

IT WAS EASY.

Veterans of the Society of the Army of West Virginia

ACCEPTED WHEELING'S PROFFER

Of Hospitality for the Reunion of Eighteen Ninety-Eight.

THE BOYS ANXIOUS TO COME.

Here Again, and were Delighted that Wheeling Had Extended an Invitation. There was Not a Dissenting Vote at the Meeting of the Vice Presidents--A Meeting of the Reunion Committee is to be Held Next Week--10,000 Visitors will Come to Wheeling in '98--Story of the Reunion, which Closed Yesterday.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 9.--As was predicted in this morning's Intelligencer, Wheeling is to have the next annual reunion of the Army of West Virginia. In a meeting this forenoon of the officers, the choice was made in favor of Wheeling for 1898. By the time the matter had so narrowed as to leave Wheeling practically in possession of the field.

Take it all in all it was largely a Wheeling and West Virginia day. Governor Atkinson was to-day made an honorary member of the organization. He to-day, with Governor Bushnell and numerous military men, reviewed the "demonstration." This evening Governor Atkinson and Bushnell spoke at the great camp fire of the week. A telegram was received and read at the evening session from ex-Governor MacCorkle, who was billed for a speech, but could not attend.

The parade, which was one of the most imposing seen in the Capitol City for years, was not so long, however, as it would have been had the heat not been so intense. As it was, with the thermometer hovering near the century mark, many of the veterans took the wiser course and refrained from marching.

HOW IT WAS WON. Secretary Hazlett, of the Chamber of Commerce, Gives the Details.

We win. And Jackson loses. Several weeks ago the Intelligencer suggested that a movement to secure for Wheeling in 1898 the reunion of the Society of the Army of West Virginia, if promptly and vigorously undertaken, would meet with success. The suggestion was followed up with interviews with business men and veterans, and the result was the working up of sentiment to the point of calling a meeting of citizens. At this meeting a committee was named to push Wheeling's claims before the Columbus reunion this week. Last night several of the members of the committee, including Mr. Howard Hazlett, Captain C. J. Rawling, Mr. Joseph C. Brady and Mr. Dunlap, the latter of West Virginia, returned from Columbus, flushed with the splendid victory they had achieved before the meeting of the vice-presidents of the society yesterday morning, when every vestige of opposition disappeared and by a unanimous vote Wheeling was given the 1898 reunion.

"At the meeting of vice presidents," said Secretary Hazlett, who went as a representative of the chamber of commerce, "our invitation was laid before the meeting and the motion to accept was passed with a burrah. We were told that the old soldiers are anxious to come to Wheeling again and that they were pleased to receive our invitation. General Powell, in particular, was enthusiastically in favor of Wheeling, and his influence counted for much. We worked hard on Wednesday afternoon and last night, Jackson put in some good blows, but the boomers from that town who realized the drift, was toward Wheeling and that their cause was a hopeless one. They pleasantly acquiesced in the result and promise to make 'Wheeling-'98' a reunion that will go down into the history of the Society as one of the best of many successful gatherings. 'Joe' Brady made the plea for Wheeling before the vice presidents and it was an eloquent effort that impressed the veterans. Governor Atkinson and the members of his staff were also untiring in their efforts to bring success to our efforts."

"What steps are now contemplated?" was asked. "Coming over from Columbus this afternoon we decided to call a meeting of the general committee one day next week, when steps will be taken to start the preliminary work. We are informed that there will be 10,000 visitors with us, and we must make elaborate and extensive preparations to entertain them. We are thinking of getting an immense tent to use for holding the meetings during the reunion. We have not yet decided where the reunion will be located; possibly it will be on the state fair grounds."

All of the members of the committee worked hard for the success that crowned their efforts, and it would be hard to pick out one or two men for praise. If one should be named, he would be Captain C. J. Rawling, whose experience and wisdom in the matter of reunions greatly aided the committee, of which he is the head.

