

Colored "Labor Corps" As Valuable To Allies As Men in Front Line Trenches



PHOTO UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD
HIS MAJESTY LOOKS THEM OVER.
(British Official Photograph.)

Great Britain's Colonials, as is well known, have played an important and plucky part in the great war now raging overseas. Here are shown a number of dark-skinned chiefs from South Africa undergoing an inspection by no less a personage than His Majesty

King George. The Ethiopian units in England's expeditionary forces have attracted great attention because of their fearlessness, resourcefulness and all-around fidelity. Those here shown are members of the great "Labor Corps."



EVERY PASTIME HAS ITS CHAMP.
French Official Photograph.

Hand-grenade throwing is a popular but dangerous sport in the front-line trenches. Every company has its "champion" and the rivalry is keen. The picture shows two claimants to titular honors

setting the fuses to their implements of death preliminary to a little practice work. Under a shelter to the right may be seen a thrower "snatching forty winks between rounds."

U-BOAT LOSSES DECREASED BY NEW FOG BOMB

LONDON, Nov. 8.—The British admiralty's report, showing only eight merchant ships of 1,600 tons or more sunk by mines or submarines last week marks a new low record, but does not do away with the fact that the submarine is a grave menace. The number of ships today operating in the open waters is greater than at any time since the outbreak of the war. It is likewise true that there are more merchant ships in the Atlantic than at any time since the outbreak of the war. The number of ships today operating in the open waters is greater than at any time since the outbreak of the war. It is likewise true that there are more merchant ships in the Atlantic than at any time since the outbreak of the war.

It is said that the shipping board is contemplating making the use of the "fog bomb" compulsory. Thomas A. Edison is said to be perfecting a sound device for the detection of torpedoes, which will enable officers on the bridge of vessels passing through the submarine zone to hear torpedoes when, owing to weather conditions, they cannot be seen. The Germans are steadily pushing the submarine into other waters, and the danger area is becoming greater daily.

PARIS, Nov. 8.—French shipping lost two ships during the last week by mine or submarine. One was a vessel of more than 1,000 tons, and the second was of smaller tonnage, according to the official report.

ROME, Nov. 8.—Total Italian shipping losses from submarines during the past week, says the official report, were two steamers under 1,500 tons and three small sailing craft.

Gertrude Hoffman Says She Can't Wear More and Still Be a Greek Nymph

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—"Now, really, good people, do you expect me to appear in an overcoat and gashes when I am representing a Greek nymph?" Thus did the delectable Gertrude Hoffman reply today to allegations of the Women's Church Federation that she is not sufficiently camouflaged during her appearances at a local theater.

To the charge that she appears "nude below the thighs," Gertrude replies that hundreds of our best people are appearing daily in similar attire at the Florida and California beaches.

MANCHESTER, Nov. 8.—Speaking at a meeting to discuss war aims held here last night, Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, declared that Great Britain could look to the future not only with hope but with absolute confidence. He said that Great Britain's overseas force is more than three million, adding: "A mightier force never existed."

"As for the submarine campaign," he said, "I can say with certainty that it is not going to bring us to our knees." "We are watching with the deepest anxiety what is happening in Italy," with deep anxiety, but not without hope.

He believed the Italian army would be able to stop the German advance until aid had come from Great Britain and France. He added: "A determined effort is being made by a small section to frighten depositors, particularly small investors, from lending money to the State by saying that it is unsafe. Nothing could be more absurd. It is also nonsense to say that the debt would be repudiated. If we lose this war it might be. No investment in this kingdom would be safe if that happened. It would not be the loss of our money we would think about then."

O'BRIEN CHIEF CLERK TO ADJUTANT GENERAL

Thomas A. O'Brien, a member of the civilian force of the War Department for eighteen years, was appointed chief clerk of the adjutant general's office today to succeed Alonso W. Shunk, who died a few days ago.

Mr. O'Brien entered the Government service as stenographer to the army medical typhoid board. Later he served as stenographer to a board of officers investigating Spanish war claims before entering the office of the adjutant general in 1903, where he has served continuously for fourteen years.

Three months ago Mr. O'Brien was appointed a chief of division in the War Department. Recently he was sent by the War Department through the West to inspect accounting systems in firms with Government contracts. He took up his new duties as chief clerk immediately after his selection for that post by Adjutant General McLean.

CAPT. RIDER HAGGARD KILLED.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—Capt. Rider Haggard, nephew of the author, who left a bank in Montreal to join the Princess Patricia's Regiment, fought in the second battle at Ypres, was wounded with frozen feet, once wounded, and fighting ever since, was killed on October 30.

RED CROSS SENDS FOOD TO SERBIANS IN PRISON CAMPS

Enormous quantities of American food are on the way today to the Kaiser's country.

The American Government knows about it. Is, in fact, glad of it. Did, in fact, permit it to be sent, and went to considerable trouble to arrange routing so it would be sure to get there.

The shipment now en route, which will be followed by others to the value of at least \$500,000, is 5,000 sacks of perfectly good American flour. Other foodstuffs and clothing will be sent on to German territory just as fast as the American Government can get it there.

