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Daily Intelligencer

CAMPBELL & M'DERMOT,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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WHEELING:
Monday Morning, April 6, '63.

God guard our flag, and keep each star
Each stripe as bright as now they wave,
Still make it lead our ranks in war,
Still float above each patriot's grave,
Death to the traitor that would dare
To trail it through the dust of shame.
All honest hearts its lot will share
And follow it to Death or Fame.

◆

British Mistakes about the Proclamation.

Among the American diplomatic papers in the British "Blue Book," just printed, is a note from Earl Russel (the British foreign minister) to Lord Lyons, dated January 17th, which is remarkable for a misapprehension of the nature of the President's proclamation and the reasons for it, so complete and inexcusable as to make it appear like a perverse misrepresentation of the measure. Earl Russell begins by declaring the proclamation "of a very strange nature," and he proceeds to show in what respects he considers it strange. It professes, he says, to emancipate the slaves where the United States has no jurisdiction and can exercise no authority, but leaves the negroes still slaves in the districts occupied by federal troops, where emancipation might be carried into effect. The minister must have got this idea from hostile criticisms of the proclamation. If he had read the document he would have seen that it makes no such distinction. It declares emancipation in the States and parts of States that had persisted in rebellion up to the first of January, and exempts the States and part of States where the authority of the Government had been re-established and acknowledged, at least nominally. Earl Russel proceeds further to criticise:—

"There seems to be no declaration of a principle adverse to slavery in this proclamation. It is a measure of war, and a measure of war of a very questionable kind. As President Lincoln has twice appealed to the judgment of mankind in his proclamation, I venture to say I do not think it can or ought to satisfy the friends of abolition, who look for total and impartial freedom for the slave, and not for vengeance on the slave owner."

This is a dishonest and paltry trick of words, and discourteous at that. "Vengeance on the slave owner" is neither expressed nor implied in the proclamation, as Earl Russel should have known. Nor was it the object of the proclamation "to satisfy the friends of abolition." The proclamation was not issued by the President of the abolition society but by the President of the United States, as Commander-in-Chief of the army. It was a war measure, and there was no occasion to declare in it principles adverse to slavery. Any such declaration would have put the measure upon a false and indefensible basis; and exposed it to real objection. A single hour of honest study of the relations of our State and National governments would show Earl Russel that the general government has no control of slavery, and that it would be a usurpation for the President to touch it except by act of war and for military reasons. It follows of course that he cannot abolish slavery in a loyal district or State, unless he can make it appear that its destruction there is needful to the success of his armies in the insurgent section. The most clamorous abolitionist has never undertaken to show this.

It is provoking to see such entire misrepresentation of our affairs from the authorized mouthpiece of the British government. Did Earl Russell write this note for effect at home? And was it his aim merely to neutralize the rising sympathy with our cause produced by the emancipation measure? It looks like it. And it shows that the highest members of the British government are not above the small tricks of the demagogue.

◆

We notice by the Indianapolis *Journal* that the Union farmers residing in the vicinity of that patriotic city, recently turned out in a body and brought in with their teams one hundred cords of wood, which they distributed to the wives and children of the soldiers who are in the field fighting for the Government. It was made a gala day, the procession of farmers and their teams being escorted through the city by the military.

At Centreville, Indiana, a similar procession of generous farmers brought in 85 cords of wood and a large amount of other articles, for the soldiers' families.

The glorious farmers of Wayne county, Indiana, have, however taken the lead in contributing of their abundance to the comfort of the wives and children of absent volunteers. They came into Richmond in five long processions, with banners and music, bringing 450 cords of wood, 15,000 pounds of flour and meal, and large amounts of potatoes, turnips, chickens, meats, &c., &c. Honor, all honor, to the liberal Hoosiers!

◆

The N. Y. *Times* thinks as Jeff. Davis cannot evacuate Virginia without giving up nearly all the negroes of the State, it does not think he would dare do it. It would certainly involve the detachment of Virginia from the Confederacy, in interest and in feeling.

◆

A letter from Quebec, in relation to Canadian finances, says the deficiency this year will be nearly $3,000,000.

◆

The work of consolidating decimated regiments has been commenced in the army of the Rappahannock.

A parcel of correspondence between James M. Mason and Earl Russell has just been published. It is very heavy reading. We have waded through it, and find that Mason has been boring the British Secretary of Foreign Affairs with stories of the inefficiency of the blockade, and of the power of the South to sustain itself, and that the British Secretary has hardened his heart and stiffened his neck against conviction. Mason undertook, as all such beef cattle always do, to argue the right of secession. Russell couldn't see it. He did not presume to decide on that point. July 24th, Mr. Mason addressed Earl Russell thus:

"Mr. Mason presents his compliments to Earl Russell, and, if agreeable to his lordship, Mr. Mason would be obliged if Earl Russell would allow him the honor of an interview, at such time as may be convenient to his lordship.

"Mr. Mason declines to submit to Earl Russell some views connected with the subject of the letter he has the honor to transmit herewith, which he thinks may be better imparted in a brief conversation."

July 31, Russell presented his compliments to Mr. Mason, and said:

"Earl Russell does not think any advantage would arise from the personal interview which Mr. Mason proposes, and must, therefore, decline it."

