

For Subscription, \$1.50 per annum, strictly in advance; for six months, 75c.

Advertisements inserted at one dollar per square of one inch or less for the first insertion and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion.

Obituary Notices exceeding five lines, without respect to character, when admissible, will be charged for as advertisements.

For Announcing Candidates, five dollars each, strictly in advance.

Art in Pickens.

Encouraging and substantial results from the Art Department of the Piedmont Institute are now displayed in several of the Pickens homes.

Miss Charlotte Murf has crayoned a picture of Col. J. O. Thompson, making it almost a life size, and it is almost a fac simile of the cabinet photograph used as a model.

Miss Rockie McCaslan has also achieved great success in making a large size crayon portrait of Mr. Jordan, one of her uncles.

The greatest triumph of this art that we have ever seen, is a life size portrait of Hon. D. Wyatt Aiken, made by Miss Hollingsworth, and given to Mrs. G. W. Taylor as a bridal present.

It appears that "T. H. R." is in the position he would place his young friend—"never studied his theory to its sequel."

The homestead law itself is the only thing that makes exemption necessary; for it has begotten in some, the sentiment, "How much can I buy," instead of, "how much can I pay for."

How often have we heard good honest farmers say, they wished the law in this respect, was like it was before the war?

Some of the citizens about Danville, Oconee County, desire to know what course they had best take to rid their settlement of some Mormon Priests, who, it seems are industriously engaged in propagating their doctrines in that section.

The summary process of violence has been used with complete success in several portions of the State, but this should not be resorted to, for citizens have no right to take the law into their own hands except to prevent a felony.

The easiest and surest way for the citizens of Danville to ascertain their legal rights in the matter, is to find out precisely what the Mormons are doing, and report the same to some member of the grand jury, who will bring the matter to the attention of the Court.

Richmond, Virginia, seems to be having trouble with its laboring classes. When a majority of a labor organization think their pen is insufficient, they quit work and compel the minority to quit.

Last week there was a largely attended meeting of the business men of Richmond to consider these troubles, and it passed resolutions favoring trades-unions and labor organizations, but condemning the practice of boycotting, and declaring that it is an offence punishable by law.

The Greenville News of the 20th ult. says: "Yesterday Coly Bros. sold ten bales of their Allen long staple cotton, grown within two miles of Greenville city, to Providence R. I. party at 14 1/2 cents a pound."

A Michigan boy cut a bar of soap, drank a lot of soda water and went to bed to cure his cold. The doctor had a hard time to pull him through, but the boy now says the next time he catches a cold he will use Dr. Bill's Cough Syrup.

The Homestead.

Our correspondent, "T. H. R.," seems to think that his young friend who favored the repeal of the Homestead, is advocating a bad policy.

No doubt the Homestead clause was put in the Constitution to shield the property and homes of those who had gone in debt before and during the war, and who had nothing left from the ruins of the war except their lands, yet the first time this question was made before the Supreme Court it was decided that the debtor could not claim the exemption against a debt contracted prior to the adoption of the Constitution of 1868.

That makes no difference," says the Constitution, "you have it, and you have my permission to keep it." Before the adoption of the present constitution the main business of the court was to see that people carried out their contracts, but now it is to see that the contract is not carried out.

It appears that "T. H. R." is in the position he would place his young friend—"never studied his theory to its sequel."

The homestead law itself is the only thing that makes exemption necessary; for it has begotten in some, the sentiment, "How much can I buy," instead of, "how much can I pay for."

How often have we heard good honest farmers say, they wished the law in this respect, was like it was before the war?

Some of the citizens about Danville, Oconee County, desire to know what course they had best take to rid their settlement of some Mormon Priests, who, it seems are industriously engaged in propagating their doctrines in that section.

The summary process of violence has been used with complete success in several portions of the State, but this should not be resorted to, for citizens have no right to take the law into their own hands except to prevent a felony.

The easiest and surest way for the citizens of Danville to ascertain their legal rights in the matter, is to find out precisely what the Mormons are doing, and report the same to some member of the grand jury, who will bring the matter to the attention of the Court.

Richmond, Virginia, seems to be having trouble with its laboring classes. When a majority of a labor organization think their pen is insufficient, they quit work and compel the minority to quit.

Last week there was a largely attended meeting of the business men of Richmond to consider these troubles, and it passed resolutions favoring trades-unions and labor organizations, but condemning the practice of boycotting, and declaring that it is an offence punishable by law.