The food and clothing, however, is not going to German subjects, but to Serbian prisoners of war in Austrian prison camps. Concerning the shipments, the American Red Cross said: "As part of the Red Cross program for aid to Serbia, which has been undertaken in co-operation with the Serbian government, the Red Cross has just shipped 5,000 bags of flour to Serbians in Austrian prison camps. This is the first shipment of a series of food purchases which the Red Cross, in co-operation with the Serbian government, is making in order to secure relief for prisoners. The Serbian minister has deposited \$500,000 to the credit of the Red Cross for the purchase of these foodstuffs.

The allies must provide living necessities for their soldiers who are captured, because the central powers are not providing prisoners of war with sufficient food to keep them in good health. By arrangement with Germany and Austria, prisoners are permitted to receive extra rations and clothing from their home governments. Lack of supplies in Europe forced Serbia to buy in the United States.

"The shipments go to the Serbian consul at Marzouk, and thence through the Serbian section of the Red Cross at Belgrade, Switzerland, to prison camps in Austria." "The American Red Cross now has a special commission in Serbia, headed by Cordell Arnold Severance, of St. Paul, Minn. The packages of war food and clothing have been even worse than in Belgium and Roumania, and many Serbian refugees have fled for relief. Next to Belgium and France, Serbia has been the chief center of American relief work abroad."

Vital Records

BIRTHS.

President's Thanksgiving Proclamation

It has long been the honored custom of our people to turn in the fruitful autumn of the year in praise and thanksgiving to Almighty God for His many blessings and mercies to us as a nation. That custom we can follow now, even in the midst of the tragedy of a world shaken by war and immeasurable disaster, in the midst of sorrow and great peril, because even amidst the darkness that has gathered about us we can see the great blessings God has bestowed upon us, blessings that are better than mere peace of mind and prosperity of enterprise.

We have been given the opportunity to serve mankind as we once served ourselves in the great day of our Declaration of Independence, by taking up arms against a tyranny that threatened to master and debase men everywhere and joining with other free peoples in demanding for all the nations of the world what we then demanded and obtained for ourselves. In this day of the revelation of our duty not only to defend our own rights as a nation, but to defend also the rights of free men throughout the world, there has been vouchsafed us in full and inspiring measure the resolution and spirit of united action. We have been brought to one mind and purpose. A new vigor of common counsel and common action has been revealed in us. We should especially thank God that in such circumstances, in the midst of the greatest enterprise the spirits of men have ever entered upon, we have, if we but observe a reasonable and practical economy, abundance with which to supply the needs of those associated with us, as well as our own. A new light shines about us. The great duties of a new day awaken a new and greater national spirit in us. We shall never again be divided or wonder what stuff we are made of.

And while we render thanks for these things let us pray Almighty God that all our humbleness of spirit we may look always to Him for guidance; that we may be kept constant in the spirit and purpose of service; that by His grace our minds may be directed and our hands strengthened; and that in His good time liberty and security and peace and the comradeship of a common justice may be vouchsafed all the nations of the earth.

Wherefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate Thursday, the 29th day of November next, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, and invite the people throughout the land to cease upon that day from their ordinary occupations and in their several homes and places of worship to render thanks to God, the great ruler of nations.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 7th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-second.

By the President:
ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

WOODROW WILSON,

and Maria C. Hark, 27, of Takoma Park, Md. The Rev. Frank X. Macleod.
Harold E. Thomas, 27, and Carita E. Wood, 24, both of Washington, D. C. The Rev. George G. Bacon.
William Weston Cowell, 28, and Honora M. Groth, 24, both of Newell, Va. The Rev. William H. H. Harkness.
Christopher P. Spaulding.
Meyer Weiner, 28, and Adele Zatta, 26, both of Washington, D. C. The Rev. G. S. Silverstone.
Leda Heston, 24, and Anna Louise Wormley, 24, both of Washington, D. C. The Rev. David Heston.
Paul H. Kestner, 28, and Irma N. Hooper, 24, both of Washington, D. C. The Rev. F. W. Johnson.
Edmund E. Parley, 28, and Miriam Parley, 24, both of Washington, D. C. The Rev. Walter E. Morgan.
W. H. Harkness, 28, and Alice Tansel, 24, both of Washington, D. C. The Rev. C. M. Tanager.
H. Henderson, 28, and Beulah Washington, 22, both of Washington, D. C. The Rev. H. Harkness.
S. Freeman, 28, and Lottie Boulden, 26, both of Washington, D. C. The Rev. F. W. Johnson.
H. E. Taylor, 28, and Anna Louise Wormley, 24, both of Washington, D. C. The Rev. F. W. Johnson.
P. E. Taylor, 28, and Anna Louise Wormley, 24, both of Washington, D. C. The Rev. F. W. Johnson.
W. H. Ford, 28, and Lillian Shanklin, 24, both of Washington, D. C. The Rev. F. W. Johnson.
J. I. Verry, 28, and Lillian H. Gordon, 24, both of Washington, D. C. The Rev. F. W. Johnson.

Deaths.