BUSINESS SESSION Of the Army of West Virginia--Election of Officers.

COLUMBUS, Sept. 9.--The business meeting of the Army of West Virginia to-day appointed a committee, headed by Gen. L. H. Duval, of Wellburg, W. Va., to draft resolutions on the life, character and death of Col. Starr, of the Ninth West Virginia regiment.

The following officers were elected: President, W. H. Powell, Belleville, Illinois; secretary and treasurer, P. F. Zeise, Middleport; assistant secretary, C. J. Roberts, Wheeling. Among the vice presidents are Thayer Melvin, Wheeling; I. H. Duval, Wellburg; Van H. Bukey, Parkersburg; G. J. Walker, Jackson, G. H. W. Va. To-morrow will attend the reunion and the veterans and their families and friends will return to their homes, tired and happy to meet again in 1898 at Wheeling.

In the parade to-day the Sixth and Seventh U. S. Infantry, local state troops and old soldiers appeared, Colonel Poland, of the regular army, being chief marshal.

How's This, President? The Pennsylvania Tube Works Company has given notice to its employees that wages will be advanced ten per cent, beginning with next pay day, September 29. The increase will affect about 1,500 workmen.

OHIO NATIONAL DEMOCRATS

Nominate a State Ticket--Ex-Congressman Outhwaite Endorsed for Senator. President McKinley Thanked.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 9.--The state convention of the National Democrats to-day, was not as large as expected, the attendance being limited to probably a half a hundred delegates. The leaders of the party express themselves as well satisfied, however, and attribute the small attendance to the fact that business men generally are less apprehensive of the money question than a year ago. They believe also that the party has pursued a wise policy in nominating a state ticket. This was the only question in fact upon which a difference of opinion developed among the delegates. Notwithstanding the committee appointed Wednesday night decided that it was advisable to nominate a state ticket, the opposition succeeded in having a plank slipped into the platform declaring it inexpedient to nominate a state ticket. A lively discussion was precipitated by this coup of the minority and it developed that the question involved was whether the party organization could be maintained more effectively by nominating or not nominating a state ticket. The majority seemed to think that a state ticket would give the party organization a prestige which it could not otherwise secure and this plank of the platform was defeated by a decisive vote.

Next to the nomination of a state ticket the most important action of the convention was in endorsing a candidate for United States senator. The proposition originated with the Franklin county delegates and Hon. Joseph H. Outhwaite, of this city, was unanimously endorsed.

The following state ticket was nominated: For governor--Julius Dexter, Cincinnati. Lieutenant governor--Judge A. E. Merrill, Sandusky. Judge of the supreme court--Judge John H. Clarke, Youngstown. Attorney general--Daniel Wilson, Cincinnati. State treasurer--Samuel Stevens, Columbus. State commissioner of schools--Prof. W. H. Johnson, Gravelle. For member of state board of public works--Henry D. Coffinberry, Cleveland.

The Platform.

Following is the platform: "We, the representatives of the National Democratic party of Ohio, in state convention assembled, reaffirm allegiance to the principles of the party as set forth in the platform adopted at Indianapolis in 1896. Criticism and attack of that platform have vindicated its strength and wisdom.

"We declare for the maintenance of the gold standard for the retirement of the greenback and for the extension of the civil service merit system, wherever possible in the nation and in this state.

"We demand retrenchment of expenses and scope of government that there be left the utmost freedom of individual effort consistent with safety and peace. "We denounce the recent tariff legislation as encouragement of extravagance and reftingement of private right, and unfair tax on all for the benefit of the people and an arbitrary interference by legislation with the natural laws of trade.

"We denounce in the Dingley bill the heavy duties on lumber, wool and hides as increasing the cost of clothing and shelter of the people.

"We condemn the proposed annexation of the Hawaiian Islands, as introducing into our union a large Asiatic and tropical population utterly unfit for American citizenship, as the beginning of a policy of territorial expansion certain to entail upon our country large taxation to sustain strong armies and navies in distant lands and on distant seas; and as constituting a menace to peaceful industry by exposing our country to foreign wars.

