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Stock of Fall and Winter Goods has just arrived. Besides a complete line of all the staples necessary for the Fall and Winter trade, we have received, and call attention particularly, to our wide variety of fabrics suitable for Ladies' and Children's Dresses, embracing many novelties in Velvets, Silks, Cashmeres, Cloth Suitings, Ottomans, Tricots, Plaids, etc., etc. Our stock of Ladies' and Children's

WRAPS

has been largely added to within the past few days, and we show many styles that cannot be found elsewhere. Our low prices, in this department are a surprise to competent judges. We solicit an early call.

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VEST FRONT NEWMARKETS.

We show them in beautiful Brocaded silk and wool, and tailor made; also Seal Plush Sacques, which we offer extremely cheap. Call and see the cheapest Children's Cloaks in the state; we have them in any size. We also offer this season the popular Cannonsburg Blankets, and we are headquarters for the best Wool Hosiery in the city. Call on us and be convinced.

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The Intelligencer.

Office: Nos. 25 and 27 Fourteenth Street.

New Advertisements.

Wanted—Servant *Girl*.
Wanted—A No. 1 Cook.
Lost—Masonic Pin.
Lost—A Pair of Eye-Glasses.
For Rent—Furnished Sleeping Room.
For Rent—Two-story Brick House.
The "Grand" Parlor Heater—Nesbitt & Bro.
Attention, Republicans.
Opera House—Hoop of Gold.
Richardson's New Method for the Pianoforte.
Woman's Union Benevolent Society.
German Study Lamps—Ewing Bros.
Ornamental Cabinet Ware—E. L. Nicoll.
1,000 Bags Timothy and Clover Seed.
Physicians' Call Books and Ledgers.
Notice—A. Mendleson.
For Sale—Cheap Home—Fourth page.
Attention, Plumed Knights—Fourth page.

Thermometer Record.

The following shows the range of the thermometer as observed at Schnepf's drug store, Opera House corner, yestreday: 7 A. M., 71°; 12 M., 84; 3 P. M., 83; 7 P. M., 79°.

INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 30.—1:30 A. M.—For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, partly cloudy weather, local rains, southerly winds, nearly stationary temperature.

For the Lower Lakes, cooler, fair followed by partly cloudy weather, local rains, southerly winds, higher temperature.

Watson-Park.

A quiet wedding, witnessed by only a few relatives and friends of the contracting parties, took place at St. Matthew's Episcopal Church in Capitol Square, yesterday afternoon. The ceremony, which was performed by the rector, Rev. R. Rush Swope, united James Watson, Esq., a New York attorney, to Mrs. Florence S. Park, also of New York. Both were formerly of this city. They left last evening on their wedding trip.

At the Academy.

The Agnes Wallace-Villa Combination began an engagement at the Academy of Music last evening to a well filled house that was loud in applause of the really good programme. The bill opens with Miss Agnes Wallace-Villa as *Tat*, in a romantic drama by that name. This is followed by an olio of four excellent selections. Brougham's "Pocahontas" concludes the performance, in which Sam B. Villa, as the dusky maiden, and Miss Sabra Deshon as *Capt. John Smith*, divide the honors. Altogether it was an enjoyable performance, and was well received. It will be seen there the balance of the week.

Entertainment at the Park.

The Wheeling Park Association and Opera House Orchestra have arranged jointly to give a grand concert, family picnic and night festival at the park to-morrow afternoon and evening for the entertainment of members of both associations and their friends. The concert will commence at 2 o'clock and continue during the afternoon and evening. In the evening the park will be beautifully illuminated and there will be dancing and a display of fire works. At 8 o'clock there will be a grand march about the grounds in which all are expected to join. Everything is being done to make the occasion enjoyable.

A Little Girl with a Big History.

Minnie Hill was before Squire Arkle yesterday on a charge of stealing a $10 crepe veil from Amanda V. Price. Judge Houston represented the State and Col. Arnett the defense. After wasting a good deal of time, Judge Houston offered to withdraw the charge, but Squire Arkle would not allow this. The prosecuting witness then refused to prosecute the case further, and Minnie was discharged. Minnie will be remembered as Minnie McCann, who was sometime ago arrested for stealing a large sum of money from Winters & Thornburg's hotel. She was then, or claimed to be, a member of the Salvation Army. She has since been married. She is probably sixteen years old.

MILL MATTERS.

New Manager Appointed—Two More Factories Making Steel Nails.

Captain W. H. Travis was yesterday appointed manager of the LaBelle nail works *vice* Mr. Cash Evans, deceased.

A large quantity of steel ingots was yesterday received by the Belmont mill company, and the work of cutting steel nails will commence this morning. Only enough will now be cut to fill a special order. The company will not adopt steel as a steady thing unless compelled to by the demand for steel nails. The present lot is cut only to supply one imperative order.

The Benwood mill also commenced cutting steel nails yesterday to fill special orders. Only a part of the nailers and feeders are on at this mill.

DEATH ON THE RAIL.

A MOST FRIGHTFUL COLLISION

On the B. & O. Road Near Farmington Yesterday Afternoon—Two Men Killed Outright—Six Others Badly Hurt—Several Wheeling Men Hurt-One Will Die.

The most serious collision which has occurred in this vicinity for some years happened yesterday afternoon about one o'clock, on the B. & O. road, one mile west of Farmington, sixty-five miles east of this city, and resulted in the instant death of two men, the fatal wounding of a third, and the more or less serious injury of five others.

The trains which came together were No. 4, Baltimore and Chicago express, commonly known as on the road as "The Daisy," and local freight train No. 89, from this city for the east. The engines were almost upon each other around a curve before the impending danger was discovered, and nothing could then avert it. The engines came together with a frightful clash, and at once a shocking scene of ruin and confusion ensued.

TWO MEN KILLED.

A freight conductor named Capt. Dumire was riding on the engine of the passenger train, and the fireman, Dan Boyd, shouted for him to jump. After a moment's hesitation he did so, and escaped with slight bruises. Boyd was less lucky. He was caught in the wreck of the tender, and his shoulders painfully crushed.

The engineer of the passenger train, John Smith, was also severely injured, but not dangerously. George Leonard, the freight engineer, was shockingly scalded, and cannot live till this morning. Conductor Turley and Fireman O'Donnell, of the freight train, were killed outright, O'Donnell's body being caught by the irons of the engine in the fall and mutilated most sickeningly.

The engine of the freight train turned over and over down the bank and landed in the creek. The other fell the other way.

The passengers escaped injury, by peculiar good fortune, and at once went to work to relieve the suffering about them.

THE KILLED AND INJURED.

The following are the names of the killed:

THOMAS TURLEY, conductor of the freight train; lived at Piedmont; single; boarded at Blum's, Centre Wheeling.

THOMAS O'DONNELL, fireman of engine No. 204, of the freight; shockingly mangled and his remains scattered over the ground; lived at Martinsburg; single.

The injured were:

GEORGE B. LEONARD, engineer of freight; resided at No. 1, Twenty-third street; married; fatally injured; scalded in breast and leg, knee cap broken, and hurt internally; cannot live till morning.

