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**THE INTELLIGENCER.**  
WHEELING, DECEMBER 4, 1900.

**The President's Message.**  
It is customary for partisan  
papers speaking of the Pres-  
ident representing their politi-  
cal belief to characterize his mes-  
sage to Congress as the "most able  
document ever written," but without  
political bias or party partiality, we think  
we can refer to President McKinley's  
message, sent to Congress yesterday, as  
a clear, forcible and unequivocal pre-  
sentment of the affairs of the nation,  
a document that will well repay perusal.  
The document opens with a brief sur-  
vey of the growing strength and in-  
creasing power for good of republi-  
can institutions and American liberty  
at the outgoing of the old and the in-  
coming of the new century. The Chi-  
nese problem is made the dominant  
question in our foreign intercourse and  
an elaborate review is made of the de-  
tails of military operations and diplo-  
matic steps taken in the progress of the  
settlement up to the present time, and  
which have been made known to the  
public by official announcements in the  
past.  
The securing of an adequate guar-  
antee for liberty of faith is put forward  
as one of the essential factors of a du-  
rable adjustment of the present diffi-  
culties in the Flowery Kingdom. Touching  
the question of indemnity the President  
says: "I am disposed to think that due  
compensation may be made in part by  
increased guarantees of security for  
foreign rights and immunities, and,  
most important of all, by the opening  
of China to the equal commerce of all  
the world. These views have been and  
will be earnestly advocated by our rep-  
resentatives."  
In the event of protracted divergence  
of views in the negotiations the Presi-  
dent favors inclining to Russia's sug-  
gestion that the matter of indemnities  
be relegated to the court of arbitration  
at the Hague.  
After expressing satisfaction over  
some minor foreign matters, the Presi-  
dent takes up the isthmian canal pro-  
ject. Regarding the Nicaraguan canal,  
the information is given that the Ni-  
caraguan government shows a disposition  
to take measures to promote the water  
way, after having declared the so-  
called Eyo-Cragin option void. The  
report of the convention, it is recom-  
mended, may be awaited. The conven-  
tion with Great Britain to remove any  
objections which might arise out of the  
Clayton-Bulwer treaty to the construction  
of the canal is commended to the  
early attention of the senate.  
The outlook for the passage of the  
Nicaraguan bill was brightened some-  
what by the press dispatches yesterday  
morning conveying the intelligence that  
Secretary Hay and Senor Corraon, the  
Nicaraguan minister, on Saturday signed  
a treaty whereby Nicaragua concedes to  
the United States the rights and privi-  
leges for the construction of the Ni-  
caragua canal. Nicaragua is to free her-  
self of any treaties that would abridge  
the privileges of the United States, and  
is to be paid \$5,000,000 in the securities  
of the Canal Construction Company.  
This leaves the way perfectly clear for  
Congress to act.  
The financial operations by the gov-  
ernment during the year are reviewed  
in detail. "It will be the duty, as I am  
sure it will be the disposition of the  
Congress," says the President, "to pro-  
vide whatever further legislation is  
needed to insure the parity under all  
conditions between our two forms of  
metallic money, silver and gold." Touching  
the disposition of the surplus the  
President recommends a reduction  
of internal revenue war taxes in the  
sum of \$20,000,000. "This reduction  
should be secured by the remission of  
those taxes which experience has shown  
to be the most burdensome to the indus-  
tries of the people." The inclusion in  
the reduction is specially urged of the  
legacy tax bequests for public uses of a  
literary, educational or charitable char-  
acter.  
In regard to combinations of capital  
organized into trusts, the President re-  
iterates his deliverance on this subject  
in his last message, adding that "re-  
straint upon such combinations as are  
injurious, and which are within federal  
jurisdiction, should be promptly applied  
by the Congress."