And so Mason went at it and wrote Russell another letter about the Southern Confederacy.

Russell had the hardihood to reply:

"In order to be entitled to a place among the independent nations of the earth, *a State ought to have not only strength and resources for a time, but afford promise of stability and permanence.* Should the Confederate States of America win that place among nations, it might be right for other nations justly to acknowledge an independence achieved by victory, and maintained by a successful resistance to all attempts to overthrow it. That time, however, *has not*, in the judgment of her Majesty's government, *yet arrived.*"

After a time Mason broke out largely on the blockade—claiming that it had been smashed, *vide* proclamations of Beauregard and Magruder at Charleston and Galveston, February, 19, Russell replied:

"I have the honor to state to you that the information which her Majesty's Government have derived *from your letter*, and from the public journals on this subject is *not sufficiently accurate* to admit of their forming an opinion."

That was unkind on the part of Russell. It almost insinuates an imputation on Mason's personal veracity.

February 27, 1863, Russell acknowledged another ponderous letter from Mason, and curtly replied:

"I have already, in my previous letters, fully explained to you the views of her Majesty's Government on this matter, *I have nothing further to add in reply* to your last letter, except to observe that I have not intended to state that any number of vessels of a certain build or tonage might be left at liberty freely to enter a blockaded port without vitiating the blockade; but the occasional escape of small vessels on dark nights, or other particular circumstances, from the vigilance of a competent blockading fleet, *did not evince that laxity in the belligerent which inured, according to international law, to the raising of a blockade.* I am, &c."

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A Rebel Letter.

The enclosed letter was captured in a rebel mail near Winchester the other day by one of our boys and handed to us by a friend for publication. Longwood, the place where the letter is dated, is a farm near Winchester. The information contained is quite interesting as adding confirmation to the reports already received of the destitution and general bad condition of the rebels:

Longwood, Feb. 16, 1863.

My Dear Bassett—I write to you to get us help in our great need. For heaven's sake make application to the Governor and the War Department, to send to our assistance against the Yankees. If help don't come soon we will be entirely ruined. The people of Winchester are in a deplorable condition. I am told they cannot buy a load of wood, a pound of butter, or anything else, unless they take the oath of allegiance. We in the country are also in a terrible way—they send out and press teams to carry the negroes off—take horses and everything else they want. Milroy's proclamation to the negroes is having its effect. Any who choose apply to the General and he sends a guard in open day and takes them off by families, and we can't prevent it. A negro went to the hall the other day, and took his wife and children, and then to the smoke house and got meat to support them, and this thing happens somewhere every day. There will be no labor, horse, or man, left us soon to cultivate the land, and the villains riding all over us so, is horrid.

The force in Winchester has been estimated at from three to five thousand—not much over the former I expect. What there is at Martinsburg and Harper's Ferry I do not know. I am told they are trying to organize a negro regiment in Winchester.—We cannot think the authorities know the condition of things up here. Our men have for the most part gone willingly to fight for the country. We have given freely of what we have, and now we ask help. It would not take much of a force to drive these fellows off, and if it could come soon, much might yet be saved us. Do, my dear boy, see what can be done—get friends to work for us. All our friends are well, Reuben has just recovered from an attack of jaundice. Evelyn Lee is with us to-night.—Lucy and herself join me in much love to you and yours.

Very truly,
John Page.

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The Treacherous Policy of the Democratic Leaders—Lord Lyons again.

In another dispatch from Lord Lyons to his Government, written in January, we find his Lordship again divulging the secret, treacherous policy of his confidential friends, the "leaders of the Democratic party." He writes:

The Democratic party seeks to profit by the difficulties of its opponents, without committing itself to any very definite policy. Thus it attacks the arbitrary arrests and the other extra-legal measures of the Cabinet, and, above all, the military administration; but it does not risk its own popularity by declaring against the war, or pronouncing the word "separation." Its leaders know that it is felt to be the Peace Party, and that it really gets all the votes of those who desire peace. They will not incur the danger of losing other votes by avowing a desire for peace themselves. They desire to throw on the Republicans all the responsibility of any unpopular measures which may become necessary. Foreign mediation is not likely to be acceptable to the people at large, and the Democrats would be very glad to escape all share of the unpopularity of having recourse to it.

From the Wellsburg Herald.

The Recent Election.