DANIEL BOYD, fireman on the passenger engine; terribly bruised and scalded, but may recover; single, and boards on Main street, South Side, this city.

JOHN SMITH, engineer of passenger train; bruised on shoulder and slightly scalded; not seriously hurt.

JAMES F. ADAMS, mail agent; badly bruised and cut about head. Will recover.

JAMES SAPP, chief mail clerk, badly hurt.

CAPT. DUMIRE, conductor, riding on passenger engine; jumped and bruised himself slightly.

AN AWFUL SCENE.

The scene just after the trains collided was simply indescribable. The engine of the passenger train lay partly turned over, and the fireman, Boyd, was so wedged in the wreck that he could not move, but lay with his face slowly cooking, his shoulders and chest crushed by their load, and the water from the tender pouring over him, and mingling in a slimy mass with the cement and flour scattered about for yards from the wrecked freight cars. He was rescued with difficulty.

The shock threw the contents of the six freight cars which were demolished in a shower into the air. Cement, flour and grain rained all over the surrounding ground, over the cars of both trains and the engines, where, mingling with the escaping steam and the water from the tanks it formed a paste which set about the faces and figures of the injured men, rendering them unrecognizable.

The mail car was also wrecked, and it and the broken freight cars were piled in two heaps of broken timber and iron.

HELPING THE WOUNDED.

At once the alarmed passengers began hurrying to see if any of their friends were hurt. One lady aboard the train was a friend of Mail Agent Adams, and he had taken her little girl aboard his car at Grafton. She escaped injury.

The passengers at once began working like heroes to extricate the engangered and bleeding train hands. The members of the two crews who escaped unhurt, also assisted. The work was necessarily slow, however. Sheriff Chambers, of Washington county, Pa., accompanied by a prisoner, John Miller, was aboard, and in the excitement Miller was forgotten. When Mr. Chambers looked around for him again, he found him working as bravely as anybody, and rendering good service.

The bodies of the two men who were killed were taken to their homes at Martinsburg and Piedmont, respectively, and the injured made as comfortable as possible. Smith was brought to his home in this city.

CAUSE OF THE ACCIDENT.

Owing to the reticence of the railroad employes it was difficult to ascertain who was to blame. It was stated on pretty good authority, however, that the conductor and engineer of the freight train misunderstood or misread their orders. The orders were to go to Mannington and there wait for the express train to pass, but it was taken to be Farmington, and the freight train was going at an unusually swift speed to make the siding a mile beyond the scene of the wreck.

In all the confusion Engineer Smith had presence of mind to apply his air breaks, which no doubt prevented a more disastrous collision.

The mail bags recovered from the wreck were brought to this city, arriving about 10 o'clock last evening. They were in a terribly filthy condition and nearly every one was water-soaked. The water from the tenders was the cause. As fast as the bags were opened the contents were spread out to dry. Some of the packages were reduced to a pulp of paper, others were torn. Stamps had soaked off and the address in hundreds of cases was obliterated. It will be a work of two or three days getting that mail straightened out.

The wreck was not cleared away until a late hour last night, and all trains will be more or less delayed this forenoon.

Actors at Base Ball.

A game of base ball was played on the Fair Grounds yesterday, which was interesting if not closely contested. Mr. Harry Lacy, of the "Planter's Wife" Combination, and several of the members of the company played, and the balance of the eighteen necessary for a game of base ball were gathered up by Col. Sam Harrison. Mr. Lacy, assisted by Frank Woodmansee, commanded a nine that was largely composed of semi-professional players, while Col. Harrison commanded a rather weak nine. The Lacy men were so interested in explaining the principles of the game to the Harrison men and encouraging them in their playing, that before they realized the situation the Harrision men had piled up a big score. To show their gratitude, when this was discovered, at the conclusion of the fifth inning with the score standing 28 to 6, the Harrisonites fearful that they would be beaten, refused to play longer. This refusal was greatly regretted by the large audience present, which had staked its money on the Lacy men.

SOME heathen, are not as much of the heathen as we think; read a Mahometan proverb. "God has bestowed the good things of this world to relieve our necessities, not to reward our virtues; these will be rewarded in another world." We know of no greater necessity to be relieved, than a stubborn cold, and we know of no better relief than Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Matters of Minor Moment in and About the City.

MATINEE at Opera House to-day.

"THE PLANTER'S WIFE" this evening.

CHESTNUTS have appeared in market.

ONE marriage license was issued yesterday.

THE Twenty-third volume of West Virginia reports is ready for circulation.

AN important meeting of the Plumed Knights is called for this evening. Every man should be present.

BILLY MAYER played for a ball at Turner Hall last night, and this evening will furnish music for a private hop at Arbenz's Hall.

IT is probable that the members of the Lincoln Club will attend the Blaine demonstration at Bellaire, next Saturday, in a body.

DR. CHARLES F. CLARK has returned to his practice in Brooklyn after spending a pleasant three weeks' vacation at his home out the National road.

RESERVED seats will be placed on sale at Baumer's music store this morning for the engagement of the "Hoop of Gold," at the Opera House Thursday and Friday evenings.

THE Board of Directors of the State Fair Association will meet this afternoon to hear the financial report of the Secretary, Mr. Hook. The Association cleared about $8,000 at its recent fair.

J. W. HILLIGUS and Henry Anderson, who pleaded guilty to indictments for petit larceny recently in Judge Jacob's court, were yesterday sentenced to nine months imprisonment each, in the county jail.

LETTER LIST.—Theodore Bush, R. B. Allen, M. N. Spooner, F. D. Swann, Thos. H. Wardle, F. Buser, Wallace F. Baush, F. Hathaway, Harry S. Hill, S. E. Graff, Fred. Kaufman, H. H. Klack, Oscar Lacy, M. Lee.

LAST night's dispatches state that the depth in the channel at Pittsburgh was 3 feet 5 inches, and the river was rising. A small rise may be looked for here. The present depth in the channel is about 24 inches.

CLERK HOOK yesterday admitted to record a deed made September 29 by Charles Schwertfeger, Jr., and wife to Lena Wildpret, in consideration of $575 for two parcels of the old Sunnyside vineyard, on George's run.

GEN. STEWART L. WOODFORD, of New York, than whom no orator is more admired in Wheeling, will speak here Thursday, October 9, at Grafton on the 10th and at Parkersburg on the 11th. His name will draw vast audiences at all these places.

SHERIFF CHAMBERS, of Washington county, last night lodged in jail here John Miller, accused of stealing a horse last December from W. S. Grimes, who lives near Brownsville. He was captured at Oakland, Md. He will be taken on to Washington this morning.

TIM STOKES, the colored man caught in Mrs. Richardson's house, on Fourteenth street Sunday night, was yesterday committed to jail by 'Squire Caldwell in default of $1,000 bond. He waived a preliminary examination. His white accomplice has not been captured.

"THE PLANTER'S WIFE" will be presented at the Opera House again this afternoon and evening, and those who were not able to witness this attractive play before and have since been regretting it will now have an opportunity to make good their loss. It is really as fine a piece as has been seen here for years.