coast defenses, and new army posts, is  
pointed out, and the necessity in the  
immediate future of from 45,000 to 60,000  
men in the Philippines is stated. "If  
must be apparent," says the President,  
"that we will require an army of 60,000  
and that during present conditions in  
Cuba and the Philippines the President  
should have authority to increase the  
force to the present number of 100,000.  
Included in this number, authority  
should be given to raise native troops  
in the Philippines up to 15,000, which the  
Taft commission believe will be more  
effective in detecting and suppressing  
guerrillas, assassins, and ladrones than  
our own soldiers."  
Attention is called afresh to the neces-  
sity for amendment of the alien con-  
tract law and important features of the  
rightful application of the eight-hour  
law for the benefit of labor and of the  
principal of arbitration are commended  
to Congress.  
These are but the salient points of a  
well ordered and thoughtful message.  
The President concludes his paper by  
eloquently admonishing Congress that  
"in our great prosperity we must guard  
against the danger it invites of extrava-  
gance in government expenditures and  
appropriations; and the chosen repre-  
sentatives of the people will, I doubt not,  
furnish an example in their legislation  
of that wise economy which in a season  
of plenty husbands for the future. In  
this era of great business activity and  
opportunity, caution is not untimely. It  
will not abate, but strengthen, confi-  
dence. It will not retard, but promote,  
legitimate industrial and commercial  
expansion. Our growing power brings  
with it temptations and perils requiring  
constant vigilance to avoid. It must  
not be used to invite conflicts, nor for  
oppression, but for the most effective  
maintenance of those principles of  
equality and justice upon which our in-  
stitutions and happiness depend. Let  
us keep always in mind that the founda-  
tion of our government is liberty; its  
superstructure peace."

**Compulsory Conciliation.**  
The Civic Federation of Chicago has  
called a conference of the laborer, the  
employer and the capitalist to meet early  
this month in that city to discuss the  
arbitration of labor disputes and the  
conciliation of labor and capital, and in  
this connection the report of United  
States Consul Dillingham, at Auckland,  
on labor legislation in New Zealand,  
will be quite interesting. He says the  
labor laws of that colony were enacted  
in the effort to regulate certain con-  
ditions affecting employer and employee.  
Their scope embraces many difficult  
propositions into which the exigencies  
of modern industrial life have forced  
those engaged in the trades and handi-  
crafts. The general tendency of the  
"compulsory conciliation" law, say its  
supporters, is to ameliorate the position  
of the worker by preventing social op-  
pression through undue influences and  
the unsatisfactory conditions of sanitation.  
"It will doubtless be found," says Mr.  
Dillingham, "that, with the advance of  
time, these laws are capable of great  
improvement and amendment; but they  
have already, their friends assert, done  
much to make the lives of operatives of  
fuller and more healthy growth. Their  
aim is to check abuses before they ob-  
tain formidable dimensions; but that  
these laws have not prevented abuses  
is pretty generally admitted, and, inas-  
much as the "rosy" side of the question  
has heretofore been given in reports  
published in the United States, I deem  
it advisable to give the other side as well."  
This "conciliation law" is solely for  
the benefit of the unionist laborer; non-  
unionists have no status under its pro-  
visions. In other words, it would ap-  
pear that the non-unionist can sell his  
labor if he can get an employer to run  
the risk of encountering vexatious and  
expensive legal proceedings, instituted  
by some union for engaging him, in-  
stead of a unionist.  
In citing the workings of the law, the  
consul says that "if A, being a unionist,  
applies for work, and B, a non-unionist,  
applies, and the employer, knowing the  
non-unionist and believing him to be the  
better workman, engages him, then A  
could set the law in motion, make the  
preference to the non-unionist an "in-  
dustrial dispute," and put the employer  
to the trouble and expense of trying to  
justify his employment of B instead of  
A. What employer will run that risk?  
He finds it less expensive to submit to  
the law and employ the less competent  
man, whom he does not want, than to  
fight it. In theory, he need only em-  
ploy the unionist if he be equally capa-  
ble; but, as the proving of the equal  
capacity involves a lawsuit, the theory  
is impracticable.  
Here are some very choice nuts for the  
Civic Federation Congress to crack on  
the line of the proposed conciliation  
scheme. If the New Zealand labor law  
is not class legislation then we don't  
know the meaning of the term, but we  
presume the Chicago Congress will be  
perspicuous enough to give us some  
light on the subject.