The result of the recent vote on the ratification of the Willey amendment to the new State Constitution surprised the friends of the project probably as much as it did its opponents; for the most sanguine hardly expected so decisive a vote, and we are satisfied that the opposition did not expect that the recommendation to abstain from voting would be so generally regarded. It is rare, indeed, that a recommendation in political affairs is so generally observed, and the secret by which it was effected would be a most valuable acquisition to future managers of such affairs. Ten days before the election the opponents of the new State, at least in some quarters, seemed to be all back-bone, were elate and spunky, talked largely and were willing even to take reasonably large bets on the result; such a thing as declining to vote never once seemed to have entered into their calculations, but lo! what a change! In the county of Brooke, where it was reasonably assumed that in no event would the new State have over a meagre majority, some 600 votes were polled (including the soldiers,) and but one solitary man recorded his name against it, and he probably more from constitutional contrariness of mind, than for any other reason. Even assuming that all those who failed to vote, would have voted in the negative, and this would have been by no means the case, a clear and indisputable majority of the voting population voted in its favor. The extreme vote of Brooke county little, if any, exceeds 900; so that there is, in any event, a clear majority of about 300. This effectually spoils the game sought to be played by the managers of the opposition, so far as Brooke county is concerned; and the same may be said in regard to Hancock, Ohio, Marshall and many more, if not all, of the 48 counties. We have no data whence to estimate, but there is little doubt but that a clear majority of the legal voters of the State of West Virginia, soon to be, pronounced on the 26th of March, in favor not only of division, but of the new Constitution as amended, with the distinct understanding that it provided for the certain extinction of slavery within the limits of the said new State. It is true, that even had there been less than a clear majority of the legal voters, the affair would have been just as legally settled, provided that a majority of those who did vote, voted in the affirmative; nevertheless, it is better as it is, insomuch as it will stop the mouths of all demagonges in the future, who might endeavor to make trouble by false representations of military coercion, intimidation and other similar pretences. West Virginia comes in, as a free State, with a clear record.

It is now the duty of the President of the Convention to certify the fact of the ratification to the President of the United States, whose duty it then becomes to declare by proclamation the State of West Virginia a member of the American Union. Sixty days after the issue of this proclamation, it takes effect, and the new State becomes in fact, and in every respect a sovereign State. During the pendency of this sixty days, at a day to be named by the Governor, as provided in the schedule to the recent convention proceedings, an election for State officers under the new constitution will be held, at which all legal voters, civil and military, may vote; and the officers, State and county, then elected, will be the parties upon whom will devolve the duty of putting into motion the machinery of the new constitution, so far as yet provided by legislation.

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An Error Corrected.

Point Pleasant, April 2d, 1863.

Editors Intelligencer:

Gentlemen:—Please rectify the errors that unaccountably have obtained currency in relation to the battle of Point Pleasant. Capt. Carter, of company E, commanding Post, with but 50 men, took a position in our Court House and repulsed the enemy several times, and they finding it impossible to capture the place and the gallant Captain treating their repeated summons to surrender with contempt, they, after four hours fighting, beat a retreat, which, by the arrival of reinforcements from Gallipolis, O., was changed into a disgraceful flight, each ragged vagabond for himself, throwing away much of his encumbering plunder, swimming the creek and running for life. The results of the fight were: Union loss one Lieutenant badly wounded, one private killed and one mortally wounded, thirteen captured and paroled and one citizen wounded in arm. Rebel loss 20 killed, 25 wounded and 27 taken prisoners, including a Lieutenant Colonel, two Captains and two Lieutenants. The property lost was some six thousand bushels of corn cribbed a little back from town and two stores partly plundered, also some horses.

'Tis true this Point was surprised, but it was never captured, and therefore could not have been recaptured.

By request of many citizens this correction is solicited, that *justice* may be done our brave "soldier boys."

Respectfully Yours,
E. M. Fitz Gerald.

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The Vote in Tyler County.

Editors Intelligencer:

I send you the full return of the votes polled in Tyler, on the 26th of March, except one small precinct, which will increase the majority in favor of the new State about thirty. The vote stands:

	For.	*Against.*
Sistersville	198	1
Middlebourne	154	
Centreville	160	
John's	69	2
Hissam's	78	
Dancer's	57	2
Total	716	5

The above vote added to our voters in the United States army, will exceed the whole vote cast, when the Ordinance of Secession was voted upon. This vote speaks well for old Tyler, she has acquited herself with credit. Although the weather was inclement, the people came into town early on the 26th, eager to cast their votes for the amended Constitution. Old men who under ordinary elections could not be induced to turn out, exposed themselves to the inclemency of the weather to cast their votes, to free themselves from the dead carcass of East Virginia, and really become a free people.

On Tuesday evening next, we will have an illumination of our town in honor of our New State.

Kanawha.

◆

From the Point Pleasant Register.

Battle of Point Pleasant.

On Monday last, at 10 A. M., this *Point* was surprised by Jenkins' scurvy, thieving ragamuffins. Captain Carter with his company (E,) took position in the Court House, and maintained the unequalled contest 'till near 3 P. M., and all their attacks upon him being repulsed, and reinforcements coming by boat from Gallipolis, the thieves beat a hasty and inglorious retreat. Captain Carter, when summoned to surrender the town, told them to "go to h—ll," whither 20 (that we know of) *unwillingly went.*

The casualities on our side, considering the duration of the fight, are remarkably small, viz: Lieut. Hawkins, severely wounded; one private killed; one mortally wounded and 13 taken prisoners and paroled, and one citizen slightly wounded. Rebel loss 20 killed, 25 wounded and 27 prisoners; while dead rebels still are being brought in, and scores of wounded were carried "to Dixie." The rebels were commanded by the renegades Jenkins and Fitz Hugh. They burned two cribs of corn and one stable, and stole a small amount of government clothing and a quantity of goods from two Union stores, (B. Gilmore and Leonard & Gates,) part of which has already been recovered

Our town militia were mostly without arms or more of the filthy vagabonds would have "bit the dust."