SECRETARY OF STATE STALNAKER yesterday issued a certificate of incorporation to the River and Rail Electric Light Company, of New York and Washington, with a capital stock of $10,000 subscribed and $1,000 paid in, and the privilege is reserved of increasing this by sales of additional shares from time to time to $1,000,000.

GEN. JAMES A. BEAVER, the gallant one-legged hero of Pennsylvania, is announced to speak at the Republican wigwam on the old fair grounds, to-morrow evening. The Seventh ward Republicans are to be especially congratulated that this distinguished gentleman is to speak in their ward, and every Republican in the city should be glad that an opportunity is afforded for hearing him. He is an eloquent talker and a favorite stumper everywhere.

Jarrett at Martin's Ferry.

John Jarrett, Ex-President of the Amalgamated Association, will address the workingmen and other voters of Martin's Ferry this evening on the vital issues of the present campaign, showing why, in his opinion, all American citizens, and especially those who earn their bread by the sweat of their brows, should vote for Blaine and Logan. The speech will be made from the balcony of the Cox building. The audience should be, and no doubt will be, largely attended.

Foreigners Naturalized.

The voting population of Wheeling was largely increased yesterday by the granting of papers of citizenship by the Circuit Court. Thomas Kennon, James Penman, Thomas H. Collins, James Spargo, Matthew Charlston and Thomas Penman, natives of Great Britain, and Charles Massaux and Edward Massaux, natives of Belgium, received their second papers. Ed. Collins and Henry Venison, natives of Great Britain, received their first papers.

Thanks for the Flags.

The Veterans, at their regular meeting last evening, adopted the following resolution unanimously:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Veteran Blaine and Logan Club are hereby tendered to His Excellency Governor J. B. Jackson and Secretary of State Randolph Stalnaker, Jr., for the use of the West Virginia regimental and battery flags on the occasion of the reception to General John A. Logan, on Thursday last.

Decoration of Dinner Tables.

The ladies vie with each other in trying to make the table artistically elegant. Chinese lanterns, Japanese umbrellas, velvet table cloths, and subdued green and pink napkins are nice in their way. But decorate our table with a fifteen-pound turkey or a royal ribroast of beef with trimmings, and then let us have a good appetite to enjoy it. If your appetite is slack and your digestion poor, you need Brown's Iron Bitters, the best tonic in the world. Mrs. J. Dunham, Muscatine, Iowa, was troubled with weakness and loss of appetite. Brown's Iron Bitters cured her.

CHEAP EXCURSION TO CINCINNATI,

Thursday, October 2d, 1884, via the Pan-Handle Route.

The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railway Company, Pan-Handle Route, announces that the sale of cheap excursion tickets to Cincinnati and return, Thursday, October 2d, to accommodate all desiring to see the Queen City of the West and witness the unusually interesting ceremonies of closing the Exposition, which takes place on the 4th of October. Train will leave Wheeling, central time, at 8:20 A. M., arriving at Cincinnati at 7:25 P. M. Tickets will be good for return passage until Monday, October 6th, 1884, inclusive, by any regular train stopping at destination of return ticket. Fare for round trip, $5 00 TTh&s

Special train between Wheeling and Bellaire

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company will run a special train on Saturday, October 4, leaving Wheeling every hour, commencing at 9 A. M., Eastern standard time, and continuing until 11 P. M. Returning leave Bellaire every hour from 9 A. M. to 11 P. M. Round trip twenty-five cents.

HAVE you kidney or liver trouble, dyspepsia or headache? Try the Dr. Thomas Pill. May be taken for years without producing constipating or otherwise injurious effects.

Warranted strictly vegetable, almost painless and perfectly safe under all conditions.

MR. MASON'S SPEECH

ON PRESENT STATE POLITICS

At the Opera House Last Night Listened to by a Very Small Audience, and Does not by any Means Make a Sensation—A Tame Theoretical Essay on Affairs.

Mr. J. M. Mason, of Jefferson county, ex-member of the Legislature, and at present a member of the Tax Commission of this State, made his speech at the Opera House last evening, which had been advertised as a "non partisan address on State politics." The audience was very small. Mr. M. Reilly introduced Mr. Mason. The usual crowd of prominent citizens on the platform was dispensed with.

MR. MASON'S REMARKS.

Mr. Mason's speech was a sad disappointment to those who expected spicy criticism or interesting revelations. It was a theoretical consideration of the degeneracy of modern politics, and a comparison of the past with the present, of the period when political questions were debated and decided on their merits; and these late years, when, he says, there has *grown up a well defined order of men who* make a business of managing elections, and things have come to such a pass that we have in almost every county a class of political managers, not respected by friends nor trusted by neighbors, who, by trick, treachery and corruption, suppress the intelligence of the community and *beat down the patriotic elements of society*. These managers of politics, representing every character of influence from United States Senator to bar room loafer, infest every community, and their pestilential presence drives men of character and respectability from active participation in public affairs.

STATE POLITICS.

Turning to home affairs, Mr. Mason said: It is an open secret that certain astute and heretofore successful managers of West Virginia politics realize the existence of some dissatisfaction in the Demo*cratic ranks, and it is public knowledge* that West Virginia is now claimed as a doubtful State by the National Executive Committee of the Republican party, but the instincts of our people are overwhelmingly Democratic.

The discontent in our ranks comes from a cause that also disturbs the Republican party, and it is the out-cropping of a wide-spread and deep-seated belief that the professional politicians and party newspapers are trying to control our votes by deception and trickery.

THE DEGENERATE PRESS.

The newspapers of *this* State, with rare exception, are conducted either for the purposes of partisan warfare or else with an eye single to making money. In one case the editor advocates anything or any body that may increase the party vote or strengthen party lines, and in the other case he will advocate anything or anybody that augments the advertising or offers present profit.

It is a melancholy truth that the public journals of to-day have entirely lost the confidence and respect of all classes. The press has come to be regarded like a lawyer who will argue for either side that pays the highest price and an editor exposes at auction the influence of his columns and his ability to manufacture false opinion by deceiving the audience which supports his paper.

A comparison was instituted between the conventions which nominated Henry A. Wise for Governor and Breckenridge for President, and those which chose E. W. Wilson and Cleveland for the same position, and the change was declared to indicate an alarming condition of things. Yet Wilson was complimented as a worthy representative of the non-office seeking class.

THE ALLEGED RING.

Mr. Mason's reference to the State Democratic ring was rather tame:

"The Wheeling convention was not a meeting controlled by the professional political managers. A train of events had roused the *Democracy of this State* and culminated in a convention which was resolved to eliminate from this campaign at least, the oft repeated charge of bossism and ring rule. The nominee of that convention had not been chosen in secret conclave by political experts, and the people feel a confidence that he does not wear the collar of any clique or combination.