**Trade With Germany.**  
While the meat restrictions of Ger-  
many have well nigh ruined our trade  
with that country in that particular  
branch of trade, anxiety as to its effect  
on other commodities seems to be  
wasted.  
It will be remembered that a fear was  
expressed some months ago that cer-  
tain trade restrictions proposed in Ger-  
many might seriously interrupt the  
commercial relations between that  
country and the United States and es-  
pecially decrease our exports to that  
country in agricultural products. Fig-  
ures just issued by the treasury bureau  
of statistics show that our exports to  
Germany, in the ten months ending with  
October, 1900, were \$27,000,000 greater  
than those in the corresponding months  
of last year, an increase of about 20 per  
cent and that our imports from Ger-  
many show an increase of \$5,000,000, a  
gain of over 10 per cent.  
Of the forty great articles which com-  
pose the bulk of our exports to Germany  
more than two-thirds show an increase  
in 1900 as compared with 1899. Those  
which show the principal decrease are  
hog products, corn, wheat, fertilizers  
and certain lines of machinery. Those  
which show an increase are cotton,  
flour, fruits, tobacco, timber, mineral  
oils, cotton seed oil, olivine and meal,  
tallow, paraffin, rosin, turpentine, coal,  
copper, builders' hardware, scientific

and electrical instruments, agricultural  
implements, sewing machines, cars and  
furniture.  
Copper shows an increase of more  
than \$3,000,000, mineral oils \$2,000,000,  
tobacco and agricultural implements  
nearly \$1,000,000 each and unmanufactured  
cotton over \$28,000,000, while in the  
list of articles which show a decrease  
there are but two cases in which the  
falling off is as much as \$1,000,000—corn  
showing a reduction of a little more  
than \$1,000,000 and wheat a little more  
than \$2,000,000.  
The Democrats once claimed that the  
Republican policy of protecting the tin  
plate industry was a farce, and as usual  
they are confounded by facts and re-  
sults. Since 1892 the output of tin plates  
has increased from 18,893 tons to 379,767  
tons in 1899, while within the same period  
the imports of British tin plates  
have fallen from 263,472 tons to 53,915  
tons.  
The surrender of 2,500 rebel Filipinos  
is the beginning of the end, and a ful-  
fillment of the prophecy incident to Mc-  
Kinley's election. Others will follow  
rapidly, now that a break has been  
made.  
Kruger's game is up, after Germany's  
snub. He will have to be satisfied with  
the effervescent sympathy of France,  
inspired, not by love for Kruger, but  
hatred of England.  
The "Red Light" district of New  
York, owing to the reform movement,  
has "doused its glims" for the time be-  
ing.  
When Pettigrew opens his fountains  
of gall and bitterness the senate cham-  
ber will have to be fumigated.  
You may be sure the shipping bill is  
a good thing, because the Democrats  
oppose it.  
The President's message is one of the  
ablest executive documents ever writ-  
ten.  
Yesterday's gloom was a good imita-  
tion of a London fog.  
The shipping bill will have the call in  
the senate.  
Congress has begun to grind.  
"Mr. Speaker!"  
**MASONS ELECT OFFICERS.**  
The Eighty-sixth Annual Communi-  
cation of Ohio Lodge Last Night.  
The eighty-sixth annual communi-  
cation of Ohio lodge, No. 1, A. F. & A. M.,  
for the election of officers, was held at  
the Masonic Temple last night. There  
was a full attendance and it was reported  
that 132 members had been reported  
to the grand lodge at its late session,  
an increase in membership of eighteen  
over the number reported in 1899.  
The following officers were elected for  
the ensuing term: Charles F. Schultze,  
W. M.; William J. Hamilton, S. W.; F.  
W. Colmar, J. W.; Hugh Sterling, treas-  
urer; Joseph Hall, secretary; Rev. H.  
C. A. Haas, chaplain; W. H. Boycott  
and George E. Waterhouse, stewards;  
W. H. Travis, A. H. Forgy and J. H.  
Dehmel, trustees.  
The appointed officers were T. W.  
Ellis, Tyler; George W. Bowers, senior  
deacon; Harry Forgy, junior deacon.  
**KNIGHTS OF ST. GEORGE**  
Hold Annual Election of Officers at a  
Meeting Last Night.  
Commandery No. 44, Knights of St.  
George, held a regular monthly meeting  
at their hall on Eoff street, last night,  
and the most important matter to come  
up was the annual election of officers.  
The following officers were elected: J.  
L. Gleasy, first vice president; Peter  
Helli, second vice president; A. J. Har-  
big, recording secretary; W. P. Lear,  
financial secretary; R. A. Arkle, treas-  
urer; J. P. Nolte, messenger; Henry  
Beltz, sergeant at arms; James Mc-  
Shane, guard; J. M. Murphy, librarian.  
Albert G. Hadlich was elected as cap-  
tain. The following board of directors  
was chosen: S. Alexander, J. A. Blum,  
Dr. C. A. Winkler, A. G. Hadlich, E.  
J. McGowan, J. L. Gleasy, F. L. Riester,  
George J. Mathison and John J. Coniff.  
**Telegraphers Endorse Federation.**  
ATCHISON, Kan., Dec. 2.—Missouri  
Pacific railroad telegraph operators at a  
meeting to-day unanimously endorsed  
the proposed federation with the con-  
ductors, firemen and other trainmen's  
organizations.