"We disapprove the hostile action of the Republican party of Ohio in its attack on civil service reform, and we express our thanks to President McKinley for his support and extension of the merit system."

SONS OF VETERANS

Sixteenth Annual Encampment Opened at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 9.--All things at the state house had an intense military bearing this morning. At the east entrance to the capital a big brass cannon looked down Market street toward Monument Place. The broad, cool corridors inside of the building were festooned with flags and bunting. Under the high dome sat a gattling gun and caisson and small arms were stacked about. Unarmed men and women wearing long red, white and blue badges came to the capital and entered the halls which had been set apart for their accommodation. The occasion of the military display was the meeting of the Sixteenth annual encampment Sons of Veterans United States America.

The first session opened in the hall of representatives at 9 o'clock, and went to the order by President J. L. Rake. Five hundred delegates were present. President Rake delivered his annual address after which Charles Bookwalter extended the welcome of the state to the visitors.

The session was occupied by the reading of annual reports and other routine matter. It is the largest encampment in the history of the organization. Sixty-five delegates, representing the Ladies' Aid Society auxiliary to the Sons of Veterans met in the senate chamber. They were welcomed by the division commander of Indiana, Miss Anna Sims, and on behalf of the city by Miss Ada Wallace. Miss Kate G. Reynard, of Topeka, national president, responded to these greetings, and after the minutes of the last encampment had been approved the annual reports were filed.

Both organizations show an increase in membership during the past year. To-night the governor held a reception in honor of the two bodies and to-morrow the parade of two thousand marchers will take place.

R. Lobenstein, quartermaster general, submitted his report at the morning session. It showed total cash receipts for the year ending August 22, 1897, \$10,620, with expenditures of \$9,492.92. The increase in revenue amounted to \$1,127.15. The surplus is but \$1,127.15 less than it was at the close of the preceding administration. Emergencies may arise that will necessitate increasing the revenues, the report says, and if this encampment shall fix the quarterly per capita tax at 4c, it recommends that the council in chief should be empowered to raise this amount.

Salusman's Solitudes.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 9.--O. W. Rowe, a traveling salesman, whose home was at Washington Court House, Ohio, was found dead in his room at the Spencer House, in this city, this morning. Rowe had committed suicide by cutting the arteries of his left arm. He traveled for an agricultural chemical firm, of New-

THE KNOWN DEAD

Of the Terrible Head-end Collision on the Santa Fe Railroad

AMOUNTS TO TWELVE PERSONS.

Three Bodies Taken Out Burned Beyond Recognition.

FOURTEEN WERE INJURED.

Two of Whom were so Badly Wounded That They Will Likely Die--Human Ghoulies Delve into the Ruins and Plunder the Mail Sacks and Attempt to Loot the Pockets of the Unfortunate--One Thief, Repulsed by a Wounded Passenger, Goes Off Crying--Scenes at the Wreck--List of Dead and Injured.

EMPORIA, Kas., Sept. 9.--Twelve known dead, one missing (probably incinerated) and fourteen injured, two of whom will likely die, is the record of the terrible head-end collision on the Santa Fe as known to-night. The first lists were mixed because of the confusion attending the wreck, and some of the names of injured on the list have been transferred to that of the dead. Even to-night it is not known positively that the list given is complete, as it is believed that several were burned to death, and nothing left by which they could be recognized. The bodies of eleven have been found in the debris, three burned beyond recognition.

