# The Norkville Enquirer.



### YORKVILLE, S. C.:

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 6, 1881

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THE SOUTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE. This body adjourned sine die on the morning \$446,851.70 over 1879. of Friday, the 24th of December, after having been in session for twenty-six days.

A large amount of business was disposed of during the session, and the members, instead of occupying the time with long-winded Resolutions passed during the session. In this issue of the ENQUIRER, we lay before our readers a list of the captions of such of the The principal matters which have been referred to Commissions and postponed for next session, are the election laws, the propowhich these matters are referred, are constituted as follows:

Commission to consider and suggest constitutional amendments: On the part of the House, Messrs, C. H. Simonton, Jas. Aldrich, George Johnstone, J. J. Hemphill and J. M. Johnson. On the part of the Senate, Senators Wylie, Witherspoon and Izlar.

Commission to inquire into the subject of discrimination by common carriers. On the part of the House, Messrs. J. C. Haskell, Jas. Simons, H. H. Newton. On the part of the Senate, Senators Smythe and Galliard.

Commission to suggest changes in the election laws. On the part of the House, Messrs. E. B. Murray, Edward McCrady, C. J. Hutson, J. W. Gray and Andrew Crawford. On the part of the Senate, Senators Perry, Lartigue and Maxwell.

The Legislature appropriated \$5,000 for the expenses of having the State represented at Yorktown Centennial, which takes place next October, and elected representatives from among the members of the Legislature, from each Congressional District as follows:

First District-J. Harvey Wilson, of Sumter; J. W. Williamson of Darlington; W. W. Harllee, of Marion. Second District—James Simons, of Charleston; Augustus Fludd, of al salute on the 4th of July, 1840. Orangeburg; James F. Izlar, of Orangeburg. Third District-E. M. Rucker, of Anderson C. M. Taggart, of Abbeville ; B. F. Crayton, of Anderson. Fourth District-J. J. Hemphill, of Chester: John R. Harrison, of Greenville; L. J. Patterson, of Kershaw. Fifth District-C. E. Sawyer, of Aiken; W. B. Rice, of Barnwell; J. W Moore, of Hampton. Gen. John Bratton, of Fairfield, was elected Comptroiler-General, in place of Col. Colt re-

Col, Thomas J. Lipscomb was unanimously re-elected Superintendent of the Penitentiary. The following are the newly elected Directors: B. H. Massey, of York; Clinton Ward, of

Edgefield; E. S. Allen, of Spartainburg. Previous to the adjournment of the Legislature, it was found necessary to increase the State tax levy to five mills, in order to provide the means for enlarging and improving the lunatic asylum. The tax levy in York county will be 121 mills, as follows: For State purposes, 5 mills; school purposes, 2 mills; county purposes, 3 mills; railroad bonds, 21

# PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

In the Senate, on the 20th ultimo, the House resolution for a recess from the 22nd of December until the 5th instant, was agreed to. The bill to pension soldiers who served in the Mexican war was made the special order for January 8th.

In the House, Mr. Turner, of Kentucky, introduced a bill to prevent fraud and corruption in the election of President and Vice-President, Senators and Representatives. It provides that before entering on their duties, the President and Vice-President elect and all persons elected to either House of Congress, shall take an oath that they have not procured or attempted to procure their election by bribery or fraud, and that they will not during their term of office permit any assessment on employés of the United States for election or political purposes. The bill was referred. Mr. Price, of Iowa, under the direction of the committee on banking and currency, moved to suspend the rules, take from the calendar and pass the bill repealing the check stamp law. After considerable discussion, the motion to ed-yeas, 129; nays, 68; not the necessary

two-thirds in the affirmative. laws which impose taxes on capital or deposits | number of liberal subscriptions were made. with banks and bankers, and on bank checks; for the admission of New Mexico as a State; for the improvement of certain rivers in Geor- No. 52 Broadway, has been placed in the hands extracts from speeches of the traversers, gia. The Vice-President submitted a communication from the commissioner of pensions, Sedgwick, of the S. perior Court, on the apsetting forth the necessity for a further appro- plication of Chauncey T. Baven, one of the ment of Chief Justice Cockburn to the effect priation of \$18,000,000 for the payment of pensions during the current fiscal year.

In the House, during a discussion of the back candidate for President, made a humor- ments on which were valued at \$200,000. Mr. to effect civil injury would be within the law. ous speech, arraigning the Democratic party Andrew G. Curtin was president, W. F. Buckfor inconsistency on financial questions, and ley vice-president, and Spencer Trask treasthe discussion soon drifted into a noisy and irregular dispute as to which party is responsi- pany at the New York Mining Exchange was by the Court. Mr. Law proceeded to explain ble for the demonetization of silver, and which on December 23rd, 300 shares having been sold the punishments which the traversers advoparty should have the credit for its remoneti- at sixty cents per share." zation. A personal controversy soon sprang up between Mr. Sparks, of Illinois, and Mr. Weaver, as to the latter's veracity. Weaver declared no one could insult him intentionally | Cartersville, Georgia, on the night of the 21st | name to popular execration and murder. He by ascribing falsehood to him, without feeling ultimo, after a week's sickness from inflamma- dwelt with much effect upon the point that the force of his (Weaver's) right arm. [Laugh- tory rheumatism. He was Attorney-Gener- the traversers had given prominence to the but I find that the strong feeling which at ter and uproar.] Sparks replied: "What I al during Grant's first term as President, statement that if 30,000 persons were enrolled first set against Governor Scott has merely said is that you were stating what was not and leader of the Republican party in Geof- in the League, no army could enforce land subtrue and that you were wanting in the quali- gia. .... Brooklyn, N. Y., had nearly 1,000 laws. ties of a gentleman." Weaver, (now thor- cases of diphtheria within six weeks, 332 of The Attorney-General concluded his opengentleman, personally, as a liar, on the floor of eight States will be in session during the presthe House," Sparks, (equally excited): "You ent month, .... Snow fell last week at Port been called American principles, but they where he was standing and advanced, me- emigration of white men from Alabama to that when this mischievous new gospel was others suggest that the Governor could have nacingly, towards Sparks, who, in his turn, Louisiana. ..... Jay Gould controls 9,649 miles abandoned, those whom it was now his duty moved toward Weaver; but both were imme- of railroad. ... During the past year the Uni- to prosecute, would turn their talents to a bet- away to Canada before the affair would have son at \$16.70 per acre. diately surrounded by members who prevented ted States exported 295,530,798 gallons of pe- ter account for Irelands's sake. He concluded been discovered next morning, or if he had them getting to close quarters, and made them troleum, valued at \$28,829,945. ..... A syndi- with a forcible peroration, in which he said said nothing about it, there would have been them getting to close quarters, and made them troleum, valued at \$25,025,050.