**THE HISSOM TRIAL IS RESUMED.**  
The Defendant Was On the Stand During the Greater Part of the Day.  
**THE DOMESTIC INFELICITIES**  
Of the Hissom Family Narrated—In-  
sane Asylum Attendant Testifies.  
The trial of the damage suit of Dr. S.  
K. Hissom, the son, against J. R. Hissom,  
the father, was resumed yester-  
day morning in the circuit court, Judge  
Hervey on the bench. There was but a  
handful of spectators.  
The cross-examination of the plain-  
tiff was resumed at the opening of  
court. He was questioned regarding  
letters he had written home from Ger-  
many to his mother. A letter that cre-  
ated a sensation when brought up at the  
first trial of the case was ruled out by  
the court. He told of taking a girl to  
his office at 1 a. m., and said he had  
made no effort to conceal his doings—  
had not taken the girl there with any  
wrong intentions. There had been a  
script in the girl's home and she did  
not want to return. He went away  
with the girl, and at Cleveland was ar-  
rested at the instance of the girl's  
mother, "who hoped to get \$2,000 out of  
him," but she was disappointed in that  
particular. Referring to his confine-  
ment in the Ohio county jail on the  
lunacy charge, he said he was always  
suspicious of his father when he did a  
seemingly good act—as, for instance,  
bringing him two suits of clothes just  
before his departure for Spencer asy-  
lum. He denied he had told Dr. Gut-  
rie, of the asylum, that his mother was  
a bad woman.  
Afternoon Session.  
At the afternoon session, Dr. Hissom  
was asked as to his acknowledgment  
of the receipt of \$2,000 from his father  
through his mother; while in Germany.  
He said, in explanation, that he had not  
received the money; that it was a cus-  
tom of the Hissoms to say "funny"  
things in their letters. He was asked  
as to a certain vulgar term used in his  
letter to his mother, and said it was a  
word in everyday use in the family.  
Asked why he carried a revolver, he  
said he had been threatened by a pa-  
tient. At 3:30 p. m. the cross examina-  
tion of the plaintiff was concluded. He  
had been on the stand four days.  
G. H. Purcell testified that J. R. Hissom  
had said in a conversation that he was  
worth \$250,000.  
R. T. McNicol, recalled, testified that  
J. R. Hissom had told him he was worth  
\$200,000 to \$250,000; that he had been a  
very lucky man after making his first  
\$1,000.  
Prosecuting Attorney W. C. Meyer  
testified that J. R. Hissom had asked  
him to take charge of the lunacy pro-  
ceedings. He had replied that it was  
not a criminal case and not within his  
province as prosecuting attorney.  
Hissom had responded that he would  
like to have the state interested, as that  
would give weight to the proceedings.  
The witness had declined to take part  
in the proceedings.  
Frank Gruse testified that, while a  
member of the C. W. Seabright tal-  
loring firm, J. R. Hissom had brought in  
his son, Dr. S. K. Hissom, and intro-  
duced him favorably. This was soon  
after the doctor's return from Ger-  
many.  
An Asylum Official.  
Supervisor Sayre, of the Spencer hos-  
pital for the insane, testified to having  
taken Dr. S. K. Hissom from Wheeling  
to the asylum, after the lunacy hearing.  
At Sistersville he and the doctor be-  
came separated, and each was looking  
for the other. They there were stops  
at St. Mary's and Ravenswood, and at  
the latter place there was a change of  
cars. He testified to J. R. Hissom visit-  
ing the asylum during Dr. Hissom's  
confinement there. He was asked  
whether Dr. Hissom hadn't been warn-  
ed against Dr. Camden, but the ques-  
tion was ruled out. On cross examina-  
tion by Mr. Howard, witness denied he  
had been discharged from service at the  
asylum and handed to the attorney let-  
ters substantiating his claim. He had  
been summoned to attend this trial, the  
letter being written by Mr. Smith, who  
enclosed money for transportation,  
\$18.50, being a check on Mr. Smith's ac-  
count at the Wheeling Title & Trust  
Company. He had talked over the case  
with Mr. Smith, saying what he would  
testify to. On re-direct examination, by  
Mr. Smith, the witness produced the  
letter written by Mr. Smith, summoning  
him to attend the trial. Mr. Smith de-  
sired to introduce the letter as evi-  
dence, to which the defense objected;  
objection over-ruled. The letter was  
then read, and stated among other things  
that "it had bothered the doctor some  
to get this money together," referring  
to the \$18.50.  
Jacob Voeghtly, a steamboat clerk,  
testified that J. R. Hissom had told him  
he was worth \$250,000. This conversa-  
tion took place at the corner of Twelfth  
and Water streets, in the late summer  
of 1899.  
Court adjourned until 9:30 this morn-  
ing. "And, gentlemen," said Judge  
Hervey to the jury, "9:30 is 9:30, not  
twenty minutes 'till 10."