Previous to the meeting of that convention a suspicion had gone through this State that the machinery of party politics was used to advance the personal fortunes of a secret combination of politicians who were using wrong influences to control the nominations. It was also believed that a part of the press of this State had been used to traduce and exclude from the public confidence those Democrats of capacity and honesty who were not subservient to the personal schemes of this combination and had attempted to deceive Democratic voters by suppressing the truth and publishing what was false. The instincts of our people are overwhelmingly Democratic and there came a groundswell which taught the managers of elections that our Democratic instincts had been offended."

REASSESSMENT AND THE CONTEMPT CASE.

The supplemental assessment order, and the state of affairs which led to it, were reviewed, and the Administration defended, the necessity for the order being ascribed to the timidity of the Democratic Legislature. The mandamus against the assessor of Brooke county was also sustained, as was the judgment against the editor of the INTELLIGENCER for contempt. Mr. Mason said:

"Our Supreme Court has decided that a certain publication constituted an offense against the laws of this State; according to *the opinion on the street, this* decision is wrong. Who will decide whether the Court has propounded the law as it is found in the books? Shall we take the opinion of the street? There are lawyers always ready to express an opinion, although they do not know *anything about the matter except the un*fair garbled statements in newspapers, intended to suppress the truth and published to deceive. It is the business of a court to declare the law as they understand it, after they have studied the books. All the lawyers who have studied the opinion tell me that our Judges decided according to law, but some lawyers who have not studied this opinion, say that this decision does not agree with what they think the law *ought* to be. Whose judgment shall we take? Society has agreed that when the court declares the law, each citizen will submit, and if the law as announced by the court does not satisfy a majority of the people, then the remedy is for the Legislative department to make a change."

A DANGEROUS DOCTRINE.

"But in this campaign a new and dangerous doctrine has been started, and persons say: "We should vote against the Judges because they have declared *that* to be law, which according to the opinion on the street, ought not to be the law." This new doctrine is, that if a court decides one way when some people want it to decide another way, then the judges are to be defeated. Hence our people stand confronted with *this* issue; shall this election proclaim to *future* judges that in West Virginia a court must declare that to be law which is not law whenever public opinion is one way but the law books are the other way?

There are persons so blinded by partizan zeal that they would sacrifice the independence of our judicial system in order to strengthen party lines. I now make an appeal to the conservative elements of society to stay the iconoclastic hand of partizan zeal and save to the ship the only anchor which can hold her in place when the next *storm* rages in this State. If I were a Republican I would support, at this election, these old judges because since this issue is made the people must rally to preserve an independent judiciary. For myself, I will trade my ballot for a Republican nominee provided I bring strength to these old judges."

THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Council, Rule 4 and the Late Loan Ordinance.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR:—Last Friday evening, at a meeting of the Second Branch of Council, Mr. Shanley, of the First ward, asserted that the cause of the defeat of the Loan Ordinance at the late election was Rule No. 4 of the Board of Public Works, and called on the members "to show their manhood" by repealing said rule. Was the welfare of the city his motive or was he merely posing for effect? Was he not trying to make cheap capital for himself as an embryo Democratic candidate for City Sergeant? It is an open secret that he is a candidate for the Sergeantcy and it may be possible that he sometimes feels that the people of this city and county have fed and clothed him much longer than his attainments entitle him to and his fierce onslaught on Rule No. 4 is a device to gain favor, with the dear people, by throwing mud at what, he thinks, is the under dog in the fight.

How much did Rule 4 really have to do with defeating the Loan Ordinance? How many persons, who voted at the late election, knew there was such a rule? Granting that a majority of the negative votes, cast at that election, were intended as hits at the Board of Public Works, it is safe to assert that the great majority of those votes were expressions of ill will, on the part of the voters, *for some personal* grievance and not a rebuke for the Board's extravagence, and not five voters in every hundred knew of or cared for Rule 4.

It is also true, that if the Loan Ordinance were again submitted to the people, with Rule 4 repealed and no assurance given, that Council would manage the city's *affairs more economically in the* future than has been done in the past, the negative vote would be twice as large as it was. Suppose Mr. Shanley and his friends repeal Rule 4, where will it place them? The act creating the Board of Public Works says all contracts on account of the streets and alleys shall be made by the Board. Rule 4 limits the amount of the contracts to $3,000. If Council repeals this rule will it place the making of contracts in its hands? By no means—Council cannot set aside an act of the Legislature by an ordinance, and the authority to contract will still be in the hands of the Board.

The Legislature did not place the city in the hands of the Board, but wisely provided that a stop could be put in its work, at any time Council chooses to "assert its manhood" and refuse to appropriate money on the requisitions of the Board. The uniform manner in which that body has, in the past, honored every requisition made on it by the Board, can be construed in no other way than an approval of the work being done by the Board, and it is in bad taste for one or more of its members to try to shelter themselves from public censure by asserting that one rule of more than fifty was the cause of all the present trouble.

Blame the Board as much as he chooses, Mr. S. shows that he is conscious of some wrong doing on his part and is trying to conceal his own guilt in a show of vir*tuous indignation at a party whom he* thinks the dear people have porved the vials of their wrath upon.

Before the late election the Branch of Council to which Mr. S. belongs "asserted its manhood" by adopting a resolution that no more money would be paid by Council except on contracts first approved by it. This was intended as an assurance to the people that in future Council would be more careful and its passage had no more effect on the vote on the loan ordinance than a puff of wind. This resolution was intended to accomplish more than to repeal Rule 4 possibly could do, but the Mayor and Mr. S. can see no other way of safety than in its repeal.

The true way for Council to "assert its manhood" is for it to so arrange the city's finances that both the people and the Board can know how much money can be spent on the streets and alleys during each year and the sources from which the money can be derived. When this is done in an intelligent and business manner there will be no trouble in passing a Loan Ordinance.

If Mr. S. and his friends would permit a suggestion in reference to the matter, it *is respectfully asked if* the Gas Trustees and Water Board, after this year, could not set aside their net profits to form a fund for the repairs and improvements of the streets and alleys. These two boards use the streets more than all the citizens in the trasaction of their respective businesses and it is but fair that the surplus in their hands, which is paid in by our citizens, should be expended for the benefit of the people. Each of these boards could, after setting aside ten percent of their profits to form a contingent fund, pay over to the City Receiver twenty-five thousand dollars per year, to be held by him as a fund for street improvements and to be paid out only on appropriations made by Council. These two sums, with the present contingent fund of the Board of Public Works, would amount to about seventy-five thousand dollars, which is about the amount absolutely necessary for the streets and alleys of this city every year. We have more than fifty miles of streets and alleys and not one-fifth of them paved and the outlay necessary to keep them in even passable order is greater than most people imagine.

If this course were pursued in future *and Council would "assert its manhood"* by refusing to appropriate any money after the fund was exhausted, the Board of Public Works would not be a source of any trouble to the people or Council so far as money matters go. No board would contract for work, if it had a knowledge of its funds being exhausted, and no more work would be laid out each year than there would be money to pay for. A great advantage of this plan would be its practicability and a still greater one that it would not increase taxes. There would be no occasion to ask the Legislature next winter, as Mr. Hildreth suggests, to allow Council to increase taxation.