Long have these "gallant, chivalrous friends" of some of our townsmen, desired and threatened to take Point Pleasant, but this is their first attempt at capturing it, and as they received so thorough a thrashing, we doubt not they will hereafter "let us alone."

Hurrah for Capt. C. and Company E, and those of the Point Pleasant militia that could find a gun to use!

We thus, for want of time, briefly chronicle the second battle and second victory of Point Pleasant. Hurrah for the Union, West Virginia and Point Pleasant.

N. B.—The most dastardly act of all was the cold blooded murder (about one-fourth of a mile out of town) of Major Waggoner for refusing to give up his horse. Major Waggoner was 82 years of age, and one of our most loved citizens. He repulsed the British at Craney Island in the war of 1812, and died for the Union in 1863.

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From the Point Pleasant Register.

The New State Election.

Thank God! West Virginia is at last an independent State. As had been confidently anticippated, West Virginians last Thursday ratified the amended Constitution by an overwhelming majority. The vote was heavier than the most sanguine predicted. It may reach 30,000 Old Mason responded nobly, giving 1,140 for, and but one against. The line is tightly drawn between the friends of West Virginia and its enemies. Those that had an opportunity and refused to vote for the New State, will not be regarded as its friends, and will be eschewed by New State men ever hereafter. The record is made up, and we are in fact, as we of right long ought to have been, a *separate State.* God divided us and man never attempted to unite us, but—*we ourselves* have *now* finally and forever, severed the political tie that bound us. Now that we have a new State the responsible duty remains of putting its machinery in succesful operation. Much of present prosperity depends upon a judicious selection of officers, from Governor down. Let us do our part to have throughout the list the "right men in the right place." See to it men of Mason county that you select suitable, true men to represent you in the State Convention to be held about the middle of April at Parkersburg. West Virginians, demand a wise, resolute man, at the helm, to steer us judiciously and successfully through the breakers ahead. Our State has been born in the throes of revolution, has already been baptized in patriot blood, and is being cradled amid storms and tempests How careful we should be in selecting its guardians.

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The Way Rosecrans Talks to His Soldiers.

A correspondent, giving an account of the review of one of the divisions of Rosecrans' army by the Commanding General, says:

In passing along the line he (Rosecrans) frequently stopped to speak to the soldiers and give them a word of advice or encouragement, a proceeding which endears to the men their General. Seeing one of the soldiers in the ranks wearing a seedy coat, he asked him why he didn't get a new one. The soldier replied that he had tried to get one, but none were to be had. "Well," says the General, "try again, and keep trying—the more you try the sooner you'll succeed, and the more you pray the sooner you'll get to heaven."

◆

Briefly Stated.

The New York *Herald*—certainly not a "Radical" journal nor hostile to the "conservative party"—sums up the testimony of Lord Lyons against the "leaders of the Democratic party," as follows:

The substance of Lord Lyons' discoveries among the democratic leaders who thus enlightened him may be given in a few words. *They were ready for peace upon almost any terms of reconciliation or separation,* and were somewhat desirous of English mediation in favor of an armistice and a convention, *but were afraid of the people;* and so Lord Lyons, failing to obtain anything substantial, definite or satisfactory from these democratic leaders, wisely suggests that the true policy of England is to stand off, look on and await the course of events.

NOTICE.

Office Assessor First District of Va.,
Cameron, April 1st, 1863

THE FIRST COLLECTION DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA has been re-arranged as follows:

1st District, Hancock and Brooke counties; Jabez H. Cochran, Assistant Assessor; residence, Holliday's Cove, Hancock county, Va.

2nd District, Ohio county, north of Union street and Wheeling creek; Andrew F. Ross, Assistant Assessor; residence, West Liberty, Ohio county, Va.

3rd District, Ohio county, south of Union street and Wheeling creek; Robert Pratt, Assistant Assessor; residence, Wheeling, Va.

4th District, Marshall county; Wm. L. Parkinson, Assistant Assessor; residence, Cameron, Marshall county, Va.

5th District, Wetzel and Tyler counties; John Murphy, Assistant Assessor; residence New Martinsville, Wetzel county, Va.

6th District, Pleasants county; Robert Harvey, Assistant Assessor; Residence, St. Mary's, Pleasants county, Va.

7th District, Marion county, Joseph B. Nay, Assistant Assessor; residence, Mannington, Marion, county, Va.

8th District, Monongalia county; John R. Drabell, Assistant Assessor; residence, Morgantown, Monongalia county, Va.

9th District, Taylor county; James M. Scrogins, Assistant Assessor; residence, Grafton, Taylor county, Va.

10th District, Preston county; Henry C. Hagans, Assistant Assessor; residince, Brandonville, Preston county, Va.

JOHN PARKINSON,
Assessor 1st Col. District of Va.

apr3-3t

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS—A fine stock on hand and for sale by
JOS. GRAVES & CO,
30 Monroe street.
mar31

STATIONERY, Blank Books, Memorandum, Pass and Bank Books, Receipt and Blank Note Books, Inks, Ink Stands, Pen Holders, Pens, &c., for sale by
JOS. GRAVES & CO.,
30 Monroe street.
mar31

CHILDRENS' CABS AND CARRIAGES, just received and for sale at low prices by
JOS. GRAVES & CO.,
30 Monroe street.
mar31

NOTICE.