Every farmer knows that to kill weeds  
he must go to the roots. To cut the  
weed off on the sur-  
face, means that the  
weed is still left to  
grow. It's just that  
way with boils, ul-  
cers, eruptions, pim-  
ples and similar  
diseases of the flesh.  
To cure them you  
must go to the roots,  
down into the blood.  
Here surface treat-  
ment never gets rid  
of the disease. It  
will come back at  
the first opportunity.  
It is to its won-  
derful power in the  
purification of the  
blood that Doctor  
Pierce's Golden  
Medical Discovery  
owes many of its  
triumphs of healing.  
It cleanses the blood  
thoroughly, elimi-  
nating all the refuse  
matter and clears  
out the waste and poisonous particles  
which clog the body and so foul the  
flesh. It eradicates from the blood the  
conditions which make disease possible.  
The result is that diseases die out like  
first the weeds are cut.  
There is no medicine for the blood which  
is "just as good" as "Golden Medical  
Discovery." Accept no substitute.  
"I feel it my duty to write to you of the won-  
derful curative powers of your 'Golden Medical  
Discovery,'" writes Geo. S. Henderson, Esq., of  
DeLand, Fla. "I had a bad case of Boils  
on my right ear, and my blood was badly out of  
order. I tried local doctors but with no good  
result. Finally, I wrote you the particulars in  
my case, and you advised your 'Golden Medical  
Discovery,' which I began to take. From the  
first bottle I began to feel better, and when I had  
taken eight bottles the sores were healed up. I  
wish you success."  
Free. On receipt of 21 one-cent stamps  
to pay expense of mailing only, Doctor  
Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser,  
1000 pages, paper-bound, will be sent  
free. For cloth binding send 31 stamps  
to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

**..POLITICS..**  
The Intelligencer was informed yester-  
day afternoon that Councilman  
James P. Maxwell, of the Island, one  
of the aspirants for the Republican  
mayorally nomination, has recently  
been approached by members of the  
"Committee of One Hundred" and asked  
whether he would, in the event of his  
defeat for the Republican nomination,  
accept the nomination for mayor on an  
independent ticket. Mr. Maxwell re-  
plied that he could not consider such a  
proposition; that he was running as a  
Republican, and if defeated he would  
not run on any other ticket.  
Delegate elect S. G. Smith, of this  
county, has received assurances from  
his friends throughout the state that  
lead him to believe that he will have  
eighteen to twenty votes on the first  
ballot for the speakership. He believes  
he will be successful on the second or  
third ballot.  
Lumbering Operations Crippled.  
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 2.—  
Lumbering operations in Minnesota are  
practically at a standstill on account  
of the warm, unseasonable weather,  
and unless there shall be a change at  
once lumbermen will be heavy losers  
this winter. None of the swamps are  
frozen over yet, and logging operations  
can not be conducted with safety. The  
woods are full of men ready to go to  
work. They are being paid the highest  
wages that have prevailed for several  
years. Should snow come before the  
ground freezes the situation will be-  
come more complicated than ever.