The latter put on their coats, which each was in the act cate has been formed by which a through line he hoped the jury would be true to their conpoints are in favor of the Governor, who was of pulling off. This, of course, occasioned is to be constructed which will give, it is sciences and return a verdict satisfactory to willing and anxious to appear before the corothe greatest confusion, and disorder prevailed so the cities of St. Louis, Chicago and Cin- the country. The present disorder, he said, her on Saturday, but his attorneys advised not. Black at \$15.10 per acre.

midst of it, the Speaker took the chair and ton, S. C. .... It has recently been definitely As he resumed his seat, there was no manifescalled upon the Sergeant-at-Arms to do his ascertained that during the late war, the Fed-tation of any kind. The Court adjourned duty. Just then, however, there was nothing erals lost 327,184 men, and the Confederates until Monday. was no danger of their assaulting each other. in taxable property last year was thirteen mil-After the disorder had subsided, Mr. Covert lions of dollars. · · · Ex-Judge Whitaker, who The Dublin correspondent of the London the House adjourned.

authorizing the auditing of accounts of B. S. was exiled from Poland for participation in complete preparations for any emergency James, a South Carolina mail contractor, was the revolution of 1830 and who was brigadierwas introduced and referred. The Senate ad- Spottsylvania, Va., where he had been living government believes that far greater danger journed to January 5th.

then adjourned until the 5th of January.

### SOUTH CAROLINA NEWS. - The President has appointed Samuel T.

Poinier, postmaster at Spartanburg.

- Mr. James N Knox, a much esteemed dence in that county on the 31st ultimo, in the 74th year of his age.

 It is rumored that very soon a newspaper speeches, employed it in earnest work, which will be published in Greenville to advocate is shown by the long list of Acts and Joint Republican principles from a "Conservative" standpoint. The projectors claim to have a satisfactory financial support secured.

- A tract of land in Orangeburg county, Acts and Joint Resolutions, passed at the re- which in the days of Radicalism sold for cent session, as are of general and local inter- 36,000, is now sought for at \$30,000. Another est, and also the full text of several Acts. piece, bought at the same time for \$100, will now command \$800.

- By an approximate statement of the popuconsideration by the General Assembly at its lation of the States, according to the last census, just published by the superintendent, sitions to amend the Constitution, the railroad it appears that South Carolina has a populalaws, and the tax laws. The Commissions to tion of 995,706. The population of Charleston is given as 49,999.

- The Laurens Railroad was sold in Columbia on Monday last, at public auction, for \$30,000. It was knocked down to Col. A. C. Haskell, the president of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad, who it is said bought it for the owners of the Greenville and Columbia Railroad.

- The Barnwell jail now contains twentythree prisoners, and among them is a colored minister, who being persuaded that his neighbor's hog possessed one of the seven devils of old, thought he would destroy the devil in the hog by killing it and dividing among his wives, of which he has several.

- Mr. E. Glass Caston died at Rock Hill on the 16th ultimo, of typhoid pneumonia. He was a native of Lancaster county, where he lived until a few years ago. He was about 60 years old. The Lancaster Ledger says he was a man of remarkable intellect and great energy. He happened to the unfortunate acidea of parceling out Ireland among a popu- found Stout, inquired if he had found his son. cident of having both of his eyes put out by lation of five millions, which would only add stout said that he had, and had brought him lation of five millions, which would only add to the hotel but a clark at a dang store named the explosion of powder, while firing a nation-

- The Cheraw and Chester Railroad has been completed to Lancaster. The Ledger of the 22nd ultimo says: "The passenger train on the Cheraw and Chester Railroad ran into town for the first time on Saturday night last. A large number of citizens, both male and female, were present to witness this event in the bitery of our town and county, and which was appropriately celebrated by the firing of cannon, guns, pistols, and fire crackers."

# NORTH CAROLINA NEWS.

-The Carolina Central Railway Company has a passenger rate of three cents per mile, each way, for return tickets from any station. -At Charlotte, on the 21st ultimo, S. J. Rowland, yard-master at the Air-Line depot. was crushed between two cars. He was a native of Central, S. C., and about twenty years they were thus advised, Ferrick, the bailiff,

- In Pender county, the sheriff elect, Eli Williams, Republican, being unable to give a satisfactory bond, the office was declared vacant, and Capt. A. C. Ward, the defeated Democratic candidate, was appointed to fill the

-Arthur Armour, the first settler where Davidson College now stands, died at his residence there on the 20th ultimo. On one occasion, several years ago, wishing to visit his native country, Ireland, he walked from his prisoners, as agitating with a view to pecuhome to New York, and on returning to New York walked from that city to his home.