William Erlabee, of Topeka, engineer of the east bound fast mail, who was last night reported as among the injured, expired to-day, and Michael McGlade and R. A. Doran, postal clerks, were found to have been wrongly placed in the list of injured. Nothing could be found of the remains of the Wells Fargo express messenger, J. F. C. Sauer. A handful of charred bones taken from the wreck, however, are supposed to be his. Near them was found his watch. The injured: Michael McGlade, Kansas City, postal clerk. J. F. C. Sauer, Kansas City, Wells Fargo express messenger. John Shirley, Topeka, fireman. R. A. Doran, Emporia, postal clerk. James F. Brennan, Topeka, engineer. Nate Hollister, Topeka, fireman. C. Van Cleve, brakeman. Ben Walters, St. Joseph, fireman. Gonzales, fireman. Dan McKearnan, a tramp. William Erlabee, Topeka, engineer. An unknown tramp.

Missing: Harvey Fowler, a farmer of Emporia.

The injured: J. M. Bell, Florence, hip bruised. Alexander Ferguson, Kansas City, conductor on No. 1, hips hurt. Claude Holliday, Lawrence, express messenger, both legs broken. D. O. Etter, Kansas City, express messenger, legs broken, will die. John Dagan, of Topeka, face maimed. J. T. Butler, county attorney of Chase county, hip broken; may die. William P. Jones, of Kansas City, leg and arms broken. H. P. Melick, of Atchison, badly hurt. Phil Schler, express messenger, Kansas City, hip crushed. William Patrick, Kansas City, leg and arm broken. C. D. Adams, City of Mexico, painfully bruised. Mike Sweeney, of Gainesville, Texas, back hurt. R. O. McGee, of Kansas City, postal clerk. E. C. Fletcher, Kansas City, postal clerk.

Human Ghoulies.

Human ghoulies delved in the wreckage and plundered the mail sacks which strewn the ground. One tried to snatch a diamond from the breast of an Emporia doctor, weak and nervous, who was creeping slowly out of the debris. He had strength enough left to hit the brute a blow in the face, which made him turn with a curse and sneak away, all sacks were dragged into the cornfield and rifled. The report at the Kansas City office is that practically all of the mail on both of the wrecked trains were destroyed. One pouch, however, for southern California, on the west-bound train No. 1, is said to have been saved. This train, when it arrived, carried a large mail from New York City to California, Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona. No official report has been received here.

William J. Bryan was interviewed by a reporter as to his experience in the collision. "I have traveled thousands of miles on railroads," he said, "and never was in a wreck before. I did not feel the shock very severely where I was, but from the way things looked to me I cannot for the life of me see why we were not all killed. The scene presented was the most terrible I have ever seen. It has made an impression on me that cannot leave me during my lifetime."

"Is it true that you were the first man to reach the ground from your car and go to the rescue of those who were injured?" he was asked. "Please do not say anything about that," Mr. Bryan replied, with a deprecating gesture.

From passengers it was learned that Mr. Bryan was the first person to rush forward to the assistance of the victims; that he assisted to carry the first body recovered, and that so long as there was any necessity he was foremost in the wreck. Mr. Bryan, accompanied by David Leahy, a Topeka newspaper man, were in the smoking coach of the west-bound train. They were discussing the day's events at Burlington, when they heard a crash, then an explosion. In a moment the lights went out and steam and gas and coal smoke filled the car. Before they could make a move the car was pushed forward with tremendous force and it seemed to toss in the debris like a crippled ship in a storm. Every moment they expected it to turn over. The car finally stopped, and as it did so began to catch fire from below. The two men jumped out of the same window without their hats or baggage, which were afterward burned, and escaped practically without a scratch. Mr. Bryan reached Emporia about midnight and remained in the hotel until morning, when he resumed his journey.

Fatalities in a Freight Wreck. MUNCIE, Ind., Sept. 9.--A freight train on the Lake Erie & Western railway near Albany was wrecked this morning on a trestle. Eight loaded cars were smashed. Charles Manor, of Portland, was killed and John Collins, of the same place, was fatally injured. They were stealing a ride. It is believed there are other men under the wreckage.

Long Time Till '90.

MACON, Ga., Sept. 9.--Charles R. Reid, a printer on the Macon Telegraph, who shot and killed L. W. Halstead for insulting his wife at a circus performance in this city several months ago, was found guilty of voluntary manslaughter by the jury this morning and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

What a Job.