**Turko-German Difficulty Settled.**  
CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 2.—The  
Turko-German difficulty regarding a  
coaling station in the Red Sea, has been  
settled. Germany intimating that she  
only wants a station during the Chi-  
nese crisis.  
"NEGLECTED colds make far grave-  
yards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine  
Syrup helps men and women to a  
happy, vigorous old age—3.

**MY line of Overcoatings and Suits are  
always of the choicest patterns.**  
C. W. SEABRIGHT'S SON.

**Nasal CATARRH**  
To all its stages there  
should be cleanliness.  
Ely's Cream Balm  
cleanses, soothes and heals  
the diseased membrane.  
It cures catarrh and drives  
away a cold in the head  
quickly.  
Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads  
over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is im-  
mediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does  
not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Drug-  
gists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.  
ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

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If you purchase or make a loan on real  
estate have the title insured by the  
Wheeling Title & Trust Co.  
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C. J. RAWLING, Vice President  
W. H. TRACY, Asst. Secretary  
G. R. E. GILCHRIST, Examiner of Titles

**ANNOUNCEMENTS.**  
**JOS. MCCAUSLAND,**  
Candidate for  
**CHIEF OF POLICE.**  
Subject to the decision of the Republi-  
can primaries.  
**PATENTS AND TRADE-MARKS.**  
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Proper protection secured in all coun-  
tries. Reliable service at moderate rates.  
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**H. E. DUNLAP, Patent Attorney.**  
Holly Building, Wheeling, W. Va.

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Vacant ground, fronting 100 feet on Ohio  
street, can be bought for \$150.  
Store room with up-stair dwelling, rent-  
ing for \$25 per month, situated on Zane  
street, can be bought for \$5,000.  
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Real Estate and Loans, 1005 Main Street.

