

ESTABLISHED 1844  
**The Press and Banner**  
 ABBEVILLE, S. C.

Wm. P. GREENE, Editor.

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FRIDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1918

# THE LIBERTY LOAN DRIVE.

New life has been given the Liberty Loan Drive in Abbeville, and the chances that we will go over the top are very much better than before Wednesday. On Tuesday afternoon Mr. Lander of the Calhoun Mills telephoned Chairman Barnwell that he had read The Press and Banner and, in order to stimulate interest in the movement in this county, his mill desired to increase its subscription from twenty-five to fifty thousand dollars.

Wednesday morning Messrs. J. L. McMillan, J. S. Stark and S. H. Rosenberg began a new canvass of the business section of the city. Before doing so each made a new subscription for himself.

Mr. Sol. H. Rosenberg, on behalf of his corporation, The Rosenberg Mercantile Company, subscribed for \$11,000, and in order to make it even numbers he took \$1,000 in his own name, although he might have rested on the subscription of his business. Mr. and Mrs. Philip Rosenberg, subscribed for \$6,000, and other members of the family made subscriptions, bringing the total to more than \$20,000, which was the amount The Press and Banner believed they would take. The Rosenbergs and Visanskas have never failed Abbeville when the city needed assistance.

Uncle Jim sat down and wrote out his card for \$10,000 and asked nobody any questions. Mr. McMillan immediately subscribed for \$5,000, while Mess. W. M. Barnwell and J. Foster Barnwell, each, took a like amount. Mr. A. M. Smith did the right thing when he put his signature to a card for \$10,000 showing the committee that his heart is in the right place. J. Allen Smith, Jr., and E. R. Thomson each, asked for \$5,000 as did J. R. Glenn, W. H. White and others. At the noon hour the increased subscriptions amounted to over \$115,000. Several members of the five thousand dollar class had not been seen, and other large subscriptions are expected. The Abbeville Cotton Mill has indicated its purpose to take \$25,000, but has been asked by the committee to make the subscription \$50,000. Should it decide to do so the total subscriptions in Abbeville and vicinity will amount to something like \$250,000.

That all sounds mighty well. But it will not do to rest on what has been done. If the county is to go over the top, it will be necessary for this city and the immediate section surrounding us to take 60% of the amount allotted to the county, or \$360,000. We should make the amount \$400,000, which will mean that the remainder of the county must raise at least \$200,000. With the subscription of the Calhoun Mills to assist them, they should be able to do this without any great effort. It is expected that more than this amount will be taken by them.

The remaining \$150,000 which we are to raise will not be raised as easily as the \$250,000 now in sight, but it will be forth-coming if the work proceeds. There is no way to get it except to thoroughly organize the working forces, divide the whole force into squads, and to send one squad into a certain territory and other squads into other sections, so that the whole community may be thoroughly combed, and every man brought face to face with the imperative duty of assisting the country in the most momentous period of the world's history.

Abbeville expects every man to do his duty.

## A COMMITTEE OF SAFETY.

While the work of raising our quota of the Liberty Loan is going on we must not lose sight of the fact that people are falling sick from the epidemic in our midst, and that it is inevitable that whole families will be stricken, that people will sicken and die without the care and comfort they should have, unless the people of the city are prepared to keep up with every home where the disease makes its appearance, and are prepared to succor those who need help.

Already the death toll has commenced. It has come into a home where the wife lay sick, as did all the children, except one. The other kindred of this family were already stricken with a great grief, and some themselves were suffering from the prevailing malady. Other homes have been visited and every able-bodied person in the home has been forced to take to a sick bed, with no one to even measure out the medicines which are necessary to fight the plague.

It will not do for those who are well and strong to be unmindful of others. It will not do for those who are stricken to think only of themselves and their hard lot. The messenger of death must be kept out, if the efforts of this community may keep him out; but if he must enter the homes of our people, let us pray that as he enters to call the father he may not find the mother and children stricken too, without care, and with only the pallid faces of fifteen year old girls, with signs of sleepless nights, and hours of patient care, to meet him.

We need very much just now a Committee of Safety which will make it its business to keep in touch with the doctors, and with the homes where there is sickness, in order that help may be sent to those places where it is needed.

It is work which only women may do rightly. Some of those who have been busy the last few days in assisting with the Liberty Loan drive would be glad, we believe, to allow the men to complete this work, and to take up the work of caring for their neighbors and friends who are needing the care and the touch which only a woman's hands will bring.

Mrs. T. Gordon White, Mrs. M. T. Coleman, Mrs. J. L. McMillan, Mrs. J. C. Ellis, and numbers of others are capable of serving on a committee such as we have in mind and of doing a great work for the sick and suffering in this community. If the members of the City Council will ask them, they will take up the work and do it as it should be done.