WE are now prosecuting with success, the claims of Widows and Soldiers, for back pay, bounty and pensions. Also, claims of loyal men against the Government for spoliations, damages, &c.
TAYLOR, ROLLYSON & CO.,
60 Main street.
mar20

A LARGE ASSORTMENT just received of Youths', Boys' and Childrens' Felt Hats, of every variety of style.
apr3
HARPER & BRO.

JUST RECEIVED, a fine lot of Childrens' Fancy Straw and Leghorn Hats, trimmed, at much lower rates than can be bought elsewhere.
apr3
HARPER & BRO.

CAPS! CAPS!

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT and latest style of Gentlemens' Fancy Caps just open at
apr3
HARPER & BRO.

CHILDRENS' FANCY CAPS of every variety a
ways on hand
apr3
HARPER & BRO.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

To Coal Dealers and Others.

PULTNEY COAL WORKS, situated one and a half miles below Bellair, Belmont county, O., offered for sale.

This valuable property, comprising fifty-eight acres of Land and Coal Mines, buildings, steam engine, machinery wagons, boats, and all necessary appurtenances for doing an extensive and profitable business in coaling steamboats or shipping coal, the whole being in complete order and in successful operation, is offered for sale at a great bargain and on easy terms of payment. Purchasers are invited to call and examine the premises. The present is believed to be a favorable time for engaging in the Coal Trade. Failing health causes the undersigned to wish to decline active business.

He will state terms, &c., on the premises.

apr6-1m* JOHN W. GILL, Agent.

Sweet Potatoes.

JERSEY CHUNKS, FOR SEED,

JUST RECEIVED from Philadelphia, a limited supply of this very desirable kind of Sweet Potatoes for seed.

apr6-tf PRYOR & FROST.

NOTICE.

Ordinary, Coffee House, and Merchants' License.

PERSONS having failed to take out any of the above Licenses, can save much time, trouble, and money by applying to John L Hobbs, Esq., President of the Board of Trustees, for a permit. Permits will be granted (if the money be paid immediately) on Monday and Tuesday, April 6th and 7th. The law will be rigorously enforced after Tuesday next. JOHN W. SCHULTZ,

apr6-2t* Sergeant Town of South Wheeling.

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of my entire stock of Boots and Shoes to Messrs. J. GIBSON & CO., who will continue the business at my old stand, No. 165 Main street, I take pleasure in recommending them to my friends and customers.

apr4-2t* E. B. YOUNG.

FREE LUNCH.

CONRAD STROBEL will open his new Saloon, one door below Mrs. Zimmer's, on Market street, on Monday, the 6th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., where he will set a first class Free Lunch, to which he invites his old friends and as many of the public as are fond of good things. The best kind of wines and liquors will be served at the counter. apr4-2t*

MILLINERY GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED, at No. 24, Union street, between Market and Main streets, a very large and general assortment of MILLINERY GOODS, which are offered to the public on reasonable terms. My friends, acquaintances, and the public generally are invited to call and examine them.

apr4-3t* LOUISA KEELINE.

100 BBLS, FAMILY FLOUR.
100 kegs Nails.
100 doz. Brooms.
10 bbls Cucumber Pickles.
50 bbls. and hf bbls. No. 3 Mackerel.
25 qrs Nos. 1 and 2 do.
4 tierces Salmon and Cod Fish.
2 bbls. and hf bb's Herring.
50 boxes Scaled do.
50 bus. Clover, Timothy and Flax Seed.
50 do Sweet Potatoes.
50 do Dried Apples and Peaches.

For sale low by
apr4-1m GEO. K. McMECHEN.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

Simpson & Wilson.

WE call attention of Merchants to our large and attractive stock of

Fancy & Staple DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices.

Having our stock in store previous to the late great advances, we are fully prepared to meet the present decline. We offer a full line of

PRINTS,
DE LAINES,
GINGHAMS,
MUSLINS,
CHECKS,
ETC., ETC.
COTTONADES,
JEANS TWEED,
DENIMS,
SUMMER COATINGS,
ETC., ETC.

As well as a

Full Line of Notions.

Simpson & Wilson,

10 MONROE STREET,
WHEELING, - - VA.

apr4

Board of Health.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH OF THE City of Wheeling, for the month of March, 1863:

Consumption	4
Inflammation of the Lungs	1
" " Bowels	2
" " Brain	1
" " Heart	1
Convulsions	2
Hemmorrhage of the Bowels	1
" Lungs	1
Cause of death unknown	1
Typhoid Fever	3
Catarrh "	1
Small Pox	1
Drowning	1
Hanging	1
Disease of the Heart	1
" " Liver	1
Gunshot wound	1
Diptheria	3
Old age	1
Still Born	4
Intemperance	1
	33

Of the above there were—

Under 1 year	8
Between 1 and 5 years	4
" 5 and 10 "	2
" 10 and 20 "	2
" 20 and 30 "	3
" 30 and 40 "	6
" 40 and 50 "	3
" 50 and 60 "	1
" 60 and 70 "	0
" 70 and 80 "	0
" 80 and 90 "	1
" 90 and 100 "	0
Age not stated	3
	33
Males	22
Females	9
Sex not stated	2
	33

apr4-3t JAMES CUMMINS, Sec'y

WANTED,

TO RENT, by a prompt and permanent tenant, a good House, containing three or four rooms, with kitchen. Address L. B., stating location and terms, Post Office Box 300. apr3-2t*

BURNETT'S COD LIVER OIL

FOR SALE BY
T. H. LOGAN & CO.,
and LOGAN, LIST & CO.
apr3

MORPHIAL.