**J. S. RHODES & CO.**  
**Closing Out Sale.**  
Bargains all over the store.  
We mention a few—call  
and see the rest:  
75c French Flannels ..... 50c  
12c Outing Flannels ..... 8c  
10c Outing Flannels ..... 6c  
20c Black Satine ..... 15c  
\$1.25 Undressed Kid Gloves, \$1.00  
Silk Lined .....  
35c Blue Twilled Flannel ..... 25c  
Ladies' 50c Fleece Shirts and Drawers ..... 42c  
12c Silk Lined (best grade) ..... 10c  
Remnants White India Lawns at 10c,  
12c and 15c—about half regular  
price.  
**J. S. RHODES & CO.**  
**The Greatest Hit Of the Season**  
IS THE  
**"Classic" Gas Heater.**  
Quadruple center draft, with  
patent circulating flue sys-  
tem. Something entirely new.  
Handsomeness, and a great gas  
saver. Call and examine  
them.  
**Nesbitt & Bro.,**  
1312 Market Street.  
**AMUSEMENTS.**  
**OPERA HOUSE**  
Wednesday Night, Dec. 5.  
Sixteenth Annual Tour.  
**THE AL. G. FIELD GREATER MINSTRELS.**  
OLDEST, BIGGEST, BEST!  
One of the most expansive organizations  
of the kind in existence.  
Al. G. Field, Arthur Rigby, Tommy Don-  
nelly, Doc Quigley and 50 Others.  
**WATCH FOR THE BIG STREET PA-  
GEANT.**  
Prices—5c, 10c, 15c and 20c. Reserved  
seats sale opens Tuesday morning.  
**GRAND OPERA HOUSE**  
Two weeks, commencing Monday eve-  
ning, Nov. 26. Daily matinees. The world's  
youngest star.  
**LITTLE IRENE MYERS.**  
Standard Dramatic Artist, vaudeville.  
Change of play twice daily. Night prices,  
10c, 20c and 30c. Matinee prices 10c and 20c.  
**FINANCIAL**  
**THE NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK OF WHEELING.**  
Capital ..... \$200,000  
Surplus ..... 65,000  
**DIRECTORS.**  
J. N. Vance, John Frew, John L. Dickey,  
John Waterhouse, Geo. Schmidt, Henry Eberson,  
W. H. Frank, C. M. Frisell, J. M. Brown,  
Wm. Ellingham.  
**OFFICERS.**  
J. N. VANCE, President.  
JOHN FREW, Vice President.  
LAWRENCE E. SANDS, Cashier.  
WM. B. IRVINE, Asst. Cashier.  
Business entrusted to our care will re-  
ceive prompt and careful attention.  
**BANK OF THE OHIO VALLEY.**  
CAPITAL—\$175,000.  
WILLIAM A. ISETT, President.  
MORTIMER POLLOCK, Vice President.  
J. A. MILLER, Cashier.  
J. H. McDONALD, Asst. Cashier.  
Drafts on England, Ireland, France and  
Germany.  
**DIRECTORS.**  
William A. Isett, Mortimer Pollock,  
J. A. Miller, Robert Simpson,  
E. M. Atkinson, C. M. Frisell,  
Julius Pollock.  
**HANNIBAL FORBES**, President.  
J. A. JEFFERSON, Cashier.  
**BANK OF WHEELING.**  
CAPITAL, \$200,000, PAID IN.  
WHEELING, W. VA.  
**DIRECTORS.**  
Allen Brock, Joseph F. Paul,  
Chas. Schmidt, Henry Eberson,  
Howard Simpson, Hannibal Forbes,  
A. J. Clarke.  
Interest paid on special deposits.  
Issues drafts on England, Ireland and  
Scotland, myl  
**FRESH FISH AND OYSTERS.**  
**WM. BRICELAND.**  
FRESH FISH  
and OYSTERS....  
Special attention given to all orders.  
Prompt delivery guaranteed.  
Telephone 957. 1612 Market St.  
**CHOICE FAMILY LIQUORS.**  
**J. G. KLINE,**  
1016 Market St., Wheeling, W. Va.  
Cash pure liquor dealer. The purest and  
best brands of whisky and wine will be  
sent you upon receipt of price.  
Kline's Best Rye, \$2.00 per gal., 85c per qt.  
Kline's Best Whisky, \$2.50 per gal., 90c per qt.  
Paris Club Rye, \$2.00 per gal., 85c per qt.  
Holland Gin, \$2.50 per gal., 90c per qt.  
GIVE ME A TRIAL ORDER.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
**LOST—CAMERO BROOCH.** BETWEEN  
L. bridge and Seltzer's butcher shop. Re-  
ward if returned to 36 South Front street.  
det.  
**WANTED—AGENTS—THE OLDEST**  
company in the United States. Wants  
men and women. Salary and com-  
mission to good men or women. Address  
A. M. S., care Intelligencer office, det.  
**EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.**  
Having duly qualified as executor of the  
will of William H. Hays, senior, notice is  
hereby given that all persons indebted to  
said estate will please call upon the un-  
dersigned without delay and settle, and all  
persons having claims against said estate will  
present same for payment, and all their  
demands, duly verified, to the under-  
signed for settlement.  
det.  
**JOHN BODLEY, Executor.**  
**GLOVES CLEANED FREE!**  
Mr. B. Montgell, proprietor The Wash-  
ing Steam Dye Works, 61 and 63 Eleventh  
street, wishes to announce to his patrons  