The Greenville News of the 20th ult. says: "Yesterday Coly Bros. sold ten bales of their Allen long staple cotton, grown within two miles of Greenville city, to Providence R. I. party at 14 1/2 cents a pound."

A Michigan boy cut a bar of soap, drank a lot of soda water and went to bed to cure his cold. The doctor had a hard time to pull him through, but the boy now says the next time he catches a cold he will use Dr. Bill's Cough Syrup.

The Pickens Farmer's Meeting.

Mr. Edrion: The proceedings of your County Agricultural Club, has been pursued with great interest by your humble servant. The lively discussions of the various topics presented connected with the interests of the farmer, and the independence of the views expressed, were truly refreshing.

That makes no difference," says the Constitution, "you have it, and you have my permission to keep it." Before the adoption of the present constitution the main business of the court was to see that people carried out their contracts, but now it is to see that the contract is not carried out.

It appears that "T. H. R." is in the position he would place his young friend—"never studied his theory to its sequel."

The homestead law itself is the only thing that makes exemption necessary; for it has begotten in some, the sentiment, "How much can I buy," instead of, "how much can I pay for."

How often have we heard good honest farmers say, they wished the law in this respect, was like it was before the war?

Some of the citizens about Danville, Oconee County, desire to know what course they had best take to rid their settlement of some Mormon Priests, who, it seems are industriously engaged in propagating their doctrines in that section.

The summary process of violence has been used with complete success in several portions of the State, but this should not be resorted to, for citizens have no right to take the law into their own hands except to prevent a felony.

The easiest and surest way for the citizens of Danville to ascertain their legal rights in the matter, is to find out precisely what the Mormons are doing, and report the same to some member of the grand jury, who will bring the matter to the attention of the Court.

Richmond, Virginia, seems to be having trouble with its laboring classes. When a majority of a labor organization think their pen is insufficient, they quit work and compel the minority to quit.

Last week there was a largely attended meeting of the business men of Richmond to consider these troubles, and it passed resolutions favoring trades-unions and labor organizations, but condemning the practice of boycotting, and declaring that it is an offence punishable by law.

The Greenville News of the 20th ult. says: "Yesterday Coly Bros. sold ten bales of their Allen long staple cotton, grown within two miles of Greenville city, to Providence R. I. party at 14 1/2 cents a pound."

A Michigan boy cut a bar of soap, drank a lot of soda water and went to bed to cure his cold. The doctor had a hard time to pull him through, but the boy now says the next time he catches a cold he will use Dr. Bill's Cough Syrup.

To a Young Office-Seeker.

The Sage of Deerfield, who has been led to rest amid the tears of thousands, says the Albany Times, was always particularly kind by young men. He helped them whenever it was in his power to do so, sometimes not least by his advice, which was that of a father to a beloved son.

That makes no difference," says the Constitution, "you have it, and you have my permission to keep it." Before the adoption of the present constitution the main business of the court was to see that people carried out their contracts, but now it is to see that the contract is not carried out.

It appears that "T. H. R." is in the position he would place his young friend—"never studied his theory to its sequel."

The homestead law itself is the only thing that makes exemption necessary; for it has begotten in some, the sentiment, "How much can I buy," instead of, "how much can I pay for."

How often have we heard good honest farmers say, they wished the law in this respect, was like it was before the war?

Some of the citizens about Danville, Oconee County, desire to know what course they had best take to rid their settlement of some Mormon Priests, who, it seems are industriously engaged in propagating their doctrines in that section.

The summary process of violence has been used with complete success in several portions of the State, but this should not be resorted to, for citizens have no right to take the law into their own hands except to prevent a felony.

The easiest and surest way for the citizens of Danville to ascertain their legal rights in the matter, is to find out precisely what the Mormons are doing, and report the same to some member of the grand jury, who will bring the matter to the attention of the Court.

Richmond, Virginia, seems to be having trouble with its laboring classes. When a majority of a labor organization think their pen is insufficient, they quit work and compel the minority to quit.

Last week there was a largely attended meeting of the business men of Richmond to consider these troubles, and it passed resolutions favoring trades-unions and labor organizations, but condemning the practice of boycotting, and declaring that it is an offence punishable by law.

The Greenville News of the 20th ult. says: "Yesterday Coly Bros. sold ten bales of their Allen long staple cotton, grown within two miles of Greenville city, to Providence R. I. party at 14 1/2 cents a pound."