50 OUNCES for sale by
T. H. LOGAN & CO.,
and LOGAN, LIST & CO.
apr3

DANDELION COFFEE,

VERY BEST, for sale by
T. H. LOGAN & CO.,
and LOGAN, LIST & CO.
apr3

TELEGRAPH MATCHES,

150 GROSS FOR SALE BY
T. H. LOGAN & CO.,
and LOGAN, LIST & CO.
apr3

HARPER & BRO.,

ARE now receiving their entire stock of HATS and CAPS for the spring and summer trade. Their assortment of Gents' French Felt Hats, of all colors, are the most elegant ever before offered in this market.

apr3 HARPER & BRO.

POLLACK'S COLUMN.

OPENING OF SPRING TRADE.

POLLACK,

Just returned home from New York, receives during the week, and offers for sale at les than Pittsburgh, Baltimore and Philadelphia prices for

CASH ONLY!

500 Doz LADIES' COTTON HOSE.
500 do Mens' do ½ do.
30 dozen Pollack's best Ladies' and Gents' Kid Gloves, best in the market.
100 do Hoop Skirts,
50 do Ladies' Venice Gauntlets.
50 do Collaretts.
200 gross Guttknecht's best Pencils, rubber heads
5 do Morton's genuine Gold Pens and Holders.
200 reams Cap and Note Paper.
150 M best Envelopes, white, straw and buff.
50 doz Soldiers Portfolios, Wallets and Portmonies.
50 do Diaries for 1863.
2000 do Phillips' spool Cotton, best in market.
200 do J. & P. Coats' do do
500 lbs German Linen Thread, equal to Marshal's best.
100 doz Pipes, some Meerschaum.
30 Shoe Brushes, Dusters and Whisps.
23 do Cloth, Tooth, Nail and Hair Brushes.
400 do India Rubber Combs of all descriptions.
500 do Linen and Silk handkerchiefs.
300 do Neckties.
50 M Havana Cigars, direct importation.
10 cases Powhattan Pipes.
100 doz best Black Inks, 2 oz bottles.
100 Currency Holders.

In fact, everything belonging to a Notion House, and enough to supply West Virginia during the war.

Remember, terms cash at
mar3 AUGUSTUS POLLACK'S.

A. M. ADAMS. A. J. ADAMS. W. M. DITTMAR

A. M. Adams & Co.

HAVE just received one of the finest and best selected stocks of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS

ever brought to the city

CLOTHS of every grade and color.
CASSIMERES, French and Domestic, of all styles and kinds.
VESTINGS in great variety, Silk, Cashmer, Velvet and Marsailles of all kinds, which we will make to order on the shortest notice and in the best style of workmanship.

We have also on hand a fine selected stock of

Read-Made Clothing,

COATS, PANTS and **VESTS** of all kinds and qualities.
SHIRTS and **DRAWERS**, Gum, Merino, Lambs' Wool and Cotton.

We have a fine assortment of

COLLARS, WHITE SHIRTS,
SOCKS, GLOVES.
NECK TIES, SUSPENDERS,
Etc., Etc

We will be able to suit all who may favor us with their patronage.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

A. M. ADAMS & CO.

We have also a fine assortment of

U. S. A. MILITARY GOODS.

OFFICERS' UNIFORM SUITS made to order on the shortest notice.

Always on hand a fine assortment of

REVOLVERS, SWORDS, BELTS, BUGLES, SHOULDER BANDS, BULLION AND METALLIC HAT EAGLES AND CORDS, &c., &c.

A. M. ADAMS & CO.,

36 Water St.,
WHEELING, WEST VA.

apr3-6m

FOR SALE.

ALL THAT HOUSE AND LOT on Zane, between Fifth and Sixth streets, and occupied by the undersigned as dwelling house and bottling cellar. feb25 JENNET GARFORTH.

FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL UNION BUILDING, of 33 feet front with my Lot on Water street, of 42 feet 8 inches front, the two running from Main to Water street.—I will sell the two together or separate, as may suit. Also, one Lot of 60 feet on the corner of an alley fronting on Water street, known as the Richardson property. If not sold I will have two or three rooms to let in the second story of Union Building with Union Hall. For terms apply to

feb25-2m JOHN K. BOTSFORD.

DISSOLUTION.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Thos. Hughes and M. C. Leech, in the name of Thos. Hughes, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. M. C. Leech will continue the business, which will be under the charge of Thos. Hughes, and solicits a continuance of the very liberal patronage extended to the late firm. THOS. HUGHES,

Wheeling, March 2, 1863. M. C. LEECH.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the late firm are earnestly requested to call and settle without delay.

mar2-3m THOS. HUGHES.