Man's inhumanity to man has no place in Abbeville today. The men of the community will give these good women all the financial assistance they need if they will only take over this phase of the change which is upon all of us.

## A MATTER OF CREDIT.

It is not surprising that people who have money to loan, and who are themselves patriotic, begin to doubt the financial standing and moral security of people who do not help the country in its time of need.

The Board of Trustees of the Abbeville School District has adopted a resolution to invest five thousand dollars in the bonds of the Fourth Liberty Loan, and in order to raise the money, if necessary, it is to be collected from those people owing the sinking fund who have failed to subscribe to this loan, unless these people can satisfy the agents of the district that they are unable to do so.

Men who are accustomed to borrow money from the banks for various purposes, and who have money, and who refuse to take Liberty Bonds need not be surprised when they apply hereafter if the inquiry is made as to the number of bonds they own, nor need they be surprised if they are turned down when they have refused to subscribe.

Some people do not believe that a tax dodger is honest, because taxes must run the government under which we live, and every man owes the duty to do his share if it is only the widow's mite that he contributes. The call of the government for money from the people of this country is as binding a charge, morally speaking, as the call for taxes. No man who refuses to do his part can claim to be as good a moral risk as the man who does his. A man who shirks a plain duty has not the stand-

ing of one who performs his duty.

Therefore, we say that we shall not be surprised as time goes on if the patriots of this country are first served by the banking institutions and every other institution in this country. The people have their eyes on the slackers.

## AUTOCRACY MUST GO DECLARES WILSON

(Continued from Page One.)

provide absolutely satisfactory safeguard and guarantees of the maintenance of the present military supremacy of the armies of the United States and the allies in the field.

"He feels confident that he can safely assume that this will also be the judgment and decision of the allies' governments.

"The president feels that it is also his duty to add that neither the government of the United States nor, he is quite sure the governments with which the government of the United States is associated as a belligerent, will consent to consider an armistice so long as the armed forces of Germany continue the illegal and inhuman practices which they still persist in.

"At the very time that the German government approaches the government of the United States with proposals of peace its submarines are engaged in sinking passenger ships at sea and not the ships alone, but the very boats in which their passengers and crews seek to make their way to safety, and in their present enforced withdrawal from Flanders and France the German armies are pursuing a course of wanton destruction which has always been regarded as in direct violation of the rules and practices of civilized warfare. Cities and villages, if not destroyed, are being stripped of all they contain, not only, but often of their very inhabitants.

"The nations associated against Germany can not be expected to agree to a cessation of war while acts of inhumanity, spoliation and desolation are being continued which they justly look upon with horror and with burning hearts.

"It is necessary, also in order that there may be no possibility of misunderstanding that the president should very solemnly call the attention of the government of Germany to the language and plain intent of one of the terms of peace which the German government has now accepted. It is contained in the address of the president delivered at Mount Vernon on the Fourth of July, last.

"It is as follows:  
 "The destruction of every arbitrary power anywhere that can separately, secretly and of its single choice, disturb the peace of the world or if it can not be presently destroyed, at least its reduction to virtual impotency."

"The power which has hitherto controlled the German nation is of the sort here described. It is within the choice of the German nation to alter it. The president's words just quoted naturally constitute a condition precedent to peace, if peace is to come by the action of the German people themselves. The president feels bound to say that the whole process of peace will, in his judgment, depend upon the definiteness and the satisfactory character of the guarantees which can be given in this fundamental matter. It is indispensable that the governments associated against Germany should know beyond a peradventure with whom they are dealing.

"The president will make a separate reply to the royal and imperial government of Austria-Hungary.

"Accept, sir, the renewed assurances of my high consideration."

(Signed) "Robert Lansing."  
 Frederick Odell,  
 Charge d'Affaires, ad interim, in charge of German interests in the United States.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Dr. J. E. Pressly takes this means of notifying all his patients and creditors that he has been called to the service, and will leave Abbeville on October 23rd. In order to straighten out his own obligations, it is necessary that he ask those persons who are indebted to him to settle before he leaves. Money may be left for him at The McMurray Drug Company in his absence, and a receipt may be had there. He will appreciate the prompt attention of all persons concerned.

J. E. PRESSLY, M. D.

## 2,000,000 AMERICANS ARE OVERSEAS SAYS GEN. MARCH

Allies Now Within 14 Miles of Aulnoye, Junction Point of Two Chief Arteries of Communication.

Washington, Oct. 11.—America has now nearly reached 2,000,000 in troop shipments over here, General March announced today.

More than 1,900,000 men are now in Europe, March said, and shipments are continuing.

To assure victory the war department changed the draft ages so that 2,000,000 men might reach soon as possible and is asking more money for supplies and ordnance.

The capture of Le Cateau by the British, March pointed out, brings the Allied forces to within 11 miles of the most strategic town of Aulnoye—the great junction point of two railroads comprising the Chief artery of communication of the German forces in France and Belgium.