Both of these Boards make a profit of at least twenty-five thousand dollars per year, and by the end of this year will have made all the improvements necessary to run their departments successfully for twenty years.

If this plan does not seem practicable will Mr. S. and his friends show how the repeal of Rule No. 4 is half as much so? Will Mr. S. and his friends also show what part Rule 4 had in the following transactions of Council during the past two years?

First—What part had Rule 4 in the overcheck of thirty-five thousand dollars which stood against the city on the first day of July, 1882, when Rule 4 first went into effect?

Second—What had Rule 4 to do with the addition of eight men to the police force at a yearly cost of six thousand two hundred and forty dollars?

Third—What had Rule 4 to do with the addition of houses, men and horses to the Fire Department at a cost of ten thousand dollars?

Fourth—What had Rule 4 to do with the purchase of the Silsby engine at a cost of more than four thousand dollars?

Fifth—What had Rule 4 to do with the giving of open air concerts at a cost of nearly two thousand dollars?

Sixth—What has Rule 4 to do with the payment of more than twenty thousand dollars in salaries to officers to manage the business of a corporation whose income is one hundred and sixty thousand —more than one dollar in every twenty paid for wages?

Seventh—What had Rule 4 to do with members of Council from the First, Fourth and Eighth wards forming a combination and *securing the passage of an order* directing the Board of Public Works to dig up the macadamizing on Sixteenth street from Eoff to McColloch, and on Main from Ninth to Jonathan's Gut, and pave these streets with fire clay blocks, and to also pave Eoff from Thirty-first to Thirty-ninth streets with the same blocks; the whole to cost not less than forty-five thousand dollars, or more than half as much as the Board of Public Works has expended on all the streets, alleys and sewers for a whole year?

In the passage of each and all of th above measures Mr, S. and his friends too a part and he now asks for a repeal of Rule 4 to distract attention from things which Rule 4 has no bearing on.

It is not the repeal of Rule 4 which this city's interests demand. It is the setting aside of some of the unwritten rules which have grieved our Councils for years and which enable ward politicians to climb out of Council into paying offices and there feed and fatten at the expense of a city, *whose income is not sufficient to pay for* the luxury of having them in high places in her government. R. C.

Wheeling, September 29.

COUNCIL MEETING.

The Ten Cent Levy Ordinance Passes One Branch.

A special meeting of the First Branch of Council was held at the City Building last evening. Mr. Myles was chosen to preside in the absence of the Mayor. The other members present were Messrs. Boring, Brock, Miller, Haller, Hull, Donaldson, List and Fritz. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

On motion of Mr. Brock the special ten cent levy ordinance for the purpose of raising revenues for the payment of new work on streets and alleys not heretofore paved or macadamized, which was read once at the last meeting of this Branch and laid over, objection being raised to its second reading, was taken up, read twice and adopted. The ordinance will have to be adopted by the Second Branch before *it goes into force. The ordinance, it will* be remembered, was presented at the time the regular levy was, and has since then been a subject of considerable discussion.

A number of committee reports and other papers acted on by the Second Branch at previous meetings were read, and the actions concurred in by this Branch.

The ordinance granting the Overland Telephone and Telegraph Co. the right to erect poles and wires in the city subject to certain restrictions, adopted by the Second Branch, was adopted by this with the *amendment offered by Mr. Hall, to the* effect that the poles are to be kept neatly painted to the satisfaction of the Board of Public Works.

The report of the Board of Public Works asking for an appropriation of over $10,000 for work completed and under contract (Sixteenth street improvement) called forth the usual remarks about the recklessness of Council in ordering the work done, and the weak condition of city finances, but the bills had to be paid, and were so ordered.

Mayor Miller appeared during the session and took his seat. Messrs. Hall and Happy also appeared. The Branch adjovrned at 9 o'clock.

PANGBORN AT FULTON.

A Splendid Republican Meeting Over the Hill Last Night.

A splendid Republican rally was held at Fulton last evening. Under the most favorable auspices, in size and interest shown, the meeting would have been called a great success, but when it is taken into consideration that the weather was threatening and that the meeting was not advertised until yesterday morning, the meeting may be said to have been a surprising success and strong evidence of the interest the people of that thriving little hamlet are taking in the struggle for the overthrow of Bourbonism that is going on in this State and for the election of James G. Blaine. The committee was very agreeably surprised over the meeting. It was held at the Blaine and Logan pole, a nicely decorated stand having been erected. The "Black Eagles" of the Fourth ward with their corps went out and a delegation from the First ward club was also present. Fully 500 people gathered about the stand to listen, and the gratifying part of it was, that they staid and listened attentively from beginning to end. Mr. John H. McFall presided.

The speaker of the evening was Major Z. F. Pangborn, editor of the Brooklyn, N. Y., *Evening Journal*, a most eloquent and entertaining talker. For one hour and a half he claimed the people's attention, giving facts that were bound by their force to receive careful consideration from the hearers in a sensible manner. He was frequently interrupted by applause.

Many houses were nicely illuminated and fire works and red fire blazed away nearly all the time.

Major Pangborn goes to Wellsburg this evening to address the people there. They are assured of an entertaining speech.

Wounded Hunters.

The Kangaroo hunters of Australia use St. Jacobs Oil, the great healer, on their dogs when they were wounded in the hunt.

Panhandle Excursion to Cincinnati, Thursday, October 2, $5 00.

The P., C. & St. L. Ry. Co. will run a through coach from Wheeling to Cincinnati on their excursion, October 2. Fare for round trip only $5 00. Tickets good for return passage until Monday, October 6. Excursion train leaves Wheeling at 8:55 A. M., city time. For tickets and further information call on J. G. Tomlinson, agent, Panhandle route, foot of Eleventh street, Wheeling, W. Va.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

The Features of the Money and Stock Markets.

NEW YORK September 29.—Money easy at 1a2 percent; closed offered 2 percent. Prime mercantile paper 5a6 percent. Sterling Exchange bankers' bills weaker at $4 82½; demand $4 84½.

GOVERNMENTS—Unchanged.

RAILWAYS—Firm.

STATE SECURITIES—Steady.

STOCKS—The market to-day, with the exception of two slight reactions, one towards midday and the other after delivery hour, was strong and higher. Union Pacific was the special feature and rose 2 percent to 53. Purchasers of the stock were made for account parties, who sold out some time ago and now buying on improved prospects of the company. In this connection it was stated that a plan was being matured to pay off that portion of the floating debt which will not be liquidated by net earnings this fall. Northern Pacific preferred scored the greatest advance, selling up to 46¼, but on comparatively small dealings.

Among other active shares St. Paul declined from 76½ (ex-dividend) to 76⅛ and rose to 77, at which figure the closing sales effected Northwestern which advanced from 90¼ to 91¼, Lackawanna from 109⅞ to 110, Lake Shore from 76¾ to 77⅜. Missouri Pacific from 92⅝ to 93⅛. Kansas & Texas from 17¾ to 18⅝, New York Central from 94½ to 95, Texas Pacific from 11⅝ to 12 and Western Union from 61 61½. Market closed strong at the highest point of the day. The transactions are small, partly on account of the absence of many Hebrew operators observing the day of Atonement.