- Henry E. Nelson was appointed postmaster at Greenville, Pitt county, last February. In August he discovered that his accounts with the government were short, and he absconded. He was arrested at Hudson, N. Y., former, he said, had advised them to put no two weeks ago, as a vagrant, and is now in Raleigh jail. He is a defaulter to the amount | He cited various further passages of the of \$1,800, and will be tried at Newbern next speeches by these two members of Parliament,

- On the 23rd ultimo, a meeting was held in Dallas to consider the project of a railroad from the Cross Roads, a point on the Air Line near Wooten's, via Dallas and Brevard Station on the Carolina Central, to Mooresville, to connect with the North Carolina Midland. The the peasantry to emulate the example of the meeting was unanimously in favor of the project. A company was formed to be called the founded upon a basis of sedition and treason. suspend the rules and pass the bill was reject- Wooten, Mooresville and Dallas Railroad Mr. Parnell, who was given to expressing his Company. The capital stock, it was determined, should be fixed at \$510,000 in shares of either the landlords or people must go, and it in the Senate on the 21st, bills were intro- \$100. The following were appointed a board duced and referred as follows: To authorize of directors: William Jenkins, Jonas Hoffthe issue of legal tender notes of the United | man, George F. Bason, B. F. Carpenter, Al-States upon deposits of gold; to repeal all exander Brevard and Joseph G. Morrison. A

-The New York Herald of the 28th says: "The King's Mountain Mining Company, of Law completed the reading of seventy-seven of a receiver-Jor than Brownell-by Judge creditors. The company was incorporated that a conspiracy was the act of two or more September 10, 1877, with a capital stock of persons combining to injure a third party, \$1,200,000. It had 500 acres of mineral lands and that it was not necessary that the acts funding bill, Mr. Weaver, of Iowa, late Green- in Gaston, N. C., the buildings and improved done should be criminal. A mere combination urer. The last sale of the stock of the com- against the rent roll, but this was not allowed

Daily Intelligencer, was locked up in the sta-

for some years in retirement. ... Dr. E. H. The proceedings of the House were devoted | Chapin, the well known Unitarian preacher, of | buckshot and a large quantity of ball, cartto discussing points of order relative to the New York, died in that city on the 27th ul- ridges and entrenching tools. disorderly conduct of Messrs. Sparks and time. .... In Cincinnati, on Christmas day, Weaver on the preceding day; when finally the elephant "Chief" that killed his keeper in they were permitted to apologize to the House. Charlotte last fall, came near killing another The army bill, appropriating \$26,425,800, was employee of the circus, who ventured on too reported and ordered printed. The House familiar terms with the vicious animal. ... The wheat and oat crops of Alabama are reported as failures. .... The white race is greatly overrated," said a speaker in a Boston meeting of negroes relative to the Cadet Whitaker case. ... The people of Iowa adopted, at the - The increase in the net earnings of the late election, an amendment to the State conrailroads in South Carolina for 1880, were stitution making colored men ineligible to the Legislature of that State. .... The Commissioners of Roads and Revenue in Putnam citizen of Chester county, died at his resi- county, Georgia, have fixed the price for retail liquor license at \$3,000 per annum. · · · · Thirtyone States of the thirty-eight in the Union now

## have biennial sessions of their Legislatures. THE SITUATION IN IRELAND.

Affairs in Ireland are rapidly approaching crisis. The English Government has thrown an army into the disaffected territory twice as large as she employed in her attempt to suppress the American Colonies in their struggle for independence, and it is doubtful if ever, since Waterloo, England has massed so many troops in any one enterprise as she has now stationed at her own doors to retain her sovereignty. The trial of Parnell and thirteen other leaders in the land movement, is now in progress at Dublin. The jury impannelled on the 28th ultimo, consists of both Catholics

and Protestants and one Quaker, and it is reasonable to suppose that so far as relates to the composition of the jury, the prisoners will have a fair trial. In the preliminary proceedings, Chief Justice May read an address stating that after the misconception that had arisen as to what he said on a former occasion, he should not take part in the present trials. After Chief Justice May had finished reading, Justice Fitzgerald took the chief seat and the trials were proceeded with before him and Justice Barry.

'Attorney-General Law opened the case for the Crown, the reading of which occupied three days. He spoke in a firm and moderate tone. He said the object of the conspiracy in which the prisoners were engaged, was to cause the social ex-communication of a number of persons, and to make their lives not worth havto the misery of this unfortunate country. He Drury had private individuals. The Government, he put down wicked agitation.

Continuing his address, on the 29th, he referred to the humble occupation of most of the prisoners and said, doubtless, they found agitation most profitable. He warmly denounced agitation as an intolerable conspiraey. The intention of the Government, he said, in instituting these proceedings, was to

protect the rich and poor alike from a frightful tyranny that respected neither life nor property. The people had been told not to accept Mr. O'Connell's dictum, that no farm was worth a drop of blood, and a few days after was shot at Ballinrobe. The remarks of the Attorney-General at this point caused considerable feeling in the Court, especially when he quoted the reported words of J. W. Nally, one of the prisoners, that "Ferrick's murder was worth a hundred speeches." He further stigmatized the proceedings of Land Leagues as a capital plan for reducing society to original chaos and bringing about communism. He particularly pointed to Messrs. Breman, Boyton, Gordon, O'Sullivan and Nally, of the niary profit. He quoted Mally's violent speech which immediately preceded Ferrick's murder, and then proceeded to deal with the violent speech attributed to Dillon and Parnell, both of whom said the people had a remedy for their grievances in their own hands. The faith in the British Parliament, but to drill. as exasperating the people into spoilation and murder. He quoted, amidst general laughter, from the speech of Mr. Biggar, who said he did not recommend the shooting of landlords, because wrong men had been sometimes shot. After quoting Mr. Harris' recommendation to French in 1793, he said the Land League is opinions moderately, had himself declared that would be for the people themselves to decide which. The Court then adjourned at 3.30 p. m., because the Attorney-General was fatigued. Mr. Parnell was loudly cheered on

leaving the Court. Continuing his address on the 30th, Mr. showing that they all counseled the people to withhold their rent He then quoted the judg-He wished to read the opinion of Daniel cated for those who took evicted farms, and declared that one of the Traversers had been continued in his post as the paid agent of the Hon, A. T. Ackerman died at his home in Land League after having held persons up by

on the floor and in the galleries. But in the cinnatia short route to the Atlanticat Charles- must be put down, no matter at what cost.

