

## GOOD WORK DONE AT BRUEN HOME

Little Ones Are Well Cared  
For There.

### AWAITING SANTA CLAUS

Public Reminded That These Tots  
Realize the True Meaning  
of Christmas.

About one hundred little tots are sheltered at the Bruen Home, 428 M street northwest, and cared for by voluntary gifts.

The large house, containing twenty-three rooms, is well adapted to its present mission, although taxed to its utmost to accommodate the restless crowd of children, and the need for a country home, as a breathing spot for the little ones during the hot weather, is a necessity. The home is not endowed, but is rented. At present half of the rental is secured.

The visitor, entering the doorway, is at once impressed with the cheerful, homelike aspect. No sign or placard indicates that this is a public or charitable institution. The matron is the heart and center of this "sheltering arms." The children love "Mamma" Fleck, as she is called, and her interest, individually, in the many little ones who make up this household is manifest. During the nine years this home has been in existence Mrs. Fleck has been the matron-in-charge.

The necessary work of the home is, so far as is possible, done by the inmates, the older children aiding and making the many little white beds, washing dishes, wiping up the floors, etc.

Fifty children attend the public schools of Washington, and the task of getting ready for school that number of little folk is one which calls for an unlimited supply of patience, cheerfulness, and skill.

At 6 o'clock each evening the children gather for family prayers, the Golden Text for each week is then recited, and also a memory verse, which the children, in turn, are permitted to select. On Sabbath the children attend the schools of the Assembly's Presbyterian, Calvary Baptist, and Hamline Methodist Churches.

The day nursery is divided, one room accommodating the youngest children and infants of the home, with a young mother in charge; the little ones who attend the kindergarten of the public schools are gathered in a pleasant playroom under the care of a trustworthy adult nurse.

Many of these children are attractive, and would adorn any home, and many former inmates have been adopted into Christian homes, and are the comfort and joy of these befriending them.

These little children need food and clothing all the year round. This Christmas season they watch as eagerly as the coming of Santa Claus as do other more favored little ones.

## MARCUS BRAUN WANTS REPORT MADE PUBLIC

Special Immigrant Inspector Claims  
That He Is Being Persecuted by  
His Countrymen.

The question of making public certain reports submitted to the Department of Commerce and Labor by Marcus Braun, a special immigrant inspector, is still under consideration by the department and may not be decided for some days. Braun, who is a Hungarian, asserts that he is being persecuted by his fellow-citizens in New York because of certain statements he is alleged to have made in his report which reflected on Hungarians. In order to set himself right, Braun has asked the department to make public his report.

The request will be granted, provided it can be shown that it will not be in conflict with established precedent, the reports from their very nature being of a confidential character to the Government.

## NEW ARCANUM RATES RULED OUT BY COURTS

Justice Gaynor, of New York, Declares  
Them Breach of Contract With  
Old Members.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—In the suit of James Lawrence Meek against the supreme council, Royal Arcanum, to compel it to maintain the original rate of assessments and to prevent it from carrying the new system of increased rates into effect, Justice Gaynor today gave judgment for the plaintiff with costs. His honor says:

"The amendments complained of, which increase the assessments, are void for the reason that they change the contract of the members with the organization."

The plaintiff was formerly secretary of Berkley Council, No. 19, 554 Royal Arcanum.

On the trial of the suit before Justice Gaynor, in the city term of the supreme court, the defendant had no jurisdiction as the defendant was a foreign corporation; that the court could not interfere with its internal workings; that no injury was done to the plaintiff, and that there was nothing to show that the new rules were unjust.

## NEW JERSEY GLASS WORKER PURSUED BY MISFORTUNE

MILLVILLE, N. J., Dec. 23.—That misfortune seldom comes singly was demonstrated by the ill luck which has pursued the family of Willis Campbell, a prominent glass worker.