and the public generally that with every  
ladies' dress or suit, or with each gentle-  
man's suit or overcoat that is cleaned by  
free of charge.  
det.  
**SPECIALTIES FOR HOME MADE SWEETS.**  
Red Sugar, Confectionery Sugar, Dark  
Brown Sugar, Maple Sugar Cream,  
Candied Apples, Cherries, Pineapple,  
Limes, Figs, Almonds.  
Food Colors—Blue, Green, Purple, Red,  
Gold, Yellow.  
Our line consists of everything needed for  
making Home Made Sweets.  
**ALBERT STOLZE & CO.,**  
117 Market Street.  
**PITTSBURG SECURITIES**  
**MAKE GOOD INVESTMENTS.**  
Information concerning same gladly fur-  
nished.  
**ROBERT C. HALL,**  
Member Pittsburgh Stock Exchange, Pa.  
2613, 231 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.  
**CHEST PROTECTORS.**  
**HOT WATER BOTTLES.**  
**FOUNTAIN SYRINGES.**  
**BULB SYRINGES.**  
All of best quality of rubber, at  
**R. H. LIST'S,** 1010 Main St.  
**FOR RENT.**  
Desirable residence, with all mod-  
ern conveniences, one of the most  
beautiful locations in the city.  
Possession given at once. No. 7  
South Front street, Island.  
Industrial stocks bought and sold direct  
on New York Stock Exchange.  
**HOWARD HAZLETT & SON,**  
**REAL ESTATE BARGAINS.**  
Two houses on Twelfth street; rents for  
\$44 a year; pay 12c as an investment.  
8 rooms, bath, all modern, on Market  
street, near Ninth street, cheap.  
4-room house on Virginia street at \$125;  
cheap.  
3-room brick on Eoff street, near Twen-  
ty-third street.  
4-room house on McCulloch street, above  
Forty-first street, cheap at \$150.  
Lot 23x100 feet on Twelfth street at \$25.  
Lots 25x120 feet in Glouchster addition at  
\$25 each.  
Lots 61x120 feet on South York street at  
\$50 each; easy terms.  
**ORLOFF L. ZANE,**  
Telephone 524. No. 42 Fourteenth St.  
**FOR SALE.....**  
**CHAPLINE STREET RESIDENCE.**  
Very desirable property, between Twenty-  
first and Twenty-third streets; lot 24x110  
feet. Call soon or you will miss this bar-  
gain.  
**MONEY TO LOAN.**  
**THEO. W. FINK & CO.,**  
No. 1163 Market Street.  
**Wheat Meat.**  
A concentrated food, nourishing  
and strengthening, is best for  
tired nerves, tones up invalids,  
strengthens the convalescent. It is  
thoroughly cooked. For sale at  
**H. F. Behrens & Co.**  
2211-2219 MARKET ST.  
**Money to Loan and Fire Insurance**  
In amounts of \$200, \$500, \$800,  
\$1,000, \$1,500, \$2,500, \$5,000 and  
\$10,000. Interest as low as 5 per  
cent on all kinds of real estate se-  
curity.  
Real Estate bought and sold.  
Rents collected and general man-  
aging of property.  
**L. A. ROLF,**  
Successor to Rolf & Zane, No. 30 Four-  
teenth street. Phone 524.  
**Thanksgiving.**  
You furnish the  
**Turkey.**  
We have the  
**Pans.** 6 Patterns.  
15 Sizes.  
**GEO. W. JOHNSON'S SONS,**  
1210 Main Street.  
**Henry Ward Beecher**  
SAID:  
"A little library growing larger every  
year is a honorable part of a man's his-  
tory. It is a man's glory to have books.  
A library is not a luxury, but one of the  
necessaries of life.  
We have made it possible for the resi-  
dents of Wheeling and vicinity to select  
from the best literature at moderate  
prices. Do you appreciate it?"  
**STANTON'S Old City Book Store.**  
Wheeling, W. Va.  
**REPUBLICAN SUGGESTION MEETINGS.**  
Suggestion meetings will be held by the  
Republicans of the city of Wheeling on  
Saturday, December 8, 1900, at 7:30 o'clock  
p. m., at the following places:  
First Ward—At Vincent Engine House.  
Second Ward—At Market House Hall.  
Third Ward—At Police Court Room.  
Fourth Ward—At Atlantic Engine  
House.  
Fifth Ward—At Hook and Ladder House  
House.  
Sixth Ward—At Pythian castle.  
Seventh Ward—At Seventh Ward House  
House.  
Eighth Ward—At Knicker's Hall.  
The meetings will be for the purpose of  
suggesting persons to be voted for at the  
primary elections, to be held on Saturday,  
December 12, 1900, at the following offices:  
For members of the First Branch of  
Council.  
For members of the Second Branch of  
Council.  
For members of the City Executive  
Committee.  
The meetings will open at 7:30 o'clock  
p. m. and close at 9 o'clock p. m.  
**RICHARD ROBERTSON,**  
chairman.  
W. H. HORNISH, Secretary.  
det.  
**THE INTELLIGENCER PRINTING**  
**ESTABLISHMENT DOES NEAT,**  
**ACCURATE AND PROMPT WORK.**