Following were the lending rates: Missouri Pacific, 1-16 percent; New York Central, Lackawanna, Delaware & Hudson, Michigan Central, Manitoba, Rock Island, 1-64 percent; Lake Shore and St. Paul, 1-64a1-128 percent; Canada Southern, Canadian Pacific, *Central Pacific*, Chicago, *Burlington* & Quincy, Northern Pacific, preferred, Northwestern, Reading flat at 1-64 percent; Erie, Western Union flat, and Union Pacific at 1-128 percent. Compared with Saturday closing prices are ¼a2¼ percent higher. Among the inactive shares Houston & Texas rose 2 percent to 31; Morris & Essex ½ percent to 121½, and Ohio Southern ¾ percent to 10¼.

Transactions 182,000 shares.

U. S. 3s, 100½; U. S. 4½s, 112¼; U. S. new 4s, 120⅛; Pacific 6s of '95 126; Central Pacific, 110; Erie 54¾; Lehigh & Wilkes, 91; Louisiana consols, 70; Missouri 6s, 102¼; St. Joseph, 108; St. P. & S. C. firsts, 117½; Tennessee 6s, old, 39; do new, 39; Texas Pacific Land Grants, 35; do Rio Grande, 48; Union Pacific firsts, 110½; do Land Grants, 109; do sinking fund, 109; Virginia 6s, 37; Virginia consols, extra matured coupons, 36; do deferred, 5; Adams Express, 130; American Express, 92; Canada Southern, 32; Central Pacific, 39½; Chesapeake & Ohio, 7; do first preferred, 13; do 2d preferred, 8; C., C., C. & I., 39½; Denver & Rio Grande, 110; Erie, 13⅞; preferred, 27; Fort Wayne, 128½; Hannibal & St. Joseph, 38½; do preferred, 88½; Kansas & Texas, 18½; Lake Erie & Western 12½; Lake Shore, 77⅜; Louisville & Nashville, 28; Louisville, New Albany & Chicago, 15; Memphis & Charleston 1st preferred, 10; do 2d preferred, 5; Memphis & Charleston, 28½; Michigan Central, 62; *Missouri Pacific*, 92¾; Nashville & Chattanooga, 35; New Jersey Central, 50¼; Northern Pacific, 19½; do preferred, 46¼; Northwestern, 91⅛; do preferred, 126½; New York Central, 94⅞; Ohio Central, 2½; Ohio & Mississippi, 19; do preferred, 40; Pacific Mail, 50⅞; Pittsburgh, 139; Reading, 25½; St. Louis & San Francisco, 20; do preferred, 40; St. Paul, 76⅞ ex-div.; do preferred, 101 ex-div.; Texas Pacific, 12½; Union Pacific, 52⅞; United States Express, 52; W., St. L. & P., 4½; do preferred, 11½; Wells, Fargo Express, 101; Western Union, 64⅛.

Breadstuffs and Provisions.

NEW YORK, September 29.—Flour dull; receipts 25,000 barrels; exports 13,000 barrels; superfine State and western $2 40a2 90 common to good $2 90a3 60; Minnesota patent process $5 50a6 25. Wheat, spot lots ¼a½c lower and heavy; options declined ¼a1⅛c, closing firm; receipts 358,000 bushels; exports 229,000 bushels; No. 2 spring 85c; ungraded red 64a87c; No. 3 red steamer 70c; ungraded white 89½c; No 2 red October, sales 1,096,000 bushels at 87⅞a89c, closing at 88c; November, sales 2,200,000 bushels at 89⅞a90⅝c, closing at 90⅝c; December, sales 1,064,000 bushels at 91⅞a92⅝c, closing at 91⅝c; January, sales 392,000 bushels at 93¼a94⅛c, closing at 93¼c; February sales 81,000 bushels at 95a96c, closing at 96c March, sales 112,000 bushels at 96⅝a97⅛c, closin at 96½c; April, sales 104,000 bushels at 98¼a99⅛c, closing at 98⅞c; May, sales 232,000 bushels at 99⅝a$1 01, closing at $1 00. Corn, spot lots ½c and options ¼a½c lower, closing steady; receipts 193,000 bushels; exports 12,000 bushels; ungraded 55a59c; No. 3, 55½c; No. 2, 61a61½c; No. 2 white 60c; No. 2 October 59⅜a59½c, closing at 59½c; November 58a58⅜c closing at 58c; December 51¼a51⅝c, closing at 51½c; January 48a48⅜c, closing at 48c; May 49a49⅜c, closing at 49c. Oats, a shade lower and dull; receipts 135,000 bushels; western mixed 30¾a33c; white western 34a39c. Hay firm and fairly active. Coffee, spot fair; Rio dull; options 5 points lower and dull; sales 13,250 bags Rio No. 7 spot 8.75c; October 8.55a8.60c; November 8.35a8.40c; December 8.35c; January 8.40c; April 8.50c; May 8.55c. Sugar dull and weak; fair to good refining 4 13-16a5c; refined easy; yellow A. 5⅛c; crushed 6⅝c; cubes 6½c. Molasses quiet and nominal. Rice quiet and steady; domestic 5¼a6½c; patna 4⅞a5⅜c; rangoon 4¼a4¾. Rosin dull. Turpentine easier at 29½c. Eggs western fresh not very steady. Pork firm and in moderate demand. Beef generally firm. Cut meats nominal. Lard steady; western steam spot 7.50c; November 7.37a7.39c; December 7.35a7.36c; January 7.39a7.40c. Butter in fair demand and very firm.