Maryland Lime.

100 BBLS. MARYLAND LIME, fresh from the kilns, received by
P. C. HILDRETH & BRO.,
mar21 53 Main street.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of new Chemicals and articles for invalids and the sick room, too numerous to mention, just received at the Odd Fellow Hall Drug Store.

mar21 E. BOCKING, Agent.

PUBLIC SALE of VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

I WILL, on Monday, the 6th day of April, offer for public sale, at the front door of the Courthouse, the south half of Lot numbered one hundred and thirty-four, on Fourth street, on which is erected a two-story frame house fronting on the street; and a two story brick dwelling on the rear of said lot.

mar23-td F. R. ARMSTRONG.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

HAVING associated with me in co-partnership WILLIAM BUSBEY, the business heretofore conducted by me will be carried on by the new firm under the style of Joseph Graves & Co.

JOSEPH GRAVES.

JOSEPH GRAVES. WM. BUSBEY.

JOSEPH GRAVES & CO.,

Retail dealers in SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY, Wall Paper, Window Blinds, Variety Goods, &c., &c. No. 30 Monroe street, Wheeling, Va.

mar18-tf

WALL PAPER AND BORDER.

WE WILL commence opening a fine stock of Wall Paper and border to day, direct from the manufacturers, and for sale as low as at any house east of the mountains, by
JOS. GRAVES & CO.,
mar18-tf No. 30 Monroe street.

WINDOW SHADES.

GREEN OILED BLINDS, with Gold Border, Green Paper, Buff Paper, and common Blinds of all styles, for sale by
JOS. GRAVES & CO.,
mar18-tf No. 30 Monroe street.

POCKET BOOKS AND PURSES.

A FINE stock of Turkey Morocco PORT MONNAIES, Currency Holders, &c., warranted the best in the market, for sale by
JOS. GRAVES & CO.,
mar18-tf No. 30 Monroe street.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

SCHOOL BOOKS, COPY BOOKS, &c., of all kinds, for sale by
JOS. GRAVES & CO.,
mar18-tf No. 30 Monroe street.

PHANTOM BOQUET—Something new and fancy to be seen at the Odd Fellow Hall Drug Store.
mar31 E. BOCKING, Agent.

SICK CUPS of various patterns, just received at the Odd Fellow Hall Drug Store.
mar31 E. BOCKING, Agent.

CALL AT No. 1 Odd Fellow Hall and examine the large stock of new Extracts, Perfumery, Hair Oils, Tooth and Hair Brushes, Fancy Cologne Bottles, Combs, Soaps, etc., etc., of English French and American manufacture.
mar31 E. BOCKING, Agent.

FRENCH TRANSPARENT GELATINE—Superior to the ordinary Gelatine and Isinglass for making Table-Jellies, Blanc Mange, etc., just received at the Odd Fellow Hall Drug Store.
mar31 E. BOCKING, Agent.

CHAMOIS SKINS AND SILVER SOAP, to be had at the Odd Fellow Hall Drug Store.
mar21 E. BOCKING, Agent.

GERMAN, ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN Colognes, plain and ornamental bottles, just received at the Odd Fellow Hall Drug Store.
mar31 E. BOCKING, Agent.

RECEIVED THIS DAY, a large lot of Military Caps; also, Military Hats and Trimmings.
apr3 HARPER & BRO.

GOLD PENS, the best quality, at old prices by
JOS. GRAVES & CO.,
mar31 30 Monroe street.

FALL STOCK OF CARPETS AND WALL PAPER,

J. C. Harbour,

No. 143 Main Street,
WHEELING, VA.

Has in store and for sale, a large stock of

FINE BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY,

Three Ply & Ingrain Carpets,

(Of every description,)

Mosaic, Velvet & Brussels Rugs,
OIL CLOTHS, MATTRESSES,
QUILTS, COMFORTS,

And a fine stock of

WALL PAPER!

TOGETHER WITH

Table and Piano Covers, Window Blinds, Curtain Damasks, and the finest stock of Nottingham Lace Curtains ever brought to this market. Also Gilt Cornices, Curtain Knobs and Bands, Loops, Tassels, and Gimps, and every article pertaining to the house-furnishing line, all of which, for the present, will be sold at about the old prices.

Those in want of goods in my line will consult their own interest by purchasing immediately, as there will certainly be an advance on the next stock purchased. J. C. HARBOUR,

oct27 143 Main Street.

ABR. ROBERTSON, M. D.

DENTIST,
143 Market St.,
WHEELING, V
aug3

DR. E. G. WINCHELL,

DENTIST,

Office an ce 145 Market-St
WHEELING, VA

ALL THE REAL IMPROVEMENTS IN T that have ben thoroughly tested will be ly adopted at this office.

Prices as low as good and permanent work can be produced. All operations warranted. dec10

S. B. BUSHFIELD, Jr.

Surgeon Dentist.

No. 22½ Monroe Street,
my15 WHEELING, VA.

Oil Painting,

WATER COLORING,

India Ink Finishing & Ivorytyping.