His son, Arthur, fell from a launch while on a pleasure party last fall, and was drowned in Maurice river; his wife has suffered from nervous prostration since Arthur's death; another son died a few days later, Campbell's large flock of chickens were killed by poison, a fire destroyed almost everything in his home last week, and now he is ill from overwork.

## COMFORTABLE SHELTER FOR HOMELESS LITTLE ONES



SCENE IN THE NURSERY.

## SECURED DIVORCE INSTEAD OF DEATH

Ohio Pastor Prayed That  
Wife Might Die.

### MUST NOW PAY ALIMONY

Spiritual Adviser of Community Con-  
fesses Love for an Attract-  
tive Widow.

ELYRIA, Ohio, Dec. 23.—Judge Washburn has ordered that a decree of divorce be entered in favor of Mrs. H. S. Wanamaker, the wife of the Rev. H. S. Wanamaker, who, with prayerful persistence, supplicated that she might die, so that he might be free to marry a widow with whom he was infatuated and in which plea Mrs. Wanamaker joined until she became convinced that the courts temporal might afford her greater relief than the courts spiritual and began a legal action.

She was awarded the custody of her children and alimony. Wanamaker has decided to her a house and lot in Michigan, half interest in a farm, and agrees to pay her \$30 a month for five years and secures the promise by a mortgage.

Remarkable Trial.

"This brings to a close one of the most remarkable trials, bristling with peculiarly sensational features, ever brought to bar in the State of Ohio.

The clergyman defendant does not appear to realize that he has placed himself in a position absolutely incompatible with his profession as a minister of the gospel.

Judge Washburn made an exhaustive review of the evidence and told of the faithfulness and patience of the wife, who was the mother of seven children, and had toiled incessantly, and in addition had been one of the most industrious workers in the parish of which her husband was the spiritual director.

The judge gave emphasis to that part of the evidence in which the defendant prayed for his wife's death, and in which she was induced at first to join.

"While the defendant was living in Peoria," said the judge, "he became infatuated with a young woman of his congregation, and then began to complain that his wife was a hindrance to him in his work, frequently telling her that she was a mistake around his house. In order to get rid of her, he said, he would like to see her die. He said that if she would die, he would be free to marry her, and he said that he would like to see her die. He said that if she would die, he would be free to marry her, and he said that he would like to see her die."

Prayed She Might Die.

"He told her frequently that he was constantly praying that she might die. The evidence showed that he kept her awake night after night trying to make her see that it was best that she should die. He constantly worried and harassed her on the subject of dying and getting out of the way, so as not to hinder him in his work, and he confessed his affection for another woman."

The courtroom was crowded and the review of the evidence was listened to with the most absorbed attention. As the pastor of the Second Congregational Church, Wanamaker had been prominent, and had a large following. He did not display any feeling when the court ordered the decree against him.

His resignation has been asked for, and will be handed in probably today.

Wanamaker confessed his love for the pretty widow, Mrs. Fulton, and in spite of the publicity he and she have kept up an exchange of letters. One of the notes was produced in court. In it Mrs. Fulton confessed that she loved Wanamaker. Both said there was nothing wrong in the matter, for they had prayed over it and their love was of God.