CHICAGO, ILLS., September 29.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat in fair demand, but at lower rates; market declined ⅝c, advanced ⅛c, fluctuated and closed 1⅛c under Saturday; sales ranged: September 77¼a74⅛c, closed at 77½c; October 77¾a79⅛c, closed at 77¾c; November 79⅝a81c, closed at 79¾c; December 81⅛a82⅜c, closed at 81⅞c; January 82¼a83⅜c, closed at 82¼c; No. 2 Chicago spring 77⅛a78⅛c, closed at 77⅝a77¾c; No. 3, Chicago spring 63c; No. 2 red 80¾c; No. 3 spring 67c. Corn excited and higher for cash and September; other options irregular and lower; market for cash and September opened 3a4c lower; then advanced 8c to 83c, closing at that figure; October and November closed ½c under Saturday; cash closed ½c under Saturday; cash and September 75a83c, closed at 83c; October 56a57¾c, closed at 57½c; November 46a46⅞c, closed at 46⅞c; year 40a40⅝c, closed at 40c; May 39a39⅝c, closed at 39⅝c. Oats dull; cash, September, October and year 25⅜a25¼c; November 26c; May 29a29⅝c. Rye steady at 55c. Barley dull at 64c. Flaxseed quiet at $1 32½. Pork quiet; cash $16 50a16 75; October $16 75a17 00; year $11 65a11 70, closed at $11 65; January $11 85a12 05, closed at $11 95. Lard easier; cash 7.40a7.50c; October 7.20a7.40c, closed at 7.30c; November 7.10a7.15c, closed at 7.12½c; December 7.07½a7.15c, closed at 7.10. Bulk meats in fair demand and easier; shoulders 6.50c; short ribs 10.00c; short clear 10.50c. Butter and eggs quiet and unchanged. Whisky steady and unchanged at $1 13. Afternoon Board—Wheat stronger; October and January advanced ⅛c; November advanced ⅛c; December advanced ⅛c. Corn firm; October advanced ⅛c; November advanced ⅛c; May advanced ⅛c. Oats steady; September and October advanced ⅛c. Pork stronger; January advanced 2½c. Lard quiet and unchanged.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., September 29.—Flour choice fresh ground old spring scarce and wanted; new winter quiet, dull and steady; Western and Pennsylvania superfine $2 25a2 75; do. extras $2 75a3 25; Pennsylvania family $3 62½a4 00; Ohio clear $4 00a5 75; Indiana $4 00a5 75; St. Louis and Southern *Illinois* $4 25a5 25; *winter patents* $5 25a5 70; Minnesota $4 50a5 50, asking $5 75a6 25. Wheat opened higher, reacted and closed dull and weak; No. 2 red September 84a85c; October 85a85½c; November 87½a87⅝c; December 89a90c. Corn, options dull; car lots quiet and steady; No. 3 mixed 59a59½c; No. 3 high mixed 60c; steamer yellow 60c; sail mixed September 61a63c; October 59a61c; November 56½a58c; December 47½a50c. Oats dull and lower; rejected white 31a31½c; No. 2 mixed 31c; No. 3 white 33c; No. 2 white 34a35c. Provisions firm. Beef family 13½a14c; do packers 13c; do new mess 11½c. Pork, new mess $18 00a18 50; prime mess new $17 00; smoked hams 14½a15½c. Lard firm; steam 7.85a7.90; butchers loose 7.50. Butter firm and in good demand; creamery extras 30c; New York and Bradford county, Pa., extras 25c; western dairy extras 25c. Eggs scarce and firm; extras 22a23c. Cheese, firm and fairly active; Ohio flats 8a10½c. Whisky steady at $1 12.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 29.—Flour steady and in fair demand; Howard street and western superfine $2 25a2 65; extra $2 75a3 50; family $3 75a4 75. Wheat, western irregular and easier; No. 2 winter red spot 81½a81¾c; October 85a85¼c; November 87¼a87⅝c; December 89¾a89½c. Corn, western nominal; mixed year 52c; January 52½c. Oats easier and quiet; western white 34a36c; mixed 32a34c. Rye quiet and firm at 62a65c. Hay firm and steady. Provisions quiet and steady; mess pork $17 75; bulk meats, shoulders and clear rib sides, packed, 7¾a11c; bacon shoulders 8½c; clear rib sides 12c. Hams 15½a16½c. Lard, refined 9¼c. Butter lower; western packed 10a20c; creamery 22a28c. Eggs easier at 20a21c. Coffee quiet and steady; Rio cargoes, ordinary to fair 9¼a10½c. Sugar heavy and quiet; A soft 6⅜c. Whisky steady at $1 18a1 19.

CINCINNATI, O., September 29.—Flour firmer; family $3 40a3 75; fancy $4 00a4 25. Wheat stronger; No. 2 red 80a81c; receipts 7,500 bushels; shipments 9,000 bushels. Corn dull; No. 2 56c. Oats weaker at 27c. Rye steady at 57c. Barley quiet and steady; extra No. 3 fall 68a70c. Pork dull at $16 50. Lard quiet at 7.50c. Bulk meats dull; shoulders 6¼c; short rib 10c. Bacon quiet; shoulders 7¼c; short rib 11½c. Whisky steady at $1 11. Butter firm; extra creamery 33a34c; fancy dairy 23a26c. Linseed oil dull at 50c. Eggs steady at 15½a16c. Cheese in good demand; good to choice factory 8½a11c.

TOLEDO, O., September 29.—Wheat quiet; No. 1 white 80c; No. 2, 76½c; No. 2 red cash 78⅛c asked; October 78⅛c; November 80½c; December 82⅜c; No. 2 soft 85 asked; No. 3, 77c. Corn dull and nominal; No. 2 cash October 55c asked; November 46c; year 38c. Oats dull; No. 2 cash October 25½c asked; year 26a26⅛c. Clover seed easy at $4 60.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, September 29.—The *Drovers' Journal* reports: Live hogs—Receipts 11,000 head; shipments 3,500 head; market steady; low grades sluggish; rough packing $4 80a5 25; packing and shipping $5 35a6 05; light $4 85a5 65; skips and grassers $4 00a5 00. Cattle—Receipts 9,000 head; shipments 1,900 head; choice flat lots firm; general market 10c lower; export grades $6 50a6 95; good to choice shipping $5 95a6 50; common to medium $4 50a5 80; range cattle 10 lower; Texans $3 25a4 30. Sheep—Receipts 3,000 head; shipments 400 head; market; inferior to fair $2 00a3 00; medium to good $3 10a3 80; choice $4 00a4 10; Texans $2 00a3 25. The *Drover's Journal* Liverpool cablegram reports: Live stock market unchanged; good to choice steers 14a15c per pound dead weight. Sheep 12a13½c.

EAST LIBERTY, PA., September 29.—Cattle market fair on good at unchanged prices; stockers and feeders ¼c off; receipts 2,527 head; shipments 1,055 head. Hog market dull; receipts 6,700 head; shipments 3,900 head; Philadelphias $5 60a5 80; Baltimores $5 25a5 30; Yorkers $4 70a5 20. Sheep market fair at unchanged prices; receipts 200 head; shipments 1,000 head.

CINCINNATI, O., September 29.—Live hogs dull and lower; common and light $4 00a5 30; packing and butchers' $5 10a5 75; receipts 2,000 head; shipments 860 head.

Petroleum.

OIL CITY, PA., September 29.—National Transit certificates opened at 71¾c; highest 72⅛c; lowest 70⅛c; closed at 71⅛c. Sales, 2,039,000 barrels; clearances 5,368,000 barrels; runs 78,148 barrels; shipments nothing; charters nothing. Oil City Exchange stocks, $4 00 bid; none offered.

PITTSBURGH, September 29.—In the afternoon the market was quiet; declined to 71⅛c; rallied to 71⅜c, and then dropped off to 71c at the close. Trading was fair.

TITUSVILLE, September 29.—National transit certificates opened at 73c; highest 72⅛c; lowest 70⅛c; closed at 70⅞c. Full figures not obtainable from pipe lines.

BALTIMORE, September 29.—Petroleum nominally steady; refined 7⅝a7¾c.

CINCINNATI, O., September 29.—Cotton unsettled and lower at 10c.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., September 29.—Petroleum quiet at 7¾c.