LONDON, Sept. 9.--Edward Oakley, who claimed to be a doctor of divinity, of Brown University, was arraigned on the charge of begging at Bow street police court to-day, and was discharged with a consoling minister undertaking to take care of him. Oakley wrote to the United States embassy from the police station, claiming to be an adopted son of President McKinley. The police say Oakley is an old offender.

ALLEGED DIAMOND THIEF

On Trial at Kingwood, Charged with Perpetrating a \$500 Steal. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

KINGWOOD, W. Va., Sept. 9.--The trial of Edward Howard, of New York City, the alleged diamond thief, began in the circuit court here this morning. J. M. Culp, of Washington, traffic manager of the Southern railroad, was on the stand all day, and told the story of the theft of his \$500 stud while a passenger on the west-bound fast train on the Baltimore & Ohio last June. The train was passing through Preston county. Mr. Culp had gone forward from the sleeper to the wash room, in the smoking car. He laid down his shirt containing the diamond and the train immediately went into a long tunnel. When it emerged from the tunnel he discovered that his diamond stud was gone, and he immediately looked for the solitary passenger he had seen in the smoking car before the train entered the tunnel. That passenger was Howard, who was travelling with a woman alleged to be his wife. Howard had gone back to his wife's car, and denied the theft, of course, when confronted by Mr. Culp.

Howard and his wife were arrested at Cincinnati and searched, but the missing stone was not and never has been found. The defense scored a point in having the evidence ruled out about the case of a substitute diamond found in their baggage. Captain S. M. Taylor, conductor, substantiated Mr. Culp's testimony, as did Dr. Carrie Brandenburg, of No. 223 East Fourteenth street, New York City, who was a passenger on the train.

A New York detective named Charles Jones is here with evidence to the effect that Mrs. May Howard is a New York shop-lifter, and has what he claims to be her picture, taken from one in the rogue's gallery, at New York. The prisoner is represented by W. G. Brown and Henry Clay Hyde, who are making a good fight to have Howard cleared.

Howlers Recaptured. Condemned Murderer, Sentenced to be Hanged, and who Escaped Jail, Caught at Charleston, W. Va. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Sept. 9.--Albert Volers the murderer of John Cochran and Charles Gibson, who was sentenced to be hanged August 25, and who escaped from the Fayette county jail three days before the day set for his execution, was captured in this city to-night at the home of his brother.

Ever since his escape from jail he has been hiding in the woods on the headwaters of Campbell's Creek, Kanawha county, where he was given food and shelter by near relatives.

Detective Tom Brannigan and Mayor Dunbar, of Montgomery, have been on his trail, and succeeded yesterday in locating him through the description of one of his friends. Late last night he was brought to this city in a buggy, by his brother, and lodged in the latter's home. The detectives and police got wind of his whereabouts, and secured a search warrant to enter his brother's house. Volers was in the garret, armed with two dangerous revolvers, when the officers entered. When Brannigan and Constable Paxton attempted to bring him down he fired a shot through Brannigan's hat rim. Six shots were exchanged, but no one was wounded. He finally consented to surrender and was placed in jail, where he will remain, awaiting the action of the Fayette county authorities.

ONLY SURVIVING DAUGHTER

Of the Author of the "Star Spangled Banner" Dies at Oakland, Md. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

TERRA ALTA, W. Va., Sept. 9.--Mrs. Francis Key Howard died at Oakland this morning, aged 71 years. She was the only surviving daughter of Francis Scott Key, composer of the "Star Spangled Banner." The lady's home was in Baltimore, but for forty years past she has summered at Oakland, where she owned a pretty cottage. The funeral will occur on Saturday morning from the Episcopal church, and interment will be made in the Episcopal cemetery. Her husband died and was buried at Oakland in 1863.