An advance of a few more miles, he said, will put this point under command of the allied guns.

The enemy's resistance in the Le Cateau region is shattered and constant pressure of the allied forces is keeping the Germans constantly on the go, March declared.

In the north the British are 12 miles from Valenciennes and communication with Douai are threatened.

From July 13th to September 13th they captured 248,494 men, 3,699 guns and vast quantities of other weapons.

March located specific units as follows:

91st division in the training area in France. Deleware troops contained in the 78 division have been recently reported on the line, exact location unknown. 329 infantry and the 83rd are in the training area in France. 147 is in the Vosges on the line. Third division, composed of the 4th, 7th, 30th infantry, and the 10th, 8th and 76th field artillery was reported in the Marne attack. The 2nd pioneer infantry, the 320th field artillery and the 82nd division were reported east of the Argonne on October 7th.

## FINAL FIGURES SHOW BIG REGISTRATION

Nearly Thirteen Million Enrolled in September, Making Grand Total of Twenty-Three Million.

Washington, Oct. 15.—Final returns from all States show that 12,966,594 men registered for military service September 12. This was 187,836 in excess of the estimate of 12,778,758 made by the office of Provost Marshal General Crowder, based on census figures.

The total announced today does not include registrations received by mail by local boards after September 12 nor delayed enrollments by men who were absent from the country that day. Including such cases it is believed the actual figures will be still further increased by the registration in Alaska, Puerto Rico and Hawaii, which are to be held on later dates recently fixed by the president.

With the figures compiled today, the total number of men who have been registered since the United States entered the war is 23,456,021.

Classification by local boards of men of the new draft registration have been so rapid that questionnaires soon will be sent youths of 18 and men between 37 and 46 years of age. Reports today showed that 555 local boards, out of 4,543 in the United States had classified registrants between 19 and 37.

Bob Wilson (the Wolf), the accommodating delivery-man for Bowden-Simpson Drug Co., is a victim of the prevailing malady, which accounts for the medicines getting there late from this store.

## STATEMENT OF THE OWNER- SHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912,

Of Abbeville Press and Banner, published semi-weekly at Abbeville, S. S., for October 1, 1918.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,  
 County of Abbeville.

Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Wm. P. Greene, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he

is the editor of the Abbeville Press and Banner and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are: Publisher, The Press and Banner Co., Abbeville, S. C., Editor, Wm. P. Greene, Abbeville, S. C., Managing Editor, none, Business Managers, Wm. P. Greene, Abbeville, S. C.

2. That the owners are: Wm. P. Greene, Stockholder, Abbeville, S. C. 3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent. or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are: Dodson Printers Supply Co., Atlanta, Ga. Mergenthaler Linotype Co., New York.

2. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security hold-

ers who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

WM. P. GREENE.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 12 day of October, 1918.

D. H. HILL, N. P. S. C.

## BETTER

THAN A CURE FOR

## Spanish Influenza

## PREVENT IT !!

Notice to the Public:

A ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Save yourself and your family from the ravages of this dread plague.

Avoid crowds!

Get plenty of fresh air and exercise!

Keep the bowels moving naturally!

Keep cheerful!

Thousands are protecting themselves against Spanish Influenza and keeping themselves well and happy, they say, with

## Dreco

Nature's Great Preventative  
 Get some right away—always have it in the house.  
 SOLD BY GOOD DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE



## ERSKINE COLLEGE

Has room for additional S. A. T. C. members.

At least 12 units are required for entrance. Young men having nearly 12 units can bring up work and enter on satisfactory examination. Certificates accepted from accredited high schools.

Members can be inducted up to October 21st.

For further information write

J. S. MOFFATT, Pres.

Due West, S. C.

## Fagged Out Women Vinol is What You Need

If all the tired, overworked, run-down women in this community could realize how our delicious Vinol, which contains Beef and Cod Liver Peptones, Iron and Manganese Peptonates and Glycophosphates supplies the vital elements necessary to enrich the blood and create working strength, we wouldn't be able to supply the demand.

Dukedom, Tenn.

"I live on a farm and keep house for six in my family. I got into a nervous, run-down condition so it seemed as though I would die. A friend advised me to try Vinol. I have been greatly improved by its use and am better and stronger in every way."—Mrs. H. H. Goodwin.

Burdett, N. Y.

"I keep house for my family of three, and raise chickens. I had a nervous breakdown, so I was unable to work. The doctor did not seem to help me, and a cousin asked me to try Vinol. It built me up—I now have a good appetite and am well and strong."—Mrs. Loyal Palmer.

For all run-down, nervous, anemic conditions, weak women, overworked men, feeble old people and delicate children, there is no remedy like Vinol.

## Vinol Creates Strength

P. B. SPEED, DRUGGIST  
 And Druggists Everywhere