NEW YORK, September 29.—Petroleum steady; United 71⅛c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, September 29.—Little is doing either at first or second hands. The unfavorable temperature and observance "Your Kipper" checked the demand. There has been some inquiry for dress goods and prints and in individual instances the trade has been very good, but such reports are very rare. At the recent auction sale of flannels here, A. Lehmann & Co., of New Orleans, bought 75 pakages.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, September 29.—Cotton quiet at 10⅝a10⅞c; futures steady; September 9.89c; October 9.87½c; November 9.94c; December 9.98c; January 10.08c; February 10.21c; March 10.31c; April 10.47c; May 10.60c; June 10.73c; July 10.84c.

Flavoring Extracts.

NO POISON

IN THE PASTRY

IF

DR. PRICE'S

SPECIAL

FLAVORING

EXTRACTS

ARE USED.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor Cakes, Creams, Puddings, &c., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made.

FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.

PREPARED BY THE

Price Baking Powder Co.,

Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.

MAKERS OF

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

—AND—

Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems,

Best Dry Hop Yeast.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

WE MAKE BUT ONE QUALITY.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

There will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Manchester Coal Co. at their office, No. 1428 Market street, on Monday, October 6, 1884, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

C. A. BOWERS,
se22-M Secretary pro tem.

SHENANDOAH VALLEY ACADEMY, Winchester, Va., prepares for University, Army, Navy or Business. C. M. C. MINOR, M.A., (Univ. Va.) L. L. D.
au22-MAW.

Baking Powder.

ROYAL

BAKING

POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.,
106 Wall Street, New York

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE—SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY for a cheap home. A very fine house of five rooms, good seven foot stone foundation; lot 30x100 feet, for $1,100; won't pay for building house. Reason for selling, owner not living here. Apply to F. WHALLY, 68 Twelfth street.
se30

ATTENTION,

PLUMED KNIGHTS!

All members of the Club are requested to meet THIS EVENING at 7:30 sharp, at Lincoln Club Rooms. Matters of great importance need attention, and also invitation to Columbus to be acted upon.
R. W. PETERSON, President.
S. B. HARRISON, Secretary.
se30

For Rent.

PIANOS FOR RENT.

I have several good Pianos (squares and uprights) which I offer for rent, at reasonable terms.

J. W. BAUMER.
se26

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

The fine stock of Goods and Groceries consisting of everything usually kept in a General Store, now on hand in the Benwood Store, in Marshall county, W. Va. Fixtures and lease can be bought along with goods by purchaser.

HIRAM BUMGARDNER, Trustee.
BENWOOD, W. VA., Sept. 10, 1884.
se11

STOCKS FOR SALE.

15 Shares Peabody Insurance Co.
15 Shares Jefferson nail mill.
10 Shares Belmont nail mill.
15 Shares Bank of the Ohio Valley.
9 Shares *Ætna Iron works.*
1 Share Brilliant nail mill.
2 Shares Top mill.

I. IRWIN, Agent,
se27 No. 21 Twelfth street.

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—THE undersigned has for sale on Caldwell's Run a piece of ground consisting of several lots, part being a good quarry. If not sold before Saturday, October 4, 1884, at private sale, it will on that day, beginning at 10 o'clock A. M., be offered at public sale on the premises, in lots to suit purchasers. For further particulars enquire of Denis O'Keeffe or John T. Lakin, or the subscriber,
se2 B. F. McMECHEN.

FOR SALE.

Store Room and Dwelling,

No. 1044 Main Street.

Enquire of M. JEFFERS,
de13 At Exchange Bank.

FOR SALE.—RESIDENCE AND GROUNDS.

I offer for sale my residence and grounds, No. 84 North York street. The house contains nine rooms, two halls and all modern improvements, such as gas, water, &c., in first-class order.

For terms, apply at my office, No. 1138 Chapline street, or on the premises.
au21 B. B. DOVENER.

FOR SALE.

Valuable Real Estate on N. E. corner Twenty-fourth and Market streets, in the City of Wheeling, W. Va. Lot 122 feet by 66 feet; now occupied by S. J. Ellifritz as a wagon and blacksmith shop.

W. V. HOGE & BRO.,
apr9 1300 Market Street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

MY PLACE AT ELM GROVE,

Containing about ten acres. Can be divided into three places. Possession and terms to suit purchaser.
H. FORBES,
No. 7 U. S. Custom House.
Telephone A-86. jy5

FOR SALE—COUNTRY SEAT.

Ten acres of choice high bottom land, six miles below Wheeling, on Ohio River and B. & O. R. R. Improved by a substantial brick house, 11 rooms, kitchen and outbuildings, situated in a grove of maple, sugar and poplar trees. Also, a good selection of fruit trees. Apply to

W. V. HOGE & BRO., 1300 Market St.
Or R. W. MORROW, on the premises. mr7

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE COAL PROPERTY,

Situated on W., P. & B. R. R., (old Hempfield) about two miles east of the City of Wheeling, W. Va., and about two miles from Ohio river, consisting of 300 acres of coal and 30 acres surface and coal, and known as the "Willow Glen Coal Property."

W. V. HOGE & BRO.,
my1 1300 Market Street.

FARM AND GARDEN LANDS

For Sale or Rent.

A rare opportunity to buy or rent either a Farm or Garden, or both, located on a good road, with a railroad running past the door, and almost in the city limits. To good tenants this is an opportunity seldom met with. The land will be rented or sold in tracts to suit good tenants or purchasers.

Farming implements, machinery, tools, teams and stock will be sold or rented with the lands. Terms will be made easy; time given for payments on purchases, but good paper required.

For further information and particular see

P. L. KIMBERLY,
On the premises, at Mt. De Chantal Station.
se29

FOR SALE.

Valuable Real Estate and Buildings

IN CENTRE WHEELING.

The undersigned is authorized to offer for sale the half lot fronting thirty-three (33) feet on Chapline street, and running back one hundred and twenty feet (120) on Alley Eighteen, said property being on the west side of Chapline street and on the southwest corner of said Chapline street and Alley Eighteen. There is on said half lot two brick houses, now renting for $480 per year. The title to said property is good. Terms of sale, cash. For further information call upon the undersigned at my office, No. 1138 Chapline street, or to David Geiger, No. 2347 Wood street.

B. B. DOVENER,
jy1 Attorney for Mrs. M. Sleeturk

Dentistry.

$7 GUM TEETH $7

DRS. MORRISON,

Dentists,

1205 Market Street.

☞VITALIZED AIR GIVEN.

Telephone A-132. au26

DRS. SURGISON & SON,

DENTISTS,

No. 1143 MARKET STREET,

Wheeling, W. Va.

☞All operations warranted. no30

CHARLES E. MASON,

DENTIST,

COR. TWELFTH & MARKET STREETS.

Entrance 1206 Market Street.

Office Hours—9 to 1 P. M.; 2 to 6 P. M. ap14 nailers and

feeders are on at this mill.

better relief than Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

ditions.

perfectly safe under all con-

strength to these old judges,

above measures Mr. S. and his friends took

March, sales 112,000 bushels at 96¾

closing

Va.) L. L. D.

Office Hours