Mrs. Howard was very prominent in eastern cities and was greatly beloved by all who knew her.

Rejected All Plans.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 9.--The commission which has in charge the erection of a new state capitol at a cost of \$550,000, came into conflict with Governor Hastings this afternoon, when, against his vigorous protest they rejected all the plans recommended by the board of experts and decided to ask the architects for new ones. The governor was so displeased that he withdrew from the meeting and declined to further participate in the commission's proceedings. It is expected that he will resign from the commission.

Surrounded by Prairie Fire.

WHITING, Ind., Sept. 9.--Whiting is surrounded on three sides by prairie fires to-night which are causing no little apprehension on the part of the citizens residing in the outlying districts. A considerable property has been destroyed and much more is threatened. The greatest apprehension is felt at Wilcox and Stiglitz Park, both settlements being situated on the open prairie and with absolutely no fire protection whatever. The flames are creeping closely and the residents are out in force fighting to save their homes.

Got Booty, Left a Bullet.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 9.--At Churchville, a few miles west of Rochester, last night, Mr. George Smith was shot and fatally wounded by burglars. Mr. Smith, who is a man of wealth, was overpowered by two masked men, who bound and gagged him, and, by threats, compelled him to give them \$1,200 which was in the house, and left him helpless to give the alarm. Mr. and Mrs. Smith occupied adjoining rooms. Mrs. Smith was shot in the ear, the bullet lodging in the back of the head.

No Rest for Him.

SOMERSET, Pa., Sept. 9.--President McKinley gave up last night to a public reception and hoped to be permitted to rest the remainder of his visit, but it seems there is no rest for him tonight. The crowd at the reception last night numbered nearly 3,000 people, and to-night as many people gathered in front of the Endley residence, while the Salisbury band serenaded the presidential party. President McKinley appeared on the porch and in a five minute speech thanked the band and the crowd for the serenade and then introduced Governor Lloyd Lowndes, of Maryland, who arrived here this evening to spend the night as the guest of Abner McKinley, and the governor spoke in a happy vein for ten minutes. In response to calls from the crowd, President and Mrs. McKinley appeared on the porch and were loudly cheered.

WITHOUT RESULT.

The Miners' Convention Takes Another Adjournment

WITHOUT TAKING A VOTE

On the Matter of Accepting or Rejecting the Proposition of Operators to Resume Work--President Hatchford, However, Predicts That a Settlement will be Reached--The Trouble in West Virginia Receives Considerable Attention--Convention will Probably Close To-day.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 9.--The miners' convention remained in executive session until late this afternoon, adjourning until to-morrow morning without having taken a vote on the proposed settlement. President Hatchford said to an Associated Press representative to-night: "You may predict with every degree of certainty that a settlement will be reached and that the action of the national board in recommending a settlement will be endorsed. The delegates are beginning to see that the best thing they can do is to accept the proposition of the operators and return to work at the price offered. While the convention should have finished its business to-day, it was impossible to do so. Nearly every delegate desired to say something regarding conditions in his own locality and the convention had to permit them to have their say. When they have finished the convention can get to work."

The arguments that have been presented by the officials and members of the executive board in favor of a settlement have had great weight with the delegates who have come to the convention un instructed and even some of those who came with instructions have gone so far as to communicate with their constituents asking to be relieved of instructions that they may be free to vote as they deem best. Should this drift of sentiment continue until a vote is taken the proposition for a settlement will undoubtedly be accepted.

The question as to whether a settlement on the lines proposed can be made general appears to be the stumbling block at this time. If the delegates from Illinois, Indiana, West Virginia and portions of Ohio, were assured that the settlement would be beneficial to them as well as to the miners of the Pittsburgh district, they would not hesitate to form a settlement. The Illinois miners have not changed their position and positively decline to accept the terms of settlement proposed by the national board. The officials have partially met the argument of the Illinois miners by saying that if the Illinois delegates will agree to a settlement so that the miners of other states can resume work the Illinois operators will be forced to pay the price by their competitors in other states. Should Illinois agree to this arrangement, Indiana and West Virginia will fall into line without hesitation.