particular to be doffe by that official, as the 209,000. .... Within the last ten years, the The following late dispatches, showing the combatants had been taken back to their population of Georgia has increased three hun- active preparations of the British Government, places by their respective friends, and there dred and fifty-eight thousand, and the increase would indicate that the situation is growing

resumed the chair, the committee arose and was once mayor of Atlanta and editor of the Times says: The movements of the troops have excited a very uneasy, feeling. It is generally believed that the government posses In the Senate or the 22nd, on motion of tion-house in Atlanta last week for stealing a ses information warranting the apprehension Mr. Butler, of South Carolina, the Senate bill bottle of whiskey. ... Gaspar Tachmann, who of danger. The government has made very Immense supplies of provisions, tents and other campaigning requisities have been stored taken up and passed. A bill to incorporate general in the Confederate service, died on the in central depots. It is stated that all these the Maritime Canal Company, of Nicarauga, 22nd ultimo, in his 85th year, at his home in preparations point to the conclusion that the than is seen lurks behind. A store-ship has arrived from Woolwich with 20,000 rounds of Another vessel is shiping a similar cargo at Woolwich for new stations at Bruff, Mohill, Carrick-on-Shannon and Ballyshannon, which will be occupied by troops. These positions are well chosen, being the centres of the disturbed districts from which troops could operate in various directions. At all stations where cavalry are quartered without infantry, the supply of ammunition will be increased fifty rounds per

> The barrack accommodation in the country s insufficient for the increased number of soldiers. Temporary barracks will, therefore, be fitted at Rathkeal, County Limerick, and Ennesly and County Clare, for details of detachments of infantry, each comprising two officers and fifty men. Another detachment will be sent to Loughrea, County Galway, as soon as quarters for them have been provided.

The military corres indent of the Irish Times, under date of Friday, says that the authorities contemplate the dispatch of a flying column over the country almost immediately, as was done during the Fenian rising. It is said that every step necessary for the movement is already arranged. Nine companies will be started, each comprising one troop of cavalry, a division of artillery, with two guns, four companies of infantry, ten sappers and a detachment of army service.

# IN JAIL FOR MURDER.

At Napoleon, Ohio, on the night before Christmas, Gen. Robert K. Scott, one of the carpet-bag Governors of South Carolina, and now a resident of Napoleon, Ohio, shot and killed a young man named Drury. The telentense excitement prevailed in consequence of the shooting, and that Scott was taken to Defiance for safe keeping, there being talk of lynching him at Napoleon. A special dispatch from Defiance, to the New York Herald, gives the following particulars of the tragedy:

Your correspondent called upon Governo Scott to-day and was referred to his attorney, C. H. Scribner, of Toledo, who is here, and whose statement of the tragedy at Napoleon, Ohio, on Christmas morning, is as follows:

Governor Scott, wife and son are boarding at the Miller House, in Napoleon. The son is about fifteen years of age. On Friday evening there was a great deal of bad conduct on the streets, the young men of the place drinking and carousing, with a great deal of loud talk. Mrs. Scott became alarmed at the absence of her son, and got a hotel clerk named Stout to look for him. The Governor had retired, and some time after, hearing persons uttering threats on the street about shooting Stout, Mrs. Scott, urged him to go and hunt the boy. ing. He pointed out the absurdity of the The Governor dressed himself, and, having to the hotel, but a clerk at a drug store named got him away from him. The severely condemned the policy of the Land Governor started out in search of the boy, and League, which he said advocated freedom, yet | was informed by a young man on the street | brought all its power to bear in the coercion of that Drury had him in the drug store. The Governor went to the front door, rattled and called, and finally succeeded in arousing the said, was bound to institute proceedings to clerk, who opened the door and said the boy was not there, and insisted upon the truth of his statement. Governor Scott told him that from information he had, he knew he was there, at the same time walking toward the rear end of the storeroom and again telling the young man he must find his boy and take him home. The Governor started to go to the door opening from the rear of the storeroom into another room, when young Drury placed himself before him and told him if he attempt-

ed to enter that room it was at his peril. Again the Governor told him he must get his boy, and made a movement as if to enter the room. Drury reached over, as if to take a weight or other weapon from the counter, and at the same time made a movement like drawing a pistol from his pocket. At the same noment, Governor Scott drew a pistol from is overcoat pocket, when it accidentally exploded. The Governor says that his first thought was that he had been fired at by some one, but soon saw that the young man was hurt, as he sank back on the floor. Immediately afterward the Governor heard his son calling from up stairs. He went into a backroom and up the stairway, and found his son in an intoxicated condition locked in a room at the head of the stairs. He brought him down, hurried him to the hotel and sent men over to see how badly the young man was hurt. They found him dead. On examination the surgeon found the ball had entered under the left jaw, ranging upward into the brain, showing that the pistol was not fired on a level. Governor Scott was brought here last evening by the authorities and has been placed in confinement here over Sunday.

Young Drury was to have gone to Pittsburg in a few days to marry Miss Luckey, daughter of Prof. Luckey, Superintendent of the public schools of that city. She is a teacher in the High School. When informed of her lover's ciolent death she swooned away, and is said to have remained insensible several hours. Drury was a Mason, and after the post-mortem examination that fraternity took charge of the body, arrayed in the suit which was to have been his wedding dress, and sent him to Elmore, O., his former home, where he was buried on Tuesday.

On Monday following the homicide, Scott had a hearing at Napoleon before Justice Payton, who pronounced the deed murder in the and at Galveston 21. At Jacksonville, Fla., first degree and committed Scott to jail. The following further particulars of the af-

fair are furnished by a correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette on Monday after the trage-

All North-Western Ohio is intensely stirred up over the tragic fate of young Drury, who was to have been married to-morrow to Miss Dora Luckey, an estimable and highly accomplished young lady, who has recently been teaching in the public schools of Pittsburg. She had resigned her position and was to have come West to-day. The young lady's mother had been opposed to the marriage until recently, but it was arranged that after the marriage ceremony had been performed at the Hotel Madison, in Toledo, Mrs. Luckey was to step out and tender her congratulations and blessings upon the young people.

Drury seems to have had a presentment of his fate, or at least trouble from some source, as he had been threatened by some of the young lady's relatives in case he pushed his suit. It has transpired that on Friday, when a telegram was handed him, which proved to e from his affianced, with reference to meeting her in Toledo, he remarked to a friend that "next Tuesday he would either be married or In less than twenty-four hours his lifeless body was found lying in his employer's drug store, weltering in pools of blood. On to-morrow his funeral will take place, the day on which he was to have been married.

Saturday, as may be readily imagined, was the gloomiest holiday ever experienced in Napoleon. There was nobody to say "Merry Christmas." Yesterday was very quiet and orderly in town, compared to the day previous, shooting, and with a horse and buggy, got

# LOCAL AFFAIRS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. H. Brown and B. C. Pressley-Administra tors' Notice. Rev. W. G. White—Yorkville Female College. M. Strauss—Happy New Year to All. Latimer & Hemphill—Happy New Year to Allat \$11.05 per acre. Our Grocery. John C. Kuykendal-That York Drug Store.

Hunter, Oates & Co.-New Firm. Clark Brothers—1881—By the Package—Wagons T. M Dobson—Listen to the New York House. Irs. Fannie L. Dobson—Proprietor of Emporiun of Fashion. J. J. Smith & Co. - A Happy New Year-Wanted

Kennedy Bros. & Barron-Happy New Year to All-Winter Clothing-Dead-Wagons. F. Happerfield—The York Marble Yard Finley, Harvey & Co., Atlanta, Ga.—Agenta Wanted. Herndon Bros,-1881-Well-A Reminder.

Latta Bros.—Family Groceries and Plantatio Supplies—Just Received. Scoggins, W. W. White, A. F. I indsay County Commissioners—Townsh, Elec R. Lathan, School Commissioner,-Notice,

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS. The new board of county commissioners or ganized on Monday last, by electing J. M.

Jackson chairman, and Dr. J. B. Allison clerk. CHANGE OF AGENTS.

Mr. A. F. McConnell has accepted the position of railroad agent at the depot in this place, rice Mr. H. H. Beard, who in the future will have control of the telegraph office.

FINE OYSTERS. Mr. Fernando N. Ingold, of the Southern Express, and whose "run" is in the oyster country, remembered us kindly at Christmas by sending us a bucket of the finest oysters that ever tickled the palate of an epicure, for

THE CONTESTED ELECTION. The contested electon case from Broad River township, in regard to the adoption of the fence law in that township, was heard before the county commissioners on the 27th ultimo. and by their decision the election was declared valid. The township gave a majority of 46

which he has our thanks.

### in favor of adopting the no-fence system. MASONIC.

Buffalo Lodge, A. F. M., at Black's Station, has elected the following officers for the year 1881: C. M. Green, W. M.; J. W. Rhyne, S. W.; J. A. Deal, J. W.; H. Martin, Treasgram first announcing the affair stated that urer; W. D. Camp, S.; James Martin, S. D. W. H. Carroll, J. D.; G. M. Moore and H. H. Moore, Stewards; James G. Baber, Tiler.

### PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. Oliver J. Hart, Jr., who for the past two or three years has been a resident of Yorkville, has accepted a clerkship in the law office of Messrs. Melton & Clark, of Columbia. Mr. Hart is a younger brother of G. W. S. Hart, Esq., and during his stay in this place, gained the high esteem of all with whom he became acquainted. He takes with him in his new field the best wishes of many friends.

Rev. Marion Dargan, appointed at the recent conference as pastor of the M. E. Church at this place, has arrived and entered upon his nastoral duties.

#### CHURCHES NEXT SUNDAY. Services will be held in the churches next

Sunday as follows:

Associate Reformed Presbyterian-Rev. R Lathan, Pastor. The pastor will fill his regular appointment at Tirzah next Sunday. Presbyterian-Rev. T. R. English, Pastor, Services at the usual hours, morning and even-

Methodist Episcopal-Rev. Marion Dargan. Pastor. District quarterly meeting, commencing on Saturday, on which occasion the Presiding Elder will be present. Church of the Good Shepherd-Episcopal-Rev. R. P. Johnson, Rector. Services at the usual hours, morning and afternoon.

MILL AND GIN BURNED.

On the night of the 21st ultimo, the mill and cotton gin of Mr. Thos. P. Whitesides, situated on Buckhorn Fork of Bullock's Creek. six miles north-west of town, were entirely consumed by fire. Mr. Whitesides lives about alf a mile distant from the mill, and his miller a distance of only about 80 yards. The fire was discovered by Monroe Jackson, colored, about 10 o'clock at night. As the mill was run by water power, and there had been no fire on the premises that day, the affair is enveloped in some mystery. Besides the mill property, seven bales of unginned cotton, a quantity cotton seed and grain were destroyed. The loss will amount to about

THE WEATHER. Not since the winter of 1870 has this section been visited by as rough a spell of weather as is now upon us. On Christmas day snow fell to the depth of three or four inches, which was augmented by subsequent falls until the 29th, when the average depth was eight inches. In addition to the snow and rain that fell, the weather was intensely cold-the lowest state of temperature being reached on Wednesday morning the 29th, when the thermometer indicated 8 degrees below zero.

The cold wave seems to have been general throughout the country, and Wednesday and Thursday of last week the coldest days of the winter. At Philadelphia it marked 5 degrees below zero, and in Lehigh and Schuylkill region, Pennsylvania, the average temperature was 8 degrees below zero. At Wilmington, N. C., there was slight snow, and the thermometer indicated a temperature of 17 degrees. At Charleston, it indicated 15 degrees-a fall of 27. At Montgomery, Ala., it was 8 degrees, \$101.50. the weather was the coldest experienced since 1857. The thermometer was 19 degrees above zero. Oranges on trees in the city were frozen,

though 100 miles south the fruit was not injured. The weather has somewhat moderated, but we are yet in the midst of a cold spell.

# SALES-DAY.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather on Monday last—sales-day for January—there was a very large attendance of peo-

By virtue of writ of fieri facias, the sheriff sold the interest of Mrs. Diana N. Beard in a tract of land in Broad River township. Bought by W. T. M. Beard for \$30. On complaint for partition, the Clerk sold

the real estate of Elizabeth Rhea, deceased, as follows: Home place, 115 acres, bought by M. R. Nichols, at \$9.65 per acre. Forty acres, supposed to be on east side of Bullock's side of Bullock's creek, at \$29.75 per acre.

Pursuant to the order, judgment and decree in the case of Allen B. Crosby vs. Jno S. Crosby and others, the Clerk sold the following lands of estate of Dennis Crosby, deceased: Tract No. 1-"Home" place, 138 acres, bought by D. H. Carroll at \$20 per acre. Tract No. 2-part of Blair tract, 114 acres, bought have to call the police." Gordon drew his by John T. Whitesides at \$2.85 per acre. subsided, not passed away. This has been aggravated by the fact that the Governor aggravated by the fact that the Governor bought by Hugh E. Davidson at \$3.05 per and rather pushed Gordon back to the door. his son to the hotel without paying any at- acre. Tract No. 4—"Hogg" place, 122 acres, When the door was reached, Gordon set one oughly angry and excited): "I denounce the them fatal. The Legislature of twenty- ing speech on Friday. He said the principal bought by John T. Whitesides at \$5.25 per foot just outside. It seems that just then bought by John T. Whitesides at \$5.25 per foot just outside. It seems that just then bought by John T. Whitesides at \$5.25 per foot just outside. It seems that just then bought by John T. Whitesides at \$5.25 per foot just outside. It seems that just then bought by John T. Whitesides at \$5.25 per foot just outside. It seems that just then bought by John T. Whitesides at \$5.25 per foot just outside. It seems that just then bought by John T. Whitesides at \$5.25 per foot just outside. It seems that just then bought by John T. Whitesides at \$5.25 per foot just outside. It seems that just then bought by John T. Whitesides at \$5.25 per foot just outside. It seems that just then bought by John T. Whitesides at \$5.25 per foot just outside. nor's wealth and influence, many old and substantial citizens of the town and county de- 243 acres, bought by John T. Whitesides at \$1 plunged the knife into the left side of Cureare a scoundrel and a villain." Weaver, Royal, Va., to the depth of thirty-six and a might be more properly described as red Republication and a villain." Weaver, Royal, Va., to the depth of thirty-six and a might be more properly described as red Republication. thereupon, (amid great uproar), left the place half inches. There is said to be a heavy licanism or Nihilism. He expressed the hope would be able to buy his way out. However, by A. B. Crosby at \$3.50 per acre; one of 93 ton said: Mr. Gordon, you have cut me, would be able to buy his way out. by A. B. Crosby at \$3.50 per acre; one of 163 and told the boy, Wm. Alexander, to go for acres, bought by E. N. Davidson at \$13.05 per Dr. Fewell. The boy ran to the Doctor's office acre; one of 63 acres, bought by E. N. David- and called. Some one heard him and ran for

King's Mountain Iron Company, which were bid off as follows:

Tract No. 2-39 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$10 per acre.

Tract No. 3-54 acres, bought by B. W. Tract No. 4-111 acres, bought by J. G. Baber at \$6.10 per acre. Tract No. 5-45 acres, bought by Ira Hardin

Tract No. 6-65 acres, bought by J. W. Thomson at \$7.30 per acre. Tract No. 7-38 acres, bought by C. E. Spen-

cer at \$12 per acre. Tract No. 8-26-acres, bought by C. E. Spencer at \$12.85 per acre.
Tract No. 9—26 acres, bought by C. E. Spencer at \$11.05 per acre. Tract No. 10-50 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$8.50 per acre. Tract No. 11-50 acres, bought by W. W.

Gaffney at \$8 per acre.
Tract No. 12-66 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$5.75 per acre. Tract No 13 .- 53 acres, bought by R. J. Latta at \$7.30 per acre. Tract No. 14-50 acres, bought by H. M. Moss at \$8 80 per acre.

Tract No 15-94 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$9.50 per acre. Tract No. 16-59 acres, bought by J. J.

Whisonant at \$9.50 per acre. Tract No. 17-132 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$5.50 per acre. Tract No. 18-137 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$4.50 per acre. Tract No. 19-101 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$3.75 per acre. Tract No. 20-172 acres, bought by W. W.

Gaffney at \$2 per acre. Tract No. 21-63 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney \$2.50 per acre. Tract No. 22-82 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$2 per acre. Tract No. 23-103 acres, bought by J. J. Whisonant at \$3.60 per acre. Tract No. 24-118 acres, bought by W. W

Gaffney at \$2 per acre. Tract No. 25-196 acres, bought by John A Latta at \$2.50 per acre. Tract No. 26-131 acres, bought by W. W Gaffney at \$2.50 per acre. Tract No. 27-95 acres, bought by John A. Latta at \$2.25 per acre. Tract No. 28-110 acres, bought by W. W.

Gaffnev at \$2.00 per acre. Tract No. 29-164 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney, at \$2.00 per acre. Tract No. 30-A-350 acres, bought by J. A Deal at \$3.25 per acre. Tract No. 30-B-560 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$1 per acre.

Tract No. 31-27 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$2.50 per acre. Tract No. 32-238 acres, bought by W. W. | the property of Maj. 4. H. White, are now Gaffney at \$2 per acre.

Tract No. 33—620 acres, bought by W. W. about once. Gaffney at 60 cents per acre. Tract No. 34-78 acres, bought by W. B. Wilson, Jr., at \$1.20 per acre. Tract No. 35-131 acres, bought by W. W.

Gaffney at \$2 per acre. Tract No. 36-129 acres, bought by J. F. Wallace at \$3 per acre. Tract No 37-130 acres, bought by Joseph Black at \$2.25 per acre. Tract No. 38-132 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$1 per acre.

Tract No. 30-322 acres, bought by W. W.

Gaffney at \$4 per acre. Tract No. 40-168 acres, bought by D. C. McKinney at \$1.25 per acre. Tract No. 41-271 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$1 per acre. Tract No. 42-575 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$1 per acre. Tract No. 43-218 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$2.10 per acre.

Tract No. 44-397 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$1.30 per acre. Tract No. 45-76 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$2.65 per acre. Tract No. 46-170 acres, bought by C. E. Spencer at \$2.50 per acre. Tract No. 47-91 acres. Gaffney at \$2.00 per acre.

Tract No. 48-38 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at 20 cents per acre. -88 acres, boug Tract No. Gaffney at \$1.15 per acre. Tract No. 50-70 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$2.00 per acre. Tract No. 51-175 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$1.35 per acre. Tract No. 52-86 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$3.50 per acre. Tract No. 53-46 acres, bought by W. W.

Gaffney at \$3.50 per acre. Whisonant at \$4.45 per acre. Tract No. 55-155 acres, bought by Henry Governor, and will be given employment on Whisonant at \$4.30 per acre. Tract No. 56-158 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$1.80 per acre. Tract No. 57-82 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$2.50 per acre. Tract No. 58-370 acres, bought by W. Gaffney at \$3.00 per acre. Tract No. 59-208 acres, bought by W. H.

Carroll at \$2.05 per acre. Tract No. 60-70 acres, bought by John Parker at \$3.05 per acre. Tract No. 61-31 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$1.50 per acre. Tract No. 62-284 acres, bought by W. B. Wilson, Jr., at \$1.10 per acre. Tract No. 63-103 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$1.65 per acre. Tract No. 64-200 acres, bought by A. W Moore at \$1.90 per acre.

Tract No. 65-138 acres, bought by Jordan Meacham at \$3 per acre. Tract No. 66-142 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$1 per acre. Tract No. 67-170 acres, bought by W. M. Faulkner at \$3.25 per acre. Tract No. 68-183 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$1.40 per acre. Tract No. 69-87 acres, bought by Wm. Caldwell at \$6.25 per acre. Tract No. 70-149 acres, bought by W. W. Gaffney at \$2 per acre. Tract No. 71-109 acres, bought by John A. Latta at \$2.05 per acre.

Tract No. 72-58 acres, bought by J. W Dobson at \$3.30 per acre. Tract No. 73-45 acres, bought by W. M. McGill at \$3.85 per acre. Tract No. 74-40 acres, bought by C. E. Spencer at 30 cents per acre. Tract No. 75-One-fourth of 14 acres, bought by John and Wm. Borders, for \$128. Interest in the Mineral Ore Magnetic Iron Co., known as Quinn land, bought by W. B.

Wilson, Jr., for \$41.25 Interest in Lime tract-known as Mrs. Eliza Long tract, bought by W. W. Gaffney for Mineral interest in tract of land belonging to Noah Hardin, bought by W. B. Wilson,

### Correspondence of the Yorkville Enquirer. LETTER FROM ROCK HILL.

Jr., for \$20.

ROCK HILL, S. C., January 3, 1881.-The last two weeks have been somewhat eventful in our town. The preparations for the Christ-mas holidays were the livelest ever known. Every one seemed to anticipate a joyous time. It, therefore, was a perfect harvest to the dealers in holiday goods. The morn of the ple in town, many of whom were attracted by 25th dawned in every sense a Christmas day. the large amount of property advertised to A beautiful snow fell—the gladdening consummation to many a happy heart. The day was spent in mirthful sports by the young and The stores were all closed, and the corps of young men turned loose. The time passed as merry as marriage bells. But at last the joy of many was turned to sorrow and sad-Between the hours of 9 and 11 that night,

Robert Kitchens Gordon and one Howell, went to the livery stable lot of G. W. Baxter, and found there Andrew Cureton and Wm. Alexander, (both colored) the hostlers. Gordon and Howell wanted a horse. While at the Creek, to J. B. Whitesides, at \$25,993 per stable, however, Gordon and Howell quarreled acre. Forty acres, supposed to be on west and got to blows. Howell begged that Andrew Cureton would take Gordon off him, as Gordon seemed to have gotten Howell down and had drawn his pistol. The pistol was taken from him and thrown to the back of the room-a small office connected with the stable, and in which the hostler slept. Gordon got up and Howell fled. Cureton had hold of "You must not fight in here; Gordon, saving: I am your friend; if you don't behave, I will knife, and said, with an oath : "I will kill you; turn me loose." Cureton caught the wrist of late such contract, or shall engloy any laborer the hand in which Gordon held the open knife, or laborers, knowing him, her or them to be Dr. Crawford. The boy returned at once to The Clerk then offered the lands of the where Cureton was, and found that he was

Upon the floor was lying the corpse of An-

a very short time Doctors Fewell and Crawford were there; but Cureton had passed beyond all human hid.

Gordon was taken to the lock-up. A jury of inquest was summoned, Trial Justice Fewell acting as corner. There being but two material witnesses to examine, the jury soon arrived at a verdet, to the effect that Andrew Cureton came to his death by a knife in the hands of Robert Kitchens Gordon, between the hours of 9 and 11 on the night of the 25th of December, 1890.

Mr. Cobb, the committing constable, went to the lock-up about two hours after he had committed Gordon, for the purpose of giving Gordon an extra supply of bed clothing, but to his amazement he discovered the doors of the prison standing wide open and the inmates gone. It is supposed it was the work of some of Gordon's friends. Gordon has not been heard of since. On the morning following, the town was attir with the intelligence. Trial Justice Fevell was informed of the fact of the escape, and he immediately published a reward of \$100 for the apprehension of Gordon arid also communicated the facts to the Governor. On Sunday night, the 26th, some one broke into the stable of Dr. J. W. Fewell and stole horse, saddl and bridle, and kept them until Thursday light, when they were all brought back andleft in the lot. The horse had not been ill teated, notwithstanding the

severely cold weather.

Speaking of the weather, I am informed that never before in the history of this section has the thermometer registered zero. On two days it registered8 and 5 degrees below zero. This protracted spell of intensely cold weather has unfitted every body in every avocation for business; in fact, business has been virtually suspended for the past two weeks.

Several changes in business circles have taken place. Mr. Illen Jones, of the firm of J. M. Ivy & Co., his withdrawn. Dr. T. C. Robertson, of the frm of T. C. Robertson & Co., has withdrawn A new firm has been formed-Jones & Redertson-who will deal in groceries and family supplies, banking and commission business They will occupy the new brick building recently erected by Dr. Robertson. J. Bony Johnson will continue the drug business in his own name, in the same building. He is a worthy young man, and deserves the patronage of the people Four years ago he began business as a clerk in the drug store of D. T. C. Robertson. Mr. Johnson was cradled in the town of Yorkville, and is but the child of adoption in Rock Hill. He is a graduate in pharmacy and conducts the drug business successfully. Many changes have take place in the private residences of our citizent. Four new cottages, about completed. They will be occupied at

The machinery for he cotton factory is 'n route. The company expect to commence operations by the first of March.

Rev. R. E. Cooper las moved to our town. He has rented his Ebnezer home. He will continue his pastoral carge of both churches, as heretofore. Our people are delighted to have Rev. J. M. Boy, pastor of the M. E. Church, with us again or another year. We are loth to have him leve us at all.

The question now agiating the minds of our citizens is the anti-lique ticket at the coming municipal election. Also is our sister town, Chester, deeply stirred upon the same question, and the friends of temperance in that good town assert their intention to use Hercuean efforts to prevent the promiscuous sale of

### Correspondence of the Yorkville Enquirer. LETTER FROM CHESTER.

CHESTER, S. C., Anuary 3, 1881.-The Christmas and New Yer holidays passed off leasantly and without any accident to mar the gayeties of the festive season. The b'hoys made a tour of the town, indulging in snowballing and similar spot-the heavy snow that had fallen furnishing ample opportunity for them to enjoy themselves to their hearts' con-

known here for severa years. Catawba river was frozen over. The boat used at the crossing of the Cheraw and Chester Bailroad, over this stream, was frozen in ice strong enough

to support a man's weight. This road having been completed to Lancaster, the convictsemployed on it were returned to the penitentiary last week. They were treated to a Christmas dinner, at Lancaster. tine of the colvicts, who rendered efficient aid to a guard/has received a pardon from the

the road. The Christmas tree and concert at the Methodist Church was a delightful entertainment. Rev. A. H. Lester, former pastor of that church, left last week for his new charge in Marion. His successor, Rev. G. T. Harmon, occupied the pulpit of the church at the ser-CHESTEF.

# EDITORIAL INKLINGS.

Interesting Irish Statistics. - A recent writer gives the following facts and statistics pertaining to Ireland and the land-tenure system under which the island is governed, which will prove of interest at the present time:

The whole island of Ireland consists of 20,-327,764 acres of land, of which 4,630,059 acres are bog, mountain, water, roads and

fences. In 1876 a return was made to the British Parliament (No. 422) showing the number of landlords or owners of land in Ireland. There were at that time (four years ago) 68,711 owners. But 36,144 of these, more than half the whole number, held each only one rood of land; they are merely house owners. Half the entire island is held by 750 persons-and 70

per cent. of these are absentees. The population of Ireland (ast census) was 5,327,077. According to a report to Parliement in 1870, there were in Irland 4,286,015 persons living wholly by agriculture—or more than 75 per cent. of the whole population. Another report, in 1870, shewed the tenure

of the farmers' holdings. The total holdings were 682,237. Of these 20,217 or 3 per cent. of the whole, were held by proprietors or in fee; 135,392, or 19 per cent; were held by lease; and 526,928 holders, or over 77 per cent. of the whole, were held utterly at the will of the landlord Examine these facts, and the hopeless mis-

ery of Ireland under the present system stands out in lines of fire. The whol island (except those holdings of one rood of and) is owned by some 32,000 persons. But porc. than half the island is owned by 750 perons; and more than half of these simply driw their back rents from the country, and send every farthing of the money abroad. The English Parliament, by in unparalleled system of merciless destruction, wiped out of

Ireland the existence of majufactures (see Lecky's History of the Eightenth Century,) so that now, more than 75 per cent. of the whole population live on farms, and of the farms over 77 per cent., with a least 3,000,000 persons, have no tenure savethe capricious will of the landlords. This means that any time united action by 300 or 400 landlords would rader houseless and homeless 3,000,000 indutrious people. who, from the absence of any ther means of

living, by manufactures, etc., would have to starve or emigrate, or agree topay the highest back-rent demanded. Such dited action by the landlords may be expected is the coming coercion act leaves at the merc of the owners the unfortunate tenants who dired think their souls were their own.

## NEW LAWS OF THE STATE. AN ACT to Make it a Misdementor to Entice or

Persuade a Laborer to Leave the Employment of Another, or to Employ a laborer Under Contract with Another. Be it enacted by the Senae and House of Representatives of the State & South Carolina now met and sitting in Geneal Assembly, and by the authority of the same That any person or persons who shall entice o persuade, by any means whatsoever, any tenat or tenants, laborer or laborers under contact with another. duly entered into between the parties in the presence of one or more witnesses, whether such contract be verbal or in writing, to vio-

nor more than one hundred dollars, or be imprisoned in the county jail not less than ten nor more than thirty days.
Approved December 24, 1880, A JOINT RESOLUTION to direct, authorize and empower the Comptriller-General to dispose of certain railroad and bank stock, and pay over the proceeds to the County Treasurer of York

under contract with another, shall be deemed

guilty of a misdemeaner, and upon conviction

thereof shall be fined not less than twenty-five

WHEREAS, John Blair, late of York County, deceased, did by his last will and testament bequeath thirty 80) shares of stock in drew Cureton, the victim of a cruel knife- the South Carolina Rillroad to the General

Tract No. 1—12 acres, bought by Richard thrust, and beside him lay his slayer, the ap- Assembly of South Caolina, for the purposes parent helpless fictim of King Alcohol. In of a free school to be beated in the town per