Fine Shoes if you wish to put money in your purse.



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WALL PAPER.

The Largest and Finest Stock of Wall Paper in the City
at the Most Reasonable Prices.

SATISFACTORY WORK GUARANTEED.

80,000 FEET

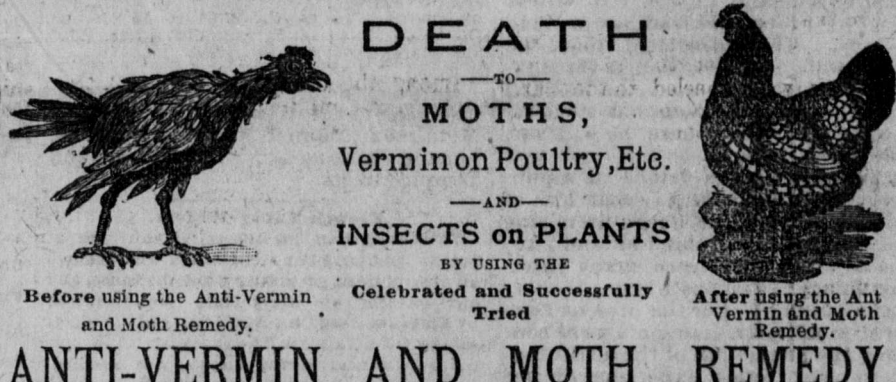
Of Elegant New Embossed Gilt Moulding at 5c a foot, at

W. B. STEWART'S,

238 SOUTH SPRING STREET,

5-10 to je 1

Nearly opposite New Los Angeles Theater.



By putting this powder under the edges of carpets, I guarantee that there will be
Moths. It has the same effect if used for upholstered furniture, woolen goods, wearing ap-
parel, etc. Address all communications to JOSEPH MEHLER, San Bernardino, Cal. Sole
Agent for the Pacific Coast. For sale by C. F. HEINZEMAN, 222 N. Main st.; C. H. HANOE,
177 and 179 N. Spring st.; F. J. GIESE, 109 N. Main st., and all leading druggists. 5-1 if

JUST RECEIVED,

Several New Styles of the Latest Fashion

JAMES MEANS'

\$3, \$4 and \$5 Shoes.



JAMES MEANS \$4 SHOE is neat and stylish. It fits like a stocking, and
REQUIRES NO "BREAKING IN" being perfectly easy the first time it is worn.
It will satisfy the most fastidious. JAMES MEANS \$3 SHOE is absolutely the
only shoe of the price that has ever been placed extensively on the market in which durability
is considered before mere outward appearance.
JAMES MEANS \$2 SHOE for Boys, JAMES MEANS FARMER SHOE and JAMES MEANS
QUARTER EAGLE BOOTS FOR FARMERS are all simple lines that always give satisfaction.

Boots and Shoes from our celebrated factory are sold by
N. BENJAMIN, (Sole Agent for Los Angeles)
BOSTON SHOE STORE
1-1-12m COR. MAIN AND SECOND, LOS ANGELES.