The committee on resolutions is about equally divided on the question of a settlement and will probably present two reports to the convention to-morrow. There were some fiery speeches in the executive session of the convention by delegates from Ohio, Illinois and West Virginia. Secretary T. L. Lewis, of the Ohio miners, said that no matter what action the convention took it would not settle the strike, and Organizer Ray, who has been at work in West Virginia, charges that the conditions in that state were due largely to it being overrun by non-union miners from Ohio and the Pittsburgh district. He said if these two districts had been organized properly there would have been no trouble in bringing the West Virginia miners into line. A proposition to admit additional delegates from Pennsylvania, caused a stormy discussion. The Illinois delegates objected on the ground that if one state was allowed this privilege, it should be accorded to all. The matter was of material importance as to admit new delegates might change the vote and the opposition was so strong that the motion to admit the additional Pennsylvania delegates was voted down.

An effort will be made by the officers to bring the convention to a close to-morrow, provided the prospects of a favorable vote on the proposition for a settlement are ripe.

MINERS EVICTED

At Plum Creek and Clarksville, but the Furniture Carried Back.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 9.--The work of evicting the striking miners at Plum Creek and Clarksville was begun to-day. At 8 o'clock this morning sixteen deputies evicted James McCabe and his family from one of the company's houses at Plum Creek. Little resistance was offered. After the deputies were gone the women forced an entrance to the house again and carried the furniture back. Desperate resistance will be offered in case a second attempt is made to evict the family.

Three hours later sixteen deputies arrived at Clarksville and evicted John Pike and his family. They are Polish people but have many friends at Clarksville. The same tactics were resorted to there after the deputies had completed their work. The furniture was carried into the house again. Pike and his family and several friends have installed themselves there prepared to make trouble for the deputies if they again attempt to evict them.

Eight Thousand on a Strike.

HAZELTON, Pa., Sept. 9.--The striking miners continued marching to-day. They marched to Beaver Meadow colliery, and before they had been dispersed by the deputies they drove all the employes from the mines. There are strike began. It is said that nearly 8,000 are on strike. Manager Lawall failed to meet the men to-day and matters are now more complicated than ever.

Movements of Steamships.

PLYMOUTH--Columbia, from New York for Hamburg. LONDON--Mobile, from New York. LIVERPOOL--Rhynland, Philadelphia.

HAMBURG--Prussia, New York.

NEW YORK--Werkendam, from Rotterdam.

CHERBOURG--Arrived--Columbia, New York.

NEW YORK--Arrived--Werkendam, Rotterdam.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For Western Pennsylvania, generally fair; continued high temperature; light to fresh southerly winds, as follows: For West Virginia and Ohio, generally fair; probably cooler Friday night; light to fresh southerly winds.

Local Temperature.

The temperature yesterday as observed by C. Schepff, druggist, corner Fourteenth and Market streets, was as follows: 7 a. m. 65 8 p. m. 87 9 a. m. 65 11 p. m. 87 12 m. 89 Weather--Clear.

EXPERT TESTIMONY

Now Enters as a Factor in the Trial of Luertger--Task of the Prosecution to Prove Character of Matter Taken From the Vat.

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.--Both the morning and afternoon sessions of the court in the trial of Adolph Luertger were consumed in the taking of expert testimony. Through chemical analysis the state must establish not only the possibility of a human body being dissolved by the action of caustic potash heated to the boiling point, but also the fact that the bits of bone, hair, and flesh and the scrapings of pinkish-brown material from the interior of the vat in the sausage factory are portions of a human being. If they can demonstrate these two propositions beyond a reasonable doubt, one of the most important portions of their case will have been accomplished. By circumstantial evidence they have endeavored to prove that Luertger was anxious to rid himself of his wife and that he enticed his wife to his factory on the evening of May 1. By expert testimony they expect to prove that Mrs. Luertger's remains are now represented by the bits of bone, flesh and hair. Two expert witnesses have been called, Dr. Charles Gibson and Prof. Mark Delafontaine.