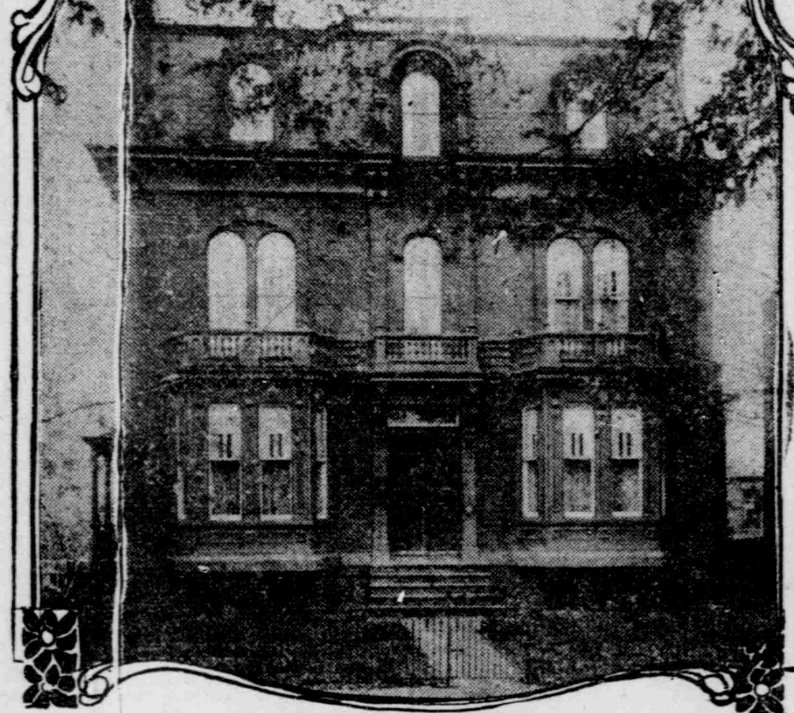
Widow Well Pleased.

Mrs. Fulton, when seen, seemed to be well pleased that Mrs. Wanamaker had secured a divorce. She would not state what she intended doing, but said that her movements would be governed by great deal by what Mr. Wanamaker advised. Mrs. Wanamaker would not talk. She said she had done all the talking she was going to do on the witness stand.

The Rev. H. S. Wanamaker will leave the city in a few days for the South, where he has friends. He said he was not in a position to say anything.

### THE ART OF ADVERTISING.

The art of advertising has been developed in the most perfect manner in the world. It is a science, and it is an art. It is a science because it is based on the principles of psychology and sociology. It is an art because it is a creative process. It is a science because it is based on the principles of psychology and sociology. It is an art because it is a creative process.



THE BRUEN HOME.

## Mary Candidates Found For French Presidency

Fallieres and Leon Bourgeois Regarded as  
Leaders in the Race, Which Will Be  
Decided January 16 Next.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—On January 16 next the national assembly, composed of the members of the senate and the members of the chamber of deputies, will meet at Versailles, under the chairmanship of M. Fallieres, the president of the senate, and will elect a new president of the republic for a term of seven years.

It is known that President Loubet will not be willing to take office for another term, and it is thought unlikely that he will yield to friendly pressure.

His seven years of office, glorious and rich in results though they have been, have aged M. Loubet considerably, and he has told several of his intimates lately that he considers that he has earned a rest.

Sixty-seven Years Old.

It should not be forgotten, too, that M. Loubet will be sixty-seven years old on the last day of this year—he was born on December 31, 1838—and that seven more years of office would take him well over the border-line of three-score years and ten.

The question of his successor is an easy one to answer—nine out of ten Frenchmen have a name ready for you now—but it is an extremely puzzling one to answer correctly.

The one qualification necessary for the highest office in France is that he must be a Frenchman. He need be neither deputy nor senator, and although he has always been a man of known political opinions, he need not necessarily be a politician at all.

M. Loubet was president of the senate when, in 1898, the national assembly elected him to be president of the republic; but although he had filled high office and had been actively engaged in politics for years, he was comparatively little known to the man in the street.

Averse to Politicians.

As a matter of fact, this was very much in his favor, for the electoral body which chooses the president of the republic is known to be averse to candidates who have made themselves prominent in party politics.

We may, I think, divide potential presidents into three classes—candidates, dark horses and the unexpected. Of the last class, it is naturally impossible to speak. From the first two I will endeavor, within the limits of my powers of reasoned prophecy, to pick out the probable and the possible presidents.

M. Fallieres, the president of the senate, may be looked upon as first favorite, partly by reason of his office and partly because he is known to be sound, known, too, to be too ambitious, and because he is distinctly decorative.

## COLORED MURDERER BURIED WITH VICTIM

Tapley Did Not Signal as to Whether  
He Was Conscious After  
Trap Was Sprung.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Dec. 23.—The body of Edwin F. Tapley, who was executed for the murder of his companion-law wife, Minnie May Jennings, was interred in the New York Bay Cemetery yesterday, in the same grave with his victim.

The sensational stories to the effect that Tapley was to signal whether or not he was conscious after he was jerked upward will probably find believers in many persons, but no one who was present at the execution places any evidence in the report. Even Rev. E. A. Meury, who is credited by some sensational writers with making the arrangements with Tapley, admits that no signal was given, even if previously arranged for.

It is known that Tapley had been approached on the matter of giving the signals, and had even consented to do so but anyone who observed his pitiful collapse on the scaffold and his subsequent twitchings realizes that no signal could have been given, and every contraction of the muscles of the hands and legs was co-ordinate with the muscular contractions in all parts of the man's body.

Rev. S. W. Smith and Rev. Aaron Mayo, who were reported to have acted in concert with Rev. Mr. Meury in making the signal arrangements, both denied having made any such arrangement.

## VALUED HIS LIFE AT ONE LONE SAWBUCK

WINSTED, Conn., Dec. 23.—Dr. J. Dobson, of Riverton, has attached real estate owned by Charles Roberts to recover on a bill for medical services amounting to \$28.

Roberts a few months ago attempted suicide by taking laudanum. Dr. Dobson saved his life after working over him for several days. Roberts paid Dr. Dobson \$10, and claims that was all the job was worth.

Bourgeois a Widower.

The main thing against M. Leon Bourgeois' chances of success is that he is a widower. But his chance is a very good one, all the same. Besides, it has been rumored that he intends marrying again.

M. Doumer, the president of the chamber, and former governor of Indochina, ranks third in the list of probable presidents. He has been minister of finance and minister of the interior, and has a charming personality. But he is, perhaps, too active and pushing a man for the position, and his political opinions—he is a radical Republican—are rather too clearly defined for those of a would-be president, who must, above all things, be politically neutral.

In the outsiders' class, M. Bertheux has lost ground by his sensational resignation from his post at the war office. He is a genial man and a rich one, and is very popular among his fellow-deputies, but the senators are said to distrust him.

### Waning Popularity.

M. Paul Deschanel had a very strong chance indeed in 1898, and had M. Loubet's presidency ended then or thereabouts, M. Deschanel would certainly have been elected. Now, though not for any special reason, he has no chance whatever.

It is one of those cases which give one a handle for a charge of fickleness against the French. M. Deschanel has simply dropped out of the running, and nobody, not even M. Deschanel, himself, knows exactly why this has happened.

M. Combes' chances are extremely poor, but I may, before ending my list, mention M. Jean Dupuy, whose influence as the proprietor of Le Petit Parisien is widespread, and who is known to have been canvassed for in the field and "practicing polemics" on the other farm hands, and there was something uncomfortable about a plowman who read as he followed the team, no matter how straight his furrows ran.

"Such practices were irritating, if not presumptuous, and there is a well-known story about a farmer who found the hired man lying in a field beside the road, dressed in his no. too immaculate farm clothes, with a book instead of a pitchfork in his hand."

"What are you reading?" inquired the old gentleman.

"I'm not reading; I'm studying," answered Lincoln, his wonderful eyes still on the pages of his book.

"Studying what?"

"Law, sir."

"The old man stared at the speaker for a moment in utter amazement."

"Great—God—Almighty!" he muttered as he passed on, shaking his head.

### ANNOUNCEMENT.

It is announced that Congressman Longworth no longer abhors the long word, "Where Art Thou?"—Los Angeles Express.

## NEW PREVENTATIVE FOR TUBERCULOSIS

Experiment With Behring  
Serum Distinct Success.

### CATTLE MADE IMMUNE

Hoped Also That the Same Method  
Might Eventually Be Applied  
to Humans.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—During a series of extensive experiments here with a quantity of bovine vaccine, sent by Prof. Behring, the serum expert, for use at a gathering of the most eminent physicians in France, at Melun, it was demonstrated that this serum prevents tuberculosis among cattle.

The experiments conducted at Melun, it is the general belief of the doctors present, constitute the greatest step yet taken toward the discovery of a serum for the prevention and cure of tuberculosis among human beings.

Absolutely Conclusive.

Doctors pronounced the experiments at Melun absolutely conclusive under the supervision of Prof. Vallee, of the Alfort Medical College, and Secretary Rossignol, of the Society of Veterinary Surgeons, forty head of cattle were procured. A number of these were inoculated with bovine vaccine. These, with a number of others not vaccinated, were placed among still other cattle already afflicted with pulmonary tuberculosis.

The unvaccinated cattle contracted the tuberculosis, while those inoculated with the bovine vaccine, proved to be immune from the disease.

Then the experiments were repeated, but this time, to demonstrate fully the power of the bovine vaccine by inoculation, instead of mere contact. A number of fresh cattle not used in the first series of experiments had the bovine vaccine injected into the veins and under the hide. They and others not treated with the bovine vaccine were inoculated with a virulent culture of pulmonary tuberculosis.

### Vaccinated Were Immune.

The effect was equally decisive. The unvaccinated cattle took pulmonary tuberculosis in its first form. The vaccinated cattle were absolutely free from it. Prof. Vallee said today: "It is certain that within a very short time we shall be in possession of a serum capable of preserving men and women from tuberculosis. There is no doubt that the suppression of pulmonary tuberculosis among cattle will in itself be a great step toward the prevention of the same malady in man, since undoubtedly affected cattle, when eaten, communicate the malady."

### CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET

#### CLOSED DULL AND STRONG

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Grain and provision prices all closed stronger for the day—40c for wheat, 14c for corn, 1c for oats, and 15c for provisions. The volume of business was about up to the usual week-end trade, but it was almost wholly between the talent.

One of the drawbacks to the trade in all the markets is the lack of outside business. Besides this the flour demand is not what it ought to be, and money is rather tight. Cash trade in grain was not so steady as in previous days.

Closing—Wheat, May, 87 1/2¢; corn, May, 44 1/4¢; oats, May, 31 1/2¢; ribs, May, 13 1/2¢; lard, May, 7.50¢; 7.50¢.

Automobiles at Cut Prices

HUDSON'S VARIETY STORE

416 Seventh Street

### COKE IS PREFERRED FOR COOKING

—to all other fuel not only because it is more economical but through its use the most satisfactory results are obtained. We'll supply you Coke.

25 Bus. Large Coke, delivered, \$2.50  
40 Bus. Large Coke, delivered, \$3.70  
60 Bus. Large Coke, delivered, \$5.30  
25 Bus. Crushed Coke, delivered, \$3.00  
40 Bus. Crushed Coke, delivered, \$4.50  
60 Bus. Crushed Coke, delivered, \$6.50

Washington Gaslight Co.,

413 10th St. N. W.

### PIANOS

For sale or  
exchange.

Old Pianos  
Taken in  
Part Payment  
for New.

BARGAINS IN SECOND-  
HAND INSTRUMENTS.

JOHN F. ELLIS & CO.

937 Pa. Ave.  
Oldest Piano House in the City.

### CONGRESSIONAL COFFEE

A delicious blending  
of rich Java and Mocha 35c  
lb.

Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.  
Main Store, Cor. 7th and E.

### DEAN, James M., Specialist.

708 13th St. N. W.  
25c off on Oculist Prescriptions during  
December. Opera Glasses, Lorgnettes,  
Readers, etc., very reasonable. det-304

### Connecticut Pies

The Favorite Pies in Wash-  
ington. More made and eaten  
than any other kind. All  
kitchens.

## Lansburgh & Bro.

Experiment With Behring  
Serum Distinct Success.

### CATTLE MADE IMMUNE

Hoped Also That the Same Method  
Might Eventually Be Applied  
to Humans.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—During a series of extensive experiments here with a quantity of bovine vaccine, sent by Prof. Behring, the serum expert, for use at a gathering of the most eminent physicians in France, at Melun, it was demonstrated that this serum prevents tuberculosis among cattle.

The experiments conducted at Melun, it is the general belief of the doctors present, constitute the greatest step yet taken toward the discovery of a serum for the prevention and cure of tuberculosis among human beings.

Absolutely Conclusive.

Doctors pronounced the experiments at Melun absolutely conclusive under the supervision of Prof. Vallee, of the Alfort Medical College, and Secretary Rossignol, of the Society of Veterinary Surgeons, forty head of cattle were procured. A number of these were inoculated with bovine vaccine. These, with a number of others not vaccinated, were placed among still other cattle already afflicted with pulmonary tuberculosis.

The unvaccinated cattle contracted the tuberculosis, while those inoculated with the bovine vaccine, proved to be immune from the disease.

Then the experiments were repeated, but this time, to demonstrate fully the power of the bovine vaccine by inoculation, instead of mere contact. A number of fresh cattle not used in the first series of experiments had the bovine vaccine injected into the veins and under the hide. They and others not treated with the bovine vaccine were inoculated with a virulent culture of pulmonary tuberculosis.

### Vaccinated Were Immune.

The effect was equally decisive. The unvaccinated cattle took pulmonary tuberculosis in its first form. The vaccinated cattle were absolutely free from it. Prof. Vallee said today: "It is certain that within a very short time we shall be in possession of a serum capable of preserving men and women from tuberculosis. There is no doubt that the suppression of pulmonary tuberculosis among cattle will in itself be a great step toward the prevention of the same malady in man, since undoubtedly affected cattle, when eaten, communicate the malady."

### CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET

#### CLOSED DULL AND STRONG

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Grain and provision prices all closed stronger for the day—40c for wheat, 14c for corn, 1c for oats, and 15c for provisions. The volume of business was about up to the usual week-end trade, but it was almost wholly between the talent.

One of the drawbacks to the trade in all the markets is the lack of outside business. Besides this the flour demand is not what it ought to be, and money is rather tight. Cash trade in grain was not so steady as in previous days.

Closing—Wheat, May, 87 1/2¢; corn, May, 44 1/4¢; oats, May, 31 1/2¢; ribs, May, 13 1/2¢; lard, May, 7.50¢; 7.50¢.

Automobiles at Cut Prices

HUDSON'S VARIETY STORE

416 Seventh Street

### COKE IS PREFERRED FOR COOKING

—to all other fuel not only because it is more economical but through its use the most satisfactory results are obtained. We'll supply you Coke.

25 Bus. Large Coke, delivered, \$2.50  
40 Bus. Large Coke, delivered, \$3.70  
60 Bus. Large Coke, delivered, \$5.30  
25 Bus. Crushed Coke, delivered, \$3.00  
40 Bus. Crushed Coke, delivered, \$4.50  
60 Bus. Crushed Coke, delivered, \$6.50

Washington Gaslight Co.,

413 10th St. N. W.

### PIANOS

For sale or  
exchange.

Old Pianos  
Taken in  
Part Payment  
for New.

BARGAINS IN SECOND-  
HAND INSTRUMENTS.

JOHN F. ELLIS & CO.

937 Pa. Ave.  
Oldest Piano House in the City.

### CONGRESSIONAL COFFEE

A delicious blending  
of rich Java and Mocha 35c  
lb.

Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.  
Main Store, Cor. 7th and E.

### DEAN, James M., Specialist.

708 13th St. N. W.  
25c off on Oculist Prescriptions during  
December. Opera Glasses, Lorgnettes,  
Readers, etc., very reasonable. det-304

### Connecticut Pies

The Favorite Pies in Wash-  
ington. More made and eaten  
than any other kind. All  
kitchens.