A Michigan boy cut a bar of soap, drank a lot of soda water and went to bed to cure his cold. The doctor had a hard time to pull him through, but the boy now says the next time he catches a cold he will use Dr. Bill's Cough Syrup.

Transfers of Real Estate.

Our efficient Auditor furnishes us with the following transfers since our last report: October 1, 1885.—L. A. Goudelock et al. to Lemuel C. Ried, 313 acres exchange.

That makes no difference," says the Constitution, "you have it, and you have my permission to keep it." Before the adoption of the present constitution the main business of the court was to see that people carried out their contracts, but now it is to see that the contract is not carried out.

It appears that "T. H. R." is in the position he would place his young friend—"never studied his theory to its sequel."

The homestead law itself is the only thing that makes exemption necessary; for it has begotten in some, the sentiment, "How much can I buy," instead of, "how much can I pay for."

How often have we heard good honest farmers say, they wished the law in this respect, was like it was before the war?

Some of the citizens about Danville, Oconee County, desire to know what course they had best take to rid their settlement of some Mormon Priests, who, it seems are industriously engaged in propagating their doctrines in that section.

The summary process of violence has been used with complete success in several portions of the State, but this should not be resorted to, for citizens have no right to take the law into their own hands except to prevent a felony.

The easiest and surest way for the citizens of Danville to ascertain their legal rights in the matter, is to find out precisely what the Mormons are doing, and report the same to some member of the grand jury, who will bring the matter to the attention of the Court.

Richmond, Virginia, seems to be having trouble with its laboring classes. When a majority of a labor organization think their pen is insufficient, they quit work and compel the minority to quit.

Last week there was a largely attended meeting of the business men of Richmond to consider these troubles, and it passed resolutions favoring trades-unions and labor organizations, but condemning the practice of boycotting, and declaring that it is an offence punishable by law.

The Greenville News of the 20th ult. says: "Yesterday Coly Bros. sold ten bales of their Allen long staple cotton, grown within two miles of Greenville city, to Providence R. I. party at 14 1/2 cents a pound."

A Michigan boy cut a bar of soap, drank a lot of soda water and went to bed to cure his cold. The doctor had a hard time to pull him through, but the boy now says the next time he catches a cold he will use Dr. Bill's Cough Syrup.

TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE.

Our efficient Auditor furnishes us with the following transfers since our last report: October 1, 1885.—L. A. Goudelock et al. to Lemuel C. Ried, 313 acres exchange.

That makes no difference," says the Constitution, "you have it, and you have my permission to keep it." Before the adoption of the present constitution the main business of the court was to see that people carried out their contracts, but now it is to see that the contract is not carried out.

It appears that "T. H. R." is in the position he would place his young friend—"never studied his theory to its sequel."

The homestead law itself is the only thing that makes exemption necessary; for it has begotten in some, the sentiment, "How much can I buy," instead of, "how much can I pay for."

How often have we heard good honest farmers say, they wished the law in this respect, was like it was before the war?

Some of the citizens about Danville, Oconee County, desire to know what course they had best take to rid their settlement of some Mormon Priests, who, it seems are industriously engaged in propagating their doctrines in that section.

The summary process of violence has been used with complete success in several portions of the State, but this should not be resorted to, for citizens have no right to take the law into their own hands except to prevent a felony.

The easiest and surest way for the citizens of Danville to ascertain their legal rights in the matter, is to find out precisely what the Mormons are doing, and report the same to some member of the grand jury, who will bring the matter to the attention of the Court.

Richmond, Virginia, seems to be having trouble with its laboring classes. When a majority of a labor organization think their pen is insufficient, they quit work and compel the minority to quit.

Last week there was a largely attended meeting of the business men of Richmond to consider these troubles, and it passed resolutions favoring trades-unions and labor organizations, but condemning the practice of boycotting, and declaring that it is an offence punishable by law.

The Greenville News of the 20th ult. says: "Yesterday Coly Bros. sold ten bales of their Allen long staple cotton, grown within two miles of Greenville city, to Providence R. I. party at 14 1/2 cents a pound."

A Michigan boy cut a bar of soap, drank a lot of soda water and went to bed to cure his cold. The doctor had a hard time to pull him through, but the boy now says the next time he catches a cold he will use Dr. Bill's Cough Syrup.