Frank D. Ford, 55 yrs., 217 M st. n.w.
John T. Blumer, 55 yrs., Wash. Ave. n.w.
Mary H. Wilcox, 55 yrs., Providence Hosp.
Mary Jackson, 55 yrs., Providence Hosp.
Samuel Perkins, 55 yrs., Providence Hosp.
William H. Holmes, 55 yrs., Garfield Hosp.
John H. Morgan, 55 yrs., 401 Conn. ave.
Thomas Heston, 55 yrs., Columbia Hosp.
Alexander Frost, 55 yrs., 121 U st. n.w.
Martha A. Little, 55 yrs., 101 Porter st. n.w.
Mary E. Pennington, 55 yrs., 101 Porter st. n.w.
John W. Barrett, 55 yrs., Thoburnville Hosp.
Schuyler Leonard, 55 yrs., 101 Porter st. n.w.
Rachel Beck, 55 yrs., 101 Porter st. n.w.
Mary Johnson, 55 yrs., 101 Porter st. n.w.
Percy Montgomery, 55 yrs., 101 Porter st. n.w.

\$5 WAR-SAVINGS CERTIFICATES GO ON SALE SOON

A campaign will be launched shortly to make the most extravagant people in the world the most thrifty.

The stern necessities of war will wipe out from American life its one besetting sin—excessive spending. This, at least, will be the aim of the war savings campaign to raise more funds for the national war chest.

A \$2,000,000,000 issue of war-savings certificates, in denominations as low as \$5, and running for five years, will be offered some time this month by the Treasury Department. It will mark an innovation in Government financing.

The certificates, which will be on sale at postoffices and all other Government agencies throughout the country, are designed to appeal to the man and the woman of limited means. The general interest rate for the entire issue will be 4 per cent.

It is planned to sell the certificates by way of stamps and postoffice books. Thus the children's dime-bank can be effectively mobilized for the Government.

Certificates will be redeemable any time before maturity at the request of the holder, allowing interest at a rate slightly less than 4 per cent.

"It is vitally necessary that the American people should practice savings on a large scale during the progress of the war," said Secretary McAdoo. "This new plan will give every man, woman and child in America, no matter how small his means, the opportunity to do something to help the Government."

CORPS SELECTED FOR CARE OF U. S. DEAD

To see that the graves of our soldiers "over there" will not be unmarked will be the work of a new corps recently organized under the direction of Major Pierce, chaplain of the army. This new plan will give every man, woman and child in America, no matter how small his means, the opportunity to do something to help the Government.

ADVERTISEMENT

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Painful attacks stopped without internal treatment by Sloan's Liniment.

What greater comfort than to get rid of this throbbing, peristent pain in the brow or temple? When of neuro-rhagic origin, Sloan's Liniment applied at painful points or along nerves of forehead promptly soothes and stops the pain. Often a headache goes, if the blood be drawn from the brain by the counter-irritation of Sloan's Liniment at the back of the neck, along the spine or at the feet. Headache being also a symptom of various bodily disorders, its constant recurrence may call for a physician's advice.

No need to rub Sloan's Liniment. It penetrates quickly and brings relief at once. In all forms of neuralgia and rheumatism, sciatica, sprains, strains, bruises and all external pains, the most distressing aches disappear before its quick soothing relief. Sloan's Liniment is cleaner than many plasters or poultices as it does not stain the skin. Generous size bottles at druggists everywhere. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

TEUTONS ANNIHILATE HEROIC ITALIAN BRIGADE

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS Nov. 8.—A brigade of grenadiers has been annihilated by the advancing Teutons. But their part in the war will go down in history, for with their deaths they delayed the foe advance until the Italian troops had reached a place of safety and were reformed for action. They had been assigned to retard the enemy advance after the crossing of the Tagliamento.

No shelling from the enemy could dislodge them. They lay prone behind brushwood calmly awaiting the foe. As soon as the enemy came within range his ranks were swept with the rifle fire of the grenadiers. The Austro-German lines were filled up immediately, however, and continued to advance in overwhelming waves. As they approached, the grenadiers rose to their knees and hurled their grenades, but were unable to turn back such great numbers of the enemy.

The last surviving officer then ordered a bayonet charge. Without hesitation the grenadiers dashed at the foe. When last seen the few survivors, using their rifles as clubs, were fighting on until, one by one, all fell.

GOVERNMENT WORKERS QUIT.

BOSTON, Nov. 8.—One thousand mechanics employed on Government construction work at the navy yard and the Federal appraiser's stores, in this city, at the Marine Hospital, in Chelsea, and the Watertown Arsenal have gone on strike today.

COMMANDER OF ALCEDO CABLES NEWS OF SAFETY

BALTIMORE, Nov. 8.—Lieut. Commander William T. Conn, Jr., of the United States patrol ship Alcedo, has cabled news of his safety to his father, William T. Conn, of 802 East Preston street.

The father had been informed earlier yesterday that when the Alcedo had been sunk by the Germans that his son and twenty of the ship's crew had lost their lives.

Mr. Conn, who has been loud in his denunciations of atrocities of the Germans, is very proud of his son. He said he would have accepted calmly any fate that would have come the boy's way, as long as he was fighting autocracy, the enemy of the world.

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