EXECUTED at PARTRIDGE'S in a superior manner by an Artist employed at the Gallery. Call and see specimens.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS FOR ALBUMS, taken at PARTRIDGE'S, not excelled by the best eastern artists. Call and see for yourselves. jan5

Sewing Machines.

GROVER & BAKER'S new improved Lock Stitch Sewing Machines, with Hemmers, Fellers and Braiders, &c., are the best in use. All Machines warranted.

JOS. McDONAL, General Agent for Western Va. Office No. 4 McLure House, Southeast corner of Market and Monroe streets, Wheeling, Va. jan20-6m

For Rent and Sale.

The subscriber has for rent, Store Rooms, small and large; also Offices in good buildings, 2d story; Dwelling Houses for rent; Building Lots and other real estate for sale.

THOS. HORNBROOK,
Custom-House, Surveyor's Office,
feb4 2d floor.

G. W. REESSING,..................JOSEPH SEYBOLD.

G. W. REESSING & CO.,

86 & 88 Market St., Wheeling, Va.

DEALERS IN FRUITS, NUTS, CIGARS, TOBACcos, Fancy Groceries and Foreign Produce generally, offer for sale at the lowest cash prices,

50 kits No 1, and 50 do No 2 Mackerel.
200 boxes Scotch Herring. 50 kegs Holland do.
20 sacks Almonds. 10 sacks Filberts.
10 do Cream Nuts. 10 do Walnuts.
3 bbls Pecans. 100 boxes Raisins.
200 drums Figs. 200 cases Tomato Catsup.
25 cases quarts Pepper Sauce.
100 bushels African Ground Nuts
50 cases 1 and 2 lbs. cans Cove Oysters.
30 do quart and pint jars plain Pickles.
100 do Brandy Peaches and Cherries.
100 doz assorted hermetically sealed Fruits.
10 cases Sardines in ¼ boxes
400 lbs. genuine English Dairy Cheese.
5 cases Limburg Cheese.
60 boxes Western Reserve Cream Cheese
3 cases Stuart's double refined Loaf Sugar, by the loaf only.
100 boxes Fox's Cincinnati Starch.
3 pockets Mocha Coffee,

Also a general assortment of Fancy and staple brands Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, together with a general assortment of all Fancy Groceries.

Army dealers are respectfully referred to our general stock. apr1-2m

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE UNDERSIGNED have formed a co-partnership under the firm name of A. M. ADAMS & CO., for the purpose of wholesaling and retailing clothing and merchant tailoring business, at the old stand of A. M. Adams, No. 36 Water street.

A. M. ADAMS,
A. J. ADAMS,
March 2nd, 1863. WM. M. DITTMAR.

NOTICE.

To those who are indebted to me either by note or book, will call and settle their accounts without further notice, as my old business must be closed up.

apr2-6m A. M. ADAMS.

More New Goods AT

JNO. ROEMER'S,

NOS. 31 & 33 MAIN STREET,
Centre Wheeling.

I AM now daily receiving, in addition to my former large stock, a large and choice selection of Fancy and Domestic Dry Goods, which I will sell at less than present New York prices.

Just opened, a large lot of Shepherd's Plaids, Mozambiques, Lawns, Wool De Laines, Balmoral Hoop Skirts, new style of Black Silk Mantillas, Also,

100 pieces Super. Merrimac Calico at 30c.
200 do extra fast colored do. 25c.
60 do 4-4 broad Sheeting Muslin, 30c.
25 do 7-8 Bleached do do, 25c.
50 do Spring De Laines. 30c.
100 do do do, 37½c.
900 super. Palm Shaker Hoods, 50c.

And a large stock of every kind of Goods usually kept in a Dry Goods Store.

Terms—Cheap for cash. No goods taken back or exchanged. Call soon at Nos. 31 and 33 Main street, Centre Wheeling.

mar19 JOHN ROEMER.

WANTED,

FROM FIVE TO SEVEN THOUSAND DOLLARS for a time not less than three years. Security will be given upon real estate. For information inquire at this office. mar12-1m

FOR SALE.

FOUR LOTS, each 60 by 120 feet, situated in Churchill's addition. There is a good brick house on the same, containing four rooms and a cellar, with hydrant and sink in the house.

Also, the choice of eighteen vacant lots in the city. Enquire of JAS. M. DILLON,
mar27-1m No. 102 Market st.

FOR SALE,

ONE STEAM ENGINE, 7½ inches bore by 3¼ feet stroke. Also, two Cylinder Boilers, 20 feet long by 32 inches diameter, all in good order. For sale low for cash by JAS. M. DILLON,
mar27-2w No. 102 Market st.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF INT. REVENUE,
Wheeling, Va., March 25th, 1863.

THE DUTIES AND LICENSES assessed by A. F. Ross up to the 1st of March, and by Robert Pratt to the 1st of February, are now due and payable at this office. Tax payers will please call and pay the same immediately. All taxes not paid before the expiration of *ten days* from this date, the *ten per cent* penalty will be added.

JAS. C. ORR,
mar26-10t Col. Int. Rev., 1st Dist. of Va.

REMOVAL.

I WOULD inform my patrons and the public that I have removed my Hat Store from the corner of Monroe and Market, to No. 59 Main street, first door below Tallant & Delaplain's.

mar25 S. N. PRATHER.