R. S. MORGAN,

BANK BLOCK, Greenville, S. C., DEALER IN BOOTS AND SHOES Custom Made Goods a Specialty.

LADIES—Kid, Goat, Glove Kid, Glove Top, Dongola, Pebble, Glove Kid, Veal Kid, Alp, and A. Calif. Shoes, Button and lace of all qualities and styles.

MISSES—All the above in Misses sizes; with some grades specially adapted for school wear.

CHILDREN'S—In Children's Shoes, I select styles best adapted to develop the muscles of the feet, and at the same time give neatness in appearance.

MB'S—Beds of best tannery calf with single and double uppers, plain and box toes.

French Kid Boots, plain and box toes. Wax Kid, P. Calif. and S. Kid Boots with peg and screw bottoms.

MENS—Dress Shoes of best French Calf; hand sewed, made in Congress, Button and Bats.

My English Waukenphast Shoes are the best on the market. I can furnish Hand-sewed, cork sole shoes in Congress Lace or Button.

Best American All Shoes of any style; quality and price.

French Kid Boots, unequalled for comfort and wearing qualities.

MENS—Henry Goods. I offer a stock of Shoes for everyday wear, of great excellence.

Boys, high and medium cut, of D. Calf, Thread and unlined.

Kip and Wax, Bogans, high and medium cut, pes and screw bottoms, plain and top styles, made of first quality stock.

BOYS—Boots and Shoes, running in quality and style with Mens' Goods, at unusually low prices.

I have everything you want. A First Class Boot and Shoe Store.

Class Wear, for those who have tender feet in selecting Shoes for comfort. Weak ankles can be strengthened and deformity of feet prevented by the aid of an experienced fitter. I give my personal attention to this branch of my business.

R. S. MORGAN, Successor to Abel and Morgan, Sept 24, 1885.

FURNITURE

WHEN YOU NEED FURNITURE CALL US

Ranion & Blaylock, ASHLEY, S. C.

They have the largest and best selected stock ever brought to this county.

We have just received our elegant Fall Stock of all kinds, and propose to sell cheaper than ever known before.

Customers waited on day or night with pleasure. Thanking you for past favors, and hope for a continuance of same, Don't forget that the place for

THE STAR

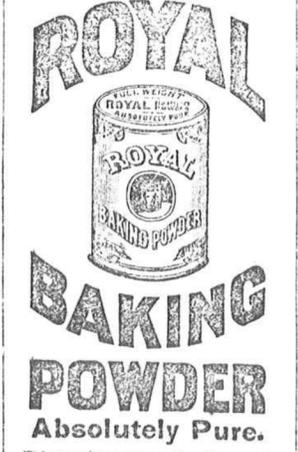
A Newspaper supporting the Principles of a Democratic Administration. Published in the City of New York.

WILLIAM DORSEIMER, Editor and Proprietor. Daily, Sunday, and Weekly Editions.

THE WEEKLY STAR, A Sixteen-page Newspaper, issued every Wednesday.

FAMILY PAPER. It contains the latest news, down to the hour of going to press.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY STAR: Subscribers, Five Dollars in Advance for the Year.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low cost, short weight adulterated powders.

Dacusville High School. THIS INSTITUTION opened on the 18th of January last, the patrons having procured the services of JOHN O. DAVIS, a practical teacher, a gentleman who has had 23 years practice as a teacher in Pickens County.

New Advertisements. A few Gentlemen, with small capital, who desire to make money very fast, are wanted to sell my Patent Rubber Backed Pumps.

Rubber Bucket Pumps. No humbug, very durable, never freeze. You can make \$5 to \$15 every day.

A BIG OFFER: To introduce them, we will give AWAY 1,000 Self Operating Washing Machines.

TERMS OF THE DAILY STAR: The Daily Star contains all the news of the day in an attractive form.

TERMS OF THE DAILY STAR: Every day for one year (including Sunday) \$7.00.

Address, THE STAR, 66 and 68 North William St., New York.

Physicians Have Found out

That a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

A Captain's Fortunate Discovery.

Capt. Coleman, sebr. Weymouth, p. y. ing between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption.

He not only gave him instant relief, but stayed the extreme soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect.

Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the "Columbia" household and on board the schooner. Free Trial Bottles of this Standard Remedy at Dr. O. W. Barb's Drug Store.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.

Physicians have found out that a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism.

This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints.