GREATEST AMERICAN FLEET EVER ASSEMBLED IN TIME OF DEACE OF WAR UNDER ONE

OMMANDER. REAR ADMIRAL EVANS, Commander of Gigantic Fleet THE BATTLESHIP VIRGINIA.

Great Fighting Sea Monsters Anchor in Hampton Roads for Spectacular Contrast of U.S. Engines of War With Foreign Countries' Death-Dealing Machines, and for Most Powerful and Terrible Peace Plea.

EVER in the history of the United States Navy has there been such a formidable array of warships as that which will gather in Hampton Roads this month to participate in the Jamestown Exposition.

The largest fleet ever previously assembled under the command of one United States naval officer was that which was reviewed by President Roosevelt in Long Island, Septem-

While the Jamestown aggregation of fighting sea monsters will not quite equal that of Oyster Bay in numerical strength, it will surpass it in fighting power, and counting the foreign vessels of war which will form a part of the naval display, the Jamestown fleet will be superior to the review of

Visitors to Jamestown, however, will be given the opportunity to see both fleets, for the Navy Department has decided to place in the Government building an exact reproduction by model of the Long Island These models are actual reductions of the vessels which participated in the review, complete in

essential details; and the relative po-sition of each model will indicate the location of the corresponding vessel on the day of the grand review. The models will be placed on a large table covered with canvas, painted in a very artistic manner in

imitation of water, and will give a

very realistic representation of the

strength of the largest fleet which

had, up to that time, ever been assembled under the command of one American naval officer. 獎 嫅 Admiral Evans to Command. Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans will

There will be sixteen

tleships, whereas the Oyster Bay fleet contained only twelve battleships. As battleships are still considered the backbone of a navy, in spite of the vaunted fighting power of torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers, five extra battleships will make a great difference in the strength of a be in command of the Jamestown fleet, which will consist of thirty-six

ficet.
The present fleet will have only six cruisers, as against eight in the former, and two monitors, as against

REAR ADMIRAL DAVIS AND THE BATTLESHIP MINNESOTA.

four. The former fleet had twelve torpedo boats and destroyers; the present fleet will have only one less. There were three submarines at Oyster Bay; it is not known yet whether though the probabilities are that there

will be several.
Foreign countries will be represented
by at least seventeen war vessels,
mostly armored and protected cruisers. England will have four cruisers

and France will have two cruisers under the command of an officer of similar rank. Japan's two cruisers, the Tsubuka and the Chitose, will be commanded by a vice admiral. Ger-many, Italy, Chile, Portugal, Austria,

Display of Large Guns.

One of these will show, historically, t advances made in the largest type of guns carried by men-of-war at differ

The 12-inch breech loading later date, being somewh

135

Models Showing Navy's Growth.

There will also be about thirty models of vessels of the navy on scale of one forty-eighth of the full size, complete in every detail, and half-models of vessels, showing representative types from the "Bon Homne Richard" up to the "Connecticut" and

"Louisiana" type.
Another interesting feature exhibit will be a working model of at various navy yards. The model of

Reproduction of Floating Docks.

There will also be exhibited a working model of a steel floating drydock illustrating the type installed at the New Orleans naval station and the Pensacola navy yard, and the Dewey which was recently towed to the naval station. Olongapo, P. I., and there

which was recently towed to the navai station. Olongapo, P. I., and there installed. The model will be affoat in a tank of water, which will also contain a model of a battleship built to the same scale, one forty-eighth of actual size.

All operations incident to the docking of a vessel in a floating drydock will be performed, including the sinking of the drydock to the requisite depth by the admission of water into pontoons, the hauling of the ship into the dock and its centering over the deck of the drydock as submerged; the raising of the dock by pumping the water from the pontoons until the blocking, previously arranged upon their decks as a resting place for the ship, engage her, and, continuing to rise, lift her above the water level, ready for such examination and repairs as may be necessary, such side shoring as may be necessary being adjusted in the meantime.

The undocking of the ship will be illustrated, the preceding operations being reversed for the purpose.

Naval Academy in Miniature,

The United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md., where our future of-ficers of the navy-the midshipmenpursue their studies and receive their naval and military training, and for which Congress appropriated \$10,000. 600, is reproduced in miniature at the scale of one thirty-second of an inch scale of one thirty-second of an inch to the foot. This model is 12x6 feet and shows the entire layout of the grounds, buildings, roads, paths, water front, and gives a careful expression of the general character of the buildings.

An immense eagle, weighing about a ton, representing the stem ornament of the United States steamer Niagara, which vessel was used in laying the first cable across the Atlantic, will also be exhibited.

In addition the Marine Corps contributes to the Navy Department's exhibit a sample of uniforms, arms, and accounterments artistically arranged in large glass show cases.

The Medical School, Too.

The Naval Medical School, Twentyin miniature on the scale of one thirty-second of an inch to the foot.

An exhibit will also be made of the handlwork of the Artificers' School, located at the navy yard at Norfolk, Va., where they are trained to per-form repair work on small boats, fit-tings, auxiliary machinery, and plumb-

There will be hundreds of other ex-hibits installed to give visitors a gen-eral idea of the work being done by the navy and observers will find a large store of information on the most important features of naval progress, past and present.

first class and one second class bat-THE WASHINGTON TIMES MAGAZINE