Dr. Gibson, whose direct examination was begun Wednesday, offered further testimony for the state and was turned over to the defense for cross-examination. Prof. Delafontaine was examined by Assistant State's Attorney McEwen, the direct examination occupying the remaining time of the session and the entire afternoon session.

The prosecution could not draw from Prof. Delafontaine the assertion that the bits of flesh were human flesh. They might be human, but they might also be the flesh of an animal. The bones he was sure were human bones, but regarding the flesh he was very guarded and careful in his statements. He will to-morrow morning be turned over to the defense for cross-examination.

At no time during the day did the defendant display emotion, not even when the big dry goods box with its greasy contents of flesh and bone was placed a few feet from him near the jury. He handled the gunnysacks and inspected with curious glance the bits of flesh and bone which were passed gingerly from attorney to attorney, but at no time did his hand tremble or the look of ordinary interest give way to pallor or an averted glance. Innocent or guilty, the verdict of all is that Luertger is possessed of more nerve than any other man who has ever been tried for murder within the precincts of the criminal court building.

The attorneys for the defense continue in their confident attitude and assert that when their prisoner is acquitted and they declare that when he is free, a number of damage suits are to be commenced. They insist that those who have "manufactured evidence," as they put it, shall suffer for the wrong which they say has been done their client.

FEVER SITUATION.

In Mississippi--Most of Cases at Ocean Springs Pronounced "Dengue"--Few Cases of Yellow Jack on Hand.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.--Dr. John Guiteras, the yellow fever expert, telegraphed to Surgeon General Wyman to-day as follows from Ocean Springs, Miss.: "Of the three suspicious cases reported by me yesterday, one confirms yellow fever by autopsy; another by subsequent course; the third case is not yellow fever. To-day I have diagnosed another case of yellow fever. We have then two cases in a sick list of forty. There have been here a few cases of yellow fever in the midst of a widespread epidemic of dengue."

Assistant Surgeon Norman, at New Orleans, telegraphed as follows: "By courtesy of President Oliphant, I send the following announcement to be published to-morrow: 'To the President and members of the board of health of Louisiana:--'GENTLEMEN:--We, the physicians who have been requested to examine into the nature of the cases of fever on St. Claude street, would respectfully report that in their collective aspects they should be regarded as suspicious and should be taken charge of by the board of health.' Signed Drs. Lemouliere, Couratte, Pettit and Parham. Dr. Guiteras has been invited to visit New Orleans."

The detention camp equipment shipped from Waynesville, Ga., has arrived in the vicinity of Ocean Springs and Surgeon Murray has been instructed by Dr. Wyman to select a site. Its location has not yet been definitely determined, the surgeon general having under consideration a place recommended by Dr. Murray. Passed Assistant Surgeon White left here to-night to take charge of the camp.

Dr. Wyman has taken measures to strengthen the border line inspection service already inaugurated by the states of Alabama and Louisiana and prevent the spread of the disease.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Gleason has been ordered to Grand Bay, where the Louisville & Nashville crosses into Alabama to assist the officer already designated by that state. An official probably will soon be sent to the point where the same railroad crosses the Mississippi-Louisiana state line. Measures have also been taken by the surgeon general to ascertain the correctness of the reports that yellow fever has developed at other points in Mississippi, notably at Parkinton and at Kinston, where Dr. Sullivan is said to have reported two suspicious cases to the president of the Louisiana state board of health. Surgeon Carter will go to the latter place and Surgeon Murray is expected to follow him, leaving Dr. Wasdin temporarily in charge at Ocean Springs. If the reports of the existence of fever at those places are found correct, stringent measures will promptly be adopted to prevent its spread.

Dr. Guiteras has been invited to visit New Orleans.

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